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ANNEX

THE
CHARITIES REGISTER AND DIGEST.

BEING A

Classified Register of Charities

IN OR AVAILABLE FOR THE METROPOLIS,

TOGETHER WITH A

DIGEST OF INFORMATION

RESPECTING THE

LEGAL, VOLUNTARY, AND OTHER MEANS FOR THE PREVENTION
AND RELIEF OF DISTRESS AND THE IMPROVEMENT
OF THE CONDITION OF THE POOR.

AND ELABORATE INDEXES.

WITH AN INTRODUCTION

BY

C. S. LOCH,

SECRETARY TO THE COUNCIL OF THE CHARITY ORGANISATION SOCIETY, LONDON.

1890

THIRD EDITION.

'For everie thing that is begun with reason
Will come by readie meanes unto his end,
But things miscounselled must needs miswend.'

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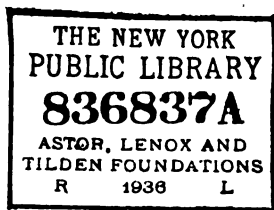
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INTRODUCTION.*

I.—THE SCOPE OF THE INTRODUCTION.

THIS 'introduction' is rather a reference book than an introductory preface. A list of charities, without some knowledge of the modes in which their benefits ought to be turned to account, is like a pharmacopœia without a knowledge of the elements of medicine. An outline of the principles of charitable work has therefore been given. Legislation also has created public bodies with definite responsibilities, which, if properly fulfilled, narrow the field of charity. At present there is a mingling of obligations and an overlapping of responsibility. A division of labour would add to the efficacy of charity; but before this becomes possible, those who take an interest in these questions (and in some way or other most people are dealing with them) must learn what public authorities have to do, and how their resources can be made use of with the greatest advantage to the poorer classes. For this reason particulars have been inserted in the Introduction in regard to the Poor Law, Reformatory and Industrial Schools, the vestries and their sanitary duties, &c. &c.† As the object of charity is to benefit the individual and his family, and the attainment of this object depends on the discrimination of circumstances and the application of remedies, typical instances of various classes of cases have been given; e.g. widows with families, the unemployed,

Necessity of a knowledge of methods of charitable work and of legal provisions.

* The Introduction may be had separately, price 1s.

† With regard to the necessary limits under which this information is given, see note p. xxxii. A list of books for reference and reading, and a list of some of the publications of the Charity Organisation Society, will be found on p. clxxix.

N.B.—It is particularly requested that any corrections, information regarding new or omitted charities, and suggestions with regard to the improvement of the Charities Register and Digest, and of this Introduction in future editions, be sent to the Secretary, Charity Organisation Society, 15 Buckingham Street, London, W.C.

Persons desirous of assisting cases of distress of a difficult nature are invited to refer to the same address, should they be unable to find for them a suitable mode of help in the Register, or if they cannot ascertain from the Introduction the information they require.

chronic cases, inebriates. These are, generally speaking, intended as illustrations of what cases may rightly be left to public bodies and what should be undertaken by charity.

The 'Introduction' does not deal with those social and economic questions, which lie partly within and partly without the province of charity—in what ways the conditions which tend to the degradation of life in large sections of the people may be removed. Such questions must repeatedly occur to every one who has any experience in, or has given any thought to, the relief of individuals. But though they be most important, and though the study of them in connection with a knowledge of the daily life of the people be a chief duty of our time, yet, except incidentally, they lie beyond the scope of this work.

II.—EXPLANATORY OF THE REGISTER.

The scope of the Register is larger than that usually aimed at in such works. This is mainly due to the introduction of information in regard to the various provident agencies, a knowledge of which is of the first importance to the almoner. And also the attempt has been made to give prominence to those large charities of the working classes which are habitually overlooked, but which are administered with a familiar acquaintance with the general circumstances of the recipients, and have a potency for good which may greatly exceed the more distant though equally genuine charities of other classes. Charity is of no class and of no sect; it has to prevent, to remedy, and not merely to alleviate distress; every spiritual and material agency that has this purpose or can be so utilised is its minister: for those who are in distress it has to open the way to sober living, health, and self-support, and, so far as it is both wise and strong, for their children's children. It is with this idea that the Register has been compiled.

To refer to the Register it will be well in every case to consult the index first. The entries in the index refer to classes of charities, to individual charities, to the places at which institutions are, and to those names which are commonly used as short titles of well-known institutions, *e.g.* the Bexhill Convalescent Home, the Strangers' Friend Society (otherwise called the Benevolent Society), &c. Of the religious charities only an alphabetical list has been given. Those which do a combined religious and material work are entered twice, and full particulars are given in regard to the latter. Those that do not, with some very important exceptions, such as the city missionaries, the parochial Mission-women, and others (of which more lengthy entries have been inserted), are concerned with evangelisation abroad, or undertake work which does not come within the ordinary cognizance of the

almoner. The entries of the material charities show (1) the name and object, (2) the mode of admission, (3) the management, (4) the number of persons benefited, and (5) the income. The second head is the most important to the almoner. Under it he will find details of the exact conditions under which each institution will deal with cases, and the class of case which it takes. The almoner will thus be able to classify cases for himself, ascertaining without correspondence with institutions, and hence without expense and delay, whether they are or are not suitable. No reference has been made to the City Parochial Charities, as these are being re-organised in accordance with an Act of 1883. Such of the charities of the City Companies as were mentioned in the Report of the Royal Commission on Companies, have been referred to, but those which are confined to Freemen are not entered.

The lists of charities for the Blind, Deaf and Dumb, Reformatory and Industrial Schools, Training Ships, Boarding-out Committees and Schools for Children, Training and other Homes for Girls, Institutions for Idiots and Imbeciles, Convalescent Homes, have been made as complete as possible—including institutions which are not metropolitan.

The thanks of the Council of the Charity Organisation Society are due to the very large number of persons who have co-operated in the production of this work, and to whom the Council is indebted both for information and suggestions.

It has been found convenient to use the word almoner throughout this Introduction. Many persons give up time to almsgiving. They are those whom questions of the administration of charity most closely affect, and on whose capacity and intelligence its beneficence largely depends; yet, as almost all have some part in this work, the word should be taken in its widest sense.

III.—CHARITIES LISTS GENERALLY.

Before passing to the functions of charity, the poor-law, and other subjects, a word of recognition is due to those who have been forerunners in this work. The late Mr. Samuel Gurney, it would appear from his paper at the London meeting of the Congrès de Bienfaisance in 1862, had commenced a Register of Charities. He says* that he had begun a register the object of which was 'to enable the benevolent,' by means of authentic data, 'to investigate for themselves, either briefly or fully, the workings of the various charities of the metropolis, or to ascertain without trouble the institutions suited to the special circumstances of cases in

* Quoted in the Annual Report of the Council of the Charity Organisation Society, 1879, p. 15.

which they are interested.' Dr. Hawksley's now well-known paper on the London Charities (1868) pointed significantly to the necessity of more general knowledge on the whole subject. Mr. G. M. Hicks compiled a most elaborate tabular statement of some of the London charities, which was published in the 'Times' of 1869; his continued interest in the subject, and his subsequent notes upon it, which showed that weighty conclusions might be drawn from a careful analysis of the reports of institutions, have encouraged those who have been entrusted with the compilation of this Register. And the successively published Annual Guide-books of Messrs. Fry, Low, and Howe have all been of service in turning attention to the large number and various kinds of charitable institutions in the metropolis; and the second especially contains, with a plan of classification, much detailed information which is most valuable. 'The Charities Register and Digest' of the Charity Organisation Society has grown out of the wants of the Society. Frequent inquiries were and are made of it in regard to the action and merits of institutions; a manuscript register was commenced for purposes of reference in 1879. It was found that its usefulness would be greatly increased if it were printed. At the same time the want of some book of reference in regard to conditions of admission was widely felt in the District Committees of the Society. The plan of the register was therefore altered to its present form, and its compilation was commenced in 1881. Obviously there is still much scope for useful elaboration on many points in subsequent editions, and for the present the second of Mr. Gurney's suggestions has been acted upon to the partial exclusion of the first.

IV.—THE PRINCIPLES OF CHARITY.

Truism as it may appear, it is very necessary to say in the first place, that charity unwisely administered is capable of doing incalculable harm to its recipients. Almsgiving or charity is, properly speaking, the rendering of service to another out of love or pity. The pressure of the 'wholesome urgencies of life' is a condition of moral and physical sanity. The individual should provide against hunger, nakedness, and want of shelter; the father against these things both for himself and his wife and family. The ordinary contingencies of life, which fall within the range of ordinary foresight, should, for the individual's own sake and for society's sake, be met by the efforts of the individual. Charity which, for love or pity's sake, seduces the individual from the wise and natural toilsomeness of life, or which does not induce him to bear the burden, by helping him to overcome his weakness and pushing him forward to self-maintenance, is, under the cloak, real or assumed, of love and pity, the poor man's greatest foe—greatest because it comes like an

angel of loving-kindness, and yet produces far-reaching woe like a spirit of evil.

Next we would draw attention to Burke's definition, quoted by Mr. Fowle in his book on the Poor-Law, of poor and indigent. The former are those wage earners who are the real wealth-creators of the community. They are well, and should, so far as material charity is concerned, be left alone. Bad charity tends to tempt them into the indigent class: good charity, if they are in distress, prevents their falling into that class. The indigent are those who are habitually in want; good charity with adequate help raises them to self-support; bad charity with intermittent, purposeless help degrades them to ever lower degradation.

Consider the matter economically, commercially, socially, and religiously. Every one in the indigent class represents a deficit. His keep, if the whole period of his life and his recognised individual responsibilities are taken into account, is more than his earnings: the difference in some way or other is made up by his neighbours—by charity or a poor's-rate; or if it is not made up, there is, to use a medical term, a decline or consumption. Not maintained in these ways, he is underfed, underclad, insanitarily housed, and sinks to weakness and inability to work. If he has children, the evils pass to them and subsequent generations. Obviously, therefore, economically the indigent are a 'dead loss' to the community.

Next consider the matter commercially. To take one instance, it is well known that a large population in London and other towns are employed frequently only three or four days in the week—e.g. dock and riverside labourers. Though no doubt this casual labour, which is the residuum of the labour fund, and of which there is a surplus in the market, gives Dock and other Companies a reserve to draw upon in time of pressure, and by enabling them to reduce or increase the number of their *employés* from day to day gives them a larger percentage, yet their gains owing to this cause are, so far as the community is concerned, to be set against the 'deficit,' to which we have referred, in each individual case. The unemployed do not live on air; they must either live at the cost of others, or borrow, beg, steal, or starve. Naturally they do all these. So far as their services are of any value, the community loses their unexpended labour and their unearned wage. Thus commercially it is the interest of the community, and indirectly that of each business man, that there should be as few indigent persons as possible. Charity in fact is often a voluntary and insufficient and wasteful self-imposed tax on the part of the rich to compensate for these 'deficits,' which the rigour of competition, the undue or injurious diversion of profits to unproductive expenditure, and the unfitness of the labourer for more skilled work, combine to create. It is not

unlike the once-recognised poor-rate in aid of wages, by which the farmer could throw upon the mass of ratepayers part of the wage which otherwise he would have had to pay himself. It should be added, that out of intermittent labour spring our gravest woes. It produces in the labourer intermittent energy; the off-days become habitual; with indolence comes intemperance; with uncertainty of employment comes recklessness about the future; from these result pauperism, and the whole series of mental and physical infirmities which are features of pauperism. If these are the results, viewed economically and commercially, those who know how the good of 'the masses' is but, stated in another way, the good of the individual—powerful to influence neighbours by example in all smaller domestic and personal matters, and intelligent in the choice of their 'guardians' and other representatives—will see that indigence is also a social evil.

With regard to it religiously—to pass by many urgent witnesses it has been said, "On all sides, in the most degraded localities, physically and morally, we find ourselves surrounded with religious agencies busying themselves in attending to the higher interests of the masses in the most devoted manner, and at great outlay. Bitter complaints have been made as to the poverty of the results obtained by such multifarious and strenuous endeavours. This need be no wonder, when we reflect on the overwhelming disadvantage against which the missionary and philanthropist have to contend. Our poor are so lodged, that to inhale the atmosphere in their houses is enough to produce a lethargic depression, to escape from which is but to be exposed to the temptations of the High Street and Cowgate. With no comfort at home, the poor labourer is forced to go elsewhere for enjoyment. To his sleeping-place he returns to find himself in a crowded apartment, where is no attempt to maintain the ordinary decencies of life. With so many and varied proclivities to vice in all its forms it is a heartless task to talk to such a one of 'righteousness, temperance, and judgment to come.' "*

On all grounds, therefore, to prevent distress producing habitual indigence, to create safeguards against indigence, and to rescue from indigence, is the *interest*—to put it at the lowest inducement—of every one in the community, whatever his vocation, business, or personal views about politics or religion. What has been said will, we trust, give a glimpse of the tracts of work which lie alongside of the work of charity, and to which the thoughts of all who would not '*kill with kindness*' must frequently pass.

What, then, are the principles of charity—that charity which will lessen misery, not merely without weakening, but by producing self-reliance, which will do kind acts and yet not diminish the energy or impair the character and morality of the people? The subse-

* 'Report on the Sanitary Condition of Edinburgh,' by Dr. H. J. Littlejohn, 1866.

quent sections of this introduction are an answer to this question. But it may be well to state these principles here, omitting for brevity's sake some modifying conditions and reservations. (1) As a rule, no work of charity is complete which does not place the person benefited in self-dependence. Obviously if this principle is true, the administration of most of our charitable institutions must be altered; many must be reorganised. All gifts and all forms of relief should be but parts of a treatment having self-dependence and recovery from distress as its end. Relief given practically to all comers, without reference to the whole of the circumstances of the individual, is given at haphazard, and is injurious. Charity should abandon such relief and become a partner, as it were, in the work of thrift. There is now no such partnership. Conveniences and opportunities and possibilities for thrift and saving exist, but charity does not use them. There is no organised relation between the two. (2) All means of pressure, such as the fear of destitution, a sense of shame, the influence of relatives, must be brought to bear, or left to act upon the individual. He must, as far as possible, be thrown on his own resources. (3) In deciding with regard to relief, the family must be taken as a whole; otherwise the strongest social bond will be weakened. Family obligations—care for the aged, responsibility for the young, help in sickness and trouble—should be cast, so far as possible, on the family. (4) Further, as material charity is only a part, and a small part, of efficacious charity, a thorough knowledge is necessary both of the circumstances of the persons to be benefited and the means of aiding them; and the personal element of influence and control must very largely predominate over the monetary and eleemosynary element. At present this is out of all proportion small. (5) The relief, to effect a cure—as apart from placing the applicant in a position of self-help—must be adequate in kind and quantity. The individual treatment of individual cases on a definite plan, and with sufficient knowledge, is a *sine quâ non* in beneficial almsgiving. Charity also must learn to require just terms of its beneficiaries. It must consider them not as recipients of gifts, but men and women whose standard of life has to be raised. The truest charity often lies in the righteous fulfilment of duty, whether personal or public; and next to it must often be placed that charity which is vigilant to see duty done. Charity that fulfils the natural duties of others is in the main wrong and deceptive charity. Charity which helps others to do their duty is the most genuine and salutary, as it is the most difficult, charity.

V.—ON THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CHARITABLE, AND METHODS OF CHARITY.

We have for convenience' sake considered those in distress either as the indigent who are habitually in want, or as those who can be

Cases
eligible for
charity :
cases
ine"

saved or rescued from indigence. The former, making allowance, of course, for special circumstances in each individual instance, we may call, for want of a better word, ineligible for charity—the latter eligible. In England there is State charity, or at least a state fund for the destitute: it rightly deals with the indigent. Subject, therefore, to considerations to be afterwards dealt with, charity can, without fear of consequences, limit its scope to the curable. It may be said that the Poor Law does its work with a want of uniformity, and at best but indifferently well: if so it should be improved, and not superseded, by charity. The true position of charitable work remains intact. All eligible cases should properly be dealt with by it. But how can a distinction be drawn? By no other plan than either a thorough personal acquaintance with the history and circumstances of those in distress, which is possible when there has been a long-continued familiar intercourse or frequent and sufficient contact with them; or by an inquiry which will be a satisfactory substitute for this. It will hardly be said that the former is possible, unless in a very few exceptional instances, in London or large towns: it is very often impossible even in the country. We may content ourselves therefore with considering what is the best substitute. Rich and poor do not live in the same quarter of the town: the former therefore cannot pretend to know much about the latter: individuals no doubt make inroads, but they seldom become members, as it were, of the same community. Yet whoever gives charitable aid, undertakes a responsibility: he is not, for instance, entitled to injure the person he thinks he will help. To make sure that he does not, he must learn all the circumstances, which will indicate how he can help effectually. We may even put it more strongly—he has no right to interfere, unless he justifies his interference not merely by a well-meaning but by a well-directed charity. Inquiry then is the acquisition of such information as may make charity productive of good results. Two kinds of knowledge are required for the purpose: a knowledge of the social life of the class of which the person in distress is a member (for this purpose the services of an inquiry officer are desirable), and a general knowledge of character—a discernment of the value of evidence, combined with a knowledge of the modes and possibilities of charitable assistance (for this purpose a well-educated and instructed almoner is a *sine quâ non*). And to check the individual judgment, which is always necessary, there should be a committee, especially a committee containing members of all classes and having all kinds of influence and special knowledge. Many have no aptitude for almoner's work; none can do it to good purpose without study and training. Doctors have to be registered and certificated. Charity is the work of the social physician. It is the interest of the community

Inquiry.

that it should not be entrusted to novices or to *dilettanti*, or to quacks.

The scope of the inquiry generally necessary may be indicated by the following heads, on which usually information must be obtained:—(1) The parents; earnings at the time of application and previously; cause of leaving last employ; their children; the ages of parents and children; whether the children go to school, and, if so, where; or, if they are employed, what they earn. (2) The previous addresses of the family. (3) Their references. (4) Whether they belong to a club, or have relations who ought to assist. (5) What debts they have; and what their rent is. (6) How they are obtaining a living at the time of application, and how they think they can be thoroughly helped.

Then follows the investigation on this basis: to learn the cause of distress; to verify; to search out the best mode of helping; to throw a fair share of the burden of assistance on relatives; by visiting the home, and in other ways to ascertain the character of the family; to learn on whom, if the head of the family lacks force of character or is weak, reliance can be placed to re-establish the family fortunes; to settle what means of future thrift and self-support can be organised. A sympathetic and thorough investigation will elicit facts on all these points. Upon them the committee will then have to decide. We say 'the committee,' but if a private almoner can spare the time to work in this fashion and has the necessary resources at his command, the ends of charity will be equally gained. Yet single-handed he cannot effect so much as he might if associated with others. This investigation will indicate who are the curable, and will limit the field of charity, as apart from that of the Poor Law and other public bodies.

To these suggestions in regard to the necessity for inquiry and the desirability of the formation of Assistance or Relief committees, and the limitation of the field of charity, one or two objections may be made. Inquiry will check enthusiasm and devotion, it may be said. Facts prove the contrary. Inquiry startles the novice as a revelation of new knowledge; but it gives him eventually a security in his work, which imposes on him many restrictions, and requires of him perpetual thoughtfulness, but which is as a high road compared with the fool's paradise in which he formerly walked boldly along. Also, this inquiry throws into prominence the imperative necessity of nourishing and bringing into operation all the finer elements of charity—personal influence, a long-suffering patience, a quick sympathy, the setting aside of social prejudice and patronage for charity's sake. It shows that material help, if these things are lacking, is but as husks, flung before the poor as if they were without common humanity. It is needless to add that religion, if sternly refusing to attract by loaves and fishes,

Objections
to inquiry
considered.

will increase her opportunities for exercising a rightful authority and influence. But committees, it may be said, curtail the proper individuality of the almoner. This is the individual's fault, if it be so. Many work in co-operation, who otherwise would not work at all; and as inquiry shows the need of those kinds of charity which are usually the most neglected, so does the committee afford occasion to each member for meeting these higher wants, according to the best use of his individual powers. No doubt committees may become official, as individuals may become indolent. Another argument is that people ought only to be asked to state their troubles privately; that, however guarded, their statement is in the nature of a confession, and should be made, heard, and considered in this spirit. The facts ought not to be revealed to more than one or two. Of course such a view is quite inapplicable to scores of the seekers for charity—public opinion in their class has rubbed off this fineness of feeling: it is one of charity's works to replace it. But it is applicable to some cases; and in them the personal and, as it were, private work may well be delegated to an individual, if he be without doubt one who with much kindness of heart is yet sufficiently instructed and experienced to be able to obtain corroborative testimony, and to judge of evidence, for unhappily the stress of life, in which vice plays a part, creates an hypocrisy, the cunning simulation of which has an air of reality, that deceives all but a very few. Then it may be said, true charity recognises no limits; none are so abandoned that it cannot hope for them. Facts again prove the contrary, with some limitations. When the will is weakened and the nerve irresolute, the lives of many become hopeless: as they have sown they reap; on the bed they have made they lie. Hope must therefore limit its hopefulness; if it be worthy of the name, it must spring from a knowledge of the true condition of the unfortunate, however determined it may be to make the best of the facts. This makes one limit. And there is another. Were all the powers of religious and material charity co-ordinated and available for the rescue of the individual, each ready to assist according to its kind and the circumstances of the patient, the ability of charity to help to good purpose would be enormously increased. As this co-operation becomes a reality, charity will be able to extend its usefulness. Experience, however, of the sum and character of the means available, and of the conditions and causes of distress in a large number of cases, imposes a natural limit to remedial work, which may be gainsaid, but does in the issue prove itself a matter of fact. What that limit is a methodic study of charity and its results will show to each.

These general principles then may be allowed—that charity has to discriminate; that for this and other purposes inquiry is necessary; that, as far as possible, it has to cure and not merely

to alleviate distress; that to do this and to know its own limits, it must be instructed in the modes of assisting, spiritual and material; and that to use these modes beneficially the charitable must co-operate—combining the resources of charity, supplementing individual action, and taking common counsel.

VI.—ON INTERIM OR INSTANT HELP.

It will be said that while this careful inquiry is being made, and suitable help in all quarters is sought, the applicant will starve. If the case is ineligible—to be dealt with eventually by the Poor Law—there will be delay none the less, and this delay will be cruel. People in real distress only ask when every other hope has failed; and coming in the direst need, they are thus quietly left in their need, while elaborate measures are taken to aid them. This evil, so far as it exists, may be met by interim help—especially in cases in which it has been decided to give assistance. The applicant in some instances may be placed in a refuge or other temporary abode. If he has already been in the workhouse, he may be sent to the relieving officer, and the interim help will thus be supplied by the Poor Law, while the case, if suitable, will eventually be helped by charity. The greatest care is necessary in dealing with these cases of urgency. Urgency is often the most effective instrument for extorting alms, and many of the poor are quite ready to use it to gain the interim help of a few shillings. They have many resources besides the charity of their superiors. Nothing but a knowledge of their ways of life will be a sufficient guide to the almoner. Yet, as even plausible allegations of hardship are likely to discredit the cause of wise charity, it must be remembered that it is a small matter to spend a few shillings in a case about which you are settling once and for all whether it should be left to the Poor Law or thoroughly dealt with by charity. Were almoners ready to accept some common principles of discrimination, so that ineligible applicants, when adjudicated on, were left to the Poor Law only, instead of having merely one source of charity cut off, interim help might be given and would be fully justified in very many cases. The proper use of the large mass of charity referred to in Section V. of the Register, ‘Relief in Distress (temporary),’ is for interim help only.

VII.—ON CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS.

Generally speaking, the test of the usefulness of charitable institutions is, whether or not they produce self-help in the recipients of their bounties and in the people at large. If they do not, they are misnamed charities, for they are undermining the manliness

The test of
charitable
institutions.

Restrictions
on admis-
sion.

of the people. What then, to prevent their abuse, are the self-imposed safeguards of charities? A consideration of the modes of admission will show that the restrictions have rather the object of limiting their use than of guarding it. Destitution, for instance, is a frequently recurrent condition; but this, so far from being a protection, is rather a temptation to abuse, for vice can soon reduce a family to destitution, and improvidence often leaves the individual in extreme want towards the end of life. Passing by smaller restrictions—election by votes is in many large institutions necessary to admission. The evils of this system have been modified in several instances; but it is in principle a limitation and not a safeguard. The chief plea for it is, that large establishments dependent on a regular income must give to each contributor a specific advantage—a *quid pro quo* in the shape of patronage—and that otherwise the income would be diminished. The contributor in fact purchases by his contribution a quantum of influence in the admission of candidates, according to a regular tariff. The rules of the institution lay down certain conditions, but if these are satisfied, the choice rests with electors, who are canvassed and often induced to subscribe for the benefit of particular candidates. The question therefore is, not which candidate most requires assistance, but which has the most interest; and the fanning up of this interest depends on the circulation of papers and a clever manipulation of the voting power of the institution. A large donor has many votes and much influence. But a large donor has often very little time to learn the relative merits of candidates, and he may be a most uninstructed almoner. As in other matters, the choice demands skill and not a battle of interests. The plea that the system is necessary to the maintenance of institutions is in itself invalid. If the system is working in a manner detrimental to the poor at large it should be altered, or, if the logical alternative must be pressed, it is only right that the institution should be closed. Recent changes and experiments show, however, that it is not necessary to the maintenance of institutions. Admission by election is only one of various similar questions, which ought to be discussed dispassionately and with a recognition of the obvious, but sometimes forgotten, fact that charitable institutions exist only for the benefit of the poor, and have to justify their existence on these terms. No one can pretend to have solved the problem of the best methods of assistance; everyone, therefore, should be ready to make frequent reforms. Charity, by its very nature, is extremely exposed to misuse. Its funds must always be a last hope to indolence and improvidence. Its rules have something of the force of social custom: they re-act on the lives of possible recipients, who form their habits according to the chances open to them. Charity, especially institutional and public charity, must thus, in the interests of

the poor, be always in an attitude of wise self-protection, changing and varying its scope and benefits to their needs, and ever working to reduce the number of applicants by initiating them in self-help.

In this book there are entries of Endowed Charities and General Voluntary Charities. Church and Congregational Charities are omitted. It is not possible without a careful analysis of the receipts of these institutions and charities to give any trustworthy estimate of their total income. The total must however be extremely large. An enormous sum is spent annually on begging-letter writers of every kind and degree and given to street mendicants.

The income
of charities.

The incomes which have been entered are those returned by the Institutions themselves, but it has not been found possible to compile a satisfactory return of the total income of the charities. Some institutions return their income as 'from all sources,' making no distinction between what is received—*e.g.*, from patients and from contributors. Others state their income on one or two heads separately and place the rest of their receipts together, as 'from other sources.' Others return their income under one heading—*e.g.*, 'Charitable contributions, bazaars, sales of work,' &c. Others give the gross amount of industrial sales, without deducting the cost of material, labour, &c. Others make a return of income for years, or periods, other than the year last past. A number of institutions make no return whatever as to income.* Passing next to the management of institutions, information on this point also has been inserted. It is not enough to have committees, but to have 'working' committees, who understand the accounts and internal arrangements of their institutions or societies. Inquiry not unfrequently proves that the display of names on the cover of a society's report is entirely deceptive. The committee are men of straw; the patrons know nothing of the institution, never make use of it, and help it only by giving their names; the officials are sometimes absolute managers, sometimes even managers primarily in their own interests. Unpaid service, it is said in extenuation, is shifty and irresponsible, but it is well that as many as possible should be interested in charitable work, even if their services be often only nominal. This argument might be passed by, if the pageantry of names did not cover the working of institutions which are affecting for good or for evil the future lives of many who cannot protest on their own behalf and are practically in the absolute control of their superiors. To guard the donor and the recipient, there ought to be a ready means of ascertaining whether there is a frequent periodical meeting of a committee of management, whose members are qualified to serve from a knowledge of

Manage-
ment of
institutions.

* For a rough estimate, see Addenda, p. clxxvi.

the details of their work and of its general bearing. Charities want not patrons, but workers. They are puffed, advertised, and pleaded for in a self-seeking, self-laudatory style, as if bent on gaining the applause of men; or they are aided by dinners, festivals, balls, and the like, as if they should stoop to be a pastime of Society and make money out of fashionable pleasures. Instead of this, they should assume their rightful position as institutions to which in one department the nation entrusts the constant work of national regeneration. They would then combine to put down all that is false in themselves, and expend and economise their resources in men and money to carry out this work in the most perfect manner.

In this book *malâ fide* charities have been excluded *as far as possible*: of the comparative utility of those mentioned the reader must be his own judge.

VIII.—ON DISTRICT VISITING; PERSONAL CHARITY AND WHOLESALE CHARITY.

Almsgiving
and religious
teaching
should be
separated.

As the giving of money and tickets is subordinated to the endeavour to influence the poor, personal charity, visiting the homes of the poor, and the like, will alter its character. It is questionable whether 'house-to-house visitation' is not a waste of energy. Comparatively few people have the tact and knowledge to be good District Visitors. A constant intrusion into the houses of the poor weakens their self-respect, and, if combined with religious ministration, tends to hypocrisy. The tract and the shilling are acceptable, not the former only. The dinner or tea before the address is acceptable, not the latter only. The separation of religious teaching and almsgiving is therefore, in the interests of morality, most necessary. It will be said, as it is said by many ministers, that, going to a wretched room, they cannot pray with people who they think are starving: religious ministrations to people left to famish seem a cruel mockery. Yet men, who are intent on doing spiritual good, whose mood for the time must of necessity be one of hopeful and intent earnestness, and who are unable for the moment in their absorption in their object to take notice of details, are quite unfit then to judge of evidence, and quite liable to deception by those who are callous to their earnestness and in no way scrupulous of acting a part. If this is so, it is best that the question of material assistance should be entrusted to other hands, or at least dealt with at another time. Many cases illustrative of this will be found in Mr. Hornsby Wright's 'Confessions of an Almsgiver,' and 'Thoughts and Experiences of a Charity Organisationist.' Relief will be more wisely given if it is given apart from religious teaching, and by the direction of a committee, after a discussion of the particulars in each instance.

Instead of 'house-to-house visitation,' a system possible only where the leisurely reside, and therefore not to be had in the poorest districts, where presumably it would be most required, the plan should be substituted of visiting in connection with applications for assistance.* The appeal for assistance on the applicant's part has given his benefactor a fair opportunity of helping in his own way and on his own conditions. To make inquiries on special points, and for the after-care of the case, when the committee has decided generally on the mode of assisting, personal charity is often required. 'Let the philanthropist be made to understand,' says Chalmers ('On the Sufficiency of the Parochial System'), 'that, for the purpose of doing aught like substantial or permanent good, something more is necessary than to compassionate the poor—he must also consider them; and let him learn at length that there is indeed a more excellent way of charity than that to which his own headlong sensibilities have impelled him.'

The after-care of cases.

To be competent to visit the poor, the visitor should be able to show them how to economise, how to prepare and where to buy cheap and nutritious food, where to put their savings. She ought to be an authority in domestic business, able to do before them what she wishes to teach them. She ought to know what are the requirements of sanitation. She ought to have that combination of authority and gentleness which wins respect and friendship and can stimulate to duty without giving offence. 'Friendly love perfecteth man.' She should not be an almsgiver, but a friend.

Qualifications for a visitor.

A word may be added here in regard to 'wholesale' charities, such as soup-kitchens and the like. Many of the ordinary parochial charities are planned on the belief that the poor must be expected to receive some sort of charitable assistance every year. Charity, in which, from furnishing the materials, local tradesmen have often an interest, is thus continually checking all tendency towards the establishment of co-operative stores or of any system which may make the poor more independent. Like the villagers who were going to establish a friendly society, but repented when they remembered that for its benefits they would have to pay many annual contributions, and in the end have no out-relief, while to qualify for out-relief no such contributions were necessary—the poor see that they need make no effort for themselves. If they push themselves out of the class 'poor,' or rather 'indigent,' they lose these casual alms. Charities given to the multitude are altogether wrong. To be beneficial, charity must adjust its means to the wants of the particular case, and not leave that case till it

The injury done by wholesale charity.

* Much may be said for systematic visitation. If that be preferred, some reasonable pretext for calling is desirable. The collection of rents may serve as this, or the weekly collection of savings, or a visit in regard to children who attend a school in which the visitor teaches.

has effected a cure. Wholesale charities either demoralise the poor by their periodicity—*e.g.* in every hard winter—or they feed the casual pauper, who, if charity is plentiful, lives out of the workhouse; or if, as in a mild winter, it is scarce, retires to the more rigorous discipline of the house. The use of the charities given in kind is limited. They are suitable for interim help until the case is permanently aided; and they are useful in sick cases, in which nourishing diet is required. The way in which tickets and trifles in food and money are often given is illustrated in the following cases:—

Charities in
kind; how
useful.

(1) 'This case had long been known to the Committee. Man is a cabman, aged 41, but suffers from gout, and can seldom do any work. Wife applied to a lady in the neighbourhood for assistance. Their rooms were very dirty and untidy, and £3 was due for rent. There were six children, aged from 3 to 21. It was ascertained that the wife and children were earning 28s. a week and some food, and that they were receiving broken food daily from one lady, and 1s. a week from another, and occasional tickets from the clergy, making their income at least 34s. or 36s. a week, besides anything the husband might earn.'

(2) 'A woman and her grown-up daughter, living together, had been receiving charitable tickets for a long time, till the visitor thought it would not be right to spend more on these people, who seemed to get no better off; and the case was referred to this Committee. On inquiring into particulars it was ascertained that their earnings, though not large, would be sufficient to maintain them, if it was not that their rent was very high—6s. 6d. The Committee persuaded them to move into cheaper lodgings, at 3s. 6d., which were found for them by the Biblewoman; but to enable them to move, and to prevent their furniture being detained for the heavy arrears of rent they had incurred, about 50s. had to be paid, which was given about half by the rector of the parish and half by the Society for the Relief of Distress. They thus became self-supporting; but if the tickets had never been given they would have had to move long before; the 3s. a week which they would have thus saved would have been more to them than the value of the tickets; and as the arrears of rent would not have been incurred, a little thoughtfulness would both have saved them from being long dependent on charity, and have saved the value of the tickets and the 50s. for more necessitous cases.'

(3) 'A middle-aged single woman, about eight years ago, applied to this Committee. She was represented by all who knew her as highly respectable; she was said to be well-connected, but she was in great distress, as she could not earn enough to keep herself by needlework. Pending inquiries as to means of permanent employment or assistance, the Committee organised a temporary weekly allowance for her. But those who gave it were not willing to continue any regular help, the woman herself was not willing to work, unfortunately finding begging easier, and the good connections vanished on inquiry. The Committee then refused further help, unless she took a situation. But other persons took another view of the matter. Whenever she called at certain houses she was sure of "a trifle" in money and food; from others she would beg for, and receive, 5s. for materials to make up servants' caps, &c., and from many she received help in reply to letters. One lady sent 1s. a week, but inquired no further into her resources. And what was the result? Side by side with the habit of begging grew the habit of drinking, and last year she was found living in abject wretchedness, in a miserable room containing only a box and a mattress, on bare boards. Still she obtained enough money from "charitable people" to find means to spend her evenings in public-houses, returning intoxicated late in the night. At length her strength held out no longer against such habits, and she found her way to the workhouse, only at first to stay there a short time, and then to come out and drink once more; but there can be little doubt where her days must end. Her tale is a sad monument to the "cruel kindness" of unthinking charity.'

IX.—THE MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION OF THE METROPOLIS.

The local administration of the Metropolis is of so complex a character that attention should be drawn to it at the outset. Here and throughout we wish to place before the reader the charities on the one hand, and on the other the legislative provisions for the poor and others.

The area of the Metropolis is different, and differently divided for different purposes. The most important area of administration is that known as 'the Metropolitan area.' It covers 75,462 acres, and in 1881 it contained a population of 3,834,354. It now forms the new county of London (*see* p. cxxiii.). (1) For the election of members of Parliament it is divided into 58 boroughs and electoral divisions, each of which returns one member, excepting the City, which returns two. For the election of members of the County Council the same electoral districts are used. The registered 'County electors' elect 118 members, two for each division, excepting the City, which has four. (2) For the purposes of local management, local drainage, sanitation, etc., the Metropolitan area is divided into 27 parishes, each under a Vestry elected by the ratepayers, and 13 District Boards of Works (*see* p. cx.), consisting of representatives of the vestries in their districts. (3) For the administration of the Poor Law there are, in the Metropolitan area, 30 Poor Law parishes or unions. In each of these there is a Board of Guardians elected by the owners and ratepayers (*see* p. xxi.), and entrusted with the legal relief of the poor.* (5) For the management of Asylums for Imbeciles and Idiots (*see* p. cx.), and of Hospitals for Infectious Diseases (*see* p. cxiii.), there is a Metropolitan Asylums Board, consisting of representatives of the Poor Law parishes and unions, and members nominated by the Local Government Board (*see* p. civ.). (6) For the purposes of the School Board, the Metropolitan area is divided into 11 parts (*see* p. lxxxi.) for purposes of election and administration. The members of the Board are elected by the ratepayers, except in the City, where the voters include all the Parliamentary voters. (7) There is the Police. The Metropolitan Police District covers the area within a radius of 20 miles from Charing Cross. (8) For magisterial purposes, the Metropolis is divided into 13 Police Court districts. The courts are Bow Street, Westminster, Marlborough Street, Marylebone, Clerkenwell, Thames, Southwark, Lambeth, Worship Street, Dalston, Hammer-

* In the Metropolis for Poor Law purposes there are 14 parishes and 16 unions. For brevity's sake, however, the word 'Union' has been generally used (*see also* p. xxxiii.). A Union is a union of two or more parishes, each of which sends its representatives to a common Board of Guardians. The parish (29 & 30 Vict., c. 113, s. 18) is a place for which a separate poor-rate is, or can be, made, or for which a separate overseer is, or can be, appointed.

smith, Wandsworth, and Greenwich with Woolwich. Except at the two latter, which are open half the day, a magistrate is in attendance daily from 10 to 5. The City has an independent Police administration and magistracy. (9) The Metropolis is divided into the districts (generally coterminous with the parishes or unions) and sub-districts of the Registrar-General for statistical purposes, returns of health, deaths and births, etc. (10) The local government of the City is in the hands of a Court of Common Council consisting of 26 Aldermen, out of whom the Lord Mayor is annually elected,* and 206 Common Councillors. Both Aldermen and Common Councillors are elected by the Parliamentary voters in the City,† the former for life, the latter annually. The elections are by wards, of which there are 26. The duties which elsewhere devolve upon a Vestry or District Board are there entrusted to Commissioners of the Sewers, appointed by the Court of Common Council. It is almost inevitable that an almoner should be brought into contact with most of these bodies, or have to ascertain their duties on some points, in order to endeavour to remove evils and to assist cases which he will meet with in the course of his work.

X.—ON THE FUNCTIONS OF THE POOR LAW AND OF CHARITY.

The main difference between Poor Law relief and Charitable relief.

It has been said above that charity, as there is a Poor Law in England, may safely restrict itself to eligible cases. It is hardly too much to say that no person should take part in at least public charitable work without a general knowledge of the functions of the Poor Law.

The claim for Poor Law relief rests, it may be broadly stated, upon the destitution of the claimant. Merit has nothing to do with it. The vicious and virtuous are equally entitled to it: the provident man gets neither more nor less because he has been provident. The humane from motives of charity, and the prosperous from motives of self-protection, would not suffer the destitute to starve. A Poor Law was therefore established. But they would not tempt the self-supporting to destitution. Therefore it was established under just but hard restrictions. 'The fundamental principle,' to quote the often-quoted passage of the report of the

* The City Livery Companies have an indirect influence on the government of the City. There are 74 of these Companies. Their 'Liverymen' form the chief part of the Court of Common Hall of the City of London. This Court of Common Hall consists of 'the Lord Mayor, at least four Aldermen, and such of the Liverymen of the various City Companies as are of one year's standing, free of the City, and have paid their livery fees.' It nominates two Aldermen who have served as City Sheriffs, one of whom is chosen by the Lord Mayor and Aldermen as Lord Mayor. It elects also the City Sheriffs, Chamberlain, Bridge Masters, and Auditors.—See 'Greater London and its Government,' by George Whale, and Firth's 'Municipal London.'

† The 'Liverymen, free by birth or servitude, and residing within twenty-five miles of the City, are among the Parliamentary voters in the City

Poor Law Commissioners, 1834—‘with respect to the legal relief of the poor is, that the condition of the pauper ought to be on the whole less eligible than that of the independent labourer. The equity and expediency of this principle are equally obvious. Unless the condition of the pauper is on the whole less eligible than that of the independent labourer, the law destroys the strongest motives to good conduct, steady industry, providence, and frugality among the labouring classes, and induces persons, by idleness or imposture, to throw themselves upon the poor rates for support.’ The independent labourer has to be protected only against destitution. ‘The pauper has no just ground for complaint, if at the same time that his physical wants are amply provided for, his condition should be less eligible than that of the poorest class of those who contribute to his support.’* On the threshold of the question then we see the boundary lines of charity and the Poor Law. To charity it is not a matter of primary importance, whether a person is destitute or not. For it destitution is no test. It has more chance of helping effectually if a person is not destitute. It has to prevent destitution and indigence. It may have to supply actual necessities, but to place the poor beyond the reach of need or to prevent the occurrence of need is its true vocation. It is unlimited in its scope, and gives as a free gift. To the Poor Law the question of destitution is all-important. It is the passport to relief. The Poor Law is tied and bound with restrictions, and is the administrator of a ratepayers’ trust fund. The Poor Law is not intended to be remedial or to prevent by its direct action the growth of paupers—generation after generation. It is a stern alleviative measure. The Poor Law helps only when it must; charity always when it wills. Charity like the Poor Law may destroy ‘the strongest motives to good conduct, steady industry, providence, and frugality.’ Tests guard the one; knowledge and inquiry ought to guard the other.

XI.—THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE POOR LAWS: THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD.

The administration of Poor Law relief rests with the Board of Guardians, the local authority in each union, subject to the direction and control of the Local Government Board, the central authority. The Board by elaborate ‘orders’ and numerous forms has

* Subject to modifications, to be subsequently mentioned, but which do not materially affect the general principle—‘The function of the Guardians is to relieve destitution actually existing, and not to expend the money of the ratepayers in preventing a person becoming destitute, that is to say, they can only expend the poor rates in supplying the destitute persons with actual necessities, such as food, clothing, or lodging, or the means of obtaining food, clothing, or lodging temporarily, if the destitute person cannot be immediately received into the work-house.’—‘The Poor Law Orders of the Poor Law Commissioners, the Poor Law Board, and the Local Government Board,’ by W. Cunningham Glen, 1883, p. 63.

settled with precision the duties of each officer to be employed by the Guardians, how their establishments are to be managed, how their accounts are to be kept, and generally how their relief is to be given.* Without the consent of the Local Government Board the Guardians may neither appoint nor remove any officer. On the other hand, the limitations to the powers of the Local Government Board are these: it cannot interfere with the laws of settlement and removal, (of which a few words further on); it cannot order relief in a particular case; and it cannot compel attendance at a worship, or education in a religious creed, objected to by the pauper.

The Local Government Board (Whitehall) is composed of a President (at present the Right Hon. C. T. Ritchie, M.P.), and as *ex-officio* members, the Lord President of the Privy Council, the principal Secretaries of State, the Lord Privy Seal and the Chancellor of the Exchequer. For the supervision of the local administration the Board has Inspectors and Auditors. The former are entitled to visit workhouses, attend and take part, without vote, in meetings of Boards of Guardians, and to hold inquiries and summon witnesses in regard to any question of Poor Law administration. The latter have full powers to 'examine, audit, allow or disallow of accounts and of items therein.' Any payment at variance with the rules or orders of the Local Government Board is disallowed, though the Board has discretionary power of remitting the disallowance surcharged. There is thus a very strict control.

In the metropolitan area there are three Inspectors and two Auditors, and there are 30 Parishes or Unions.

XII.—THE BOARD OF GUARDIANS: ILLUSTRATIONS OF THE IMPORTANCE OF CO-OPERATION WITH THE CHARITABLE.

The population and area of these Unions is stated in the local lists (printed in the Register), together with the qualification and number of members in each Union, the addresses of the District Schools, Workhouses, Casual wards, and other particulars.

If there is thorough co-operation between the Guardians and charitable persons on sound principles, many cases of distress which would otherwise have been improperly or insufficiently assisted, will be carefully attended to. Two plans of co-operation may be mentioned. At Kensington members of the Charity Organisation Committee see most of the applicants for out-relief, and at once interfere if they think their money or advice can prevent a man

Evidence of
the advantage of co-
operation
between
Poor Law
and Charity.

* 'As regards the relief of persons who are in receipt of charitable contributions, it may be observed that if the fact comes to the knowledge of the Guardians, in the case of an application to them for relief, they are bound to act upon it, and either wholly refuse relief, or to give such an amount only as, with the other assistance the applicant receives, will be sufficient to relieve his actual necessities.' Glen: Poor Law Orders, p. 64 (1883).

from becoming a pauper. Similarly, they and other charitable persons are constantly examining the more hopeful of the inmates of the workhouse, and are ready to do what they can to restore the paupers to independence. In order to investigate these cases more closely, members of the Charity Organisation Committee attend the meetings of the Guardians' House Committee, and a Sub-Committee of the Charity Organisation Committee meets at the workhouse. The following instances show how the system works :—

A., a young woman, presented herself for admission to the workhouse, but the officer who saw her, struck by her appearance and manner, advised her, before taking any further step, to consult a lady, a member of this Committee, whose address he gave her. She did so, and, her story being at once inquired into, it appeared that she had been in highly respectable service; had left to nurse a sister in ill-health, on whom she spent all her savings; had come to London on her sister's death, hoping to find employment, but failed; and, finding herself getting into debt, had resolved, in desperation, to seek refuge in the workhouse. Assistance was immediately given her, the money necessary to get requisite clothing was advanced, and employment obtained for her. She is now in a superior situation, has repaid the money lent to her, and acknowledged with deep gratitude the help which saved her.

B., a girl of wandering habits, but apparently not of bad character, who had drifted into the workhouse, was sent to a training home and thence to service.

At Kensington a Workhouse Girls' Aid Committee has been formed at the suggestion, and with the concurrence, of the Guardians. A member of the Committee takes down the case of each girl. Inquiries are made either by the Charity Organisation Society or by a lady familiar with their practice. If the Committee are satisfied that the girl wishes to lead a better life, a situation is looked out for her, and help granted according to her requirements for herself and for her child. Parents are sought out. Mother and child are visited periodically, and payments received on the children's behalf. At St. Pancras and elsewhere there are similar committees.

It will be seen how great an inducement to become members of Boards of Guardians those have who possess time and leisure and desire to undertake charitable work.

XIII.—THE ELECTION OF BOARDS OF GUARDIANS : * ITS IMPORTANCE.

Voters must be either owners or ratepayers. An 'owner shall be construed and include any person for the time being in the actual occupation of any property rateable to the relief of the poor, and not let to him at rackrent, or any person receiving the rackrent of any such property, either on his own account or as mortgagee or other encumbrancer in possession.' Rackrent is defined to mean 'any rent which shall not be less than two-thirds of the full im-

The Voting
of owners :
proxies.

* For further information see *The Poor Law Election Manual*. Fourth Edition. By W. G. Lumley, Esq. 1886. See also *Glen's Poor Law Orders*, p. 1 (1883), and *Archbold's Poor Law* : Fourteenth Edition, p. 62 (1885).

proved net annual value of any property.' 'The term owner,' Mr. Lumley writes, 'appears to signify any person who is entitled to call the property his own.' An owner is not entitled to vote unless before the 1st February previous to the election he has sent to the clerk to the Guardians a statement containing a description of the nature or interest he has in the property, and other details. In the case of property belonging to a corporation, joint-stock, or other company, their officer is entitled to vote as if he were the owner. The owner's statement, so long as he retains his qualification, need not be renewed. An owner, if he be non-resident, may vote by proxy. For this purpose he must send to the clerk to the Guardians 'a statement in writing of the name and address of the proxy, and the description of the property in the parish as proxy for the owner whereof he claimed to vote, and the original or an attested copy of his writing appointing him such proxy.*' Any person may act as proxy; and the authorisation to vote cannot remain in force for a longer period than two years. The proxy cannot vote until fourteen days after he has made his claim. No person can be proxy for more than four owners except he be steward, bailiff, land agent, or collector of rents for the owners for whom he may be appointed to vote. The appointment of such a proxy holds good till it be revoked. A register of owners is kept by the overseers.

The Voting
of Rate-
payers.

'No person shall be deemed a ratepayer or be entitled to vote unless he shall have been rated to the relief of the poor for the whole year immediately preceding his so voting . . . and shall have paid the parochial rates and assessments made and assessed upon him for the period of one whole year, as well as those due from him at the time of so voting, except such as shall have been made or become due within the six months immediately preceding.' † Residence or occupation is not required as part of the qualification. 'In ordinary cases only one person is rated, and he is the occupier.' ‡ The officer of any corporation, company, commissioners or public trustees whose name is entered in the rate-book under that of the corporation may vote on behalf of their rate.§

These details are worthy of consideration. In the richer districts, where suitable candidates with leisure at their disposal are forthcoming, owners and holders of large properties may not care to exercise their legitimate influence and inform themselves on this question of the election of Guardians. But in poor districts, they may be said to be hardly entitled to this right, unless they exercise it; so much in such places depends on the election of Guardians.

For purposes of election parishes may be divided into wards. The voter (be he owner or ratepayer) can then only vote in the ward in respect of property situated in that ward. The number

Voting by
wards.

* Lumley, p. 9.
† 4 & 5 Will. IV., c. 76, s. 40.

‡ Lumley, p. 30.
§ 30 & 31 Vict., c. 106, s. 10.

of his votes is limited according to the amount of his property or rating in the parish; and he cannot give more votes in one ward than his property or rate in that ward entitles him to. But by notice before the nomination day he may, if he have property, or be rated in more than one ward, determine for which ward he will vote, and what proportion of his votes he will give to any one ward—having regard to the property situated therein. This notice must be annual. Minors cannot vote. Unmarried females being owners or ratepayers may vote. A voter, whether owner or ratepayer, has one vote, 'if the property in respect of which he is entitled to vote be rated upon a rateable value of less than £50.' An additional vote is conferred by every additional £50, or less, up to £250, and by a rateable value above £250, six votes. An owner who is occupier may vote in both capacities subject to his sending in his claim as owner (*see above*), and being duly qualified as a ratepayer.

Scale of
votes.

The qualification of a candidate for the election of Guardians is the being rated to the poor rate in respect of property in the parish or in the union of an annual rateable value of £40, or under, as may be fixed by the Local Government Board. The precise qualification varies in different parts of the Metropolis (*see local lists*).^{*} A person qualified for election in a parish is eligible for election in any ward in the parish. It is only necessary that a candidate should have been assessed. He need not have paid rates. Nor need he be resident, or an occupier. It is well to emphasise these points. A would-be candidate cannot stand unless he is assessed. The preliminary, therefore, which he has to settle, is not the payment of rates (for the payment of the rate is not essential), but when, how soon, he can be assessed or rated. And he cannot be considered rated, unless his name be on the rate-books prior to the date of the making of the rate—*i.e.*, when it is allowed by the justices. 'If the candidate's name is actually in the rate, it will in general be safest to treat him as being duly qualified.'[†]

Qualification
of Guardians.

Any owner, or proxy for an owner, or any ratepayer, qualified to vote, may nominate a candidate for the parish in which the property of the former is situated or his rate paid. If the parish is divided into wards, the nominator must be qualified to vote for the ward for which he nominates a candidate. A person nominated for two or more wards must, before the election, choose that for which he will stand, or he will be placed as candidate for the ward for which he was first nominated.

According to a decision of the Local Government Board, married women are not eligible for election. ‡

^{*} See Schedules appended to the General Order (Consolidated), 14th February, 1877. Glen, p. 33.

[†] Lumley, p. 58.

[‡] See Glen's Poor Law Orders, p. 11 (1883).

Dates at which nominations have to be sent in, etc.

On or before the 15th March the clerk to the Board of Guardians has to publish a notice stating the number and qualification of the Guardians to be elected, and giving information in regard to the nomination, the mode of voting, and the scrutiny of votes. Nominations have to be delivered to him after the 14th, but on or before the 26th of March. If when the nominations have been received, the number of the properly qualified nominees exceed the number of seats, he has to arrange for delivering the voting papers at the addresses of the ratepayers, owners, or proxies. These contain a list of the nominees, and instructions for marking the votes. On the 7th April, the voting papers are issued, and on the 8th they are collected. On the 9th, and, if necessary, on the following days, they are examined, and a list of the successful candidates is subsequently published.*

It is greatly hoped that readers of this short statement will take an active interest in the election of Guardians wherever they may have votes, and, if they are almoners, wherever their work may lie. A misguided or lavish bestowal of Poor Law relief produces evil results on character and on family life, which the most widely diffused state education cannot cope with. The Board of Guardians are in the most practical, forcible manner—viz. by giving or withholding relief—either the moral instructors or the well-intentioned enemies of that large section of the poor which is on the verge of pauperism.

Nominated and *ex-officio* Guardians.

In the Metropolis persons may also become Guardians on the nomination of the Local Government Board. They must be either justices of the peace of any county or place, resident in the Union, or ratepayers, whether resident or not, assessed to the poor rate on an annual rateable value of not less than £40.† The nominated Guardians must not, together with the *ex-officio* Guardians, exceed one-third of the number of the elected Guardians.

Justices of the peace residing in any parish, and acting for the county, riding, or division in which it is situated, are *ex-officio* guardians.

XIV.—THE DUTIES OF GUARDIANS IN REGARD TO INDOOR AND OUTDOOR RELIEF.

Under the management of the Guardians are Workhouses and Schools (Indoor Relief); Infirmarys and Dispensaries (Medical Relief); Casual wards and casual relief; and outdoor relief. In the Metropolis several Unions share District Schools and other establishments. What these are will be seen in the local lists.

* If any of these days be a Sunday, Good Friday, or a Bank Holiday, or any day appointed for public fast or thanksgiving, the act has to be performed on the day next following, 'unless it be one of the days excluded as aforesaid, in which case the act shall be performed on the day following such excluded day'; and each subsequent proceeding has to be postponed correspondingly.

† 31 & 32 Vict., c. 122, s. 9.

The workhouse is the corner-stone of the English Poor Law system—an institution part penal, part alleviative. The cases which charity may fitly leave to the workhouse are incurable cases of vice and intemperance; chronic cases, *i.e.*, cases of intermittent need, in which no provision is or can be made for future contingencies; or cases of continuous need, in which, owing to the applicant's fault, no provision has been made for old age, and in which without an allowance he will lack the means of subsistence; cases in which relatives are able to assist adequately, and avoid doing so; able-bodied persons out of work and with no definite prospect of work. This list does not pretend to be exhaustive; and it is charity's first duty to take each case on its merits. An off-hand classification of charitable applications as falling under any of the above categories, is greatly to be deprecated. But we have here to consider what the distinctions are which the Guardians themselves have to draw between indoor and outdoor relief, and what is the workhouse.

Workhouse cases

A pauper is defined as any 'person maintained wholly or in part by or chargeable to any parish, borough, or city.'* But any person who receives Poor Law medical relief for himself or any of his family is not a pauper, in the sense that he does not lose his vote for Parliamentary and County Council elections.† He has, however, no vote for the election of Guardians. Also, he may receive relief by way of payment of school fees without loss of the Parliamentary franchise. Also, by 4 & 5 Will. IV., c. 76, s. 6 (1834), relief given to the parent of a blind or deaf and dumb child does not make the parent a pauper; and there are other exceptions (*see* p. cxxv.).

A pauper.

In the Returns published by the Local Government Board, the 'indoor paupers' include the paupers in all the establishments under the control of the Guardians, and also in some establishments not under their management, such as certified schools, schools for deaf, blind, and idiots.‡ Children boarded-out are entered as in receipt of outdoor relief. The classes of paupers, out and indoor, are able-bodied, adult, male and female, and their children under 16; similar classes of those not able-bodied, and their children, or children without parents; vagrants and insane.

For the guidance of Guardians in the administration of outdoor relief there are three Orders. Firstly, the General Prohibitory Order (Dec. 21, 1844). This applies to the larger number of Unions, but not to Unions in the Metropolis, or to Manchester, Liverpool, Newcastle-on-Tyne, and several other large towns. It indicates the high-water mark of the actual prohibition of outdoor relief at the present time. Next, there is the Outdoor Labour Test Order (Oct. 31, 1842). This applies to many of the Unions under

* *See* Glen, p. 192.

† Medical Relief Disqualification Removal Act 1885 (48 & 49 Vict., c. 46).

‡ *See* Local Government Report 1887-8, pp. 187, 188.

the Prohibitory Order, and may be considered as an appendix to it. Thirdly, there is the Outdoor Relief Regulation Order (Dec. 14, 1852), which applies to the Metropolis and the larger towns.

Several of the more advanced metropolitan Boards of Guardians are now in practice adopting an administration of outdoor relief in accordance with the Prohibitory Order. They are making the grant of out-relief the exception instead of the rule. It is desirable, therefore, to place an outline of both Orders before the reader.

The Prohibi-
tory Order:
Residents.

The Prohibitory Order falls into two main sections: relief to cases resident in the Union; relief in non-resident cases.

Subject to certain exceptions mentioned below, in the former cases relief, except in the workhouse, is prohibited to any able-bodied person, male or female, or to such members of his or her family 'as may reside with him or her, and may not be in employment,' or to the wife of such able-bodied person, if she be resident with him.

Whether a person is or is not able-bodied is a question of fact depending upon the physical strength and condition of the applicant for relief. Thus, children of 14 or 15, able to maintain themselves, may be considered able-bodied, and a man over 60 is not necessarily 'not able-bodied.' *

The exceptions then follow :

Relief out of the workhouse is not prohibited to an able-bodied person, where such person

(1) Shall require relief on account of sudden or urgent necessity ;

(2) Shall require relief on account of any sickness, accident, or bodily or mental infirmity affecting such person, or any of his or her family ;

(3) Shall require relief for the purpose of defraying the expenses, either wholly or in part, of the burial of his or her family ;

(4) Shall require relief, being a widow in the first six months of widowhood ;

(5) Shall require relief, being a widow, who has a legitimate child or children dependent on her, is incapable of earning his, her, or their livelihood, and has no illegitimate children born after the commencement of her widowhood ;

(6) Shall be confined in any gaol or place of safe custody (subject to Article 4, quoted below) ;

(7) Shall be the wife or child of any able-bodied man who shall be in the service of Her Majesty, or a soldier, sailor, or marine.

(8) 'Where any able-bodied person, not being a soldier, sailor, or marine, shall not reside within the Union, but his wife, child, or children shall reside within the same, the Board of Guardians

* See Glen, pp. 422, 444 (ed. 1883).

of the Union, according to their discretion, may (subject to the regulation contained in Article 4) afford relief in the workhouse to such wife, child, or children, or may allow outdoor relief for any such child or children being within the age of nurture [*i.e.*, seven years old], and resident with the mother within the Union.'

The Article 4 of the Order referred to above in exceptions (6) and (8) is as follows:—

'Where a husband of any woman is beyond the seas [*i.e.*, out of Great Britain], or in custody of the law, or in confinement in a licensed house or asylum as a lunatic or idiot, all relief which the Guardians shall give to the wife, or her child or children, shall be given to such woman in the same manner, and subject to the same conditions, as if she were a widow.'

The conclusions to be drawn from the exceptions (6) and (8) and the Article 4, appear to be, that 'able-bodied women deserted by their husbands should only receive relief in the workhouse'; but 'if such a woman requires relief for her children, any child under the age of nurture and residing with the mother may receive outdoor relief, but the children above that age must be taken into the workhouse.' If, however, the husband has gone beyond the seas, is in gaol, or confined as a lunatic, she is entitled to relief as if she were a widow.

To non-residents the Order prohibits outdoor relief, except in the workhouse, unless (1) where such person, being casually within such parish, shall become destitute.

The Prohibitory Order :
Non-residents.

This covers relief to vagrants; as to the provision for whom *see* p. xlii.

Or (2), where such person shall require relief on account of any sickness, accident, or bodily or mental infirmity affecting such person or any of his or her family.

Then follow other exceptions to the prohibition, two of which may be noted: an exception by which outdoor relief may be given to a widow not resident in the Union for the first six months of widowhood; and an exception by which such relief may be given to a widow who has a legitimate child or children dependent on her (*see* above (5)), and who at the time of her husband's death was resident with him in some other place than the parish of her legal settlement, and not situated in the Union in which such parish may be comprised. The object of this clause 'appears to be to avoid the disturbance of those connections and mode of life at a distance from the Union to which the family may have become accustomed, and which existed at the time of the husband's death.'

The Outdoor Test Regulation Order, as has been said, supplements the Prohibitory Order. It requires the Guardians, if they depart from the instructions in regard to able-bodied paupers, and

The Outdoor
Test Regula-
tion Order.

relieve them out of the workhouse, (1) to give half of the relief in food, clothing, and other articles of necessity; (2) to give no relief while the able-bodied person is employed for wages or hire or remuneration by any person; (3) to set every such pauper to work; (4) to report to the Local Government Board within fourteen days from the date when this Order comes into force, and from time to time afterwards, as to the place of work, kind of work, &c.

The Outdoor Relief Regulation Order: Resident cases.

The Outdoor Relief Regulation Order (that applicable to the Metropolis) may be divided into three chief sections; dealing with resident cases, with non-resident cases, and with the employment of the able-bodied. It is limited to setting forth certain conditions under which outdoor relief shall be given; but the general view of the Board is as follows:—

‘The Board’ (as the letter of instruction to Boards of Guardians in regard to this Order states), ‘are of opinion that where there is a commodious and efficient workhouse, it is best that the able-bodied pauper should be received and set to work therein; but looking to the circumstances of most unions and parishes in London and other populous places, they have not thought it expedient in this Order to prohibit outdoor relief to any class of paupers.’

Accordingly it is required (1) that whenever the Guardians allow relief to any able-bodied male person out of the workhouse, one half at least of the relief so allowed shall be given in articles of food or fuel, or in other articles of absolute necessity.

(2) To prevent relief being squandered, or more being given than will provide against actual necessities, outdoor relief granted for more than one week must be given or administered weekly or oftener.

(3) ‘The Guardians or their officers’ are absolutely prohibited from using the poor-rates, directly or indirectly, to ‘establish any applicant for relief in trade or business’; to ‘redeem from pawn for any applicant any tools, implements, or other articles’; to purchase or give him any tools, implements, or other articles, except clothing or bedding when urgently needed, or ‘food or fuel, or articles of absolute necessity’; to pay for the conveyance of any poor person, unless it be for the removal of a pauper to a workhouse, district school, &c.; to pay rent wholly or in part.

The Outdoor Relief Regulation Order: Non-resident cases.

The rules in regard to the relief of non-resident cases are the same as in the Prohibitory Order. (See p. xxvii.)

The place of the Outdoor Relief Test Regulation Order is taken by clauses to the same effect:—

Out-Relief to the Able-bodied.

Thus, (1) ‘No relief shall be given to any able-bodied male person while he is employed for wages or other hire or remuneration by any person.’

(2) ‘Every able-bodied male person, if relieved out of the workhouse, shall be set to work by the Guardians, and be kept

employed under their direction and superintendence so long as he continues to receive relief.'

In cases of sudden and urgent necessity, sickness, &c., these requirements may, it is added, be dispensed with.

A comparison of the two Orders will show the indulgences which the Regulation Order permits in the Metropolis and other large towns. Thus, in these towns able-bodied women may receive outdoor relief; under the Prohibitory Order, except in cases of widowhood, they cannot. Again, under the Regulation Order, deserted wives may, if the Guardians so decide, receive outdoor relief; and further, several exceptions which, when the general rule is prohibitory, have an appearance of fairness and consideration, when the prohibition is withdrawn are of no importance one way or the other. Where all may receive outdoor relief, the wife of the soldier or sailor may receive it with the other pauper applicants. Where none or but few may have it, she receives it as an exception. So while sickness or urgency form a reasonable exception to the prohibitory rule, under the Regulation Order no such exceptions are required. That out-relief may be given in such cases goes without saying.

The Orders
compared.

From this statement in regard to outdoor relief, it follows that (as Mr. Goschen in his circular of 1869 pointed out) establishment in trade, taking goods out of pawn, purchasing tools, paying fares or rent, are, so far as the Poor Law is concerned, works of charity; but charity finds, for reasons which may have led to the Poor Law prohibitions, that these things (*e.g.* the payment of rent) can only be done by it with very great precaution.

It is evident that very large discretion is given to the Guardians in the Metropolis in distinguishing between workhouse and out-relief cases, and that, by co-operation with the charitable, all cases with which charity is better fitted to deal may be taken up by it, the Guardians dealing with the remainder.

The question of the desirability of continuing out-relief is much debated. Some of the arguments against it are, that it has none of the semi-punitive character of wholesome State relief; that it is looked upon as the recompense in old age of the pauper's payment of rates during life, and hence removes all natural stimulus to thrift; that it is impossible to administer it on any large scale without encouraging deception, for it leads the poor, in the hope of being relieved, to conceal their wages and real circumstances; that discrimination on moral or general grounds is not possible, and, if it were, it would not be justifiable, as destitution is the sole test in Poor Law relief; that it becomes a kind of inadequate and unsatisfactory supplementation of wages—tending to keep wages down; that it is no safeguard against starvation, for it is seldom enough to maintain the recipient, and, by adding to the chances of aid from

Arguments
for and
against out-
door relief.

others, makes starvation cases more likely to occur; that it tempts the poor to neglect their relatives, as they know that if unaided by them they will be assisted in so easy a manner; that while it has no moral or other indirect advantages, it is pecuniarily a great loss to the nation, as it withdraws in a single year a very large sum (for instance, in 1886-7, £2,528,250), which, invested in commerce, would add to the resources and energy of the nation in a natural and salutary manner. There is a growth of opinion in favour of discontinuance of out-relief gradually, or after a certain time. Its advocates plead that case for case (even though not in the aggregate) it is cheaper than indoor relief; that indoor relief is too punitive in its nature; that as there is no satisfactory alternative, out-relief should be continued; that it would be hard on the poor to discontinue it. On the whole, judging from the results of the system of restricting or abolishing out-relief at St. George-in-the-East, Whitechapel, Stepney, Bradfield, and elsewhere, the arguments against it appear to be conclusive.* In the Metropolis, out-relief is discouraged by the arrangement by which the cost of it is thrown on the Union, while the cost of indoor relief is borne by the Metropolitan Common Fund (*see* cxv.).

The Workhouse: its administration and arrangements.

What then is the workhouse†? A large building now often built in the suburbs, used not so much for work as for residence. It is under the charge of a master and matron. Admission to it is given on an order from the Guardians, or on a provisional order from the Relieving Officer, or (now very seldom) from an Overseer, or from the Master 'in any case of sudden or urgent necessity.' All such cases are admitted irrespective of the settlement of the pauper—that is, irrespective of the question whether the Union in which he is relieved ought to bear the cost of his relief as one of their 'settled' population (*see* p. xxiv.). There is a receiving ward, in which the pauper is examined by a medical officer, thoroughly cleansed, and clothed in the workhouse dress; his own dress is set aside and purified. He is searched also, and if he has money upon him it may be used for his maintenance.‡ If he is suffering from infectious or contagious disease he is placed in a special ward. In the workhouse there is a classification of paupers in separate wards:—Males

* As to Memorandum, &c., of Local Government Board *re* outdoor relief, *see* Addenda, p. clxxiii. *See* also 'Outdoor Relief,' a paper published by the Charity Organisation Society.

† Formerly, the workhouse included separate wards or blocks for the sick asylum or infirmary, the school, and for casuals. Now, in London, and many other large towns, the infirmary is, with few exceptions, a separate building; the schools are separate; and in many instances the casual wards are separate.

‡ If any person who applies for relief at a workhouse or to a relieving officer, has at the time in his possession, or under his control, money or other property, he has to make 'correct and complete disclosure,' or he is liable to be punished as 'idle and disorderly' (*see* p. xli.), 11 & 12 Vict., c. 110, s. 10. And 'any person' who obtains relief 'by wilfully giving a false name, or making a false statement,' is so liable. 39 & 40 Vict., c. 61, s. 44.

—(1), the aged and infirm ; (2), the able-bodied from 15 years old upward ; (3), boys from 7 to 15 ; (4, 5, and 6), Females in three similar divisions ; and (7), one class of children under 7. Further classification is recommended to prevent the moral contamination of inmates. Mothers of children under 7 have access to them at all reasonable times. All have to attend meals, except the sick, children, persons of unsound mind, 'casual' poor, wayfarers, women suckling their children, and the aged and infirm. There is a fixed dietary ; and only the dietary food is allowed. The whole institution is managed on a system of the most rigorous routine.

It may be useful to add a few miscellaneous details. Able-bodied inmates may be employed as superintendents or nurses, and the Master has, according to the words of the Order, to employ the able-bodied, train the youths, occupy the partially incapable, and allow no idleness. Separate accommodation may be provided for aged and infirm couples. (1) In the case of 'any two persons being husband and wife,' and 'either of them infirm, sick, or disabled by an injury, or above the age of 60 years,' the Guardians may, in their discretion, permit them to live together in the workhouse.* (2) But if both husband and wife are over the age of 60, they will not be compelled to live separate in the workhouse.† Any person may visit any pauper in the workhouse by permission of the Master, subject to 'conditions prescribed by the Guardians.'

Employment of Inmates

Separate Accommodation for Aged and Infirm Couples.

Visits to Paupers in the Workhouse.

To keep discipline, the Master can punish offences according as the delinquent pauper is 'disorderly,' or 'refractory' ; terms which are defined with great precision, so as to include in the former 13, and the latter eight definite offences. The former, the first of which is making 'any noise when silence is ordered,' are punishable by the Master at his own discretion—by substituting a less satisfactory diet for any time less than 48 hours. The latter are only punishable, except in aggravated cases, by the direction of the Guardians, by reducing or changing the diet, and by confinement for any term less than 24 hours. The corporal punishment of adults is not allowed.

If a pauper wishes to leave the workhouse, he must be allowed to do so, provided that he gives a reasonable notice. If he has a family, he has to take it with him. A pauper who has stayed for a month in a workhouse is, after giving notice, detained 24 hours ; if within the month he has left the workhouse, or, as the phrase is, 'discharged himself' once or oftener, he is detained 48 hours ; if twice in two months, 72 hours.‡

Leaving the Workhouse.

* 39 & 40 Vict., c. 61 (1876), s. 10.

† 10 & 11 Vict., c. 109, s. 23. See Lumley: 'Divided Parishes and Poor Law Amendment Act.'

‡ It may be noted that, with the approval of the Local Government Board, the workhouses in the Metropolis may be appropriated to different classes of cases to be received from any of the metropolitan unions. (30 Vict., c. 6, s. 80, and 32 & 33 Vict., c. 63, s. 17.)

XV.—POOR LAW RELIEF BY WAY OF LOAN; AND RECOVERY OF RELIEF.

Recovery
of Poor Law
relief as a
loan.

Two important powers of the Guardians should be noted here :

(1) Relief given in accordance with the outdoor relief regulation (December 14, 1852) may be given by way of loan to or on account of any person over 21, or to his wife, or to any of his family under the age of 16. The master or employer of the recipient can, in all cases in which relief has been given as a loan, be required by a justice, on application from the Guardians, to show cause why wages due, or from time to time due to the recipient should not be paid over in whole or in part to the Guardians; and the justice can, if he think fit, taking into consideration the circumstances of such poor person and his family, require the employer from such wages to pay the debt to the Guardians direct by instalments or in a lump sum as may be arranged.*

These provisions give the Guardians means, if they can bestow sufficient time on the individual case, for dealing more effectively with a large class of ineligible cases, in which the parent is culpable for his family's distress, or in which in fairness to the community the applicant should be required to pay for what he has received.

In regard to Medical Relief, it is stated that 'as the exact cost of it in any individual case cannot in general be severed from the total cost of medical relief in the Union, it does not seem to be such relief as can be given by way of loan. But in some Unions it is nevertheless so given.†

Recovery of
Poor Law
relief as a
debt.

(2) Guardians can recover‡ as a debt the cost of the relief or of part of the relief they have given in the previous twelve months, if a pauper has in his possession any money or valuable security. In the event of the pauper's death, they may be reimbursed for twelve months' expenditure and the cost of burial.

XVI.—SETTLEMENT AND REMOVAL. §

The words 'settlement' and 'removal' frequently occur in connection with Poor Law cases. They require some explanation. Here,

* Poor Law Amendment Act, 1834 (4 & 5 Will. IV., c. 76), s. 59.

† Glen, p. 435 (ed. 1833).

‡ Poor Law Union Charges Act Amendment, 1849 (12 & 13 Vict., c. 103), s. 16.

§ Some grave difficulties have to be met or allowed for in any attempt to put down shortly the leading features of the legal provisions regarding intricate subjects such as settlement and removal, and many others touched upon in this 'Introduction.' Decisions on cases are continually modifying the statute law. Sometimes, every word in the section of an Act is limited by conditions to be found elsewhere. There is thus, practically, no alternative between a lengthy and somewhat technical statement and a brief statement, which, omitting many details and reservations, cannot but be more or less misleading. Notwithstanding these objections, it has been thought well to adopt the latter course, rather than to omit all reference to many important questions, or to deal with them so generally, that

too, it is convenient to give in the briefest terms some particulars with regard to the words 'parish' and 'union,' in reference to Poor Law relief.

By the Poor Law Act of Queen Elizabeth,* the relief and chargeability of the poor were limited to the area of the parish. In the reign of Charles II. a law was passed by which parishes, often of an unwieldy size, might be subdivided. This law was unfairly applied, in order to create what were called 'close' parishes, sections of parishes in which there were few paupers, and hence low rates, while hard by were parishes with many paupers and high rates. The Poor Law Commissioners (1834) introduced the system of unions, by which, while each parish supported its own poor, the workhouse was maintained by the parishes in union; each giving its quota towards its cost.

* Parish, and
Union.

It was subsequently enacted, in 1848 and the years following,† that persons who acquired the status of irremovability, should be relieved from the 'common fund of the Union,' and with some other classes of paupers, such as destitute wayfarers, &c., they became 'union paupers.' And the basis upon which the common fund was assessed was altered. It had been based on the average expense incurred by each parish in the relief of its own poor, during the three years previous. It was now, and has since been based, on the annual value of the rateable property of each parish. In 1865 another great change was made. The relief of all paupers was thrown on the common fund of the union.‡ Concurrently with these changes, changes were made in regard to the position of the parish in questions of removability. It had been necessary, that, to obtain irremovability by residence, the poor person should not reside outside the parish. Afterwards residence in any one or more parishes, in a single union, was computed to make up the period of residence that conferred irremovability.§ Removability, therefore, depends on residence in a union. In the enactments with regard to settlement, the words defining the local area are

the information given would hardly be found even suggestive. The almoner is likely to pass by many important provisions altogether, unless they are brought to his notice, in the first instance, in some compendious form. But if once the suggestion is made to him, and his work shows him its practical bearing, he can, by reference to the proper authorities or to books, ascertain any further particulars that may be necessary, or what the requirements of the law more exactly are. It has been desired to make this 'Introduction' suggestive, and so far as the limits of space allow, detailed and accurate. To make it exhaustive would be impossible, and it must thus also be, in a measure, incorrect. A list of Books of Reference will be found on pp. 231, 232, and in the notes numerous references are given.

* 43 Eliz., c. 2.

† Irremovable Poor Act, 1861 (24 & 25 Vict., c. 55), s. 8.

‡ Union Chargeability Act, 1865 (28 & 29 Vict., c. 79), s. 2.

§ The case of a deserted wife is an exception. She must continue to reside in the same parish as that in which she lived when deserted, to gain exemption from removal. See p. xxxv. (6), and pp. xl., xlix., and lxi.

'parish,' 'parish or place,' 'parish or township'; and no change has been made in the law, similar to that with regard to removability, by which the union is substituted for the parish as the area of settlement. Yet the distinction between parish and union has in a great measure lapsed. Many parishes, of course, were not considered too small, or otherwise unsuitable for administrative purposes. They remained parishes, such as Kensington, Islington, and others. Many, again, were made parts of unions; *e.g.* St. Luke's, Clerkenwell, and Holborn, which have been formed into the Holborn Union.*

Settlement
and
Removal.

Parliament, in the reign of Charles II., appear to have been apprehensive of the undue growth of large towns, and of the diseases incident to a crowded population; and they were desirous of checking vagrancy, and of regulating, and as a result, of checking also, the circulation of labour.† They therefore made a law enabling justices, under certain conditions, to send back to their homes—to the place of their last settlement—persons who were likely to become chargeable to the parish. A procedure which had been previously introduced for dealing with vagrants only, was thus extended to the ordinary poor. By a later statute this power of the justices was limited to persons who became actually chargeable.‡ Since then many modifications have been made (*see below*) by which a right of irremovability is secured to persons who are residing in and become chargeable to a parish or union,† in which they have not a settlement. The result of the law of Charles II. has thus been that two series of questions have to be asked by the Guardians, in the case of every pauper; can we remove him, or must we pay for him here? and, if we can remove him, where is the place of his last settlement? Further, by successive enactments it has come about that, while residence, under certain conditions, confers irremovability, the same residence does not confer settlement. If, therefore, the Guardians have to pay for the relief of a pauper, because he is irremovable, they are no less interested in securing that, if he leaves their union, he should leave it without having contracted there a right of settlement; for in the event of his requiring relief, before he has acquired any new right of irremovability in the union to which he goes, he will be sent back, not to them, but to the place of his last settlement. the place to which, on his becoming chargeable, they would themselves have removed him if the law had allowed them to do so. The question of removal and settlement is, it is obvious, intricate, whether for purposes of administration or to the student. One set of conditions govern 'irremovability,' and another 'settle-

* *See the Poor Removal and Chargeability Acts, by W. G. Lumley. Knight & Co., Fleet Street, 1865.*

† 14 Charles II., c. 12. *See History of the English Poor Law, by Sir George Nicholas, vol. I. p. 293.*

‡ 35 Geo. III., c. 101. s. 1.

ment.' A person who is settled in the union in which he becomes chargeable, is, of course, irremovable from it; but many that are irremovable from the union in which they become chargeable, are not settled in it.

Under what circumstances, then, is a person who becomes chargeable to a parish, not to be removed; when is he 'irremovable'?

(1) He cannot be removed, if he is legally settled where he is (see below.)

(2) If he has resided in the union without interruption for one year next before the application for a warrant of removal, he cannot be removed.*

(3) A child under 16, left an orphan, while residing with its surviving parent, cannot be removed, if the parent at the time of death was exempt from removal by reason of length of residence.†

(4) No child under 16, whether legitimate or illegitimate, residing in any parish with father or mother, stepfather or stepmother, or reputed father, can be removed, unless the parent can also be lawfully removed.‡

A child cannot be removed from its parent if it be under the age of seven years, which is called the age of nurture; and if it become chargeable and have a different settlement from its parent, still it must be allowed to remain with the parent until it attain the age of seven years, or if the parent be removed, it must be removed also, to the same parish.§

(5) If a wife becomes chargeable in the absence of her husband she may be removed to his last legal settlement, if he has one, or if not, then to the place of her maiden settlement.¶ Children and wife are only removable with the father and husband.

(6) If a deserted wife continues to reside for one year in the same parish in such a manner as would, if she were a widow (see next clause), render her exempt from removal, she is not liable to removal unless her husband returns to live with her.¶¶

(7) A widow residing in any parish with her husband at the time of his death, cannot be removed for twelve calendar months after, if she so long remains a widow.** Also 'non-resident relief' may (7 & 8 Vict., c. 101, s. 26) be given by the Guardians of the union of her settlement to a widow who continues on her husband's death to reside in the union where he died. The widow, in such a case, must have a legitimate child dependent on her for support,

* 28 & 29 Vict., c. 79, s. 8. See as to the definition and conditions of residence, Glen's Poor Law Statutes, vol. II. p. 845, 1873; see also W. G. Lumley's Poor Removal and Union Chargeability Acts.

† 24 & 25 Vict., c. 55, s. 2.

§ Glen's Archbold, p. 571.

¶ 29 & 30 Vict., c. 113, s. 17.

** 9 & 10 Vict., c. 66, s. 2, and Glen's Archbold, p. 594.

‡ 9 & 10 Vict., c. 66, s. 3.

¶ Glen's Archbold, p. 565.

and no illegitimate child born after the commencement of widowhood.

Sick persons. (8) Persons who become chargeable for relief received owing to sickness or accident are not removable, unless they are likely, in the opinion of the justices, to become permanently disabled.* When they are cured they become chargeable to their own union.

It should be noted that persons exempted from removal do not by reason of such exemption acquire any settlement.† Also in computing the length of residence there must be excluded—among other exceptions—the time during which a person is in prison, in an asylum, or hospital.‡

The Guardians, if satisfied as to the facts of settlement, arrange for the removal or reception of paupers to or from other unions. But in cases of dispute a removal order is made by two justices on the complaint of the Guardians.

If a pauper, removed by a removal order, returns and becomes chargeable within twelve months he is liable to be convicted and punished as idle and disorderly' (see p. xlv).§

If, then, a person be removed, the next question is where he may be removed to? Where is the place of his last settlement? What constitutes settlement?

Settlement. Settlements are said to be of two kinds—original, when the person has acquired it himself; derivative, when he has acquired it indirectly, *e.g.* as a child by parentage, a wife by marriage. The only derivative settlements now recognised are as follows :||

Wife. (1) A wife acquires on marriage the settlement of her husband, if he have one. She cannot while married acquire any separate settlement of her own.

Children under 16. (2) A child under the age of 16 takes the settlement of its father or widowed mother, which it retains until it acquires another settlement.

Illegitimate child. (3) An illegitimate child retains the settlement of its mother until it acquires another settlement.

Of original settlements there are the following amongst others :

Settlement by residence. (4) Residence for three years 'in any parish in such manner and under such circumstances as would, in according with statutes in that behalf, render a person irremovable,' gives settlement,¶ until settlement in some other parish may be acquired.

By occupation. (5) The occupation for one year of a tenement, being a separate and distinct dwelling-house of a not less annual value than £10, for which the occupant has been assessed, and has paid poor-rate for one year, gives settlement.**

* 9 & 10 Vict., c. 66, s. 4; 24 & 25 Vict., c. 5, s. 56.

† *Ibid.*, s. 5; and 28 & 29 Vict., c. 79, s. 13.

‡ *Ibid.*, s. 1.

§ 28 & 29 Vict., c. 79, s. 7.

|| Poor Law Amendment Act, 1876 (39 & 40 Vict., c. 61), s. 35.

¶ 39 & 40 Vict., c. 61, s. 34. See Poor Law Amendment Act, 1876, with notes, by F. Lumley, 1876.

** See Glen's Archbold, pp. 498 and 615.

(6) The owner of an estate in land, however small in value, by a residence of forty days in the parish in which it is situated, acquires a settlement.* By estate.

Questions of settlement are often of practical interest to the almoner. Thus a charitable institution attracts from other unions incurable or other inmates, who by residence become irremovable in an alien union, to the displeasure of the Guardians. This has often been a matter of complaint. Again, if assistance is wanted from the Guardians for a deaf, dumb, or blind child, whose mother, a widow, has removed to another union in which she has not 'settled,' the Guardians may refuse to assist her child. She may return, they may say, to her proper union.† The decision as to whether the child should be assisted, and the cost of relief, will then fall upon the Guardians of the union of her settlement. Interest of charity in questions of settlement and removal.

XVII.—THE LEGAL RESPONSIBILITIES OF RELATIONS.

Any relief which removes a natural obligation is in its results of very doubtful benefit. The law according to its letter at least fully recognises this. Charity often forgets it. The issue is fairly raised in such a case as that mentioned on p. lxxx.

Money given in such an instance is only spent in drink; and the removal of the child sets the parent free to indulge himself without fear of consequences. It may be urged that the child should be saved; and the plea is a strong one. But the effect on the class will be bad: existing ties and responsibilities are none too numerous to keep men to their duty. What a man sees done for his neighbour, he thinks he is entitled to himself, and he yields to vice, well aware that there is charity in the background and in the last resort the Poor Law. There is abundant evidence in proof of this. Whenever it is possible therefore, the relations should be required to do their part. The disgrace of leaving the fulfilment of their duty to strangers should be insisted on, a definite scheme of help should be submitted to them, with a request for assistance of a definite kind or to a definite amount. No trouble is too great to reassert the family bond. Why the obligations of relations should be enforced.

The law deals with the question very precisely; a knowledge of it may enable the almoner to push relations to the alternative which they often dread, of letting those for whom they are legally or morally liable 'go on the rates,' or assisting them. The moral and pecuniary result of the enforcement of the law against relations, is shown in a return kindly furnished by the Clerk of the

* Glen's Archbold, p. 499, &c.

† Residence in a charitable institution does not confer settlement, but such residence is no bar to contracting irremovability. There was in 1882 before the House a 'Settlement of Removal Law Amendment Bill' brought in by the Government. It was proposed to reduce settlement by residence from three years to one, and irremovability by residence from one year to three months.

Barton Regis Union, near Bristol. In the year ended March 1870, £242. 15s. was received from relations and friends. During that and previous years only those paid who offered to do so. But in the nineteen years ended March 1889, £26,831 were received from relatives; £1,719 was received in 1880-81; £2,247 in 1889. 'These figures represent the cash actually received, but cases often occur,' the return states, 'where the relations, on notice being given them that proceedings are about to be commenced, maintain the pauper rather than submit to proceedings. The relief saved in such cases is considerable. The amount now collected in excess of 1870 pays the salaries of all the Clerks and Relieving Officers, which were previously a heavy charge upon the ratepayers.' Other Boards of Guardians act more or less persistently on the same plan. The St. Pancras Parish recover about £2,000 a year from relatives and friends of persons chargeable. In 1889 the Wandsworth Union collected from this source £1,667: in 1885 the corresponding sum was £1,042.

The obligations of relations in the eyes of the law.

(1) Parents, Grandparents, and Children.—All related within these degrees, are under the Act of Queen Elizabeth, 43, c. 2, s. 6, on an order by justices in petty sessions liable for the maintenance of the others.

The Act 'extends only to natural relations, that is to say, to cases where there is relationship by blood between the parties. And therefore under the statute a man cannot be compelled to contribute to the maintenance of his wife's mother, or his wife's child by a former husband, or her illegitimate child—after the wife's death, or after such child has attained the age of sixteen; or of his son's wife or widow; or of his own brother, a brother not being mentioned in the statute. But a grandfather is liable to contribute thus to the maintenance of his grandchild, even although the father be alive, if the latter be unable to support him; or indeed whether the father be unable or not; and, therefore, in such an order against a grandfather, it is not necessary to state that the father is dead or unable to support his children; but under 43 Eliz. c. 2 s. 6, a grandchild is not liable to maintain a grandfather.' *

Liability of husband.

(2) Husbands, their Wives and Children.—Relief given by the Guardians to wife or to children, not being deaf, dumb, or blind, till they reach the age of 16, or on their account, is considered as given to the husband. A husband is liable to maintain his wife's children, legitimate or illegitimate, born before marriage,† until the age of 16, or the death of their mother, and he is chargeable with all relief granted to them. Any persons wilfully refusing or neglecting to maintain themselves or their families when able to do so wholly or in part, are liable to imprisonment and hard labour for a term not exceeding one month.‡ Desertion of wife and children, if they are left

Wife deserting.

* Glen's Archbold, p. 221. The actual wording of 43 Eliz., c. 2, s. 6, will be found on p. cii.

† 4 & 5 Will. IV., c. 76, ss. 56 & 57.

‡ 5 Geo. IV., c. 83 s. 3, and Glen's Poor Law Statutes, p. 431.

chargeable to the parish, is punishable by imprisonment and hard labour for a term not exceeding three months.* The property, if any, of the husband is available for the maintenance by the Guardians of his wife and children. Any parent who neglects to provide adequate food, clothing, medical aid, or lodging for his child being in his custody under the age of 14, whereby the health of the child has been, or is likely to be, seriously injured, is liable to be imprisoned for six months with or without hard labour.† In these cases 'the Guardians of the union or parish in which such child may be living shall institute the prosecution and pay the costs thereof out of their funds.' It does not appear to be necessary that the child should be chargeable, before the Guardians take action. So long as it may appear that a husband is beyond the seas, or in custody of the law, or confined as a lunatic or idiot, relief given to the wife, or to her children, is given to her as if she were a widow, and she is considered responsible for the maintenance of her family; but the obligations and liabilities of the husband are in no way diminished by this.‡ A woman living separate from her husband is similarly responsible;§ and if she have separate property, she 'shall be liable for the maintenance of her children and grandchildren, in like manner as her husband is liable, but he is not thereby relieved from his liability in that respect.' When a married woman applies to the Guardians for relief without her husband, he may be summoned and required to pay towards the cost of the relief of his wife.|| On the other hand, the wife is liable for the support of her husband, and, having separate property, for the support of her children. This does not, however, relieve the husband of his responsibilities in any way. Widows are liable for the relief given to their children, until the age of 16.¶

Neglect of children.

(3) *Illegitimate Children.*—In the case of illegitimate children, an affiliation order may be made by justices in petty sessions charging the putative father to pay expenses incidental to the child's birth, or for its funeral, and any sum not exceeding 5s. a week to support and educate it till it reaches the age of 13 or 16. The Guardians can summon the putative father if, and so long as, the child is chargeable to the parish.** The mother of an illegitimate child

Illegitimate children.

* 5 Geo. IV., c. 83, s. 4, and Glen's Poor Law Statutes, p. 433; Addenda, p. clxxviii.

† 31 & 32 Vict., c. 122, s. 37, and Glen's Poor Law Statutes, p. 1335.

‡ 7 & 8 Vict., c. 101, s. 25.

§ 39 & 40 Vict., c. 61, s. 18. See E. Lumley's Poor Law Amendment Act, 1876, p. 12. This does not apply to cases of desertion. Cf. Married Women's Property Act, 1882 (45 & 46 Vict. c. 75), s. 21.

|| 31 & 32 Vict., c. 122, s. 33.

¶ 4 & 5 Will. IV., c. 76, s. 56.

** 35 & 36 Vict., c. 65, s. 3. 'Any single woman (married woman living apart from her husband, or widow) may apply to any justice' acting for the place in which she is resident, 'for a summons, to be served on the man alleged to be the father of the child, in respect of which she applies. A woman not cohabiting with her husband, may, upon sufficient evidence of non-access, founded on other testimony than her own, make a similar application; but

is bound to maintain it until the child is 16, or acquires a settlement in its own right, or till it marries, if a female, or till the mother marries.*

XVIII.—DESERTED WOMEN.

Charity should not, as a rule, assist deserted women.

The legal obligations of husbands have been just referred to (*see* p. xxxvii.). As soon as a deserted woman, or her child or children, become chargeable to the parish, the Guardians may proceed against the husband. Formerly (under 5 Geo. IV., c. 83, s. 4) proceedings had to be taken within six months; they may now be taken within two years after the commission of the offence.† As a rule the cases of deserted women may be considered ineligible for charitable help for the following reasons: the Guardians have this ready means of enforcing the husband's obligation; there is often collusion between the husband and wife; the offer of the 'house' is a wholesome check in wife-desertion, for the husband is likely to dread for his wife and children the alternative between the workhouse and desertion, but not the alternative between desertion and charity or out-relief. Speaking at a recent meeting of the North-Western District Conference of Poor Law Guardians, Mr. Henley, one of the general inspectors of the Local Government Board, said: 'Before 1871 there was a very general disposition on the part of Boards of Guardians, in the centre of England at any rate, to give out-relief to deserted women. A conference was held to consider the question, and after immense discussion, the Conference came to the conclusion that deserted women should be relieved only in the workhouse. The consequence was that they rarely heard now of women deserted by their husbands. There used to be more women deserted by their husbands in Birmingham than in any other place in the kingdom. He did not say that desertion had decreased, but he did say that the cases of desertion which came before the Guardians had entirely disappeared. Because, what did the Guardians do? They spared neither time nor money to bring the men to justice, and the end of it was that these applications were put an end to altogether.'‡

she cannot, in other cases, thus relieve her husband from the duty of maintaining her illegitimate child, whether born or begotten before their marriage.' . . . Should the woman's application 'be delayed for more than a year after the birth, it will be too late, unless she be in a position to support it by a declaration upon oath that the alleged father has, during that twelvemonth, paid money towards the child's maintenance.' *See* The Justice's Note Book, by W. Knox Wigram, p. 99. For General Order, Proceedings in Bastardy on Guardians' Application. *See* p. 830. Orders of the Local Government Board. Knight & Co. 1883.

* 4 & 5 Will. IV., c. 76, s. 71. As to husband's responsibilities in regard to his wife's illegitimate children, *see* p. xxxix.

† Poor Law Amendment Act, 1876 (39 & 40 Vict., c. 61), s. 19, E. Lumley, p. 12.

‡ *See* Report of Fourteenth Annual Poor Law Conference for the North-Western District, October 1888. (Knight & Co., Fleet Street.) Principles of Decision, Charity Organisation Paper, No. 5, p. 4.

XIX.—FALLEN WOMEN.

A very large proportion of the mothers of illegitimate children have recourse to the Union Infirmary. In these, as in other cases, their curability and not their desert imposes limitations on charity. The usefulness of a Workhouse Girls' Aid Committee such as those at Kensington and elsewhere for helping them was shown on p. xxi. No doubt many may rightly be intercepted by charity and never 'go on the rates.' But as there must be a quality of sternness in the charity that is to stamp out vice, and as the Poor Law has properly no preventive functions, it is right that as a rule the Poor Law should deal with these cases. It may thus afford temporary maintenance for the mother and permanent maintenance for the child while it requires both parents to support their offspring; and charity may step in to do what the Poor Law cannot do—to replace the person, who has been punished by the disgrace of the Poor-Law relief, in a position of respectability and self-dependence. Natural obligations may thus remain unimpaired. For such difficult work the most careful personal charity is requisite. If the charitable were to make the Infirmarys in the Metropolitan Unions centres for work of this kind, many lives made hopeless by pressure of circumstances and by association with vice would be saved, when a fresh start—downwards or upwards—must be made.

XX.—INEBRIATES.

It is generally allowed that intemperance is the cause of the larger part of the crime and pauperism of this country. As a rule cases of intemperance, especially if the intemperance be of long standing, must be left to the Poor Law. The able-bodied man may reduce his family to misery, but so long as he is in receipt of wages neither he nor his children have any claim on the Poor Law. Habitual intemperance is not yet considered a penal offence, or, like lunacy, a malady so harmful to others that it must be subjected to State control. If charity is given, the drunkard is only set free to indulge himself the more. At last, however, when drink has led to destitution, the case falls to the Poor Law. Much might be done by personal influence before the intemperance has become habitual if religious and moral agencies were so organised as to take charge of individual cases for a period. This at present they are seldom able to do. The system of retreats, if the cure could be made less costly, would be very useful.

The Habitual Drunkards Act (1879) established a system of 'retreats.' Justices of the Peace in special or quarter sessions can give licenses to keep retreats for thirteen months at a time. The keepers are responsible for the management and have to reside in the retreats, to each of which a duly qualified medical man must be

Habitual
Drunkards
Act.

attached. For their supervision there is an Inspector of Retreats, who has to visit them twice a year and report. Any habitual drunkard may apply to the licensee or keeper of the retreat for admission, signing a statement that he will conform to regulations and remain in the retreat a certain time. Two persons have also to make a declaration that they are satisfied that the applicant is an habitual drunkard and understands the effect of the application. Then two Justices of the Peace have to attest the applicant's signature, on the same two conditions. The applicant cannot then leave the retreat till the time fixed for his detention has elapsed, unless he is discharged by order of a Justice. If in the retreat he neglects or wilfully refuses to conform to the rules, he may, on summary conviction, be fined 5*l.* or imprisoned 7 days; any person thinking himself aggrieved may appeal to quarter sessions. Very little has yet been done to take advantage of this legislation.

XXI.—DISCHARGED PRISONERS.

Certified
Prisoners'
Aid
Societies.

For the aid of discharged prisoners there is more than one Society in London. In the course of the year one or two cases of this kind will probably come under the almoner's attention. Prisoners' Aid Societies are 'certified' by Justices in quarter sessions.* To aid prisoners on their discharge a certain sum, voted annually by the Government, is apportioned to each prisoner according to the annual discharges. This apportionment the Societies receive under certain restrictions, to be applied for the prisoners' benefit; but a sum exceeding £2, inclusive of 'mark' money, cannot be expended on any one prisoner.†

Allowances
to dis-
charged
prisoners.

XXII.—VAGRANTS, CASUALS, AND HOMELESS CASES.

Giving alms
in the
streets.

To give money in the streets to beggars, and do nothing more, is, in the eyes of charity, a crime. People say, if I have relieved one deserving case out of ten to whom I have given money, I have done a good work. But, first, nine may have been injured on that hypothesis, and nine persons so relieved must almost certainly be injured; next, the dole has relieved one person, but no one can be relieved properly by a dole; then, again, the ten gifts represented ten seductive chances to poor persons, who have little inducement enough, apart from such bribes as these, to stick to their work; and, lastly, 'deserving,' the favourite word of thoughtless almsgivers, implies a wrong test. Strictly used, it is merciless; loosely used it is meaningless. Almoners should assist in order to cure and not in order to reward.

* 25 & 26 Vict., c. 44, s. 1.

† See letter of Home Secretary to the Chairmen of Discharged Prisoners' Aid Societies, 5 March, 1880.

A person who asks alms of a stranger may be referred by him to a casual ward or to a Charity Organisation Committee. If the case is of such a kind as is *prima facie* unsuitable for reference to the casual ward, the Committee would give whatever immediate help may be required, and finally deal with it after inquiry. There is no room for doubting that the applications in the streets are in almost every instance made by indolent persons, who live sometimes in and sometimes out of the workhouse, and are seldom engaged in hard work of any kind. To refer them to those who will look into their circumstances may be wise; but to give them money (or food) is to invest it in manufacturing pauperism.

What to do when asked for charity in the streets.

The 'casual poor are those poor persons who are not settled in the parish or reside there, but who happen casually to be there at the time when, from some accident occurring to them, or being suddenly afflicted with some illness, they are obliged to resort to the parish officer for relief.* For the care of these casual poor, if they be admitted into the workhouse, the General Order (Consolidated), July 24, 1847, provides. But the casual poor are chiefly 'destitute wayfarers or wanderers applying for and receiving relief,' and, under the title of 'casual paupers,' special provision has been made for them since that date by way of 'casual wards.' For their convenience there are casual wards—proper sleeping accommodation, consisting of separate cells, beds, and compartments, or other arrangements approved by the Local Government Board. There is a fixed dietary and scale of task work, to be done by the casual in return for the food and lodging. In the metropolis the wards are inspected, on behalf of the Local Government Board, once in every four months. They are open to casuals between October and March inclusive after 6 P.M., between April and September after 8 P.M. Orders, which are available only for the night for which they are issued,† are given by a relieving officer, or, in cases of sudden and urgent necessity, by an overseer; but the master of the workhouse or superintendent of a casual ward may admit without order cases of urgent necessity, or, if there is room in the ward, persons brought to it by a constable. Refusals to admit them are to be reported to the Guardians. Any policeman in the metropolis may personally conduct any destitute wayfarer, wanderer, or foundling, or other destitute person, to a casual ward.‡ On his admission every casual is searched; all articles found on him are taken from him and returned on his discharge, except money, which is retained. He has to take a bath; he is supplied with other clothes

The Poor Law arrangements for the casual poor or pauper.

* Glen's Archbold, p. 284.

† Pauper Inmates' Discharge and Regulation Act (34 & 35 Vict., c. 108).

‡ Metropolitan Houseless Poor Act, sec. 4. For cases of stray children there is special provision, p. cviii. As a rule, all cases of real or apparent urgency in the streets should be brought to the notice of the police, or referred or taken to a workhouse or casual ward.

while in the ward ; his own are dried, disinfected, and returned to him on leaving. The casual is liable, on conviction, to hard labour for one month as 'idle and disorderly' (see p. xlv.) ; if he abscond, refuse or neglect to do his work, or fail to observe the regulations ; or if he wilfully gives a false name or makes a false statement for the purpose of obtaining relief. And if, besides committing these offences, he has on a previous occasion been convicted as 'an idle and disorderly person,' or if he destroys his own clothes, or the Guardians' property, he is punished as a 'rogue and a vagabond' (see p. xlv.). The master of the workhouse can take a disorderly inmate or casual before the magistrate without warrant.*

Subject to discretionary power in the hands of the Guardians, a casual pauper cannot discharge himself before 9 o'clock in the morning of the day following his admission, nor before he has performed the work prescribed for him. If he has already been admitted once in the period of a month to any of the casual wards in the metropolis, he is not entitled to discharge himself before 9 A.M. on the fourth day after his admission, and he may during that interval be removed to the workhouse. Sunday is not included in the computation of days.†

There is thus free public accommodation for all travellers who, being without money, are prepared to put up with rather rough accommodation, and to do a task of work by way of payment. This provision, unless made decidedly repellent, has a tendency to create vagrants, especially if the wards be 'associated wards.' But wards on the plan of separate cells, both for sleeping and for performing the task, are now being introduced ; and these, provided the full task of an ordinary nine hours' day be required, appear to reduce vagrancy. For the ordinary vagrant, and for that class of wanderers who profess that they are not vagrants but in search of work, this system is suitable. For those 'undoubted working men making their way as quickly as they can from one centre of industry to another to work which they know to be awaiting them,'‡ generally speaking no provision is necessary. But if they do require casual relief, they would undoubtedly prefer the 'separate' to the 'associated' system. In any case a further supply of charitable refuges, which are usually on the 'associated' principle and without the bath and other safeguards of the casual ward, there is no need. Charitable people, if they wish to help this class, can devote themselves to that object every whit as well in connection with the casual wards as in connection with refuges.

Apart from this caravanserai system, there are stringent legal provisions for the assistance of cases 'of sudden and urgent necessity.'

* 34 & 35 Vict., c. 108, s. 8. † Casual Poor Act, 1882 (44 & 45 Vict. c. 36).

‡ See a paper on Vagrancy, with reference to the effect of the Act of 1882, by Mr. W. E. Knollys, Local Government Inspector.

In such cases the relieving officer has to afford relief either by admission to the workhouse, or by relief (not in money) out of the workhouse. The powers of the masters of workhouses and of the police in such cases we have alluded to (*see* p. xxx.). In any case of sickness or accident, requiring medical attendance, the relieving officer has to give an order on the district medical officer. The cost of relief given in cases of accident or sudden illness is paid by the Union in which application is made, subject to reimbursement from the Union to which the applicant belongs. Justices of the Peace may give an order for medical relief* in cases of sudden and dangerous illness, irrespective of settlement.

XXIII.—STREET BEGGARS AND VAGABONDS.

We pass from the casual and vagrant poor to the law for punishment of idle and disorderly persons and rogues and vagabonds 'in that part of Great Britain called England.'[†]

Laws regarding begging, &c.

There are—

- (1) Idle and disorderly persons.
- (2) Rogues and vagabonds.
- (3) Incurable rogues and vagabonds.

In the first category comes 'every person wandering abroad, or placing himself or herself in any public place, street, highway, court, or passage, to beg or gather alms, or causing, or procuring, or encouraging any child or children (under 16) to do so.' The punishment for this is hard labour for any time not exceeding one calendar month.[‡] The offender can be convicted if the Justice saw the offence committed, if the offender confesses, or if one or more credible witnesses give evidence against the offender on oath.

In the second category comes 'every person committing any of the offences hereinbefore mentioned *after* having been convicted as an idle and disorderly person . . . every person wandering abroad and endeavouring, by the exposure of wounds or deformities, to obtain or gather alms, or endeavouring to procure charitable contributions of any nature or kind, under any false or fraudulent pretence.' The punishment in this case is hard labour for not more than three months. Conviction is by confession or on evidence on oath (as above).

In the third category is placed 'every person committing an offence against this Act which shall subject him or her to be dealt with as a rogue and vagabond, such person having been at some former time adjudged so to be and duly convicted thereof.'

* 4 Will. IV., c. 76, s. 54.

† 5 Geo. IV., c. 83, s. 3, etc.

‡ In lieu of imprisonment fines may be required in accordance with the scale in the Summary Jurisdiction Act, 1879, in the case of idle and disorderly persons, and rogues and vagabonds.

The punishment is in this case committal to the House of Correction with hard labour till the next general or quarter sessions; and at quarter sessions the incorrigible rogue may be further imprisoned with hard labour for one year, and (if not a female) be punished by whipping.

It should be noted that it is lawful for any person whatsoever to apprehend any person 'found offending against this Act,' and forthwith to take him, or cause a constable to take him, before a Justice.* A constable is liable to a penalty of 5*l.* if he refuses or wilfully neglects to take such a person into custody, or does not use his best endeavours to apprehend and convey him before a Justice. There, by the Justice's order, he may be searched; and on conviction money found on him is applied to the expenses of his apprehension and maintenance. On warrant lodging-houses suspected of concealing vagrants and persons of the above classes can be searched by the police or other persons.

XXIV.—BEGGING-LETTER WRITERS.

'False or fraudulent pretence' in the second category of offences just mentioned, suggests 'begging-letter writers.' The habit of begging naturally leads to the exaggeration of facts, often true and pitiable, which become the beggar's stock-in-trade. The habit of responding to begging-letters leads to the encouragement of this form of lying. The fault is with both beggar and giver. Instead of ascertaining and considering the facts, and assisting accordingly, the donor gives as a quittance a contribution, probably spent by the recipient in immediate needs, if not turned to evil uses. The one lacks charity and gives money; the other learns the lesson of begging, and makes money out of charity. The only remedy is to inquire, and, in eligible cases, to help thoroughly. Repressive measures, prosecutions, and the like, can only open people's eyes to the need of inquiry. In themselves they are useless. If donors were not the prey of piteous tales, and roused to give rather by a show of words than by a knowledge of facts, it might be said that the money given to worthless beggars was money of which those in distress were robbed. But now this money seems their fair spoil; at least they are more entitled to it than the donors who give it away without thinking that its worth is only in its suitable application; and the distressed have practically no chance of obtaining it, for distress cannot compete successfully with practised hypocrisy.

* This Act, besides the offences mentioned in the above categories, deals with, amongst others, cases of persons wilfully refusing to maintain themselves and their families (*see* p. xxxviii.). In these cases also, therefore, any person may take the initiative.

Penal servitude for five years, or imprisonment for two, is the punishment of anyone who is convicted of having by false pretence obtained from any person any chattel, money, or valuable security, with intent to defraud.* Anyone may apprehend and take before a justice, without warrant, a person *found committing* this offence. 'There must be (1) an intentional and specific statement of some pretended *existing fact* which the maker knows to be untrue; (2) it must be material to the matter in hand; (3) it must be made with intent to defraud; and (4) the person to whom it is addressed must, in point of fact, believe it, and make over property on the strength of it.'† The attempt to obtain property by false pretences is indictable.

'False pretences.'

Many so-called charities exist by begging of strangers. Their agents call at houses in the suburbs, and tell of spiritual destitution and want. The master of the house is absent. They are asked no questions; they show a collection-book and a list of donors, and possibly of members of committee. No word they say is verified. They receive countless small donations, and their profits are large. From beginning to end, except perhaps in that wish to do good which makes the listener feel in his pocket for a half-crown, there is not a jot of charity in the whole transaction. Here, again, inquiry is the only remedy. Donors have to learn to support only useful and well-regulated charitable institutions, which give on inquiry good guarantees for their work and management.‡

Mendicant charitable institutions.

XXV.—PEDLARS.

The pedlar is a kind of legalised vagrant—a vagrant with a legitimate and recognised purpose in roving. Almoners will often have applications made to them to 'renew stock' and to pay for a pedlar's certificate. The words pedlar and hawker are often used indifferently. Hawker is the name of the genus, with two species, one also named 'hawker' and one 'pedlar.' Both hawker and pedlar, when provided with license or certificate, are 'licensed hawkers'; but the hawker takes out a license, for which he pays £4, and 'pursues his hawking trade on horseback or inside his caravan,' and carries to sell or expose to sale 'goods to be afterwards delivered,' while the pedlar 'travels or trades on foot' without any horse or other beast bearing or drawing burden, and sells goods 'to be immediately delivered, or offers for sale his skill in handicraft,' and has to take out a yearly certificate, for which he pays 5s. It is with him rather than with the hawker that the almoner will come in contact. He obtains his certificate from the chief office of the police district in which he resides. Any policeman may open and inspect

Cost of pedlar's certificate, etc.

* 24 & 25 Vict., c. 96, s. 88.

† 'The Justice's Note Book,' by W. Knox Wigram, p. 204.

‡ As to 'Volunteer Fire Brigades' in the Metropolis, see Addenda, p. clxxvi.

his pack; and if he resists or is without a certificate he may be apprehended. If convicted of begging, the magistrate has to deprive him of his certificate; if convicted of other offences under the Act (34 & 35 Vict., c. 96), each offence has to be endorsed on the certificate. Many itinerant persons profess to be licensed hawkers; if they allege that they are in distress, it is always well to ask for their certificate. Hawkers' licenses are not required for the sale of printed papers 'licensed by authority,' fish, fruit, or vegetables, nor for the sale of goods by their makers or the maker's servants. Nor are licenses required of tinkers, harness-menders, and others who carry about with them materials for mending household goods; nor for 'people who are makers of their goods or wares, or servants of such makers; wholesale traders; and persons selling coals by retail.'*

XXVI.—SOLDIERS AND SEAMEN: THEIR LIABILITIES AND MEANS OF PROVIDING FOR THEIR FAMILIES DURING ABSENCE, ETC.

For another class, whose work takes them from home, the law makes special provision. Many cases occur in which the almoner may want information in regard to the liability of the soldier or seaman to support his family; the possibility of his assigning his pay, or making out an allotment for their benefit. In this section these points are touched on in regard to (1) Soldiers, Seamen and Marines in the Royal Navy, and (2) Seamen in the Merchant Service.

I. *Soldiers; Seamen and Marines in the Royal Navy.*

Soldiers and sailors appear to be liable, like other men, to support their kindred, but it is not always easy to enforce the liability.

The following enactments may be noticed:—

Soldiers.

1. Soldiers serving in the regular forces are not personally amenable to the civil courts, excepting (1) in the case of a criminal charge, (2) when the debt or damages sought to be recovered exceeds £30.† A soldier, however, may, after notice in writing, be sued to judgment in the ordinary course, but is protected from the issue of execution against his person, pay, arms, or clothing.‡

Indeed, it seems that his pay cannot be touched in any way except under a special provision, by which he is declared to be liable to contribute to the maintenance of his wife and children and of any bastard child to the same extent as if he were not a soldier.§ This

* See 'The Justice's Note Book,' pp. 238 and 350. 50 Geo. III., c. 41, s. 16 22 & 23 Vict., c. 36, s. 3; 24 & 25 Vict., c. 21, s. 9.

† Army Act, 1881 (44 & 45 Vict., c. 58), s. 144.

‡ *Ibid.*, s. 136.

§ *Ibid.*, s. 145.

liability, which specifically includes the cost of any relief given to his wife or child by way of loan, is enforced by sending a copy of the order or decree establishing it to a Secretary of State, who thereupon is bound to order a portion of his daily pay, not exceeding 6*d.* in the case of a non-commissioned officer and 3*d.* in the case of any other soldier, to be stopped, to meet the claim.*

Furthermore, if it be shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary of State that a soldier serving in the regular forces has deserted or left in destitute circumstances without reasonable cause his wife or any of his legitimate children under 14 years of age, the Secretary may withhold his pay in a similar manner, and apply it towards the maintenance of the wife or children in such manner as he may think fit.†

A soldier is 'not liable to be *punished* for the offence of deserting or neglecting his wife and family, or leaving them chargeable to the rates.‡

2. As regards Reserve men and pensioners, we find that no military pay, reward, or pension is capable of assignment by the soldier to his widow, child, or other relative who may be entitled to it, except in pursuance of a Royal Warrant for the benefit of the family of the person entitled to it, or under an Act of Parliament.§

Reserve-
men and
Pensioners :
Pay, &c., not
assignable.

3. Similarly, neither a naval pension nor naval pay or wage is capable of assignment.||

4. The provision which a soldier of the Army Reserve can secure to his wife on being summoned to join the colours depends partly on his own thrift and partly on the length of time he has been in the reserve. [A man who has saved his reserve pay and contributes a reasonable amount from his pay on active service may secure her a weekly sum varying from 10*s.* 6*d.* to 21*s.*, according to the length of time he has been in the reserve, besides an allowance of 2*d.* a day for each girl under 16 and each boy under 13 years of age.]¶ These amounts are payable monthly in advance.

Assistance
to wives of
Army Re-
serve when
called out.

In 1878 this question of the assistance of women, whose husbands were called out on the reserve, was publicly raised; and in that year the Local Government Board wrote to the Guardians of the Bromsgrove Union on the subject.** After stating the amount payable by the Government as an allowance to the wife and children, they say that cases which are likely to arise will be only those of temporary distress, and they think that 'as a rule

* 46 & 47 Vict., c. 6, s. 7.

† 177th Article of War. Cf. Glen, p. 228.

‡ Army Act, 1881 (44 & 45 Vict., c. 58). Cf. Archbold, p. 334, and *supra*, p. xxxviii.

§ *Ibid.*, s. 141.

|| The Naval and Marine Pay and Pensions Act, 1865 (28 & 29 Vict., c. 73), ss. 4, 5.

¶ See 'Soldiers of the Reserve Army,' by Mr G C T. Bartley, M.P. No. 17 Provident Knowledge Papers.

** See Glen, p. 426.

an able-bodied woman with the Government allowance, and such assistance as her husband ought to have been able to provide from his deferred pay, or to be able to afford from time to time afterwards from his pay and allowances, should have no difficulty in finding, if not immediately, at least within a reasonable period after her husband's departure, sufficient employment to enable her to maintain herself and her children'; but if the Guardians are quite satisfied that assistance is necessary, 'outdoor relief may not improperly be granted for a short period, in order to enable the applicants to make such arrangements for their support as their altered circumstances may really require.'

Claim on
military and
naval pen-
sions of per-
sons relieved
from the
rates.

5. Next as regards military and naval pensioners :—

(1) When relief by admission to the workhouse has been given by the Guardians to any person entitled to any army or navy pension or any superannuation or other allowance, or to his wife, or to any person whom he may be liable to maintain. In this case he may transmit to the Paymaster-General a minute according to a form provided by the Act,* requiring that the next quarter's pension be paid to them.

(2) When any such person, entitled to a pension, applies for temporary relief to a Board of Guardians, it shall be lawful 'but not compulsory on their part' to require the pensioner to assign to them† his next quarterly payment of pension.

(3) If a Chelsea or Greenwich out-pensioner or his family becomes chargeable,‡ the Guardians can be repaid from the pension, provided that, if relief has been given to the wife and one child only, not more than one-half of the pension, or, if relief has been given to two or more children, or to the wife and one or more children, not more than two-thirds of the pension be appropriated. 'If the pensioner and his family be relieved in the workhouse, the Guardians have no legal right to, and cannot claim any larger amount of, the pension than is equivalent to the actual cost of the paupers in the workhouse.' §

It should be noted, however, that 'the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty say that the Act of Parliament which authorises Guardians to receive pensions, does not apply to Greenwich Hospital or service pensions, which will in future be paid to the pensioners themselves, although they may be inmates of workhouses, or in receipt of outdoor relief.' ||

Seamen in
Royal Navy
and Marines.

As regards seamen in the Royal Navy and Marines it may be noticed :—

1. Assignments of naval pay and pensions are void.¶
2. Seamen and marines serving under the Naval Discipline

* 2 & 3 Vict., c. 51, s. 2.

† 19 Vict., c. 15, ss. 8 and 9.

|| *Ibid.* p. 427.

‡ *Ibid.*, s. 3.

§ Glen, p. 436.

¶ 28 & 29 Vict., c. 73, ss. 4 and 5.

Act are not liable to be arrested in respect of any debt contracted while the debtor belonged to the Queen's Service.* They are, however, liable to arrest while in the United Kingdom as a means of enforcing the following orders †:—

(1) An affiliation order, under 35 & 36 Vict., c. 65, s. 4 (*see p. xxxix*).

(2) An order on a husband, convicted of an aggravated assault upon his wife, to pay her a weekly sum, under 41 & 42 Vict., c. 19, s. 4 (*see p. lxiii*).

(3) An order on a husband, who has deserted his wife, to pay her a weekly sum, under 49 & 50 Vict., c. 52, s. 1 (*see p. lxiii*).

(4) An order, made by a competent court, at the instance of Guardians, for the cost of relief supplied to persons whom he is bound to support.

3. The Admiralty has no power to make any deduction from a seaman's pay for the support of his kindred while he is afloat; he is then serving under the Naval Discipline Act.‡ Captains and officers are, however, instructed to use their influence with the men to encourage them to make due provision for the support of their wives and families; and if the wife makes a complaint to the Admiralty that her husband has left her destitute, and supports her statement by the certificate of any magistrate or minister of religion, her application will for this purpose be referred to the captain under whom the husband is serving.

When serving on shore marines are under the Army Act, and can be placed under stoppage for the support of their wives, families, or bastard children.

4. Seamen and marines may make allotments of their full pay at the higher or other rates specified in the regulations in favour of any persons over the age of 18 years, or to a trustee for a person below that age.

Allotments
of pay.

Boys who have a clear month's pay due may, if they keep their clothes in order, allot in favour of a father, or mother, or the Naval Savings Bank, or if orphans to the guardians by whom they were brought up.

The allotment note here referred to is a document stating that as A.B., serving on board H.M. ship....., has made an allotment of his pay to C.D. The Paymaster-General, or other responsible officer as specified, is required to allot a sum mentioned, month by month, subject to the production of a formal certificate of the allottee's identity by a magistrate or minister. Payment must be demanded within six months; and the note, if not previously stopped, holds good for four years. The allotment note may be made payable at any Post Office.

* 29 & 30 Vict., c. 109, s. 97.

† 29 & 30 Vict., c. 109, s. 101.

‡ Regulations of 1887, Article 1,534.

II.—*Seamen in the Merchant Service.*

As regards seamen in the merchant service, we find the following provisions:—

1. No wages due or accruing to any seaman or apprentice is subject to attachment from any court;* nor does an assignment or sale of wages or salvage made prior to the accruing thereof bind the seaman who makes it;† nor can a shipowner lawfully promise to pay money on account of a seaman's wages before they have been earned conditionally upon his going to sea from any port in the United Kingdom.‡

2. No debt exceeding in amount 5*s.* incurred by any seaman after he has engaged to serve shall be recoverable until the service agreed for is concluded.§

Seamen in
Merchant
Service :
Allotment
notes.

3. A seaman may in the form sanctioned by the Board of Trade ¶ make allotment notes of any part not exceeding ¶ one-half of his wages in favour of his wife, father, mother, grandfather, grandmother, child, grandchild, brother, or sister,** or in favour of a savings bank; the shipowner or any agent who has authorised the drawing of the note is liable upon it, and may be sued by the person in whose favour it is drawn in the county court or summarily before justices of the peace. In any such proceeding the seaman is presumed to be duly earning his wages unless the contrary be shown. A wife who deserts her children or so misconducts herself as to be undeserving of support from her husband forfeits her right to further payments under an allotment note.

The Board of Trade has also sanctioned a form of allotment note in favour of other persons, on which, however, there is no summary remedy for the recovery of payment.

Allotment notes are usually made by the seaman at the time of signing the articles of agreement under which he sails, but they are sometimes made in the course of the voyage.

4. In addition to the system of allotment notes there are abundant facilities†† given to seamen to save their wages or other money by means of seamen's savings banks established under the Board of Trade in the principal ports, and to transmit money wherever they please by money orders to be obtained at the mercantile marine offices.

5. If the wife, children, or stepchildren of a seaman become

* 17 & 18 Vict., c. 104, s. 233.

† A bill, entitled the 'Advance Notes to Seamen Bill,' has been introduced (July, 1889) for the purpose of repealing this section, and making legal an advance note to a seaman of a sum not exceeding one month of his wages.

‡ 43 & 44 Vict., c. 16, s. 2.

§ 17 & 18 Vict., c. 104, s. 234.

¶ 17 & 18 Vict., c. 104, ss. 168, 169.

¶ 43 & 44 Vict., c. 16, s. 3 (1).

** 43 & 44 Vict., c. 16, s. 3 (2).

†† 17 & 18 Vict., c. 104, ss. 177, 180.

chargeable to the Union during his absence on a voyage, the Union is entitled to be reimbursed to the extent of half his wages if one such relation and two-thirds if two or more such relations be chargeable; but the claim of the Union is diminished by any sum paid by the shipowner under an allotment note in their favour.*

The Guardians may give a notice in writing to the shipowner stating the proportion of the seaman's wages upon which they propose to make a claim, and the shipowner thereupon is bound to retain in hand the amount for a period of twenty-one days after his return, and pay it on the order of two justices to the Guardians, otherwise to the seaman.

6. The law has imposed upon shipowners the duty of providing medical treatment and subsistence for the seamen who are hurt or fall ill in their service,† and also the duty of making provision for the return of seamen whom they discharge at a foreign port.‡

7. It is also provided that seamen found in distress in any place abroad may be relieved and sent home by consular or other officers at the public expense, or may be sent home in any ship which is in want of men to make up her complement.§

XXVII.—SHOEBLACKS, COMMISSIONAIRES, AND MESSENGERS.

To test the energy of a boy it is sometimes useful to get him work as a shoeblack. The names and addresses of shoeblack brigades are given in the Register. The police give them licenses and appoint the places at which they are to stand. For molesting an authorised shoeblack, commissionaire, or messenger, or fraudulently pretending to be one, there is a penalty of 40s.¶ Particulars regarding the Corps of Commissionaires will be found in the *Register*.

XXVIII.—THE UNEMPLOYED.

Want of employment is occasioned by fluctuations in trade, or by the periodic nature of certain occupations, or by illness, misfortune, or some exceptional incapacity; intemperance and indolence are also the cause of much that goes by the name of want of work. Trade-unions are the mode by which the workman protects himself against the probable contingencies of his business; and in the case of riverside workers and others who lack any trade organisation, periodic charity can be no sufficient or proper substitute. It is on this class that wholesale charity and out-relief act most cruelly. They know that, if unprovided for, some sort of miserable pittance is

Causes of
want of em-
ployment.

* 17 & 18 Vict., c. 104, ss. 192-3.

† *Ibid.*, c. 104, s. 228.

‡ *Ibid.*, c. 104, ss. 205-210.

§ *Ibid.*, ss. 211-13; 18 & 19 Vict., c. 91, s. 16.

¶ Metropolitan Streets Act, 1867 (30 & 31 Vict., c. 36), ss. 19 and 20.

The limits of charitable help in cases of want of employment.

forthcoming, and this is enough to make them careless of providing for themselves. Other trades, *e.g.* that of painters, are also in their nature periodic, and families are frequently found to live with comparative extravagance during the high-wages season of summer, and to be dependent on credit, the help of neighbours, and charity in the winter. In these cases, charitable help, when there is a definite prospect of work, may be given conditionally on the parents putting by or joining a club, and personal influence should be forthcoming to enforce the obligation. Sickness will often add an additional plea for help. But, unless the applicant can be put into a new way of living, it would be better that the parish doctor should attend. The recklessness of the poor as to whether they keep in work (caused, it must be remembered, in great measure by the conditions under which they have to work) is amazing. The vagrant who asks for employment will, as a rule, refuse it or leave it, if he is set to 'a job'; and there is in the Metropolis a host of enfeebled and incapable persons who often lack employment. They are the first to be discharged if work is slack, and their incompetence is an effective bar to their retaining work. Charity cannot usually assist in these instances. It is obvious that any attempt to do so, on a large scale, would depress wages, and would attract the labourers from their own trade organisations, or impede the formation of these organisations. Except perhaps in emergencies, charity should avoid interference with the supply of unskilled labour. Nor should it undertake the duties of an employer. As a test, a wood-yard has been found useful. But a casual ward, with proper classification, should, in co-operation with charity, serve this purpose better.

Recent inquiries as to wages and work.

On this question of employment, Mr. Charles Booth's investigations, published since the last edition of the Register, under the title of 'Life and Labour: East London,' have thrown much light; and in regard to it the reader may well be advised to read more especially the articles on 'the Trades' by several independent investigators. It appears that the worse and more useless the goods, the lower the wage of the women who slave to make them. The incompetent demand employment, and they have it irregularly, and at rates below 'decent maintenance' down to a rate which is practically a starvation rate. This is illustrated by the following notes and extracts from two of the articles.

Miss Beatrice Potter, in an article on the tailoring trade, states that at the best bespoke shops for the supply of clothing all, or nearly all, the hands are skilled tailors. 'Their work may be specialised, but their skill is uniform.' At the other extreme of the ranks of labour—in the supply of the shilling coat—the same man works as baster and presser; 'a mere machinist may pick fivepenny jackets from off the heap by his side, run up the seams and round

the edges, the garment flying backward and forward to the general hand, who will do all the soaping, fulling, and buttoning that is required. I place soaping first on the list, for soap replaces the needle in the lowest slop trade; and it needs little but muscle to soap the seams of shoddy cloth, or the face of the coarse canvas which lies between material and lining, and lend to the coat its temporary form. And lower still we find the Gentile women, the fringe of the coat trade, who make coats throughout for 7d., who will take bundles across the counter of the wholesale house which have been indignantly refused by the smallest Jewish sweater.'

Miss C. E. Collet, writing in regard to women's work in East London in and out of factories, draws special attention to the question of such wages as are less than will provide 'decent maintenance.' She says:—

'On the whole, work in the factories is regular. More single women would be employed if work were not done at home, and domestic competition prevents wages from being so high as they would otherwise be. But it is obvious that any employer who uses machinery must be anxious to utilise his machinery and rooms to the utmost; and, on the whole, the irregularity in the employment of factory girls is due to the state of the trade, and not to any carelessness on the part of the employer, who would always like to give full work throughout the year if he could. The system of employing outdoor hands makes it unnecessary to increase unduly the number of indoor hands in very busy times, and when trade returns to its normal condition the home workers are left unemployed, but the factory girls earn about the same as before.' Then after referring to the irregular hands employed in the confectionery and match trades, which are conducted wholly in factories ('the regular hands are a class apart, both socially and industrially'), Miss Collet puts the problem thus:

'Which alternative should the employer choose? Should he divide the work among them all, or should he in slack times dismiss hands?

'This problem in some form or other must be faced by employers in every trade. Is half a loaf better than no bread? During a temporary scarcity it is. In the factory the expense of machinery and buildings tends to prevent the employer from taking on more hands than are required in full work; and in slack times it seems best to divide work among them all. But, unless the girls have saved in their best times, they naturally complain so much at their smaller earnings, that it sometimes pays the employer better to dismiss the inferior hands, and to give the rest an opportunity of earning their usual amount. And the girls never do save. If their standard of living included saving for slack times, they could force wages up to that point in the season. But so long as they only wish they could save, and always spend all their money, so long will full wages merely correspond to necessary wages; i.e., they will only be enough for present wants.

'The same question—whether half-a-loaf is better than no bread—presents itself to the employer in another form. Granted that three girls at 10s. a week are worth the same as four girls at 7s. 6d. a week, is it not better to give employment to the four than the three? If the employer decides that he will employ no one who is not worth 9s. a week, he really divides the work among a smaller number of efficient girls. It may be true that no girl by herself can live respectably on less than 9s. a week; but it is also true that there are many girls who would not be worth employing at that rate. In other words, there are girls who, as things are, are not worth decent maintenance wages. The employer who only employs girls who are worth this may preserve the even tenor of his way, and congratulate himself that he at least is free from the guilt of employing hands at starvation wages. But what about the large numbers who are thus left unemployed? This is the question asked by a large number of manufacturers, and their answer to those who demand that a minimum wage should be fixed is

that in that case they will have to dismiss many of their hands. What would be done with the great mass of unemployed left to starve? I do not attempt to answer this question. But two facts should be noticed. Fix a minimum rate of wages, and an incentive is given to those whose working power has hitherto been below par through indolence or lowness of standard, to raise themselves to the required level. Those who are left are the physically or mentally incapable, or the idle. Secondly, if these are left as wholly unemployed, they can be dealt with much more easily than the half-paid or partly unemployed, who drag down the population to their level. They are not left to starve. The parish rates and charitable contributions, which at present are spent in doing harm to the many, and in lowering wages, could be wholly devoted to the improvement of the condition of the few, either in pleasure-houses or in workhouses, according to the circumstances of the case. The inefficient are always irregularly employed. Irregular employment causes irregular demand, and irregular demand causes irregularity of employment. Each force acts with increased momentum.'

Provision of
employment
by charity.

It may be suggested that the evil should be repaired by giving work at fancy rates (charity, for instance, might supply the cost of material); or at, what the would-be benefactor would call, fair rates; or by co-operation, by which the profits of middlemen or 'sweaters' would be added to the wages of the workwomen; or by combination, and striking or negotiating for higher wages. Suppose the first suggestion adopted, the work may be sold at less than the market rate; in this case injury is done to all women working at a less advantage, *i.e.* unassisted by charity. Or the work is sold at the ordinary rate, and the difference becomes a gift to the workwoman. This may benefit a few cases: the help is in the nature of a pension, regulated according to the amount of work produced. Given to the indigent, or to those who are rather poor than distressed, instead of to those whom it is desired to assist out of misfortune, it has the tendency of out-relief or periodic charity in keeping down wages. Given for a time as an exception, and on a definite plan, with other help to the distressed, it may be a useful means of assistance. In pension cases also (*see* p. clv) it may be useful. Yet, what charity gives to feeble hands it takes from strong hands. The demand it thus supplies would have been supplied in the way of business by others. If those it deprives are not strong, but, on the contrary, themselves on the verge of want, charity pushes one person over the precipice to keep another up. The amount of work available in different occupations is to a great extent a fixed quantity. In women's work so great is the competition, and for many reasons, so low is the scale of payment, that charitable interference in regard to it is to be jealously watched. The poor often ask to be assisted by sewing machines and mangles. But unless they can make new custom, so assisted, they merely deprive others of their living; and charity instead of helping takes half or a part of one poor man's loaf to give it to another. It is the same, though less obviously apparent, with the supply of sewing. It may be said that the cases thus assisted are so few that they can make no appreciable difference

But this is not so. Especially in districts where there are many District Visitors, there is often quite enough assistance of this kind given to do as much harm as doles and tickets.

By co-operation then, or by combination, rather than by charity, the conditions of labour are to be improved. In general, charity in these matters will but do mischief.

In those cases in which the want of employment is due to misfortune, and properly remediable by charity, work may be found by careful advertising in suitable papers, and by private influence. Sometimes by the migration of families of children, and often by placing girls in service, by obtaining charring for women, &c., it is comparatively easy to help the unemployed. As a rule, particularly when the applicant is of any special trade, he is better qualified to find work for himself than the almoner for him. Applicants for employment frequently say that 'they don't want charity'; yet their lack of employment is often due to distress or to some special circumstance which must be dealt with; and then, the cause of distress removed, employment is forthcoming, not because employment is given, but because the applicant becomes an efficient workman. The following instances are illustrative, the first of the exceptional character of the cases in which charity should interfere to obtain employment, and the others of the indirect modes of assisting to obtain employment.

How charity should help in cases of want of employment.

R. S.—A young man, the illegitimate son of a gentleman of position, reared with a certain amount of expectation, but no useful education or training, is left stranded on the death of his father with a delicate wife and family. Through the influence of a member of the Committee, suitable employment is found for him, and the salary, which to commence with is low, is, on the recommendation of the Committee, temporarily supplemented by the father's relatives. It is hoped that this case is now self-supporting.

S. T.—A man and wife with five young children; the man, a skilled mechanic, had at one time made good wages, but had lived up to income; nothing to fall back on when incapacitated by illness; wife no wage-earning occupation; rent bearing over-due proportions even to full earnings. The Committee demanded prompt removal to cheaper rooms, organised adequate weekly allowance for wife and children, while the man was undergoing convalescent treatment; eventually the family is assisted to migrate to a locality more advantageous as regards employment, and a loan of £10 granted to meet the first quarter's rent of a house, which being well let off enables the family to live at a low rent. By last accounts the man is at work, and the rooms full; he is paying off the debt by gradual instalments.

J. L.—Unmarried, a toy maker, had long been slack of work; she supported her father, mother, and an orphan nephew. She had been obliged to pawn, and owed many weeks of rent. She was known to be an industrious and capable workwoman. As she had a prospect of work, the Committee gave her 7s. to take her tools out of pawn, and made her a loan of £2. 10s. to buy skins, cardboard, &c., for making the toys. She has paid back the sum lent her, and as there was every prospect that the revival of custom would continue, the Committee returned her 10s. to form a nucleus for further savings.

In the Register will be found particulars in regard to some leading Trade Societies; also a list of employment agencies and servants' registries.

XXIX.—EMIGRATION.

Limits of
emigration
as a means
of assistance.

Emigration is a frequently-proposed remedy for helping the unemployed poor. A reference to the Register will show the cost of passages, the outfit required, &c. Like other modes of charitable aid, it is injurious if applied wholesale. If, as Mr. Fawcett has pointed out, the population continues to increase at the same rate, there will not be, except for a short time, fewer hands and more work in the Old Country. Without self-help and a higher standard of living, such assistance, coming from without, will be of very partial advantage. Generally speaking, the expense of emigration is so small that those who are likely to become good emigrants are those who can save enough to emigrate; the cost is a fair test of fitness. But, as in other instances, charity is in no way fettered by the application itself. If emigration is a good remedy in a particular case, and can be applied without removing natural obligations, charity may well use it, as in other cases it would obtain admission to a home. Many wish and ask to be assisted to emigrate, who, even if generally suitable as emigrants, can be equally well aided in other ways.* Sometimes, when a medical opinion is given to the effect that a breadwinner, out of health in England, would be strong and able to support himself in a Colony, *e.g.* at the Cape, he and his family have been sent out. The following is a case in which a good constitution, 'handiness,' and a large family of sons were considered reasons for assisting to emigrate.

R.—(42), married, with eight children, from 14 years to 11 months old, was for 18 years, up to a year ago, in and outdoor servant to a lady, who resided partly in Hackney and partly in Devon. He was discharged on her death with a quarter's salary, and had not been able to find any permanent employment since. He has a high character for honesty and intelligence, but being of somewhat mean appearance and not a skilled workman, he had little prospect of supporting his family in England. He had been used to gardening and looking after stock. It was therefore proposed to send them to Canada, where there was a better opening for a handy, hardworking man. The cost, nearly £50, was large, but destitution seemed the only alternative.

Powers of
the Guardians
in
regard to
emigration.

In this instance the Guardians granted £10. They, or rather the Local Government Board if set in motion by them, have large powers in regard to emigration. If a majority of owners and ratepayers assembled at a duly convened meeting so direct, they may, with the approval of the Local Government Board, pay from a fund specially raised for the purpose, the expenses of poor persons settled in their Union and willing to emigrate. This fund, it is

* The almoner should be warned against a plan recently adopted by persons who favour emigration, of offering a man who desires to emigrate a certain sum on condition that he raise the remainder. This is done without imposing on him any restrictions. Not unnaturally, therefore, he will often beg for it, using the promise to assist as a credential.

stipulated, must not exceed half the average annual rate for the three preceding years, and is repayable in five years.*

By order of the Poor Law Board and in conformity with their regulations the Guardians may,† at the expense of the common fund of the Union, procure, or assist in procuring the emigration of any poor person who is irremovable by reason of a residence of one year.‡

Further, the Guardians may, § with the order and subject to the rules of the Local Government Board, expend, without being authorised to do so by any previous meeting of owners and rate-payers, any sum not exceeding £10 'in and about' the emigration of any poor person settled in the Union, so long as the total moneys so expended do not exceed one half the average poor rate during the last three years.

The Guardians can thus, if there is a crisis requiring such remedies, provide for the emigration of a large number of persons; they can also assist individual cases, even though they are not at the time paupers. The confirmation of the Local Government Board is necessary, and therefore the decision rests in their hands. Owing to representations from the Government of the United States, the Local Government Board are 'precluded, except in very special cases, from sanctioning emigration to that country at the cost of the poor rate.' ¶

Now, under the Local Government Act, 1888, the County Councils may from time to time, with the consent of the Local Government Board, borrow for, amongst other purposes, 'making advances (which they are hereby authorised to make) to any persons or bodies of persons, corporate or unincorporate, in aid of the emigration or colonisation of inhabitants of the county, with a guarantee for the repayment of such advances from any local authority in the county or the Government of any colony.' ¶ This clause gives to a new and more widely representative body the option of raising a fund for emigration. But it does not interfere with the powers already possessed by the Guardians. Further, the fund is to be raised under two very exact restrictions. Only advances are made by it, and these are repayable on guarantee, either by the Colony or by the local authority; and the only local authority that would appear to be competent to give a guarantee for repayment is the Board of Guardians. But if the Board of Guardians deal with these emigration cases, the objections now taken to 'pauper' emigration hold good. On the other hand, if the Colony gives the guarantee, it has

Power of
County
Councils in
regard to
emigration.

* 4 & 5 Will. IV., c. 76, s. 62.

† 11 & 12 Vict., c. 110, s. 5.

‡ 9 & 10 Vict., c. 66, s. 1, as modified by 24 & 25 Vict., c. 56, s. 1, and 28 & 29 Vict., c. 79, s. 8.

§ 12 & 13 Vict., c. 103, s. 20. For a note on the amount spent by Guardians on emigration, see Addenda, p. clxxvii.

¶ Glen's Archbold, p. 306.

¶ Local Government Act, 1888 (51 & 52 Vict., c. 41), s. 69.

indirectly a complete check on the amount of money expended, and the conditions imposed, in sending emigrants to it.

State-aided
emigration.

To the enactments by which the machinery of the Poor Law can be utilised for purposes of emigration, the not unreasonable objection, just referred to, is taken, that the Colonies are unwilling to admit emigrants who bear the reproach of being 'pauper' emigrants. But, even if this be admitted, it is almost certain that no other State-aided system would serve the purpose better. 'Is wheat-growing so profitable an industry in any part of the world just now that it should be selected as the one to be subsidised by State aid or State credit, so as to induce more persons to embark in it? Does it require so little skill and experience as to be a suitable resource for the unemployed man, whatever his previous occupation? Those whom it is contemplated to take as State-aided emigrants are, for the most part, men who have failed more or less in the race for success in the old country, and who are below rather than above the average of capacity.'* In fact, highly organised attempts at emigration in large bodies have seldom met with success; and when philanthropists most desire emigration for others, people in general, if we may trust the returns, are rather less inclined to emigrate, for the rise in emigration is generally coincident with improving, the fall with declining trade. On the whole, then, State-aided emigration or emigration organised on a large scale cannot be advocated. It is better to trust to individual enterprise.

Emigration
of orphan or
deserted
children.

In the case of orphan or deserted children who are under the age of 16 and chargeable to the Union, and who have no place of settlement, or whose place of settlement is unknown, the Guardians, with the consent of the Local Government Board, may procure or assist in procuring emigration.† The consent of the child must be given before justices in petty sessions, and a certificate of this consent has to be transmitted to the Local Government Board.

The Guardians may, subject to the sanction of the Local Government Board, send orphan and deserted pauper children to Canada, under the following conditions‡:—

(1) That they obtain 'in each case an undertaking in writing from any person entrusted by them with the care of taking children to Canada, and of placing them in homes, that immediately after a child is placed out the Department of Agriculture at Ottawa shall be furnished with a report containing the name and age of the child, and the name and post office address of the person with whom the child is placed, and that a report containing similar

* 'Natural Emigration,' by John Martineau. Blackwood, July 1889.

† 13 & 14 Vict., c. 101, s. 4.

‡ Memorandum of Local Government Board, April 30, 1883. Glen's Archbold, p. 306.

information shall be furnished to the Guardians of the Union from which the child is taken.'

(2) That they send a copy of the report to the Local Government Board.

(3) That they give notice to the person proposed to be entrusted by them with the emigration of a child, whether the child is Protestant or Roman Catholic, and 'he shall give an undertaking if the child is a Protestant that he shall be placed with a family of the Protestant faith, or if the child is a Roman Catholic, that he shall be placed in a Roman Catholic home.'

(4) That 'a child before being sent to Canada shall have been under previous instruction at least six months, in the workhouse or district school.'

(5) That the Guardians have such evidence as they deem satisfactory, that the person taking out the children has reasonable prospect of finding suitable homes for them in Canada.'

'The Board consider that as a general rule girls should not be sent out above the age of 10 years, and in no case, except under very special circumstances, above the age of 12 years.'

These regulations may suggest to charitable persons, desirous of sending children to Canada, the general conditions upon which they should insist, if they are to accomplish so difficult a task without any great risk of failure.

XXX.—MARRIED WOMEN.

I.—RIGHTS IN THEIR OWN PROPERTY.*

II.—REMEDIES AGAINST ILL-TREATMENT OR NEGLECT.

III.—GUARDIANSHIP OF THEIR CHILDREN.

I. The rights of married women with respect to their property are established by the Married Women's Property Act, 1882 (45 & 46 Vict., c. 75).

A married woman is capable of acquiring, holding, and disposing, by will or otherwise, of any real or personal property as her separate property in the same manner as if she were a *feme sole*, without the intervention of any trustee; and she may, in respect of and to the extent of her separate property, present and future, enter into any contract, and sue or be sued alone; and she may carry on a trade separate from her husband, and in that case be subject to the bankruptcy laws. All property, including wages and earnings, to which she may become entitled after January 1, 1883, become her separate property with the same rights. A woman married after that date is entitled to keep the whole of her property, present and future, as her separate property.

All deposits in savings or other banks, annuities, and other

* The substance of this section was furnished for a previous edition by a member of the Society.

securities, standing in her name alone, belong to her till the contrary be shown; and she may receive dividends, and transfer without the concurrence of her husband; and where they stand in her name jointly with others, she may act as if she were a *feme sole*. If, however, she make any fraudulent investment of the husband's money in her own name, or to defraud his creditors, it will be invalid.

She may effect a policy of insurance on her own life, or her husband's, for her separate use, and a husband or wife who insures his or her life expressly for the benefit of the other, or of his or her children, with or without a trustee, shall create a trust in favour of the objects named in the policy; but if done to defraud creditors, they shall be entitled to receive the amount of premiums so wrongfully paid.

Every married woman has the same remedies, civil and criminal, for the protection of her property as if she were a *feme sole*, but she cannot take criminal proceedings against her husband whilst they are living together, nor for any act done by him whilst they were living together, unless with regard to property taken by him when leaving or deserting her, and she is herself liable to criminal proceedings in respect of any act done to his property which if done by him to her property would make him criminally liable.

A woman after her marriage continues bound in respect of and to the extent of her separate property by all liabilities incurred before her marriage, and may be sued alone in respect of them. Her husband is only bound to satisfy her previous liabilities to the extent of any property he may have received from her.

A married woman who is an executrix or administratrix, or a trustee, either alone or with others, may sue and be sued, and transfer the property as if she were a *feme sole*.

The Act does not interfere with settlements made before or after marriage, nor render inoperative any restriction against anticipation, but no such restriction to be made by her in respect of her own property shall be valid against debts contracted before marriage, and no settlement shall have any greater validity as against her creditors than would be given to a husband's settlement as against his creditors.

If her husband become chargeable to the parish, she is liable to support him out of her separate property, and she must in like manner maintain her children and grandchildren in the same way as the husband is now liable to do, but without relieving him of his liability.

The Act does not extend to Scotland.

II. A married woman whose husband ill-treats or neglects to maintain her has the following remedies:—

1. In case of personal violence, threatened or offered, the wife

may summon the husband before a justice to show cause why he should not be bound over to keep the peace, and if necessary to find sureties. One justice can hear such a summons; but if it should come before two, they can if they see fit convert it into a charge of assault, and deal with it as such.*

Husband and wife: Procedure in assault cases.

2. A summons under 24 & 25 Vict., cap. 100, sec. 42, with a view to his being imprisoned for not exceeding two months, or fined. This is the ordinary law as to common assault, but subject, as between husband and wife, to two important amplifications, viz.:—

- (a) Contrary to the ordinary rule, they can give evidence against one another in such case.
- (b) By section 43 of the Act, the period of imprisonment may be extended to six months, if in the opinion of the justices an assault (on a woman or child) is of such an 'aggravated' nature that it cannot be sufficiently punished under section 42.

If, on the hearing of such summons, the justices think that the case will be better met by requiring the defendant to be bound over to keep the peace or to find sureties, they can do so. Under section 43 they can both punish and bind over.

In proceeding under either 1 or 2, a warrant, instead of a summons, may be granted if there appear to be danger of immediate violence to the wife—a danger that is sometimes increased by the fact of a summons only being issued. A warrant is an order to the constable to arrest the offender and bring him before a justice.

3. *Judicial Separation*.—By the Matrimonial Causes Act, 1878 (41 & 42 Vict., cap. 19), section 4, justices *who have convicted the husband of an aggravated assault upon the wife* (2 b), and are satisfied that the future safety of the wife is in peril, may further make an order for a judicial separation, for the payment of a weekly sum by the husband, and for the custody]by the wife of the children under ten years of age.

4. *Protection Order*.—By the Divorce Act, 1857 (20 & 21 Vict., cap. 85), sec. 21, an order may be made which places a wife deserted without reasonable cause in a position similar to that in which every wife stands since the Act of 1882. The order, therefore, is practically unnecessary. If the wife die intestate while the order is in force, her property devolves not upon her husband, but upon the persons who would be entitled to it if he were dead. If her husband, or anyone claiming under him, seize her property after notice of the order, she can recover the property and double its value.

Lush's 'Husband and Wife,' p. 119.

5. By the Married Women's (Maintenance in case of Desertion) Act, 1886 (49 & 50 Vict., cap. 53), justices or a magistrate may make an order upon the summons of a wife deserted by her

Legal responsibilities of the husband.

* The substance of this section was furnished for a previous edition by a magistrate who thought it would be useful to others.

husband, who wilfully neglects to maintain her and her family, though able to do so wholly or in part, that the husband pay to the wife such weekly sum (not exceeding two pounds) as they may consider to be in accordance with his means, and with any means the wife may have for the support of her and her family.

The above are the only remedies for which the wife can apply directly, but there are two others which she can obtain by making herself chargeable to the poor-rate. The Guardians of the Poor should then proceed against the husband, either

6. Under 31 & 32 Vict., cap. 122, sec. 33, for the cost of the relief given to the wife; or,

7. Under 5 Geo. IV., cap. 83, sec. 3, for neglecting to maintain his wife and family, though able to do so wholly or in part, for which he is liable to one month's hard labour, without option of fine; for a second offence to three months; and for a third to twelve months.

In this case (7) the wife cannot give evidence (45 J.P. 687).

Some Boards of Guardians require women to accept *indoor* relief before they will set the law (6 and 7) in motion.

Uncondoned adultery by a wife is a defence to 5, 6, and 7.

If a husband or wife be absent for seven years without any information concerning him or her reaching the other party, and the latter marry, he or she cannot be convicted of bigamy; but no length of such absence makes such a marriage valid, should the absent party prove to have been alive when it was contracted (45 J.P. 444).

By the Guardianship of Infants Act, 1886 (49 & 50 Vict., cap. 27):

1. On the death of the father of an infant the mother, if surviving, shall be the guardian, either alone or jointly with any guardian appointed by the father.

In the absence or a failure of the guardian appointed by the father, the Court may appoint a guardian to act jointly with the mother.

2. The mother of an infant may by deed or will appoint a guardian after the death of herself and the father; if guardians are appointed by both parents, they shall act jointly.

The mother of an infant may by deed or will provisionally nominate a fit person to act as guardian after her death jointly with the father, and the Court may after her death confirm the appointment, if it be shown that the father is for any reason unfitted to be the sole guardian.

3. If the guardians are unable to agree upon a question affecting the welfare of the infant, any of them may apply to the Court for direction.

4. The Court may, upon the application of the mother of an infant, who may apply without a next friend, make an order regard-

ing the custody of the infant and the right of access thereto of either parent, having regard to the welfare of the infant and to the conduct of the parents, and to the wishes as well of the mother as of the father.

5. The Court, in pronouncing a decree for judicial separation or for divorce, *nisi* or absolute, may declare the parent, by reason of whose misconduct such decree is made, to be unfit to have the custody of the children of the marriage; and such parent shall not, upon the death of the other parent, be entitled as of right to the custody or guardianship of the children.

The Court includes the County Court of the district in which the respondent resides.

XXXI.—NON-PROVISION FOR WIDOWS AND CHILDREN.

Comparatively few of the applicants for charity make any provision against the want which their death may bring upon their families. Thus in Stepney, out of 578 male applicants in 1880-81,* 74, or about 12 per cent., were members of sick benefit clubs at the time of application, and 19 were members of trade societies and unions; 8 were members of slate, or Birmingham clubs, which divide their funds at Christmas; 332, or about 57 per cent., had never subscribed to any sick club or trade society; 145 had ceased, from various causes, to belong to clubs or unions. Out of 906 male and female applicants, 44 had at some time belonged to more than one burial, trade, or sick club; only 102, or about 10 per cent., were members of insurance or burial societies at the time of application; and 18, or about 2 per cent., had ceased to be members. It gives some definiteness to the amount of difficulty in dealing with the cases of widows, to realise that about 75 per cent. of the male applicants at death leave their widows 'totally unprovided for,' except so far as the widow or her children can earn money for their own support. Even in cases in which provision has been made it is insufficient, or squandered with a most perverse disregard of the future. Thus:† 'A. E.'s husband died on January 25. During his illness 18s. a week had been paid by his club, and on his death his widow received £20. On January 31 she had £2 left, was receiving 5s. a week from the parish as outdoor relief, and applied to the Committee for further assistance. Several similar instances came before the Committee in the course of the year.'

Frequent lack of provision for widows and children.

To deal with these cases properly it is necessary to have some.

* Judging from some more recent returns, *e.g.* a return made by the Vauxhall Committee of the Society in 1887-8, a rather larger number of applicants now make some attempt to provide for the future. But this may be due to special causes; for instance, in that district, applicants of a rather higher class may be applying to the Committee.

† See p. 11 Annual Report of the St. Olave's Charity Organisation Committee, 1880-81.

knowledge of the means at the disposal of the Guardians, and the requirements of the School Board. The means at the disposal of charity, such as orphanages and homes, will be found by reference to the Register.

XXXII.—POOR LAW PROVISION FOR CHILDREN : SCHOOLS.

District and
separate
schools.

The Poor Law schools are of two kinds, (1) District schools, i.e. schools provided under the Poor Law Amendment Act of 1844 and subsequent Acts, in two or more Unions, which are for this purpose combined in school districts; and (2) Separate workhouse schools, provided for a single Union. Those in the Metropolis are, with one exception, built in the suburbs. The district schools are under the management of a separate Board, elected by the Guardians in the school district. The separate schools are under the management of the Schools Committee of the Board of Guardians of the Unions to which they belong.

By the Metropolitan Poor Act, 1867, the Local Government Board was empowered to combine metropolitan Parishes and Unions into school districts. For reference sake they may be mentioned here. The school available in each Union is also set down in the local lists.

PARISHES AND UNIONS COMBINED IN DISTRICT SCHOOLS.

Parish or Union.	Name of School District.	Situation of School.
1. City and St. Saviour's .	Central London . . .	Hanwell.
2. Poplar and Whitechapel .	Forest Gate . . .	Stratford, E.
3. Kensington and Chelsea .	Kensington and Chelsea .	Banstead.*
4. Lewisham and Wandsworth, and Clapham	North Surrey . . .	Anerley.
5. Camberwell, Greenwich, St. Olave's, Stepney, Woolwich	South Metropolitan .	Sutton and Witham, Essex.†
6. Fulham, Paddington, St. George's	West London . . .	Ashford, Middlesex.

SEPARATE SCHOOLS.

The following Unions have these schools:—

Parish or Union.	Situation of School.
St. George-in-the-East	Plashet.
Islington (a workhouse school in a detached building) .	Holloway.
Lambeth	Norwood.
Bethnal Green	Leytonstone.
St. Pancras	Leavesden.
Holborn	Mitcham.
Marylebone	Southall.
Mile End Old Town (a workhouse school in a detached building)	Mile End.
Strand	Edmonton.
Westminster	Tooting.
Hackney	Brentwood.
Shoreditch	Homchurch.

St. Giles' send the children to the Strand Union School at Edmonton; Hampstead to the Edmonton Union and Westminster Union separate schools.

* Probationary School at Hammersmith.

† This is a branch school for orphans and deserted children between the ages of 7 and 12. The managers of the same school district hire a school at Sutton for infants. For a note as to the new type of District and Separate Schools on the Cottage System, see p. clxxvii.

The object and manner of teaching in Poor Law schools is thus described.* 'The boys and girls . . . shall, for three of the working hours at least, every day, be instructed in reading, writing, arithmetic, and the principles of the Christian religion; and such other instruction shall be imparted to them as may fit them for service, and train them to habits of usefulness, industry, and virtue.' The schools are 'public elementary schools under the Elementary Education Act of 1876,' but they are under periodic inspection by School inspectors appointed by the Local Government Board. Certificates are given to the teachers according to their proficiency. To provide a bonus on the appointment of competent teachers, the salaries of teachers are supplemented by parliamentary grants according to the 'grade' of their certificate, and the number of children they teach. Industrial instructors are also appointed. The schools are very large. In the Central London District School (City and St. Saviour's), there was during the half-year ended at Lady Day, 1887, an average daily attendance of 1,157 children, and the parliamentary grant for the year for masters' and mistresses' salaries was £1,319. At the South Metropolitan District School the return of children was 2,137, the parliamentary grant for the year, £1,962. The total number of children at the 16 metropolitan district and separate schools was 10,146, or including the children in the 'Exmouth,' the training-ship of the Metropolitan Asylum District, 10,502. With regard to discipline, a boy under the age of 14 may be flogged, but two hours must have elapsed from the commission of the offence: an older boy may be caned. Children under 12 may not be confined in a dark room, or during the night; and all cases of punishment in a workhouse or pauper school have to be reported to the Guardians.

If a child is 'refractory,' or the child of parents either of whom has been convicted of a crime or offence punishable with penal servitude or imprisonment, and whom it is desirable to remove, two justices may, on the representation of a Board of Guardians, send him to a certified industrial school † (*see* p. xciv.). During the enquiry or pending removal he may, by the order of the justices, be kept in the workhouse.

Besides their own schools, the Guardians have the following means of educating children‡:—

(1) If in any Union there is room in the 'workhouse or building having adequate provision for the reception, maintenance, and education of poor children,' the Guardians can contract with other Unions for the reception of children under the age of 16, who are orphans

Other provisions by which Guardians may help children.

* Consolidated Order, § 114, and Attendance at Workhouse Schools Order, October 27, 1877.

† 29 & 30 Vict., c. 118, s. 17.

‡ In many Unions children are sent for their education to the local public elementary school. With regard to children supposed to have strayed, *see* p. cviii.

or deserted by their parents, or whose parents or surviving parent consent.*

Sending children to voluntary schools.

(2) They may send a child, if orphan or deserted by his or her parents or surviving parent (or one whose parents or surviving parent shall consent thereto),† till the age of 14, to any certified school, supported wholly or in part by voluntary subscriptions, provided that the cost does not exceed what would have been the cost in the workhouse, during the period at which the child is at the school. These schools are open to inspection by the Poor Law inspectors or by members of the Board of Guardians which has sent a child.

This provision includes any institution for the instruction of the blind, deaf, dumb, lame, deformed, or idiotic, but not a certified reformatory school.‡ Children cannot be sent to a school conducted on the principles of a religious denomination to which they do not belong.

The consent of the parents is required in the case of illegitimate as well as legitimate children; for the former, the consent of the mother, if she has the care of the child, is sufficient. The Local Government Board has discretion in the case of deserted or orphan children as to the choice of the school to which, owing to religious grounds, the child should be sent, when no next-of-kin, step-parent, or god-parent can be found. §

XXXIII.—POOR LAW PROVISION FOR CHILDREN: TRAINING SHIPS.

Training ships.

(3) Training ships.—The Guardians of any Union, and the managers of any school or asylum district in the Metropolis may, with the consent of the Local Government Board, provide one or more ships to be used for training boys for the sea service. || Such a ship is considered a school or asylum. The parent's consent (if surviving) has to be obtained, and a certificate from the Union medical officer that the boy is free from disease, and fit for training for the sea service. On admission to the ship he is placed in a probationary ward and medically examined. If eventually found unfit, or if there be proof of gross misconduct, he is discharged to the district or separate school or workhouse. The training-ship under the Metropolitan Asylums Board is the 'Exmouth.' In the half-year ended Lady-day 1887 the average daily number of boys in training there was 356.

XXXIV.—POOR LAW PROVISION FOR CHILDREN: BOARDING-OUT.

Boarding-out: conditions under which it is permitted.

(4) Another means at the disposal of the Guardians for providing for orphan or deserted children, is boarding-out. It is

* 14 & 15 Vict., c. 105, s. 6.

† 25 & 26 Vict., c. 43, ss. 1, 2, 4, 6. As to amount payable, see Addenda, p. clxxvii.

‡ *Ibid.*, s. 10.

§ 31 & 32 Vict., c. 122, s. 23.

|| 32 & 33 Vict., c. 63, s. 11, and Local Government Board Order, August 24, 1876, see p. 562. Orders of the Local Government Board. Knight & Co., 1883

regulated in England by the Poor Law Order of November 25, 1870.* Before that order the Guardians could only board-out children within their Unions; by it they can board them beyond the limits of the Union—a necessary provision if the Unions in large towns were to adopt the system. The children are placed in cottagers' houses, under the care of foster-parents, and under the supervision of a Boarding-out Committee. The following are the principal requirements:—

A Boarding-out Committee is formed of two or more members: each member has to sign an undertaking truly and faithfully to observe all regulations prescribed in the Order, and is disqualified if he derive any pecuniary or personal profit from the boarding-out of any child. Children can be withdrawn by the Guardians at a week's notice. The Committee is responsible for finding and superintending the homes at which the children are boarded.

The children who may be boarded-out must be between the ages of two and ten, and they must be either 'orphans, or being illegitimate, deserted by the mother; or being illegitimate, deserted by both parents, or deserted by one parent, the other parent being dead or under sentence of penal servitude, or suffering permanently from mental disease, or out of England.' A certificate of health has, prior to its being boarded-out, to be sent by the medical officer of the Union to the Boarding-out Committee. Except in the case of brothers and sisters, not more than two children can be boarded in the same house, and never more than four. They cannot be placed with foster-parents of different religious persuasions, and the foster-parents have to undertake 'to bring them up as their own children,' to provide proper food, &c., to see that the child goes to school and to church or chapel, and to report any sickness to the Guardians and the Boarding-out Committee. The sum payable is not more than 4s. a week exclusive of clothing, school pence, and medical fees. There must be a school within a mile and a half from the home, and the residence of a member of the Committee must be within five miles. The child must be visited and reported on at least once in every six weeks by a member of the Committee, the report being sent not less often than quarterly to the Guardians. If no report is received for four consecutive months, the Guardians may provide for the home being visited once in every six weeks by their own officer or withdraw the child.

Some further details showing the care which, as all admit, has to be taken in boarding-out children are given by the Local Government Board in their circular. They may be suggestive to persons desirous of paying for the boarding-out of children from charitable funds. Children, except in special cases, are not to be placed with relations, or those in receipt of Poor Law relief, or where the

* Glen: Poor Law Orders, p. 461 (1883).

father has night work. Preference is to be given to the parents who have outdoor and not sedentary occupations. Decent accommodation and proper separation of the sexes must be provided. Children over seven are not allowed to sleep in the same room with married couples. No child is to be boarded in a house where there is an adult lodger. If after two warnings to the foster-parents the schoolmaster's quarterly report is unfavourable, the child is to be withdrawn. Good ordinary clothing is to be provided at not more than 10s. a quarter. Children should not be sent to homes in places having a population of more than 15,000 persons.

Pro and con.
regarding
boarding-
out.

The boarding-out system is strongly advocated and as strongly opposed. Its advocates urge that it gives the child a quasi-natural position as the member of a family, and that it merges the child in the population; as he grows up he learns a trade and obtains work as others do in that rank of life. If the means of instruction are less complete than in a district school, there is more of education in its larger sense. A knowledge of life and a friendship with others is obtained, which is not to be had in a district school. And, especially with girls, is it necessary to substitute for the institutional life of a large school the family life. This gives a knowledge of those household matters, in which girls from the schools show a marked incapacity, and influences the character most beneficially. The poor, also, it is said, like sending their children to institutions, but find no such satisfaction in letting their children live among cottagers in the country. There is thus less temptation to pauperism. Lastly, the system has been very successful in Scotland. The opponents point to the favourable results of the district schools, and the greater educational resources of a large institution. Strict supervision is difficult. The efficiency of the Local Boarding-out Committee is very variable, and the system is injurious to district schools by withdrawing the orphan children, the most permanent element. The payment of 4s. a week, with the cost of school fees, clothing, and medical attendance, places the child of a pauper in a better position than the child of the labourer, the foster-parent, who seldom has 4s. to spend on one child. This will lead him to compare the lot of his own children unfavourably with that of the children, and often the illegitimate children, of improvident pauper parents. So he will be taught a lesson in unthrift. It will encourage illegitimacy also, it is said; it is more attractive to the poor than institutions, and the advantages of family life will be purchased at too great a sacrifice in other ways.*

The practice of boarding-out children on payment from charitable sources is not unfrequent in dealing with the cases of widows

* Since the publication of the last edition of the Register, 'Children of the State,' by Miss F. Davenport-Hill and Miss Fanny Fowke, has been published. In it the reader will find the whole question of boarding-out most fully dealt with.

who have to go into service, &c. A list of Boarding-out Committees will be found in the Register. The number of children boarded-out under the Order of September, 1877, was, on January 1, 1888, 2,324. There is now an inspector (Miss Mason) for the purpose of visiting children boarded-out in different parts of the country.

An instance of assisting a widow by a combination of boarding-out and admission to homes is given in the following case:—

A poor widow was very ill, and had been ordered by the doctor to go into the hospital, where a lengthened course of treatment would be necessary. She did not know how to manage it, as her eldest boy was only fifteen, and was out all day, and the other children were too young to be left alone. The clergyman in whose parish the woman lived sent the case on to the Committee, not having funds to deal with it adequately. She was very much respected by all who knew her, and her life depended on going into the hospital at once. Great efforts were made by the Committee, and kind assistance was given by a clergyman. Two children were placed in orphanages. The eldest girl was boarded-out, and a place subsequently found for her. The baby was boarded-out with a woman who bestowed on it all the care and attention that could be desired, under the supervision of the clergyman's wife. The mother was most grateful for what had been done. She has since come out of the hospital fairly restored in health, and is prospering. Though still not strong, she has a light place, and is contributing 2s. 6d. a week towards the support of her baby.

Illustrative case.

XXXV.—POOR LAW PROVISION FOR CHILDREN : APPRENTICESHIP.*

(5) Apprenticeship or sending out to service is another resource open to Guardians. The Guardians can apprentice any poor child not under nine years old, who can (unless deaf and dumb) read and write his own name.† It is not necessary that either child or parent should be actually in receipt of relief as paupers at the time. Apprenticeship is to be considered a species of 'relief,' and should not, therefore, except with the sanction of the Local Government Board, be provided, for instance, in the case of the child of an able-bodied man, unless the latter be in receipt of relief in the house or otherwise according to the Outdoor Relief Prohibitory or Regulation Orders.

Condition of apprenticeship by the Guardians.

If the child is in the workhouse and under the age of 14, the medical officer has to give a certificate of his bodily fitness for the proposed trade, and the master of the workhouse has to vouch for his general capacity. If the child is not in the workhouse, the relieving officer has to inquire and report on the circumstances of the case, the condition of the child and of his parents, if any, the residence and trade of the proposed master and other points; and subsequently, if the child is less than 14 years of age, a medical certificate of fitness is obtained.

The person to whom a child is bound must be a 'housekeeper or assessed to the poor-rate in his own name'—not a journeyman

* It may be well to mention that, under the Stamp Act of 1870, public charities are exempted from the payment of indenture fees in putting out apprentices.

† Consolidated Order, art. 52. Cf. Glen: Poor Law Orders, p. 77.

or 'person not carrying on trade or business on his own account,' a person under 21 years of age, or a married woman. The place of business at which the apprentice has to live and work must not be more than 30 miles from the place where the child is residing at the time of apprenticeship. If the apprentice is above the age of 16, and not by reason of deformity, or other such cause unfit for work, no premium is given except clothing. In other cases the premium is given part in money, part in clothing; and the former is payable, one moiety at the binding, the remainder after the first year of apprenticeship. The term of apprenticeship is not more than eight years. The consent of the person to be bound apprentice, if not more than 14 years of age, has to be obtained, and if he be not more than 16 years of age, the consent of the parent or guardian is, with some exceptions, required. The apprenticeship is by indenture.

The master has to teach the trade or business agreed upon, and has to provide proper food, lodging and clothing, and in case of sickness or accident, 'adequate medical or surgical assistance;' he must arrange for suitable religious instruction being given, according to the creed of the apprentice; after 17, the apprentice may be paid such wages as the Guardians may stipulate.* If the terms of the indenture are transgressed by the master, or he becomes bankrupt, the indenture is cancelled.

(6) Apprenticeship to sea service.—The Guardians may apprentice boys by indenture to masters and owners of ships.* The indenture must be attested by two justices, who shall ascertain that the boy has consented, that he is sufficiently healthy, strong, and that he is bound to a proper person.

Guardians may also pay the expenses of boys who, or whose parents, are in receipt of Poor Law relief, in going to the nearest port to be examined, and they may pay for their outfit.† There are a large number of training and coastguard ships at which boys are sent by the Guardians for entry in H.M. naval service.

The Guardians are bound to keep a register of those under the age of 16 whom they have placed as apprentices or in service, and to cause them while under that age and in the same service to be visited twice a year by a relieving officer, who reports to the Guardians on their food and treatment.‡

Furthermore, the Guardians, or the managers of a district school, may employ a visitor to report upon the condition, treatment, and conduct of any child under the age of 16 who has gone into service from the workhouse or the school.§

Since 1879 the Guardians have, with the consent of the Local

* Merchant Shipping Act, August 10, 1854 (17 & 18 Vict., c. 104), s. 141, &c.
† 39 & 40 Vict., c. 61, s. 28. ‡ 14 & 15 Vict., c. 11, ss. 3, 4, and 5.

§ 39 & 40 Vict., c. 61, s. 33.

Apprenticeship to sea service by the Guardians.

Supervision of apprentices and servants placed out by the Guardians.

Government Board, been empowered to subscribe towards any association or society for aiding girls and boys in service, or towards any other asylum or institution which appears to the Guardians to be calculated to render useful aid in the administration of the relief of the poor.*

As regards servants placed out by the Guardians, the Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants, Buckingham Street, Strand, W.C., is of the greatest use. The Local Government Board thus refer to it in their last Annual Report†:—‘As we mentioned in our last Report, a considerable proportion of the girls who go from the Poor Law Schools of the Metropolis into domestic service are placed by the Guardians under the supervision of the Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants. In the report of the Association for the year 1887 it is stated that the number of girls supervised by the Association during the year was 2,326, and of these it appears that 2,073 were from District and Separate Poor Law Schools of the Metropolis. Of the 2,326 girls referred to, 916 are classed as “very good,” 782 as “fairly good,” 219 as “unsatisfactory,” and 48 as “bad.” As regards the remaining 361, it is stated that eight are dead, 42 were unfit for service, 17 refused to be visited, 68 were lost sight of or not traced; the rest are accounted for as having emigrated, married, or returned to their relatives, or as being in training homes, or in service too short a time to be reported on.’

The
M.A.B.Y.S.

The almoner is strongly recommended, in dealing with the many cases in which assistance can be given by way of training for service or obtaining a place for an elder daughter, to co-operate with such societies as the M.A.B.Y.S.

For assisting children, then, as these six sections indicate, the Guardians have almost unlimited powers. A seventh has to be added—their power to pay school fees at public elementary schools.

XXXVI.—POOR LAW PROVISION FOR CHILDREN: PAYMENT OF SCHOOL FEES.

(7) A parent who is not a pauper, but who is unable by reason of poverty to pay the ordinary fee for any child between the ages of 5 and 14, at a public elementary school, may apply to the Guardians; and if satisfied of such inability it is their duty to pay the fee—‘not exceeding threepence a week or such part thereof as he is, in the opinion of the Guardians, so unable to pay.’ The parent does not lose the franchise or become in any way disqualified by receiving this relief. He may select the public elementary school

Payment of
school fees
by the
Guardians.

* 42 & 43 Vict., c. 54, s. 10 (*see* p. lxxxi.).

† Seventeenth Annual Report, p. lii, 1887-8.

to which he will send his child. The relief may be given by way of loan.

Thus, if the parent can do everything for his children except pay for their schooling, he can, without any drawback whatever on his part, have their schooling paid for.

Before considering the part which charity should take in dealing with the cases of widows, we may refer to the liabilities of masters, and the supervision which the Guardians exercise over servants and apprentices. The survey of the powers in this department will then be complete.

XXXVII.—PROTECTION OF INFANTS AND YOUNG PEOPLE: LIABILITY OF MASTERS.

Besides the provision made for the supervision and care of apprentices or servants placed out by the Guardians, there are some general provisions, greatly strengthened by recent legislation, for the prevention and punishment of neglect in the cases of infants, children, and young persons. The almoner will very likely come across some such cases.

Liabilities of
masters and
servants.

Any person legally liable as master or mistress to provide necessary food, clothing, lodging, to an apprentice or servant who shall wilfully and without lawful excuse refuse or neglect to do so, or shall unlawfully and maliciously do or cause to be done any bodily harm so as to endanger his life or injure his health, is liable, on conviction, to three years' penal servitude or imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years, with or without hard labour.*

If complaint be made to two justices of any such neglect as this, or of any bodily injury inflicted on any person under 16, the circumstances of which amount to a felony, or the attempt to commit a felony, they may require the Guardians to prosecute; and the Guardians will 'pay the costs reasonably and properly incurred by them out of the common fund of the Union.'†

The preven-
tion of 'baby
farming.'

There is another legal provision worthy of note in this connection. No person may retain or receive for hire or reward more than one infant, and in case of twins more than two infants, under the age of one year, for the purpose of nursing or maintaining them apart from their parents for a longer period than 24 hours, except in a registered house.‡

The Act does not extend to relations or guardians, nor to public institutions, etc. The local authority (in London the County Council) are empowered, after careful inquiry as to fitness, to register houses and persons for the above purpose (registration gratis—renewable annually), and from time to time to make bye-

* 24 & 25 Vict., c. 100, s. 26

† 24 & 25 Vict., c. 100, s. 73.

‡ 35 & 36 Vict., c. 38.

laws for fixing the number of infants which may be received into each such house.

It has been the practice in London to make a special bye-law upon each individual application. Offenders are liable to six months' imprisonment with hard labour, or a fine of £5.

When, on the trial of any offence under the Criminal Law Amendment Act 1885, it is proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the seduction or prostitution of any girl under the age of 16 has been caused, encouraged, or favoured by her father, mother, guardian, master, or mistress, the Court may divest such person of all authority over her, and appoint a guardian for her until she is 21, and appoint, if necessary, a new guardian from time to time.*

But during the present session of Parliament (1889) has been passed the most stringent Act for the punishment for ill-treatment and neglect of children.† The principal clauses in it are as follows:—

'1. Any person over 16 years of age, who, having the custody, control, or charge of a child, being a boy under the age of 14 years, or being a girl under the age of 16 years, wilfully ill-treats, neglects, abandons, or exposes such child, or causes or procures such child to be ill-treated, neglected, abandoned, or exposed, in a manner likely to cause such child unnecessary suffering, or injury to its health, shall be guilty of a misdemeanour, and on conviction thereof on indictment, shall be liable, at the discretion of the court, to a fine not exceeding £100, or alternatively, or in default of payment of such fine, or in addition to payment thereof, to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for any term not exceeding two years, and on conviction thereof by a court of summary jurisdiction,‡ in manner provided by the Summary Jurisdiction Acts, shall be liable, at the discretion of the court, to a fine not exceeding £25, or alternatively, or in default of payment of such fine, or in addition thereto, to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for any term not exceeding three months.

Punishment for ill-treatment and neglect of children.

'2. If it be proved that a person convicted on indictment as aforesaid, was interested in any sum of money accruable or payable in the event of the death of the child, and had knowledge that such sum of money was accruing or becoming payable, the court may, in its discretion, increase the amount of the said fine, so that the fine shall not exceed £200. . . .

Power to increase fine where offender interested in death of child.

'3. Any person who—

'(a) Causes or procures any child, being a boy under the age of 14 years, or being a girl under the age of 16 years, to be in any street§ for the purpose of begging or receiving alms, or of inducing the giving of alms, whether under the pretence of singing, playing, performing, offering anything for sale or otherwise; || or

Restrictions on employment of children.

'(b) Causes or procures any child, being a boy under the age of 14 years, or being a girl under the age of 16 years, to be in any street, or in any premises licensed for the sale of intoxicating liquor, other than premises licensed according to law for public entertainments, for the purpose of singing, playing, or performing for profit, or offering anything for sale, between 10 p.m. and 5 a.m.; ¶ or

'(c) Causes or procures any child, under the age of 10 years, to be at any time in any street, or in any premises licensed for the sale of any intoxicating liquor,

* 48 & 49 Vict., c. 69, s. 12.

† Act for the Prevention of Cruelty to and Protection of Children (52 & 53 Vict. c. 44).

‡ Summary Jurisdiction Act, 1879.

§ 'Street' includes any highway or public place, whether a thoroughfare or not.

|| Cf. Vagrancy Act, p. xlii.

¶ Cf. Limitations on the employment of children, p. lxxiv.

or in premises licensed according to law for public entertainment, for the purpose of singing, playing, or performing for profit, or offering anything for sale,

'Shall, on conviction thereof by a court of summary jurisdiction in manner provided by the Summary Jurisdiction Acts, be liable, at the discretion of the court, to a fine not exceeding £25, or alternatively, or in default of payment of the said fine, or in addition thereto, to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for any term not exceeding three months. Provided that any local authority* may, if they think it necessary or desirable so to do, from time to time by bye-law, extend or restrict the hours mentioned in sub-section (b) of this section, either on every day, or on any specified day or days of the week, and either as to the whole of the district, or as to any specified area therein.

'Provided also, that in the case of any entertainment or series of entertainments to take place in premises licensed according to law for public entertainments, when it is shown to the satisfaction of a stipendiary magistrate or petty sessional court, or in Scotland the sheriff or the sheriff's substitute, that proper provision has been made to secure the health and kind treatment of any children proposed to be employed thereat, it shall be lawful for the said court, anything in this Act notwithstanding, to order that any child exceeding seven years of age, of whose fitness to take part in such entertainment or series of entertainments without injury the said court is satisfied, be permitted to take part in such entertainment or series of entertainments, and such order may at any time be varied, added to, or rescinded by the said court upon sufficient cause being shown; and such order shall be sufficient protection to all persons acting under or in accordance with the same.

Taking of
offender into
custody, and
protection
of child.

'4. Any constable may take into custody without warrant any person who within view of such constable commits an offence under this Act, where the name and residence of such person are unknown to such constable and cannot be ascertained by such constable; and any constable may take to a place of safety† any child in respect of whom an offence under section 1 or sub-section (a) of section 2 of this Act has been committed, and the child may there be detained until it can be brought before a court of summary jurisdiction, and such court may cause the child to be dealt with as circumstances may admit and require until the charge made against any person in respect of the said offence has been determined by the committal for trial, or conviction, or discharge of such person. Where a constable arrests any person without warrant in pursuance of this section, the inspector or constable in charge of the station to which such person is conveyed shall, unless in his belief the release of such person on bail would tend to defeat the ends of justice, or to cause injury or danger to the child against whom the offence is alleged to have been committed, release the person arrested on his entering into such a recognisance, with or without sureties, as may in his judgment be required to secure the attendance of such person upon the hearing of the charge.

Disposal of
child by
order of
of court.

'5.—(1) Where a person, having the custody or control of a child, being a boy under the age of 14, or a girl under the age of 16 years, has been

'(a) convicted of committing in respect of such child an offence under section 1 of this Act, or any offence involving bodily injury to the child and punishable with penal servitude; or

'(b) committed for trial‡ for any such offence; or

'(c) bound over to keep the peace towards such child,

any person may bring such child before a court of summary jurisdiction, and the court, if satisfied on inquiry that it is expedient so to deal with the child, may order that the child be taken out of the custody of such person and committed to the charge of a relation of the child, or some other fit person named by the court,

* 'The expression "local authority" means, as regards any borough in England, the Council of the borough; as regards the City of London, the Common Council; as regards the County of London, the County Council; as regards any other place in England, the urban or rural sanitary authority. . . .'

† "'Place of safety" includes a workhouse and any place certified by the local authority by bye-law under this Act for the purposes of this Act.'

‡ "'Committed for trial" means, as regards England, committed for trial or admitted to bail in manner provided in the Indictable Offences Act, 1848.

such relation or other person being willing to undertake such charge until it attains the age of 14 years, or in the case of a girl 16 years, or in either case for any shorter period, and may of his own motion or on the application of any person from time to time renew, vary, and revoke any such order: Provided that no order shall be made under this section unless a parent* of the child is under committal for trial for having been or has been proved to have been party or privy to the offence, or has been bound over to keep the peace towards such child.

‘(2) Any person to whom a child is so committed shall, whilst the order is in force, have the like control over the child as if he were its parent, and shall be responsible for its maintenance, and the child shall continue under the control of such person, notwithstanding that it is claimed by its parent; and any court having power so to commit a child shall have power to make the like orders on the parent of the child to contribute to its maintenance during such period as aforesaid as if the child were detained under the Industrial Schools Acts,† and such orders may be made on the complaint or application of the person to whom the child is for the time being committed, and the sums contributed by the parent shall be paid to such person as the court may name, and be applied for the maintenance of the child.’

In appointing a fit person to take charge of the child, one of the same religious persuasion as the child is to be selected.

‘(3) One of Her Majesty’s Principal Secretaries of State in England, and in Scotland the Secretary for Scotland, and in Ireland the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, may at any time in his discretion discharge a child from the custody of any person to whom it is committed, in pursuance of this section, either absolutely or on such conditions as such Secretary of State or Lord Lieutenant approves, and may, if he shall think fit, from time to time make, alter, or revoke rules in relation to children so committed to any person, and to the duties of such persons with respect to such children.’

An exceptional power of search is allowed on order of a justice of the peace. Thus,

‘6.—(1) If it appears to any justice of the peace, on information made before him on oath by any person who, in the opinion of the justice, is *bonâ fide* acting in the interest of any child, that there is reasonable cause to suspect that such child, being a boy under the age of 14 years, or a girl under the age of 16 years, has been or is being ill-treated or neglected in any place within the jurisdiction of such justice in a manner likely to cause the child unnecessary suffering or to be injurious to its health, such justice may issue a warrant authorising any person named therein to search for such child, and if it is found to have been or to be ill-treated or neglected in manner aforesaid, to take it to and detain it in a place of safety until it can be brought before a court of summary jurisdiction; and the court before whom the child is brought may cause it to be dealt with in the manner provided by section 3.

Power of search.

‘(2) The justice of the peace issuing such warrant may by the same warrant cause any person accused of any offence in respect of the child to be apprehended and brought before a justice, and proceedings to be taken for punishing such person according to law.

‘(3) Any person authorised by warrant under this section to search for any child may enter (if need be by force) any house, building, or other place specified in the warrant, and may remove the child therefrom.

‘(4) Provided always, that every warrant issued under this section shall be addressed to and executed by some superintendent, inspector, or other superior officer of police, who shall be accompanied by the person making the information, if such person so desire, unless the justice otherwise directs, and may also, if the justice so directs, be accompanied by a registered medical practitioner.

* By this Act, as in the Factory Act, “parent,” when used in relation to a child, includes guardian and every person who is by law liable to maintain the child.’

† “Industrial Schools Acts” means, as regards England and Scotland, the Industrial Schools Act, 1866, and the Acts amending the same or any Act of the present or future session of Parliament repealing that Act and re-enacting the provisions thereof, with or without modifications.

Evidence of accused person. '7. In any proceeding against any person for an offence under this Act, such person shall be competent but not compellable, and the wife or husband of such person shall be competent but not compellable, to give evidence as an ordinary witness in the case.

Evidence of child of tender years. '8. Where, in any proceeding against any person for an offence under this Act, the child in respect of whom the offence is charged to have been committed, or any other child of tender years who is tendered as a witness, does not in the opinion of the court understand the nature of an oath, the evidence of such child may be received, though not given upon oath, if, in the opinion of the court, such child is possessed of sufficient intelligence to justify the reception of the evidence, and understands the duty of speaking the truth. And the evidence of such child, though not given on oath or affirmation, but otherwise taken and reduced into writing, in accordance with the provisions of section 17 of the Indictable Offences Act, 1848, or of section 14 of the Petty Sessions (Ireland) Act, 1851, shall be deemed to be a deposition within the meaning of those sections:

'Provided that—

'(a) A person shall not be liable to be convicted of the offence unless the testimony admitted by virtue of this section and given on behalf of the prosecution is corroborated by some other material evidence in support thereof implicating the accused; and

'(b) Any such child whose evidence is received as aforesaid, and who shall wilfully give false evidence, shall be liable to be indicted and tried for such offence, and on conviction thereof may be adjudged such punishment as is provided for by section 11 of the Summary Jurisdiction Act, 1879, in the case of juvenile offenders.*

Presumption of age of child. '9. Where a person is charged with an offence under this Act in respect of a child who is alleged in the charge or indictment to be under any specified age, and the child appears to the court to be under that age, such child shall for the purposes of this Act be deemed to be under that age, unless the contrary is proved.'

Expenses of prosecution. '11. Where a misdemeanour under this Act is tried on indictment, the expenses of the prosecution shall be defrayed in like manner as in the case of a felony.†

Guardians may pay costs of proceedings. '12. The guardians of any union or parish, or in Scotland the parochial board of any parish or combination, may, out of the funds under their control, pay the reasonable costs and expenses of any proceedings which they have directed to be taken under this Act in regard to the ill-treatment, neglect, abandonment, or exposure of any child, and, in the case of a union, shall charge such costs and expenses to the common fund.'

Act not to take away right of parent, &c., to administer punishment. '14. Nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to take away or affect the right of any parent, teacher, or other person having the lawful control or charge of a child to administer punishment to such child.

Saving for proceedings under other laws. '15. Where an offence against this Act is also punishable under any other Act, or at common law, it may be prosecuted and punished either under this Act, or under the other Act, or at common law, so that no person be punished twice for the same offence.'

Both the Metropolitan and the City police, it may be mentioned, by way of supplement to this Act, have been instructed in all cases which come to their knowledge, in which children are treated with cruelty, either by their parents or others, whether witnessed by or reported to the police, to notify the particulars at once to the London Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children, and the police are to afford every information and assistance in their power. Also when children are apprehended under the Vagrant Act the Society is to be at once informed of the arrest, and on

* By Section 10 appeal is allowed from summary conviction to general or quarter sessions.

† Sections 8 & 11 do not apply to Scotland.

application its officer will be permitted to bail the child, to take charge of it, and to produce it at the police court at the hearing of the case.*

The Society just referred to should be found very useful to the almoner in cases of this kind. Its head office and shelter is at 7 and 8 Harpur Street, Bloomsbury, W.C. It puts down cruelty by enforcing, in addition to the law just passed, the following laws for the benefit of children unable to enforce them themselves:—

In cases of—

Starvation—31 & 32 Vict., cap. 122, sec. 37.

Assault—24 & 25 Vict., cap. 100.

Indecency—24 & 25 Vict., cap. 100.

Defilement—48 & 49 Vict., cap. 69, secs. 4 and 5.

Improper Custody—29 & 30 Vict., cap. 118, secs. 14 and 15.

Improper Employment—

In Dangerous Performances—42 & 43 Vict., cap. 34.

In Mines—50 & 51 Vict., cap. 58.

In Factories and Workshops—41 Vict., cap. 16; 49 & 50 Vict., cap. 55.

In Agricultural Gangs—30 & 31 Vict., cap. 130, secs. 4 and 7.

Sent out to Beg—5 Geo. IV., cap. 83.

XXXVIII.—ASSISTANCE OF WIDOWS AND CHILDREN.

The legal provisions mentioned in Section xxxi. and the following sections, show that the cases of persons left destitute at widowhood may fairly be left to the Guardians. Improvidence must carry its own penalty with it, and, if the Poor Law schools do their part in depauperising the children, little can be said against the conditions of assistance, which are comparatively lenient. The Guardians in some Unions relieve widows with out-relief sometimes at a low and apparently insufficient rate, and sometimes at the high scale of 9s. a-week. In other Unions the widow is assisted either in the house, or by the admission to a Poor Law school of so many of her children as she may be unable to support.† Whatever practice is adopted, it is unwise for charity to supplement Poor Law relief, though this may be permissible in certain instances in co-operation with the Guardians and on a prearranged policy for the reduction of out-relief. Generally its effect is to withdraw from charity and to waste a large sum of money which, well disposed of, would be of great use in cases in which charity should rightly undertake the whole responsibility. Clergy and almoners often say they have so many cases to deal with that they cannot do much for any, and they have no money to spare for cases requiring a few pounds. They often relieve parish cases, and distribute their money so that the participators in it may be numerous. They thus injure many by insufficient casual aid and may really assist none. Such charity is but 'saving the rates'—it

The part to be taken by Poor Law and Charity in assisting widows.

* Police Order, Metropolitan Police, March 25, 1889.

† With regard to non-resident relief to widows, see p. xxxv.

is so much added to the pence and shillings which the Guardians might equally well have paid. It degrades charity to the level of Poor Law relief, and assimilates it to it. As a general rule, therefore, the practice should be avoided. The cases of widows in which the Guardians take some of the children into the schools, are exceptions. Sometimes the widow may be able to get her own living with help which the Guardians (*see* p. xxix.) cannot legally give. By intervention in such an instance charity may do a lasting service, especially if some provident plan can be arranged for the applicant's old age.

Widows with young families may be roughly divided into two broad classes:—(1) Where the mother is weak in mind or body, and consequently will always need help in some form until the children can earn money. This class may fairly be left to the Poor Law, in the absence of any special claim arising out of the husband's merits. (2) Where the mother is a person of energy and resource, whom temporary help will enable to support the family. Such a case should be assisted by charity. Special consideration should be given to the antecedents of the husband, though the character of these antecedents should not be taken as a final test. Then every direct and indirect mode of assisting has to be resorted to, such as is indicated in the case quoted on p. lxxi., and in the following:—

Typical case
of charitable
relief to a
widow.

This case had been previously known to the Committee,* and had been assisted by it between two and three years before. When it was referred as a School Board case, the family consisted of a widow with nine children, the three eldest of whom were daughters in service, but not earning enough to assist their mother much. One girl of 14 was in an orphanage. The mother and her five remaining children, aged 16, 12½, 10, 5, and 3, were all living in one small room, almost entirely dependent on the earnings of the one aged 16, a boy who gained 9s. a week. The ill-health of the mother prevented her going out to work. Nearly everything the family possessed was pawned; but, though their distress was very great, they had never applied for parish relief. The Committee placed the girl aged 12½ in a Training Home for Young Servants, from whence, when she is 13, she will be put into a situation. The girl of 10 they tried to place in a school, but her health not being sufficiently good to pass the medical examination required she was sent to a sea-side Convalescent Home for three months, as a lengthened stay at the sea-side was said to be the only thing to prevent her becoming a permanent invalid. The child of five was enabled to attend school. Sufficient things were redeemed from pawn to restore the family to comparative comfort, and some needlework obtained for the mother, who was thus enabled to add a few shillings to the weekly income.

Out-relief,
Poor Law
assistance,
and educa-
tion.

When the parent of a child between 5 and 14 years of age, or the child, receives relief out of the workhouse, by way of weekly and other continuing allowance,† it is a condition of relief that, subject to reasonable excuses,‡ the child should attend school, if the child has not reached the third standard (1876), or is not entitled to take

* South St. Pancras.

† 39 & 40 Vict., c. 79, s. 40 (1876).

‡ For what are reasonable excuses, *see* 'Summary of Law,' &c., published by the London School Board, p. lxxxiii.

full time employment, or is required by the bye-laws of the School Board to attend school.* The Guardians may in such cases give the parent 3*d.* a week, or any less sum, to pay for the child's schooling at a public elementary school chosen by the parent. They are not precluded, however, from allowing additional relief to the parent in consequence of the reduction of the parent's income by loss of the child's earnings. They may also pay for clothing for the child's attendance at school.†

XXXIX.—SUBSCRIPTIONS TO INSTITUTIONS BY GUARDIANS.

The question is frequently asked whether the Guardians can pay subscriptions towards institutions of which they make use, and if so, to what institutions; and it is worth while to quote the sections of the Acts on the subject as they stand, though they include several classes of cases besides those already referred to.

'By 14 & 15 Vict., c. 105, s. 4, the Guardians of any union or parish may, with the consent of the Poor Law Board, pay out of the common fund of such union, or, in the case of a parish, out of the funds in hand of such Guardians, any sum of money as an annual subscription towards the support and maintenance of any public hospital or infirmary for the reception of the sick, diseased, disabled, or wounded persons, or persons suffering from any permanent or natural infirmity.

'The provisions of 14 & 15 Vict., c. 105, s. 4, shall extend to authorise the Guardians, with such consent as is therein mentioned, to subscribe towards any asylum or institution for blind persons, or deaf and dumb persons, or for persons suffering from any permanent or natural infirmity, or towards any association or society for aiding such persons, or for providing nurses, or for aiding girls or boys in service, or towards any other asylum or institution which appears to the Guardians, with such consent as aforesaid, to be calculated to render useful aid in the administration of the relief of the poor.‡

'Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall authorise any subscription to any asylum or institution unless the Local Government Board be satisfied that the paupers under the Guardians have or could have assistance therein in case of necessity.'§

* Bye-laws cannot be made with regard to children above the age of 13, therefore this last proviso will only apply to children under the age of 13.

† See on the whole question, 'The Elementary Education Acts,' 1870 to 1880, by Hugh Owen. Knight & Co., 1881. See especially pp. 290 and 319.

‡ 42 & 43 Vict., c. 54, s. 10. Glen's Archbold, p. 82.

§ It is convenient to refer here to the power of Boards of Guardians, to contract with the proprietors of certain establishments, to send paupers to them. By 12 Vict., c. 13, ss. 1 and 2, the Local Government Board are required from time to time, as they shall see occasion, to 'issue rules, orders, and regulations for the management and government of any house or establishment wherein any poor person shall be lodged, boarded, or maintained, for hire or remuneration, under

XL.—THE SCHOOL BOARD AND THE EDUCATION OF CHILDREN.

The School Board (Victoria Embankment) consists of 50 members, elected triennially in numbers varying from four to seven from the eleven electoral divisions of the City, Chelsea, Finsbury, Greenwich, Hackney, Lambeth, Marylebone, Southwark, Tower Hamlets, Westminster. The local work is entrusted to Divisional and Sub-divisional Committees, under whom serve paid superintendents of visitors. The school fees vary from 1*d.* in some parts of London, to 6*d.* per week. About half the children pay 2*d.*

Free Schools.

A School Board may provide a school at which no fees shall be required from the scholars, if it satisfy the Education Department that, on the ground of the poverty of the inhabitants of any place in their district, it is expedient to do so.*

General responsibilities of parents in regard to the education of their children.

The Education Act of 1876 declares that—‘It shall be the duty of the parent of every child (between the ages of 5 and 14) to cause such child to receive efficient elementary instruction in reading, writing, and arithmetic.’ To ensure the fulfilment of this duty, there are safeguards against the child being employed, unless sufficiently instructed, *i.e.* unless he has passed a certain ‘standard,’ and there are penalties against the parent if the child does not go to school.† The following is a paper published by the London School Board. It puts the requirements of the Board very clearly, and as the compulsory education of the children is a domestic question, sometimes a domestic difficulty, in the households of the poor, and is frequently put forward as a grievance or a claim for help, the almoner should know what the requirements are.‡

any contract or agreement entered into by the proprietor, manager, or superintendent, or on his behalf, with any guardians . . . in like manner and to the same extent as they are empowered to do in the case of any workhouse belonging to any union or parish.’ But this does not apply to lunatic asylums or ‘to any hospital, infirmary, school, or other institution supported by public subscriptions, and maintained for purposes of charity only.’ The Board can also regulate the contracts made with such proprietors and inspect their establishments. The Board have issued an order containing, in accordance with the above Act, ‘regulations for seaside infirmaries for scrofulous cases’; and contracts have been entered into with two establishments at Margate, and one at Rottingdean. (*Cf.* Glen, *Poor Law Statutes*, p. 904, and *Orders*, p. 267.) The order is addressed to, amongst others, the ‘several Unions and separate Parishes of the Metropolis.’

* Education Act, 1870 (33 & 34 Vict., c. 75), s. 26.

† “Parent” includes guardian and everyone who is liable to maintain or has the custody of any child.

‡ For the after education of those who have left school, the Board, have opened two kinds of evening classes: one for elementary instruction, and the other for instruction in advanced subjects. The subjects of instruction are reading, writing, arithmetic, English grammar and composition, English history, geography, &c. The fee is 3*d.* per week. The classes are examined by Government Inspectors, and grant is awarded by result of examination.

The Board have also established advanced evening classes for instruction of science, art, and other advanced subjects, in different parts of the Metropolis.

‘DISTRICT OF THE SCHOOL BOARD FOR LONDON.

‘*Elementary Education Acts of 1870, 1873, 1876, 1880.*

I.—SUMMARY OF THE LAW RELATING TO THE ATTENDANCE AT SCHOOL OF CHILDREN BETWEEN 5 AND 14 YEARS OF AGE, AND TO THE EMPLOYMENT OF SUCH CHILDREN.

A. *As to children between 5 and 13.*

‘A child between 5 and 13 years of age must attend a certified efficient school during the whole time for which such school is open.

‘Exceptions:—

‘(i.) A child between 10 and 13 years of age is not required to attend school for more than five attendances in each week, if such child shall be shown to the satisfaction of the School Board to be beneficially and necessarily employed, and shall have received a certificate from one of Her Majesty’s Inspectors that it has passed the *Third Standard*.

‘(ii.) A child between 10 and 13 years of age is not required to attend school at all, if such child shall have received a certificate from one of Her Majesty’s Inspectors that it has passed the *Sixth Standard*.

‘The following are reasonable excuses for the non-attendance of a child at school:—

‘(a) That the child is under efficient instruction in some other manner.

‘(b) That the child is prevented from attending school by sickness or any unavoidable cause.

‘(c) That there is no public elementary school open which the child can attend within two miles.

‘The parent, or guardian, of any child who ought to attend but does not attend school, is liable upon conviction to a penalty not exceeding, with the costs, five shillings for each offence.

‘Moreover, the employer of any child who ought to attend but does not attend school, is liable to a penalty not exceeding forty shillings for each offence.

‘B. *As to children between 13 and 14.*

‘No person, parent or other, may take into his employment any child between 13 and 14 years of age unless such child (a) shall have obtained a certificate that he has passed the *Fourth Standard*.

Each of these classes is under the superintendence of a teacher, who is responsible for the management and expense of the classes.

By the Technical Instruction Act 1889 local authorities are authorised out of the local rate to supply or aid the supply of technical or manual instruction. The instruction is ‘instruction in the principles of science and art applicable to industries, and in the application of special branches of science and art to specific industries or employments.’ Scholars receiving instruction in the ‘standard’ subjects at elementary schools are excluded.

or (b) shall have made 250 attendances in not more than two schools during each year for five preceding years, whether consecutive or not.

'The employer of a child between 13 and 14 years of age, who has not satisfied one of these two conditions, is liable to a penalty not exceeding forty shillings: and if such child is habitually absent from school, the parent is liable to successive penalties of five shillings each.

'II.—SUMMARY OF THE LAW RELATING TO THE PAYMENT OR REMISSION OF FEES.

'The parent may select the school for his child, and is liable for the payment of the school fee in advance. But if he be unable, from poverty, to pay the school fee, he must apply either to the School Board or to the Guardians of the Poor for the parish where he lives, in conformity with the following regulations:—

'(a) If the parent select a board school, the School Board, on his application, may, if they think fit, remit the school fee: and the parent need not, in this case, apply to the Guardians, unless he is in receipt of parochial relief.

'(b) The Guardians, if satisfied of the poverty of the parent, must pay the school fee, not exceeding 3*d.* a week, of the child, in any public elementary school which the parent may select.

'(c) The payment or remission of the school fee will not subject the parent to any disability.

'28*th* July, 1881.'

The addresses of the School Board Offices in each division are entered in the local lists.

School Man-
agement
Committees.

'The School Board may, if it think fit, from time to time delegate any of their powers under this Act (the Education Act of 1870), except the power of raising money; and, in particular, may delegate the control and management of any school provided by them, with or without conditions or restrictions, to a body of managers appointed by them, consisting of not less than three persons.' Under this clause a large part of the local supervision of the schools in London is carried on. No better work can be undertaken by persons who care for children, and wish to add to the *esprit de corps* and happiness of their school life, and to take part in a most useful piece of local government. At committees at which the question of remission of fees is discussed, an almoner will find many occasions for timely and effective intervention.

XLI.—RESTRICTIONS ON EMPLOYMENT.

In the recent Parliamentary and other inquiries in regard to 'Sweating,' one suggestion has been frequently repeated, that it is desirable to enforce and sometimes, it is added, to extend the

Factory Act. Moreover, as children are so often assistant wage-earners in a family, it may be well to mention some of the legal restrictions on child labour. Cases, too, may come to the knowledge of the almoner, in which there are infringements of the Act in regard also to women and young persons, and these he may think it right to report to the Inspector of Factories.

The employment of labour regulated by the Factory and Workshop Act, 1878, refers to (1) Textile, (2) Non-textile factories, (3) Workshops, (4) Workshops employing no children or young persons, and (5) Domestic workshops.*

Factories and workshops to which the Factory Act applies.

The definitions of the three former terms are as follows:—

'The expression "textile factory" in this Act means—Any premises wherein or within the close or curtilage of which steam, water, or other mechanical power is used to move or work any machinery employed in preparing, manufacturing or finishing, or in any process incident to the manufacture of cotton, wool, hair, silk, flax, hemp, jute, tow, china, glass, cocoanut fibre, or other like material, either separately or mixed together, or mixed with any other material, or any fabric made thereof:

Textile factories.

'Provided that print works, bleaching and dyeing works, lace warehouses, paper mills, flax-scutch mills, rope works, and hat works, shall not be deemed to be textile factories.

'The expression "non-textile" factory in this Act means—

Non-textile factories.

'(1) Any works, warehouses, furnaces, mills, foundries or places named in Part I. of the Fourth Schedule to this Act. [*i.e.* Print works, bleaching and dyeing works, paper mills, flax-scutch mills, earthenware works, lucifer-match works, percussion-cap works, cartridge works, paper-staining works, fustian-cutting works, blast furnaces, copper mills, iron mills, foundries, metal and india-rubber works, glass works, tobacco factories, letter-press-printing works, book-binding works.]

'(2) Also any premises or places named in Part II. of the said Schedule, wherein or within the close, or curtilage, or precincts of which steam, water, or other mechanical power is used, in aid of the manufacturing process carried on there; [*i.e.* hat works, rope works, bakehouses, lace warehouses, ship-building yards, quarries, and pit banks.]

'(3) Also any premises wherein or within the close, or curtilage, or precincts of which any manual labour is exercised by way of trade, or for purposes of gain, in or incidental to the following purposes, or any of them; that is to say—

'(a) In or incidental to the making of any article, or of any part of any article; or

'(b) In or incidental to the altering, ornamenting, or finishing of any article; or

'(c) In or incidental to the adapting for sale of any article,

and wherein or within the close, or curtilage, or precincts of which steam, water, or other mechanical power is used in aid of the manufacturing process carried on there.

'The expression "factory" in this Act means textile factory and non-textile factory or either of such description of factories.

'The expression "workshop" in this Act means—

Workshops.

'(1) Any premises or places named in Part II. of the Fourth Schedule [*see above*] to this Act, which are not a factory within the meaning of this Act.

'(2) Also any premises, room, or place, not being a factory within the meaning of this Act, in which premises, room, or place, or within the close, or curtilage,

* See the Factory and Workshop Act, 1878, with introduction, copious notes, and an elaborate index, by Alexander Redgrave, Esq., C.B., 1886. It is only possible in this 'Introduction' to refer to a few of the leading points of the Act. The reader should consult Mr. Redgrave's book as to further details.

or precincts of which premises, any manual labour is exercised by way of trade or for purposes of gain, in or incidental to the following purposes; that is to say—

'In or incidental to the making, altering, repairing, adapting, etc., of any article [as above], and to which, or over which premises, room, or place, the employer of the persons working therein has the right of access or control.'

Inspectors ;
their powers;
and prosecu-
tions under
the Factory
Act.

It would seem, then, that the whole length and breadth of manufacture is fairly covered by this Act. For the enforcement of the Act there are forty-five inspectors, of whom five are Superintending Inspectors and ten Junior Inspectors for the United Kingdom. In the Metropolis and the counties adjacent to it the districts and inspectors are as follows :*—

Inspectors.
E. Gould, Home Office.

J. A. Redgrave, Home Office.
J. B. Lakeman, Home Office.

C. R. Bowling, Home Office.

Description of Districts.

The Metropolis west of Farringdon Road, with the chief part of Bucks, and parts of Middlesex, Berks, and Oxfordshire.

Counties of Surrey, Kent and Sussex.

The Metropolis east of Farringdon Road to Wapping, then northward to Cambridge Heath, Stamford Hill, thence to Barnet, Hatfield, Watford, Rickmansworth, Tring, West Herefordshire and Middlesex to Willesden, thence to Farringdon Road.

The Metropolis east of Mile End Road to Chelmsford, northward to Buntingford, Hertford, and Bishop Stortford.

And there are junior inspectors acting under the Inspectors of Districts—for the West Metropolitan district, Mr. J. T. Birtwistle; for the Kent, Surrey, and Sussex district, Mr. C. W. Shaw.

The Report of the Chief Inspector, including reports from the District Inspectors, will be found interesting by those who wish to inform themselves in regard to the condition, movements, and usages of trade.

The inspectors may not enter a dwelling-room except on warrant of Secretary of State or of a justice. He may 'enter, inspect and examine at all reasonable times, by day or night, a factory and a workshop and every part thereof when he has reasonable cause to believe that any person is employed therein, and to enter by day any place which he has reasonable cause to believe to be a factory or workshop.' If he has reasonable cause to apprehend obstruction, he may take a constable with him; he may require the production of registers and other papers; and 'he may examine either alone or in the presence of any other person, as he thinks fit, with respect to matters under this Act, any person whom he finds in a factory or workshop, or whom he has reasonable cause to believe to be or to have been employed within the preceding two months.' There are also sanitary provisions.

The report of the Chief Inspector contains a list of the prosecutions under the Act during the previous twelvemonth. Some of

* Report of the Chief Inspector of Factories and Workshops, year ending October, 1887.

the entries are suggestive, and will throw light on the regulations to be quoted in the next paragraph. We take these:

Nature of offence.	Penalty.			Costs.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
'Having on the 27th January and for six months previously, employed a child without certificate of fitness, and after refusal by certifying surgeon	1	10	0	0	4	0
'Having employed the said child without sending her to school, and as a full-timer	1	10	0	0	4	0
'Employing a child of 11 years of age otherwise than in morning and afternoon sets or on alternate days	0	0	6	0	10	6
'Employing male child both before and after one o'clock of same day	0	2	6	1	1	0
'For having employed three young persons after ten of the clock at night on Monday, 7th February	0	7	6	0	13	0
'Having on Sunday the 3rd of April employed three females after the hour of four of the clock	3	0	0	0	12	0
'Having neglected to keep and produce a register of young persons,' &c.	1	0	0	0	4	0

One or two regulations may be noted in regard to (1) certificates of fitness for employment; and (2) employment, meal hours, and prohibitions of employment.

(1) *Certificate of Fitness.*—Persons under the age of 16 cannot be employed beyond seven or, if the certifying surgeon for the district resides more than three miles from the factory, beyond thirteen days, unless the 'occupier' of the factory (or employer) has obtained a certificate of fitness from the certifying surgeon of the district. The certificate includes a statement that the surgeon, by the production of a certificate of birth or other sufficient evidence, has satisfied himself as to the age of the person. If the inspector considers any such person incapacitated for working the full time allowed by law, he may require the employment of the child to be discontinued, unless the certifying surgeon personally examines the child and certifies to his ability.

(2) *Employment and Meal Hours, and Prohibition of Employment.*— Children.
Children (i.e. persons under 14 years of age) may not be employed under the age of 10. After that age they may be employed in morning and afternoon sets or on alternate days only. In the former case the hours are from 6 or 7 A.M. to 1 P.M. or dinner time; or 1 P.M. or dinner time to 6 or 7: in the latter case they may be employed as if they were 'young persons,' but not on two successive days or on the same day in the week in two successive weeks.*

* This statement refers to the employment of children in textile factories; the arrangements differ a little in the case of non-textile factories and workshops. For Saturdays there are special hours for young persons and children.

The parent of the child has to 'cause his child to attend some recognised efficient school,' on either the alternate days, or the alternate mornings or afternoons in which it is not at work. Due allowance is made for reasonable causes of absence as defined in the School Board paper quoted above. These regulations apply to all factories and workshops, excepting of course workshops at which no young persons or children are employed, and domestic workshops.

Each week the occupier of the factory or workshop receives a certificate of attendances from the teacher of the school attended by the child—to be produced to the inspector if required, within the next two months. The child's schooling may be paid weekly by the occupier as a deduction, not exceeding threepence or one-twelfth, from the child's wages.

Every occupier has, within the limits allowed by the Act, to specify in a notice affixed in the factory or workshop, the period of employment, the times allowed for meals, and whether the children are employed on the system of morning and afternoon sets, or of alternate days.

Young
persons and
women.

In the case of young persons and women, the period of employment, inclusive of meal hours, has to be either between 6 A.M. and 6 P.M., or between 7 A.M. and 7 P.M. By a 'young person' is meant 'a person of the age of 14 and under the age of 18 years.' 'Woman' means a woman of 18 years and upwards. A child between the ages of 13 and 14 who has obtained the certificate, or made the attendances required by the Code,* is considered a 'young person.' With some exceptions, a child, young person, or woman, may not be employed on Sunday.

Workshops
in which
neither
children
nor young
persons are
employed.
Women in
workshops.

There remain two kinds of workshops not yet specially referred to, 'workshops' in which neither children nor young persons are employed, and 'domestic workshops.' In the former the period of employment for a woman begins at 6 and ends at 9, and on Saturday 6 to 4. For meals and absence from work is allowed four hours and a half; and on Saturday two hours and a half. A workshop is not deemed to be so conducted unless the occupier serves a notice on the inspector to that effect. A domestic workshop is one 'where persons are employed at home, that is to say, in a private house, room or place, which, though used as a dwelling, is by reason of the work carried on there, a factory or workshop within the meaning of this Act, and in which neither steam, water, nor other mechanical power is used in aid of the manufacturing process carried on there, and in which the only persons employed are members of the same family dwelling there.'†

'Domestic
workshops.'

* See p. lxxxiv. as to children between 13 and 14; and s. 26 of the Factory and Workshop Act.

† Factory and Workshop Act, s. 16.

'Children can only be employed in domestic workshops in the morning and afternoon. They cannot be employed on the alternate day system. The restrictions upon labour, &c., do not apply to women employed in domestic workshops as defined by this section. . . . Workshops coming within the definitions of these two sections* are exempted from the sanitary regulations of the Act, from the fixing actual times for work and meals, and from affixing notices in the workrooms. . . . But they remain under the supervision of the local authority in respect to sanitary condition. They are also precluded from working overtime. The penalties for violation of the regulations of the Act by occupiers of the workshops are much less than is provided in other cases.' †

XLII.—CHILDREN WHO ARE MORALLY NEGLECTED OR REFRACTORY.

The cases which are most difficult to decide upon are those in which the parent does not fulfil his responsibilities, and the choice appears to lie between removing from him a natural obligation, and thus allowing him to expend on his pleasures a larger part of the proceeds of his labour, or sacrificing the future life of the child to the indifference of the parents. The difficulties that surround the question may be indicated by two or three sentences from a recent Report of the Inspector of Reformatory and Industrial Schools:—

Difficulties in dealing with neglected children.

'The law gives full authority to magistrates to force the parent to contribute towards the child's maintenance in our schools, but the abject poverty of the class from which the children are usually drawn, and the difficulties under the Summary Jurisdiction Act of enforcing the collection, contribute to keep down the amount by which the Treasury benefits. . . . I cannot urge too strongly that the parent, whose neglect or bad example have been more to blame in most instances than the special depravity of his child, should be made to share in the punishment, and should not, by being too lightly taxed, be placed in a better position as regards the maintenance and education of his child than men who, equally poor, have been more attentive to their parental duties. The latter has out of his earnings to find food, clothing, and school pence for his children. The former (at the best at a small cost, more frequently for nothing) gets rid of all responsibility with regard to his child, who is better clothed, better fed, and as well educated, and when ready to be discharged from the school of detention finds employment provided for him by the school authorities. Under these circumstances we need not wonder if we find parents frequently driving their children into truancy, so as to qualify for an industrial school, rather than endeavouring to keep them out. For this the only remedy is to make such orders on the parent as will act as a deterrent, and to take care that these orders are rigorously enforced.'

Use and abuse of reformatory and industrial schools.

'Scarcely as many boys go to sea from our ships as we have a right to expect; this is very much due to the action of the parents, who, careless to a culpable degree about their children when they are of an age to be a burden to them, evince an extraordinary affection for them and a great desire to have them at home when they arrive at an age when anything can be gained by their work.'

* Workshops in which children and young persons are not employed, and domestic workshops.

† Redgrave, p. 61.

They, too often, use their influence to prevent their boys following up the life they have been educated for, and throw every obstacle in the way of their going to sea on discharge. Much would be gained if controlling powers could be given to managers of industrial training ships until the lad is seventeen or eighteen years of age.'

The Commissioners on Reformatory and Industrial Schools* draw special attention to the two points touched in this extract. They acknowledge very amply the good results of reformatory and industrial school training. 'The effect of the system of certified schools,' they say, 'has, on the whole, been very satisfactory. They are credited, we believe justly, with having broken up the gangs of young criminals in the larger towns; with having put an end to the training of boys as professional thieves; and with rescuing children fallen into crime from becoming habitual or hardened offenders, while they have undoubtedly had the effect of preventing large numbers of children from entering a career of crime.' They quote figures proving that since 1856, two years after the passing of the first English Reformatory Act, and one year before the first Industrial Schools Act, the number of the juvenile commitments to prison was 13,981; in 1866, 9,356; in 1876, 7,138; and in 1881, 5,483.

Further: 'Whereas in the quinquennial period of 1855-9 one sentence of penal servitude was inflicted to every 7,438 of the population, the proportion has steadily decreased, until in the year 1881 there was only one sentence to 17,028.' Yet some of their principal criticisms have regard to the abuse of powers of committing to industrial schools. 'There is,' they say, 'ample testimony to the fact that this power has been largely abused, often from benevolent motives, sometimes because of the facilities afforded by the law to parents to get rid of the burden of their children's support and education by throwing it upon the industrial school system.' Mr. Duffus's evidence on this point is worth quoting.

'Mr. Duffus, representing the Aberdeen Parochial Board, told us that they "are alarmed at the facility with which parents divest themselves of their children, and get them into these schools," not regarding this as any disgrace, but talking of the school as "a seminary that their children have been fortunate enough to get into." And indeed, on the evenings of the annual social meeting, they take their acquaintances there to point out with satisfaction their children. Mr. Duffus stated that parents regard the reformatory in a different light, and would struggle hard to prevent their children being sent to one, but they look upon the industrial school "just as a hospital (*i.e.* endowed school) for them"—although, from the feeling of the people of Scotland in regard to pauperism, they would "struggle long and hard before they would be subjected to taking relief from the poor rates."'

The lightness of the pressure of parental responsibility may be further tested by the following figures. There are 56 reformatory schools, and there were under detention 5,180 boys and 947 girls on December 31, 1887. There were in 1887, 1,456 admissions; 1,227 boys, 229 girls. In 381 cases the parents were excused payment on account of poverty; in 690, they were directed

* Reformatory and Industrial School Commission 1883.

to contribute from 6*d.* to 5*s.* a week. These figures, compared with five years ago, show a decrease of 274 under 'detention,' an increase of 28 in 'payments excused,' and a decrease of 133 in parents required to contribute. The reformatory schools cost £120,836 (a decrease, as compared with 1882, of £13,368), which was met (besides other receipts) by the Treasury allowance of £80,995; voluntary subscriptions, £4,176; and payments by parents, £4,854: a decrease of £952 as compared with 1882; and £514 as compared with 1886.

There were (December 31, 1887) 143 industrial schools, to which 3,165 boys and 866 girls were admitted; 65 boys and 23 girls more than the year before. The Treasury allowance was £181,892; voluntary subscriptions, £32,123; payments by parents, £15,078; being a decrease of £1,815 as compared with 1882, and of £952 as compared with 1886.

The Commissioners propose checks—(1) by way of alternatives to committal, (2) by prolonged control over children, and (3) by a better system of enforcing payments from parents. As to (1), they write:—'For slight offences the only alternative to the reformatory or industrial school is a fine or imprisonment; and as the fine falls on the child, who is unable, while the parent is often unwilling, to pay it, this sentence frequently involves imprisonment. Thus the only option left to the magistrate is either to let the child go unpunished, or to commit it to an industrial school, a reformatory, or a prison. We agree with numerous witnesses in recommending that, in all cases of offences by children, the magistrate should have the following alternatives open to him in place of these often inappropriate forms of punishment; namely—

Proposed alternatives to the committal of children to Industrial and Reformatory Schools.

The power to order boys under 14 to be whipped;

Or to impose a fine (with imprisonment in default) on the parent;

Or to take security from the parent for the good behaviour of the child.

There should also be power to compel the attendance of the parent in court.' They suggest that boarding-out might be applied in cases of many of the children who are orphans or deserted and are now sent to industrial schools. They suggest also the repeal of the 16th section (*see* p. xcv.) of the Industrial Schools Act that refers to 'refractory children.'

With regard to the control of parents over children sent to reformatory and industrial schools, they say that—

Proposed increase of age of control over children sent to Reformatory and Industrial Schools.

'There is abundance of evidence that the age of 16 is full of danger to boys, and still more, perhaps, to girls emancipated from the care of these institutions. At that age they are too apt to be dragged back into vice or crime by evil influences, frequently those of their own parents, to the destruction of the good work effected at great pains and expense. A parent who has allowed his child to

fall into evil ways, and who has shown little or no parental interest in its welfare during the earlier years of its detention, and has, perhaps, evaded the duty of contributing to its support, will often awaken to a keen interest in it as the moment approaches when it will be free from restraint, and has attained an age at which its earnings will be an acceptable addition to the family resources. Such a parent has, in our opinion, forfeited any right to exert over the child an authority more properly belonging to the managers of the school which has been undoing the evil effects of parental neglect, and fulfilling the duties which the parent had failed to perform in the education and training of his child.'

Their recommendation on this head is:—

'The managers' control should continue for two years after expiration of sentence, provided that, in the case of reformatory school inmates who are then over 19, such control should cease at 21; and while the original detention should not be prolonged beyond the term of sentence, licenses should be renewable till the date when the control ceases, with a power of revocation not leading to a longer detention than may be necessary to give a fresh start.'

Proposals
for reform
as to re-
covery of
contribu-
tions from
parents.

As to the recovery of payments, the Commissioners show that, taking the average cost per head at reformatories at 7s. 6d. to 8s. per week, or £19. 10s. or £20. 16s. a year, the parents' average share of the burden is about £1 a year, or five per cent. At industrial schools the cost per head is taken at 7s. to 7s. 6d. a week, or £18. 5s. or £19. 10s. a year, and the parents' average share of the burden (including the parochial board payments in Scotland) is a little more than £1, or five per cent.

Since the Summary Jurisdiction Act, 1879, 'parents' contributions and the costs of a complaint to a court for non-payment have been deemed to be "civil debts" recoverable under that Act, i.e. by means of distress warrants.' These are so harsh a method, that there is general disinclination on the part of magistrates to issue them; and 'where they have been unsuccessfully resorted to, the difficulty of proving that the defaulter has the means to pay is so great, that the power to imprison in such cases (section 35) is practically useless.' Sir James Ingham, the Chief Metropolitan Police Magistrate, said:—

'I should like to have a word to say about the unwillingness of the magistrates to send to an industrial school. You know the sixth section of the Summary Jurisdiction Act has, in effect, made the parents absolutely irresponsible. For my own part, I have a very great objection to send a boy to an industrial school, unless it is absolutely necessary, on account of the absolute irresponsibility of the parent. I should treat the parent most severely, and if I found that the child was left running about the streets, in consequence of the gross negligence or the immorality of the parent, I should strike at the parent boldly; I would not even treat him as he was treated before this sixth section was passed. I should treat him with hard labour and great severity. It seems to me a scandalous thing that the wickedest the parent the greater relief he should get. The wicked parents are absolutely relieved from the burden of maintaining their children, and that burden is cast upon others. That is a state of things which I think ought not to be permitted for a moment, and I am quite sure that you would find those magistrates who now object to sending children to an industrial school, much more ready to obey the law, if they felt that the parents did not escape.'

On this head the Commission recommend that the Guardians should be the payers and collectors of all sums due for the maintenance of children in these schools. Their words are—

Proposed
financial
arrange-
ments,

‘In the case of industrial schools, day industrial schools, and truant schools,

‘(a) The discontinuance of the present contributions from quarter sessions and town councils,* and of direct contributions from school boards, and the substitution of a contribution from the Guardians for every child, on the following scale per week :—

7s. 6d. for refractory pauper children committed on the representation of the Guardians.

2s. 6d. for cases under detention in industrial schools or truant schools.

2s. for children in district industrial schools.

‘(b) The collection and detention of parents’ payments by the Guardians, as a set-off against the above contributions.

‘(c) The payment to the Guardians by the School Board of the difference between the amount received from the Treasury and parents’ contributions, and the amount necessary for the maintenance of child.

‘(d) The Guardians to have power of occasional inspection.

‘(e) The Court should make two orders, the one on the Guardians at the time of committal, the other on the parent, fixing the amount of his payment.

‘(f) The liabilities of the Guardians and parent for their respective payments should commence from the date of committal.

‘(g) The Court should have power to increase the amount of the parents’ payment, upon the Guardians’ application and proof of change in the parents’ circumstances.’

It is clear from all this that the difficulty that is found in the administration of the Poor Law reasserts itself in a very grave form in connection with reformatory and industrial schools. Parents are unscrupulous and ready to secure any small advantage in the battle of life. Any provision of relief by the State must be in part punitive or repellent, or it will be too readily accepted. If the State, with its legal powers of exacting payment, is unable to cope with the difficulty of enforcing parental obligations, charity is weaker still, and her interference in these cases is often productive of evil without any redeeming feature. Also, while there is this vast State machinery for dealing with this class of cases, charity, as in its co-operation with the Poor Law, should leave to it its proper work, and should restrict itself to the exceptional case, which it would be unjust to treat as one of the mass, or which cannot be included in the terms of the

* The authority would now in London be the County Council.

Acts. Thus guarding itself, charity may find it well to help parents whose children require for a short period special discipline or training, by obtaining their admission to homes. Many homes for various classes are mentioned in the Register.

A typical case of admission to a home wrongly given.

The following is an instance of the cases for which, we think, admission to homes is frequently wrongly obtained, but in which if anything should be done, it should be done by the means provided by the State. Two girls, 11 and 8 years of age, whose mother is dead and whose father can earn 30*s.* a week when in work, are utterly uncared for. The parents have never received parish relief. There are four uncles, aged 21, 19, 16, 14; all but the last are occupied, and earn 30*s.*, 20*s.*, and 6*s.* respectively. None of them are married. There are four aunts: one a servant earning 5*s.* a week; one a nurse earning the same sum; one a rag and bone dealer; and one a mission woman. The earnings of the two latter cannot be ascertained. The aunt who is a servant has one of the children, but her mistress will not allow her to keep the child any longer. The father is very often out of work, and even when he is in work the home is wretched, and the influence on the young children is most injurious. To take these children from a family whose weekly earnings amount to 66*s.*, excluding those whose earnings are not stated—while the father, if he keeps steady, can earn 30*s.* a week—appears to us a doubtful kindness. Either the father and family should be induced to support them, placing them with neighbours, or providing for them in some other way, or the School Board or some public authority should interfere. The interest which charitable people take in such cases leads the relations to expect help. In this instance the children were placed in a home for some time, the father promising to contribute. But the contributions soon ceased, and the children without payment could not be kept at the home, and they were thus summarily thrown on the hands of the person who had taken up the case, who had no means of continuing to pay for them. What then are the conditions of the assistance granted by law? They will be found in the three following sections.

XLIII.—CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

For whom certified industrial schools are intended.

These are schools in which ‘industrial training is provided, and in which children are lodged, clothed, and fed, as well as taught.’ Their rules have to be approved by the Secretary of State, and they are under the inspection of the Home Office. Reformatory schools (*see* p. xcvi.) are for children between the ages of 10 and 16 who have been convicted of an offence punishable with penal servitude or imprisonment. Industrial schools are for children ‘apparently’ under 14, exposed to vice and crime. A child may not be detained in such a school beyond the age of 16, except with his own consent

in writing. In the Industrial Schools Act, four classes are specifically mentioned.* (1.) A child—

‘Found begging or receiving alms (whether actually or under the pretext of selling or offering anything for sale), or being in any street or public place for the purpose of so begging or receiving alms :

‘Found wandering, and not having any home or settled place of abode, or proper guardianship, or visible means of subsistence ;

‘Found destitute, either being an orphan or having a surviving parent who is undergoing penal servitude or imprisonment ;

‘Frequenting the company of reputed thieves.’

To these are added by the Industrial Schools Amendment Act of 1880 (43 & 44 Vict. c. 15, s. 1)—

‘A child lodging, living, or residing with common or reputed prostitutes, or in a house resided in or frequented by prostitutes for the purposes of prostitution ;

‘Or that frequents the company of prostitutes.’

Any person may bring before two justices or a magistrate any child, apparently under the age of 14 years, that comes under any of the above descriptions.

If the magistrate finds that the child does in fact come under one of these descriptions, and he thinks it expedient to deal with him under the Act, he may send him to a certified industrial school.

The other classes of children that may be dealt with under the Act are—

(2) A child apparently under 12 years of age who is ‘charged before two justices or a magistrate with an offence punishable by imprisonment or a less punishment, but has not been convicted in England of felony or in Scotland of theft.’ The magistrate may order the child to be sent to an industrial school—‘regard being had to his age and the circumstances of the case.’

Child-offenders under 12 years of age.

(3) A child apparently under the age of 14 brought before the magistrate by his parent, step-parent, or guardian, who represents that he is unable to control him and desires him to be sent to an industrial school. In this case the magistrate may deal with the child under the Act, if on inquiry he is satisfied that it is expedient to do so.

Children beyond control or ‘refractory.’

(4) A child apparently under the age of 14 in a workhouse or pauper school, or in a district pauper school, who is represented by the Board of Guardians or School Board of Management or Parochial Board as being refractory, or the child of parents either of whom has been convicted of a crime or an offence punishable with penal servitude or imprisonment. In this case the magistrate may give a similar order, if he thinks it expedient.

Children in Poor Law schools under 14.

* 29 & 30 Vict., c. 118.

Arrangements for sending child, etc.

The order must (in England) be made by two or more justices in petty sessions, or a stipendiary magistrate, or the Lord Mayor or an alderman of the city of London.

Under other Acts also authorities may send children to industrial schools.

Thus (5) by the Prevention of Crime Act (34 & 35 Vict. c. 112), s. 14, any children of a woman convicted of crime, or against whom a previous conviction of a crime is proved, may be sent to an industrial school by a magistrate, under the Industrial Schools Act, if they are under 14 years of age, and under her control and care at the time of her conviction for the last of such crimes, and if they have no visible means of subsistence, or are without proper guardianship.

(6) Children may also be sent to industrial schools on non-attendance orders under the Education Act of 1870.

It is not necessary that the school to which the child is sent should be within the jurisdiction of the justices or magistrate that make the order.

The order must specify the time for which the child is to be detained at the school; but it cannot extend beyond the time when the child reaches the age of 16. A school conducted in accordance with the child's religious persuasion, which is entered on the order, must be chosen. If such a school is not chosen, the 'parent, step-parent, guardian,' or if there be none of these, 'the god-parent or nearest adult relative,' may object, and upon proof being forthcoming in regard to the child's religious persuasion, the child may then be sent to another school. The application to the magistrate must, however, be made either before the child has been sent to a certified industrial school, or within thirty days of his arrival at such a school. The applicant must also show that the managers of the school he names are willing to receive the child.

At the school the child has religious instruction from a minister of his own persuasion.

Pending inquiry or the choice of a home, the magistrate may order that the child be detained for not more than seven days in the workhouse of the Union where he was found a resident. The expense of conveyance to the school is defrayed by the police authorities.

Placing out children sent to industrial schools on license.

At the school the managers may arrange that the child be lodged at the dwelling of his parent or of any trustworthy or respectable person, while they teach, train, clothe, and feed him as if he were in the school itself. If they do this, they must report it to the Secretary of State. After 18 months of the detention they may allow him to lodge with any trustworthy or respectable person to whom they give a license for this purpose. This license must be renewed every three months. A child 'placed out on license' may

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be apprenticed, though the period of detention may not have expired. To be apprenticed he must have conducted himself during his absence from the school.

The offences of a child punishable by law while he is liable to be detained at an industrial school, and whether he be lodging at the school or not, are these :—

Liability of children at industrial schools.

(1) If, being apparently above 10 years of age, he wilfully neglects and wilfully refuses to conform to the rules of the school, he may on summary conviction be imprisoned for not less than 14 days and not more than three months, with or without hard labour; and he may subsequently be sent to a certified reformatory school.

(2) If he escapes from school or neglects to attend thereat, he may be apprehended without warrant, brought before a magistrate, and sent, at the expense of the school managers, to be detained at the school until his time expires.

(3) Should the child convicted of this offence be apparently above 10 years of age, he may, instead of being sent back to school, be punished as above (1).

For the custody and maintenance of children, grants are made from the Treasury. In the case of children sent on the application of their parents, step-parents, or guardians, the Government grant cannot exceed 2s. per head per week. The parents are liable, if of sufficient ability, to pay 5s. a week; and if this sum is not paid, on the complaint of the Inspector of Industrial Schools, his agent or a constable acting on his directions, the magistrate may require its payment, or that of any less sum which he may think fit, to the inspector or his agent, for a specific time or until further order. When the amount of the payment ordered exceeds the amount paid in respect of any child by the Treasury, the balance is paid to the school managers.

Parents' payments.

A person cannot be detained in a certified industrial school beyond the age of 16, except with his own consent in writing.

The Secretary of State may order the transfer of a child from one industrial school to another.

XLIV.—REFORMATORY SCHOOLS.

The conditions of admission to reformatory schools are these :— The offender must be, in the opinion of the magistrate before whom he is charged, less than 16 years of age. He must have been convicted of an offence punishable with penal servitude or imprisonment. He may then be sentenced to imprisonment for ten days or longer, and subsequently sent to a reformatory school for as many as five and not less than two years.

Conditions of admission to reformatory schools.

A child of less than 10 years of age cannot be sent to a reformatory unless he has been previously charged with an offence punishable with penal servitude and imprisonment, or sentenced by a

Judge of Assize or Court of General or Quarter Sessions. There are provisions in regard to reformatory schools similar to those in the Industrial Schools Act, relating to the religious persuasion of the child, placing him out on license, his apprenticeship, &c. &c.

XLV.—THE SCHOOL BOARD AUTHORITIES AND INDUSTRIAL AND TRUANT SCHOOLS.*

Powers of School Board in regard to neglected children.

It is best probably to refer to the School Board authorities in the first instance in cases of the habitual neglect of children. 'If,' says the Education Act of 1876 (39 & 40 Vict., c. 79, s. 11), 'either (1) the parent of any child above the age of 5 years who is under this Act (*see* p. lxxxiii.) prohibited from being taken into full time employment, habitually and without reasonable excuse neglects to provide efficient elementary instruction for his child; or (2) any child is found habitually wandering, or not under proper control, or in the company of rogues, vagabonds, disorderly persons, or reputed criminals; it *shall* be the duty of the local authority, after due warning to the parent of such child, to complain to a court of summary jurisdiction.' The local authority is the School Board.

Attendance orders.

The magistrate may then make an attendance order, and if the child does not go to school the parent is fined 5s.; or if he has used all reasonable effort to get the child to school, the child may be sent to a day industrial school, or to a certified industrial school. If there is further non-compliance there are further similar penalties. By the 13th section of the Act, if the School Board 'are informed by any person of any child in their jurisdiction who is stated by that person to be *liable to be ordered* by a court under this Act to attend school, or to be sent under this Act or the Industrial Schools Act, 1866, to an industrial school, it shall be the duty of the School Board 'to take proceedings under this Act or the Industrial Schools Act, 1866, unless' the Board 'think it is inexpedient to take such proceedings.' If, then, any almoner or district visitor finds a child habitually away from school or neglected, he should write to the superintendent of the visitors in that division of the School Board.

Industrial schools of the London School Board.

At Lady Day 1889 the School Board for London had under their management three industrial schools, viz.:—Brentwood (100 places), the ship 'Shaftesbury' (500 places), and the Upton House Truant School (140 places). They have also 740 places reserved for the use of the Board in schools under voluntary management. At the above date there were, altogether, 2,567 children in industrial schools who had been sent at the instance of the Board.

Short detention useful in truant cases.

There is one advantage in putting the School Board in motion, viz.: that, whereas by the Industrial Schools Act a child is not

* *See* The Elementary Education Acts, 1870 to 1880, by Hugh Owen; *see* especially pp. 254 *et seq.*

allowed to have a license to live outside the home until 18 months have expired, a child sent on the representation of the School Board can receive a license any time after one month's stay at the school.*

'It is desirable,' say the Royal Commission on Reformatory and Industrial Schools, 'that children whose only offence has been truancy, either by their own fault or that of their parents, or who are unable by poverty to attend school, should be dealt with by terms of short duration in schools other than the reformatory and industrial schools.'

Truant
Schools.

Of the truant schools above referred to there are ten in all in the United Kingdom. They have been very successful where, as at Upton House, penal treatment, such as solitary confinement, is not resorted to, and where there is 'a shortened term of detention, amounting now, as a general rule, to about two months, or in a case of revocation of license, to about three months. 'The essential features of the system seem to be a temporary deprivation of liberty, subjection to the regular hours and discipline of the establishment, daily schooling, plenty of drill, some industrial occupation, and very little play.' 'The results at the truant school at Upton House, to which since November 6, 1878, all the worst cases of truancy among Protestant boys in the voluntary and Board schools of the Metropolis have been sent, are remarkable. Of 658 boys, 627 were licensed after an average absence from home of ten weeks and two days. In 252 cases the licenses were revoked, 204 boys were licensed a second time, and of these second licenses only 92 had to be revoked; 40 boys were licensed a third time, half of whom had their license revoked, and were transferred, with some of the other unsuccessful cases, making 92 in all, to ordinary industrial schools.

'In 1888 (to May) the percentage of possible attendance with these boys was 92·69.

'The subsequent attendances of the boys who had been truants have been considerably better than the average attendance of the other boys of the London Board schools.'

The question, indeed, is the same in schools of all kinds—the question of training *versus* beating. Mr. J. T. Kilner, of the Huddersfield Union, at a Poor Law Conference at Wakefield, in a paper on the treatment of workhouse children, put it as follows:—

Allow me to illustrate the treatment of an untractable child. His age is 8. He is a liar and a thief, has twice or three times attempted to set fire to his house, has been turned out of several schools, has killed a cat and a parrot, and is most incorrigible. Beating has no effect on him, his mother and his relatives are afraid of him, and no one can control him. Such is the problem placed before Mr. Steel at the Westminster Police Court by an anxious mother. Mr. Steel, however, could not answer the question, and merely suggested beating, beating

* 39 & 40 Vict., c. 79, s. 15. See Elementary Education Acts, 1870 to 1880 by Sir Hugh Owen, p. 262.

beating. Sir Edwin Chadwick says, 'I sent the statement of the case to Mr. Marshland, the superintendent of the district half-time school at Anerley, and asked for his observations on the case. I give his answer to it: "There needs no human Rarey to deal with a boy of this sort. Place him in better surroundings, give him no time to steal, ask him no questions for some time, and his habits of lying and stealing will die a natural death much quicker than by any amount of beating. Quite lately I had a boy with an inveterate habit of getting up in the night time, and stealing from the clothes of his schoolfellows who slept in the same dormitory. I put him through an extra course of gymnastics before going to bed, and tired nature improved his moral nature. My remedy for a bad habit is to fill up boys' waking time with thoughts and actions of as pleasant a nature as possible, and with such a genial supervisor that the delight he takes in his new life leaves no room for his old life, and then send him to bed too tired to talk or do anything but go to sleep. Systematic and constant employment of time, made as pleasant as possible, never fails to alter and improve what are called incorrigible boys.'"

Certified day
industrial
schools.

Besides these schools, certified day industrial schools may be established if owing to the circumstances of any class of the population in any school the district Secretary of State thinks them desirable for the proper training and control of the children. In such schools industrial training, elementary education, and one or more meals a day, but not lodging, are provided.* There are 16 certified day industrial schools in the United Kingdom, but at present none in the Metropolis.

Children who may be sent to industrial schools under the Industrial Schools Act may, under 'an order of detention' be sent, at the discretion of the court, to a certified day industrial school, if they are under 14 and found begging or receiving alms, &c. (*see* p. xciv.); or frequenting the company of thieves; or, being under 12, are charged with an offence punishable by imprisonment or any less punishment, but not convicted in England or Ireland of felony, in Scotland of theft; or, being under 14 and under the care of a parent, are refractory (*see* p. xcv.). They may also be sent under an attendance order, or if they have not complied with an attendance order.† The child is then detained daily during school hours, but he cannot be kept in this detention beyond three years or beyond the age of 14.

The certified day industrial schools are supported by grants from the School Board, by grants from the Treasury of not more than 1s. a head per week, and (where a child is sent by a court of summary jurisdiction, otherwise than by an attendance order) by contributions from the parents of not more than 2s. per week. If the parent is unable to pay, the Guardians, if satisfied of his inability to do so, 'shall give him sufficient relief to pay the said sum.' Children are also received into day industrial schools without any attendance order upon the request of a local authority, and of the parent of a child. The parent then pays not less than 1s. a week, and the Treasury may pay not more than 6d. per week for the child.

* Education Act, 39 & 40 Vict., c. 79, s. 16.

† Order in Council, art. 12; *see* Owen, pp. 264, 568.

XLVI.—THE BLIND, DEAF AND DUMB: THE POWERS OF THE GUARDIANS.

The Royal Commission on the condition of the Blind, the Deaf, and Dumb, &c., in their recently published report (1889) write:—

‘The blind, deaf and dumb, and the educable class of imbeciles form a distinct group, which, if left uneducated, become not only a burden to themselves, but a weighty burden to the State. It is the interest of the State to educate them, so as to dry up as far as possible the minor streams which ultimately swell the great torrent of pauperism. Indigence is found to exist in the great majority of the cases of persons so afflicted.’ An inquiry made by the Commission shows that out of 5,848 blind persons no less than 4,605 declare their inability to maintain themselves without charitable assistance, while only 959 state that they can so maintain themselves; 3,282 state that they earn nothing at all. ‘It cannot be said that they are as a rule impoverished by any fault of their own; to deal with them, therefore, liberally in such matters as education or outdoor relief cannot be viewed as offering any reward to vice, folly, or improvidence. They are as distinct from the “pauper” in the ordinary sense as the “pauper” is distinct from the “criminal.” . . . Their education is more expensive than that of ordinary children, and in many instances (especially in rural districts) necessitates the expense of both education and maintenance. Fear has been expressed that, if their education were undertaken by the State, the effect might be to diminish that generous benevolence which has already done so much for them in this country. When it is remembered how much remains to be done for them, it is obvious that, even if such aid be given, there will still be room for the action of private benevolence, which experience shows to be often stimulated rather than discouraged by State aid when judiciously given.’

We take from the report the following note in regard to the prevention of blindness:—*

It is stated that ‘a frequent cause of blindness is the inflammation of the eyes of new-born infants, which can be prevented, and, if taken in time, cured. It has been found by the Ophthalmological Society that 30 per cent. of the inmates of asylums (*i.e.* schools for the blind) are blinded from purulent ophthalmia in early life; and about 7,000 persons in the United Kingdom have lost their sight from that cause.’ Dr. Glascott states:—

The prevention of blindness.

‘It has been distinctly proved in the large maternity and foundling hospitals of the Continent that the percentage of cases of purulent ophthalmia in the new-born can be materially diminished by simply cleansing the eyes of all children with clean water as soon as they are born. More recently the number of sufferers has been further diminished by the use of antiseptics, such as weak solutions of

* The almoner will find the papers of the Society for the Prevention of Blindness of use.

boracic or salicylic acid, a two-per-cent. solution of carbolic acid, however, giving the best results. As a further development of the preventive plan of treatment, the method of Cr  d   has been introduced. It has the merit of being extremely simple, and very efficient. It consists in washing the infant's eyes with pure water as soon as it is born, and then by means of a drop-tube instilling a single drop of two-per-cent. solution of nitrate of silver into the eyes. This simple method of prevention should be known to, and carried out by, every midwife in the country, and what is more, parents should insist upon its being done.'

Powers of
Guardians,
&c., as to the
blind and
deaf and
dumb.

The legal responsibilities of parents and children in the case of blind persons are those of the ordinary law as fixed by the 43 Q. Eliz., c. 2 (*see* p. xxxviii.). That Act refers to the blind specifically, but not to the deaf and dumb.* Unless they be classified as 'impotent' they must, it would seem, find their place under the general category of 'other poor persons not able to work.'

The powers of the Guardians are set forth in the following Acts :—

(1) 4 & 5 Will. IV., c. 76, s. 56, excludes a blind or deaf and dumb wife, or child under 16, from the general law that relief given to such wife or child is to be considered as given to the husband or father. The effect of this is that the parent does not become a pauper (*see* p. xxv.) by relief given to such wife or child. He is liable to pay for her if he has the means, but the relief is not relief to him so as to make him removable. The words are :—

'And be it further enacted, that from and after the passing of this Act all relief given to or on account of the wife, or to or on account of any child or children under the age of 16, not being blind or deaf and dumb, shall be considered as given to the husband of such wife, or to the father of such child or children, as the case may be, and any relief given to or on account of any child or children under the age of 16 of any widow shall be considered as given to such widow.' Nothing in the Act is, however, to discharge relations responsible under 43 Eliz., c. 2, of that responsibility.

(2) The Guardians (*see* p. lxviii.) may, under 25 & 26 Vict., c. 43, ss. 1 & 10 (1862), send a child to any certified school—*i.e.* any institution for the instruction of the blind, deaf, dumb, lame, deformed, or idiotic, but not a certified reformatory school. But the child must be an orphan or deserted by his or her parents or surviving parent, or one whose parents or surviving parent shall consent to the sending of such child to the said school.

And by 45 & 46 Vict., c. 58, s. 13 (1882), the Guardians may 'pay the reasonable expenses incurred in the maintenance, clothing, and education of such child whilst in such school, to an amount

* The wording of the statute is: 'The father and grandfather, and the mother and grandmother, and the children of every poor, old, blind, and impotent person, or other person not able to work, being of sufficient ability, shall, at their own charges, relieve and maintain every such poor person, in that manner, and according to that rate, as shall be assessed by the justices; upon pain that every one of them shall forfeit twenty shillings for every month which they shall fail therein.'

not exceeding such rate of payment as may be sanctioned by the Local Government Board for pauper children sent to such school,' anything contained in the 25 & 26 Vict., c. 43, notwithstanding.

'The Local Government Board sanctions six shillings as the weekly sum to be paid for each child under the above provision.'*

(3) The Guardians may, by 31 & 32 Vict. (1868), c. 122, s. 42, 'with the approval of the Local Government Board, send any poor deaf and dumb or blind child to any school fitted for the reception of such child, *though such school shall not have been certified* under 25 & 26 Vict., c. 43.'

(4) By 30 & 31 Vict., c. 106, s. 21 (1867), 'the Guardians may provide for the reception, maintenance, and instruction of any adult pauper, being blind or deaf and dumb, in any hospital or institution established for the reception of persons suffering under such infirmities, and may pay the charges incurred in the conveyance of such pauper to and from the same, as well as those incurred in his maintenance, support, and instruction therein.'

(5) By 42 & 43 Vict., c. 54, s. 10 (1879) (*see* p. lxxxi.), the Guardians may 'subscribe towards any asylum or institution for blind persons, or for deaf and dumb persons,' if the Local Government Board be satisfied that the paupers under the Guardians have, or could have, assistance therein in case of necessity.

In reply to the Royal Commission on the Blind, the Local Government Board state that 'in their opinion it is competent to the Guardians to send to a suitable school a deaf and dumb or blind child whose parent, though poor, may not be a pauper in receipt of relief. The approval of this Board is, however, necessary to the sending of the child unless the school has been certified under 25 & 26 Vict., c. 43 (*see* s. 43 of the 31 & 32 Vict., c. 122). Moreover it appears to the Board that, having regard to s. 56 of the 4 & 5 Will. IV., c. 76, relief given to or on account of a deaf and dumb or blind child is not relief to the father of such child. The Board may add that the power given to the Guardians in this matter should, of course, only be exercised when the parent is unable to pay for the child's maintenance, education, &c., in the school.'

The question so often asked—whether the Guardians can assist a blind or deaf and dumb child, whose parent is not a pauper—is thus finally and absolutely answered.

XLVII.—THE BLIND, DEAF AND DUMB: THE PROVISION MADE BY THE SCHOOL BOARD.

There is, generally speaking, such insufficient means for educating and training these children, that every opportunity should be taken for turning to account the permissive powers of the Guardians

* Glen's Archbold, p. 291.

and the machinery of the School Board. In this way, by degrees, a distribution of work between these bodies and the charities may be effected.

Provision
for Blind,
Deaf and
Dumb, by
School
Boards.

‘ There shall be provided for every school district a sufficient amount of accommodation in public elementary schools (1) available for all the children resident in such district for whose elementary education efficient and suitable provision is not otherwise made; and where there is an insufficient amount of such accommodation, in this Act referred to as “public school accommodation” the deficiency shall be supplied in manner provided by this Act.’ This is the 5th clause of the Education Act of 1870, on the supply of schools; and it is held that though not specially referred to, the blind, deaf, and dumb—indeed all children for whose elementary education there is insufficient, inefficient, or unsuitable provision—are included. Hence many School Boards have taken care to provide for these children.

The School Board for London has established 18 principal centres for the instruction of blind and partially blind children. At these centres 132 children at present attend. A list of the School Board schools at which blind children are taught will be found in the Register. The child attends a school near its residence for ordinary work, and goes to one of the centres for special instruction. The only fee is that of the school where the child is registered. It ranges from 1*d.* to 6*d.* There is a superintendent and five teachers. There are eight Gardner Scholarships for blind children attending public elementary schools in the district of the Board.

For the instruction of the deaf and dumb there are now five centres. The addresses of these will be found in the Register. The fees charged are 2*d.* a week. About 286 children are on the books. There is a superintendent, 8 pupil teachers, 4 ex-pupil teachers, and 24 assistant instructors. The teaching is on the oral system. So far as it can be arranged no teacher has more than ten children under instruction. The arrangements for the attendance of children is similar to those for the blind. The superintendents of visitors send to the central office of the Board lists of the names and addresses of deaf children. They are then, if found suitable, sent to the nearest centre of instruction.

An almoner, on hearing of a blind or a deaf and dumb child who does not go to school, should communicate with the superintendent of the School Board visitors in the division, or with the clerk of the School Board, Victoria Embankment, E.C.

XLVIII.—THE METROPOLITAN ASYLUMS BOARD.

As the charge of idiots and imbeciles and harmless lunatics is in London entrusted to the Metropolitan Asylums Board, who have

also powers in regard to the supply of accommodation for the sick—the subject to which we pass next—it is convenient to state here the constitution of that Board. The Metropolitan Asylums Board was established under the Metropolitan Poor Act, 1867. The Local Government Board were empowered to combine into districts ‘unions or parishes, or unions and parishes’ in the Metropolis for the provision of asylums ‘for the reception and relief of the sick, insane or infirm, or other class or classes of the poor chargeable in unions or parishes in the Metropolis.’ Accordingly in May of that year the Board formed the Metropolis into one asylum district, under a board of management of 45 elective and nominated managers. The former are elected by the Guardians; the latter, 15 in number, appointed by the Local Government Board. Elected members must be rated to the poor-rate within the asylum district upon a net annual value of not less than £40. They serve for three years. The Board has under its supervision the training ship ‘Exmouth’ (*see* p. lxviii.); four asylums—two for harmless lunatics, the asylums at Leavesden and Caterham, and two for imbeciles, the Darenth Adult Asylum and the Darenth Idiot School; six district hospitals, two hospital ships, and three ambulance stations, with three wharves and a river ambulance service. It has also had at Gore Farm a convalescent hospital for smallpox patients (*see* p. cxiii.).

XLIX.—LUNATICS.*

The almoner may in the course of his work have occasion to deal with cases of lunatic persons above the pauper class, for which he may desire to find accommodation. Or he may have to make arrangements for cases of pauper lunatics, and cases of lunatics wandering at large.

(1) *Non-pauper Lunatics*.—The Commissioners in Lunacy (19 Whitehall Place) are a central board of supervision in regard to the care and maintenance of lunatics. There are, besides the provision made for harmless lunatics by the Metropolitan Asylums Board, to be referred to below, licensed houses, unlicensed houses, registered hospitals, and county and borough asylums. A lunatic is defined as ‘any person found by inquisition idiot, lunatic, or of unsound mind, incapable of managing himself and his affairs.’† If lunacy is alleged, the Lord Chancellor and Lords Justices entrusted with this jurisdiction, or the Masters in Lunacy, acting under the Lord Chancellor’s directions, can hold ‘inquisition,’ and on the verdict of a jury, or in certain circumstances on the certificate of

* *See* on the whole subject The Lunacy Acts, with an introductory commentary by Danby P. Fry, second edition, Knight & Co., 1877.

† 16 & 17 Vict., c. 70. By the Lunacy Acts Amendment Act passed in the recent session (1889), power is given to the Court to appoint a committee of the estate of a person who is found capable of managing himself, but incapable of managing his affairs.

the Masters in Lunacy, or on the report of the Commissioners in Lunacy, arrange for the care of the lunatic and the management of his property.* If the property does not exceed £1,000 in value, or an income of not more than £50 a year, the Lord Chancellor may, if satisfied (on the report of one of the Masters in Lunacy, or by the report of the Commissioners in Lunacy, or by affidavit or otherwise) that the person is of unsound mind and incapable of managing his affairs, after due notice to the alleged lunatic, make an order for rendering the property or the income available for carrying on his trade or business.†

By the recent Act (1889), except in cases of urgency, a person, not a pauper, is not to be confined as a lunatic without an order of a County Court judge, stipendiary magistrate, or special justice, to be obtained upon petition presented if possible by the husband or wife or by a relative of the lunatic, and accompanied by two medical certificates. In urgent cases a patient may be confined upon an order by the husband or wife or by a relation of the lunatic accompanied by one medical certificate; but, if this be done, a petition for an order must be presented to a court (as above) within seven days, and the urgency order remains valid only for seven days, or so long as the petition is pending.

State institutions for lunatics.

A lunatic may be placed with relations or in an unlicensed house, *i.e.* one in which only one patient is boarded. He may also be placed in a licensed house or a registered hospital. Licensed houses are private licensed asylums. Registered hospitals (such as Bethlehem Hospital, Lambeth Road, and St. Luke's, Old Street) are charitable, or partly charitable institutions, and registered.‡ To county and borough asylums (such as Hanwell), non-pauper lunatics may also be sent if there is room; and in that case the patient must submit to the rules laid down for pauper patients.

Persons, not paupers, may now (1889) be received in county and borough asylums upon special terms, and local authorities are authorised to provide accommodation for lunatics not being paupers, either by enlarging existing asylums or by establishing new asylums.

A person conscious of a want of power of self-control, or of addiction to intemperate habits, or of a liability to an attack or recurrence of mental malady, may become a voluntary boarder in registered hospitals.§

Lunatics at large.

(2) *Lunatics found wandering at large.*—In these cases or those of pauper lunatics, the almoner should at once communicate with a relieving officer, or the medical officer of the Guardians, or in case of emergency with a policeman.

* See Fry, p. 20.

† See Fry, p. 27.

‡ See Fry, pp. 29 and 37. See also Lunacy Acts Amendment Act, 1889, ss. 63, 64, 65.

§ See Fry, p. 40.

Relieving officers and constables are bound to take before the justice in whose jurisdiction he is found, any person who is or who is deemed to be a lunatic, and who is wandering at large, or not under proper care, or cruelly treated or neglected by any person having the care of him,* and are, moreover, bound to remove him to the workhouse, where he may be kept for not more than three days, if satisfied that it is necessary for the public safety or the welfare of the lunatic that he be placed under care until he can be brought before the magistrate.† Any person may notify to a relieving officer, constable, or to the justice, that a lunatic is wandering at large, or not under proper care. A relieving officer or constable who shall have knowledge of any such lunatic, must give information to the justice within three days. If the case is that of a lunatic wandering at large, the justice may, on medical certificate, and after examination either in court or at the lunatic's house, order that he be sent to an asylum, or if there is no room in the asylum, to a hospital or licensed house. If the case is that of a lunatic not properly cared for, two justices must give the order for detention.‡ The justice may, if satisfied that it is expedient for the welfare of the lunatic, or for the public safety, that he be forthwith placed under care, make an order for his reception in the workhouse for a period not exceeding 14 days; or may suspend the execution of the order for 14 days, and in the meanwhile give directions for his proper care and control; or the medical officer can, on medical certificate, for medical reasons, postpone the order for removal for the same time. On the order of the justice, the medical officer is paid, and the cost of removal is met by the Guardians of the Union in which the lunatic is found, or when his settlement has been ascertained by the Union to which the lunatic is chargeable—subject to these expenses being reimbursed from the estate of the lunatic, if it be sufficient. Medical officers of the Union, like constables and relieving officers, must, within three days, give notice to a justice of any person who is, or is deemed to be, a lunatic wandering at large, or not under proper care. The removal, on the justice's order, must be made by the constable or relieving officer, as the case may be.

A relative or friend may retain a lunatic who is found wandering at large, if the justice before whom he is brought, or the visitors of the asylum in which he is or is intended to be placed, are satisfied that he will be properly taken care of.

A lunatic who is found wandering at large, and is sent to an asylum, hospital, or house, is treated as a pauper. But the expenses to which the Union is put on his account may be reimbursed to the

* 16 & 17 Vict., c. 97, s. 68 (Lunatic Asylum Act, 1853). See Fry, p. 80.

† Lunacy Acts Amendment Act, 1885 (48 & 49 Vict., c. 52), s. 2.

‡ Lunacy Acts Amendment Act, 1885, s. 3.

Union by an order of the justice, if he has an estate, real or personal, applicable to his maintenance, and more than sufficient to maintain his family. In the case of lunatics *not under proper care*, two justices have this power.

Strayed
children and
insane
persons
wandering
abroad.

In the Metropolis, whenever any child supposed to have strayed, or any insane person wandering abroad whose friends or relations are unknown, shall have been received into any workhouse, the master has to place a notice at the workhouse gate, and send a notice to each of the three nearest police stations. If within twenty-four hours no claim or inquiry has been made, the master has to send a copy of the notice to the clerk of the Board of Guardians, who has forthwith to send thirty-six copies of the notice to the Commissioners of the Metropolitan Police, and twelve to the Commissioner of the City Police.*

Pauper
lunatics.

(3) *Pauper Lunatics*.—If a pauper lunatic, not found wandering at large, or improperly cared for, should be admitted to an asylum, the medical officer has to give written notice to the relieving officer within three days; and the relieving officer, informed, in this or any other way, must within three days give notice to some justice, who will order that the lunatic be brought before him or some other justice, within three days.† On medical certificate 'that the pauper is a lunatic, and a proper person to be taken charge of and detained under care and treatment,' order may be given by the justices for the lunatic's detention in an asylum. If the Union medical officer and the medical practitioner called in by the justices both give certificates in favour of his detention, the justice must make the order for it. In this case also the justice may, if satisfied that it is expedient for the welfare of the lunatic or for the public safety that he be forthwith placed under care, make an order for his reception in the workhouse for a period not exceeding 14 days. If the lunatic cannot be brought before a justice on account of his health, or any other cause, he may be examined at his home by the officiating clergyman of the parish and the relieving officer, with the aid of the medical officer, and an order may be given by the two former for his detention. The officiating clergyman may be the workhouse chaplain. If the Union medical officer and another medical practitioner called in by the clergyman give a certificate in favour of detention, there is no alternative but to make the required order. Two of the Commissioners in Lunacy also may make an order for removal, on the certificate of a medical man, after visiting the pauper or alleged lunatic, and satisfying themselves that he is a proper person to be taken charge of and detained under care and treatment.

* See Glen's Archbold (1873), 202. Order of Poor Law Commissioners, December 3, 1841.

† Fry, pp. 307 to 310.

A pauper lunatic must be removed to an asylum within seven days from the signing of the order regarding him. If incorrect, it may be amended within fourteen days.

As to pauper lunatics who are members of Friendly Societies, see p. clxiv.

(4) *County or Borough Asylums.**—The Council of every county or county borough are required to provide accommodation for pauper lunatics out of the rates, by erecting an asylum, or, in the case of county boroughs, by arranging with the county to provide it. Every asylum is placed under the control of a Committee of Visitors, and at least two members of the Committee have to visit once at least in every two months. The Committee report annually to the justices of the peace.

Provision for pauper and other lunatics in county asylums.

By the Lunatic Acts Amendment Act, 1889, non-pauper lunatics may be received into pauper asylums on such terms as the Visitors may think fit. And with the consent of the local authority, and the approval of a Secretary of State, the asylums may be altered or added to for their reception.

The Guardians, or any medical officer acting on their behalf, may visit pauper lunatics at any time, unless the medical officer of the asylum thinks it injurious to the patient's health. Every half year a statement of the condition of the pauper lunatics is sent to the Guardians.

Commissioners of Lunacy have to visit all county and borough asylums at least once in the year. The Lord Chancellor, or the Home Secretary, may direct inquiry regarding any particular case, or in regard to the state of any asylum.

The discharge of a lunatic pauper is thus made:—Any three of the visitors of the asylum, or two visitors on the written advice of the medical officer, may order a discharge. This is notified to the relieving officer of the Union from which he was sent. Relatives or friends of a pauper lunatic confined in an asylum may apply to the Committee of Visitors, and on satisfying them that the lunatic shall no longer be chargeable to the Union, but properly cared for and guarded, he may be placed in their custody and discharged.

Discharge of pauper lunatics.

By the Act of 1889, this can now be done in the case of lunatics that remain chargeable to the rates, if the Committee of Visitors are satisfied (1) that the application has been approved by the Guardians of the Union chargeable, and 'in case the proposed residence is outside the limits of the said Union, then also by a justice having jurisdiction in the place where the relative or friend resides; and (2) that the lunatic will be properly taken care of.'

If there is no room in the county or borough asylum, the lunatic

* Fry, p. 338, etc.; 16 & 17 Vict., c. 97, 1853; and Local Government Act, 1888, ss. 3 & 32.

may be sent to an unlicensed house, or hospital or licensed house. The Union medical officer, if he is in an unlicensed house, has to visit him quarterly to ascertain whether he is properly taken care of, or may properly remain out of an asylum, and to report. In these cases the Guardians may maintain the lunatic by out-relief.*

Pauper lunatics in licensed houses or hospitals may be visited by the Guardians or their medical representative. They may be discharged or removed, on a minute of the Board, produced to the superintendent of the house or hospital, unless he certifies the patient to be dangerous and unfit to be at large; in that case the consent of the commissioners and visitors is required. The commissioners and visitors have also powers of discharge.

Insane
persons in
workhouses.

With regard to the detention of insane persons in workhouses, the Poor-Law Board have ordered that no pauper of unsound mind, who may be dangerous or who may have been reported as such by the medical officer, or who may require habitual or frequent restraint, shall be detained in a workhouse more than 14 days. The medical officer has to certify that he is a proper person to be kept in a workhouse.

Liabilities
of relations
of lunatics.

The liabilities of relations in regard to pauper lunatics do not differ from their liabilities in regard to other paupers. A husband is liable for the maintenance of his lunatic wife.† (See also pp. xxxviii. and xlviii.)

The clerk to the Guardians in each Union has to prepare annually on January 1, or as soon after as may be, a list of all the pauper lunatics.

Harmless
lunatics.

(5) *Harmless Lunatics*.—Harmless pauper lunatics are, in the metropolis, provided for in the institutions under the Metropolitan Asylums Board. These are the Leavesden Asylum, near Watford, Herts, and the Caterham Asylum, Surrey. The inmates must be insane‡ paupers, who are such harmless persons of the chronic or imbecile class as could be lawfully retained in a workhouse, but no dangerous or curable persons, such as would require to be sent to a lunatic asylum. The admission is by order signed by the clerk to the Board of Guardians: a medical certificate and report accompany the order. If the patient is discharged from the asylum, the asylum clerk has to notify the fact to the clerk of the Board of Guardians and to the nearest known relatives of the pauper. He has to be removed within seven days.

L.—IDIOTS AND IMBECILES.

‘There is no clear line separating idiots and imbeciles, it is merely a difference of degree, not of kind. Idiocy means a greater de-

* Fry, p. 329.

† 13 & 14 Vict., c. 101, s. 5.

‡ Local Government Board Order, February 10, 1875.

iciency of intellect, and imbecility a lesser degree of such deficiency.' But the two, the idiot and the imbecile, are now definitely separated from the lunatic by the Idiots Act, 1886, in which, 'if not inconsistent with the context, "idiots" or "imbeciles" do not include "lunatics," and "lunatic" does not mean or include "idiot" or "imbecile."' The formalities of the Lunacy Acts are set aside, and 'a feeble-minded child can now be admitted into an institution to receive the benefits of its educational and industrial training upon a simple medical certificate that it is 'imbecile' and 'capable of receiving benefit from admission into an asylum.' The Lunacy Commissioners inspect all institutions, whether certified by the Local Government Board or not, which are registered or licensed under the Lunacy Acts for the reception of idiots and imbeciles, and they visit all workhouses where persons of unsound mind are detained. But there is no Government inspection of the education of educable imbeciles, nor general superintendence of the training and education of these classes.*

For the treatment also of cases of idiots and imbeciles the Guardians have large permissive powers. They may send 'idiotic persons' to certified schools by 25 & 26 Vict. c. 43 (*see* p. lxviii.), and they may with the like consent send any idiotic, imbecile, or insane pauper who may lawfully be detained in a workhouse to the workhouse of any other union or parish, paying the cost of maintenance, &c.† They may, with the consent of the Local Government Board, send idiotic paupers to an asylum or establishment for the reception and relief of idiots maintained at the charge of the county rate or by public subscription.‡

For imbecile children in the Metropolitan Poor Law area, the Metropolitan Asylums Board has an asylum at Darenth. And at the same place and under the same management is an asylum for adult imbeciles. Cases are admitted to these institutions through the Guardians. Application should be made to the relieving officer. The relief carries with it the disqualifications of pauperism.

Imbecile children.

The Darenth Asylum is the only institution for idiots supported wholly by the rates. In the rest of England there are seven Hospitals or Homes for Imbeciles registered under the Idiots Act; and there is some special provision for them in connection with the Warwick and Northampton County Lunatic Asylums, but the existing accommodation is altogether insufficient, and it is greatly to be desired that County Councils should have the power to establish for this class asylums similar to those at Darenth, to which both pauper and, on payment, non-pauper cases could be admitted.

* Report of the Royal Commission on the Blind, &c., p. xcii; and Report of Special Committee of the Charity Organisation Society.

† The Idiots Act, 1886, 49 & 50 Vict. c. 25, s. 15.

‡ 31 & 22 Vict., c. 122, s. 13.

LI.—FEEBLE-MINDED AND DEFORMED CHILDREN.

Mention may here be made of two other classes of the afflicted, the feeble-minded and deformed. The Royal Commission on the Blind, &c., inquired, at the request of the Royal Commission on the Elementary Education Acts, in regard to feeble-minded children. Dr. Warner, a witness quoted by the Commission, thus states their condition :—

Need of
separate
classes and
special
education
for feeble-
minded
children.

‘Such cases as children who occasionally have slight epileptic fits, perhaps three or four in their lifetime, cases of slight chorea, cases of children who suffer from repeated sick-headaches, especially when attending schools, and who, upon that ground, are exempted; children whose nerve system is completely exhausted, and appears to have been so for months or years; cases of paralysis, of defective development from birth, cases of defective development of body, with slight defect of brain (I do not mean idiots); cases of nystagmus; cases of squinting; cases of myopia; cases of rickets, specially seen about the head with frequent coincident nervous symptoms; and cases of diseased heart and lungs; these cases seem to require an exceptional method of education. Children who are suffering from any of the defects mentioned ought to be under exceptional methods of education. A large number of them are absent apparently without any certificate at all; only a few get certificates from me when they are my patients. (One hears at the East End of London they can buy them at 2*d.* apiece.) It is only in a few cases that patients of mine who, according to Act of Parliament, ought to be in attendance and who are absent, have asked me or any of my assistants for any certificate; and from inquiries that I have made in the schools, I believe that they are often absent without any certificate at all.’

The London School Board has, the Report states, no medical supervision of the children in their schools to ascertain whether a child is weak-minded or an idiot; it is left to the master to determine whether the child is educable or not. Children who are not capable of being educated by the ordinary methods ‘practically get no training at all, and they degenerate morally and mentally until one traces many of them in the hands of the police.’

These are cases in which an almoner should be able to do much, especially if he becomes the member of a school management committee, and a constant visitor at the schools under its charge. He could at least help to promote the recommendation of the Commission :—

‘That, with regard to feeble-minded children, they should be separated from ordinary scholars in public elementary schools, in order that they may receive special instruction, and that the attention of school authorities be particularly directed towards this object.’

As a guardian, the same questions arise in district schools, whether some of the children are not feeble-minded, and if so, whether they should not be educated on some more individual system and separately.

With regard to the deformed and crippled, the Guardians have power (1) to send to a certified school under 25 & 26 Vict. c. 43, ss. 1 and 10; and (2) to subscribe towards any asylum or institu-

Crippled,
deformed,
and invalid
children.

tion under 42 & 43 Vict. c. 54, s. 10 (*see* p. lxxxi.). Relief given to a deformed child does not carry with it the privileges of relief given to a blind or deaf-and-dumb child or wife under 4 & 5 Vict. c. 76; it is relief given to the parent or husband, and makes him a pauper.

A Society has now been established for visiting and watching cases of invalid children in which surgical instruments and other aid are required (*see* Register).

LII.—FEVER AND SMALL-POX.

For the treatment of cases of fever and small-pox the Metropolitan Asylums Board has at its disposal the following institutions :—

FEVER HOSPITALS.

Eastern Hospital	. . . .	The Grove, Homerton, E.
North-Western Hospital	. . . .	Haverstock Hill, N.W.
Western	"	Seagrave Road, Fulham, S.W.
South-Western	"	Landor Road, Stockwell, S.W.
South-Eastern	"	Old Kent Road, S.E.
Northern	"	Winchmore Hill.

SMALL-POX HOSPITALS.

Hospital Ships 'Atlas' and 'Castalia'	Long Reach, Dartford, Kent.
Gore Farm Hospital, for convalescing small-pox patients. It consists of a brick-hut hospital and wooden buildings 'on the site of camp No. 2.'	Darenth, near Dartford, Kent.

AMBULANCE STATIONS.

Eastern Ambulance Station	. . . .	Brooksby's Walk, Homerton, E.
South-Eastern	"	Old Kent Road, S.E.
Western	"	Seagrave Road, Fulham, S.W.

WHARVES AND PIERS.

North Wharf	. . . .	Managers' Street, Blackwall.
South	"	Trinity Street, Rotherhithe.
West	"	Town Mead Road, near Wandsworth Bridge.

Beds are thus provided for 2,416 fever patients, 350 small-pox patients, and 800 convalescent small-pox patients.

Paupers must be such only as are infected or suffering from fever or small-pox.* They are admitted on an order, filled up and signed by a relieving officer, or master of a workhouse, accompanied by a certificate from the medical officer of the workhouse or district.

Any person who presents himself at an asylum without the order and certificate may be admitted by the medical superintendent, if a refusal of admission would be attended with dangerous results; but a notice must be sent to the Guardians of the Union in which the patient last passed the night.

The Metropolitan Asylums Board has, with the consent of the Local Government Board, the power of contracting with the vestries or district boards—or, in the City, the Commissioners of Sewers

* Local Government Board Order, February 10, 1875.

—the local authorities in the Metropolis, for the reception in the hospitals of the Asylums Board of any person suffering, within the district of the local authority, from any dangerous infectious disorder. The local authority has the power of recovering the cost from the patient.

What to do
in infectious
cases.

The almoner, in any epidemic or in individual cases of cholera, small-pox, scarlet fever, diphtheria, &c., will find it useful to consult the papers of instructions issued, in the cheapest form, by the Local Government Board.* Indeed he ought to make himself acquainted with them as a necessary part of his duties. If he finds a case, unknown to the medical officer of the Board of Guardians he should at once inform him or the relieving officer.

To isolate the patient is all-important; and if he can be removed he will be sent in an ambulance provided by the Vestry or Metropolitan Asylums Board to one of the asylums mentioned in this paragraph.†

Cases which it may not appear desirable to send to these asylums, may be sent to the London Fever Hospital.

Non-pauper
patients.

By the Poor Law Act, 1889 (52 & 53 Vict., c. 56, s. 3), the Metropolitan Asylums Board may, subject to the regulations of the Local Government Board, admit to an asylum provided by them any person who is not a pauper, and is reasonably believed to be suffering from fever, or small-pox, or diphtheria. The expense thus incurred is to be 'paid by the Guardians of the Union from which

* Precautions against the infection of Cholera—Circular for distribution, issued by the Local Government Board, July 5th, 1873, 50 copies, 2s. 6d.; 100, 6s.

Precautions against Cholera—Placard for posting, 100, 6s.

Memorandum of Privy Council on Disinfection, price 1s. 6d. per doz., or 8s. 6d. per 100.

Plain advice to all during the visitation of Cholera—Folio sheet, 3s. per 100.

Precautions against Small-pox for Boards of Guardians, Local Boards, and other authorities. By J. B. Hutchins, of the Medical Department of the Privy Council. 6d. each, or 5s. per dozen.

Precautions against Scarlatina—Placard, 30s. per 1,000.

Plain directions for preventing the spread of infectious diseases, such as Small-pox, Scarlatina, Fever, Diphtheria, &c. By Dr. D. N. Thursfield. As handbill or placard, 4s. per 100. In pamphlet form, 2s. per dozen.

These can be obtained of Messrs. Knight & Co., 90 Fleet Street.

Compulsory
notification
of infectious
disease.

† Since the above was written the Infectious Diseases (Notification) Act, 1889, has been passed. It extends 'to every London district.' It requires that where an inmate of any building (except an infectious hospital), used for human habitation within the district, is suffering from infectious disease, the head of the family, nearest relatives present or in attendance, or every person in charge or attendance, or failing all others, the occupier should send notice thereof to the medical officer of health of the district. 'Every medical practitioner attending on or called in to visit the patient' has forthwith to send the medical officer a certificate, stating the patient's name and disease, and the situation of the building. The penalty for non-compliance is 40s. The Act applies to 'small-pox, cholera, diphtheria, membranous croup, erysipelas, the disease known as scarlatina or scarlet fever, and the fevers known by any of the following names: typhus, typhoid, enteric, relapsing, continued, or puerperal, and includes, as respects any particular district, any infectious disease' to which this Act has been extended by the local authorities of the district.

the person is received, and those Guardians may recover the amount as a simple contract debt from the said person, or from any person liable by law to maintain him.' The expenses, so far as they are not recovered, are repayable to them out of the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund. The Local Government Board may authorise the Asylums Board to receive diphtheria patients.

The Asylums Board, if they think fit, may allow their asylums for fever, small-pox, and diphtheria to be used for purposes of medical instruction.

LIII.—METROPOLITAN COMMON POOR FUND.*

While each union has to meet the cost of outdoor relief and other charges, a Metropolitan Common Fund, supported by contributions from all the metropolitan unions, in proportion to the annual rateable value of the property in them, has been established, under the Act of 1867 (sec. 69), to meet the expense of the Metropolitan Unions, under the following heads :—

(1) 'Maintenance of lunatics in asylums, registered hospitals and licensed houses, and of insane poor in asylums under this Act, except such expenses as are chargeable on the county rate.'

(2) 'Maintenance of patients in any asylum specially provided under this Act, for patients suffering from fever or small-pox.'

(3) 'All medicine and medical and surgical appliances supplied to the poor in receipt of relief by Guardians under this Act or any of the Poor Law Acts.' (See p. cxix.)

(4) Fees and other expenses of vaccination. (See p. cxix.)

(5) 'Maintenance of pauper children in district, separate, certificated, and licensed schools.'

(6) 'Relief of destitute persons certified by the auditor, and provision of temporary wards or other places of reception, approved by the Local Government Board, under the Metropolitan Houseless Poor Acts of 1864 and 1865.'

There are three other items of expenditure met by the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund—salaries of district school, asylum, and dispensary officers; compensations to medical officers in case of determination or variation of contracts with them; and births' and deaths' registration fees.

In 1869, an amending Act † was passed, by which, among other changes, it was arranged that 'the cost of the maintenance of pauper boys on board training ships; and the cost of the maintenance and instruction of orphan or deserted children placed out by the Guardians of any parish or union with the consent of the

* Metropolitan Poor Act (30 Vict. c. 6), s. 61.

† 32 & 33 Vict., c. 63, s. 21.

Local Government Board, should be repaid from the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.'

In 1870, a further Act * placed the cost of indoor relief on this fund, on condition that the number of the paupers, together with the children under the age of 16 (if any), in any workhouse was not larger than the maximum fixed by the Local Government Board, and that the Guardians complied with the orders of the Board in regard to the alteration, enlargement, sanitation, furniture and fixtures, medical and surgical appliances, appointment of officers, and classification of inmates. The rate of payment from the Metropolitan Fund is 5*d.* a day per head for each indoor pauper; and it was also arranged in 1870 that the cost of the rations of indoor officers, according to a scale fixed by the Local Government Board, should be repayable out of the fund.

In 1873 it was directed that the school fees paid by Guardians for outdoor pauper children should be paid from the fund. (*See* 36 & 37 Vict., c. 86, s. 3, and 39 & 40 Vict., c. 79, s. 40, 1876.)

By the Poor Law Act of 1879, the expenses incurred by the Metropolitan Asylums Board in providing ambulances, ambulance stations, and horses, and in the conveyance of persons suffering from any infectious disease, were charged to the fund; and by the Poor Law Act of 1889, the Guardians are indemnified out of the fund for expenses which are incurred on behalf of any non-pauper patient admitted to the asylums of the Metropolitan Asylums Board for small-pox, scarlet-fever, and diphtheria, but which they cannot recover from the patient, or those liable to maintain him.

LIV.—THE SICK: CHARITABLE AND POOR LAW PROVISION.¹

Misuse of
hospital
letters.

The number of out-patients' letters that are circulated and the ready admission of out-patients to hospitals frequently render almoners altogether careless of the disposal of their 'letters.' Sickness is treated as something apart from other distress. The letter is at once given. Sometimes district visitors supply nourishing food—an invalid kitchen would appear to be a necessary adjunct to a hospital—but in most instances the letter alone is given, medicine is supplied, and nothing else is done. Yet as sickness is so often the beginning of long-continued and sometimes irremediable distress, it is then that everything should be done to make cure rapid and certain. If a person is obtaining medical advice, all that the doctor recommends—the 'feeding up' and the change of air—should if possible be supplied. Often relief of other kinds is required and may do much to facilitate recovery. Many of the poor will not think of making any provision against the ordinary sickness of life until they become ill. And the almoner, who has

* 33 & 34 Vict., c. 18.

helped a person through illness, should not think that his work is done until he has induced him to join a friendly society or provident dispensary.

One great cause of the carelessness of the poor to provide against sickness is the out-patient system. New hospitals start up and create a demand; their existence may depend on the large attendances they register, for large figures, well advertised, have an influence in drawing contributions from those who do not analyse them and seek their causes. And well-established hospitals also make a fair show with their enormous number of out-patient attendances. If the hospitals were used as centres of reference for cases of medical importance, and the ordinary cases relegated to dispensaries, on a provident basis, the requirements of medical instruction would be equally well met, and there would be some possibility of having, instead of the present congestion of hospitals in a few centres, a sufficient supply of hospital accommodation in the different parts of London according to the wants of each locality. The power of almoners and subscribers to hospitals—the possessors of the letters of admission—in working such a change is very great. Let the almoner use the letters carefully, taking care that other necessary relief is also given, and give to every applicant a short paper on provision against sickness, and become a volunteer canvasser on behalf of friendly societies and provident dispensaries. In the Register will be found the medical benefits supplied by these agencies.

Out-patient
departments
and medical
reform.

In the present year, a petition of the Society, signed by a very large number of medical men practising in London and elsewhere, has been presented to the House of Lords. The grounds for the petition are given in a 'Memorandum on the Medical Charities of the Metropolis, with special reference to the proposal for an inquiry in regard to the administration and common organisation of voluntary hospitals and dispensaries and Poor Law infirmaries and dispensaries by a Select Committee of the House of Lords.' Judging from the answer made on behalf of the Government on the motion of Lord Sandhurst, who presented the petition, it seems likely that some inquiry into the subject will take place. The reader will find in the Memorandum many particulars in regard to London hospitals, dispensaries, &c., and notes upon some of the moot points of the hospital question.

Overlapping and intercrossing the medical relief given by charitable institutions is a vast system of Poor Law medical relief. This system may some day be co-ordinated with the charitable system. Then those who are practically paupers, those who cannot afford the penny or twopence a week, will be attended at Poor Law dispensaries; others at self-supporting dispensaries and the charities. Complaints are now made that the Poor Law

Poor Law
medical
relief.

medical relief is given too indiscriminately. The sharper the line is drawn between the Poor Law and charity in these matters, the greater is the possibility of making charity tend to, instead of seduce from, self-help.

Many papers regarding medical relief can be obtained at the Offices of the Council of the Charity Organisation Society, 15 Buckingham Street, London, W.C.

The workhouse and the infirmary are both under the care of a medical officer. In the Metropolis, under the Metropolitan Poor Act 1867, the Local Government Board have formed two districts. The Central London Sick Asylum District comprises Strand, Westminster, and St. Giles, and has an asylum at Cleveland Street, Fitzroy Square. They have also an asylum at Highgate, which is to be sold very shortly to the St. Pancras Union. The Poplar and Stepney Sick Asylum District, which includes these two Unions, has an asylum at Devons Road, Bromley. The managers of these asylums are partly elected by the Boards of Guardians concerned, partly nominated by the Local Government Board. They may * contract for the reception in the asylums of paupers chargeable to other Unions; and if, under circumstances of urgency, they relieve at the asylums persons who are not paupers, all reasonable charges are, subject to restrictions of the Local Government Board, recoverable, and the relief given is deemed to be given by way of loan.† The asylums may be used for training nurses.

Guardians
may sub-
scribe to
hospitals.

Guardians may,‡ with the consent of the Local Government Board, pay annual subscriptions towards the support and maintenance of any public hospital or infirmary for the reception of sick, diseased, disabled, or wounded persons, or of persons suffering from any permanent or natural infirmity. They may with similar consent also subscribe towards any association for providing nurses.§

Poor Law
outdoor
medical
relief.

Next with regard to the out-patient accommodation provided by the Poor Law (*see* local lists). The general medical Poor Law relief of a union is under the supervision of one or more medical officers. Unions are, if necessary, subdivided for medical purposes. In that case district medical officers are appointed to the several districts. But no district is to contain more than fifteen thousand statute acres, or a population exceeding fifteen thousand persons. The medical officer has to attend and supply with medicine all the

* 39 & 40 Vict., c. 61, s. 22.

† 39 & 40 Vict., c. 61, s. 42.

‡ 14 & 15 Vict., c. 105, s. 4.

§ 42 & 43 Vict., c. 54, s. 10.

'The Guardians may, with the consent of the Local Government Board, subscribe towards any other asylum or institution,' besides those specified, which appears to the Guardians to be calculated to render useful aid in the administration of the relief of the poor. This would appear to include convalescent homes, &c. For the wording of this section of the Act *see* p. lxxxi.

poor requiring medical attendance in his district, on an order from the Guardians or the relieving officer. If he attends a sick person without an order, he has to inform the relieving-officer.

In the Metropolis, under the Metropolitan Poor Act, 1867, special provision is made for the establishment of Poor Law Dispensaries in the several parishes and unions. The dispensaries are, if the Guardians so desire, placed under the management of dispensary visiting committees, of not less than five or more than nine, elected by the Guardians from their own body. Medical relief, as may be required, at the dispensary or at the patient's home, is given on an order to the district medical officer, signed by the relieving officer or the clerk to the Guardians. 'Urgent' is written on the order if the case is so considered. Drugs, medicines, and medical appliances are supplied. A dispenser and medical officer are in daily attendance, Sundays excepted. The cost of medicines, &c., and the salary of medical officers are charged to the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund, and if, on the requisition of the Local Government Board, they refuse or neglect to provide a dispensary, they forfeit the repayment from the fund. They may, with the consent of the Board, make arrangements for the treatment of paupers at some general hospital or dispensary.*

Poor Law
dispensaries
in the
Metropolis.

LV.—VACCINATION.

The influence of the almoner may be of lasting benefit in urging the poor to be vaccinated, especially at times when there is apprehension of small-pox.

Unions or parishes are divided into Vaccination Districts. These are in charge of Vaccination Officers, 'appointed to see to the execution of the Vaccination Acts, with a view of securing the vaccination of every child who is not unfit for it, or is susceptible of it.'† In each District is a Public Vaccinator, appointed and paid by the Guardians; and there are Vaccination Stations, for the performance of vaccination. The Registrar of Births has on or within seven days after the registration with him of the birth of a child, not already vaccinated, to give notice to its parent or custodian, requiring the child to be vaccinated within three months; and he has to inform the parent of the place and hour at which the Public Vaccinator may be found. When the vaccination has taken place, and has after seven days been examined, a certificate, if the vaccination has been successful, is sent by the Public Vaccinator to the Vaccination Officer, and a duplicate is given to the parent. There are provisions for cases in which the child is unfit for vaccination, or where the operation is unsuccessful. If a medical practitioner,

Regulation
as to vacci-
nation.

Vaccination
Stations.

* 32 & 33 Vict., c. 6, s. 59. See Glen's Archbold, p. 357; and Metropolitan Dispensaries Order, April 22, 1871. Glen, p. 394.

† Local Government Board Orders. Knight & Co. 1883. p. 800.

not the public vaccinator, performs the operation, the parent has to send to the Vaccination Officer, within 21 days of the operation, a signed certificate of successful vaccination, in accordance with a prescribed form. Neglect to vaccinate is punishable by a penalty of 20s.; and for neglect to transmit the certificate there is the same penalty.

The vaccination is free and not to be considered parochial relief.

The vaccination officer has to supply on demand a copy of the vaccination certificate at the cost of 6d. and 3d. for search. The Registrar receives 1d. in respect of every child whose birth he registers.

The Guardians may incur reasonable expenditure in circulating notices, making inquiries, or taking measures to prevent the spread of small-pox, and to promote vaccination upon any actual or expected outbreak of that disease in their Union.

If the vaccination officer informs a justice of the peace in writing that he has reason to believe that any child under 14 within the Union has not been successfully vaccinated, the parent may be summoned and required, unless the child is found to be unfit for or insusceptible to vaccination, on penalty of 20s. to have the operation performed.

LVI.—THE VESTRIES AND DISTRICT BOARDS.

The Vestries and District Boards are the local sanitary authorities, and the rate collectors for the Metropolis. Their duties, their officers, and their constitution are interesting to the almoner chiefly owing to the fact of their being the sanitary authority. Questions are continually arising in which the intervention of the sanitary officers is desirable. And as with the Board of Guardians, any person who has leisure and experience in executive work cannot do a greater service to the people at large than by becoming a member of the Vestry.

Constitution
of Vestries:
elections,
&c.

(1) The constitution of the Vestries and District Boards.—The Vestries and District Boards, together with the Metropolitan Board of Works, which has now been superseded by the London County Council (*see* p. cxiii.), were constituted on their present basis by the Metropolis Management Act, 1855, and amending Acts. There are twenty-seven Vestries and thirteen District Boards. At the head of the lists of local endowed charities in the Register will be found the number of the members of each Vestry and District Board and the qualification required of candidates for election.*

The number of vestrymen to the parish is regulated by the number of ratepayers. If there are a thousand ratepayers, there

* See, generally, Woolrych's Metropolis Management Acts, edited by Goodrich. Shaw & Sons. 1888. In English local government so much turns on questions of rates and rating that it is hoped to insert sections on this subject in subsequent editions of this Introduction. A short statement in regard to it will be found in 'Greater London,' by Geo. Whale.

are eighteen vestrymen; if there are more than a thousand and less than two thousand, there are twenty-four. Over two thousand, twelve vestrymen are added for every thousand additional ratepayers; but the number of the Vestry cannot exceed one hundred and twenty. The incumbent and churchwardens are members of the Vestry in addition to the elected vestrymen.

Parishes of more than 2,000 rated householders may be divided into wards. The London County Council has now the power of making this division. If there are wards, the election is by wards; if not, it is by the parish.

The qualification of members of the Vestry is (1) a rate or assessment to the relief of the poor upon a rateable value of not less than £40 a year,* and (2) occupation of the house thus rated; but if not more than a sixth of the assessments exceed £40 or upwards, the rateable value necessary for qualification need not exceed £25. Joint occupiers jointly rated have each a qualification if their total rating, when divided amongst them, gives for each a sum not less than the £40 or £25.

The qualification of a voter is—to have been rated in the parish to the relief of the poor for one year next before the election, and have paid all parochial rates, taxes, and assessments due from him at the time of so voting or acting, except such as have been made or become due within six months immediately preceding such voting or acting.† Even when the owner pays the rate, the occupier is held to be rated and to have made a ‘constructive payment’ of the rates, and he retains the privilege of voting as a ratepayer, and, if his qualification be sufficient, of standing for the Vestry.‡

The elections are in May. A third of the members of the Vestry resign annually. By notices affixed in some public and conspicuous situation, such as church and chapel doors, the churchwardens have to give at least twenty-one days’ notice of the election of vestrymen to vacancies due to resignation or other causes, and of the election of auditors. On the day named the parishioners qualified to vote are required to meet and to nominate two ratepayers as inspectors of votes, and the churchwardens nominate two.

In the case of a ward election, the chairman nominated by the churchwardens to preside nominates these two inspectors. ‘Such persons, duly qualified, as may be there proposed for the offices of vestrymen and auditors,’ are then elected. Any five ratepayers may then and there demand a poll, which must be taken by ballot the next day. Each voter has as many votes as there are vacancies, and can give only one vote to each candidate. The inspectors of votes examine the votes and settle any disputed matter by majority

* 18 & 19 Vict., c. 120, s. 6 (1856); 19 & 20 Vict., c. 112, s. 8 (1856).

† 18 & 19 Vict., c. 120, s. 16 (1855).

‡ 19 & 20 Vict., c. 112, s. 6 (1856); 32 & 33 Vict., c. 41 (1869).

or by umpire; they report to the churchwardens, who publish the list of vestrymen and auditors in the same manner as the notices of election. To ensure that only qualified ratepayers vote, the rate collectors attend the meeting.

District Boards are appointed for districts consisting of two or more parishes. Each such Board consists of representatives of the Vestries of the several parishes in the district. The number of representatives to be elected to the District Board by each such Vestry is fixed by the Metropolis Local Management Act, 1885, and amending Acts.

Annual
reports of
Vestries and
District
Boards.

Every Vestry and District Board has in June of every year to cause to be printed (1) an audited account in abstract and summary statement for the preceding year, (2) a report of their proceedings under the Metropolis Management Act, of works commenced, completed, or in progress, of proceedings in pursuance of any regulations of the general board of health for the time being in force, or otherwise for the removal of nuisances or the improvement of the sanitary condition of the parish or district; and (3) it has to append to its report a copy of every report of its medical officer. Copies of this 'account in abstract, statement and report,' together with a list of the names and addresses of officers, 'shall be delivered to any person applying for the same' for a sum not exceeding 2*d*.

The 'full statement and account' is to include the 'amount of all contracts entered into, and of all moneys received and expended' by the Vestry 'during the preceding year, all arrears of rates and other moneys then owing, all mortgages and other debts and liabilities.'*

Sanitary
duties of
Vestries and
District
Boards.

(2) General Duties of the Vestries and District Boards.—To the Vestries and District Boards are entrusted the repair and cleansing of sewers, the paving, watering, cleansing, or improving of any parish or district, and 'all other duties, powers, and authorities in any wise relating to the regulation, government, or concerns of such parish.'† 'The affairs of the church,' and the legal relief of the poor are excepted. They are the authorities for establishing out of the poor rates public baths and washhouses,‡ and for providing burial grounds. They are the 'local authority' under the Metropolis Gas Act, 1860, and the Public Libraries Act, 1855. They appoint analysts under the Sale of Food and Drugs Act, 1875.

They are the rate collectors of the Metropolis. If the Guardians do not appoint a collector or assistant overseer to collect the poor rates,§ the overseers on behalf of the Vestry collect them. Out of

* Metropolis Management Act, 18 & 19 Vict., c. 130, ss. 192, 198.

† 18 & 19 Vict., c. 120, s. 90 (Metropolis Management Act, 1855).

‡ 9 & 10 Vict., c. 74.

§ Collectors of Poor Rates Order. Glen, p. 492.

the poor rate the Guardians upon a precept from the Local Government Board pay into the hands of a 'receiver of the common poor fund' the amount of their contributions to the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.* For the purposes of the Vestry the overseers make and levy a general rate, a sewers rate, and a lighting rate.† On the precepts of the Chief Commissioner of the Metropolitan Police, they levy the police rate; and on precepts from the School Board, the school rate. Till the Local Government Act of 1888, they used to raise the Metropolitan rate for the Metropolitan Board of Works. This, 'the county rate,' is now raised by the Guardians on the precepts of the London County Council.‡

Among the sections of the Metropolis Local Management Act,§ headed 'Annual Reports,' is the following:—

'Every such Vestry as aforesaid shall cause to be made out once at least in every year a list of the several freehold, copyhold, and leasehold estates, and of all charitable foundations and bequests, if any, belonging to the parish, and under the control of the Vestry, the list to contain a true and detailed account of the place where such estate or charitable foundation may be situate, or in what mode and security such bequest may be invested, specifying also the yearly rental of each, and the particular appropriation thereof, together with the names of the persons partaking of their benefit (except where such benefit shall be allotted to the poor of the parish generally), and to what amount in each case, and also stating the names and description of the persons in whom such estates are vested, and the names and description of the trustees for each charity, and such lists shall be open for the inspection of the ratepayers at the office of the Vestry Clerk at the same time with the accounts, when audited according to the provisions of this Act.' (See p. cxxxii.)

Duties of Vestries in regard to charitable trusts.

LVII.—THE LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL.

The Metropolis has, by the Local Government Act of 1888, been formed into 'the administrative county of London.' The Metropolis is now 'the city of London and the parishes and places mentioned in Schedules A, B, and C to the Metropolis Management Act, 1855, as amended by subsequent Acts.' The metropolitan area is thus the City of London and the area covered by the Metropolitan Board of Works, of which the Council is the successor. In charge of this area (with the exception of the City) is placed the London County Council, to which has been transferred the powers, duties, and liabilities of the Board of Works. The subordinate government of London, with its Guardians, vestries, and district boards, remains intact; but upon it has been imposed, like a detached and separate thing, the new London County Council. It does not in any way represent the subordinate bodies, and is elected on a different franchise. Here it is not possible to do more

* Metropolis Poor Act, 30 Vict., c. 6, s. 65.

† Metropolis Local Management Act, 18 & 19 Vict., c. 120, s. 161.

‡ See 'London Government,' Firth & Simpson, p. 82. The Commissioners of Sewers are the local authorities for the City of London.

§ s. 199. Woolrych, p. 125.

than sketch in the merest outline its constitution and functions, and the following points only are referred to: the qualifications of electors and candidates; the duties of the Council, more particularly those inherited by it from the Metropolitan Board of Works and Quarter Sessions; and the contributions received by the Council from the Exchequer and distributed by it to Guardians and other local authorities.*

Qualification
of electors.
(1) The
extended
burgess
franchise.

The Council consists of nineteen aldermen and one hundred and eighteen councillors. It holds office for three years. The electoral districts are the parliamentary boroughs. To be qualified as an elector, it is necessary (1) to be registered as a London county elector; and (2) to be entitled to register under the County Electors Act, 1888 (sections 2 and 3).† There are two franchises: the extended burgess franchise, and the ten pounds occupation qualification. Under the former a person is not entitled to be registered unless qualified as follows:—

- (a) Is of full age;
- (b) Is on the fifteenth of July in any year, and has been during the whole of the then last preceding twelve months, in occupation, joint or several, of any house, warehouse, counting-house, shop, or other building (in this Act referred to as qualifying property) in the county; and
- (c) Has during the whole of those twelve months resided in the county or within fifteen miles thereof; and
- (d) Has been rated in respect of the qualifying property to all poor rates made during those twelve months for the parish wherein the property is situate; and
- (e) Has on or before the twentieth of the same July paid all such rates, including county rates (if any), as have become payable by him in respect of the qualifying property up to the then last preceding fifth of January.‡

Under the ten pounds qualification franchise a person is not entitled to be registered unless qualified as follows:—

(2) The ten
pounds
occupation
qualification

- (a) He must, during the whole twelve months immediately preceding the fifteenth day of July, have been an occupier as owner or tenant of some land or tenement in the county of the clear yearly value of not less than ten pounds; and
- (b) Must have resided in or within fifteen miles of the county during six months immediately preceding the fifteenth day of July; and
- (c) Such person, or some one else, must, during the said twelve months, have been rated to all poor rates made in respect of such land or tenement; and
- (d) All sums due in respect of the said land or tenement on account of any poor rate made and allowed§ during the twelve months immediately preceding the fifth of January next before the registration, or on account of any assessed taxes due before the said fifth day of January, must have been paid on or before the twentieth day of July.

* On the whole subject of the Local Government Act of 1888, see the 'County Councillor's Guide,' edited by Henry Hobhouse, M.P., and E. L. Fanshawe, W. Maxwell & Son, 8 Bell Yard, Temple Bar, 1888; and 'London Government,' by J. F. B. Firth, M.P., and E. R. Simpson. Knight & Co., 90 Fleet Street, E.C. 1888. Also Whale's 'Greater London.'

† See the 'County Councillor's Guide,' pp. 253, 254, 195, 203.

‡ When the owner pays the poor rate, there is by the Poor Rate Assessment and Collection Act a constructive payment by the occupier.

§ As to 'rate made and allowed,' see p. xxiii.

Joint occupiers, if the value of the land or tenement is such as to give £10 or more to each occupier, are entitled to register.

Every person (including unmarried women and widows, of full age) so qualified shall be entitled to be registered as a London county elector, unless he be (a) an alien, or (b) has, within the twelve months aforesaid, received union or parochial relief or other alms; or (c) is disentitled under any Act of Parliament, *e.g.* convicted of treason or felony or of corrupt practices at elections. Persons in receipt of parochial relief are thus under (b) disentitled, but with the following exceptions: if parochial relief is given to his blind or deaf and dumb wife, child, or children; if such relief is given to his father; if he accepts public vaccination; if the School Board remit his children's fees, or if the Guardians pay them; if he receive assistance by admission to a hospital of the Metropolitan Asylums Board (52 & 53 Vict., c. 56, s. 3), or by the receipt 'for himself or any of his family, of any medical or surgical assistance or any medicine at the expense of any poor rate.' Medical and surgical assistance is defined as including 'all medical and surgical attendance, and all matters and things supplied by or on the recommendation of the medical officer having authority to give such attendance and recommendation at the expense of the poor rate' (48 & 49 Vict., c. 46). Further, a person is not disentitled to be registered (Municipal Corporations Act, 1882, 45 & 46 Viet., c. 50, s. 33) if he has received medical and surgical assistance from the trustees of the county charities, or has been removed, by order of a justice, to a hospital or place of reception for the sick at the cost of any local authority; nor if his child has been admitted to and taught in any public or endowed school.*

A county elector may be qualified and register in more than one division; but he cannot vote in more than one polling district in each division.

* A person is not qualified to be a London County Councillor unless he is (1) registered and entitled to be registered as a London county elector, and also owns real property or personal property, or both, to the value of £1,000, or is rated to the poor rate in the county on the annual value of £30; or is (2) a peer owning property in the county; or is (3) registered as a parliamentary voter in respect of the ownership of property of whatever tenure situate in the county; or is (4) qualified to elect to the office of a London County Councillor and residing in the county. This provision (4) in effect dispenses with a property qualification. But if a person so qualified (4) ceases for six months to reside in the county, he ceases to be so qualified, and his office becomes vacant, unless he was at the time of his election, and continued to be qualified in some other manner. A person qualified as councillor

Qualification
of London
County
Councillor.

* Cf. 'London Government,' pp. 236 and 248.

for any one division of the county is qualified for every division. If, for example, he is registered in Chelsea, he can be elected in Camberwell.*

Aldermen.

'The aldermen are elected by the elected members of the Council. Half retire at the close of the three years during which the elected members remain in office.'

The London County Council inherits powers and duties chiefly from the Metropolitan Board of Works and from Quarter Sessions.

Duties of
London
County
Council in-
herited from
Metropolitan
Board of
Works.

From the Metropolitan Board of Works it receives† charge of the general metropolitan drainage system. The main sewers are under its jurisdiction. It is entrusted with metropolitan improvements (such as the Thames Embankment), the supervision of building operations; regulates the making of streets, their frontage and width, and the numbering of houses; and, with certain limitations, has power to make, widen, and improve streets and roads. It has to keep the Thames free from obstructions, and to require owners of land and premises on the riverside to do such works as may prevent overflow into the metropolitan district. Besides those, under the Loans Acts of the Metropolitan Board of Works,‡ it has to borrow money, create stock, and lend to local authorities in the Metropolis. Under the Coal and Wine Duties Continuance Acts it has the proceeds of the wine duty and 9*d.* out of 13*d.* of the coal duty (the 4*d.* goes to the City) for metropolitan improvements, as these duties are to be continued for a further period. It has charge of the Thames bridges, the Thames tunnel, and the Woolwich ferry.§ It appoints inspectors to test gas meters.|| It is the metropolitan authority under the Metropolis Water Act, 1871, which provides for a constant supply of water in the Metropolis, excluding the city of London. It is the local authority under the Tramways Acts, 1870, 1879, and is empowered to make bye-laws to regulate the use of steam locomotives on highways under the Highways and Locomotives Amendment Act, 1878. As local authority it makes regulations under the Petroleum Act, 1871, for the conveyance and storage of petroleum and other similar oils; and under the Explosives Act, 1875, it grants licenses for the storage of gunpowder. It makes bye-laws under the Slaughterhouses (Metropolis) Act, 1874; it enforces the Disused Burials Act, 1884; and it is the local authority under the Contagious Diseases (Animals)

* Whale's 'Greater London,' p. 41. Cf. 'London Government,' p. 238.

† Under the Metropolis Management Acts, 1855, 1856, 1862, 1879; and the Building Acts, 1855 to 1882; Main Drainage Act, 1858; Thames Navigation Act, 1870; Thames Embankment (North) Act, 1862, &c.

‡ The Metropolitan Board of Works Loans Acts, 1869, 1871, and 1875.

§ The Metropolis Toll Bridges Act, 1877; Bridges Act, 1881; the Thames Tunnel (Blackwall) Act, 1887; and Various Powers Act, 1885.

|| The Sale of Gas Amendment Act, 1861; the Commercial Gas Act, 1875; the Gas Light and Coke Company's Act, 1876 and 1880; and the South Metropolitan Gas Light and Coke Company's Act, 1876.

Act, 1878. It keeps the register required under the Infant Life Protection Act, 1872 (*see* p. lxxiv). Under the Metropolitan Fire Brigade Act, 1865, it has the duty of extinguishing fires and protecting life and property in case of fire.

To two other of these inherited duties more special reference may be made. Under the Metropolitan Commons Act, 1866, it may present a memorial to the Inclosure Commissioners with respect to any common within the metropolitan area with a view to a scheme for its management being prepared; and under the Metropolitan Commons Act, 1878, it can purchase and hold any saleable rights in common with a view to the extinction of such rights and the creation of an 'open space.*' Of its powers and duties under various Dwellings Acts, *see* p. cxxxix.

Open spaces.

From Quarter Sessions its legacy to the Council includes, amongst other duties, the following:—

Duties of
London
County
Council in-
herited from
Quarter
Sessions.

'V. The licensing under any general Act of houses and other places for music or for dancing, and the granting of licenses under the Racecourses Licensing Act, 1879.'

'VI. The provision, enlargement, maintenance, management, and visitation of, and other dealings with asylums for pauper lunatics' (*see* p. cv.).

'VII. The establishment and maintenance of, and the contribution to, reformatory and industrial schools' (*see* p. xciv.).

'XV. The registration of rules of scientific societies under 6 & 7 Vict. c. 36; the registration of charitable gifts under 52 Geo. III. c. 102; the certifying and recording of places of religious worship under 52 Geo. III. c. 155; the confirmation and the record of the rules of loan societies under 3 & 4 Vict. c. 110.'

To secure exemption from the rates scientific and loan societies must by the above-mentioned Acts deposit a copy of their rules with the County Council. The 52 Geo. III. c. 102 requires the registration of charitable trusts at Quarter Sessions.

The Council is the local authority under the new Act for the prevention of cruelty to children.

One power of the Council derived from neither Metropolitan Board of Works nor Quarter Sessions must also be mentioned. The Council may 'appoint and pay a medical officer of health or medical officers of health, who shall not hold any other appointment, or engage in private practice without express written consent of the Council.' No special duties are assigned to the medical officer; but in connection with the sanitary work of the Council and the Dwellings and other Acts, he may well have much to do; and the

* *See* also the London Parks and Works Act, 1887; the Garden in Towns Protection Act, 1863; the Metropolitan Open Spaces Act, 1877; and the Metropolitan Open Spaces Act, 1881.

principle of a central sanitary authority for the county is at least fully recognised.

The
Exchequer
contribution
account; its
receipts and
expenditure.

A word or two in regard to the finances of the London County Council will show how—financially—the Council is brought into relation with the Poor Law Guardians and many other bodies. By the Local Government Act, 1888, the Commissioners of Inland Revenue on behalf of the central government are to open a Local Taxation Account at the Bank of England, and they are to pay into it the duties on the local taxation licenses, which they are to continue to collect at least for the present. These are licenses* for the sale of intoxicating liquor on and off the premises; game licenses; licenses for dealers in beer, spirits, sweets, wine, tobacco, horses and plate; for dogs, killing game, guns, carriages, trade carts, locomotives, horses and mules, armorial bearings, and male servants; also for refreshment-house keepers, appraisers, auctioneers, hawkers, house agents, and pawnbrokers. Besides these the Commissioners are to pay into the Local Taxation Account a grant consisting of two-fifths of the Probate Duties. On their part the County Councils open each of them an 'Exchequer Contribution Account,' and into this are paid (1) the amount of the duties on local taxation licenses which have been collected in the county, and (2) from the two-fifths of the probate duties such a sum as the Local Government Board may certify to have been received by the county in grants from the Exchequer in the year ending March 25, 1888.

From these two sources the Council becomes possessed of means (I.) to make good certain grants to local authorities, which were before paid direct from the Exchequer; and (II.) to make certain extra grants to the Poor Law Guardians and Vestries or District Boards. As to the former, in London the Council has to pay†:—

I.

1. To the Guardians for every Poor Law Union or officer in any area wholly or partly in the county—

Grants to
Guardians,
Poor Law
school
teachers,
vaccination,
medical
officers,
lunatics, &c.

(a) Such sums as the Local Government Board from time to time certify to be due in substitution of the local grants towards the remuneration of teachers in Poor Law schools, and for payments to public vaccinators under section 5 of the Vaccination Act, 1867; and

(b) Sums certified by the Local Government Board as payable in lieu of local grants for the remuneration of medical officers and the cost of drugs and medical appliances;

(c) For the remuneration of registrars of births and deaths, a sum payable to Guardians in lieu of local grants, equal to the

* Section 20 and Schedule I.

† Sections 24, 43, and 88. See for a short statement 'London Government, p. 20.

amount paid out of such grants for that purpose in the financial year to 31st March, 1888; and

(d) Four shillings weekly for each pauper lunatic, if the net charge payable by the Guardians in such cases be four shillings or more; and

2. To the County Fund, for each pauper lunatic chargeable to the county and costing it that sum or more—four shillings; To County Fund for lunatics.

3. Certain compensations to clerks of the peace and officers employed at Quarter Sessions (under 18 & 19 Vict., c. 126), and

4. To the Receiver of the Metropolitan Police, the proportion of the cost of the police in the year ending March 31, 1888, which a Secretary of State certifies to have been contributed out of the Exchequer. Grant to police.

II.

Next, as to new grants to Poor Law Guardians and Vestries or District Boards. The Council in London has to pay—

5. To Vestries or District Boards one-half of the salary of each duly qualified medical officer hereafter to be appointed; and To Vestries for medical officers hereafter appointed.

6. To Poor Law Guardians—

(a) The school fees paid for pauper children sent from a workhouse to a public elementary school outside the workhouse; and To Poor Law Guardians: School fees of workhouse children; indoor relief.

(b) For five financial years reckoned from the 1st April, 1889 (or longer if Parliament so determine), fourpence per head for every indoor pauper. The number of the indoor paupers on whom the payment is to be made, is to be the average number maintained by the Board of Guardians in the five years preceding 25th March, 1888.

The term 'indoor pauper' includes all paupers maintained in the workhouse, district or separate school, separate infirmary, sick asylum, hospital for infectious diseases, institution for the deaf, dumb, blind, or idiots, certified school, boarded-out, and in asylums for imbeciles under the Metropolitan Asylums Board. 'Casual ward' paupers are excluded; and any number of paupers that there may be in a workhouse over and above the number prescribed by the Local Government Board.

These grants do not affect in any way grants made to Poor Law Guardians out of the Metropolitan Common Poor Fund.

This very brief sketch of the duties and powers of the London County Council, and of the qualifications of County Electors and County Councillors, will, it is hoped, be of service. It shows how great the powers of the Council are, and suggests how much greater they are likely to be. The work of the Council may seem to lie somewhat beyond the scope of the Introduction. In fact, however,

it does not. The almoner can hardly be a capable almoner unless he be a good citizen, for he must find in the enforcement of the law not a little of the help which he needs in certain individual cases, and in a better general administration he will probably place his hopes of social progress, at least in certain departments of life. The County Council has not yet been brought into any systematic relation with the Vestries and District Boards. The new body is in no way representative of the local bodies that should co-operate with it, for instance, under the Metropolis Management and Dwellings Acts; and it is likely that ere long they will be modified and re-established, so as to suit the new *régime*. When the time for this reform arrives, any one who has a sound local knowledge of the civic administration and wants of any part of London, may help to influence public opinion in the right direction. But what is this 'right direction'? It was, says Adam Smith, held in Holland to be 'unfashionable not to be a man of business. Necessity makes it usual for every man to be so, and custom everywhere regulates fashion.' Some kind of compulsion akin to necessity, with custom and fashion in its train, may yet make it usual in London for every man to be a citizen as well as a man of business. Possibly then our local administration may be managed so as to draw out the interest of the local ratepayer, and require his active participation in local work. This to us seems the right direction.

LVIII.—THE LONDON COUNTY COUNCIL AND THE VESTRIES AND DISTRICT BOARDS AS SANITARY AUTHORITIES.*

Commission
on housing
of working
classes.

The last official survey of the wants of the community and the means at its disposal in regard to the housing of the working classes is contained in the report of the Royal Commission, published in 1885. They allow, that in comparison with the state of things thirty years ago, the condition of the houses of the poor has greatly, the late Lord Shaftesbury said 'enormously,' improved. But the evils of overcrowding are, they say, becoming more serious than ever, and are still, especially in London, a public scandal. They complain that though there is much legislation on the subject, the laws are not put in force, while some of them have remained a dead letter from the date of their being placed in the Statute book. They describe in some detail the graver defects that have to be remedied, and suggest improvements in the law and its administration. Altogether they make out an overwhelming case for more honourable dealing and greater public spirit on the part of those who supply land and houses for dwellings, and a more responsible

* The National Health Society (44 Berners Street, Oxford Street, W.) has published a little 'Guide to the Sanitary Law.' Price 2d.; in cloth, 4d.

performance of their duty on the part of those who administer the sanitary law. The notes of legal enactments which follow will suggest to the almoner some of the chief defects to which he will doubtless frequently turn his attention. For a fairly complete statement on the subject he cannot do better than refer to the report itself.

Three groups of Acts are referred to in this section :

The Sanitary Acts, consolidated for the rest of the country under the Public Health Act of 1875, but in the Metropolis not yet consolidated.

Sanitary,
Building,
and Housing
Acts.

The Building Acts, of which the first is the Metropolitan Building Act of 1855. To these Acts the following clauses chiefly relate: (1) 'Cleansing of streets, drains, &c.'; (2) the medical officer of health, inspector of nuisances, and public analyst; (3) the abatement of nuisances; (4) overcrowding; (5) the registration of tenement houses; (6) common lodging-houses; and (7) building.

The Dwellings Acts are the third group. They are dealt with in Section lvii.

On the enforcement of the Sanitary and Building Acts, the following remarks, taken from the report of the Special Committee of the Charity Organisation Society (1881), are still pertinent. It should, however, be added, that there are new forces now at work, which may lead to many radical changes in administration. London has now a County Council; and the County Council has appointed a medical officer of health. There is now, therefore, in embryo at least, a central sanitary authority for the Metropolis.

'The Sanitary Acts, with the Building Acts, may be said to fix a kind of standard of habitability which, if properly enforced, would leave little to desire. Dr. Farr has shown that mortality is relative to the density of population. The cubic space per head should be, it is generally agreed, at least 300 feet. Adults should have 400 cubic feet, children of less than ten years, 150. But underlying the law are the questions of expense, and the difficulty of educating public opinion—the two great obstacles in promoting sanitary changes; and in the Metropolis the present system of local government is a further obstacle. To enforce the law in London there are (including the City) forty-one Vestries and Local Boards, each with a medical officer of health, and under them about three or four inspectors, who have, besides the inspection of houses, other special work. There may thus be said to be 260 persons taking care of the sanitary interests of a population of 4,000,000. There is no common system in the administration of sanitary laws in different districts; the standard of habitability varies; some of the medical officers are so paid that they can devote their whole time to the work, others are engaged also in private

The Sanitary
and Building
Acts.

practice; in one or two districts there is a regular periodical inspection; in most this is found impossible, or considered needless. It is evident that an impartial, independent, and systematic sanitary administration of the Metropolis, as a whole, is necessary; and that, until that is arranged, it is impossible to say whether existing sanitary legislation does or does not meet all the requirements of the case.'

'With regard to the enforcement of the Building Acts in the Metropolis, there are 65 districts and district surveyors for this population in an area of about 75,462 acres, with, according to the Census of 1881, about 488,995 inhabited houses. If the class of houses now being built in such district surveyors' districts as Stoke Newington, St. Giles's, Camberwell, Rotherhithe, Streatham, is taken into consideration, the work thrown upon some inspectors must be enormous, for to prevent infringement of the bye-laws of the Metropolitan Board of Works the most constant supervision is necessary. The enforcement of the Building Acts in the suburbs is no less important. The extension of London makes it very necessary that bye-laws such as those of the Metropolitan Board should be adopted in some of the suburbs, where at present, in several instances, much less stringent regulations are in force, and the staff must be large enough to thoroughly inspect the rows of small houses erected in some districts, and to prevent the speculating builder from adding to his profits by the use of bad material and inferior work.'

'Lastly, to carry out the Artizans' Dwellings Act, there are the Metropolitan Board of Works [now the London County Council], and to carry out the Torrens Act (as amended) there are the Vestries and District Boards; and in the City of London the Commissioners of Sewers are charged with the duties of both Acts. There is thus, in a large and populous area, an extreme complexity in the administration, especially where simplification and a good municipal government are most desirable.'

Cleansing of
drains, &c.

(1) Cleansing of Streets, Drains, &c.—In regard to the cleansing of streets, drains, &c., the Vestries have authority to compel owners to construct drains to the common sewer; they may order combined drainage for blocks of houses; they have to see that no house is built without drains constructed to their satisfaction. Before the foundation of any new house, or building, or rebuilding, or the making of any new drain, seven days' notice has to be given to them. Every new or rebuilt house must have sufficient watercloset and ashpit. After giving 24 hours' notice they may have any drain, etc., inspected at any reasonable time in the day, and they may require the owner or occupier to put it in order. They may compel the supply of water to houses, if it can be obtained at a rate not exceeding threepence a week, and they may provide drinking fountains.

Every winter, if there is snow, there is an immediate demand for men to sweep it away; and sometimes hundreds are so employed. The duties of the Vestries for cleaning streets are not unimportant, therefore, to the almoner. They have to cause any *footway* within their parish to be 'scraped, swept, and cleaned, in such manner and at such times as they think fit.' This, however, is not to relieve occupiers from the liability of cleansing any part of the footways. For the sweeping and cleansing of *streets* the Vestries have to provide, and for collecting and removing all dirt, ashes, rubbish, ice, snow, and filth.

The Vestries arrange also to send scavengers at fixed times to clear ashpits. An almoner may be able to see that this is done. If there is any neglect, complaint may be made to the inspector of nuisances. The Vestry have also to arrange for the cleansing and emptying of privies and cesspools, sewers and drains.

The propriety of giving pence to crossing sweepers is sometimes gravely discussed; and it may therefore be noted that Vestries may singly, or in conjunction with other Vestries, appoint and pay suitable persons to cleanse and sweep crossings for passengers, and 'to keep them properly cleansed and swept daily.' These persons are to be 'distinguished by their Dress or some distinctive Mark as Public Servants.' No Vestry has, we believe, availed itself of this enactment.

The Vestries and District Boards are 'surveyors of highways' under the Metropolis Local Management Act, 1855, and may proceed against persons for obstructions of public ways.

(2) The Medical Officer of Health, the Inspector of Nuisances, and the Public Analyst.—The medical officer employed by the Guardians have to deal with cases of sickness. The duties of the medical officer of health, who is appointed by the Vestry, are thus set down: 'To inspect and report periodically* upon the sanitary condition of the district; to ascertain the existence of diseases, more especially epidemics increasing the rate of mortality, and to point out the existence of any nuisance or other local causes which are likely to originate and maintain such diseases and injuriously affect the health of the inhabitants; to take cognisance of the fact of the existence of any contagious or epidemic diseases, and to point out the most efficacious mode of checking or preventing the spread of such diseases.' He has also to point out the most efficient modes of ventilating chapels, schools, lodging-houses, and other public edifices in the district. He reports to the Vestry annually. His salary is fixed by them, and he is removable at their pleasure. There may be one or more medical officers of health.

Besides the medical officer are one or more inspectors of nuisances, who have to superintend and enforce the execution of

* Nuisances Removal Act (18 & 19 Vict., c. 121), s. 8.

all duties to be performed by the scavengers; to inspect meat, fruit, &c., exposed for sale, lest it be unfit for food;* to report to the Vestry the existence of any nuisances; to keep a book 'in which shall be entered all complaints made by any inhabitant of any infringement of the provisions of this Act,† or of any bye-laws made thereunder, or of nuisances'; to inquire as to the truth of the complaints, and to report to the Vestry; and to take any legal proceedings that may rise out of the Act.

To one or other of these officers the almoner should complain in writing, if he comes across evils or defects which come within their jurisdiction. In some districts he may find that there is a register of all houses below a certain size, with particulars as to the size of the rooms, &c. By endeavouring to have the law enforced in cases of overcrowding, defective sanitation, and other similar matters, the almoner can do acts of charity of untold value. The law is complete enough. But the poor are too busy and too accustomed to bad sanitation to care about change; and the medical officers have large districts and often an insufficient staff.

Public
Analysts.

Under the Sale of Food and Drugs Act (38 & 39 Vict. c. 63) (1875), Vestries and District Boards can appoint, subject to the approval of the Local Government Board, one or more persons possessing competent knowledge, skill and experience, as analysts of all articles of food and drugs sold within the district. Any medical officer of health, inspector of nuisances, or inspector of weights and measures, or any inspector of a market, or any police constable under the direction and at the cost of the local authority, may procure any sample of food or drugs. Any purchaser of an article of food or of a drug in any place where there is an analyst appointed under the Act, may, on payment to him of a sum not exceeding ten shillings and sixpence, have the article analysed, and receive a certificate from the analyst.

'The person purchasing any article with the intention of submitting the same to analysis shall, after the purchase shall have been completed, forthwith notify to the seller, or his agent, selling the article his intention to have the same analysed by the public analyst, and shall offer to divide the article into three parts to be then and there separated, and each part to be marked and sealed, or fastened up in such manner as its nature will permit, and shall, if required to do so, proceed accordingly, and shall deliver one of the parts to the seller or his agent. He shall afterwards retain one of the said parts for future comparison, and submit the third part, if he deems it right to have the article analysed, to the analyst.'

Nuisances
and their
removal.

(3) Abatement of Nuisances.—A nuisance‡ includes 'any premises in such a state as to be a nuisance or injurious to health; any pool, ditch, gutter, water-course, privy, &c., drain or ashpit, so foul as to be a nuisance or injurious to health; any animal so kept as to be a nuisance or injurious to health; or any such accumula-

* 26 & 27 Vict., c. 117 (1863).

† 18 & 19 Vict., c. 120.

‡ Nuisances Removal Act (18 & 19 Vict., c. 121), s. 8 (1855).

tion or deposit.' Any aggrieved person, the sanitary inspector, or any paid officer of the Vestry, two or more householders, the relieving officer, or any constable, may give notice of it to the Vestry. The Vestry also may take cognisance of any such nuisance, after entry made, as provided by the Nuisances Removal Act. If the nuisance is in a common lodging-house, the inspector of such houses may complain. The Vestry may then complain to a magistrate, and he may make an order for its abatement or discontinuance and prohibition, and for costs. He may also order works to be undertaken to prevent its recurrence, and if the house is unfit for human habitation in consequence of it, he may prohibit its use until it is rendered and declared by him to be habitable.

By a later Act* any inhabitant of the parish or place may complain to a justice, and the person by whose 'act, default, or permission, or sufferance the nuisance arises,' or if he cannot be found, the owner, may be summoned. And after inquiry as to the facts by the Vestry, the justice may authorise any constable or other person to remove or abate the nuisance, charging the cost to the offender.

(4) Overcrowding.—If the medical officer certifies that a house is so overcrowded as to be dangerous or prejudicial to the health of the inhabitants, and they consist of more than one family, the Vestry may take proceedings, and the justices may impose a penalty of 40s. 'on the person permitting such overcrowding.'† By the Public Health Act of 1866 such overcrowding is declared to be a 'nuisance,' and it is set down as the duty of the Vestry, whether by itself or by its officers, to make inspection of the district from time to time to ascertain what nuisances exist, and to enforce the provisions to abate them.‡

Overcrowding and its prevention.

(5) Registration of Tenement Houses.—Probably the most effective means of ensuring proper sanitary arrangements in the dwellings of a large class of the poor is to apply the 35th section of the Sanitary Act of 1866. By that section the Vestry may on application to the Local Government Board make regulations (1) 'for fixing the number of persons who may occupy a house, or part of a house, which is let in lodgings, or occupied by members of more than one family (a tenement house); (2) for the registration of houses thus let or occupied as lodgings; (3) for the inspection of such houses, and the keeping the same in a cleanly and wholesome state; (4) for enforcing therein the provision of privy accommodation, and other appliances and means of cleanliness in proportion to the number of lodgings and occupiers, and the cleansing and ventilation of the common passages and staircases;

Registration of tenement houses and bye-laws for their management.

* 23 & 24 Vict., c. 77 (1860).

† 18 & 19 Vict., c. 121, s. 29 (1855).

‡ 29 & 30 Vict., c. 90, s. 20 (1866).

(5) for the cleansing and lime-whiting at stated times of such premises.' *

The Local Government Board have published Model Bye-laws for tenement houses, as they have also for the cleansing of footways, removal of refuse, &c.; the prevention of nuisances arising from snow, filth, &c.; for the management of common lodging-houses, and so forth.† The Vestry of St. George-in-the-East have this year adopted regulations for tenement houses. It is a very poor district, and the regulations show how far the Vestry considered it advisable to go. They may be taken to represent a *minimum* standard. We print them as they stand:—

APPROVED BYE-LAWS FOR THE REGULATION OF HOUSES LET IN
LODGINGS.

Regulations for houses or parts of houses which are let in lodgings or occupied by members of more than one family, made by the Vestry of the parish of St. George-in-the-East, in the County of London, under and in pursuance of 'The Sanitary Act,' 1866, section 35, and the 'Sanitary Law Amendment Act, 1874.'

Interpretation of Terms.

Approved
bye-laws for
tenement
house,
St. George-
in-the-East.

In these regulations the following words and expressions shall have the meanings hereinafter respectively assigned to them, unless the context otherwise requires; that is to say—

'Registered House.'—A house let in lodgings, or occupied by members of more than one family and duly registered by the Vestry.

'Landlord.'—Any person receiving the rent of a registered house from the holder, or any lodger on his own account, or as trustee or agent for any other person, or as Receiver or Sequestrator appointed by the High Court of Justice, or under any order of the Court, or who would receive the same if the property were let to a tenant or tenants.

'Holder.'—The occupier of a registered house; or the person liable to pay the rent to the landlord; or the rent receiver or his appointed agent, when the whole house is let in tenements.

'Lodger.'—A person to whom any room or rooms in a registered house may have been let as a lodging, or for his use and occupation.

'Vestry.'—The Vestry of the parish of St. George in the East being the 'Nuisance Authority' for the parish, under the 'Sanitary Act, 1866.'

'Medical Officer of Health.'—Any person appointed by the Vestry under the provisions of the 'Metropolis Management Act, 1855,' to the office of Medical Officer of Health.

'Inspector.'—Any person appointed by the Vestry to be an Inspector of Registered houses.

'Office.'—The Vestry Hall, Cable Street, E., where all notices required to be given under the Regulations must be addressed.

Registration.

1. Any house or part of a house let in lodgings, or occupied by members of more than one family, may be registered by the Vestry at its discretion, and any

* By section 90 of the Public Health Act, 1875, the declaration of the Local Government Board was required to the effect that bye-laws in regard to lodging-houses should be in force in the district of the sanitary authority before that authority could make and apply them. But, by the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1885, this declaration is no longer necessary. 'Every sanitary authority shall have power to make bye-laws for the matters specified in section 90.'

† See Report of the Local Government Board, 1877-8, and others.

house so registered, hereinafter referred to as a 'registered house,' shall continue to be registered until otherwise ordered by the Vestry, notwithstanding any change in the ownership or tenancy thereof, if the house continue to be let in lodgings. Fourteen days at least previous to such registration a notice shall be served upon the premises and on the landlord, and after the expiration of such notice, the house shall be so registered, and these regulations shall come into force.

Number of Lodgers.

2. The holder of a registered house shall not knowingly suffer a greater number of persons to occupy any room in such house, nor shall a lodger suffer any room under his control to be occupied by a greater number of persons than will allow of air-space for each person according to the following rules:—

'The minimum space for each adult in any room occupied as a sleeping-room, whether used exclusively for that purpose, or as a living and sleeping-room combined, shall be 300 cubic feet of free air space. In fixing the number of persons that may lawfully occupy any room, two children under the age of 12 years may be counted as one adult.'

Separation of the Sexes.

3. The holder of a registered house, and any lodger therein, shall not suffer more than two persons of different sexes, unless children living with their parents, to occupy the same sleeping-room.

Drainage.

4. The landlord of a registered house shall keep all drains and drainage apparatus in proper working order and good sanitary condition.

Privy Accommodation.

5. The landlord of a registered house shall provide and maintain privy accommodation in the proportion of one properly-constructed water-closet for every 18 adults (two children under 12 years of age to be counted as one adult) lawfully occupying the house.*

The holder of a registered house shall cause every water-closet to be ventilated and kept in a clean and wholesome condition.

Water Supply.

6. The landlord of a registered house shall provide a sufficient supply of water for the use of the lodgers therein.

The holder of a registered house shall cause every cistern in such house, which is not in the exclusive use of any lodger, to be kept covered, and to be cleansed at least once every two months, or as often as may be necessary, and shall exercise due care to preserve the water from contamination.

A lodger having the exclusive use of a cistern in a registered house shall cause such cistern to be kept covered, and to be cleansed once at least in every two months, or as often as may be necessary, and shall exercise due care to preserve the water from contamination.†

Ash-pit.

7. A holder of a registered house, or a lodger or other person, shall not throw any filth or wet refuse into any ash-pit.

Cleanliness and Ventilation.

8. The landlord of a registered house shall cause the walls and ceilings of every room, and of the common passages, staircases, water-closets, and outhouses

* Every water-closet must be provided with all requisite water-supply apparatus, and with a sufficient supply of water so as effectually to cleanse the same, and be maintained in good order. (18 & 19 Vict., c. 120, s. 81.)

† Every cistern or other receptacle for water, and every closet, soilpan, and private bath which shall be supplied with water by any company, shall be so constructed and used as effectually to prevent the waste, misuse, or undue consumption of water, and the flow or return of foul air or other noisome or impure matter into the mains or pipes of the company, or into any pipes connected or communicating therewith. (15 & 16 Vict., c. 84, s. 23.)

thereof, to be thoroughly cleansed, whitewashed, papered, painted or coloured as often as may be necessary.

The landlord of a registered house shall provide requisite means for the ventilation of every room, and of the common passages and staircases thereof.

Wash-house, Cellar, Yard, and Area.

9. The landlord of a registered house shall cause every wash-house, cellar, yard, and area thereof, to be properly paved and drained, and shall limewhiten the walls of the wash-house, cellar, yard, and area in the month of April in every year, and from time to time when necessary.

The holder of a registered house shall cause every wash-house, cellar, yard, and area, to be properly swept and thoroughly cleansed from time to time, when necessary, for the purpose of keeping the same in a cleanly and wholesome condition.

Duties of Lodgers.

10. Every lodger in a registered house shall cause every room in his exclusive occupation to be ventilated daily, and to be thoroughly cleansed from time to time, as often as may be requisite, for the purpose of keeping the same in a clean and wholesome condition.

In every case where two or more lodgers in a registered house are entitled to the use in common of any passage or staircase, the holder shall cause every part of such passage or staircase to be ventilated daily, and to be thoroughly cleansed from time to time, as often as may be requisite for the purpose of keeping the same in a clean and wholesome condition.

In every case where a lodger in a registered house is entitled to the exclusive use of any passage or staircase in such house, such lodger shall cause every part of such passage or staircase to be ventilated daily, and to be thoroughly cleansed from time to time, as often as may be requisite for the purpose of keeping the same in a clean and wholesome condition.

Every lodger having the exclusive use of a water-closet, a water-cistern, an ash-pit, a wash-house, a cellar, a yard, or an area, shall keep the same in a clean and wholesome condition.

Infectious Diseases.

11. The holder of a registered house shall give immediate notice, in writing, at the Vestry Hall, and to every lodger, when anyone therein is ill or dead of small-pox, typhus, enteric typhoid fever, scarlet fever, diphtheria, cholera, or any other dangerously infectious or contagious disease, and he shall carry out without delay all measures for disinfection which the Medical Officer of Health or the Inspector may direct.

Every lodger in a registered house shall give immediate notice to the holder, and at the Vestry Hall, and to every lodger, when anyone is ill or dead of small-pox, typhus, typhoid fever, scarlet fever, diphtheria, cholera, or any other dangerously infectious or contagious disease occurring in any room occupied by him or her, and shall carry out without delay all measures for disinfection which the Medical Officer of Health or the Inspector may direct.

Animals.

12. The holder of a registered house, or any lodger therein, shall not suffer any animal to be kept in any part thereof under his control, so as to render the premises filthy or unwholesome.

Inspection.—Power of Entry.

13. The holder of and every lodger in a registered house shall allow such house and every part thereof to be inspected by the Medical Officer of Health or Inspectors upon his or their application at all times. Provided that no inspection by the Inspectors shall take place between the hours of 9 P.M. and 6 A.M. without an order signed by the Medical Officer of Health.

Penalties.

14. Every person who offends against any of the foregoing regulations shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding forty shillings for any one offence, with an additional penalty not exceeding twenty shillings for every day during which a default in obeying such regulations may continue.

(6) Common Lodging-houses.—Common lodging-houses are lodging-houses of the roughest description, at which the poor are housed for the night at about 4*d.* a head. These houses have to be inspected on behalf of the Commissioners of Police, the local authority under the Act, before they are opened as lodging-houses, and they are registered. The local authority may require a proper supply of water; the house has at all times to be open to inspection; the walls and ceilings have to be lime-washed in April and October of each year. Sick persons may be removed to a hospital; and in infectious cases, clothes or bedding disinfected or destroyed. Regulations for the management of these houses may be passed by the local authority. The keeper may be required to report regarding beggars and vagrants lodging in them.

Common lodging-houses: regulations regarding them.

(7) Buildings; Powers of the London County Council.—There are at present about 65 district surveyors holding office under the London County Council, who have the supervision of the erection of buildings in their several districts. A builder has to give two days' clear notice to a district surveyor before building, with particulars in regard to the situation, area, and other points. The surveyor has to be admitted to inspect the building at all reasonable times, and if anything is done contrary to the Metropolitan Building Acts, the builder may be served with a notice, and on non-compliance be summoned, with a penalty on continued non-compliance of £20 a day. The surveyor makes a monthly return to the London County Council, and this is taken as a certificate that in regard to the buildings referred to in it, the Act has been complied with. In the rear or side of every house must be an open space of at least 100 square feet. The size of a 'habitable' room is fixed at 7 feet high, with a further definition of the size of a habitable room in the roof or attic. Cellars and underground rooms for occupation must be 7 feet high, with one foot above the footway; and there are other detailed conditions. District surveyors have to demand admission to and inspect, between 9 A.M. and 6 P.M., all cellars or underground rooms, which they have reason to believe are occupied contrary to these conditions; and they have to report half-yearly to the London County Council and the Vestry. There is a penalty of 20*s.* a day for every day that such rooms continue to be inhabited. There are bye-laws of the London County Council regulating the concreting of the basements of houses, the composition of the concrete, the thickness of the walls, which are to be of 'good, hard, sound, well-burnt bricks, or stone,' the composition of the mortar, and other matters. The penalty for a breach of these bye-laws is £3, and 30*s.* a day for non-compliance after notice.

Regulations as to buildings, underground cellars, &c.

LIX.—ARTIZANS' AND LABOURERS' DWELLINGS.

For the improvement of the dwellings of artizans and labourers

there are three series of Acts. I. The Artizans' and Labourers' Dwellings, or Torrens's Acts,* to provide better dwellings for artizans and labourers. The first Act of this series was passed in 1868; its object was to deal with 'premises in a condition or state dangerous to health, so as to be unfit for human habitation.' II. A second series of Acts is called The Artizans' and Labourers' Dwellings Improvement, or Cross's Acts,† 'for facilitating the improvement of the dwellings of the working classes in large towns.' Of these the first was passed in 1875. Its object was to deal with 'unhealthy areas.' III. A third series of Acts has for its object the supply or creation of lodging-houses for artizans and labourers.‡ It culminated in the Act of 1885, for 'the housing of the working classes,' which modified Acts of the two other series, but also enabled the London County Council, and in the City, the Commissioners of Sewers, to adopt certain provisions for erecting and managing lodging houses for the labouring classes, which were contained in an Act of 1851, promoted by the late Lord Shaftesbury, but never enforced.

I.—THE ARTIZANS' AND LABOURERS' DWELLINGS ACTS.§

These Acts enable a local officer of health, either on his own motion or on the representation of four or more householders residing near, to report to the local authority that any premises, i.e. a dwelling house with appurtenances, are in a state dangerous to health, so as to be unfit for human habitation. || And subsequently, on the report of a surveyor or engineer, the local authority may call upon the owner to execute the works required to make the dwelling habitable, unless he prefers to take down the premises; and on the default of the owner the local authority may shut up or demolish the premises, or themselves execute the works, making the costs, with interest, a first charge on the premises, or recovering it from

* 31 & 32 Vict., c. 130 (1868); amended by 42 & 43 Vict., c. 64 (1879), and by the Artizans' Dwellings Act, 1882 (45 & 46 Vict., c. 54); also by the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1885 (48 & 49 Vict., c. 72).

† The Artizans' and Labourers' Dwellings Improvement Act, 1875 (38 & 39 Vict., c. 36); amended by the Artizans' and Labourers' Dwellings Improvement Act, 1879 (42 & 43 Vict., c. 63); and further, like Torrens's Act, by the Acts of 1882 and 1885.

‡ The Labouring Classes' Lodging Houses Act, 1851 (14 & 15 Vict., c. 34); amended 1885; the Labouring Classes' Dwelling Houses Act, 1866 (29 Vict., c. 28); amended by 30 Vict., c. 28, 1867.

§ The paragraphs in regard to the Artizans' and Labourers' Dwellings Acts, and Dwellings Improvement Acts, are taken chiefly from the report of the Special Committee of the Charity Organisation Society on Artizans' Dwellings (1881). Modifications since made in the Acts have been introduced.

|| 31 & 32 Vict., c. 23. The expression 'owner,' in addition to the definition given by the Land Clauses Act, shall include all lessees or mortgagees of any premises required to be dealt with under this Act, except persons holding or entitled to the rents and profits of such premises for a term of years, of which twenty-one years do not remain unexpired. Sec. 3.

the owner as a simple contract debt. The owner, on the other hand, may be required to demolish the premises, and in default of his doing so, the local authority may sell the materials and deduct from the proceeds their own expenses. Should the owner execute the works he receives a first charge on the property of six per cent. on his outlay for thirty years. Large powers are given to the local authority in the Metropolis to provide, on the land they may have acquired, by the construction of new buildings, or by repairing, suitable dwellings for the working classes, and to open out or widen closed or partially closed alleys, to pull down buildings and leave open spaces. If their lessee does not execute buildings according to specification, the premises may be absolutely forfeited, and may vest in the local authority. They may also, subject to the approval of a Secretary of State, enter into contract for building, altering, enlarging, repairing, and improving workmen's dwellings, being premises held by them for the purposes of the Act, and they may, subject to confirmation, make bye-laws for the regulation of their dwellings.

Torrens's Act throws the responsibility of repairs, &c., as far as possible on the owner, with regard to certain premises, though, as amended, it is applicable to a large number of contiguous premises, and to something approaching a scheme. The Artizans' Dwellings Acts (1875 and 1879), on the other hand, throw the responsibility of dealing with insanitary 'areas' on the local authorities.

By the amending Act of 1882 obstructive buildings are placed under the operation of these Acts. 'An obstructive building' is one so situate by reason of proximity to, or contact with, any other buildings as to stop ventilation and make other buildings unfit for human habitation, or to prevent proper measures being carried out to remedy evils complained of in respect of such buildings. Action is taken by the local authority (in London, the Vestry or District Board) on the report of a medical officer. The report of an engineer or surveyor is then required. Copies of these reports are served on the owner, with notice of time and place for the consideration of the matter; then, on the order of the local authority, if they so determine, the building may be pulled down. If their order is not appealed against, or if it is confirmed on appeal, they are considered to have purchased the site. But within a month after notice to purchase, the owner may declare that he desires to retain the site, undertaking either to pull down the building or permit the local authority to do so. In that case he retains the site and receives compensation. The local authority may keep the whole or part of the site as an open space. If the value of adjacent property is increased by the removal of the obstructive building, an amount estimated to be equal to the increased value may be levied as an improvement rate from the adjacent occupiers.

Obstructive
buildings.

II.—THE ARTIZANS' AND LABOURERS' DWELLINGS IMPROVEMENT ACTS.

Principle of
the Act of
1875.

In introducing the Bill for facilitating the improvement of the dwellings of the working classes in large towns (The Artizans' Dwellings Act, 1875), Lord Cross said: 'No one would doubt the propriety and right of the State to interfere in matters relating to sanitary laws. Looking at this question as a matter of sanitary reform, there is much to be done by the legislature, not to enable the working classes to have houses provided for them, but to take them out of that miserable condition in which they now find themselves, namely, that if they want to have decent homes, they cannot get them. . . . We proceed entirely on sanitary grounds.' And throughout the discussion on the subject the leading argument has been the necessity of sanitary reform. There has been difficulty in enforcing the Acts for the prevention of overcrowding because there was no place for the people who were turned out to go to. Houses, courts, and alleys were the property of several owners, and it was therefore not in the power of any one owner to make such alterations as were necessary to public health. Torrens's Act, more particularly as it stood in 1875, was in the main suitable for demolition only, and could not well be applied except to a few houses here and there. The Bill, accordingly, in the preamble, proposed that in ill-built and densely-inhabited portions of cities and boroughs, in the Metropolis, in the City of London, and urban sanitary districts having a population of 25,000 and upwards,— 'houses, &c., which, by reason of want of light, air, ventilation, or of proper conveniences, or from other causes, were unfit for human habitation,' and where fevers and diseases, causing death and loss of health, were constantly generated, should be pulled down and reconstructed; and due provision should be made for dwellings for the working classes, who might, in consequence, be displaced. For this object—as suggested in the Report (1873) of the Special Committee of the Society—the local authority is empowered to become purchaser of these insanitary houses; to demolish them, and sell the sites for the erection of artisans' dwellings. The initiative has to be taken by the medical officer, who makes an official representation to his local authority. If he does not act, two justices of the peace, or twelve ratepayers, may complain to him of the unhealthiness of an area, and oblige him to make an inspection. Thereupon the local authority, if satisfied that the sanitary defects in the area or part of the area reported upon cannot be remedied otherwise, may resolve that an improvement scheme for the management and reconstruction of the streets and houses is necessary.

Origination
of schemes.

This scheme may, amongst other things, provide for widening the approaches to an unhealthy area, or for opening it out for purposes of ventilation; it has to distinguish the lands proposed to be taken compulsorily, and it has to provide for the accommodation of,

at the least, as many persons of the working class as may be displaced in the area, with respect to which the scheme is proposed, in suitable dwellings, which, unless there are any special reasons to the contrary, should be situate within the limits of the same area, or in the vicinity thereof; it has also to provide for proper sanitary arrangements.

By the Amending Act of 1879 (42 & 43 Vict., c. 63), the confirming authority has power, on application, if satisfied that 'equally convenient accommodation can be provided for any persons of the working class displaced,' 'at some place other than within the area, or the immediate vicinity of the area,' and that such accommodation has been, or is about to be, provided, to authorise or modify an improvement scheme accordingly.

After due advertisement and notice served on owners, lessees, and occupiers, the local authority presents a petition, copy of the scheme, &c., and the names of owners or lessees who have dissented in respect to the taking of their lands are sent to the confirming authority (i.e., in the Metropolis to a Secretary of State, or in the case of an urban sanitary authority, to the Local Government Board), who then directs a local inquiry to be held to ascertain the correctness of the official representation made as to the area, the sufficiency of the scheme provided for its improvement, and any local objections to be made to such scheme. The confirming authority then makes a provisional order authorising the scheme with or without modifications. This order the local authority circulates among the owners and lessees; but it is not valid till confirmed by Act of Parliament.

If the local authority do not act on an official representation, they have to send a copy of the representation to the confirming authority, who may thereupon direct a local inquiry to be made.*

Now, under the Housing of the Working Classes Act, 1885, when in the Metropolis the official representation has been made, and the local authority have submitted to the Secretary of State a resolution to the effect that in their judgment the proposed improvement is, or is not, one of general importance to the Metropolis, the Secretary of State may cause inquiry to be made; and he may determine whether proceedings should be taken under the Artizans' Dwellings, or under the Artizans' Dwellings Improvement, Act.

The Act of 1882 provides that in the Metropolis and the City of London, the confirming authority may allow provision of accommodation for one-half of the persons of the working classes who are displaced. But he can only do this on a report from the officer who conducts the local inquiry, that a modification should be made,

Amendment
as to dis-
placed work-
ing classes.

* It is not possible to refer here to the provisions in these and other Acts for the acquisition of land, compensation, &c.

‘having regard to the special circumstances of the locality, and to the number of artisans and others belonging to the labouring classes within the area, and being employed within a mile thereof.’ *

If the official representation has regard to an area of not more than ten houses, the County Council has to direct the officer making the same to report the case to the Vestry or District Board, whose duty it shall be to deal with it.

Limitation
of Artisans’
and
Labourers’
Dwellings
Improvement
Acts.

The provi-
sion of
lodging-
houses to the
labouring
classes by
the local
authority.

III.—ACTS TO PROMOTE THE ESTABLISHMENT OF LODGING-HOUSES FOR THE LABOURING CLASSES.

In regard to these Acts it is here necessary to refer only to some of the clauses of Lord Shaftesbury’s Act (1856) for encouraging the establishment of lodging-houses for the labouring classes. These clauses have been revived by the Act of 1885, which altered the whole machinery for their enforcement. A local authority—in the Metropolis, the London County Council; in the City, the Commissioners of Sewers—may now appropriate any lands vested in them or at their disposal, or may purchase or rent lands for the erection of any buildings suitable for lodging-houses for the labouring classes, or they may convert any buildings into such lodging-houses. And they may from time to time alter, enlarge, repair, and improve their lodging-houses, and fit up, furnish, and supply them with all requisite furniture, fittings and conveniences. They may also purchase on lease existing lodging-houses for the purpose. Gas and water companies may, ‘in their discretion,’ supply the houses, ‘either without charge, or on such favourable terms as they may think fit.’

The local authority may also exchange lands for the purposes of the Act. If the lodging-houses become too expensive, they may, with the approval of the Treasury, sell them, and pay any surplus to their credit, or to that of the General District rate, the Improvement rate, or the Poor’s rate. They may also make ‘bye-laws for the management, use, and regulation of the lodging-houses, and of the tenants or occupiers thereof, and for determining from time to time the charges for the tenancy and occupation of the lodging-houses.’ For any breach of the bye-laws they may inflict a penalty of not more than £5. The lodging-houses are to be at all times open to inspection by the ‘Local Board of Health.’ Any person who, or whose wife or husband at the time of tenancy, receives poor relief other than relief on account of accident or temporary illness, is disqualified from continuing to be tenant.

* For the Orders of the House of Lords, in regard to the obligations placed on promoters of Bills to make provision for the labouring class, *see* Addenda, p. clxxv.

There is thus placed in the hands of the municipality the amplest means of providing for the labouring classes, lodging-houses at what rents and under what conditions they please. They may become the absolute managers of the houses, and they may, with the aid of the local rates, supplant private endeavour, wherever they may wish to do so. Impatient of slower processes, and even of 'enormous' improvements, they may apply this short and summary method of dealing with the ill-housed poor, trusting to their own sagacity to carry out, with good results to the community, that which others have failed to do.

LX.—ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The creation of the Charity Commissioners was the first systematic attempt to provide for the proper administration of the charitable endowments in England and Wales, and to turn them to better uses. That race of poor persons known as 'gift-hunters' are kept in existence by the smaller charitable endowments. The injury that many of these endowments have done, and are doing, is incalculable. They are seldom managed on the principle of adequate relief, and are administered rather as an official trust than as a remedial charity. They are frequently hemmed in by numerous restrictions, which necessitate a distribution to persons who comply with their conditions, rather than to persons who require their benefits. The poor have to be assisted in compliance with the terms and (if one may say so) for the benefit of the trust. Instead of the trust being available for all such purposes as will meet the special wants of the individual. The administration of the trust is usually wholesale, inelastic, and official. It should be discriminating, adaptable to the various needs of charity, and personal.

The evils of endowed charities, as at present administered.

In 1879, Sir Arthur Hobhouse said* :—

'A charitable endowment or, in curt popular language, "a charity," has absolutely nothing to do with the virtue so called. It is simply a gift to be made to public uses, and to be governed for indefinite periods of time by the will of the giver. It need not be for the benefit of the poor; it need not be beneficial or wise; if not illegal or contrary to public policy—a source of objection which has been allowed an extremely narrow range—it is a good gift to "charity," and must take effect accordingly. Neither need it be made from any good motive.

'No ground of policy or expediency can be assigned for allowing [the founder] to dictate for ever, or for centuries, the mode in which his property shall be used. No human being, however wise and good, is able to foresee the special needs of society even for one or two generations. And yet our law says that anybody, although he may be a person whose opinion we should never think of taking in any subject whatever during his life, may compel us to take for all time property with almost any amount or kind of conditions not positively immoral. They may be foolish at the outset; change of circumstances may have made them useless or hurtful; still we must obey them. We do not allow such things to be done when the gift is to individuals or to families. An individual legatee, if he

* 'The Dead Hand.' Addresses on Endowments by Sir Arthur Hobhouse, Q.C.

dislikes the condition, may decline the gift. . . . The consequences of so absurd a law are such as might be expected. The fruit is as the tree is. We have managed our endowments according to the fortuitous views of myriads of testators, and the result is that until quite recently nearly the whole of these endowments were, and still a very large portion is, mismanaged so far as to produce in some cases no good, and in others positive injury to the persons affected by them.'

Under these circumstances an almoner can hardly overlook almost the only machinery that exists for reforming these charities. On the power and efficiency of the Charity Commissioners, and the gradual remodelling of charitable trusts on wise principles through their agency, and that of persons co-operating with them, depends the removal of one of the best proven and most powerful causes of pauperism and misery.

LXI.—JUDICIAL CONTROL OVER ENDOWMENTS.*

The Court of
Chancery
and chari-
table en-
dowments.

A very ancient department of the jurisdiction of the Court of Chancery, now merged into the High Court of Justice, is that which relates to Charitable Trusts. The Court has jurisdiction to compel all trustees, and among them trustees of endowments, to perform the trusts reposed in them. In the case of endowments, which are for the benefit of the public and which never come to an end, the Court assumed a further jurisdiction, not existing in the case of ordinary trusts which are for the benefit of private individuals and which come to an end in, at least, the second generation after the donor's death. If the founder of an endowment failed to state his purpose with sufficient clearness, or if he omitted to prescribe the details requisite for carrying his purpose into effect, the Court could supply what was wanting. Again, if it was found that the particular objects contemplated by the founder did not exist, or if the details prescribed by him were found to be unworkable, the Court could remodel the arrangements. But the Court has disclaimed the power of remodelling arrangements made by the founder merely because they are inconvenient or even pernicious to society.

The creation of a tribunal, with power to remodel pernicious or useless arrangements, is a cardinal point in dealing with endowments, is earnestly insisted on† by all who have studied the subject, and is sternly and successfully resisted by others. In order, therefore, that those who wish endowments to work well, instead of working in the way described in the preceding section, should have a clear idea what is the defect in our law, it will be well to illustrate it by examples of circumstances in which the Court can and cannot alter the founder's arrangements. At a period of our history people

* See, for a most useful Memorandum on the origin and scope of the relations between the Charity Commissioners and Trustees of Charities, Appendix A, 39th Report of the Charity Commissioners for England and Wales, 1882.

† See 'The Dead Hand,' quoted above; also the Reports of the Charity Commissioners, &c.

were in the habit of devoting property to the ransom of Christians enslaved by the Mahometan powers. The time came when slaves of this kind ceased to exist. In these cases it has been held that the Court can devote the property to some kindred purpose, *cy-pres*, as the legal phrase goes. At the period of the Reformation, zeal for improved education led a great many persons to give property to maintain what were called grammar schools. What happened may be exemplified by the case of the Leeds School. In the year 1552 the founder had given property to pay a schoolmaster to teach in the Grammar School. In the early part of this century the people of Leeds wanted to learn other things than Greek and Latin, which alone were taught in the school. So the school became useless to them, and stood empty, or nearly so. The trustees and the Attorney-General proposed to introduce some modern subjects of learning. The schoolmaster resisted that. Lord Eldon decided in his favour. He held that it was not in the power of the Court to direct that anything but Greek and Latin should be taught in a grammar school. 'Other things might be very useful to the people of Leeds, but could not possibly be represented as useful to that charity.' In other words, an endowment in Leeds, for the people of Leeds, could not be made useful to them because the founder, nearly 300 years before, had contemplated, as the objects of his foundation, a schoolmaster to teach in a grammar school; and those objects, though useless and a scandal, were capable of existence.

Illustrations of difficulties in remodelling endowed charities.

The Leeds case is taken as a striking illustration, but is illustration only; not because it stood alone, for numbers of schools throughout the country were in a similar position, but because the requisite reform has been effected so far as regards educational endowments. As regards other endowments, they are still, with one exception, under the narrow law just set forth.

Owing to its dilatory, cumbrous, and ruinously expensive procedure, the Court of Chancery was found totally inadequate as an administrator or supervisor of endowments. After attempts extending over fifty years, and during that time successfully resisted by the actual managers of endowments, a new machinery was created in the shape of the Charity Commissioners. They were established in 1853, and their jurisdiction was greatly enlarged in the years 1855 and 1860.*

The Charity Commissioners and their Powers.

In the first place, they possess the important power of inquiring into the condition and administration of the great bulk of charitable endowments. They exercise this power through a staff of inspectors, and they register annual accounts of the income and expenditure of the trustees. It is important to all persons interested in the working of an endowment to know that, by inquiring at the

(1) Inquiry and advice.

* The principal Acts are 16 & 17 Vict., c. 137; 18 & 19 Vict., c. 124; 23 & 24 Vict., c. 136. Their office is at Gwydyr House, Whitehall.

Charity Commission, they may obtain ample information—usually helpful advice—and if the case demands it, an inspection entirely free of cost. The broad light thus thrown on the working of endowments, and the constant communication of their trustees and others with a central authority, has already done more for their improvement than all the actions of the Court of Chancery for centuries.

(2) Official trusteeship

In the second place, the Charity Commissioners have, by the establishment of official trustees, got a very simple machinery by which the safety of charity property is secured, and the expense of its devolution from one lot of trustees to another is saved, while the administration of the income by its managers is not interfered with. It is very important that this advantage to charity properties should be widely known.

(3) Making new schemes. Limitations on Commissioners' powers.

In the third place, the Charity Commissioners now exercise the old jurisdiction of the Court of Chancery in remodelling arrangements, or, as it is called, making new schemes. But the exercise of this power is subject to a very mischievous limitation. As regards small endowments, it may be exercised in every case; for the Commissioners may proceed to make a scheme on the application of the Attorney-General, or of any trustee of the endowment in question, or of any two inhabitants of the place it belongs to. But it is a curious instance of the dislike which the managers of these endowments have to reform, and of their great power in the legislature, that if the income of an endowment exceeds £50 a year, the Commissioners cannot make a scheme for it unless the trustees themselves ask to have one. For endowments worth £49 a year, it is a good thing that the Commissioners shall have jurisdiction upon being set in motion by agencies certain to be forthcoming if there is reasonable cause; but if an endowment has £51 a year, it may cry aloud for reform, the whole population of the place, a large minority of the trustees, and the Attorney-General may all be willing to ask for it, but the Commissioners cannot act unless a majority of the trustees themselves will ask to be reformed. Attempts have been made to remove this glaring absurdity, but hitherto the House of Lords have strenuously opposed the change.

The result of the establishment of the Charity Commission is that the old jurisdiction of the Court of Chancery, though it still exists in the High Court of Justice, is very rarely exercised. When the Commissioners find trustees obstinate, refusing to apply for a scheme, or when they find combative elements with which they cannot well deal, they call in the High Court. Otherwise the whole administration of charitable endowments is in their hands.

Educational endowments.

It has been before observed that educational endowments stand on a more favourable footing than others. A direct reform was

effected by the Acts of 1869 and 1870, which not only established a tribunal (the Endowed Schools Commission) to remodel them without waiting till it pleased trustees or managers to be remodelled, but altered the law itself, so that the teaching and other arrangements might be brought into accordance with the needs of the public. It was also provided, in favour of education, that the trustees of useless endowments, notably dole-funds, might enable the Endowed Schools Commissioners to apply them to the purpose of education.*

The Endowed School Commissioners and the Charity Commissioners are now one and the same body. But it must always be borne in mind that with the important exception of endowed schools, and the small exception of the rarely used power given to trustees of useless endowments, there exist no legal means of remodelling an endowment because it has become useless and mischievous to society, or otherwise, than on the ground acted on by the Court of Chancery as above explained.†

The application of the doctrine of *cy-près* under the Charitable Trusts Acts has, however, been of late years greatly extended. In the comparatively recent case of the Campden Charities, Sir George Jessel, after referring to the entirely different circumstances of Kensington in Queen Elizabeth's time, when the trust was created, and to those of Kensington of the present day, said:—

The doctrine
of *cy-près*.

‘The next point is as regards the other half of Lady Campden's Charity, which is given in what is technically called doles. It is £5 per year to be distributed in two half-yearly payments to the poor alone, and in the church or porch thereof. That means 50s. each half-year, to be paid in money, in shillings and sixpences and half-crowns, to the poor people of the village who came to church. That is the practice in many parishes in England, and it is a practice which, I think, would be more honoured in the breach than in the observance. There is no doubt that it tends to demoralise the poor and benefit no one. With our present ideas on the subject, and our present experience, which has been gathered as the result of very careful inquiries by various committees and commissions on the state of the poor in England, we know that the extension of doles is simply the extension of mischief. That is a very great reason for not extending them if we can help it. . . . That being so, and we being bound to administer the funds *cy-près*,

* The endowments which may be utilised (32 & 33 Vict., c. 56, s. 30) are those the income of which is wholly or partially applicable to doles in money or kind, marriage portions, redemption of prisoners and relatives, relief of poor prisoners in debt, loans, apprenticeship fees, advancement in life or any purposes which have failed altogether, or have become insignificant in comparison with the magnitude of an endowment for them—originally given to charitable uses in or before 1800.

† The preceding paragraphs of this section have been very kindly contributed.

what is the principal object which the testatrix had in view—as distinguished from the means by which she wished that object to be carried out? The principal object was to provide for the poor; and what poor? “For the relief of the most poor and needy that be of good life and conversation that should be inhabiting the parish of Kensington.”* It was thus decided according to the scheme proposed by the Charity Commissioners to use the moiety of the endowment, referred to in the above quotation, in various sums to relieve cases of sudden sickness and other exceptional distress; for the aid of a hospital or dispensary, or nursing institution; for pensions; and for the encouragement of provident habits by contributions towards the payment of annuities. In the case of the City Parochial Charities the principle was adopted of resettlement of the non-ecclesiastical endowments with a view to the physical, moral, and social improvement of the poorer inhabitants, regardless of the special purposes for which the individual trusts were created.

The following circular of the Charity Commission will show the reader what is required of trustees and others by the Charity Commission in the matter of accounts:—

Circular
relating to
accounts.
See 16 & 17
Vict., c. 137,
s. 61, and 18
& 19 Vict.,
c. 124, s. 44

The Charitable Trusts Acts require that the trustees or persons acting in the administration of every charity shall, in books to be kept by them for the purpose, regularly enter or cause to be entered full and true accounts of all money received and paid respectively on account of such charity, and shall also on or before the 25th day of March in every year, or such other day as may be fixed for that purpose by the Board of Charity Commissioners, prepare and make out the following accounts in relation thereto (that is to say):

- (1.) An account of the gross income arising from the endowment, or which ought to have arisen therefrom, during the year ending on the 31st day of December then last, or on such other day as may have been appointed for this purpose by the Board;
- (2.) An account of all balances in hand at the commencement of the year and of all moneys received during the same year on account of the charity;
- (3.) An account for the same period of all payments;
- (4.) An account of all moneys owing to or from the charity, so far as conveniently may be;

which accounts shall be certified under the hand of one or more of the trustees or administrators, and shall be audited by the auditor of the charity, if any; and that the said trustees or administrators shall, within fourteen days after the day appointed for making out such accounts, deliver or transmit a copy thereof to the Commissioners, at their office in London, and, in the case of parochial charities, shall deliver another copy thereof to the churchwarden or churchwardens of the parish or parishes with which the objects of such charities are identified, who shall present the same at the next general meeting of the Vestry of such parishes, and insert a copy thereof in the minutes of the vestry book; and that every such copy shall be open to the inspection of all persons at all reasonable hours, subject to such regulations as to the said Board may seem fit; and that any person may require a copy of every such account, or of any part thereof, on paying therefor after the rate of twopence for every seventy-two words or figures.

The duties of the Vestries in regard to charitable trusts we have seen on p. cxiii. The Local Government Board have also

* See Charity Commission Acts, by R. E. Mitcheson. Stevens and Sons, 1887

authority in the matter, though it would seem probable that the enactment is practically obsolete.* They can require of all persons in whom are vested any property or funds belonging to any parish, and held in trust for or applicable to the relief of the poor, or which may be applied in diminution of the poor-rate, or of persons who are in the receipt of the rents, profits, or income of such property or funds, a true and detailed account in writing of the place where the estate is situated, or the manner in which the funds are invested. Details of the rents and profits and their appropriation have to be given, with all such other particulars relating thereto as the said Board may direct and require. This enactment applies only to endowed charities.

The Local Government Board and endowed charities.

LXII.—PAWNBROKERS.

Pawnbrokers are the bankers of the unthrifty. They give them advances on goods and household gear, and thus help them at a pinch. In a sense pawnbroking is a kind of inverse method of saving—taking credit for stock. And the poor will buy things, quite prepared to make capital out of them, in a time of need, and even estimating their prospective value for this purpose. 'The number and value of pawn-tickets' is a point on which information has to be obtained in most cases of distress, when the means at the disposal of the family for re-establishing themselves have to be reckoned up. Also a man who saves will often invest his money in furniture and other articles of worth. It is important, therefore, that the kind of goods pawned should be noted. If they be small articles they may be a sign of the constant unthrift of a needy family; if they be useful and of solid value they may indicate the break up of a good home.

Pawning and saving.

Pawnbrokers must have certificates from a magistrate.† They make the following charges: 'When a loan does not exceed 40s., $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per month on every 2s. or fraction of 2s. Half a month's charge if the pledge is redeemed within the first 14 days of any month except the first. When a loan exceeds 40s., $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per month, or part of a month, upon every 2s. 6d. or fraction of 2s. 6d. The charge for the pawn-ticket is $\frac{1}{2}$ d. if the loan is under 10s., 1d. if above. Upon loans between 40s. and £10, the parties may, if they please, make their own bargain, to be specified on a special ticket. All pledges are redeemable within 12 months and 7 days. A pledge for 10s. or under, if not so redeemed, is absolutely forfeited. Pledges over 10s. must be sold by public auction, and the pawnbroker is bound at any time within three years to account, upon demand, for the surplus.'‡

Regulations regarding pawn-brokers.

* 4 & 5 Will. IV., c. 67, s. 85.

† 35 & 36 Vict., c. 93.

‡ 'The Justices' Note Book,' by W. K. Wigram, p. 344.

LXIII.—LOANS.

Loans useful
and useless.

The assistance of those in distress by loan has been frequently advocated. The high percentage charged by loan societies makes them pitfalls for the distressed, rather than aids. The working man who has contracted such a loan is considered well-nigh doomed by his mates, so great are the chances against him. Yet a loan on good security without interest, or at a low interest, has helped many. If an almoner makes a loan on these terms, when it is repaid he should induce the borrower to continue to pay it to himself to his own account at a savings bank; or the almoner might lodge the last few instalments in the bank for the borrower as an inducement to and beginning of thrift. The most convenient form for a loan is the following:—

We jointly and severally promise to pay to
of value received, by or order, the sum of
shilling, on every instalments
day in each consecutive
week from the date hereof until the same shall have been repaid. In default of
payment of any one instalment, the amount then unpaid shall thereupon become
due and payable in one sum, notwithstanding that any time may be given to the
principal debtor without the surety's consent.

[Date]

Borrower.

Surety.

The stamps required are mentioned in the following note:—

By the Stamp Act 1870 (33 & 34 Vict., c. 97), s. 49, the term 'promissory note' means and includes any document or writing (except a bank note) containing a promise to pay any sum of money. A note promising the payment of any sum of money out of any particular fund which may or may not be available, or upon any condition or contingency which may or may not be performed or happen, is to be deemed for the purposes of this Act a promissory note for the said sum of money. The stamps to be affixed to promissory notes are, where the amount or value of the money for which the bill or note is drawn or made does not exceed

£5	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1d.
Exceeds £5	and does not exceed	£10	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	2d.
" £10	" "	£25	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	3d.
" £25	" "	£50	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	6d.
" £50	" "	£75	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	9d.
" £75	" "	£100	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1s.
" £100.	For every £100 and also for every fractional part of									
	£100 of such amount or value	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	1s.

The stamp must be a note stamp.

Conditions
of success in
loans.

To make a loan effectual much care must usually be expended on the method of its repayment. There is not, as some would seem to think, any inherent virtue in a loan as against other forms of relief. It may be repaid and yet, like a gift, leave the borrower in as unsatisfactory a position as before. But a loan upon which sufficient care is spent, may be as good a way as any of promoting

thrift and foresight. In such a case the almoner should require that the instalment be paid weekly on a fixed day, and he should call for it himself, or arrange that it be called for on his behalf, or received at the rooms of some society. The former is the better plan, as it will thus be easier for him to induce the borrower to lay by in the savings bank the instalment, which, until his loan was repaid, he continued to pay to the lender. Of course this, like other good methods, requires constant personal care on the part of the almoner—a condition not always fulfilled.

Success in most instances depends rather on such care as this, than on the actual form of the loan, for instance—with surety, or by L.O.U., or as 'a returnable grant.' In special cases, at least, the loan with surety is advisable.

To ensure that the surety is satisfactory and that the payments are made punctually, the almoner would do well to employ such a society as the Charity Organisation Society. These loans must be treated as business, and on non-payment the borrower or his surety should, after due warning, be proceeded against by a summons to the County Court. It should be required that the instalment be paid on a fixed day in the week; and immediately on its non-payment a letter should be sent to the borrower. Subsequently if the payment is not made, he should be at once visited. The surety should be as nearly as possible in the same rank of life as the borrower. The borrower is then reluctant to let the security pay on his behalf. A surety in a better position in life than the borrower is inclined to think it a grievance if he has to make good his obligation. Loans, of course, should not be given except in cases where there is a thoroughly reasonable prospect of repayment. Sometimes what may be termed a returnable grant may be a substitute, especially where there is a possibility rather than a prospect of repayment; and where care has been taken, these have been usually repaid as promptly and fully as loans. In such a case the applicant may be told that he is expected to pay; when the character of applicants has been ascertained by inquiry, it is often found that they readily make good this obligation. Sometimes part of the assistance may be by way of loan.

Loans with
surety.

In a few cases assistance by way of the loan of a machine is desirable. It is usual in these instances to mark the machine as the property of the Society until the loan is paid. Cases have occurred in which the question of the exemption of the machine has been raised, when there has been subsequently a distress levied on the borrower. The following note on this point has been kindly furnished, and may well be inserted here.

Loans of
machines,
&c.

1. Certain things are absolutely privileged. Among these are comprised *inter alia*—

Goods privileged
against
levy of
distress.

(For benefit of trade)—Goods delivered to a person in the way of his trade: *Swire v. Leach*, 34 L. J. C. P. 150. So

materials delivered by a manufacturer to a weaver to work up, while a frame or other machinery delivered with such materials to work them up with is only privileged *sub modo* (*vid. infra*): *Wood v. Clarke*, 1 C. & J. 484.

(On account of danger to the public peace)—Things in actual use: so tools and implements of a man's trade in actual use: *Simpson v. Hartopp*, Willes, 512; 1 Smith L. C. 439, ed. 7. But if not in actual use they are only privileged *sub modo* (*vid. infra*): *Nargett v. Nias*, 1 E. & E. 439. But the distrainer is a trespasser *ab initio* only as to those particular goods which were not distrainable; the distress may be valid as to the residue.

(For protection of lodgers)—Lodgers' goods under 34 & 35 Vict. c. 79.

(If the Agricultural Holdings Act applies)—Hired machinery and breeding stock.

Ledgers, day-books, vouchers, and other business papers seem not to be distrainable, and in one case 40s. damages in trespass were recovered against a landlord and his broker for illegal seizure: *Woodfall*, p. 451.

2. Certain things are privileged *sub modo* or conditionally, that is, are privileged only if there be other sufficient distress on the premises. Among these are comprised *inter alia*—

Tools and implements of a man's trade (not in actual use): *Gorton v. Falkner*, 4 T. R. 565.

Subject to the above-mentioned and other exceptions, all cattle, goods and chattels which are found upon the demised premises may be distrained for rent, whether they be the effects of a tenant or a stranger—the reason being that the landlord has a lien on them in respect of the place in which they are found, and not in respect of the person to whom they belong.

So a threshing machine (unless otherwise protected, *e.g.* under the Agricultural Holdings Act, or as a fixture if such it be in the particular case), is liable to distress unless in actual use at the time, or there be other sufficient distress: *Fenton v. Logan*, 9 Bing. 676. And if a man has two millstones, and one only is in use, and the other lies by not used, it may be distrained for rent: *Yr. Bk.* cited in *Simpson v. Hartopp*, *sup.*

Horses and carriages standing at livery may be distrained, but a carriage sent to a coachmaker or commission agent for sale may not, nor goods warehoused in the ordinary course of business at a furniture depository: See *Woodfall*, p. 440.

It has been said that articles sent to a place to remain are distrainable, but if sent for a particular object, and the remaining be an incident necessary for the completion of that object, they are not:

Parsons v. Gingell, 4 C.B. 545; but the exemption (*see* Woodfall, *ad hoc*) seems rather to arise for the benefit of trade. *See Lyons v. Elliott*, L. R. 1 Q. B. D. 210, criticised however in *Redman v. Lyon*, L. & T. ed. 2, p. 164.

And it seems that as the goods of third parties have never been exempted, generally the burden of proof is upon each third party to bring himself within the benefit of the exemption he sets up: Woodfall, ed. 13, p. 441, *note* (i).

LXIV.—PENSIONS.

Charity has to use the most determined efforts to replace the distressed in independence. There is one class of cases in which such efforts would be thrown away, but in which, notwithstanding, assistance must be found. They are chronic or pension cases, in which misfortune has reduced a poor person to want, in spite of their provision for the future and their continued thrift, or when some special cause, such as the care of an aged or afflicted relation, has diminished the means of saving; or, again, when confirmed ill-health has made it impossible that the patient should earn a living, and it is not a case that should be left to the infirmary.

When pensions should be given.

A power recently granted to the Guardians of subscribing, with the consent of the Local Government Board, 'towards any asylum or institution for persons suffering from any permanent or natural infirmity or towards any association or society for aiding such persons' * is important.

There is a great temptation to give pensions to respectable old people, without reference to any special conditions or qualifications. When there is a plain, private, and personal responsibility on the part of the donor to relieve such persons by a pension, no objection can be raised to it; but when there is no such responsibility, and the onus of decision and relief rests upon those who have associated themselves together for charitable purposes, some limitations are necessary, otherwise the pensions will tend to weaken providence and family ties, and to become an ill-regulated system of allowances, not unlike outdoor relief. The difficulty of procuring the necessary assistance and of providing sufficient personal supervision, must in any case, however, put a great check on the granting of pensions, but the need of scrutiny thus enforced is beneficial.

The following general conditions may be suggested:—

1. That the pensioner should be of good general character.
2. That he should be over 60 years of age, except in cases in which he has been incapacitated by some serious accident or severe affliction. In every instance a medical certificate should be obtained.
3. That he should be unable to support himself by his own exertions.
4. That he should have made reasonable efforts to provide for old age. Due

* 42 & 43 Vict., c. 54, s. 10 (*see* p. lxxi.).

allowance would, of course, be made for exceptional difficulties against which he may have had to contend.

5. That relatives, employers, or others on whom he has either a legal or a strong moral claim, should join in assisting him.

6. That the pension should be sufficient to enable the recipient to live decently and in moderate comfort. For a couple, one shilling a day may perhaps be taken as a maximum adequate allowance for maintenance; for single men or women, 8d. a day. In each case the rent must be allowed for in addition.

7. That the allowance be taken to the home weekly by an almoner.

8. That it should be revised every quarter, and any alterations in the condition of the pensioner, his means, and resources, may be ascertained and considered.

If granted in the first instance out of a kind of favouritism, and disbursed without constant personal supervision, pensions may entice the poor to manifold small deceits and pretences. Pensioners may, for instance, receive aid from others, even outdoor relief, and hide the fact that they are doing so. It is as with loans and much other relief, friendly watchfulness on the part of the almoner is indispensable.

For some cases in which the pensioners are, owing to old age and infirmity, unable to look after themselves, it is very difficult to make provision. An effort has to be made to procure for them admission to some one of the comparatively few suitable homes mentioned in the Register, or to board them out, if possible, with friends and relations.

The following cases may be quoted as illustrative:—

T.—An old woman of good character, disabled by age and infirmity, was in distress in consequence of misfortune not traceable to misconduct. Having failed in a small business by which she had previously lived, she was for many years maintained by a daughter, until the ill-health of the latter deprived her of the power of supporting the family. The case was mentioned to a lady, who kindly promised a small weekly allowance. This, with the help still given by the daughter, and with some trifling contribution from a son, will enable the old woman to end her days in comparative comfort.

A PENSION CASE.—A French governess, aged 63, had been unfit for any employment for 11 years, through illness, and had been supported by an elder brother who was an artist, who, through old age and reduced circumstances, could not continue to support her, further than giving her a home; she bore an excellent character, and had assisted to support her mother till her death. She had been engaged in good families, and we communicated with them, with the result that a pension of £40 a year for three years has been promised.

And, as an instance of a case of chronic illness, provided for by a pension, the following may be cited:—

U. V.—The case of a young woman suffering from what is certified to be incurable disease, is taken up zealously by the clergy of the district in which she resides; the Committee is asked to endorse with its approval a special appeal which was to be printed and widely circulated. With the approval of the Central Office, after due inquiry, and under carefully considered conditions of administration, this endorsement was made; money has come to hand, which allows an adequate treatment of the case for a period beyond the probable duration of the young woman's life, and the amount is lodged with us under an agreement prepared in concert with the clergy.

LXV.—MEANS OF THRIFT.

Charity's better work, however, is to induce the people to provide themselves with pensions. This can most readily be done

How thrift
can be made
a condition
of help.

by the friendly and benefit societies, and savings and post-office banks, post-office annuities, &c. Particulars regarding these will be found in the Appendix to the Register.* The almoner can always give relief on his own conditions, and one of the conditions should be that the father of the family and the children, as they grow up, should join a good friendly society.

It must often be the hope of the almoner that the rising generation will enjoy a better and completer life than their parents, one less harassed by the struggle for necessities, and thus less exposed to mischance. If they begin by receiving the better instruction of the School Board schools, and are accustomed to think of thrift as one of the duties of life, there is a reasonable prospect of their making a step upwards. The boys, when they have left school, may join Juvenile Friendly Societies. The number of these is rapidly increasing. 'In 1872 the number of members in the Juvenile Courts of the Foresters was 18,651, and the worth of funds, £10,000; by the end of 1886 the membership had reached 67,508, contained in 1,785 branches, and possessing funds to the amount of £79,219. There is a Juvenile Foresters Federation, uniting the separate societies together, and serving as a medium of transfer and interchange of ideas and experience in management. The Manchester Unity comes next with 40,000 members and over £41,000 in funds, while the yearly transfer to adult lodges reaches over 2,500 and in the Foresters to 4,000.† The Hearts of Oak have also opened a Juvenile Society, to which candidates under 21 years of age are admitted, on payment of an entrance fee of 1s., and according to their contributions of 2s. 6d., 5s., or 7s. 6d. a quarter, there is payable to them on their behalf 5s., 10s., or 15s. a week sick pay, and £5, £10, or £15 'death money.' Clubs like these might be fed with members from the schools, with members who have acquired the habit of saving when young, and are likely to stick to the society they join. Girls might leave school with a Post Office or Penny Bank banking account. At present, at least, there are not available friendly societies for them. The School Board can, however, open savings banks in connection with the Post Office, and many of the schools have savings banks.

Juvenile
Friendly
Societies.

LXVI.—POST OFFICE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THRIFT AND SAVING.‡

The following notes of, or rather extracts from the Postal Guide, may be suggestive to almoners. Full particulars will be found in

* Particulars respecting existing arrangements will be found in the Post Office Guide.

† See 'The Mutual Friendly and Provident Institutions of the Working Classes,' by Rev. J. Frome Wilkinson. Diprose, Bateman & Co. London, 1888.

‡ Particulars regarding, and a list of, Savings Banks, will be found in the Register.

the Guide, which is published quarterly, price 6d., and can be had at any Post Office.

HOURS OF BUSINESS.—Post Office Savings Banks are established at all Money Order Offices in the United Kingdom, and are open for the receipt and payment of money, and for the transaction of Government Stock business, daily during the hours appointed for Money Order business. In London deposits are received at the district and branch offices until 8 p.m. on Saturday, and at the majority of the receiving houses, both on Friday and Saturday, until 7 p.m.

AMOUNT OF DEPOSITS.—At these banks deposits of one shilling, or any number of shillings, will be received; but no one may deposit more than £30 in one year, ending 31st December, or make a further deposit when the total amount standing to his credit has reached £150, exclusive of interest. (The limits of £30 and £150 are irrespective of any sums deposited for the purpose of immediate investment in Government Stock, and Government Insurance and Annuities.)

SMALL SAVINGS BY POSTAGE STAMPS.—Any person desirous of saving one shilling by means of penny contributions, for deposit in the Post Office Savings Bank, may do so by purchasing with every penny so saved a penny postage stamp, and affixing it to a form to be obtained at any Post Office. When twelve such stamps have been so affixed, the form may be taken to any Post Office Savings Bank in the United Kingdom, where it will be received by the Postmaster, and one shilling be allowed for the stamps, which shilling will be accepted either as the first deposit in a new account then to be opened, or as an ordinary deposit if the owner of it has already opened an account. If the stamps affixed to the form are defaced, or in any way damaged, they will not be received by the Postmaster.

FORM OF DECLARATION.—On making his first deposit, every person must give his Christian and surname, state his occupation and residence, and sign a declaration stating that he is not directly or indirectly entitled to any deposit in, or benefit from the funds of this or any other savings bank in Great Britain or Ireland, nor to any sum or sums standing in the name or names of any other person or persons in the books of the said Post Office Savings Bank.

INTEREST.—Interest at the rate of £2 10s. per cent. per annum (which is at the rate of sixpence in the pound for each year, or at the rate of one halfpenny on each complete pound for each calendar month) is allowed until the sum due to a depositor amounts to £200, when interest ceases.

PERSONS BY WHOM DEPOSITS MAY BE MADE.

Deposits may be made:—

- (A) By persons of full age, and not under legal disability.
- (B) By married women.
- (C) By children seven years old and upwards.
- (D) On behalf and in the names of children under 7 years old. In this case the money is not repayable until the children attain the age of 7, except in the event of death.
- (E) On behalf and in the names of insane persons by those appointed to represent them.
- (F) By two persons jointly on their own behalf. In this case neither person must have any other account in a Savings Bank, and the signature of both persons will be required to a notice of withdrawal.
- (G) By one person as Trustee for another person also named in the account. The signatures of both persons will be required to a notice of withdrawal. A person may act as Trustee in any number of accounts, and at the same time have an account in his own name.
- (H) By a duly registered friendly society through its Trustees. In this case deposits may be made without limit.
- (I) By a Charitable or Provident Society, Penny Bank, or similar Institution, through the Trustees or Treasurer. In this case deposits may be made to the extent of £100 in any one year, and £300 in the whole, and if the consent of the National Debt Commissioners be obtained, without limit.
[Societies wishing to deposit under (H) and (I) must first apply for authority to the Controller of the Savings Bank Department, sending a copy of their rules.]
- (J) By Societies, Limited Companies, and other Corporations not coming under (H) or (I). In these cases the ordinary limits for deposits as explained in Rule 2 apply.
- (K) By Vicars and Rectors of Parishes and other official persons, being corporations sole, in their official titles. In these cases the ordinary limits apply.
- (L) In the name of the Registrar of any County Court. Under the 70th section of the County Courts Act, 51 & 52 Vict., cap. 43, 'trust moneys' not in excess of £500 may be thus deposited; and under the 71st section, money paid into a County Court in 'equitable proceedings' may be deposited by the Registrar without restriction as to amount.

INVESTMENTS AND SALES OF GOVERNMENT STOCK.

A depositor in the Post Office Savings Bank may invest in Government Stock at $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. The minimum amount of Stock to be purchased or sold is 1s., and not more than £100 Stock can be credited to an account in any year ending 31st December; or £300 Stock in all.

GOVERNMENT INSURANCES AND ANNUITIES.

The Post Office now issues Deferred Annuities with the purchase-money returnable or not returnable, Immediate and Joint Annuities; and it grants insurances, with or without medical treatment, and on the understanding that after the payment of two annual premiums, a surrender value is obtainable on discontinuance of payments.

Immediate or Deferred Annuities of not less than £1, or more than £100, may be purchased through the Post Office on the life of

any person over five years of age. Any person between 14 and 65 years of age may insure his or her life for not less than £5, or more than £100. The lives of children between 8 and 14 years of age may be insured for £5. If the amount of the annuity or insurance purchased is less than £100, further annuities or insurances may be purchased from time to time until the total amount of annuities depending on the life is £100, or the total sum insured is £100.

Any person, not under 16 years of age, to whom an insurance is granted may nominate a person or persons to whom the money due at death is to be paid.

Husband and wife may each purchase an annuity of £100, and may each be insured to the full amount of £100.

By way of example, one instance out of the many tables published by the Post Office may be quoted. A yearly payment of 4s. 8d. from the age of 20 to 21, will produce a Deferred Life Annuity of £1, on the returnable system, at the age of 55. Thus to obtain, under these conditions, a pension of (say) £20, about 1s. 9d. a week would have to be paid.

LXVII.—FRIENDLY SOCIETIES.

Many of those who fall into distress do not belong to clubs.

The St. Olave's Committee of the Charity Organisation Society (1880) state that out of 447 cases on their books in one year, 140 were casual labourers. 'Of these 99 were not members of any club or benefit society—that is, were making no provision whatever in case of sickness or death. Of the remaining, 15 belonged to clubs, 10 to slate clubs, and 16 had lost their clubs through not keeping up their payments.' Such statistics,' the Report proceeds—

'Must not of course be taken as affording any accurate testimony. But it is sufficiently clear that little can be done for a class where the most common form of providence does not prevail, and where the circumstances of their labour seem to foster vices which carry such hard consequences. As a further illustration we may note the fact that only 25 of the 447 were men engaged in the leather trade, which is carried on so extensively in Bermondsey. Of these 11 were members of a club, 8 were without a club, and 6 had been struck off for non-payment. It may be worth while to add that among the 447 consecutive cases examined there were 10 shoemakers (8 without a club), 8 painters (6 without a club), 7 clerks (6 without a club), 3 tailors (all without a club), 10 hawkers (all without a club). The importance of the sick club is generally acknowledged. Numerous applications for aid are made owing to sickness, where membership in a club would have insured a weekly payment of 18s. (Hearts of Oak), 14s. (Foresters), and so on. The Committee have therefore made their grant of relief conditional on the applicant undertaking to join a club, when age rendered it possible. H. F., a labourer, aged 28, married, two children, applied in February last for assistance. He had been an out-patient at Guy's Hospital for five weeks, had then poisoned his hand, by which he was kept from work for nine weeks more. He belonged to no club, and had therefore nothing to fall back on except credit and the pawnshop. Having stated that he had now a promise of regular work, which was confirmed by the foreman, the Committee made him a loan of 1l. 10s. to take some things out of pawn, also a grant of 15s. for relief, as his work did not begin at once, the latter sum being also advanced on loan, but with the further agreement that repayment would not be demanded if he joined a club.

He paid back the loan at the rate of 2s. 6d. a week, commencing one month after he had been in work, and on September 27 joined the Comical Fellows' Benefit Society, paying an entrance fee of 5s.'

So much does the fact of being the member of a club say for a man, that it may be considered always a strong point in his favour in any application for assistance. And great good may be done by enabling men to pay their arrears. The members of some lodges, in times of pressure especially, will, on cause shown, pay up arrears in good cases. If a man states that he is 'run out,' the club card, if it be forthcoming, will show what the facts are; and the secretaries of the branches are generally willing to give information on such a point.

Tests of the soundness of clubs.

There is generally, however, some apprehension that the club to which a man belongs is not financially sound. And hearing from time to time of failures of small clubs or lodges, an almoner hesitates to recommend a man to join a club, for fear lest it should swallow up his savings and even destroy his faith in the desirability of saving altogether. The registration of a Society must not be considered as any guarantee of its trustworthiness. The number of members, the total assets and the yearly income of the club may be compared, so as to ascertain, by a kind of rule of thumb, the stability of the club. Short of an actuarial investigation, there is no other method so far as we know. A knowledge of the *bona fides* of the managers of the club is probably as good an assurance as any, combined with those we have mentioned. It may be considered safe to urge a man to join one of the three or four leading friendly societies, the Odd Fellows, the Foresters, the Hearts of Oak, and the Druids. If he is too old, or cannot 'pass the doctor,' he may be able to provide for himself under one of the postal office arrangements.*

LXVIII.—THE FRIENDLY SOCIETIES' REGISTRY.

By the Friendly Societies Acts† there may be registered at the central office of the Friendly Societies Registry, 28 Abingdon Street, S.W.—

For what purposes friendly societies established.

(1) 'Societies (herein called friendly societies) established to provide by voluntary subscriptions of members thereof, with or without aid of donations:—

For the relief or maintenance of members, their husbands, wives,‡ children, fathers, mothers, brothers or sisters, nephews or nieces, or wards being orphans,

* See Post Office Guide.

† 38 & 39 Vict., c. 60. 50 & 51 Vict., c. 56. 51 & 52 Vict., c. 66.

‡ If a person (e.g., a widow) is in receipt of an allowance from a benefit society, the Guardians would not be justified, according to the strict law applicable to such cases, in giving to the widow in question any further relief than such an amount as would, together with the sum she was receiving from the benefit society, render the amount of her weekly income equal, and no more than equal, to that amount which the Guardians hold to be necessary to relieve the destitution of a person similarly circumstanced, but who has no other means of support. Glen: 'Poor Law Orders,' p. 64 (1883).

during sickness or other infirmity, whether bodily or mental, in old age (which shall mean any age after fifty), or in widowhood, or for the relief or maintenance of the orphan children of members during minority;

For insuring money to be paid on the birth of a member's child, or on the death of a member, or for the funeral expenses of the husband, wife, or child of a member, or of the widow of a deceased member, or as respects persons of the Jewish persuasion, for the payment of a sum of money during the period of confined mourning;

For the relief or maintenance of the members when on travel in search of employment, or when in distressed circumstances, or in case of shipwreck, or loss or damage of or to boats or nets;

For the endowment of members or nominees of members at any age;

For the insurance against fire to any amount not exceeding fifteen pounds of the tools or implements of the trade or calling of the members;

Provided that no society (except as aforesaid) which contracts with any person for the assurance of an annuity exceeding fifty pounds per annum, or of a gross sum exceeding two hundred pounds, shall be registered under this Act.'

(2) Cattle insurance societies.

(3) Societies for any benevolent or charitable purpose.

(4) Societies (herein called working men's clubs) for the purposes of social intercourse, mutual happiness, mental and moral improvement, and rational recreation.

(5) Specially authorised societies.

The central
office for
registration,
etc.

The central office has to prepare and circulate forms of accounts, etc., for the use of societies, to collect returns, to publish information regarding statistics of life and sickness, and their application to the business of friendly societies; to publish from time to time generally, or in particular districts, such particulars of their returns and valuations, and such other information useful to members of, and persons interested in, friendly societies; to construct and publish tables for the payment of sums of money on death, in sickness, or old age, &c. The Chief Registrar has to report yearly to Parliament.

Friendly
societies'
registration.

The conditions required of societies that register and the forms to be filled up can be had on application to the Registrar.

A registration of a society fraudulently registered may be cancelled or suspended. Registered societies must have a registered office, must appoint trustees, whose appointment has to be notified to the Registrar, and must have its accounts audited annually by 'one of the public auditors appointed under the Act, or by two or more persons appointed as the rules of the society provide.' Societies registered before 1876 can be converted into the branches of other registered societies.* An annual return has to be made to the Registrar of the 'receipts and expenditure, funds, and effects, of the society as audited,' and 'the expenditure in respect of the several objects of the society;' the name and address and calling of the auditor have also to be given if the public auditor does not audit. Any member or person having an interest in the funds of the society may inspect the books, and, on application,

* 39 & 40 Vict., c. 32, s. 3.

have gratuitously a copy of the last annual return. The last balance-sheet, auditor's report, and quinquennial return has to be 'always hung up in a conspicuous place at the registered office.'

The privileges of the societies are, amongst others, that they may hold land in the names of their trustees; that they are exempt from stamp duty; that they have priority of claim in respect of money or property belonging to them in the possession of an officer by virtue of his office; and that a member of a friendly society who is 16 years of age can nominate a husband, wife, father, mother, child, brother, sister, nephew, or niece, or any other person who is not an officer or servant of the society, to receive on his death monies due to him not exceeding £100 by authorisation sent to the registered office; and that in the event of a member of a society entitled to a sum not exceeding £100 dying without having made a nomination and intestate, the sum shall be payable without letters of administration to the person who appears to the majority of the trustees upon such evidence as they may deem satisfactory to be entitled by law to receive it. Persons above the age of 16 and less than 21 may enjoy all the rights of a member, execute instruments and give acquittances, but they cannot be members of the committee of management, trustees, managers, or treasurers. Societies consisting wholly of members of any age under 21, or exceeding these years, are allowed to register under special regulations. Members may obtain certificates of birth, death, &c., at 1s., paying 6d. for subsequent copies. The society may subscribe to 'any hospital, infirmary, charitable, or provident institution, which may be necessary to secure to members and their families the benefit' of such institutions—a proviso useful for the extension of medical benefits to the families of members. These benefits are now generally confined to members who pay a certain contribution for the services of the club doctor. By the dispensary system, which the Metropolitan Provident Medical Association is creating, similar benefits will be available both for members and their families.

Privileges
of societies

Societies have to invest in post-office savings banks, or in any savings bank certified under the Act of 1863; in the public funds, with the Commissioners for the Reduction of the National Debt; in the purchase of land and erection of buildings; and in any other security expressly directed by the rules of the society, not being personal security, except as hereinafter authorised with respect to loans.

Investment
of friendly
societies.

With regard to loans to members, not more than one-half of the amount of an assurance on the life of a member of at least one full year's standing may be advanced to him, on the written security of himself and two satisfactory securities for repayment. The societies may have separate loan funds formed of the contributions and deposits of members. They may then make loans to

Loans to
members of
friendly
societies.

members on their personal security, with or without sureties, according to the society's rules. But (amongst other restrictions) the loan cannot be made out of money contributed for other purposes. No member can hold any interest in a loan fund exceeding £200. No loan without security may, together with monies owing by the member, exceed £50. Officers have to give security if required by the rules. For the purpose of legal proceedings, a society is represented by the trustees, and in some instances the officers.

Insurances of
children, &c.

Members, or persons claiming through members, are not entitled to receive more than £200 by way of gross sum, together with any bonuses or additions declared upon assurances not exceeding that amount, or (excepting in the case of societies established before 1850, in which a larger sum could be claimed), more than £50 a year from any one or more such societies. Societies may not insure, or pay on the death of a child under five years of age, any sum of money, which added to the amount payable on the death of such child by any other society exceeds £6. Nor may they insure or pay on the death of a child under 10 years of age, any sum, which, with similar additions, exceeds £10. The sum has to be paid to the parent or his representative, on the production of a certificate of death in a prescribed form.

Pauper
lunatics
benefit mem-
bers of
Friendly
Societies;
claims on
their allow-
ances by
Guardians.

If a pauper or pauper lunatic, having a wife or other relative dependent upon him for maintenance, may be entitled to receive moneys as a member of any friendly or benefit society, such moneys shall, subject to any deductions for keeping up his membership, be paid or applied by the trustees, committee, or officers of the society, to or for the maintenance of such wife or relative.

If a pauper or pauper lunatic, having no wife or relative dependent on him, is so entitled, no claim shall be made on the society by the Guardians, 'unless and until' they or their 'relieving officer shall have declared the relief to be given on loan, and shall have, within thirty days thereof, notified the same in writing to the secretary or trustees of the society or branch of which the pauper or pauper lunatic is a member.'*

LXIX.—APPLICATIONS FROM JEWS, FOREIGNERS, NATIVES OF ASIA, ETC.

Applications are often received from foreigners. Last year there was in the east of London a notorious case of certain Syrians, who stated that they started from the neighbourhood of Mount Lebanon, with the intention of going to Brazil. There are many such Syrian emigrants, who live by, amongst other means, begging and selling 'trinkets and beads from Jerusalem and Bethlehem.' This party said that on their arrival in London they were told that the

* 42 Vict., c. 12, amending 39 & 40 Vict., c. 61, s. 23.

destination of their ship was altered; a part of their fare was returned to them and they were landed. Their first misadventure was to be robbed of their money by a lodging house-keeper. Afterwards an Afghan, with whom they became acquainted, 'wrote begging letters for them, petitions which they carried about; and took them to the Thames Police Court, the Mansion House, several of the foreign embassies, charitable agencies, and private persons, connected with or interested in Syria.' 'Then they took to begging in the streets, were brought before the magistrates, cautioned frequently, and at last put in prison. This did not deter them, however; they became more cautious, and obtained hawkers' licenses.' Eventually they raised enough money to pay their way to America. In the endeavours to help the case there was continual overlapping. Foreign consuls, police magistrates, a religious sisterhood, a stranger's rest, and many private persons gave money and money's worth. Two most important charitable agencies, Dr. Barnardo and the Society of Friends of Foreigners in Distress, were simultaneously endeavouring to deal with the case. Neither knew the other was at work. Both failed to do anything.' Early in the progress of the case, 'two Charity Organisation Committees in whose districts the Syrians successively resided were applied to, but declined, almost *prima facie*, to have anything to do with such applicants, probably assuming that the Poor Law would be sure to deal with them.'*

Other cases of foreigners raise similar difficulties and perhaps pass through similar stages. The need of suitable centres of reference for dealing with them is evident.

Applications from Jews it is well to refer in all cases to the Jewish Board of Guardians. Foreigners should be referred to the societies for helping members of their nationality. If there be no such society, application should be made to the consul, and his advice requested.

In some instances the following provisions may be found of service.

In the case of Lascars or other natives of the territories under the Government of the Council of India, who are found destitute in the United Kingdom, and relieved by Poor Law Guardians, notice may be sent to the Secretary of that Council, stating the name of the person, the presidency or district of which he professes to be a native, the ship in which he came, and the port and time of his arrival. The moneys expended in relief will then be repaid.†

Another Act refers to the 'native of any country in Asia, Africa, or of any of the islands in the South Sea or Pacific Ocean, or of any

Lascars and
East Indians.

Seamen;
natives of
Asia, Africa,
&c.

* See *Charity Organisation Review*, Vol. IV., p. 308 (1888).

† Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, Amendment Act (18 & 19 Vict. c. 91), s. 22 (1855).

other country not having any consul in the United Kingdom, who is brought to the United Kingdom in any ship, British or foreign, as a seaman.' If left in the United Kingdom he becomes chargeable, or commits any act that makes him liable as an 'idle and disorderly' person, or any other act of vagrancy, the master or owner of the ship, or the consignee, if the vessel be foreign, 'shall incur a penalty not exceeding thirty pounds, unless he can show that the person so left as aforesaid quitted the ship without the consent of the master, or that due means have been afforded by such master, owner or consignee, or one of them, to such person of returning to his native country or the country in which he was shipped; and the court inflicting such penalty may order the whole or any part of such penalty to be applied towards the relief or sending home of such person.' *

LXX.—EXCEPTIONAL DISTRESS.

The following suggestions were formulated by a Special Committee in 1886, and may be found useful in times of emergency.

SUGGESTIONS AND SUGGESTED RULES FOR DEALING WITH EXCEPTIONAL DISTRESS BY LOCAL COMMITTEES.

I. GENERAL POLICY OF RELIEF.

It has now been repeatedly proved that the only way to meet wide-spread and exceptional distress, without doing permanent injury to the mass of the poor, is to adhere to certain general principles and fixed lines of action which they will readily understand. Indecision and vacillation at such a time produce grave mischief.†

The creation of a large relief fund tends to occasion additional difficulties and perplexities. Confusion and waste can only be avoided by taking careful measures for the administration of relief beforehand, quietly and without panic.

'Tests' and
inquiry.

To deal with large numbers of people quickly and effectually 'tests' are necessary, no less than inquiry.

* 17 & 18 Vict. c. 120, s. 16 (1854). Glen's 'Statutes relating to the Poor Laws,' p. 1065.

† 'On the best means of dealing with Exceptional Distress; the report of a Special Committee of the Charity Organisation Society, 1886.' Much evidence on the subject, and particulars regarding the agencies and methods of relief, &c., will be found in the Report.

In a time of 'commercial embarrassment' 'an ill-regulated distribution of charitable donations may not only fail to relieve the class for whose benefit the funds were collected, but further diminish the resources they would otherwise have obtained by their own exertions.'—Dr. KAY, Third Annual Report of the Poor Law Commissioners.

'It is the stoutest, not the kindest, heart that is wanted' 'in times of scarcity or unusual stagnation'; and 'all we have to do is to weather the storm as well as we are able, taking additional care to be vigilant and strict in keeping all members of the community within the bounds of duty.'—Quoted by Mr. Longley in his 'Report to the Local Government Board on Poor Law Administration in London,' 1874.

Roughly speaking, applications come from three classes :

Classes
requiring
relief.

- (1) Thrifty and careful men ;
- (2) Men of different grades of respectability, with a decent home ;
- (3) The idle, loafing class, or those brought low by drink or vice.

To the first of these, relief should be given ; but if public works are opened they should be recommended to take such work, not as a test, but as temporary employment.

To the second class (according to the character of the case) relief should be offered (1) conditionally on employment in public or other works ; or (2) the applicant should be referred to the Poor Law labour-yard ; or (3) admitted to the workhouse, while the wife and family are supported by charitable relief outside.

The third class should be left to the Poor Law. Relief by way of alms only maintains them in their evil habits, discourages the thrifty and striving, and leads to still further neglect of wife and family.

Public works should not be undertaken unless there is clear evidence that the want of employment is so great that some such temporary measures are absolutely necessary to prevent better-class working men from living in semi-starvation. Their tendency must be to keep labour in the same grooves. If the distress is occasioned by some temporary and definite cause, after a short period there will be an improvement in the labour market. If the distress is occasioned by deeper and more permanent causes, public works will act merely as a palliative which may divert attention from the source of the evil and tend to become as chronic as the shortness of work.

Public and
charitable
'works.'

If public or other works are opened—

(1) Men should only be admitted to them after inquiry or on satisfactory recommendation.

(2) The wages and the hours should be as nearly as possible according to contract rates.

(3) Care should be taken to supply sufficient overlookers, and to group the men according to character and ability.

(4) If a meal is wanted, or clothing, it is better that this should be supplied separately from a relief fund. The employment should be given, as far as possible, in accordance with ordinary business contracts, and not as 'charity work,' which tends to be as ill-done as it is ill-paid, and to degrade men instead of improving them.

(5) Public and other relief works should be of a local character, planned according to estimates drawn by the local authorities, and conducted under local superintendence. This will be some

guarantee against waste and irresponsibility. Such works only should be undertaken as are likely to create the least disturbance in the labour market.

Labour-yards.

Poor Law Labour-yards are sometimes the only test available, but they have a tendency to become permanent institutions for the supply of cheaply paid and practically useless labour to casual and idle labourers of all kinds.

The modified workhouse test.

The plan of applying a modified form of the workhouse test in certain cases, by which the man is maintained in the workhouse while the wife and family are supported by voluntary charity, is suggested for the following reasons :

(1) The assistance is adequate ; no homes are broken up, and the relief is so given as to meet the wants of the family—the wife and children as well as the husband.

(2) It will act as an education in provident habits.

(3) The burden of sacrifice will be thrown on the man : whereas in all other schemes for dealing with this class, it is liable to be thrown on the woman.

II. THE LOCAL COMMITTEES.

Co-operation with Guardians indispensable.

It is clear that none of the three classes mentioned above, except the first and part of the second, can be properly dealt with, unless there is co-operation between the administrators of charitable funds and the Poor Law Guardians. This co-operation is indispensable.

Of whom they should consist.

That there may be agencies for this co-operation and for the direct distribution of relief, local Relief Committees are necessary. These should include representatives—

- (a) Of the Principal Land and House Owners,
- (b) Of Employers of Labour,
- (c) Of Working Men—including representatives of trade societies and benefit clubs,
- (d) Of charitable agencies,
- (e) Of Poor Law Guardians and of the Vestry,
- (f) Of School Teachers and Visitors,
- (g) Of Clergy of all denominations.

Committees should be comparatively small and composed of members well acquainted with the district. To such persons the street or neighbourhood in which a man lives may be a rough test of some value. So far as possible, people of judgment, who have had some experience, and have already interested themselves in the work of charity, should be chosen. Members, *e.g.*, ought to know what questions to ask and how to take down an application. The Clergy should act as advisers to the Committee, rather than as

almoners or honorary officials. Their knowledge of the district, of the persons who apply, is often very valuable.

The area covered by the Committee should be comparatively small.

Area of Committee.

To avoid a rush of cases—

How to avoid a rush.

(1) Unnecessary publicity should, in the earlier stages, be avoided.

(2) The rules which the Committee propose to follow should subsequently be advertised in local papers, and given to all applicants. These rules should show in general terms, but clearly, whom the Committee wish to relieve and whom they intend to leave to the Poor Law. (*See paragraph iv.*)

(3) It should be clearly stated that relief will only be given after inquiry, or with a labour test.

(4) Trustworthy persons, who have been selected for the purpose by the Committee, and who are well acquainted with the district, should refer to the Committee cases which they believe they can thoroughly recommend. A number of suitable cases may thus be brought to light, and the multitude of personal applications in part avoided.

III. INQUIRY.

Applications should in all cases be made by the head of the family only.

Application on recommendations.

Application forms (*See Form A*), or forms of reference, should be given to members of Committee, selected employers and foremen, the officers of trade and benefit societies, and to clergymen and district visitors of experience.

These forms should be given by them to applicants whom they recommend as suitable, according to the rules. (*See above.*)

The applicant should be required to attend at the office, and bring with him the application or reference form, duly filled up and signed; and, if the person who sends the case is not an employer or foreman, a recommendation from the employer or foreman will be necessary.

In all these cases the home will be visited and the reference or recommendation verified, if the pressure is too great to do more. If not, other points in the case may be taken up with a view to a more thorough treatment of it.

Direct application.

If there is no reference of the applicant to the Committee, he will attend at the office, the application form will be filled up, and such inquiries made as the time allows.

Two things should never be omitted:—

(a) *The home should be visited.*

(b) *An employer or local reference should be communicated with.*

Who should
make the
inquiry.

The inquiry should be made by members of Committees and others who have had some experience in relief work. They may in many instances require the assistance of one or more paid officers. It was found last year that much time was saved by the use of a form for corresponding with references or employers.

Inquiry of
Relieving
Officers.

To ensure co-operation with the Guardians, it will be well to ascertain from them whether cases are known to them; and the Guardians might be asked to supply a list of the names of persons in receipt of parochial assistance. Similarly lists of those relieved by the Committee should be sent to the Guardians from time to time.

IV. DECISION.

Sifting of
cases.
Decisions.

To prevent delay and haphazard and unjust decisions, it will be found convenient to come to an understanding with regard to groups of cases; with this object it is suggested that the following rules should be adopted by the Committee, and only deviated from by vote on any special case.

1. That persons known to be drunkards, 'loafers,' or persons of bad character, should not be assisted.*
2. That no one in receipt of Poor Law relief should be assisted, except by the payment of club arrears.
3. That no cases of chronic distress, in which the head of a family is habitually out of work in the winter or never in regular work, be assisted.
4. That no cases of chronic distress occasioned by long-continued illness, or by old age, be assisted.†
5. That no persons living in common lodging-houses should be assisted.
6. That relief should not be given to persons who have not resided in the district of the Poor Law Union for less than six months, unless there be special reason to the contrary.
7. That those who have made any provision for the future should be assisted.‡

It should be remembered that for several of the above classes it will be best to apply some form of labour test, *e.g.* the labour-yard, &c.; they would then obtain relief conditionally. But no applicants should be sent to public works, or works set on foot by any relief association, except on recommendation from some trustworthy source or after inquiry.

* This rule should be adhered to even when there is a wife and family. Otherwise the husband is encouraged to neglect them. Few persons realise how strong a feeling self-reliant working men have as to the waste and injustice of the relief thoughtlessly given to this class.

† These would naturally be dealt with by the more permanent relief agencies.

‡ Tests of this provision would be membership of a club or benefit society, membership of a trade society, savings as shown by bank book, &c.

Decisions upon cases should be made by Committee, and not left to individual almoners.

The Committee should meet daily, if possible. At least half the meetings should be held in the evening, so that working men may be able to attend. Meetings.

V. RELIEF.

Relief can be varied and adjusted to the actual wants of an applicant, only if the inquiry is sufficient or the person who recommends the case has a real knowledge of it. To minimise friction and delay and promote effective relief, these two means of discrimination—recommendation and inquiry, should be worked together.

Suitable relief only possible if there is sufficient inquiry with trustworthy recommendation.

Relief should not be given at the office, but taken to the homes by members of Committee, almoners or others. Valuable information is frequently obtained in this way, and crowding at the offices is still further prevented.

Relief not given at office.

The visitor also may find that the relief ordered should be withheld for further instructions.

A receipt should be required in all cases upon the Application Form (see back of the Form).

If, owing to the number of applications, it is not possible to adjust the relief to the wants of each case, the following scale, the sufficiency of which has been tested by experience, should be adopted as a minimum :

Scale of relief.

Weekly Scale for Food and Fuel exclusive of Rent.

An adult living alone, 3s. 6d.

Two or more adults living together, 2s. 6d. each.

Children under 4 years, 6d. each.

„ from 4 to 12 years, 1s. each.

„ from 12 to 16 years, 1s. 6d. each.

Not more than 10s. in one week should, as a rule, be given to any family, as there are generally in large families earnings or income (other than charity) available.

Relief in kind is not recommended. It is no safeguard to give such relief in doubtful cases, cases in which the head of the family is a drunkard, or where the inquiry is defective. Knowledge of the case is the only real safeguard.

Relief in kind.

If, however, relief is given in kind, it should be by orders on any respectable tradesman in the neighbourhood. (See Form C.) An arbitrary and injurious interference with the custom of the smaller and poorer shopkeepers in the district will thus be avoided.

Soup-kitchens tend to bring masses of the poor together to be relieved wholesale. The chronic poor may be accustomed to this method of relief. Those of a better type, whom it is the problem of

charity to relieve as far as possible, privately and without lowering their self-respect, will shrink from such distributions.

In special cases it may be found desirable to assist by providing meals. Orders upon cook and coffee shops, or coffee taverns, should then be given. It may be necessary to provide food for children in this way.

If clothing or boots are required, these too may be provided, after strict inquiry, and when there is definite promise of work.

If boots are given for children, inquiry should always be made of the schoolmaster or mistress in the first instance, and they should be informed of the gift.

As a rule it is best to take a view of the whole case, and to estimate its wants, with a view to its ultimate requirements; and then to give to the applicant in money what is necessary for his adequate assistance. If this be a temporary allowance, it will be given weekly.

If money is given for any special purpose, the visitor or almoner who has taken it should be required to report that it has been expended in the manner agreed upon with the applicant. He should see the receipts.

It is not desirable to pay the applicant's rent, if it can be avoided. But if, as is often the case, a portion of the relief will be used for the rent, it is better to recognise the fact and pay a week's current rent.

Back rent should under no circumstances be paid.

The following further forms of relief are suggested:

(1) Payment of club arrears, after consultation with workmen upon the Committee, and reference to the Secretary of the Club, to whom the money should be paid.

(2) Taking tools and necessities out of pawn. The money should in this case be paid to the pawnbroker direct.

(3) Medical relief.

(4) Migration.

(5) The emigration of carefully chosen emigrants to colonies in which it has been ascertained that there is a definite opening for them.

It has been found that many of the most distressing cases occur after a period of distress, and as the result of the privation and sickness which it causes. However large the fund, therefore, there should be no over-haste in distributing it. The money will be hardly less wanted some weeks after than at the actual time of the greatest pressure of applications. And it will be easier then to do justice to the work.

Report of
visitor as to
use of
money.

Payment of
rent.

Cases after
pressure is
over.

ADDENDA.

I.—NOTE ON OUTDOOR RELIEF.

THE importance of a 'rigid and discriminating system of outdoor relief' is so great, that a note of some limitations in the administration of the Outdoor Relief Prohibitory and Regulation Orders, which have been officially approved by the Local Government Board, is likely to be useful to the almoner. It will show how far the Local Government Board are prepared to go.

1. As a general principle it is urged that instead of making the orders more stringent, 'it is competent for the Guardians to pass resolutions laying down the rules by which they will be guided in dealing with particular classes of cases.'

2. A circular issued in 1871 makes the following suggestions:—

The circular
of 1871.

(1.) That outdoor relief should not be granted to single able-bodied men, or to single able-bodied women, either with or without illegitimate children.

(2.) That outdoor relief should not, except in special cases, be granted to any woman deserted by her husband during the first twelve months after the desertion, or to any able-bodied widow with one child only.

(3.) That in the case of any able-bodied widow with more than one child it may be desirable to take one or more of the children into the workhouse in preference to giving outdoor relief.

(4.) That in unions where the Prohibitory Order is in force, the workhouse test should be strictly applied.

(5.) That outdoor relief should be granted for a fixed period only, which should not, in any case, exceed three months.

(6.) That all orders to able-bodied men for relief in the labour-yard should only be given from week to week.

(7.) That outdoor relief should not be granted in any case unless the relieving officer has, since the application, visited the home of the applicant, and has recorded the date of such visit in the relief application and report book. Cases in which the relieving officer has not had time to visit, should be relieved by him in kind only, or by an order for the workhouse.

(8.) That the relieving officer should be required to make at least fortnightly visits to the homes of all persons receiving relief on account of temporary sickness, and of able-bodied men receiving relief in the labour-yard, and to visit the old and infirm cases at least once a quarter; and the relieving officer should be required to keep a diary with the dates and results of his visits.

(9.) That the provisions with respect to the compulsory maintenance of paupers by relations legally liable to contribute to their support should be more generally acted upon.

(10.) That as the recommendation of medical officers for meat and stimulants are regarded as equivalent to orders for additional relief, they should in all cases be accompanied by a report from the medical officer in a prescribed form, setting forth the particulars of each case ascertained by personal inquiry.

(11.) That in the most populous unions it may be expedient to appoint one or more officers to be termed 'inspectors of out-relief,' whose duty it would be to act as a check upon the relieving officers, and ascertain also the circumstances connected with the recipients of relief. Such appointments have already been tried in Liverpool,* and found to answer very successfully.

* [Now at Birmingham also and elsewhere (1889).]

It is of essential importance to any sound system of outdoor relief that the relief districts should not be too large, or the number of relieving officers too small. If a relieving officer's district be too large it will be impossible for him, however zealous and vigilant he may be, to investigate with sufficient care the case of each applicant for relief, or pauper in receipt of relief; and nothing can be more objectionable than that an officer should be compelled to perform his duty in a hurried and incomplete manner.*

['One cause of a lax administration† of outdoor relief, is the imperfect manner in which applications for relief are often presented by the relieving officers to the Guardians. This remark is intended to point amongst other things to the frequent omission to enter in the proper column of the application and report book the names of relations of applicants for relief who are legally liable for their support.']

'To ensure relief being strictly limited to the class for whom it is intended [those in actual destitution], it is only requisite that those who are entrusted with the administration of the law should, by diligent and minute inquiry, ascertain the exact condition and circumstances of each applicant, and to enable the Guardians to do this effectually, it is essential that they should have the aid of competent and painstaking relieving officers, whose districts should not be so extensive as to preclude them from visiting each recipient of relief at his own home, and at frequent intervals, in conformity with the regulations of the Board.']

It is said that the consideration and application of these rules has led to a reduction of expenditure on outdoor relief of 28·6 per cent. In 1870–71 the expenditure amounted to £3,663,970. In 1876–77, to £2,616,465. It has led also to a reduction of 37·7 per cent. in the number of paupers. On January 1, 1871, they numbered 917,800; on January 1, 1877, 571,982.

Some other points are these ‡:—

(12.) Non-resident relief might, in the opinion of the Board, be almost entirely discontinued.

(13.) While disapproving a suggestion that the Prohibitory Order should be altered so as to make it illegal to grant relief in sudden and urgent cases for more than a month at a time, the Board state 'it will still be competent for the Guardians to limit the relief in those cases, where such a limitation may be properly imposed, and that without interference on the part of the Board.'

(14.) Another suggested alteration of the Prohibitory Order the Board declares impracticable, viz., that the exception allowing relief to widows within six months of their widowhood should be omitted. But they state: 'It may be that the period of six months now allowed is too long, but the President, as at present advised, is not prepared to shorten it, preferring that the Guardians should exercise their discretion in dealing with each case according to its merits.'

As an example of rules to be adopted by Guardians, the Local Government Board have more than once referred with approval to those adopted by the Manchester Board. They are as follows:—

1. Outdoor relief shall not be granted or allowed by the Relief Committees (except in cases of sickness) to applicants of any of the following classes:—

- (a) Single able-bodied men;
- (b) Single able-bodied women;
- (c) Able-bodied widows without children, or having only one child to support;

* Circular of 1871. Local Government Board Report, 1877–8.

† Memorandum of 1878.

‡ Memorandum of 1878.

- (d) Married women (with or without families) whose husbands having been convicted of crime, are undergoing a term of imprisonment;
 - (e) Married women (with or without families) deserted by their husbands;
 - (f) Married women (with or without families) left destitute through their husbands having joined the militia, and being called up for training;
 - (g) Persons residing with relatives, where the united income of the family is sufficient for the support of all its members, whether such relatives are liable by law to support the applicant or not.
2. Outdoor relief shall not be granted in any case for a longer period than 13 weeks at a time.
3. Outdoor relief shall not be granted to any able-bodied person for a longer period than six weeks at a time.
4. Outdoor relief shall not be granted on account of the sickness of the applicant, or any of his family, for a longer period than two weeks at a time, unless such sickness shall be certified in writing by the district medical officer as being likely to be of long duration, or to be of a permanent character.
5. When relief is allowed to a parent through the admission of a child or children into the Swinton Schools or the workhouse, such relief shall not be granted for a longer period than six months at a time; and if at the expiration of such period a continuance of the relief is required, the relieving officer shall visit and inquire into the circumstances of the parent, and bring the case up for reconsideration by the Relief Committee, in the same manner as if it were a case for outdoor relief.

II.—HOUSE OF LORDS ORDERS : DISPLACEMENT OF LABOURING CLASSES (*see* p. cxliv.).

By Orders 38 & 111 of the House of Lords, the promoters of any Bill which contains power to take compulsorily or by agreement in any parish in the metropolis, twenty or more houses 'occupied either wholly or partially by persons belonging to the labouring class as tenants or lodgers,' have to deposit statements of the number, description, and situation of the houses, and of the number of the persons residing therein. And in every such Bill a clause has to be inserted providing that the promoters shall not, in the exercise of this power, purchase or acquire in the Metropolis twenty or more such houses, unless and until they shall have obtained the approval of the Central Authority (in the Metropolis, the Home Secretary) to a scheme for providing new dwellings for persons residing in such houses or for such number or proportion of such persons as the Central Authority shall, after inquiry, deem necessary, having regard to the number of persons residing in the houses liable to be taken, and working within one mile therefrom, and to the amount of vacant suitable accommodation in the immediate neighbourhood of the houses liable to be taken, or to the place of employment of such persons, and all the other circumstances of the case. The promoters have also to give security to the satisfaction of the Central Authority for the carrying out of the scheme; and adequate penalties have to be imposed on them in the event of such houses being acquired or appropriated for the purposes of the Bill in contravention of the above provisions.

'The expression "labouring class" includes mechanics, artisans, labourers, and others working for wages, hawkers, costermongers,

persons not working for wages, but working at some trade or handicraft without employing others except members of their own family, and persons, other than domestic servants, whose income does not exceed an average of thirty shillings a week, and the families of any such persons who may be residing with them.*

III.—ESTIMATE OF THE AMOUNT OF RELIEF ANNUALLY DISTRIBUTED IN LONDON.

A ROUGH estimate of the moneys spent annually in relief in London will be found in the *Charity Organisation Review*, August 1888. The total is £4,715,734: charitable relief (excluding relief given direct by private donors, and some other items for which no estimate could be framed), £2,258,029; and Poor Law relief, £2,258,829.

IV.—PAYMENT FOR PAUPERS ENTITLED TO ANNUITY, OR MEMBERS OF FRIENDLY SOCIETIES.

Trustees
may pay
cost of
pauper's
relief out of
annuity
payable to
such pauper.

Where any pauper is entitled to any annuity or periodical payment, the trustee or other person bound to make payment of the same to the pauper may instead from time to time pay the cost incurred on the pauper's behalf to the Guardians.*

But payments to benefit members of friendly societies do not follow this rule. If the member becomes a pauper, they are payable to his wife or dependent relative; and if he has no such relative, they are only payable to the Guardians if the poor-relief has been given to him on loan and notice has been sent to the secretary or other officer of the friendly society† (*see pp. clxi. and clxiv.*).

V.—VOLUNTEER FIRE BRIGADES IN THE METROPOLIS.

Volunteer
Fire
Brigades
in the
Metropolis.

One of the prevalent forms of mendicity in the Metropolis is that of Volunteer Fire Brigades, which, with hardly an exception, are conducted for the personal benefit of one or two promoters, and are quite useless for extinguishing fires. Their collectors appear in the dress of firemen, and the unwary may be led to believe that they are men of the Metropolitan Brigade. The responsibility of 'providing and maintaining an efficient force of firemen, and of furnishing them with all such fire-engines, horses, accoutrements, tools, and implements for the complete equipment of the force, or conducive to the efficient performance of their duties,' rests with the London County Council.‡ With regard to Volunteer Brigades it is enacted 'that on the occasion of a fire the chief or other officer in charge of any fire brigade may, on his discretion, take the command of any volunteer fire brigade.' These brigades therefore have a *locus standi*, such as it is; and it is argued that the provision made by the Council for several of the outlying parts of the Metropolis is insufficient. On the latter point there may be some ground of complaint. The expenses of the Brigade are met by contributions

* 39 & 40 Vict., c. 61, s. 23.

† 42 Vict., c. 12.

‡ Metropolitan Fire Brigade Act, 28 & 29 Vict., cap. 90 (1865).

from Fire Insurance Companies, and by a rate of a halfpenny in the pound in the Metropolis. The sum at the disposal of the Council from these sources is insufficient, and Bills have been introduced into Parliament for increasing it, hitherto without result. But even if this hindrance be removed, the Volunteer Brigades are likely to remain. They are a source of profit to their proprietors, though useless for real service. If therefore they are to be recognised at all, some system of licenses is necessary. The licenses might be granted by the County Council and the Police, and it might be made an offence for any unlicensed brigade to collect contributions. The evil would then be checked.

The Metropolitan Fire Brigade never sends men from house to house to collect subscriptions. All such applications by or on behalf of firemen should be summarily rejected.

In regard to Mendicant Charities, *see* p. xlvii.

VI.—EXPENDITURE ON EMIGRATION AUTHORISED BY LOCAL GOVERNMENT BOARD, 1887-8.

In 1887 the Local Government Board authorised expenditure on behalf of 712 emigrants to the amount of £5,253. Of this sum £4,193 was expended in the emigration of 411 children. £70 was spent in returning seven foreigners to their native country. 'The United States of America are not included. Any expenditure authorised in respect of emigration to that country has been limited to the cost of conveyance to the port of embarkation' (L. G. Board Report, 1887-8, p. 300). As to Emigration, *see* p. lviii.

VII.—NEW SEPARATE AND DISTRICT SCHOOLS.

Outsiders seldom realise what elaborate and carefully devised institutions the new 'workhouse' schools, as they are often called, are. The Kensington and Chelsea District School is on the cottage home system, which is now frequently adopted in building new schools. Thus for the parish of Shoreditch cottage homes have been erected at Hornchurch, Essex. They are described as eleven in number, each with accommodation for a foster mother and 30 children, and 'built in the detached villa style on either side of a broad main street.' In the village there are workshops, a bakehouse, swimming bath, stores, chapel, school-room, band-room, infirmary, infectious-disease hospital, &c. The buildings occupy about 14 acres, and the remaining land, about 60 acres, is utilised as a sewage farm. For the erection of these schools an expenditure of £51,000 was sanctioned by the Local Government Board in 1887.

VIII.—AMOUNT PAYABLE BY GUARDIANS IN THE CASE OF CHILDREN SENT TO CERTIFIED SCHOOLS.

'The Guardians of any Union who send any pauper child to a school certified under the 25 & 26 Vict. c. 43, s. 1, may pay the

reasonable expenses incurred in the maintenance, clothing, and education of such child whilst in such school to an amount not exceeding such rate of payment as may be sanctioned by the Local Government Board for pauper children sent to such school, anything contained in the Act (25 & 26 Vict. c. 43) to the contrary notwithstanding.*

‘The Local Government Board sanctions six shillings as the weekly sum to be paid for each child under the above provision.’†

IX.—CONTROL OF GUARDIANS OVER CHILD DESERTED BY PARENT. (*Of. p. xxxix.*)

By the Poor Law Act 1889 (52 & 53 Vict. c. 56) it has been enacted that—

‘Where a child is maintained by the Guardians of any Union, and was deserted by its parent, the Guardians may at any time resolve that such child shall be under the control of the Guardians until it reaches the age, if a boy, of sixteen, and, if a girl, of eighteen years, and thereupon until the child reaches that age all the powers and rights of such parent in respect of that child shall, subject as in this Act mentioned, vest in the Guardians; Provided that the Guardians may rescind such resolution, if they think that it will be for the benefit of the child to be either permanently or temporarily under the control of such parent, or of any other relative, or any friend.’

A court of summary jurisdiction, if satisfied on complaint of the parent that the child has not been maintained by the Guardians, or deserted, or that it is for the benefit of the child to be permanently or temporarily under the control of the parent, may make an order determining the resolution of the Guardians.

‘Maintained by the Guardians’ is defined as ‘wholly or partly maintained by them in a workhouse or in any district school, separate school, separate infirmary, sick asylum, hospital for infectious diseases, institution for the deaf, dumb, blind, or idiots, or any certified school under 25 & 26 Vict. c. 43, or boarded out by the Guardians, whether within or without the limits of the Union.’

‘Where a parent is imprisoned under a sentence of penal servitude or imprisonment in respect of an offence committed against a child,’ the section of the Act applies as if the child had been deserted. The liability of parents to contribute towards the child’s maintenance remains intact. A provision is added to safeguard the religious education of the child in accordance with its own creed.

* 45 & 46 Vict., c. 50, s. 13.

† *Glen’s Archbold*, p. 291.

BOOKS FOR REFERENCE & READING CONCERNING CHARITY

AND

QUESTIONS BEARING UPON CHARITABLE WORK.

The reader who desires to get a grasp of the real issues depending on the administration of the Poor Law and of charity, cannot do better than study the Report of the Poor Law Commissioners, 1834. Chalmers' works; Edward Denison's Letters; Walker's Original, will be found most useful and suggestive. We give a list, by no means exhaustive, of books which those who wish to learn something of the subject generally should read. Almoners would do well to read the last six or seven books of the first section.

I.—GENERAL.

THE REPORT OF THE POOR LAW COMMISSIONERS (1834). *EXTRACTS* from the information received by H.M. COMMISSIONERS as to the Administration and Operation of the Poor Laws (1837).

THE CHRISTIAN AND CIVIC ECONOMY OF LARGE TOWNS. By THOMAS CHALMERS, D.D. (1846).

Also ON THE SUFFICIENCY OF THE PAROCHIAL SYSTEM. By the same author.

THE ORIGINAL. By the late THOMAS WALKER, M.A. Fifth Edition. Edited, with Additions, by WM. A. GUY, M.B., F.R.S. Henry Renshaw, 356 Strand, London (1875).

LETTERS AND OTHER WRITINGS OF THE LATE EDWARD DENISON. Edited by Sir Baldwin Leighton, Bart. London: Richard Bentley & Son (1876).

SOCIAL DUTIES, considered with reference to the organisation of effort in works of benevolence and public utility. London and Cambridge: Macmillan & Co. (1867).

*HOMES OF THE LONDON POOR. By OCTAVIA HILL. London: Macmillan & Co. (1884). 1s.

*OUR COMMON LAND. By OCTAVIA HILL. London: Macmillan & Co. (1877).

CONFESSIONS OF AN OLD ALMSGIVER. London: Wm. Hunt & Co. (1871).

THE THOUGHTS AND EXPERIENCES OF A CHARITY ORGANISATIONIST. By J. HORNSBY WRIGHT (1878).

METHOD IN ALMSGIVING. A Handbook for Helpers. By M. W. MOGGRIDGE. John Murray, Albemarle Street (1882). 3s. 6d.

THE MAKING OF THE HOME. A Reading Book of Domestic Economy. By Mrs. SAMUEL A. BARNETT. London: Cassell & Co.

THE DEAD HAND: Addresses on the subject of Endowments. By Lord HOBHOUSE, Q.C., K.C.S.I. London: Chatto & Windus, Piccadilly (1880).

LIFE AND LABOUR. Vol. I. East London. Edited by CHARLES BOOTH. Contributors: CHARLES BOOTH, BEATRICE POTTER, DAVID F. SCHLOSS, ERNEST AVES, STEPHEN N. FOX, JESSE ARGYLE, CLARA E. COLLET, and H. LLEWELLYN SMITH. London: Williams & Norgate, 14 Henrietta Street, Covent Garden (1889).

*Besides the Essays to which the titles more especially refer, these volumes contain Essays on the 'Work of Volunteers in the Organisation of Charity,' 'District Visiting,' 'A Few Words to Volunteer Visitors among the Poor,' 'A More Excellent Way of Charity,' &c.

- TRADE UNIONS:** their Origin and Objects, Influence and Efficacy. By **WILLIAM TRANT**. London: Kegan Paul, Trench & Co., 1 Paternoster Square (1884).
- THE ENGLISH POOR:** A Sketch of their Social and Economic History; and an attempt to estimate the influence of private property on character and habit. By **THOMAS MACKAY**. John Murray, Albemarle Street (1889).
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CHARITIES REGISTER & DIGEST.

I.—CHARITY ORGANISATION SOCIETY.

**SOCIETY FOR ORGANISING CHARITABLE RELIEF
AND REPRESSING MENDICITY; Central Office,
15 Buckingham Street, Strand, W.C.**

OBJECTS.—The general object of this Society is to give a definite aim to, and to direct into the most effectual channels, the large amount of benevolent force at work in England, and particularly in London. All thoughtful people agree that pauperism is a dark blot upon our social system. All deplore the enormous contrast between the richer and the poorer classes. Many think that this contrast is increasing. Whether that be so or not, it is so obvious that every eye is struck by it. Under these circumstances, it is no wonder that benevolent people who have something to spare should be anxious to employ it in the service of the poor and weak. In fact, very large sums of money are yearly contributed for this purpose. But from lack of knowledge and combined action, the effect is not in proportion to the effort. Many of the methods adopted for giving are not wise : some are misplaced and useless ; some are hurtful by encouraging fraud or mendicancy, and discouraging honest endeavour ; some overlap and cross one another, so that money may be lavished upon one quarter and wholly withheld from another. The more the subject is examined, the clearer are these conclusions : first, that isolated efforts, even when wisely directed in themselves, cannot successfully combat the evils ; and secondly, that there is very much to learn concerning the methods by which the wealthier classes may best help the poorer. The first of these conclusions suggests co-operation ; the second suggests the collection of information, the constant study and discussion of it, and the diffusion of it to all who seek or who will receive it. For these ends the Society has established a local centre (called a District Committee) in each Poor Law Union, and has connected them all with a general centre, the Council at the Central Office. To the District Committee are invited all agencies and persons interested in the administration of charity within its district, who can thus inter-communicate information, lay down uniform principles to guide their action towards the poor, and concert the general remedial measures required in each locality. On the

A

Central Council are represented all the District Committees, and the information gathered from all quarters is by it diffused over the whole area. The Society appeals to all—rich and poor, powerful and weak, learned and unlearned ; whatsoever their rank, sex, calling, or creed—to aid it, by contributing the fraction of time, intelligence, and means each can spare to the service of all.

THE CONSTITUTION OF THE SOCIETY.—The Charity Organisation Society consists of a federation of 40 District Committees, one or more in each of the Poor Law divisions of the Metropolis, and of a Central Council at which every Committee is represented. Any person being a member of a District Committee, or being an annual subscriber of not less than £1. 1s., or a donor of not less than £10. 10s., to the funds of the Council, or of any District Committee, is a member of the Society. There is an Annual Meeting of the Society. The Council have power to convene a Special Meeting of members of the Society. Any thirty members also may require the Council to convene a special meeting. **District Committees.**—The District Committees consist, as far as possible, of Ministers of Religion, Guardians of the Poor, and representatives of all the principal local charities. Each Committee has a Chairman or President, one or more Hon. Secretaries, and one or more representatives at the Council. It is the function of the District Committees to receive, investigate, and deal (in accordance with the general principles of the Society) with all cases of alleged want or distress referred to them. Each Committee is intended to form a common meeting-place—a centre of information and charitable work—for persons in the district desirous of benefiting the poor. **The Council.**—The Council consists of (1) a chairman, vice-chairmen, and a treasurer ; (2) annually elected representatives from each District Committee, together with the Chairman and Hon. Secretaries of the Committee (not exceeding two) ; (3) additional members, in number not exceeding one-fourth of the representatives of the District Committees ; (4) representatives of Metropolitan Charitable Institutions. Vice-Presidents of the Society are honorary members of Council. The Council supervises and endeavours to strengthen and consolidate the work of District Committees. It takes into consideration all questions of principle and matters relating to the work of the Society generally. It endeavours to bring into systematic co-operation the larger Metropolitan Institutions and Societies, to improve the administration of charity, and to suppress imposture. It also corresponds with, and helps to establish, similar societies elsewhere. The Administrative Committee is the Executive Committee and Finance Committee of the Council. It consists of not more than twenty members, of whom fifteen are elected annually by the Council. The Treasurer of the Council is an *ex-officio* member of the Committee. There are three permanent Sub-Committees of the Administrative Committee—the Sub-Committee on District work ; the Emigration Sub-Committee ; the Medical and Convalescent Sub-Committee. Each of these undertakes a special department of the work of the Council. Members of District Committees not being members of Council may be members of the Sub-Committees.

METHOD OF WORK.—In the treatment of cases two *main principles* have been agreed upon—(1) that prior to assisting,* there should be thorough investigation ; (2) that whatever assistance is given should be

* This does not of course refer to assistance pending investigation, which it is often necessary to give.

suitable and adequate. Each case of distress is to be considered as that of a sufferer from some malady, of one afflicted in mind, body, or estate, and the cause of this distress, and the best way of treating it, must be ascertained, and then the proper remedy applied. Each case is thus taken on its merits and dealt with, as far as possible, on certain well-defined principles. **Cases ineligible for charitable assistance, i.e. those in which (suitable pension cases excepted) no pecuniary or other aid is likely to produce lasting good results, are left to the Poor Law (see Introduction, § X.).** **Investigation.**—When a person in distress calls at the office of a Committee of the Society, the particulars of his case are taken down on the application form,* together with a statement of the assistance asked for. This is the basis of the investigation, which, according to the nature of the case, may be conducted by the Agent or by a member of Committee, under the supervision of the Hon. Secretary. The object of investigation is (1) to verify the applicant's statements; (2) to ascertain the causes of his distress; (3) to ascertain such facts as will show how and by whose aid that distress can best be met; (4) to detect imposture. **Investigation, unless it thoroughly fulfils these objects, is insufficient.** **Assistance.**—When the case has been investigated, the facts are laid before the Committee by the Hon. Secretary, in order that, taking into consideration the circumstances of the applicant and his family as a whole, they may decide how the case is to be treated. There are certain principles of decision which are set down in 'Charity Organisation Paper,' No. 5. In accordance with these, the Committee has to decide whether the case should be assisted from charitable funds or should be rejected as a case not requiring assistance or only to be assisted by the Poor Law. If they determine to assist, they have to decide—apart from the question how assistance is to be obtained, and irrespective of the special form of relief asked for by the applicant—what kind or kinds of charity are best calculated to make the applicant independent of charity and of Poor Law relief in the future. Assistance short of this is not really adequate.† When this point has been settled, it still remains to obtain the relief. It must always be borne in mind that this Society does not profess to be primarily a Relief Society, and it desires to act in that character as seldom as may be. Its own funds are primarily applicable to the purposes of organisation, investigation, and advising; and it only undertakes relief when no extraneous aid is to be got for a case that requires it. It discharges its own functions best when it brings the resources of private benevolence and of relief organisations to bear upon investigated cases. For this work (as for example to obtain a letter for a Convalescent Home, a place for a girl, a home for a cripple—often one or more of these in a single case), and for looking after cases which have been assisted, and in which there has been illness or some special difficulty, reliance must be placed on members of Committee. And it is not too much to say that there is always more than enough local work of this character to absorb

* For details see Charity Organisation Paper, No. 8. 'Book and Forms,' and 'Suggested Rules and Byelaws of a Charity Organisation Committee,' Charity Organisation Paper, No. 4.

† It must be remembered that at present, owing to various causes, the Committee are responsible for obtaining only such adequate temporary assistance as is likely to produce permanent good results. In chronic cases, however, the Committee endeavour to procure adequate pensions from existing charities or from private persons. (See 'Principles of Decisions,' Charity Organisation Paper, No. 5, p. 4, and 'Manual,' p. 10).

all the available time of all the members. Indeed, as the care bestowed on each case is greater, a more complete subdivision of labour, smaller areas, and more volunteers, are required. The Society does not do the work of charity for the charitable; it is itself but a combination of charitable persons, each of whom, with the advantages of co-operation and a definite plan of work, ought to be the better able to fulfil his individual duties. It is not the desire of the Society to supersede local charitable agencies, but to be representative of all such within their area—to afford means of mutual assistance and a place of meeting common to all who are engaged in charitable work.

DISTRICT COMMITTEES OF THE SOCIETY.

WEST.

KENSINGTON	Office, 42 Church Street, W.
FULHAM UNION	„ 23 Bridge Road, Hammersmith, W.
PADDINGTON	„ 216 Harrow Road, W.
CHELSEA	„ 278 King's Road, S.W.
ST. GEORGE'S UNION	„ 48 Buckingham Palace Road, S.W.
ST. JAMES'S, SOHO, AND WEST STRAND*	} „ 40 Great Pulteney Street, W.

NORTH.

ST. MARYLEBONE	„ 240 Marylebone Road, W.
HAMPSTEAD	„ 58 Gayton Road, Hampstead, N.W.
NORTH ST. PANCRAS & HIGHGATE	„ 120 Highgate Road, N.W.
SOUTH ST. PANCRAS	„ 17 Woburn Buildings, W.C.
ISLINGTON	„ 268 St. Paul's Road, Highbury.
HACKNEY	„ Old Town Hall, E.

CENTRAL.

ST. GILES'S, BLOOMSBURY, AND EAST STRAND*	} „ 27 Duke Street, New Oxford Street, W.C.
STRAND UNION*	„ (See Note).
HOLBORN	„ 13 Featherstone Buildings, W.C.
CLERKENWELL AND ST. LUKE'S	„ 5 President Street, Goswell Road, E.C.
CITY OF LONDON UNION	„ 25 College Street, Dowgate Hill, E.C.

EAST.

SHOREDITCH	„ 19 New North Road, Hoxton,
BETHNAL GREEN	„ 297 Bethnal Green Road, E.
WHITECHAPEL UNION	„ 28 Commercial Street, E.
ST. GEORGE'S-IN-THE-EAST	„ 194 Commercial Road, E.
STEPNEY UNION	„ 270 Burdett Road, E.
MILE-END OLD TOWN	„ 27 East Arbour Street, E.
POPLAR AND SOUTH BROMLEY	„ 134 High Street, E.
BOW AND NORTH BROMLEY	„ 54 Mostyn Road, Bow, E.

* The St. James's Committee deals with cases from that part of the Strand District which is west of Drury Lane, and the St. Giles's Committee with cases from the part which is east of Drury Lane.

SOUTH.

ST. SAVIOUR'S, SOUTHWARK	Office, 9 St. George's Circus, S.E.
NEWINGTON	30 Draper Street, Walworth Road, S.E.
ST. OLAVE'S UNION, SOUTHWARK	39 St. James's Road, Southwark Park Road, S.E.
VAUXHALL	86 Upper Kennington Lane, S.E.
LAMBETH	67 York Road, S.E.
BRIXTON	Vicary Street School, Cornwall Road, Brixton Hill, S.W.
WANDSWORTH AND PUTNEY	The Plain, Wandsworth, S.W.
BATTERSEA	175 Battersea High Street, S.W.
CLAPHAM	73 Bromell's Road, S.W.
CAMBERWELL	1 Grove Lane, S.E.
DULWICH	9 Calton Road, East Dulwich, S.E.
GREENWICH	29 King William Street, S.E.
DEPTFORD	Temperance Hall, St. John's Road, S.E.
WOOLWICH UNION	47A William Street, S.E.
LEWISHAM	29 High Street, S.E.
SYDENHAM	1 Clyde Terrace, Forest Hill, S.E.

For Office hours see 'Charitable Institutions' under the respective parishes or unions in the section dealing with Local Charities. No application for relief can be received at the Central Office. **Income** (gross) (1887-8).—Of the Council: General purposes, £7,662; publications, £311; for District Committees, £95; relief, £2,560; surgical appliances, £1,141; emigration, £2,614; convalescent cases, £2,997; receipts appropriated for special purposes and transfer to other institutions, £4,605. Of District Committees (1887-8).—£32,846 (including grants from Council, £2,808). Expended in relief by District Committees:—by grants, £3,582; by moneys raised for special and pension cases, £18,115; by loans, £1,068. **Cases Assisted** (1887-8).—13,431; not assisted, 11,322. Total, 24,753. **Vagrants dealt with**.—3,180. **Reports sent out**.—11,777. Bankers, Messrs. Coutts & Co. Treasurer, H. B. Praed, Esq.; Secretary, C. S. Loch, Esq.

LIST OF CHARITY ORGANISATION AND OTHER SOCIETIES IN THE UNITED KINGDOM

In correspondence with the London Charity Organisation Society.

COUNTRY AND DISTRICT	NAME OF SOCIETY	OFFICE	HON. SECRETARY ETC.
ENGLAND & WALES			
Balsall Heath (see Birmingham).			
Barnsley	Association for Organising Charitable Relief { Monmouth Street Society (for the Occasional Relief of the Sick Poor and the Promotion of Industry) } Charitable Society.	Barnshaw Street..... 20 Monmouth Street..... 1 Gloucester Terrace.....	{ Charles Tyss, Esq.; Mr. Wm. Woodruff, <i>Officer</i> . Robert Hutcheon, Esq. Richard Stevens, Esq. C. T. Gostenhofer, Esq.
Beckenham	Charity Organisation and Provident Society	46 Hamilton Square.....	H. Griffith, Esq., jun.; J. K. Reid, Esq.
Birkenhead	Charity Organisation Society	{ Etna Chambers, 293A Broad Street and Lime Grove, Moseley Road	{ E. P. Duggan, Esq., & Walter Priestman, Esq., <i>Hon. Secs.</i> ; Mr. W. S. Bray, <i>Sec.</i> F. Hewett, Esq.; B. T. Nicholls, Esq.
Birmingham, Moseley, & Balsall Heath	Charity Organisation Society and Inquiry Office	44 Sunbridge Road.....	Col. Outhbert Barlow, <i>Secretary</i> .
Bradford	Charitable Relief Society	1 Bridge Street.....	Dr. Walter Bourne.
Bridgnorth	Charity Organisation Society	182 Edward Street, Brighton...	J. P. Guy, Esq., <i>Genl. Sec.</i>
Brighton, Hove, and Preston	do.	28 Triangle.....	{ Edward Dawson Salt, Esq., <i>Hon. Treas.</i> ; Mr. J. H. Ballard, <i>Sec. and Agent</i> . B. E. Hammond, Esq.; Miss Miller.
Bristol	{ Society for the Organisation of Relief, Repression of Mendicity, and Protection of Children } Charity Organisation Society	Duke Street.....	{ Col. Horsley, R.E., St. Stephen's Lodge, Canterbury. J. W. Baker, Esq. J. H. Smith, Esq.
Burslem	do.	Alexandra Street.....	Rev. J. A. Owen, Cheltenham College.
Burton-on-Trent	Alford Canterbury Poor Relief Association	Gulldhall Street.....	Rev. J. O. Jackson; J. Cawter, jun., Esq.; Mr. Charles Archer, jun., <i>Officer</i> .
Cambridge	Charity Organisation Society	{ 9 and 10 Swiss Hall Chambers, Queen Street	Rev. E. A. P. Campbell, <i>pro tem</i> .
Canterbury	Charity Organisation Society	42 Spilman Street.....	W. Spooner, Esq.; W. Hawksley
Cardiff	{ Society for the Organisation of Charity in Cheltenham, Leckhampton, and Charlton Kings } Association for Organising Charitable Relief.	Clarence Parade House.....	{ Edmond Wells, Esq., Lansdowne Road, Dublin. A. Frothingham, Esq.; W. H. Clapham, Esq.; Edward W. Lyall, Esq.; A. Haward, Esq.
Cheltenham	Charity Organisation Association	Turner's Hill.....	
Cheshunt	Charity Organisation Society	7 St. Werburgh Street.....	
Chester	Charitable Society	Market Hall.....	
Chesterfield	Charity Organisation Society	The Barracks, Mitham Road ..	
Croydon	Charity Organisation Society	Northgate (adjoining Police Station).....	
Darlington			

{ Secretary, Edwin Parker, Esq., 21 St. Mary's Lane.	{ Rev. P. Holland, Vicarage, Hoddesdon.
J. G. Rollin, Esq., 3 South Street.	{ J. B. Scrace, Esq., 18 Albion Terrace, Hoxham, <i>Asst. Sec.</i>
R. C. Austen Leigh, Esq.	{ J. Hall, Esq.; Anna Lowenthal.
{ C. J. B. Sanders, Esq., 36 Gandy Street, Ekeker.	{ T. Priestman, T. J. Smith, and J. B. Anderson, Esqrs., D. J. Greer, <i>Clerk.</i>
L. Haslope, Esq., Highbury House.	{ Mr. S. Warner, <i>Superintendent.</i>
{ Henry Laming, Esq., Barwick House, East Finchley, N.W.	{ G. Cunnew, Esq.
W. G. Herbert, Esq., <i>Hon. Financial Sec.</i>	{ Rev. Chas. Hargrove, M.A.; Rev. John Cross, M.A.
R. Grove Morris, Esq., <i>Hon. Sec.</i>	{ J. Challinor, Esq.; R. S. Milner, Esq.; Mr. J. Morrow, 6 St. George's Road, <i>Inquiry Officer.</i>
{ John Edward Jones, Esq.	{ Mrs. Edward Paget; Mr. G. H. Blunt.
{ J. Lovell Hamshaw, Esq.; W. Thimble, Esq.	{ J. T. Godfrey Faumett, Esq.; A. O. Lomas, Esq.; Miss A. Bromby; Miss S. Lonsdale.
E. H. Marshall, Esq., Hastings.	{ W. B. Wordsworth.
Rev. P. Holland, Vicarage, Hoddesdon.	{ H. Cox, Esq.; Mr. W. Grisewood, <i>Sec.</i>
{ J. B. Scrace, Esq., 18 Albion Terrace, Hoxham, <i>Asst. Sec.</i>	{ C. S. Loch, Esq., <i>Secretary.</i>
J. Hall, Esq.; Anna Lowenthal.	{ Police Inspector.
{ T. Priestman, T. J. Smith, and J. B. Anderson, Esqrs., D. J. Greer, <i>Clerk.</i>	{ J. R. Bartlett, Esq.
{ Mr. S. Warner, <i>Superintendent.</i>	{ Robert Phillips, Esq.; W. M. Phillips, Esq.; Mr. James Smith, <i>Agent.</i>
{ G. Cunnew, Esq.	
{ Rev. Chas. Hargrove, M.A.; Rev. John Cross, M.A.	
{ J. Challinor, Esq.; R. S. Milner, Esq.; Mr. J. Morrow, 6 St. George's Road, <i>Inquiry Officer.</i>	
{ Mrs. Edward Paget; Mr. G. H. Blunt.	
{ J. T. Godfrey Faumett, Esq.; A. O. Lomas, Esq.; Miss A. Bromby; Miss S. Lonsdale.	
{ W. B. Wordsworth.	
{ H. Cox, Esq.; Mr. W. Grisewood, <i>Sec.</i>	
{ C. S. Loch, Esq., <i>Secretary.</i>	
{ Police Inspector.	
{ J. R. Bartlett, Esq.	
{ Robert Phillips, Esq.; W. M. Phillips, Esq.; Mr. James Smith, <i>Agent.</i>	

21 St. Mary's (don't)	39 Charles Street.....
614 Sadler Street.....	{ Coffee House, St. Mary's Square..
16 High Street.....	{ Guildhall
6 Bampton Street	5 Dale Street
No office	{ 15 Buckingham Street, Adelphi, W.C.
Town Hall	{ Police Station
8 St. John's Lane	{ Lytton Committee Room, Church Street
4 Regent Street	6 Queen Street, Albert Square.....
Town Hall	
Bourne Passage, High Street....	
High Street, Hoddesdon	
39 Carfax	
14 Ramsden Street.....	
3 Junction Place.....	
Douglas	
1 Church Terrace	
3 Oxford Place	
2 Silk Street.....	
39 Charles Street.....	
{ Coffee House, St. Mary's Square..	
{ Guildhall	
5 Dale Street	
{ 15 Buckingham Street, Adelphi, W.C.	
{ Police Station	
{ Lytton Committee Room, Church Street	
6 Queen Street, Albert Square.....	

{ Charity Organisation Society.....	{ Charity Organisation Society.....
Mendicity Society	{ Mendicity Society
Charity Organisation Association.....	{ Central Relief and Charity Organisation Society
{ Society for Improving the Condition of the Poor (Charity Organisation Society).....	{ Charity Organisation Society
Misericordia Society	{ [For List of the 41 Metropolitan District Committees, see p. 4]
Charity Organisation Society	{ Mendicity Society
Charity Organisation	{ Mendicity Society
Charity Organisation Society	{ Charity Organisation Society
Do.	{ District Provident Society
{ Society for Organising Charitable Relief and Expressing Mendicity	
Mendicity Society	
Hoddesdon, Broxbourne, and Wormley Relief Society	
Charity Organisation Association	
Charity Organisation Society	
Do.	
House of Industry.....	
Charity Organisation and Relief Society	
Charity Organisation Society	
Do.	
Do.	
{ Charity Organisation Society.....	
{ Mendicity Society	
{ Central Relief and Charity Organisation Society	
{ Charity Organisation Society	
{ [For List of the 41 Metropolitan District Committees, see p. 4]	
{ Mendicity Society	
{ Charity Organisation Society	
District Provident Society	

Derby	
Durham	
Elton	
Exeter	
Falmouth	
Folkestone, N.W.	
Gloucester	
Halifax	
Halley	
Hastings and St. Leonards	
Hoddesdon	
Horsham	
Hove (see Brighton)	
Huddersfield	
Hull	
Iale of Man (Douglas)	
Leamington	
Leeds	
Leek	
Leicester	
Lichfield	
Liverpool	
LONDON	
Malvern	
Malvern	
Manchester and Salford (see also Pendleton)	

* These associations are federated or affiliated to the London Society.

LIST OF CHARITY ORGANISATION AND OTHER SOCIETIES IN THE UNITED KINGDOM.—continued.

COUNTRY AND DISTRICT	NAME OF SOCIETY	OFFICE	HON. SECRETARY ETC.
Moseley (<i>see</i> Birmingham.)	Charity Organisation Society	2 Northumberland Place	E. S. Westmacott, Esq., <i>Hon. Sec.</i>
Newcastle-upon-Tyne	District Visiting Society	5 Market Place	A. R. Chamberlin, Esq., 5 Market Place.
Norwich	Charity Organisation and Mendicity Society	26 Sainsbury Road, Gipsy Hill, S.E.	{ C. E. Parker, Esq., Oakhurst, 119 Gipsy Hill, Upper Norwood.
Norwood (Upper) and South Dulwich	Charity Organisation Society	58 St. James Street, Market Place	{ J. Kentish Wright, Esq.; Claude Hollins, Esq.
Nottingham	Anti-Mendicity and Charity Organisation Association	6 Church Street, St. Ebbe's	{ Rev. W. A. Spooner, New College; Mrs. A. J. Evans.
Oxford	Investigation and Aid Society	131 Church Street	John H. Oakley, Esq.
Pendleton (near Manchester)	{ Society for Organising Charitable Relief in Penancee } { and Neighbourhood } Mendicity Society	St. Mary's Pariah House	{ Rev. Trimer Bennett, The Grammar School, Penancee.
Pennance	Charity Organisation Society	5 Frankfort Street	Capt. G. H. Inskip, R.N., J.P., <i>Chairman</i> .
Plymouth	Do.	69 Castle Street	Richard Worsley, Esq.
Preston (<i>see</i> Brighton.)	Do.	32 Water Street	J. R. Heape, Esq., J.P.
Reading	Do.	Corn Exchange	{ J. G. Bellingham, Esq.; Arthur Midgley Esq.
Roehdale	Do.	30 Victoria Road	{ John Dale, Esq., J.P.; E. H. Woodall, Esq.
Safron Walden	Do.	The Dispensary, Trinity Road	{ W. E. Darwin and R. Chipperfield, Esqs., Org. Secs; J. P. Banwell, Esq., <i>Hon. Fin. Sec.</i>
Scarborough	Do.	21 Hardshaw Street	{ F. Dromgoolle, Esq.; John Cross Eccles, Esq.
Southampton	Do.	2 Chapel Street	W. Woodall, Esq.; V. H. Woodhouse, Esq.
St. Helens	Do.	28 Villiers Street	{ A. H. Robson, Esq., A. Backhouse, Esq., <i>Hon. Secs.</i> ; John Coley, Esq., <i>Acting Sec.</i>
Stafford	Do.	St. George's Street	Ernest Watson, Esq.
Sunderland	Do.	1 Park Street	Henry Rowe, Esq.
Tenby	Mendicity Society	Town Hall	{ Mr. Thomas Barton, <i>Hon. Secretary and Treasurer</i> .
Torquay	Charity Organisation Society	38A King Street	Mr. W. A. Byrom, <i>Sec. and Agent</i> .
Tunbridge Wells	Do.	High Street	F. H. Danbeny 48 High St., Wimbledon.
Wigan	Do.	The Cathedral Yard	{ Rev. H. J. Wickham; Major Yard, <i>Secretary and Treasurer</i> .
Wimbledon	Do.		{ Mrs. Dykes, <i>Treas.</i> ; Albert Spicer, Esq., Bramcote House, Woodford, <i>Hon. Sec.</i>
Winchester	Do.		
Woodford (North)	Do.		

York	Charity Organisation Society.....	50 Little Stonegate	Meek Dyson, Esq.; A. Procter, Esq. { Mr. M. Hannan, Officer.
COUNTY ASSOCIATIONS			
Ayrshire	Ayrshire Mendicity Society	Constabulary Office, Ayr, N.B. ..	{ Capt. Hardy McHardy, R.N. (Chief Constable).
Dorsetshire	Dorset Mendicity Society	Constabulary Office, Dorchester..	{ Capt. A. Amyatt (Chief Constable).
Herefordshire	Herefordshire Mendicity Society	Shire Hall, Hereford	{ Capt. J. D. Teifer, R.A. C.O.
Worcestershire	The Worcestershire Vagrants' Relief Society	County Hall, Worcester	{ Major H.W. Donville; W.T. Ourler, Esq.
SCOTLAND			
Aberdeen*	Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	M'Combie's Court, 50 Union Street	{ G. C. Fraser, Esq.
Dundee	Charity Organisation Society	7 West Ball Street	{ Mr. George Milne, Secretary.
Edinburgh	Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	69 Hanover Street	{ Dr. Baugerman, Esq., Town Chamberlain.
Glasgow*	Charity Organisation Society	115 Bath Street	{ Rev. A. D. Robertson, Esq., and Asst. Treas.
Helensburgh	Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	24 East Clyde Street	{ J. T. Straug, Esq., Secretary.
Kilmarnock	Charity Organisation Society	108 Constitution Street	{ Donald McCallum, Esq., Fair Bank, Helensburgh.
Leith	Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	11 George Street	{ William Raitton, Esq.
Montrose	Charity Organisation Society	113 Causeway	{ Adam Black, Esq., Esq.
Paisley	Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor	{ Working Boys' and Girls' Society	{ Andrew Ross, Esq.
Perth	Charity Organisation Society	Rooms, South Tay Street.....	{ Mr. Peter Eadie, Esq.
			{ Mr. Jas. Murray, 57 Canal Street, Supt.
			{ John Thomas, Esq., Sheriff Clerk of Perthshire.
IRELAND			
Belfast	Charitable Society (Incorporated).....	{ Belfast Charitable Institution, } North Queen Street	{ Mr. E. F. Despard, Secord and Sec.
Dublin	Association for the Relief of Distressed Protestants	48 Moleworth Street	{ Rev. Thos. Mills; Joseph B. Plm, Esq. ;
	Association for the Suppression of Mendicity	9 Usher's Island	{ John Meyler, Esq., Secretary.
	Charitable Society of St. Vincent de Paul (Superior Council of Ireland) (142 branches throughout Ireland)	50 Upper Sackville Street	{ T. Varcoe, Esq. ; O. Gausson, Esq.
			{ Mr. R. M. Purcell, Secretary.
			{ Redmond F. Carroll, Esq.

* These Associations are federated or affiliated to the London Society.

LIST OF FOREIGN CHARITY ORGANISATION AND OTHER SOCIETIES

In correspondence with the London Charity Organisation Society.

COUNTRY AND DISTRICT	NAME OF SOCIETY	OFFICE	HON. SECRETARY ETC.
AUSTRALIA.			
Adelaide (S. Australia)	{ Strangers' Friend and Charity Organisation Society of S. Australia	Eidon Chambers, King William St.	G. Shireff Bowyear, Esq., Secretary.
Brisbane	{ North Brisbane Benevolent Society .....	.....	Mrs. Boyd.
	{ Charity Organisation Society .....	.....	{ T. Harlin, Esq., Whingrove, Lewisham Road South, Windsor, near Melbourne.
	{ Industrial & Reformatory Schools and Public Charities	{ Inspector's Office, Government Offices, Spring St., Melbourne }	Commander James Evans, R.N.
	{ Immigrants' Aid Society for Houseless and Destitute Persons	St. Kilda Road	{ Alfred Woolley, Esq.
	{ Victorian Discharged Prisoners' Aid Society	{ Young Men's Christian Association, Russell Street	{ Jas. S. Greig, Esq., Resident Sec. & Supt.
	{ Charity Organisation Society	33 Elizabeth Street North	J. C. Lloyd, Esq.
	{ Benevolent Society of New South Wales	{ Benevolent Asylum, Pitt Street, Sydney	{ C. H. Myles, Esq., Hon. Sec.
			{ J. Sidney, Esq., Secretary.
			I. J. Josephson, Esq., Hon. Sec.
SYDNEY (New S. Wales)			
AUSTRO-HUNGARY.			
Buda- { (Hungary)	{ Wohlthätiger Frauen-Verein (Ladies Benevolent Association)	31 Adler Gasse, Nr. 19	Herr Amli Helmer, Neue Weltgasse 13.
Pesth	{ Elisabeth Rose Institute	Stadthaus	—
Carlabad (Bohemia)	{ Zum Pilger (The Pilgrim Benevolent Institute)	House No. 30	Herr Ferd. Hietter.
Gleichenberg (Styria)	{ The Stadt President has kindly undertaken to answer inquiries		
Lemberg (Galicia)	{ Frauen Wohlthätigkeits Verein (Ladies' Benevolent Association)	Privat Haus Dominikaner Gasse, 9	
Oedenburg (Hungary)	{ Vrehni Reditelatzi Ustavni Chudinskeln (Chief Board for Poor Relief)	Altstadter Bathhaus	Herr Josef Pettlover.
Prague (Bohemia)	{ Istituto del Poveri, 1818	Chieslino 366	Herr Julius Wendling.
Trieste (Illyria)	{ Kaiser Franz Josef Stiftung zur Unterstützung des Kleinverwerbs (Petty Tradesmen's Assistance Soc.)	Welburggasse 2	Herr L. Lobmeyer.
Vienna	{ Wohlthätiger Frauen-Verein (Ladies' Benevolent Association)	Hon. Secretary's House	Dr. Louis Freysinger.
Waisen (Hungary) ..			
BARBADOS.			
Bridge-town	The Kindly Poor Relief Association	Bridge-town	T. Kerr, Esq.
BELGIUM.			
Antwerp	Bureau de Bienfaisance	Rue des Aveugles 11	Herr M. Van Bergen.

LIST OF FOREIGN CHARITY ORGANISATION AND OTHER SOCIETIES—continued.

COUNTRY AND DISTRICT	NAME OF SOCIETY.	OFFICE	HON. SECRETARY ETC.
GERMANY—cont.			
Berlin	Verein gegen Verarmung (Anti-Paupers Association)	{ Im Deutschen Thurm, Gendarmenmarkt	Herren W. Frahm and A. Kniet.
Bremen	Verein zum Wohltun (Beneficent Association)	Bremen	Herr O. Socha, Verwaltungsgeschäftsrath.
Brunswick	Armen Anstalt (Poor Board)	Rathhaus	Herr Gebmireath Socha.
Carlsruhe	Badischer Frauen Verein (Ladies' Association)	Gartenschloessen, Herrenstr. 48 ..	Herr Albert Belegen.
Cologne	Armen Deputation (Poor Committee)	1A Cäcilienstrasse	Herr H. Zarden.
Crefeld	Städtische Armen Deputation (City Poor Committee) ..	Crefeld	
Dantsig	{ Armen Unterstützungs-Verein zur Verhütung der Repressing Mendicity)	Bertholdische Gasse, 3	Herr Hintz.
Darmstadt	{ Bettelei (Association for Assisting the Poor and Sittliche Armen-Verwaltung (Town Poor Board)	Stadthaus	Herr G. Schmehl.
Dresden	{ Stadtverein für innere Mission (Town Association of Home Mission)	Herberge zur Heimat	Herr Pastor Klemm.
.....	{ Haupt Verein für innere Mission (Chief Association of Home Mission)	Amalienstrasse, 22	Herr P. Leldel, Secretary.
.....	{ Magdalenen Hilfsverein	Düsseldorfe	Herr Pastor Klemm
Düsseldorf	Städtische Armen-Verwaltung (City Poor Board)	Rathhaus	Herr Schwanenberg.
.....	Do.	British Consulate General	{ Bd. Goldbeck, Esq., British Vice-Consul. Treasurer.
.....	British Charitable Society	Rathaus, 66	Herr Stecker.
.....	Allgemeine Armenanstalt (General Poor Board)	Rathhaus, Friederichstrasse*	An Official of the Council.
Frankfurt-on-the-Maine	Städtische Armen-Verwaltung	Rathhaus*	
Hannover	{ Armen Unterstützungs-Verein zur Verhütung der Bettelei (Association for Assisting the Poor and Suppressing Mendicity)	Hollander Gasse, 1	Herr Pastor Lechner.
Hildesheim (in Hannover)	Verein für innere Mission (Home Mission Association) ..	Vereinshaus, Rosenstrasse, 14	Herr Pastor Zinner, Director.
.....	Allgemeine Armenanstalt (General Poor Board)	St. Annenstrasse	Inspector Bandholt.
Königsberg	{ Armen Unterstützungs-Verein zur Verhütung der Bettelei (Poor Relief and Anti-Mendicity Society) ..	In Herrn Müller's Wein Handlung ..	Herr Pastor Dr. Rüd.
.....	Städtische Armen Kommission (Town Poor Board)	Markt Platz	{ Herr Beigeordneter Sotha. Herr J. Schönsbaum.
.....	{ Bureau d'Administration de l'Institut des Pauvres de Mulhouse (Poor Relief Association)	Cour de Lorraine	M. Obas, Oberlin, Secrétaire-General.
Mulhouse	{ Verein für Freiwillige Armenpflege (Voluntary Poor Relief Association)	Petersplatz, 9/0	Herr Franz Nibler, Stadtgerichtsassessor.
Münch.	Armen-Verwaltung (Poor Law Board)	Königsstrasse, 8	The Town Clerk, Herr Ellwes.
Stettin	{ Central Leitung des Wohltätigkeits-Vereins (Central Administration of the Benevolent Association)	St. Margarethe	A. Kieffer.
Strassburg .....	.....	Kultusministerium Gebäude	Herr Kuhn.
Stuttgart .....	.....	Rathhaus	

GREECE.					
Athens and Piræus ..					Karion Jeannia Patrikios.
HOLLAND.					
Amsterdam					De Heer W. A. Tobias.
Rotterdam					Joh. F. Snelleman, Sec.
Utrecht.....					De Heer L. van Lier.
INDIA.					
Bombay					T. H. Hannah, Esq.
Calcutta					H. G. Wilkin, Esq.
Madras.....					W. A. Symonds, Esq., <i>Superintendent of Prisons for the Town of Madras.</i>
ITALY.					
Florence					W. Villiers Fowke, Esq., <i>Secretary</i> , 20 Via Lamarmora, Florence.
Leghorn					Colonel Giovanni Sebastiano.
Lucas.....					{ Signor Gino Donegani, <i>Secretary</i> .
Milan					{ Cavaliere Guglielmo Vivoli, <i>Director</i> .
Pisa.....					Cavaliere Don Salvatore Di Gullio,
Rome					Cavaliere Arr. Giuseppe Scotti.
Venice					Tito Chiesi.
					Signor A. Baldacchini.
					Signor Giuseppe Malamocco.
NATAL					
Durban					{ Mrs. Rutherford, <i>President</i> .
Verulam					{ Mrs. Colenso, <i>Secretary</i> .
Pietermaritzburg					Mrs. Anderson.
NEW ZEALAND.					
Wellington					Alfred Geo. Johnson, Esq., <i>Secretary</i> .
NOVA SCOTIA.					
Halifax					Wm. Blackwood, Esq.

* In these instances, letters should be addressed to the Secretary to the Armes-verwaltung or Armen-Direction.

LIST OF FOREIGN CHARITY ORGANISATION AND OTHER SOCIETIES—continued.

COUNTRY AND DISTRICT	NAME OF SOCIETY	OFFICE	HON. SECRETARY ETC.
RUSSIA.			
Moscow	Benevolent Association.	Moscow	W. M. Hotinsky.
Riga	Verein gegen den Bettel (Anti-Mendicity Society) ..	Stadt Grosse Schmiedestrasse, 38 ..	Herr Sekretär Fried. Fossard.
St. Petersburg	British Benevolent Society ..	Meeting held at British Consulate ..	C. F. Wilding, Esq.
Warsaw	Société de Bienfaisance ..	Rue du Faubourg de Cracovie, 63 ..	M. Heppau, General Secretary.
SPAIN.			
Cadix	Asociacion de Catolicos (Catholic Association)	Nierva, 3	Don J. de Valls, Acting Secretary.
Minorca	Asociacion de Beneficencia Domiciliaris	De Mahon	Don Juan P. Galtavall.
SWEDEN & NORWAY.			
Christiania	{ Tröskögheds Menigheds Frivillige Fattigpligt (Poor Relief Association of the Trinity Congregation) .. }	Keyser's Gade, 1	Herr Cand Theol. Gjestad.
Stockholm	{ Almqvists Strydsvärdning (General Aid & Protection Association) .. }	Drottninggatan, 68	Herr G. A. Nordlindh.
SWITZERLAND.			
Basel	Freiwilige Armenpflege (Voluntary Relief Society) ..	Stadthaus	Herr C. Rippas.
Bern	Privat Armenanstalt (Private Poor Society)	Bathausplatz, 100	Herr Fowaldnotar.
Geneva	Association pour réprimer les Abus de la Mendicité ..	Rue du Stand, 10	Col. A. Büllet, Director.
TASMANIA.			
Hobart	Benevolent Society	Freehold	{ G. S. Crouch, Esq., Hon. Secretary. Wm. Witt, Esq., Registrar.
TURKEY.			
Constantinople	Society for the Relief of Distressed British Subjects ..	{ Applications for Relief received } at H.M.'s Consulate	{ W. H. Wrench, Esq., C.M.G. Hon. Secretary and Vice President.
U.S. OF AMERICA.			
Altoona, Pa.	Society of Organized Charity	133 Fayette Street, west of Park Street	Wm. T. Miller, Esq., Secretary.
Baltimore, Maryland	{ Association for the Improvement of the Condition of the Poor .. }	13 Wilson Building	D. Henderson, Esq., Secretary
Binghampton, N.Y.	Charity Organisation Society	96 Chenango Street	A. G. Warner, General Agent.
Boston, Mass.	Bureau of Associated Charities	{ Central Office, Room 41, Charity Building .. }	Mrs. J. H. Barnes, Secretary.
Bridgeport, Conn.	{ Associated Charities .. }	23 Charity Building, Chardon Street ..	Miss Z. D. Smith, General Secretary.
	{ Boston Provident Association .. }	188 Main Street	E. Frothingham, Esq., General Agent.
	Associated Charities		Mrs. L. H. Norton, Secretary.

Brooklyn	[Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor Bureau of Charities	104 Livingston Street	Geo. H. Russell, Esq., Genl. Secretary.
Bryn Mawr, Pa.	Relief Association	49 Motherhorn Street	John B. Garrett, Esq., President.
Buffalo, N. Y.	Charity Organisation Society	— — — — —	R. E. Rosenst., Esq., Secretary.
Burlington, Iowa	Associated Charities do.	— — — — —	— — — — —
Camden, N. J.	Society for the Prevention and Relief of Poverty	Central Square Buildings	Wm. T. Piper, Secretary.
Castleton, New Jersey	Charity Organisation Society	Cambridge port	Abel Smith, Superintendent.
Castleton, Staten	Associated Charities	48 North Third Street	— — — — —
Charleston, S. C.	Charity Organisation Society	— — — — —	Mrs. Thos. Melville, Secretary.
Chattanooga, Tenn.	Charity Organisation Society	— — — — —	B. G. Chisholm, Treasurer.
Chicago, Illinois	[Society for the Prevention and Relief of Poverty	321 McCallie Avenue	— — — — —
Cincinnati, Ohio	Bureau of Associated Charities	48 North Third Street	W. Alexander Johnson, Esq., Secretary.
Cleveland, Ohio	Associated Charities	61 La Salle Street	J. W. Francis, Esq., General Secretary.
Columbus, Ohio	Bethel Associated Charities	177 West Fourth Street	Henry N. Raymond, Esq., Superintendent.
Davenport, Iowa	Associated Charities	319 Spring Street	Rev. Washington Gladden, D.D., President.
Decatur, Ill.	Do. do.	— — — — —	Mrs. Nettie E. Howard, Agent.
Dedham, Mass.	Charity Organisation Society	— — — — —	E. G. Allen, Secretary.
Denver, Colorado	Associated Charities	N. W. Cor. Main and 6th Streets	Mrs. G. G. Nichols, President.
Detroit, Mich.	Ladies' Relief Society	— — — — —	Mrs. Cornelius Ferris, President.
East Saginaw, Mich.	Association of Charities	Helmman Buildings	Dr. J. A. Post, Secretary.
Fitchburg, Mass.	Benevolent Union	— — — — —	Mrs. E. A. Bryant, Secretary.
Harrisburg, Penn.	Benevolent Association	316 Market Street	Ray G. Haling, Esq., President.
Indianapolis, Ind.	Charity Organisation Society	Plymouth Building	W. B. Lamberton, Esq., Secretary.
Indianapolis, Wis.	Associated Charities	— — — — —	Rev. O. C. McCulloch, Secretary.
Kansas City, Mo.	Provident Association	306 Essex Street	J. M. Whitehead, Esq., Secretary.
Lawrence, Mass.	City Mission	— — — — —	P. M. Ferguson, Esq., Superintendent.
Lexington, Ky.	Society for Improving the Condition of the Poor	214 West Green Street	Rev. Clark Carter, Secretary.
Louisville, Kentucky	Charity Organisation Society	81 Appleton Street	— — — — —
Lowell, Mass.	Associated Charities	Room 6, Lee Hall Block	Mrs. George Deering, General Secretary.
Lynn, Mass.	Do. do.	23 East Main Street	W. P. Atwood, Esq., Secretary.
Madison, Wis.	Benevolent Society	416 Milwaukee Street	Miss H. M. Todd, Registrar.
Malden, Mass.	Industrial Aid Society	13 Silliman Block	J. S. McNaught, Esq., Agent.
Minneapolis, Minn.	Associated Charities	— — — — —	J. W. Chadwick, Clerk.
Moline, Ills.	Do. do.	23 Albany Street	E. H. Blair, Esq., Registrar.
New Brunswick, N.J.	Charity Organisation Society	323 Market Street	Geo. D. Holt, Esq., General Secretary.
Newark, N. J.	Bureau of Associated Charities	89 Second Street	Mrs. Julia M. Dunn, Cor. Sec.
Newburgh, N. Y.	Associated Charities	23 Church Street	Miss Cornelia A. Lee, Agent.
New Haven, Conn.	Organised Charities Association	180 Baronne Street	J. H. Smith, Central Superintendent.
New Orleans, La.	Conference of Charities	— — — — —	Miss M. Ackerly, Secretary.

* Branches of the Imperial Philanthropic Society of St. Petersburg are established at Glogboff, Kaluga, Kasan, Kostroma, Mologa, Odessa, Oufa, Ouglitsch, Penza, Rinsk, Scopin, Slonk and Voronezh.
 † The Boards of Charities of New York State, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Pennsylvania, Ohio, and Illinois may also be consulted with advantage through their respective Secretaries. The object of these organisations is to regulate and improve the administration of public charity.

LIST OF FOREIGN CHARITY ORGANISATION AND OTHER SOCIETIES—continued.

COUNTRY AND DISTRICT	NAME OF SOCIETY	OFFICE	HON. SECRETARY ETC.
U. S. OF AMERICA—cont.			
Newport, R. I.	Charity Organisation Society.	3014 Thames Street	Miss M. S. Burdick, Secretary.
New York City, N. Y. {	Do.	21 University Place	Chas. D. Kellogg, Esq., General Sec.
Omaha, Neb.	Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.	79 Fourth Avenue	F. S. Longworth, General Agent.
Orange, N. J.	Bureau of Charities	1404 Capitol Avenue	Mrs. O. C. Dinmore, President.
Patterson, N. J.	Bureau of Associated Charities.	—	Miss C. E. Westcott, Secretary.
Philadelphia, Pa.	Central Aid Society	284 Main Street	J. P. Mackay, Esq., Secretary.
Pittsburg, Penn.	Associated Charities	Dormance Building	Graham Covepothwait, Secretary.
Pittsfield, Mass.	Society for Organising Charity	1708 Chestnut Street	Dr. J. W. Walk, General Secretary.
Plainfield, N. J.	Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor.	—	Rev. E. R. Doneboon, Secretary.
Portland, Maine	Union for Home Work	30 Dunham Street	Wm. Dimick, Supt.
Portland, Oregon	Relief Association	—	Miss Florence Tweedy, Secretary.
Poughkeepsie, N. Y.	Associated Charities	Room 18, City Building	Mrs. M. J. Lilly, Secretary.
Princeton, N. J.	City Board of Charities	—	W. G. Steel, Secretary.
Pueblo, Colorado	Charity Organisation Society	8 Cannon Street	M. E. Wing, Bureau Secretary.
Quincy, Ills.	Society for Organising Charity	—	Hon. John F. Hageman, Secretary.
St. Joseph, Mo.	Benovolent Union	—	Mrs. J. S. Sperry, President.
St. Louis, Mo.	Associated Charities	413 Maine Street	Lyman McCarl, Secretary.
St. Paul, Minn.	Society of Organised Charities	1830 Madison Street	J. F. McDowell, Superintendent.
Salem, N. J.	Provident Association	141 East 9th Street	Rev. F. Lack, Superintendent.
San Francisco, Cal.	Relief Society	131 W. Broadway	M. L. Hutchins, General Agent.
San Francisco, Cal.	Society for Organising Charity	509 Kearny Street, near Sacramento	Miss R. H. Thompson, Pres. and Sec.
Springfield, Mass.	Associated Charities	—	O. Follatt, Esq., President.
Springfield, Ohio	Do.	West County Building	H. Bartling, Esq., Registrar.
Syracuse, N. Y.	Union Relief Association	4 Hendrick's Block	H. H. Cumbach, Superintendent.
Taunton, Mass.	Bureau of Labor and Charities	Cedar Street Chapel	C. D. B. Mills, Esq., General Secretary.
Terre Haute, Ind.	Associated Charities	City Building	Rev. S. H. Emery, Secretary.
Trenton, N. J.	Society for Organising Charity	160 East State Street	B. E. Lockwood, Esq., Agent.
Washington, D. C.	Do.	Room 11, Gunton Building	M. M. Johnson, Secretary.
Washington, D. C.	Charity Organisation Society of the District of Columbia	707 G. Street, N.W.	Rev. J. C. Pratt, General Secretary.
Watertown, N. Y.	Associated Charities	—	L. S. Emery, Secretary.
Wilmington, Del.	Bureau of Charities	837 Tattall Street	Miss Y. C. Walker, Secretary.
Yonkers, N. Y.	Associated Charities	{ Buena Vista Avenue, opposite }	John Massey, Esq., Secretary.
	Charity Organisation Society.	{ Railroad Station. }	Wm. C. Kellogg, Esq., Secretary.

II.—RELIEF IN AFFLICTION.

I.—BLIND. (*See also* Introduction.)

PENSIONS.

ROYAL BLIND PENSION SOCIETY (1863), 235 Southwark Bridge Road, S.E.

Object.—‘Granting pensions to the blind poor at their own homes, in all parts of the United Kingdom.’ **Admission.**—By nomination and election of subscribers and donors. Form obtained from Secretary must be filled up, and signed by subscriber of £2. 2s. or subscribers of £2. 2s. collectively. Candidates must be approved by Committee; they must be of good character, not under 21 years of age, not in possession of income of more than £20 per annum, if single; or £30 if married. Beggars and itinerant musicians are ineligible. Donors of £5. 5s. and subscribers of 10s. 6d. have one vote at each election. Donors of £21 can nominate an approved case over 75 years of age for an immediate pension. Elections in May and November; votes for unsuccessful candidates are carried forward. After each election the *two unsuccessful candidates longest on the list* become pensioners. Amount of pension: 10s. to 25s. per month. **Management.**—By Committee and Ladies’ Committee, who fill up their own vacancies and add to their number. **Income** (1887–8).—Charitable contributions, £4,770; invested funds, £218; other sources, £1. 16s. 3d. **Pensioners.**—550. Bankers, Bank of England; London & Westminster Bank (Southwark); Treasurer, John C. Bumsted, Esq., 36 King William Street, E.C.; Hon. Secs., Thomas Pocock, Esq., and A. S. Dodson, Esq.; Sec., Mr. W. Elliott Terry.

CHRISTIAN BLIND RELIEF SOCIETY (1843), St. Stephen’s Vicarage, North Bow, E.

Object.—To grant ‘weekly and monthly pensions to the needy blind of good moral character in all parts of the United Kingdom, and irrespective of any religious qualification.’ **Admission.**—By application with recommendation of annual subscriber of £1. 1s., or donor of £10. 10s. and upwards. Income of applicants from every source must not exceed, if single £20, if married £30 a year. Scale of relief, 5s. a month, and 2s. 6d. a week. **Management.**—Committee of 12, elected annually at General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1888–9).—Charitable contributions, £740; invested funds, £47; legacies, £120. **Pensioners.**—203. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England; Treasurer, W. Wainwright, Esq., Woking; Hon. Sec., Rev. J. Pullein Thompson, St. Stephen’s Vicarage, North Bow, E.

SOCIETY FOR GRANTING ANNUITIES TO THE POOR ADULT BLIND (1858), Blind School, St. George’s Fields, Southwark, S.E.

Object.—‘To aid in the support of poor blind persons of good character who, being ineligible for admission into schools and asylums, unable to

work and unwilling to beg, yet have no sufficient means of support. **Admission.**—By election, by donors of £5. 5s. (who have two votes) and subscribers of 5s., after careful inquiry. Applicants must be of good character, not under 40 years of age; income under £10, and never a mendicant. A form of application to be obtained from the Hon. Secretary must be filled up, and signed by a clergyman, magistrate, or subscriber personally acquainted with the case. The amount of annuity given is £6. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—£2,531. **Annuitants.**—60. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Bosanquets. Treas., Edmund C. Johnson, Esq., 4 Eaton Place, S.W. Hon. Sec., Rev. R. P. Stickland.

BLIND MAN'S FRIEND, OR DAY'S CHARITY FOR THE BLIND (1836), 34 Savile Row, W.

Object.—To give pensions to blind persons of both sexes. **Admission.**—By election of trustees. Candidates must be wholly blind, and resident in the United Kingdom. Paupers are not eligible. Candidates need not attend in person. Applicants must not be under 21 years of age. Recommendations are required from five or six householders; also medical certificate of total blindness and clergyman's certificate of moral character. Applications are considered at meetings of trustees in January, April, July, and October. **Pensions.**—£12, £16, and £20 per annum. **Management.**—By Trustees: William Underwood, John Shaw, and Edmund C. Johnson, Esqs. **Income** (1888).—From invested funds, about £3,600. **Pensioners.**—230. Bankers, Bank of England. Clerk and Treasurer, Pinder Simpson, Esq.

HETHERINGTON'S CHARITY FOR THE AGED BLIND (1774), Christ's Hospital, Newgate Street, E.C.

Object.—To provide annuities of £10 to aged blind persons 'who have known better days.' **Admission.**—By election. Forms of petition can be obtained by personal or written application at the counting-house, Christ's Hospital, in October. Applicants must be at least 61 years of age, born and resident in England (not Wales or Berwick-on-Tweed), totally blind and resident in present parish or locality for three whole years, and not in possession of any annuity, salary, pension, or income for life amounting to £20 a year. Those who have never occupied a better or higher position in life than day labourers or journeymen, of domestic and menial servants, or who have ever begged or received any parochial relief, are ineligible. Elections take place in November and February. Petitions of unsuccessful candidates must be renewed annually in October. **Management.**—By the Committee of Almoners of Christ's Hospital. **Income.**—(about) £7,780 (subject to expenses of management, &c.). **Pensions** (1887).—718. Clerk, M. S. S. Dipnall, Esq., Christ's Hospital.

MERLOTT'S CHARITY (1784), Bristol Municipal Charities, St. Stephen Street, Bristol.

Object.—To grant annuities of £10 to poor persons above the age of 50 living in any part of Great Britain who have been 'stone blind' for at least three years and are not receiving parochial alms, nor are common beggars, nor are already in possession of an assured income for life to the amount of £20 a year. This Charity is intended for those who have been respectably brought up, and who want some addition to what they have to make life more comfortable under the misfortune of blindness. **Recipients.**—47. **Income** (1887).—From endowment, £489. **Management.**—By Trustees of the Bristol Municipal Charities, appointed by the

Charity Commissioners. Bankers, Miles, Cave, & Co. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Fred. W. Newton, Esq.

THE GOLDSMITHS' COMPANY, Foster Lane, E.C.

The Company grant 67 blind pensions (paid quarterly) of £20 a year each, 7 being from the funds of the CURETON CHARITY, and 60 out of the general corporate funds. **Admission.**—CURETON CHARITY—Applicants must be over 50 years of age, totally blind for 12 months, resident in the county of Middlesex, and not have an income exceeding £25 a year; must not be in receipt of any other charity for the blind. Preference is given to Freemen of the Company and their widows, and to residents in the City. COMPANY'S CHARITY—Applicants must be resident in Middlesex, Kent, Essex, Herts, or Surrey. Preference is given to Freemen of the Company and their widows. There is no limit as to age. All applications to be made to the Clerk of the Company, at the Hall.

CLOTHWORKERS' COMPANY, 41 Mincing Lane, E.C.

The Company grant 670 blind pensions of £5 a year and 143 of £10 out of the funds of the following charities:—Acton, Cornell, Newnam, Thwayte, Love, West, and Gregory, and also out of the general corporate funds.

Admission.—Applicants for the £5 pensions must be 50 years of age, of good character, and totally blind for three years; not be entitled to any estate, annuity, salary, pension, or income for life to the amount of £20 a year; nor be an inmate of a workhouse, or public institution; nor publicly solicit or receive alms. Blank petitions are issued from the Company's office, between the hours of 11 and 3 o'clock. Certificates of age, blindness, circumstances, and marriage (if married) should be annexed to the petition. The petition, the certificate or declaration of age, the certificate of the surgeon, and the certificate of facts properly filled up and signed, are to be delivered gratis, at the Company's office, at their Hall, Mincing Lane, London.

The £10 pensions are given by way of promotion to the most necessitous and deserving on the £5 list above the age of 60.

GARDNER'S TRUST FOR THE BLIND.

A branch of the work of the Trust consists in granting pensions.
p. 25.

PAINTER STAINERS' COMPANY, 9 Little Trinity Lane,

Cannon Street West, E.C. Clerk, H. D. Pritchard, Esq.

PYDDALLS, SHANK, STOCK, SMITH, GRAINGER, and YEATES BLIND CHARITIES.—174 pensions of £10 each to blind of both sexes. **Admission.**—No person can be elected who has ever been a common beggar, or has received alms from any parish or place as a pauper, who is in possession of an income exceeding £10 per annum, or receives any benefaction to that amount. Those only can be admitted to petition who are 61 years of age complete, were born in England (not Wales or Scotland), have been totally blind for three years, have been an inhabitant of the parish of their present residence for three years, are of sober life and conversation, and unable to provide for themselves. All these circumstances must be testified under the hands of the minister and churchwardens of the parish or place where the person resides, and a certificate of total blindness must also be given by a surgeon. Blank petitions can be procured gratis, from the Clerk, at the Hall, between the hours of 11 and 2, from the 25th of October until

the 25th of November, which must be returned, properly filled up, on or before the 1st of December, prepaid. Elections take place on the second Wednesday in December. Unsuccessful petitioners may apply again.

STOCK CHARITY.—Pensions for poor curates. The sum applicable to the purpose, £100, is paid over annually to the Corporation of the Sons of the Clergy, who elect the pensioners, and distribute the pensions.

CORDWAINERS' COMPANY, 7 Cannon Street, E.C.

CAME CHARITY (1782).—115 pensions of £5. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the clerk for form. Applicants must be totally blind; resident within 100 miles of London; not street beggars, or have ever received parish relief. Men must be not less than 45, women than 40, and widows or maidens than 30 years of age. Application must be made before October 1, stating means of support, with certificate or proof of age, special circumstances, and honesty, sobriety, and morality, verified by six of the principal inhabitants of petitioner's present parish; also marriage certificate, if married. A pensioner's petition must be renewed at the end of three years. Other charities are available for one pension of nearly £8, and for small gifts to the senior pensioners under Came's Charity.

GRAINGER'S CHARITY (1784), Drapers' Hall, 27 Throgmorton Street, E.C.

Object.—To grant pensions to poor blind persons. **Admission.**—By application to W. P. Sawyer, Esq., Clerk to the Drapers' Company, in whom the charity is vested. Applicants must be totally blind. No limit as to age. The pensions are of the value of £10 every other year. **Pensioners.**—14.

PALYN'S CHARITY.

Object.—To grant pensions to poor blind persons resident in London or the vicinity, unable to maintain themselves by their own exertions. **Admission.**—By application to the Girdlers' Company, in whom the charity is vested. Clerk, J. E. Philbrick, Esq., 59 Basinghall St., E.C.

RASHDALL'S CHARITY.

Object.—To provide pensions of £5 a year each to poor blind females of good moral character. **Admission.**—The cases are the most destitute that can be found. The trustees select cases, no regard being paid to religious belief. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Income.**—£30. **Recipients.**—6. Trustees, Thomas Chalk Swinborne, Esq., Church House, Aldham, Colchester; Thomas Simpson, Esq., M.R.C.S., Coggeshall.

HON. MISS FRANCES HARLEY'S CHARITIES (1841).

Object.—The maintenance of 'poor blind persons,' and widows of clergymen of the Church of England and Ireland. **Admission.**—Candidates must be members of the Church of England and Ireland, of any age, of either sex, of respectable moral character, and in indigent circumstances. There is no limit as to residence. Each candidate for the Clergymen's Widows' Fund must be a widow of a clergyman who should have resided in and have had cure of souls within the counties of Hereford, Brecon, and Radnor. In case no candidate can be found whose husband should have resided and had cure of souls within the aforesaid counties, then widows within the counties of Monmouth and Carmarthen are eligible. Applicants should apply for printed form of application, which is laid before the trustees at their annual meeting, when, if it be

the application of a widow eligible, she is soon elected; but in the case of blind persons, the trustees elect the fittest of the various applicants when a vacancy occurs. In the case of a widow a certificate is required that she is living and is still a widow; and, in the case of a blind person, that he or she is living and is still blind. Each blind candidate must produce some friends of respectable character, with whom it is proposed that he or she shall reside, and who undertakes to take care of such blind person, and to apply the charity fund for his or her personal comfort or convenience. The pension is £20 per annum, paid quarterly. In case of misconduct the trustees may suspend or discontinue the annuity. In the case of the marriage of a widow, the annuity ceases. **Income** (1887) from invested funds: poor blind, £232; clergymen's widows, £304. **Recipients**.—Blind, 11; clergymen's widows, 15. Solicitors to the trustees, Messrs. Harrison & Co., 19 Bedford Row, W.O.

BLIND FEMALE ANNUITY SOCIETY (1876).

Object.—'To assist respectable blind women, being either widows or spinsters, by means of periodical payments.' **Admission**.—By nomination of Committee at their Quarterly Meetings. Annuities do not exceed £10 a year. Candidates must be at least 21 years of age and of good character. Application should be made to the Hon. Secretary for form. A donor of £250 may, during life, nominate one eligible person to an annuity. **Management**.—By Committee consisting of Treasurer, Secretary, and four or more other members. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £126; invested funds, £70; legacy, £200; Gardner Trustees, £21. **Recipients**.—26. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan & Co. Treasurer, F. Peterson Ward, Esq., 46 Hamilton Terrace, N.W.; Hon. Sec., Miss Danvers, 25 Fairfax Road, South Hampstead, N.W.

SOMERS TOWN BLIND AID SOCIETY.

A branch of the Society's work consists in granting pensions of 1s. to 5s. per week to poor blind persons. (See SOMERS TOWN BLIND AID SOCIETY, p. 38.)

CARMARTHENSHIRE BLIND RELIEF SOCIETY (1860), 51 King Street, Carmarthen.

Object.—To grant monthly pensions of 5s. and 2s. 6d. to blind persons in the county of Carmarthen. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £72; interest on investments, £2. **Pensioners**.—27. Hon. Secretary and Treasurer, Miss Brown.

PEMBROKESHIRE BLIND RELIEF SOCIETY (1861), Haverfordwest.

Object.—To grant monthly pensions of 5s. to poor blind persons. **Admission**.—By recommendation of clergyman or district visitor. **Management**.—By a Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £39. **Pensioners**.—13. Hon. Secretary and Treasurer, Mrs. Henry Stokes, Hill Street, Haverfordwest.

HUMSTON'S CHARITY FOR THE BLIND (1777), Vestry Office, St. Botolph, Aldgate, E.C.

Object.—To grant pensions of £12 to indigent blind (parishioners of or whose parents did belong to the parishes of St. Botolph, Aldgate, St. John, Wapping, and St. Paul's, Shadwell). **Admission**.—Application must be made to R. Glynes, Esq., vestry clerk of St. Botolph, Aldgate. Preference is given to lightermen, their widow and children.

in the above parishes. **Management.**—By the Trustees. **Income.**—£59 (about). **Pensions.**—5.

THE YORK EMANUEL (1781-2), York.

Object.—‘To benefit ministers, and their wives, widows, and children, in any part of the kingdom, labouring under blindness or idiocy.’ **Admission.**—All persons applying for relief are to transmit a true statement of their cases, in writing, to the Secretary, previous to the General Meetings held at York, half-yearly, on the second Wednesday in April and October, which must be authenticated by one Justice of the Peace, and two ministers of the neighbourhood, together with a medical certificate particularising the case. The assistance given is by annuity not exceeding £20, payable half-yearly in February and August. **Management.**—By Governors, appointed by themselves. **Income** (1887-88).—From invested funds, £471. 10s. 3d. **Assisted.**—32. Bankers, The City and County Banking Company, York; Treasurer and Secretary, F. W. Calvert, Esq., 18 Londal, York.

HOMES FOR MEN AND WOMEN.*

SIMPSON'S HOSPITAL FOR THE GOUTY AND BLIND (1779), Dublin.

Object.—To provide a home for blind and gouty men of good character who have once been respectable merchants, traders, or professional men in Ireland. **Admission.**—Applications must be lodged a month before the first Monday in May and November. **Management.**

Income.

Inmates (average for 1887).—56. Agent and Secretary, Mr. James Young.

PHOENIX HOME FOR BLIND WOMEN (1861), 44 Alma Square, Hill Road, St. John's Wood, N.W.

Object.—The maintenance of poor blind women. **Admission.**—By recommendation of subscriber of 5s. Admission is given in order of application, if the applicant is eligible. She must be between 20 and 50 years of age, furnish medical certificate of eligibility, and offer security from two respectable householders of £5 each for removal on death or when required. Inmates pay £20 per annum (including medical attendance, washing, and a guide, but not clothing) quarterly in advance. The profits of work done by the inmates are divided equally between the Home and the knitters. The Home is conducted as a private family. **Management.**—By Miss Gill, assisted by a Committee of ladies. **Income** (1887-88).—Charitable contributions, £142; inmates' payments, £152; sale of work, £10. **Inmates.**—8. Treasurer, Miss Alice Bostock, 2 Park Road, Wallington, Surrey. Manager, Miss Gill.

HOME FOR BLIND GENTLEWOMEN (1881), 69 Hanley Road, Finsbury Park, N.

Object.—To provide a home for aged Christian gentlewomen. **Admission.**—By application to Mrs. Bright, at the Home. Payment, 13s. to 1 guinea a week, according to accommodation required. The home is ‘not considered a charity.’

* Blind convalescents are received at MRS. GLADSTONE'S CONVALESCENT HOME, Woodford, and blind orphans at the SMYLLUM ORPHANAGE, Lanark. (See Index.)

NORTH LONDON HOMES FOR AGED CHRISTIAN BLIND MEN AND WOMEN (1880), 71, 73, 75, 77 Hanley Road, Finsbury Park, N.

Object.—To provide, 'in addition to domestic comfort, the ministries of Christian love.' **Admission.**—Open to all Protestant denominations; no local limits, but 'four conditions are indispensable: old age, not under 50; blindness, amounting to entire incapacity; real need; and credible evidence of experimental piety.' Inmates, or their friends for them, pay whatever they are able. When applicants are on a parish the guardians are requested to contribute towards their maintenance. Applicants are expected to find subscriptions to the amount of £3. 3s. yearly. A payment of £4 must be made to the funeral fund, which sum is returned if desired, should the inmate leave the home. There are separate Home for men, women, and young women whose painful and exceptional circumstances preclude their admission into ordinary institutions. **Management.**—By Committee elected at Annual Meeting, and a Ladies' Committee, and by the Hon. Superintendents. **Income** (1887-88).—Charitable contributions, £650; legacies, £1,250; inmates' payments, £381; sale of articles, concert, &c., £126. **Inmates.**—46. Bankers, City Bank, Holborn Viaduct. Treasurer, P. Terry, Esq.; Hon. Secretary, Rev. J. F. Osborne, 90 Junction Road, N.; Hon. Superintendents, Rev. H. and Mrs. Bright, at the Home.

BLIND WOMEN'S HOME (1874), 71 St. Michael's Hill, Fort Road, Bristol.

Object.—To provide a home for blind women who would be otherwise unprotected after having been in a blind school or in respectable service, &c. **Admission.**—By the Committee. Applicants may be of any age. Either total or almost entire blindness is necessary. Paupers are eligible. London cases are eligible. Payment, £13 per annum, paid quarterly in advance, not including clothing. Inmates are taught knitting, &c., music and singing, but the Institution is not a school but a domestic Home. They remain for various periods, according to circumstances, and in many cases permanently, according to the original intention of the Home. **Management.**—By President (rector of the parish), Secretary, and Treasurer, with Committee of ladies (about eight in number). **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, annual sale and work sold, £122; payments for inmates, £107; invested funds, £54. **Inmates.**—12. Bankers, Miles & Co., Old Bank, Clifton. Treasurer, Miss Prowse, 4 Rodney Cottages, Clifton. Secretary, Miss C. Bush, 39 Caledonia Place, Clifton, Bristol.

ASYLUM AND SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND (1805), Mag- dalen Street, Norwich.

Object.—To provide a home for the aged blind, and maintenance and instruction, ordinary and industrial, for blind children. **Admission.**—By application to the Committee, on recommendation of a subscriber. **Asylum.**—Applicants must be over 55 years of age. Paupers are eligible. London cases are eligible. The absence of 'guiding sight' is necessary. Payment at discretion of Committee, including maintenance and clothing. Inmates bring two suits at admission, but are afterwards clothed by Committee. **School.**—Applicants for the school must be of the age of 10 years and upwards, healthy and capable of working. Paupers and London cases are eligible. Total blindness is necessary. Payment, 5s. per week, or at discretion of the Committee, including

maintenance, instruction, and clothing. Pupils bring two suits when admitted. Moon's type is used, and trades are taught. Pupils remain not more than five years, after which they are returned to their union or friends; but under special circumstances the Committee may grant an extension. Non-residents are employed as journeymen. Earnings average 4s. 6d. to 8s. per week. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £344; legacies, £37; invested funds and rents, £659; payments for inmates, £318; sale of fancy articles, £396. **Inmates.**—Aged males, 3; aged females, 6; pupils, male, 21; female, 11. Bankers, Gurneys & Co. Treasurer, J. Farrar Ranson, Esq., Heathside, Thorpe Hamlet, Norwich; Superintendent and Secretary, Mr. F. Shave.

COTTAGE HOME FOR THE BLIND, Leicester (*see* LEICESTER ASSOCIATION FOR THE GENERAL WELFARE OF THE BLIND, p. 43).

NATIONAL INSTITUTION & MOLYNEUX ASYLUM FOR THE BLIND OF IRELAND, Leeson Park, Dublin.

Object.—To provide a school for the young and a home for the aged female blind of Ireland. **Admission.**—(1) By election as a free inmate, through the majority of votes of subscribers and seat-holders in the chapel; (2) by nomination of any person who collects or gives a donation of £200 in one sum, or who will guarantee an annual subscription or collection of £15; (3) by nomination of the Poor Law Guardians, according to 6 and 7 Vict. cap. 92, sec. 14. It is open only to the blind of every Protestant denomination in Ireland. Day pupils admitted, if recommended by subscribers. 'A good and suitable education in spelling, geography, arithmetic, history, reading (by Moon's type), printing, writing, and embossing is given; especial care is given to music, so that many are enabled to go out and earn a livelihood as organists. A department has been opened for reseating of cane and willow chairs; fancy and other baskets made and repaired.' **Income** (1887, nine months).—General Fund: Subscriptions and collections, £136; invested funds and interest, £478; legacies, £120. Chapel Fund: Church and special collections, £1,023. Blind Asylum: from supernumerary inmates, £27; annuities, £136; work sold, £41; transferred from General Fund, £500. **Inmates.**—47. Treasurers, The Royal Bank of Ireland. Sec., H. N. Fossit, Esq.

THE ASYLUM FOR BLIND FEMALES (1834), Limerick.

Object.—To provide a Protestant home for blind females. **Admission.**—At discretion of the Committee. Application must be made to Rev. Canon J. F. Gregg, Limerick. Applicants must be of good character, and partially or totally blind. Beggars are ineligible. Preference is given to natives of county Limerick, but the asylum is open to applicants from any place, in Ireland or England, if there are vacancies. Payment received in some cases. The inmates have everything provided for them in the asylum, and remain for life if they choose. They assist in work of the house. They also do various kinds of knitting work, which is sold. At the end of each year each inmate gets one-third of her earnings for her own use. **Management.**—By Committee of Trinity Church and the Asylum. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £155. 16s. 0d.; invested funds, £124. 4s. 4d.; profit on inmates' work, £11. 17s. 11d. **Inmates.**—11. Bankers, Provincial Bank of Ireland. Treasurer, Robt. Hunt, Esq. Hon. Sec., Rev. Canon J. F. Gregg, M.A., 82 George Street, Limerick.

EDUCATION, MAINTENANCE, AND EMPLOYMENT.

(See also Introduction.)

GARDNER'S TRUST FOR THE BLIND (1882), 1 Poets' Corner, Westminster, S.W.

Object.—A sum of £300,000 bequeathed for the welfare of the blind. The will of the late Mr. Gardner directed the following mode of distribution : (1) Instruction of poor blind persons in England and Wales, in suitable trades, handicrafts, and professions. (2) Instruction especially in the profession of music. (3) By providing pensions for poor and deserving blind persons incapable of earning a livelihood. (4) And generally in such other manner as the Committee shall from time to time think best. **Admission.**—By application, with full particulars of the case to the Secretary. **PENSIONS** are of the value of £20, £15, and £10 a year, paid quarterly in advance. No restriction as to age or religious opinions. Applicants must be resident in England or Wales, of good moral character, and not in receipt of parochial relief. **SCHOLARSHIPS** are of the value of £20 to £60 a year for those between 7 and 25 years of age, according to the exigencies of the case and the regulations of the college or school as to age and fee. **Management.**—By Committee of seven, meeting monthly. **Income** (see object). **Benefited** (1887).—Pensioners, 200 ; in other ways, 106. Grants made to 28 institutions, and 141 boys and girls assisted by scholarships. Bankers, Ransom, Bouverie, & Co. Secretary, H. J. Wilson, Esq.

SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF BLINDNESS, AND THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE PHYSIQUE OF THE BLIND (1880).

Object.—To prevent blindness, as far as possible, by removing ignorance regarding the hygiene of the eyes ; to improve the physique of the adult blind of both sexes ; to assist the physical education of blind children. The means employed are—the collection of information about the origin of blindness, and the means of preventing it in various injurious trades and occupations ; to remove the ignorance of mothers, teachers, and the working classes, by theoretical and practical instruction ; to train a few blind and seeing teachers in the elements of hygiene and physical education, and employ these in the centres where the blind congregate ; to give instruction in health, and the means of healthy exercise ; to induce principals of blind institutions to introduce elementary hygiene and free exercises as an obligatory part of the education. Advice, reports, and further information can be obtained from the Assistant Secretary, Miss Colson, 43 Twisden Road, Highgate Road, N.W. **Income** (1887).—From subscriptions and donations, £21. Practical lessons are given to adult blind. Papers printed to end of 1887, 144,000. Bankers, The National Bank, Oxford Street Branch, W. Hon. Secretary and Treasurer, Dr. Roth.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN BLIND ASSOCIATION FOR PROMOTING THE EDUCATION AND EMPLOYMENT OF THE BLIND (1868).

Object.—‘ After careful personal investigation to recommend those means of education for general adoption which appear to be best suited to the wants of the blind, and to diffuse this knowledge as widely as possible

. . . . to produce harmony among institutions for the blind by persuading them to adopt those methods of education and modes of employment which experience has proved to be the best.' It also forms a centre to which inventions can be referred. Books, maps, music, and appliances for the blind are produced by the Association, and may be obtained from the Hon. Secretary. **Management.**—By Executive Council, consisting of gentlemen, either blind or so nearly so that they have to use the finger instead of the eye for the purpose of reading. **Income** (1887-88).—Subscriptions and donations, £276; sale of maps, books, &c., and sundries, £836. Hon. Secretary and Treasurer, T. R. Armitage, Esq., M.D., 33 Cambridge Square, Hyde Park, W.

WORCESTER COLLEGE FOR BLIND SONS OF GENTLEMEN (1866), Powyke, Worcester.

Object.—To provide board, lodging, and instruction for blind boys of the better classes. **Admission.**—Application to be made to the head master. Pupils are received at as early an age as they can be sent from home. Juniors under 14 are charged £80; seniors £100 per annum. The latter are received up to 20 years of age, and, in very special circumstances, later. The education is reviewed yearly by an Educational Council, presided over by the Bishop of Worcester, as visitor. The course of study leads upwards from elementary education to complete preparation for the universities. Moon's, Roman, and Braille's types are employed. There are three terms, at the beginning of any of which pupils can enter, viz. September 13, January 15, and May 2. Total blindness is not necessary; all cases are admitted. Seeing boys are also received, and thus the isolation of the blind is prevented. There are in the College two scholarships of £20 each; one given by the Clothworkers' Company of 30 guineas; one of £30 given annually by Uppingham School; five given by the Gardner Trust (the total amount not to exceed £250); and one of £42 annually given by Miss Warrington. **Management.**—The head master and qualified staff. **Income** (endowed).—The interest of £2,300 employed in scholarships as above. **Pupils** (1887-8).—Blind, 14; seeing, 3. Head Master, Rev. S. S. Forster, M.A.

ROYAL NORMAL COLLEGE AND ACADEMY OF MUSIC FOR THE BLIND (1872), Westow Street, Upper Norwood, S.E.

Object.—The moral, physical, social, mental, and musical training of the blind. **Admission.**—Open, by payment, by subscriptions and donations, or scholarships, to either sex, who, after examination, show that they possess sufficient character, energy, and ability as to render it probable that they can be prepared for self-maintenance by a suitable course of training. Cost per pupil (if not aided by scholarship), preparatory school, £35; college proper, under 13 years of age, £50; over 13, £60 a year. For private pupils, by special arrangement. Board, lodging, washing, and medical attendance are included, but not clothing or travelling expenses. Scholarships have been established to aid poor deserving young blind persons in receiving a course of training at the College. **Management.**—By Council, which includes executive Committee and officers. **Income** (1888).—Pupils' payments, £8,400; contributions to general fund, £1,662; legacies, £1,730. **Pupils** (October, 1887).—162. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, Tritton, & Co. Hon. Treasurers, The Right Hon. Lord Stalbridge, The Right Hon. A. J. Mundella, M.P.; Hon. Sec., W. J. Armitage, Esq.; Principal, Francis J. Campbell, Esq., LL.D.

LONDON SOCIETY FOR TEACHING THE BLIND TO READ (1838), Upper Avenue Road, Swiss Cottage, N.W.

Object.—‘To instruct scholars in reading, and in other useful branches of education, and to assist similar schools within five miles of St. Paul’s. **Admission.**—By payment or election. Resident pupils admitted, if males, from 8 to 17, if females, from 8 to 20 years, on payment of £20 per annum, payable a term in advance, which sum may, in special cases, be increased, or decreased to £15. Music, £1. 8s. per term; in qualified cases only, 14s. per term. Pupils when absent pay half-rate. Free pupils admitted by election of donors of £5. 5s. or subscribers of 10s. 6d., or by presentation of donor of £250, who can always have one pupil in the school. Votes are carried forward to subsequent elections. Three months before election candidates must send in names for approval, with information, medical certificate of freedom from disease, which would interfere with benefit to be received, or require especial care, and guarantees for removal when required. Inmates may not remain, without special reasons, beyond the age of 21 if a male, or 24 if a female, nor more than nine years. Day pupils are admitted at any age not under 7, on recommendation of member. Each donation of £10. 10s. or subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to one recommendation annually. Payment, 10s. per term, reducible in cases of indigence or youth. Candidates should first apply for papers to Secretary. Pianoforte tuning is taught; fee, 6s. 8d. a term. **Management.**—By Committee, including *ex-officio* members, and House Committee of ladies, elected annually by members. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £818; invested funds, £533; inmates’ payments, £354; legacies, £848; industrial receipts, £296. **Inmates** (1888).—53. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank, Swiss Cottage Branch. Hon. Treasurer, C. T. D. Crews, Esq.; Hon. Chaplain, Rev. J. W. Bennett; Sec., Capt. Webber.

HOME FOR BLIND CHILDREN (1869), Goldsmith’s Place, Kilburn Priory, N.W. (formerly at Newtown, Worcester.)

Object.—‘To receive little needy ones, who are debarred from entering other institutions on account of age, and in some cases of partial sight.’ **Admission.**—When there is a vacancy, by payment of £8. 10s. per annum, quarterly, in advance. For clothing, if required, £4 extra per annum. Music, £2. Certificates of health, vaccination, and freedom from fits are required. Age, between 3 and 8. Five weeks’ holiday in summer. Inmates cane chairs, knit stockings, scarfs, &c., make soft balls, &c., for sale. Moon’s and Braille’s systems used. **Management.**—By Lady Superintendent. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £260; inmates’ payments, £298; industrial earnings, £9. **Inmates** (Jan. 1889).—31. Lady Superintendent and Treasurer, Miss Emma F. Newbery, 127 Portsdown Road, Maida Vale, W.

HAMPSHIRE AND ISLE OF WIGHT SCHOOL AND HOME FOR THE BLIND (1864), St. Edward’s Road, Southsea.

Object.—To provide maintenance, and ordinary, musical and industrial instruction for blind children of both sexes; also home-visitation, instruction in reading and writing, and employment for adult blind. **Admission.**—At discretion of Committee of gentlemen. Application must be made to Hon. Secretary. Pupils may be either day or resident scholars. Day scholars admitted gratuitously or on the same terms as in ordinary national schools. Applicants must be between the ages of 7 and

21 years, males; between 7 and 24 years, females. No inmates can remain at the Institution beyond these ages. Children belonging to Hampshire and the Isle of Wight received as resident pupils, between 8 and 12 years of age on payment of £10 a year, beyond that age £12 a year; from adjacent counties between 8 and 12 years of age on payment of £12, beyond that age £15 a year. Medical certificate required according to form. Total blindness is not necessary. Paupers are eligible. London cases are eligible. Inmates are received from all parts of the country. Clothes are not provided. Moon's type is used. Basket-work, mat, brush, stocking, &c. making, is taught. On leaving inmates may be employed as journeymen in adult shop. The average earnings of non-residents employed are 8s. per week. **Management.**—By Committee (ladies and gentlemen). **Income** (1882-83).—Charitable contributions, £239. 8s. 9d.; invested funds, £27. 2s. 6d.; industrial earnings, £440. 8s. 8d.; payments for inmates, £221. 16s.; concert, £3. 6s.; sundries, £8. 13s. 7d. **Inmates** (1886-87).—11 boys, 6 girls; non-residents as journeymen in workshop, 6. Bankers, Messrs. Grant, Gillman, & Long, Portsmouth; Glyn & Co., London. Hon. Treasurer, G. Long, Esq., J.P., Grand Parade, Portsmouth. Hon. Sec., General White, Merton Road, Southsea.

GENERAL INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND (1845), Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Object.—To provide board, lodging, education, and training for blind children of both sexes, and workshops for adult blind. **Admission.**—At discretion of Committee. Applicants must be between the age of 10 and 20, and recommended by a governor, i.e., subscriber of £1. 1s. annually, or a donor of £10. 10s. Guarantee for the payment of £2. 12s. 6d. a quarter, or such further sum as may be fixed by the Committee, or if applicants reside within 20 miles of Birmingham, £2. 2s. required. Two holidays in the year, when inmates return home to their friends. Inmates are taught basket-work, chair (cane) seating, mat and brush making, knitting, crochet, also music. Cases admitted from all parts of Great Britain. Also parish cases. Applicants must not have a useful sight. Braille's and Moon's system of reading are taught. Non-residents employed at above industries. Average earning of men 8s. 6d., women 5s. 6d. **Management.**—By a Committee, meeting monthly. **Income** (1887-88).—Industrial earnings, £1,978; charitable contributions, £677; invested funds, £846; payments for inmates, £783; Legacies, £902. **Inmates.**—77; out-door teachers and workmen employed, 22; (visiting 279 out-door blind). Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetta, & Co., Limited. Treasurer, Mr. Howard Lloyd. Hon. Secs., Mr. A. Keep and Mr. N. Thompson. Secretary, Mr. Geo. Burkinshaw.

THE BRIGHTON ASYLUM FOR THE INSTRUCTION OF THE BLIND (1842), Eastern Road, Brighton.

Object.—The religious and general instruction of the blind; including music, singing, wool and basket work. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec., on a form, furnished at request. Open to children over 8 of all classes and from all parts. Girls may remain till they are 21; boys till they are 18. Terms, £12 a year. Moon's and Braille's systems are both in use. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £311; invested funds, £132; industrial earnings, £20; inmates' payments, £615; offertories, legacy, &c., £411. **Inmates.**—Boys, 18; girls, 22. Bankers, Hall & Bevan. Hon. Sec., H. Hebbert,

Esq., 4 Clarendon Terrace; Treasurer, A. Warren, Esq., 16 Sussex Square, Brighton.

EAST LONDON HOME AND SCHOOL FOR BLIND CHILDREN (1874), Nelson House, College Avenue, Hackney, E.

Object.—To maintain and educate blind children of both sexes. **Admission.**—By application to lady superintendent. Age of admission 2 to 14 years. Admission free for destitute cases if funds permit, or on payment according to circumstances. Scale of payments £10, £13, and £15 a year. Inmates are educated and taught industrial occupations. Certificate of birth and medical certificate required. Children are taught music if they possess a talent for it. Children partially blind are admitted if unable to see to read. They remain, boys, until 14 years of age; girls, as long as friends are willing to pay for them. **Management.**—By lady superintendent, self-appointed. **Income** (1887-88).—Charitable contributions, £178; payments for children, £235; industrial earnings, £5. **Inmates.**—23. Lady Superintendent, Miss Rye.

HOME FOR BLIND CHILDREN (1874), 18 & 20 Miller Street, Toxteth Park, Liverpool.

Object.—To provide a home for little children until eligible for admission into ordinary blind schools. **Admission.**—By application to the Matron for a printed form of questions to be filled in and accompanied by a doctor's certificate. Payment, 5s. per week; but destitute children occasionally admitted at lower terms. The children attend classes at the Workshops for the Blind, Cornwallis Street, and are taught in the Home. **Management.**— . **Income.**—
Inmates.—10. Bankers, Commercial Banking Co. Treasurer, Miss Wainwright, 6 Peel Street, Toxteth Park. Matron, Miss Scott.

SCHOOL FOR THE INDIGENT BLIND (1799, incorporated 1826), St. George's Fields, Southwark, S.E.; Branch School, Wandsworth, S.W.

Object.—To maintain, and instruct in reading, writing, and arithmetic, as well as industrial work, blind persons of both sexes, between the ages of 8 and 20. **Admission.**—By election, after approbation by Committee. A form must be obtained from Secretary. Elections in January and July. Each donation of £10. 10s., or annual subscription of £1. 1s., confers as many votes (which may be accumulated) as there are vacancies. After each election two pupils may be admitted by the Committee from candidates unsuccessful at the four previous elections. Votes are carried forward to next election. Guarantees of removal at death, or when required, must be given. Persons are ineligible who can distinguish colours, or more than light from darkness; under 7 or above 20 years of age; deficient in intellect or physical power; not in good health; married; unable to wash and dress themselves; subject to fits, scrofula, hereditary disease, or any disorder prejudicial to other inmates. Persons may, by special order of Committee, be received up to 22 years of age. A workshop for adults has been established. Men earn from 10s. to 25s. a week. **Management.**—By Committee and officers. **Income** (1887).—£5,423. **Inmates.**—84 males; 57 females; and 46 in branch school; 13 annuitants, 27 adult workers. Total Number Benefited.—227; besides 4 outworkers. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Bosanquets. Treasurer, B. Bosanquet, Esq. Chaplain and Secretary, Rev. R. P. Stickland, M.A.

BRISTOL ASYLUM, OR SCHOOL OF INDUSTRY FOR THE BLIND (1793, incorporated 1832), Queen's Road, Clifton.

Object.—To provide instruction in ordinary branches of education, with music, for the blind, in a resident school, and also to teach the inmates trades, and to employ for trade purposes non-resident blind.

Admission.—By recommendation of a subscriber or life-governor, a guarantee being given for the regular payment of the charge for board half-yearly in advance. Males not under 9 or over 21; females from 9 to 25. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £237; dividends, £1,616; legacies, £292; outdoor workmen, former pupils, £14; board of pupils &c., £513; sale of goods, £1,080. **Inmates.**—42. Bankers, Stuckey & Co. Treasurer, J. Chetwood Aiken, Esq. Sec., Robert Blackmore, Esq.

INSTITUTION FOR BLIND, AND DEAF AND DUMB (1850), 8 and 9 Walcot Parade, Bath.

Object.—To provide instruction for blind, and deaf and dumb children of both sexes. **Admission.**—At discretion of the Committee. Applicants must be between the ages of—females, 6 and 13; males, 6 and 10 years. They must be healthy and capable of instruction. Day scholars free, boarders pay £12 per annum. Lucas's, Moon's, and Braille's systems used. Basket-work taught. They leave at the age of—boys, 12; girls, later according to circumstances; for provision on leaving, see Blind School Home, below. Total blindness is not necessary, if the sight is such as to render it necessary to employ the means of instruction used for the blind. Cases from London and from any locality are eligible. Paupers can be admitted on payment by Guardians. **Management.**—By Committee, meeting monthly. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £105; invested funds, £157; inmates' payments, £346; legacies, £220. **Inmates.**—Blind, 13; deaf and dumb, 13. Treasurer, Mrs. Eyre; Hon. Sec., Miss Elwin.

BLIND SCHOOL HOME (1857), 36 Bathwick Street, Bath.

Object.—To provide a home for blind females educated at the Bath Institution for Blind and Deaf and Dumb Children. **Admission.**—Applicants must be at least 17 years of age, and have five years' good character from the Committee of the school. Payment, £12 per annum. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £103; interest, £141; industrial earnings, £7; payments for inmates, £132; bazaar and collections, £93; legacies, £45. **Inmates.**—11. Bankers, Tugwell & Co., Bath. Treasurer, Mrs. Hawker; Hon. Sec., Miss Broke.

WEST OF ENGLAND INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND (1838), St. David's Hill, Exeter.

Object.—To provide maintenance, and ordinary musical and industrial instruction for blind children and adults. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Secretary. Applicants must be—males, between 8 and 18 years of age; females, any age. They must be healthy, and capable of learning. Payment, 4s. a week. Clothes are not provided. Lucas's system is used. Basket-work, matting, knitting, use of sewing machines, &c., are taught. Non-residents also are taught and employed. Average earnings, 4s. 6d. to 12s. 6d. per week. Inmates remain until provided for. Paupers are eligible. Unions subscribing not less than £2. 2s. a year may nominate one male and one female pupil at 3s. 6d. a

week each, and for an annual subscription of £5. 5s. may nominate two male and two female pupils at 3s. 6d. a week each. London cases are eligible if two subscribers can be found. Cases having partial sight are eligible. **Management.**—By Committee, meeting monthly. **Income** (1886-87).—Charitable contributions and collections, £433; invested funds and rents, £186; payments for pupils, £437; sales, £814; legacies £180. **Inmates.**—Males, 30; females, 14; daily pupils, 11. Bankers, Milford & Co., City Bank, Exeter. Treasurer, T. M. Snow, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Rev. F. A. Stewart-Savile; Sec., Mr. Wm. Townsend.

DEVONPORT AND WESTERN COUNTIES ASSOCIATION FOR THE BLIND (1860), St. Aubyn St., Devonport.

Object.—To provide maintenance and instruction in ordinary subjects and music for blind children and adults of both sexes; also to teach the blind trades. **Admission.**—At discretion of Committee. Application to be made to Hon. Secretary. Applicants must be healthy and capable of learning, and furnish guarantee for payment of from 3s. 6d. to 5s. a week. **Inmates** are received between the ages of 10 and 30; they remain until able to provide for themselves. Moon's type used. Non-residents are employed. Average earnings about 5s. per week. Paupers are eligible on payment, but clothes are not provided. Total blindness is not necessary. London cases are admissible. **Management.**—By Committee, meeting monthly. Blind teachers are employed. **Income** (1887-88).—Charitable contributions, £186; invested funds and rent, £56; inmates' payments, £211; sale of goods, £216. **Inmates.**—Male, 10; female, 12. Bankers, Devonport Savings Bank. Treasurer, Wm. Peek, Esq., J.P., Stoke, Devonport. Hon. Sec., Rev. R. Mildren.

SOUTH DEVON AND CORNWALL INSTITUTION FOR THE INSTRUCTION AND EMPLOYMENT OF THE BLIND (1860), North Hill, Plymouth.

Object.—To provide maintenance and ordinary, musical, and industrial instruction for blind children and adults of both sexes; also employment for non-resident blind. **Admission.**—At discretion of the managing Committee. Applicants must be at least 8 years of age, healthy and capable of working. Total blindness is not absolutely necessary; a discretion is vested in medical officers. Paupers are eligible. The Committee consider it desirable to confine the benefits of the Institution within the two counties as much as possible. Lucas's type is used as well as Moon's. Payment, children and females, 3s. to 4s. a week; males, 3s. to 5s. a week, including everything except clothes. **Inmates** are elected for a given period, at the end of which they are re-eligible, at the discretion of the Committee. Blind teachers are employed. **Management.**—By Committee, meeting monthly. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £384; invested funds, £75; inmates' payments, £300; industrial earnings, £1,036 (of which £383 paid to blind as wages); legacies, £1,250. **Inmates.**—43; non-residents, 13. Bankers, Devon and Cornwall Banking Co. Treasurer, T. G. Wills, Esq.; Hon. Sec., J. W. Matthews, Esq.

MIDLAND INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND (1843), Clarendon Street, Nottingham.

Object.—To provide maintenance and ordinary, musical, and industrial instruction for blind children of both sexes; also employment for adult blind. **Admission.**—By recommendation of Governor. Each subscription of £1. 1s., or donation of £10. 10s., entitles to recommendations. Candidates must be 7 years of age (adult persons are not admitted), able

to feed and dress themselves, healthy, and capable of learning. Total blindness is not necessary. Paupers are eligible. London cases are eligible; but the institution is really for the counties of Nottingham, Lincoln, Derby, Leicester, and Rutland, and these have the preference. Braille's type is chiefly used. Minimum payment, 4s. 6d. per week, including board, lodging, medical attendance, &c., but not clothes. The time inmates remain depends upon circumstances, or until they are able to earn a living. Non-residents are also employed, recommendation for whom is required. Earnings average 3s. 6d. to 20s. a week. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by Annual Meeting and meeting monthly. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £563; invested funds, £303; payments by inmates, £810; legacies, £289; trade sales, £2,002. **Inmates.**—54; non-residents, 33. Bankers, Smith & Co. Treasurer, John Manning, Esq.; Sec., H. W. P. Pine, Esq.

SCHOOL FOR THE INDIGENT BLIND (1791, incorporated 1829), Hardman Street, Liverpool.

Object.—To provide maintenance and education, together with musical and industrial instruction, for the blind of both sexes. **Admission.**—The Committee, at their discretion, elect the candidates for admission; forms of application supplied at the School. Applicants must not be under 10 or over 45 years of age; they must also be healthy and capable of learning. Payment for maintenance is made half-yearly, in advance, at the rate of 4s. 6d. per week. The cost of the clothing is provided by the friends of the pupil. Pupils are received from London and all parts of the kingdom. Those paid for by guardians of the poor are eligible. The absence of all useful vision is regarded as blindness. Pupils may remain six years. Braille's and Moon's systems are used. Clothing of uniform colour and material is supplied at pupil's expense. **Management.**—By the Committee, meeting monthly. **Income** (1887).—Legacies, donations, subscriptions, collections, &c., £1,945; invested funds, £560; payments for pupils, £1,018; goods sold, £600. **Inmates.**—90. Bankers, Union Bank of Liverpool. Treasurer, Mr. Alfred Culshaw; Superintendent, Capt. Christie-Pearson.

CATHOLIC BLIND ASYLUM (1841), 59 Brunswick Road, Liverpool.

Object.—'To afford to the Catholic blind an elementary education and instruction in those branches of industry which shall be found suitable to each pupil's capacity.' **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Secretary, and at the discretion of the Committee. Paupers are eligible from London or elsewhere. Total blindness is necessary (unless in exceptional cases). Testimonial of good moral character, medical certificate of health, and register of baptism required. Persons subject to fits are not admissible. Outfit must be provided according to list. Payment 4s. 6d. a week, and £3 per annum for clothes. **Management.**—By Committee, meeting monthly. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £543; invested funds, £50; payments for pupils, £792; sale of work, £974. **Inmates.**—87. Bankers, Union Bank of Liverpool. Treasurer, Joseph M. Browne, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Francis L. Lightbound, Esq.; Superioress, Sister Maxwell.

HENSHAW'S BLIND ASYLUM (1839), Old Trafford, Manchester; Office, 146 Deansgate; Out-door Workshops, Deansgate (*see* p. 45).

Object.—'To afford an asylum for the impotent and aged blind, and to maintain and afford such instruction to the indigent blind of both

sexes capable of employment as will enable them to provide either wholly or in part for their own subsistence, and to promote the employment of, or to employ, blind persons.' **Admission.**—By election of subscribers in February, May, August and November. Annual subscribers of £2. 2s. or donors of £21 have one vote for every candidate. Subscribers desiring to apply for the admission of a blind person should apply to the Secretary for forms. No child admitted under 9 years of age. Every male candidate is elected for the limited period of 7 years; those admitted under 14 years, until they have completed their 21st year, 'reserving to the Board of Governors power to extend that period for any special reason assigned.' Cases are received from parishes and unions. The charge for maintenance is determined by the Board of Management according to the circumstances of the applicant, and a satisfactory guarantee for regular payment is required previous to admission. Clothing is not provided by the Institution, but must be furnished according to a specified list. **Management.**—By Board of Governors; 16 members elected annually at General Meeting as a Board of Management. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £260; invested funds, £2,527; inmates' payments, £1,976. **Inmates.**—166. Bankers and Treasurers, Lancashire & Yorkshire Bank, Limited. Sec., Mr. J. Wilkin Rattray.

UNITED INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND AND THE DEAF AND DUMB (founded for the Blind, 1866, united with Deaf and Dumb, 1876), Albion St., Leeds.

Object.—To maintain workshops, and provide industrial training for the blind of both sexes; to visit the blind in their homes, instruct them in the Scriptures, teach them to read and relieve their temporal necessities; to maintain a school for blind children (inmates and day scholars), and to teach them domestic habits; to visit the deaf and dumb, to encourage their secular and religious education; to assist them in finding employment; to maintain rooms for reading and religious services (for the inmates). **Admission.**—At discretion of Committee. Application to be made to manager. Paupers eligible. Total blindness not absolutely necessary. No payment for adults or learners at workshops. Payment for board, lodging, washing, and instruction of children in the school, 3s. 6d. a week. Age of admission, 5 to 15 years. For day pupils, 3d. a week for instruction, 1d. a day for dinner. The children remain at the school until able to learn some industrial employment. The adult workers remain during good behaviour, and whilst there is employment. Braille's and Moon's types used. Earnings average from 2s. to 10s. females; 4s. 6d. to 16s. males. **Management.**—By Committee, meeting monthly. **Income** (1887-88).—Charitable contributions, £710; inmates' payments, £165; other sources, £10. **Workers.**—37; inmates of School, 21; visited, 155; deaf and dumb visited, 427. Bankers, Williams, Brown, & Co. Treasurer, H. Oxley. Hon. Sec., William Harvey, Esq.

SHEFFIELD INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND, Manchester Road, Broomhill, Sheffield. (For the Blind Manufactory, West Street, Sheffield, see p. 44.)

Object.—The maintenance, education, and industrial training of the blind of both sexes. **Admission.**—By payment of friends or union, averaging about £9 per annum. Inmates are received from about 7 years of age. Braille's and Moon's systems are used. Pupils are taught singing and the ordinary subjects. A gymnasium is attached. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Pupils' fees, £491; 'On account of income in respect of the bequest of the late Daniel Holy, Esq.,' £847;

amount received for chair-caning, &c., £24; collections at meetings, donation box, &c., £37. **Inmates** (December 1887).—Males, 21; females, 29. Bankers, Sheffield Banking Company, Limited. Treasurer, Mr. A. R. Ellin; Superintendent, Mr. Wm. Wood, at the Institution.

YORKSHIRE SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND (1833), York.

Object.—To provide maintenance, and ordinary, musical, and industrial instruction for blind children of both sexes; also workshops and employment for blind adults of both sexes. **Admission.**—By election. Certificates are required of amount of sight, and physical and mental condition, and recommendations from subscribers or donors. Blank forms may be obtained of the Superintendent. Candidates must not have more sight than suffices to distinguish light from darkness. Candidates must be between 10 and 16 years of age, healthy, and capable of learning. London cases are eligible. Paupers are also eligible. Payment, £12 per annum, including clothes. Inmates remain seven years. Braille's, Moon's, and Roman type are used. Non-residents also are instructed and employed. Earnings average 12s. to 14s. a week. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by the Governors, and meeting monthly (2nd Friday, at 11.15 a.m.). **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £536; legacies, £468; invested funds, £1,350; payments by inmates, £615; industrial earnings, £2,829 (gross); concerts and sundries, £126. **Inmates.**—61. Bankers, the York Union Banking Company. Hon. Sec., F. J. Munby, Esq.

ROYAL VICTORIA ASYLUM FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS BLIND (1838), 79 Northumberland Street, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

Object.—To provide maintenance and ordinary, musical, and industrial instruction for the blind of both sexes. **Admission.**—At discretion of Governors. Applicants must be between the ages of 8 and 16 years. Preference is given to inhabitants of the four northern counties and the town of Berwick-upon-Tweed, but others are admitted. Payment, £10. 10s. yearly, paid quarterly in advance, including board and education. Clothing is provided after the first year. Paupers are eligible. Total blindness is not necessary. Braille's and Moon's types are used. Inmates remain 5 or 7 years, after which the institution does not provide for them. Non-resident workpeople are also taught free and employed. Their earnings average about 12s. a week. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by Governors, and meeting monthly. Blind teachers are employed. **Income** (1887-88).—Subscriptions and donations, £158; invested funds, £470; payments for pupils, £416; legacies, £100; articles sold, £182. **Inmates.**—44. Bankers and Treasurers, Lambton & Co. Sec., Mr. R. Welford.

NORTHERN COUNTIES INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND (1868), Inverness; Industrial Department, 81 Castle Street; Industrial Home, Hill Terrace.

Object.—'To teach the blind of the Northern Counties of Scotland to read; to use suitable means for training the blind in such industries as may promote their self-support, and for providing those requiring it with regular employment.' **Admission.**—Pupils are received into the Home between 8 and 16 years of age on payment of such sum as may be agreed upon. They are educated and taught. Young women also admitted if there is room. Application should be made to the Hon. Sec. for form;

the form has to be filled up, and moral character certified by a clergyman of his or her parish. Applicants must be free from fits and other disorders, and generally healthy. Workers not residing in the Home are taught gratis, and after three months' instruction, on vacancies occurring, they receive a portion of wages in cash, the remainder being applied to the expenses of board and lodging and clothing. Application must be made to the Superintendent. **Management.**—By Committee elected yearly at annual meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £367; payments for inmates and workers, £321; sales, £834. **Inmates.**—Of the Home, 12; visited, 424. Hon. Treasurer, Captain Wimberley; Hon. Sec., Hugh Rose, Esq.; Superintendent, Mr. M. G. Mackenzie.

ROYAL BLIND ASYLUM AND SCHOOL (1793), Edinburgh.

Workshops, 58 Nicolson Street; Schools, West Craig Millar; Factory, Abbey Hill; Boarding House for Young Men, 1A Hill Place.

Object.—(a) To provide maintenance and instruction in ordinary subjects, higher education, and musical training for blind children of both sexes and industries for blind adult females. (b) To provide ordinary musical and industrial instruction for the blind, and find employment for them. **Admission.**—(a) Application must be made to the Secretaries. Juvenile applicants must be between 4 and 14 years of age. Adult females under 30. Paupers are eligible on their parishes agreeing to pay board, &c. Total blindness is not necessary. London cases are admissible. Payment, £10 to £20 per annum, including clothing. Day scholars are received on payment of a proportionate board. Braille's, Moon's, Lucas's, and Roman type used. When inmates attain the age of 16 they are removed to the Industrial Departments. (b) At discretion of the Directors. Application must be made to the Board. Applicants must be healthy and capable of work. Total blindness is not necessary. Inmates remain for life. Clothing is provided. Some inmates are admitted free, and all are allowed to earn what they are able towards their expenses. Non-residents are paid their earnings. Average earnings per week: females, 1s. 6d. to 10s.; males, 10s. to 42s. **Management.**—By Board of 24 Directors appointed annually by subscribers of 10s. 6d. per annum, and Finance, House, and Education Committees. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions and legacies, £8,463; sales, £17,460; sales and work (West Craig Millar), £140. **Inmates.**—(West Craig Millar), 28 adult females, 17 girls, 22 boys; workers (Nicolson Street), 150 males, and 22 females. Bankers, National Bank of Scotland, Limited. Treasurers and Secretaries, Messrs. Carter, 5 St. Andrew Square, Edinburgh; Manager, Mr. William Martin.

ASYLUM FOR THE BLIND (Founded 1806, Incorporated 1825), 100 Castle Street, Glasgow.

Object.—To provide instruction in ordinary branches of education, for adult blind men and women, and instruction in trades for resident and non-resident pupils; supplementing their earnings, and aiding them in sickness and old age. **Admission.**—Age of admission 8 to 14 years. Payment, £12. 12s. a year. Total blindness not necessary. **Management.**—By Board of Managers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,129; invested funds, £462; inmates' payments, £400; legacies and donations, £2,084; sales (gross), £15,303. **Benefited.**—Resident, 42; non-resident, 129. Bankers, National Bank of Scotland. Secretary and Treasurer, John Tasker, Esq.; Superintendent, Mr. Thomas Stoddart.

ASYLUM FOR THE BLIND (1812), Huntly Street, Aberdeen.

Object.—To provide education, &c., and find maintenance for blind children. Also to teach trades to the blind, and to provide them with employment. **Admission.**—At discretion of the Managers. Candidates must be at least 6 years of age. They may remain till 16. Preference given to those who have been born, or have resided for three years, in Aberdeenshire, Banffshire, or Kincardineshire; and must be indigent, healthy, and of good character. Moon's and Braille's systems of reading are used. Inmates pay £10 a year. Admission to industrial department without charge, but for the first three months no wages are paid; thereafter wages in proportion to earnings, with supplemental aid. Total blindness is not necessary, and paupers are eligible. **Management.**—By Committee, which meets monthly. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions and legacies, £598; invested funds, £200; other sources, £200. **Inmates.**—12; non-residents employed, 50. Secretaries and Treasurers, Davidson & Garden, Advocates, 245 Union Street, Aberdeen.

ST. MARY'S CATHOLIC ASYLUM FOR INDUSTRIOUS BLIND FEMALES (1863), Merrion, near Dublin.

Object.—To provide instruction for Roman Catholic blind females in ordinary branches of education, with music.

THE ULSTER SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING THE EDUCATION OF THE DEAF AND DUMB, AND THE BLIND (1831), Belfast.

Object.—To provide deaf and dumb and blind children of both sexes with a religious and secular education, and teach them trades. **Admission.**—By Committee. Candidates admitted between the ages of 8 and 13, but the Committee in special cases admit younger or older pupils. Average cost of each pupil, including board, washing, clothing, and education, is about £20 per annum. There are no pupils whose parents pay the full expenses, and not over an eighth of the parents pay anything. Blind inmates are taught mat-making, and in some cases instrumental music. Moon's and Alston's type used. Deaf and dumb inmates are assisted in getting trades in the neighbourhood of their homes. They remain six or seven years. Private pupils are admissible on payment, as may be arranged. Instruction is given in the Protestant religion. Paupers are eligible. Total blindness is not necessary. **Management.**—By Committee, meeting monthly. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,235; invested funds, bequests, &c., £2,027; industrial earnings, £13. **Inmates.**—Blind, 20; deaf and dumb, 91. Treasurer, Thomas Montgomery, Esq., Northern Bank Belfast. Hon. Secs., Sir C. Lanyon and A. D. Lemon, Esq. Principal, Rev. John Kinghan.

ASYLUM FOR THE BLIND (1840), Infirmary Road, South Terrace, Cork.

Object.—To provide maintenance and instruction in the ordinary subjects, music, and trades, for blind children. **Admission.**—At discretion of the Committee. Age of admission 10 to 30 years. Candidates must be healthy and capable of learning. Moon's and Braille's type used. Payment, in all but a limited number of cases, £14 a year, including clothes. Inmates rarely leave. Should they do so a small amount is sometimes given to help. The Institution is unsectarian. Total blindness is not necessary. No proper cases are refused. Pupils are received from workhouses at the ordinary payment. **Management.**—By Committee, meeting weekly. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions,

£398; invested funds, £1,194; payments for inmates from unions, £1,125; profit on industrial work, £142. **Inmates.**—84. Bankers and Treasurers, Provincial Bank, Cork. Hon. Sec., Francis W. Allman, Esq.

MACAN ASYLUM FOR THE BLIND (1854), Armagh.

Object.—‘For poor blind men of the county of Armagh in the first instance, for support and instruction in basket-work, to qualify them to earn a livelihood should they wish to leave the asylum.’ **Admission.**—By application to the Governors on a printed form, which has to be signed by a magistrate, the parish minister, and the churchwardens; and by a medical man, as to health and freedom from fits. No limit as to age, but young men are preferred. Inmates are supported and clothed, and are kept for life if desirous to remain. **Management.**—By Governors appointed by the will of the founder, viz.—three elected by the Episcopalians, Roman Catholics, and Presbyterians, three *ex-officio* members, and five trustees. **Income.**—Private endowment, about £600. **Inmates** (1887).—16. Bankers and Treasurers, Provincial Bank of Ireland, Armagh. Sec., Thomas Smith, Esq., Victoria Street, Armagh.

EDUCATION AND EMPLOYMENT FOR NON-RESIDENTS.*

KENSINGTON INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND (1881), 19 Ball Street, Kensington, W.

Object.—‘To establish workshops and to open classes for the blind.’ **Admission.**—By the Working Committee, on application to the Hon. Sec. Applicants must be totally blind. There is at present no accommodation for female workers; blind women do chair-caning at their own homes. No rules as to age. Workers receive wages for work done, and small compassionate allowances. No classes for instruction have yet been opened, for want of funds. **Management.**—By a Working Committee of 14 and a Shop Committee of 5 appointed by the General Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £229; industrial earnings (gross), £571. **Benefited**—13. Bankers, National Bank, Notting Hill. Treasurer, Mrs. Woods, 30 Phillimore Gardens, W. Hon. Sec., Miss Gladstone, 17 Bembridge Square W. Manager, Mr. Henry Smith, 19 Ball Street.

ASSOCIATION FOR PROMOTING THE WELFARE OF THE BLIND (1856), 28 Berners Street, W.

Object.—‘To teach trades and give employment to the blind, and pension them when no longer able to work. To keep a circulating library in various systems of relief print for the indigent blind, free of charge.’ **Admission.**—By election, selection of Committee and nomination of founders, half elected by subscribers, donors, and customers, one-fourth by Committee, one-fourth by founders. Pupils thus admitted have no payment to make. The Committee, between elections, may give temporary employment to blind work-people, and admit pupils on payment of 6s. for basket and 4s. for brush-making, &c., which payment is gradually lessened as a trade is learned. All the blind find their own board and lodging. **Management.**—By Committee, consisting of trustees,

* Some of the Homes enumerated in the previous section also make provision for receiving non-resident workers.

and fifteen members nominated at the Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions, donations, and legacies, £2,030; invested funds, £451; payments for pupils, £54; goods sold and discount on purchases, £6,601. **Assisted**.—88. Paid to workers, £1,710; to pensioners, &c., £522. Bankers, Messrs. Williams, Deacon, & Co., and Sir S. Scott & Co. Treas., W. S. Deacon, Esq., 20 Birchin Lane, E.C. Sec., Col. H. Lewis.

LONDON SCHOOL BOARD CLASSES FOR THE BLIND.

(See also Introduction.)

Object.—The child attends a school near its residence for ordinary work, and goes to one of the centres for special instruction. The only fee is that of the school where the child is registered. The fee may be taken to range from 1d. to 6d. Number on books (March 24, 1888), 132. **Admission**.—No 'printed instructions' are needed. When a blind child is found by a visitor, the parents are desired to send it to the most convenient Board school, and notification is given to provide instruction. If there is reluctance or objection, no pains are spared to meet and remove it. Braille's type is learned by all; and usually Moon's also, as enabling the blind child to be sooner prepared to read with the class of sighted children to which it belongs. There are no 'homes' for blind children in connection with the School Board classes. Miss Greene, Royal Normal College for the Blind, Upper Norwood, S.E., is the Superintendent of the Instruction of the Blind. Her duties are to arrange for the attendance and to superintend the instruction of the children. As the arrangements for instruction at the various centres are continually varying, it has been thought best to omit the detailed list given in former editions of the *Register*. Miss Greene will at all times furnish any information required.

SOMERS TOWN BLIND AID SOCIETY (1864), formerly Somers Town Blind Class.

Object.—To aid the temporal and spiritual welfare of the poor blind of London, by—(1) providing recreation for the blind, in the form of music, lectures, reading, &c., on one evening in each week; (2) sending lady visitors to read to the blind, &c., weekly, in their own homes; (3) giving pensions of 1s. to 8s. a week, medical advice, and medicine, and other help to the blind in times of want, sickness, or distress; sending ailing blind for short periods to the country or seaside; and strengthening and supplementing all efforts at self-help. **Admission**.—The Society's class for recreation meets every Thursday evening at 7 o'clock, in the Aldenham Board School, Hamden Street, Somers Town. Members are admitted as funds and space allow, on application to the hon. conductor, Mr. Ireland. The membership is at present limited to 175. The Society is unsectarian, blindness, poverty, and good character being the only required qualifications for membership. Each member, with 25 honorary members, is allowed 3d. weekly, for payment of guide to and from the class. Money is given on the death of a member, or a member's wife or child, to help to defray funeral expenses. Medicine is provided free of cost to all sick members who seek the advice of the hon. physician. All surplus funds are applied, by permission of Committee, at the discretion of hon. secretary and hon. conductor, for the benefit of needy members, by way of loans or gifts, to enable the blind to start in business, to send them for short periods into the country, or in providing them with food, clothing, bedding, materials for work, &c. A winter tea meeting, a summer excursion, and other

treats are provided each year for all members and their guides. Brush-work, basket-work, and knitting are done by the members to order. **Management.**—By Committee and office bearers. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, and proceeds of entertainments, £820; Jubilee Fund, £469; grant from Gardner's Trust, £60. **Recipients.**—Pensioners, 49; sent to the seaside, 27 blind and 14 guides. Blind visited weekly, 115; receiving medical advice, 71. Number receiving guide money, clothing, &c., 200. Numerous loans together with other monetary assistance given, and a quantity of articles in kind. Bankers, London and South Western Bank, Camden Town. Treasurer, S. R. Starey, Esq., 53 Hilldrop Road, N.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Jessie Hepburn Starey, 53 Hilldrop Road, N.

INDIGENT BLIND VISITING SOCIETY (1834), 27 Red Lion Square, W.C.

Object.—To provide house-to-house visitation by blind visitors. **Admission.**—By recommendation of subscriber. Each donation of £10. 10s., or annual subscription of £1. 1s., entitles to have one case on Society's books, the validity of which ceases with the cessation of the subscription. Relief is distributed by the visitors at discretion of the Committee, in the form of money, bread, groceries, clothing, and coals. There is also a Samaritan fund, to give exceptional help in cases of sickness, or temporary distress, and, when possible, to put the blind in the way of earning their own living by grants for stock, tools, &c. Education is given at the Lecture Hall, Eagle Street, Red Lion Square, on Tuesday, from 10 a.m. to 12.30 p.m.; Friday, from 1 to 4 p.m., for males; Monday and Thursday, from 1 to 4 p.m., for females. St. Philip's Institute, Stepney: Tuesday and Thursday, 10 a.m. to 12.30 p.m., for males; Tuesday and Wednesday for females; and at Stepney Meeting House, Thursday, 2 to 4.30 p.m., for female work. 15 New Cut, Lambeth: Wednesday, 10 a.m. to 12 noon, for males; 2 to 4 p.m. for females. Trinity Church Schoolroom, Cleveland Street: Bible class, Sunday, 3.30 to 5 p.m. Each blind person attending a class, or going on Sunday to place of worship, receives 3d. to pay for a guide. The Braille method of point reading and writing is used for the young and intelligent; Moon's system for others. Blind persons 'indulging in habitual vice,' or who, except under special circumstances, have married blind, are ineligible. **Management.**—By Committee and officers elected annually by subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £4,644; invested funds, £416; Samaritan Fund, £1,269. **Cases under visitation.**—811. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, S. G. Sheppard, Esq.; Sec., Mr. W. C. Lester.

HOME TEACHING SOCIETY FOR THE BLIND (Moon's Type) (1855), 31 New Bridge Street, Blackfriars, E.C.

Object.—'Supplying home teachers and books in Moon's type, to enable the blind to read the Scriptures and other suitable books.' Blind teachers and others are employed to visit from house to house. There are 54 branches in the provinces, which, together with the Central Society in London, employ about 80 paid teachers and 18 voluntary agents. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £1,118; invested funds, £127; legacies, £240; grant from Gardner Trustees, £210; from Clothworkers' Company, £50. **Number instructed in London.**—2,265. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, R. C. L. Bevan, Esq.; Hon. Sec., C. Comyn, Esq., 4 Whitehall Place, S.W.; Sec., Ralph Tait.

SOUTH LONDON ASSOCIATION FOR ASSISTING THE BLIND (1863).

Object.—To improve the social and religious condition of the indigent blind, principally those living in the South of London, and to assist them as their necessities may require. **Admission.**—By recommendation of subscriber of at least 10s. 6d., and approbation of Committee. Cases approved are admitted in rotation. Reading classes (in embossed type) are held on Monday at 6 p.m., at the Clayton Memorial Schools, York Street, Walworth Road, and at 7 p.m., chiefly on Thursdays, at the Industrial School, Chapel Street, Brixton Road. Classes for teaching plain and fancy needlework to blind girls and women are also held. Members are paid 3d. for each attendance, as guide money, whether a guide is brought or not. A portion of the evening is devoted to reading aloud by friends, and refreshments are often provided. Books in embossed type are lent. Classes for teaching music are held under leadership of blind conductor. Loans, varying in amount, and in some cases with a surety, from 10s. to £3, to assist purchase of material, or in cases of pressing need, are made on borrower's note of hand, without interest, to be repaid by weekly instalments. Employment, whenever possible, is found for members. The members are visited, and the sick and special cases of distress are relieved as far as funds allow. **Management.**—By Committee, with power to add to its number, assisted by Ladies' Committee. **Income** (1888-9).—Charitable contributions, £263; invested funds, £39; other sources, £299. **Number assisted.**—110. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, Lambeth. Treasurer, Charles Dewen Millett, Esq., London and Westminster Bank (Lambeth branch), Westminster Bridge Road, S.E.; Hon. Sec. and Solicitor, Mr. J. T. Edmonds, Carlton Villa, 155 Brixton Road, S.W.

SURREY ASSOCIATION FOR THE GENERAL WELFARE OF THE BLIND (1857), 3 Pelican Buildings, Peckham Road, S.E.

Object.—'To give remunerative employment to the blind, and to promote their general welfare.' **Admission.**—By application to the hon. superintendent, who is generally in attendance on Wednesday evenings to see applicants. Want, and willingness to work, are their chief recommendations. Trades are taught, and the blind are, when necessary, visited at home. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by subscribers. **Income** (1888-9).—Subscriptions, donations, and collections, £499; gifts from Gardner's Trust, £50; ball, £8; sale of work, £1,454. **Benefited.**—51. Bankers, London and South Western Bank, Peckham. Hon. Treasurer, W. N. Cheesman, Esq.; Hon. Sec., J. E. Sutton, Esq., at the Institution.

WORKSHOP FOR THE BLIND OF KENT (1877), 1 South Street, Greenwich, S.E.

Object.—'Teaching and employing men between 15 and 40 years of age in making ship-fenders and baskets, and caning chairs, &c.' **Admission.**—By payment of 5s. a week for teaching. The Committee, however, pay 3s. a week as wages, from the first, for six months, to such as possess ordinary ability and energy, and afterwards the wages earned by piecework, usually above 8s. after 12 months' teaching. Cost of board and lodgings near the workshop is about 13s. a week, and must be provided by friends or guardians as out-door relief. All are eligible who cannot support themselves without being taught. There is a small loan

fund for the assistance of *employés* during sickness, &c. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—From guardians of the poor and Gardner's Trust for teaching, £77; subscriptions and donations, £268; interest, £8; legacy, £20. Bankers, London and County Bank, Greenwich. Hon. Treasurer, Mr. W. Fox Batley, 12 Vanbrugh Park Blackheath, S.E.; Hon. Sec., Major-General A. S. Moberly.

HASTINGS ASSOCIATION FOR THE WELFARE OF THE BLIND.

Object.—To contribute to the wages of certain specified blind workmen, formerly employed at Nelson's Buildings, High Street, Hastings, now at Barking, Essex, and to grant relief to aged or infirm blind people, long resident in the town (Hastings) and neighbourhood. **Management.**—By a Committee, meeting quarterly. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £51; interest, £6. Treasurer, Rev. H. B. Foyster; Hon. Sec., Miss Marsh, 47 Magdalen Road, St. Leonards-on-Sea.

MOON'S SOCIETY (1847), 104 Queen's Road, Brighton.

Object.—'For embossing and circulating the Holy Scriptures and other useful books, &c., in Dr. Moon's type for the blind.' (Adapted to 350 languages and dialects.) 'No profit is derived from the sale of the publications.' **Management.**—By Dr. Moon (property vested in five trustees). **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions and sale of publications, £1,499. Bankers, Messrs. Hall, Bevan, West, & Hall, Union Bank, Brighton. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., William Moon, Esq., LL.D.

HOME TEACHING SOCIETY FOR THE BLIND FOR COLCHESTER AND 14 MILES ROUND (1876).

Object.—To provide a visitor to teach the blind at their own homes, and to read the Bible to those who are unable to learn. **Management.**—By a Committee of ladies. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £43; Gardner Trustees, £10. **Persons benefited.**—72. Bankers, Mills, Bawtree, and Co. Treasurer, Mrs. Benham. Hon. Sec., Mrs. E. J. Saunders, Colchester.

IPSWICH AND SUFFOLK INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND (1868), Ipswich.

Object.—To provide relief and additional comfort for the blind of Suffolk and enable them to obtain their own living. **Admission.**—The Committee find employment for those capable of working at any suitable trade and 'appoint a visitor to visit them at their own homes and teach them to read the raised type. No money relief is given, but the Committee afford assistance by payment of rent or otherwise, according to circumstances. Public mendicants are not relieved. Two cases a year are sent to the Norwich Institution for instruction. **Management.**—By Committee of ten, elected annually at General Meeting. **Income** (1886).—Charitable contributions and fête, £56; interest, £14. 11s.; legacy, £10. Treasurer, W. Alexander, Esq.; Hon. Sec., W. Locke, Esq.

OXFORD ASSOCIATION FOR THE HOME TEACHING OF THE BLIND (1877).

Object.—To teach blind persons in Oxford and the neighbourhood to read, and to lend books, music, &c., to such persons. Although the association was established solely for teaching, the wants of the persons visited become known, and are frequently relieved through its agency. **Management.**—By a Committee of ladies. **Income** (1887).—£18. Treasurer, Rev. F. W. Spurling, 37 Norham Road.

CAMBRIDGE HOME TEACHING SOCIETY FOR THE BLIND (1876), 4 Scroope Terrace, Cambridge.

Object.—As in title. Moon's type used. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Steele.

HOME TEACHING AND INDUSTRIAL SOCIETY FOR THE BLIND (1858), 47 Winchcomb Street, Cheltenham.

Object.—To provide blind persons of both sexes with workshops and employment, home visitation, and instruction in reading, writing, music, and trades. **Admission.**—At discretion of the Committee. Applicants must be capable of learning. Moon's type is used. Basket-work, chair-work, mat-making, knitting, crochet, and plain work are taught. Those employed remain during good behaviour. No payment required. The earnings are—men, from 7s. to 23s. a week; women, from 1s. 6d. to 5s. Cases are received from any part. Applicants, if not totally blind, must be unable to earn their living in an ordinary way. Paupers are eligible. Blind teachers are employed. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—£520. **Benefited.**—About 24. Treasurer, T. Sutherland Phillips, Esq. Hon. Sec., Rev. M. A. Smelt, Heath Lodge, Cheltenham.

BRISTOL AND CLIFTON ASSOCIATION FOR HOME TEACHING OF THE BLIND, AND FOR THE INDUSTRIAL EMPLOYMENT OF BLIND WOMEN AND GIRLS (1859), 65 Park Street, Bristol.

Object.—Specified in title. **Admission.**—The blind are visited in their own homes and taught to read books in Moon's type, of which there is 'a large lending library belonging to the Institution,' women and girls are taught knitting and chair-caning, and paid weekly according to their work. Residents in Clifton and Bristol are taught free; others pay £5 for the first and £3 for the second year. **Management.**—By Committee of eleven ladies. **Income** (1887).—(Blind Teaching Society) from charitable contributions and interest, £292; (Industrial Institution) sale of work, £461; donations, £1. 5s.; Gardner's Trust, £80; invested funds, £27. **Visited.**—About 200. **Employed.**—24. Hon. Treasurers (for Home Teaching), Mrs. H. R. Fergus, 6 Upper Belgrave Road, Clifton; (for Industrial Branch), Miss M. Grace, 16 Redland Park, Bristol; Hon. Sec., Mrs. J. F. Perry, 3 Downside Road, Clifton.

HOME TEACHING SOCIETY FOR THE BLIND (1872), 75 High Street, Barnstaple.

Object.—The same as that of the Central Society (see p. 39), of which this is a branch for Barnstaple and 12 miles round. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £21. **Persons visited.**—70. Treas., E. B. Desborough, Esq.; Hon. Sec., J. Partridge.

ITINERANT BLIND TEACHERS' SOCIETY FOR CORNWALL (1851).

Object.—(a) To employ teachers (themselves blind) to teach blind persons in their own homes; (b) to supply books for the blind at reduced prices, and materials for basket-making at cost price; to establish local libraries for the blind; and (c) to assist in the maintenance of blind persons at institutions. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £93; payments for pupils, £10, Bankers, Cornish Bank, Redruth. Treasurer, Charles Tweedy, Esq., Redruth. Hon. Sec., Rev. Canon Rogers, Gwennap Vicarage.

PLYMOUTH AND STONEHOUSE SOCIETY FOR THE WELFARE OF THE BLIND (1885).

Object.—To help the blind in the district, not provided for by the existing institutions. Classes for mutual improvement and instruction in music and singing are held weekly at the Church House, Sydney Street, North Road, Plymouth. A sick club grants allowances of 2s. per week for eight weeks, after payment of the subscription of 1d. per week for 32 weeks. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income.**—From payment of subscriptions to sick club. Bankers, Western Counties Bank, Plymouth. Treasurer, J. F. Pagen, Esq., Prince's Chambers; Sec., Mr. A. F. Ivey, 48 George Street, Plymouth.

SOCIETY FOR PROVIDING CHEAP LITERATURE FOR THE BLIND (1868), 33 College Street, Worcester.

Object.—To supply the blind with embossed books and apparatus of instruction and amusement, at less than cost price, the loss being met by subscriptions and donations. **Management.**—By Committee. **Gross Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £56; other sources, £178. Bankers, Worcester Banking Co. Treasurer, S. S. Forster, Esq.; Sec., J. J. W. Stoye.

HOME TEACHING SOCIETY FOR THE BLIND (1878), 10 Grosvenor Street, Coventry.

Object.—As in title. Braille's type used. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £43. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Edwards.

LEICESTER ASSOCIATION FOR THE GENERAL WELFARE OF THE BLIND (1858), 42 Granby Street.

Object.—A sighted Bible woman is employed to visit the blind at their own homes, to teach them to read and lend them books. The Institution also helps to send poor blind children to schools for the blind, teaches the blind to work and provides them with constant employment in suitable workshops, and provides a retail shop in which to sell goods made by the blind, and other articles usually sold in a brush and basket shop. There is a Cottage Home for aged and homeless blind women. The Institution gives help and information to the blind, and those who wish to help them. **Admission** to the Workshops at the discretion of the Committee. Application must be made to the Hon. Secretary. Applicants must be healthy and capable of learning. There is no limit of age, or duration of stay. No blind live on the premises. Paupers are eligible. The Workshops are open to all, but preference given to Leicester-shire persons. The *very nearly* blind are taken. Moon's type is used; also Braille's and Roman. Earnings average from about 8s. to 16s. a week. **Management.**—By Committee, meeting weekly. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions, donations, and legacies, £620. **Number benefited.**—Constant employment for 26, and others helped in various ways. Bankers, Pares & Co., Leicester. Treasurer, William Harris, Esq., Sykefield, Leicester; Hon. Sec., S. Harris, Esq., Westcotes Grange, Leicester.

HULL BLIND INSTITUTION (1868), Kingston Square, Hull.

Object.—To provide workshops for the blind, and instruction in basket-making, to find them employment, and to supply teachers to visit

the blind at their own homes, who may teach them to read, and to supply the blind with books. **Admission.**—No payment required. Average earnings 10s. to 12s. a week. **Management.**—By Committee of ladies and gentlemen, with paid managers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £214; invested funds, £14. 4s.; legacies, £55. Bankers, Smith Bros. & Co. Treas., Dr. Rockcliffe; Hon. Sec., A. Priestman, Esq.

SHEFFIELD INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND, West Street, Sheffield. (For the School *see* p. 33).

Object.—To provide workshops, industrial training, and employment for the blind of both sexes. To visit the blind in their homes and provide a Sunday school, sewing meetings, library, &c. **Admission.**—At discretion of Committee. Application must be made to the Secretary. Applicants must be healthy, capable of learning, of good character, and, generally, totally blind. Paupers are eligible; London cases are not eligible, the Institution being only for those in Sheffield and district. Basket-work, brush, mat, rug, chair-seat, carpet, &c. making, is taught. Earnings average 8s. to 16s. a week. **Management.**—By Committee, meeting monthly. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £260; invested funds and interest, £49; legacies, £124; goods sold, £3,193; rents, &c., £83. **Number benefited.**—Workers, 49; visits paid, 963; Bankers, Sheffield Banking Co., Limited. Treasurer, A. R. Ellin, Esq.; Hon. Sec., W. R. Carter, Esq.

BRADFORD ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE SOCIAL CONDITION OF THE BLIND (1861), North Parade, Bradford.

Object.—To provide workshops for the blind and instruction in trades; a shop for the sale of goods; and a mission woman to teach the blind to read at their homes, and supply them with books from a library of Moon's and Braille's raised type. The aged blind are visited at home. Those who have a taste for it are taught singing. **Admission.**—By application to the Committee by letter. Limited to residents in Bradford and the neighbourhood. **Management.**—By Committee of 12 ladies and a gentleman. **Income** (1887).—£11,186 (including £10,160 gross receipts for goods sold). **Benefited.**—'67 blind men and women had employment.' Bankers, Bradford Old Bank, Limited. Treasurer, Arthur Harris, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Miss Holloway.

WAKEFIELD BLIND SOCIETY (1869).

Object.—To provide a Bible woman to teach the blind to read in their own homes, and to lend books gratuitously. Assistance given to necessitous cases as far as funds allow. Meetings for the blind are held twice a month. **Management.**—By a small Committee appointed by the President. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £33. **Persons benefited.**—60. Bankers, Leatham and Tew. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Miss E. E. Fennell, Westgate, Wakefield.

NORTH STAFFORDSHIRE SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING THE SPIRITUAL AND TEMPORAL WELFARE OF THE ADULT DEAF AND DUMB, AND OF THE BLIND (1873), Hanley.

Object.—To visit the deaf and dumb and the blind in their own homes, and to conduct classes, meetings, and services for their instruction and benefit. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1887).—

Charitable contributions, £212; collections made by the mutes, £5; Poor Law payments for maintenance of blind persons, £7; miscellaneous receipts, £9. **Persons benefited.**—About 300. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England, Hanley. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., W. H. Bailey, Esq., Solicitor, Hanley.

HENSHAW'S BLIND ASYLUM OUT-DOOR WORKSHOPS FOR THE BLIND (1881), Deansgate, Manchester (for the Asylum *see* p. 32).

Object.—To give employment to blind persons who have been taught a trade in other institutions. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary for form. Candidates must be 'good and able workmen.' No restriction as to age. **Management.**—By same Board as that for Henshaw's Blind Asylum. **Income.**—No subscriptions. Profit on industrial work (1888), £29. **Benefited** (1888).—21. Bankers and Treasurers, Lancashire and Yorkshire Bank, Manchester. Sec., J. Wilkin Rattray.

LIVERPOOL WORKSHOPS FOR THE OUT-DOOR BLIND (1860), Cornwallis Street, Liverpool.

Object.—To provide workshops for the blind; to instruct them in trades; to give them employment; to provide for their visitation at home, and instruction in reading. **Admission.**—By application for form, which states age, condition, means of support (if any), and which must be countersigned by two persons (one should be a clergyman or magistrate). Applicants must have been resident in Liverpool for twelve months previous to application. Total blindness not necessary. Applicants for admission as workpeople must be able to read freely the embossed type. No absolute limit as to age, but vacancies are filled up 'when practicable, by persons not over 40.' No payments required. **Annuity Fund.**—Income, derived from capital, £3,900, available for pensions to blind workpeople of the institution incapacitated by age or ill-health. **Sick Club.**—Managed entirely by the workpeople, who pay in weekly contributions, and have a right to allowance when sick *pro rata* to contributions. This is worked as a 'Tontine.' **Management.**—Of the workshops, by Committee of 15 gentlemen, elected annually at annual meeting; of educational and visiting work, by Committee of 12 ladies. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £665; invested funds, £70; goods sold, £11,528 (profit about £120); home-teaching department, £216. **Benefited.**—Visited and taught by home-teaching branch, 539; employed in workshops, 123; wages paid to the blind, about £3,200. Bankers, North Western Bank, Liverpool. Treasurer, H. C. Duncan, Esq.; Hon. Sec., W. J. Chambers, Esq.

LIVERPOOL HOME TEACHING SOCIETY FOR THE OUTDOOR BLIND.

Object.—The spiritual and temporal welfare of the blind of Liverpool, by teaching and exhortation in their own homes. Any blind children met with are assembled at the Workshops for the Blind, Cornwallis Street, twice a week for instruction in the ordinary branches of education. **Management.**—By a Committee of ladies. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £115; interest, £2; church collections, £50; sale of work, £30. **Persons visited** (1887).—358. Treasurer, Mrs. W. Cunningham. Hon. Sec., Miss Wainwright, 6 Peel Street, Prince's Park, Liverpool.

BOLTON SCHOOLS AND WORKSHOPS FOR THE BLIND (1867), 2 Tipping Street, Bolton, Lancashire.

Object.—To provide workshops for the blind, with instruction in trades, and in reading, and the means of selling their products. **Admission.**—At discretion of the Committee of Management. Applicants must be of good character and capable of being taught. No limit as to age. Moon's type is used. Payment chiefly by piece-work. Average earnings—males, 14s.; females, 6s. per week. Paupers are eligible when work can be offered. London cases are received, though local cases are preferred. Total blindness is not necessary to all cases. The manager is blind; blind teachers employed. **Management.**—By Committee, meeting monthly. **Income** (1887–88).—Charitable contributions, £118; invested funds, £79; sale of work, £1,741. **Benefited.**—Males, 25; females, 5. Treasurer, R. Hope Brown, Esq.; Hon. Secs., Mr. Arthur Greg, Mr. J. Naylor.

BLACKBURN SOCIETY FOR VISITING AND IN- STRUCTING THE BLIND (1881).

Object.—As in title. **Management.**—By Committee of ladies, presided over by a chairman, and assisted by a clerical referee. **Income** (1887).—£226. **Number visited** (1887).—103. Bankers, Cunliffe, Brooks, & Co. Treasurer, Miss Thwaites; Hon. Secs., Miss Lund, Wellington Street, and Mr. J. Wostenholme, 18 Richmond Terrace.

INDUSTRIAL INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND (1867), Glover Street, Preston.

Object.—To ameliorate the condition of the indigent blind of Preston and the neighbourhood. **Admission.**—At discretion of Committee. Application must be made to Secretary, and form of application must be signed by annual subscriber. Total blindness is necessary. Paupers are eligible. London cases are not eligible. Basket-work, brush and chair-seat-making are taught. **Educational Department.**—Instruction is given in music, reading, arithmetic, knitting, sewing, &c. Payment according to earnings. The average earnings are about 10s. 6d. per week. **Management.**—By Committee appointed annually at public meeting, and meeting monthly. Blind teachers are employed in the basket shop. **Income** (1887–88).—Charitable contributions, £148; earnings, &c., £338; invested funds, £74; sale of miscellaneous goods in general department, &c., £232. Endowment (gross).—£2,757. The Committee have also a sum of £6,774 in hand for the purpose of erecting and maintaining a boarding-house to accommodate 20 blind children under the age of 14 years. **Benefited.**—19 in workshops and 13 in school. Bankers, Preston Banking Company. Treasurer, Mr. Alderman W. B. Roper, J.P., Burrow Bank, Preston; Sec., T. R. Jolly, Esq.

FUND FOR THE BLIND (1875), Accrington.

Object.—Regular visitation and home teaching. Free library for the blind. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions, &c., £37. Hon. Sec., James Townson, Esq., Corporation Buildings, Accrington.

OLDHAM WORKSHOPS FOR THE BLIND (1885).

Object.—As in title. **Management.**—By a committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £41; profit on industrial work, £7; rent, £13; sales, £1,546. **Blind persons employed.**—16. Treasurer, W. Bodden, Esq., J.P.; Hon. Sec., Rev. A. J. J. Cachemaille.

INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND, DEAF, AND DUMB (1867), St. Peter's Gate, Stockport.

Object.—To provide workshops, industrial training, employment and instruction in reading for the blind of both sexes. **Admission.**—At discretion of Committee. Application must be made to the Secretary. Applicants must be healthy and capable of learning. Total blindness is not absolutely necessary. Residents within three miles of Institute, and having so resided for two years, are alone eligible. Paupers are eligible. Moon's type is used. Brush-making, mat and skip-making, cane-chair seating, and knitting are taught. Earnings average 5s. to 6s. per week. **Management.**—By Committee, meeting monthly. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £164; invested funds, £61; sales, £2,080. **Number benefited.**—Blind, 16; deaf and dumb, . Bankers, Manchester and Liverpool District Banking Company, Limited. Treasurer, G. Walthew, Esq., J.P.; Sec., Mr. S. Robinson Calvert.

CHESTER INSTITUTE FOR HOME TEACHING OF THE BLIND (1875).

Object.—As in title. Hon. Treasurer, John Thompson, Esq. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Thompson, Boughton Hall.

WORKSHOPS FOR THE BLIND OF CUMBERLAND AND WESTMORELAND (1872), Lonsdale Street, Carlisle.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—Pupils are received for instruction without charge, and men coming from a distance can be boarded and lodged at the workshops for 8s. per week. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £32; grant from unions, £30; men's payments, £83; Gardner Trustees, £25. **Persons employed.**—19. Hon. Sec. and Treas., Miss H. Johnson.

CARLISLE AND CUMBERLAND ASSOCIATION FOR PROMOTING THE READING OF THE HOLY SCRIPTURES AMONGST THE BLIND (1856), 6 Fisher Street, Carlisle.

Object.—To provide a teacher and books for the blind of Cumberland and Westmoreland in their own homes. **Management.**—By Committee and visitors. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £74; grant from Gardner Trustees, £7. **Persons under instruction.**—120. President, the Dean of Carlisle. Secretary and Treasurer, Miss Johnson.

WORKSHOPS FOR THE BLIND (1870), 9 Market Street, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

Object.—To provide workshops for the blind, and to provide them with employment. **Number benefited.**—15. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £9; endowment, £12; sales, £2,260. **Management.**—By Committee. Bankers, Hodgkin, Barnett, Pease, & Co. Treasurer, Mr. Hodgkin; Hon. Sec., Mr. Davies.

SUNDERLAND AND DURHAM COUNTY INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND (1877), Villiers Street, Sunderland.

Object.—To provide work for the blind. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec. Applicants must be either totally blind or have so little sight as to be unable to work at an ordinary trade. Any charity that may be necessary is given by the Hon. Sec. from her private

fund. **Management.**—By Committee of 21 members and 7 trustees. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £123; legacy, £100; sales, £2,890. **Employed.**—30 men and girls. Bankers, Backhouse & Co. Treasurer, Mr. W. L. Byers; Hon. Sec., Miss Byers, 5 Esplanade, Sunderland.

HOME TEACHING SOCIETY FOR THE BLIND (1867), Newcastle-upon-Tyne.

Object.—To visit the blind at home, and teach them to read; to supply them with books, and to conduct a weekly Bible reading. Temporary relief is given in kind. **Management.**—By Committee, elected annually. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £85; interest, £7. **Benefited.**—180. Treasurer, Dr. Hodgkin; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Isaac G. Dickinson, Portland House, Newcastle.

CARDIFF INSTITUTE FOR THE BLIND (1865), Glossop Road, Newport Road, Cardiff.

Object.—To provide workshops for blind men, and lads over 14 years of age; instruction in reading, mat-making, matting, weaving, basket-making, wood-cutting, &c.; and to give constant employment in the above branches of work. A lending library for blind outside the Institution. Moon's type used. **Admission.**—To all of good character, and with perfect use of limbs and faculties. Paupers sent by the guardians are eligible. Inmates are received from London and all parts of England and Wales. Weekly wages paid, in proportion to earnings. Average earnings per week: mat-makers, 8s. 6d. to 15s.; basket-makers, 10s. to 18s. Every workman not being an apprentice or a learner is required to subscribe towards a 'sick fund.' **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £227; invested funds, £30; sales and stock in hand, £1,548. **Number employed.**—Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England, Cardiff. Treasurer, Mr. Robert Bird. Manager, Mr. F. E. Hallett.

SWANSEA AND SOUTH WALES INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND (1866), South Hill Place, Swansea.

Object.—To provide instruction in reading and music, workshops, industrial training, employment and home teaching, and visitation for the blind. **Admission.**—By the Committee, on application to Hon. Sec. Total blindness is necessary. London cases and paupers are eligible. Moon's and Braille's types are used. Payment for inmates: adults, 10s. per week; children, 7s.; outmates, *nil*. Earnings average, men, 8s. to 12s., sometimes 15s. per week; women, 'very small.' There is a resident school. The age of admission is from 9 to 20. Inmates usually remain from four to six years. Blind and seeing teachers are employed. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by subscribers at Annual Meeting, and meeting monthly. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £489; industrial earnings, £386; payments for inmates, £354. **Number benefited.**—153. Bankers, Glamorganshire Banking Company, Limited. Treasurer, J. P. Morgan, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Joseph Hall, Esq., Grosvenor House, Swansea.

SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING READING AMONGST THE BLIND AT THEIR OWN HOMES (1857), Edinburgh.

Object.—To provide visitation and home instruction and books in Moon's type for the blind. **Admission.**—All blind people to whom the missionary and his assistants or visitors can gain access are eligible.

Management.—A Committee of gentlemen. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions, £367; invested funds and interest, £28. **Benefited.**—315. **Treasurer and Hon. Sec.,** James Brown, Esq., 3A Pitt Street, Edinburgh.

MISSION TO THE OUT-DOOR BLIND FOR GLASGOW AND THE WEST OF SCOTLAND (1859), 4 Bath Street, Glasgow.

Object.—To teach the blind in Glasgow and the West of Scotland to read by Moon's and Braille's systems; to supply them with books; to ameliorate their condition in regard to their spiritual and temporal interests; to visit them in their own homes; to aid in finding them employment; and to make grants from the benevolent fund to assist in setting them up in business. **LADIES AUXILIARY.**—Promotes industrial employment among poor blind females by teaching knitting, &c., supplying material, assisting to procure or sell work, and visiting, reading to, and otherwise aiding them. **Management.**—By Board of Directors, who annually appoint a Committee of Management of not less than eight members. **Income** (1888).—Legacies, £477; charitable contributions, £1,240; sale of books, &c., £4; invested funds and rent, £56. **Benefited.**—Work obtained for 8; pecuniarily assisted, 21; visited, 1,273. **Income of Ladies' Auxiliary** (1887).—Charitable contributions and legacies, £555; sales of work, £430; invested funds, £30. **Benefited by Auxiliary,** 320 (103 of whom are knitters, and 124 old and infirm receiving monthly aid). **Income of endowment fund,** £238. **Bankers,** Commercial Bank of Scotland. **Treasurer,** Wm. Auchincloss Arrol, Esq., 16 Dixon Street; **Hon. Sec.,** J. S. Templeton, Esq., William Street, Greenhead. **Treasurer (Ladies' Auxiliary),** Miss Blyth, 12 West Bank Terrace; **Sec.,** Miss Arrol, 18 Blythswood Square.

INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND (1869), Magdalen Green, Dundee.

Object.—To provide workshops for industrial training and a school for educational instruction, also a library of embossed books. **Admission.**—At discretion of the Directors, on application to the Manager. Moon and Braille's types are used. Average earnings 8s. to 13s. a week. Total blindness is not necessary. **Management.**—By Directors, meeting monthly. **Income** (1887-88).—Charitable contributions, £264; legacies, £224; invested funds, £293; educational department, £117; How bequest, £82; industrial department (goods sold), £6,424. **Number benefited.**—In industrial department, 56; in school, 14. **Treasurer,** R. B. Ritchie, Esq.; **Hon. Sec.,** J. Hunter, Esq.; **Manager,** Mr. Colin Macdonald.

SOCIETY FOR TEACHING THE BLIND TO READ (1859), Perth.

Object.—To provide home visitation, instruction in reading and writing, and a library of books in Moon's type for the blind. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1887-88).—Charitable contributions, £102. **Number benefited.**—95 on the roll, of whom one-half are readers. **Bankers,** Union Bank of Scotland. **Treasurer,** G. A. Miller, Esq., W.S.; **Sec.,** Rev. W. D. Knowles.

THE RICHMOND NATIONAL INSTITUTION FOR THE INSTRUCTION OF THE INDUSTRIOUS BLIND (1810), 41 Upper Sackville Street, Dublin.

Object.—To provide instruction in trades for blind male and female children, and adults. **Admission.**—By recommendation of subscriber

of £1 or of a member of the Committee. The age of admission is, for males, 12 to 30; for females, 12 to 50. Inmates are clothed, lodged, and fed in the Institution free of all charges. The partially blind are admitted, but none who are capable of working by sight. Inmates may remain in the Institution as long as they conduct themselves properly and are industrious. Non-resident pupils are employed in the Institution. Moon's and Braille's type are used. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Ordinary, £1,050; legacies, £228. **Inmates.**—Males, 26; females, 3; non-resident, males, 7. Bankers and Treasurers, Bank of Ireland; Sec., F. Browne, Esq.; Supt, Mr. W. R. Armstrong.

ASSOCIATION FOR EMPLOYMENT OF INDUSTRIOUS BLIND (1871), Royal Avenue, Belfast.

Object.—To give employment to the industrious blind, and to teach those who have never learned some means of earning their livelihood. **Admission.**—At discretion of Committee. Applicants may be of any age, but preference given to youths. The institution is wholly industrial, and not educational. Payment: By 'piece,' in proportion to work done. Earnings average: women, per week, 5s. to 9s.; men, per week, 10s. to 25s.; gratuity being given to those who cannot earn sufficient to support themselves. London cases and paupers are eligible. Total blindness is not necessary. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by subscribers, and meeting monthly. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £331; Poor-law allowance, about £95. **Number benefited.**—65. Bankers, Belfast Banking Company. Treasurer, A. Johns, Esq., Belfast Bank. Hon. Secs., L. M. Ewart, Esq., and A. D. Lemon, Esq.

II.—DEAF AND DUMB. (See also Introduction.)

PENSIONS.

CORDWAINERS' COMPANY'S PENSIONS FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB, 7 Cannon Street, E.C.

CAME CHARITY (1782).—45 pensions of £5. **Admission.** Application for form must be made to the Clerk. Applicants must be resident within 100 miles of London, and never have received parish relief. Men must be not less than 40, women than 25 years of age, and honest, sober, and of good morals. Clerk, H. Jackson, Esq.

CHARITABLE AND PROVIDENT SOCIETY FOR THE AGED AND INFIRM DEAF AND DUMB (1836), 59 Chancery Lane, W.C.

Object.—'To grant small annual pensions, payable monthly, to poor deaf and dumb persons who have attained the age of 60 years, or who have become so infirm as to be incapable of obtaining their livelihood by following their occupations; and to encourage industrious and provident habits among the deaf and dumb themselves, by conferring further advantages on those who have contributed periodical sums in support of this charity.' **Admission.**—By application on a form to be obtained from the Secretary. An annual contribution of £1. 1s. for twenty years qualifies for a pension of £5, which may be increased if funds permit. Donors of £5 and annual subscribers of 10s. 6d. are entitled to recommend one case annually. **Management.**—By a Committee, elected from among the subscribers. **Income** (1887-88).—Charitable contributions, £161; invested funds, £64; payments by deaf and dumb contributors, £28.

Pensioners.—28. Bankers, Goslings & Sharpe. Treasurer, Horatio Dain, Esq., 19 Great George Street, S.W.; Hon. Sec., Rev. Dr. Stainer, 27 Alexandra Villas, Finsbury Park, N.; Sec., O. W. Bunnett, 59 Chancery Lane, W.C.

EDUCATION.

ROYAL ASSOCIATION IN AID OF THE DEAF AND DUMB (1840), Saint Saviour's Church and Lecture Rooms, 419 Oxford Street, W.

Object.—‘To provide extended religious and secular instruction among the deaf and dumb throughout the Metropolis, after they have quitted school; to visit, under the direction of the parochial clergyman, sick and other deaf and dumb persons at their homes; to assist the deaf and dumb, having good characters, in obtaining employment; to relieve, either by gifts or loans of money, deserving and necessitous deaf and dumb; to encourage the early training of deaf and dumb children preparatory to their admission into educational institutions.’ **Admission.**

—Personal applications can be made daily at the Office, 10 to 5. Services: at St. Saviour's, Sundays, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m., and Thursdays, 8.15 p.m.; St. John's Schoolroom, Notting Hill, Sundays, 11 a.m.; Hammersmith School, Sundays, 6.30 p.m. On Tuesday evenings at St. Saviour's, lectures are given, and on alternate Thursdays a Dorcas meeting is held. (E.) at St. Philip's Institute, Stepney, Sundays, 11 a.m. and 6.30 p.m.; lectures, applications, &c., Mondays and Saturdays, 7, 10 p.m. (N.) St. Peter's School-room, Islington, Sundays, 11 a.m. and 6.30 p.m.; lecture, Mondays and Fridays, 7 p.m. (S.) at St. Matthew's Mission Room, New Kent Road, Sundays, 11 a.m. and 6.30 p.m.; recreation, Mondays and Saturdays, 6.30 to 9.30 p.m. (S.E.) at St. Barnabas Church, Evelyn Street, Deptford, Sundays, 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.; lecture, Mondays, 7 to 10 p.m. In each of the above districts there is a room for reading and recreation, and a penny bank is open to depositors.

Management.—By Committee elected annually by donors of £10. 10s., and subscribers of £1. 1s. **Income (1888-89).**—Charitable contributions, £1,647. **Persons assisted.**—By pecuniary assistance, 116; by being placed in employment, 50; Christmas gifts, 270. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, Stratford Place. Treasurer, Edmund C. Johnson, Esq., 4 Eaton Place, S.W.; Sec., Mr. Thomas Cole; Acting Chaplain, the Rev. Dr. Stainer, 419 Oxford Street, W.

ASSOCIATION FOR THE ORAL INSTRUCTION OF THE DEAF AND DUMB (1871), School for Children and Training College for Teachers, 11 Fitzroy Square, W.

Object.—‘To naturalise in this kingdom the oral instruction of the deaf and dumb by lip-reading and articulate speech, to the rigid exclusion of the finger alphabet and all artificial signs; to train qualified teachers on this system, both male and female; to maintain a normal school for instructing deaf and dumb children.’ **Admission.**—Pupils are received by payment of school fees regulated by the Committee according to the circumstances of the case and the means and position of the pupils' parents or guardians. Children are not associated together, but either live at their own homes or are boarded out singly in families, being thereby compelled to carry on communication by speaking and lip-reading. A public lesson in speaking and lip-reading is given every Wednesday at 3 p.m. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £500; invested funds, £186; school and college fees, £630.

Pupils.—56. **Students.**—11. Bankers, Robarts, Lubbock, & Co. Treasurer, Sir John Lubbock, Bart., M.P.; Hon. Sec., Assur H. Moses, Esq.; Director, W. Van Praagh, Esq.; Sec., Arthur G. Klugh, Esq.

SOCIETY FOR TRAINING TEACHERS OF THE DEAF, AND DIFFUSION OF THE 'GERMAN' SYSTEM (Founded, 1877; Incorporated, 1886). Training College and School (1878), Elmhurst, Castle Bar Hill, Ealing, W.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Principal. **Fees for Students.**—In-students: £50 per annum, including tuition, board, and lodging. Separate bedroom, £25 extra. Without charge of children, £30 extra. Out-students: Tuition and partial board, £45. Only females admitted as in-students. Washing, beer, wine, &c., extra. Teachers, governesses, and relations of the deaf are eligible to the college. Assistants in existing institutions may have privileges of out-students for £3. 3s. one week, or £10 four weeks. Certificates are granted to students who, having completed a minimum one year's course, have passed a satisfactory examination. The practising school is for the children of educated parents, and is intended to be self-supporting. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by General Meeting of subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Fees, subscriptions, and donations, about £800. Principal and Secretary, Arthur Kinsey, Esq.

LONDON SCHOOL BOARD CLASSES FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB (1874). See also Introduction.

Object.—The instruction of the deaf and dumb. **Admission.**—At discretion of the superintendent of instruction, to whom application must be made at the classes, at the hours named in the following list:—

Winchester Street, Pentonville Road, N. [Mondays, before 10 a.m.]
 Southampton Street, Pentonville Road, N., and Great Wild Street, Drury Lane, W.C. [alternate Mondays, at 2 p.m.]
 Summerford Street, Bethnal Green, E. [Tuesdays, before 10 a.m.]
 Turin Street, Bethnal Green, E., and Farrance Street, Limehouse, E. [alternate Tuesdays, at 2 p.m.]
 Barnsbury Street, Islington, N. [Wednesdays, before 10 a.m.]
 Park Walk, Chelsea, S.W. [Wednesdays, at 2 p.m.]
 Capland Street, Maida Vale, W. [Thursdays, before 10 a.m.]
 Stanhope Street, Euston Road, W. [Thursdays, at 2 p.m.]
 Boundary Lane, Camberwell Road, S.E. [Fridays, before 10 a.m.]
 Farncombe Street, Bermondsey, S.E., and Surrey Lane, Battersea [alternate Fridays, at 2 p.m.]

The days and hours of instruction are as follow:—Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays, between the hours of 9.15 and 12.30, and from 1.30 to 3.45—one hour being allowed for the mid-day meal, which the children bring with them. In the following centres: Barnsbury Street, Winchester Street, Southampton Street, Boundary Lane, and Capland Street, the school hours are from 9.15 to 12.15, and from 2.15 to 4.15.

Applicants must be between the age of 3 and 13 years. Classes are held on the usual school days during school hours. The oral system is used exclusively. Payment, the school fee of 2d. per week. **Management.**—By the School Management Committee, appointed by the School Board for London. **Income.**—None; provided for out of the rates according to the Education Act, 1870. **Attendance.**—About 350 on register; average attendance, 290. Superintendent, Rev. Dr. Stainer, 27 Alexandra Villas, Finsbury Park, N.

EDUCATION AND MAINTENANCE.*

(See also Introduction.)

BRITISH ASYLUM FOR DEAF AND DUMB FEMALES

(1851), Lower Clapton, E. ; Office, 27 Red Lion Sq., W.C.

Object.—‘To educate the ignorant female mute, to keep up and increase the knowledge of those who have left the different educational institutions throughout the kingdom, and also to teach them such trades as may enable them to earn an honest and independent livelihood by their own exertions and industry ; to provide a home for the friendless and destitute, who, from age or infirmity, are unable to support themselves ; and to endeavour to lead all to the knowledge of the only true God and Jesus Christ.’ **Admission.**—By election, free for three years, or annual payment. Age for admission by election, under 30 years ; by payment, and as a permanent home, any age above 10 years. The payment is £22 a year and clothing. Donors of £5, and subscribers of 10s. have 1 vote ; donors of £10, and subscribers of £1 have 2 votes. **Management.**—By Finance and Ladies’ Committees, and office-bearers appointed annually by subscribers. **Income** (1887–88).—Charitable contributions, £490 ; invested funds, £376 ; payments for inmates, £480 ; receipts for needlework &c., £38 ; legacies, £3,030. **Inmates.**—35. Bankers, Messrs. Glyn, Mills, & Co. Treasurer, the Hon. Pascoe Charles Glyn ; Sec., W. T. Hillyer, Esq., at the Office.

ASYLUM FOR THE SUPPORT AND EDUCATION OF INDIGENT DEAF AND DUMB CHILDREN (1792),

Old Kent Road, S.E., and (1862) Margate. Offices, 93 Cannon Street, E.C.

Object.—Specified in title. **Admission.**—By election of subscribers, presentation, or payment. Donors of £5. 5s. and subscribers of 10s. 6d. have one vote for each vacancy. Donors of £210 have 40 votes for each vacancy, or can keep one child always on the foundation. Children admitted by payment : £30 per annum. Forms of application obtained from the Secretary must be filled up and returned by the third Monday in April or October. Candidate must furnish certificate of being deaf and dumb, and, if elected, security for removal in case of sickness or death, or when required. Candidates must be between 7 and 10 years of age, unless specially exempted ; be vaccinated, and not imbecile or deficient in intellect. Children from the workhouse are taken on payment. Inmates are taught reading, writing, dictation, arithmetic, history, geography, and drawing. The girls are taught needlework and household work. Every child capable of being so taught is educated under the ‘Pure Oral’ System by teachers specially appointed for that purpose. On leaving, inmates may apply to be apprenticed to suitable employers. **Management.**—By Committee of 24, elected annually, not more than 18 being re-eligible. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £3,273 ; invested funds, £6,041 ; inmates’ payments, £433 ; other sources, £480. **Inmates.**—350. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank. Treasurer, Charles Few, Esq. ; Sec., W. H. Warwick, Esq., at the Offices.

* Provision is made for receiving deaf and dumb children at the Smyllum Orphanage, Lanark, N.B. (see INDEX).

DR. STAINER'S HOMES FOR DEAF AND DUMB CHILDREN, 66, 70, 72, 74, and 80 Pentonville Road, N. (1875); 13 Paddington Green, W. (1884); 37 Camberwell Green, S.E. (1885). Certified under 24 and 25 Vict. c. 43.

Object.—To maintain deaf and dumb children from 4 years of age, in the neighbourhood of schools where special instruction is given on the oral system (see LONDON SCHOOL BOARD CLASSES, p. 52). **Admission.**—By payment from parents or boards of guardians, who pay the amount sanctioned by the Local Government Board, 7s. per week. A liberal diet is provided. The elder boys are taught the use of tools of various trades, the girls needle-work and laundry-work, out of school hours. Age of leaving, 14 to 16. **Management.**—By Director and Managers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £381; payments for children, £2,272. **Inmates.**—170. Bankers, London and County Bank, Shoreditch. Treasurer and Director, Rev. Dr. Stainer, 27 Alexandra Villas, Finsbury Park, N., or Stainer House, Paddington Green, W.

JEWS' DEAF AND DUMB HOME (1870), Walmer Road, Notting Hill, W.

Object.—To maintain and educate for industrial employment indigent deaf and dumb Jewish children. **Admission.**—Application is made to Committee, by whom, without election, provided there is vacant sleeping room, admission is granted. Age of admission, 7 years. In some instances a small amount is contributed towards cost by parents or parish. Certificates of good health are required. Inmates are taught reading, lip-reading, speaking, Hebrew, English grammar, history, geography, arithmetic, religion, &c. On leaving they are, if possible, apprenticed. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,849; invested funds, £244; payments for inmates, £141; legacies, £315; rent and sundries, £77. **Inmates.**—27. **Management.**—By Committee, Ladies' Committee, and officers elected by annual subscribers and Life Governors. Bankers, Messrs. Robarts, Lubbock & Co. Treasurer, J. Seligman, Esq.; Hon. Secretary, Rev. I. Samuel; Director, S. Schönthiel, Esq.

BRIGHTON INSTITUTION FOR THE INSTRUCTION OF DEAF AND DUMB CHILDREN OF THE COUNTIES OF SUSSEX, HAMPSHIRE, AND KENT (1840), Eastern Road, Brighton.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—By recommendation of member and priority of application. Annual subscribers of £1, or donors of £10, may recommend children. At time of admission children must be between 7 and 12 years of age, not deficient in intellect, subject to fits, or suffering from an infectious complaint, and have been vaccinated, or had smallpox. An engagement must be made by a housekeeper, or the parish officers, for payment, proper provision of clothes, and removal when required, or at death. Payment, not less than £12. 10s. per annum, quarterly in advance. Certain specified clothing must be provided. Children must be sent with hair closely cut. Children of 11 years of age and under should remain at least five years. Inmates must go home at Midsummer. Children of a higher class are received as parlour boarders. Terms on application to head master. **Management.**—By Committee, including Ladies' Committee, elected annually, and meeting monthly. **Income** (1887–88).—Charitable contributions, £283; invested funds,

£113; payments for children, £1,428. **Inmates.**—84. Bankers, Hall, Bevan, & West, Brighton. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, F. Robarts, Esq.; Head Master, Mr. Sleight.

WEST OF ENGLAND INSTITUTION FOR THE INSTRUCTION OF DEAF AND DUMB CHILDREN (1825), Exeter.

Object.—The education and maintenance of deaf and dumb children resident in Devon, Cornwall, Dorset, and Somerset; or, failing these, in other counties. **Admission.**—By election of Governors and payment, or payment only. Candidates must as a rule at admission be between 7 and 12 years of age. One month before election they must send in certificate of age; recommendation signed by three governors (subscribers of £1 or donors of £10), residing in same county as candidate; certificate, signed by candidate's parish minister, and by parishioner, stating fully the circumstances of the family; medical certificate of deafness and dumbness, of intellect, of freedom from fits and infectious disorder, of vaccination or smallpox, and of any accidental deformity; and guarantee from parish officers or responsible housekeeper for payment, proper clothing, and expenses of burial or removal. Elections are held on the 3rd Monday in June. There is no arrangement for plurality of votes. Payment: 3s. a week, or more, payable quarterly in advance. Guardians of Unions pay £20 per annum, to include education, board, and clothing for patients. Children are admitted without election on payment of £20 a year. Private pupils are admitted at £50 a year. Inmates remain until about 16 (no rule), when they are taken charge of by their friends or guardians, and, in deserving cases, assistance is given from Apprentice Fund to provide a premium to be taught a trade. **Management.**—By subscribers of £2 or donors of £20, or donors of £10, being also subscribers of £1, and by twelve Governors, elected annually, meeting monthly. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £356; invested funds, £341; payments for inmates, £619. **Inmates.**—46. Bankers, Sanders & Co., Exeter Bank. Treasurer, E. J. Sanders, Esq.; Sec., Mr. T. J. Allen; Head Master, W. H. Addison.

BRISTOL DISTRICT INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB (1841), Tyndall's Park, Clifton, Bristol.

Object.—'The instruction of deaf and dumb children of both sexes, and all ranks and conditions of life.' **Admission.**—By application to Hon. Secretary. Candidates should be resident in Bristol or in the adjacent counties. Admission by election of Committee. In the event of there being more candidates than vacancies, subscribers elect the inmates, a subscription of £1. 1s. entitling to one vote. Three classes are eligible for admission: the indigent deaf and dumb, who pay £15 a year; those in better circumstances, who pay £25 a year; and others at £50 a year or upon such terms as Committee deem advisable. Committee have discretion to admit at reduced rate, and to receive *extreme* cases free. A set of questions according to form has to be answered and attested by minister of applicant's parish. Age of admission, 7 to 12. Donor of £30 in one sum may nominate and admit at next vacancy a candidate at £15 a year. There is a special fund for assisting pupils who, on leaving the Institution, wish to be apprenticed to any trade. **Management.**—By Committee elected annually at public meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £213; invested funds, £267; payments for inmates, £553. **Inmates.**—47. Bankers, Stuckey's Banking Company, Clifton. Treasurer, General Younghusband; Hon. Sec., W. H. B. Kay.

INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND AND DEAF AND DUMB, Walcot Parade, Bath (*see* p. 30)

ROYAL INSTITUTION FOR THE INSTRUCTION OF DEAF AND DUMB CHILDREN (1812), Edgbaston, Birmingham. Office, Warwick Chambers, Corporation Street, Birmingham.

Object.—The maintenance and education of deaf and dumb children of both sexes. **Admission.**—By election of governors and payment, or payment only. Candidates must be deaf and dumb (attested by two credible witnesses), not of deficient intellect, or subject to fits. No child is admitted after 13 years of age, or before 8. Where the full cost of education and maintenance is defrayed, a child may be admitted before the age of 8, but not after 13 years. A form of questions must be obtained from the master or the Secretary, and returned, duly filled up and signed, before May 1st, with certificate of birth or baptism. If eligible, the child's name is put on list of candidates. No child is admitted unless revaccinated, supplied with certain specified clothing, and with hair cut short. Security is required from two householders for payment, for proper clothing, which is not provided by the Institution, and for removal when required, or at death. Cases are received from Boards of Guardians at the rate of £20 a year each. Payment for elected inmates, £10 if resident in the counties of Warwick, Worcester, or Stafford; £15 if resident outside that area; £25 per annum for children admitted without election (this being the full cost of maintenance and education). Private pupils are taken by the head master; terms may be known upon application to him. London cases are eligible. Candidates are received from all parts of the United Kingdom. Inmates are expected to leave the Institution during the summer and Christmas vacations. They remain until the age of 16 years, when they are placed out by their friends. The oral system is used in conjunction with the manual. Industrial instruction is not given, as inmates' whole time is devoted to the acquirement of language and the ordinary subjects of an English education, &c. **Management.**—By Committee of 20, elected annually by Governors. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions and legacies, £960; invested funds, £412; payments for children, £782. **Inmates.**—156—87 boys, 69 girls. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, and Bosanquets. Treasurer, Sampson S. Lloyd, Esq.; Sec., Mr. Walter Charlton, at the Office.

NORTH STAFFORDSHIRE SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING THE WELFARE OF THE ADULT DEAF AND DUMB, AND OF THE BLIND, Hanley (*see* p. 44).

LIVERPOOL SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB (1825), Oxford Street, Liverpool.

Object.—'The instruction of deaf and dumb children of both sexes and of all classes and ranks of life.' Instruction, articulation, and lip-reading form a distinctive feature of the system. **Admission.**—By recommendation of member (donor of £10 or subscriber of £1. 1s.), or payment. Subscribers can recommend any number of candidates. A form of application must be obtained from head master, filled up and signed by two respectable persons, also certificate as to health, sight, vaccination, and whatever zymotic diseases the child may have had,

freedom from fits, scrofula, cutaneous disease, and infectious complaints. No child can be admitted unless deaf and of sufficient intellect. Candidates must be between 7 and 14 years of age at admission. They must pass a medical examination. Payment, for nominated cases, for instruction, *nil*; if boarded in the Institution, under 10 years of age, £10 per annum; under 14, £12; over 14, £14. Others are admitted as intermediate pupils, at a charge of from £25 to £30 per annum, who have separate rooms and other advantages. A limited number are received into the master's house as private boarders, subject to approbation of Committee. Boarders must be provided with certain specified clothing. Satisfactory security for payment in advance must be given, and for removal when required. London cases are eligible for admission. Inmates remain, in most cases, until about 16. **Management.**—By Committee, filling vacancies by coöption. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions, donations, legacies, &c., £703; invested funds, £788; payments for pupils, £1,253. **Inmates.**—130. Treasurer, James Lewis, Esq.; Head Master, F. B. Illingworth, Esq.; Sec., Rev. T. B. Banner.

LIVERPOOL ADULT DEAF AND DUMB BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (1864), Prince's Avenue, Prince's Road, Liverpool. (Branches: 42 Conway Street, Birkenhead; National Schools, Waterloo Road, Widnes; Bewsey Chambers, Bewsey Street, Warrington.)

Objects.—To continue the education of the deaf and dumb of Liverpool after they have left school, to provide a lending library, to visit and help the sick, to promote friendship amongst the deaf and dumb, to assist in obtaining employment for them, and generally to encourage them in leading industrious and religious lives. A missionary and a lady visitor are employed to carry out these objects. **Admission.**—Any deaf and dumb person is entitled to counsel and sympathy. **Management.**—By a Committee of hearing and deaf and dumb persons. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £268; miscellaneous receipts, £26; contributions to building fund, £1,240. Treasurer, R. S. Cleaver, Esq.; Hon. Sec., G. F. Healey, Esq.

MANCHESTER SCHOOLS FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB (1823), Old Trafford, Manchester.

Object.—'To afford instruction to deaf and dumb children of all ranks and conditions in life.' **Admission.**—By election or nomination by branch association, and payment, or payment alone. A form of application must be obtained from the Secretary, and returned filled up and attested by two persons personally acquainted with candidate, before the first Wednesday in April. Candidates must appear personally for examination. They must be not deficient in intellect. Elections take place in June. Each donation of £10. 10s., or subscription of £1. 1s., entitles to one vote; the unsuccessful candidates at one election may carry the votes forward. At time of admission they must be (except in extraordinary cases) between 7 and 12 years of age, have been vaccinated or had smallpox, and furnish medical certificates and guarantees for payment and proper clothing and removal when required. Payment for board, according to circumstances, from £9. 2s. to £15 per annum, payable in advance. Clothing is not provided. Inmates are admitted without election on payment of the cost of board (3s. 6d. weekly) and education (£26. 5s. per annum) as pay pupils. Private pupils are also received as parlour boarders. For pupils from Poor-law Unions the Guardians pay £20 a year. No

eligible cases are refused from other localities. The Committee are desirous that pupils should have at least seven or eight years' instruction. **Management.**—By Committee elected annually by Governors, and meeting quarterly, and by a Committee called the House Stewards, who meet fortnightly. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions, £517; legacies and donations, £2,523; pupils' fees, £2,728; invested funds, £1,432; alms boxes, &c., £3. **Inmates.**—204. Bankers, Manchester and Salford Bank. Treasurer, Oliver Heywood, Esq.; Sec., Mr. J. Lunt, 25 Cross Street, Manchester; Head Master, Mr. W. S. Bessant.

MANCHESTER AND SALFORD ADULT DEAF AND DUMB BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION (1846), 70 Quay Street, Deansgate, Manchester.

Object.—To provide religious instruction and employment for adult deaf and dumb, and to relieve their distress. **Admission.**—Applicants, approved after inquiry, receive relief. Permanent homes are not provided, but temporary shelter is given to destitute and homeless cases. The social reading and lecture rooms are opened on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings. No payment. The Secretary is 'also at their request in sickness, in trouble, and in perplexity to advise and direct them, to marry them, christen them, or to bury them.' **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £313. Treas., F. Smith, Esq.; Sec. and Superintendent, Mr. Henry Herriott.

INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND, DEAF AND DUMB, Stockport (*see* p. 47).

HULL, EAST YORKSHIRE, AND LINCOLNSHIRE INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB (1870), 53 Spring Bank, Hull.

Object.—To provide education, &c., for deaf and dumb children, and to promote the spiritual and temporal welfare of adult deaf mutes. **Admission.**—By Committee. Applicants must be between 5 and 12 years. Payment £13 to £20 per annum, according to circumstances. At completion of school term, situations secured, and boys bound apprentice as far as practicable. **Benefits to Adults.**—Weekly improvement class, Bible class, sewing class, and during winter months lectures and instructive entertainments; religious services every Sabbath; circulating library; assistance rendered in securing employment, &c. **Management.**—By Committee, elected at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £284; inmates' payments, £210. **Number Assisted.**—30 scholars, including 18 boarders, and nearly 80 adults. Treasurer, T. R. Runtun, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Wm. Smith, Esq., 3 Parliament Street, Hull.

YORKSHIRE INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB (1829), Eastfield House, Doncaster.

Object.—To provide maintenance and instruction for the deaf and dumb children of Yorkshire of both sexes. **Admission.**—By election. Candidates must be between the ages of 7 and 14 years. Applications must be sent in on special form obtained from the Secretary or head master, by the first week in June. Before admission, a guarantee for payment of the fee must be signed by two responsible householders. Each subscription of 10s., and donation of £5, entitles subscriber or donor to recommend pupils for admission. The school is certified to receive paupers. Except as private boarders, London cases are not eligible; the

school being confined to Yorkshire children, and upon certain conditions, children from Lincolnshire and Nottinghamshire. Payment, £9, and intermediate class £30 per annum, including board and education. No clothes are provided. The pupils are taught on the 'Pure Oral' system. Wood-carving is taught. Inmates must leave during the Midsummer vacation, optional at Christmas. Inmates remain until the age of 16. A fund exists for assisting country boys whilst learning a trade in a town. Private boarders are taken, by arrangement with head master. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed at Annual Meeting, and meeting monthly. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £699; invested funds, £598; legacies, £115; payments for pupils, £1,317; apprentices' fund, £32. **Inmates.**—115. Bankers, Beckett & Co. Treasurer, Charles E. S. Cooke, Esq., The Bank; Sec., Jas. H. Crouch, Esq., 6 Hall Gate; Master, Mr. Jas. Howard.

UNITED INSTITUTION FOR THE BLIND AND THE DEAF AND DUMB, Albion Street, Leeds (*see* p. 33).

ST. JOHN'S INSTITUTION FOR DEAF AND DUMB (1870), Boston Spa, Tadcaster, Yorkshire.

Object.—'To provide instruction for Catholic deaf and dumb. **Admission.**—A form must be obtained from the Superiress. Applicants must be 7 years of age, of sound mind and capable of instruction, not liable to fits, and have been vaccinated or had smallpox. Children are received from all parts of England, Wales, and Scotland. Non-Catholics are received with written consent of parents or guardians. Payment, £20 per annum, payable quarterly in advance. In exceptional cases less is taken. £3 is also required for outfit on entrance. Clothing is subsequently provided. The Institution is 'certified' for 134 children. Those sent by Guardians of the Poor are charged for at the rate of £15 per annum, and £3 outfit. The oral system is used. In addition to ordinary instruction, boys are taught trades, and girls household work, laundry work, and needlework. Inmates remain about six years. Parlour boarders are taken. **Management.**—By the Sisters of Charity of St. Vincent de Paul. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £823; payments for inmates, £1,737; other sources, £189. **Inmates.**—119. Bankers, Sheffield Banking Company. Superiress, Sister Teresa Norton; Joint Secretaries, Charles Hadfield, Esq. (Treasurer), Sheffield; Rev. E. W. Dawson, Chaplain, at the Institution.

NORTHERN COUNTIES' INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB (1838), North Road, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

Object.—To provide maintenance and instruction for deaf and dumb children of both sexes from the four northern counties. Inmates admitted from other counties, accommodation permitting. **Admission.**—On the recommendation of an annual subscriber of £1. 1s., by payment of £13 per annum, payable quarterly, in advance. Exceptional cases may be admitted for less, and those able to pay more are expected to do so. Guardians subscribing £2. 2s. annually can recommend cases from their union. Private boarders are received by the head master by special arrangement. Candidates admitted between 7 and 12 years of age, except under special circumstances. They must have been successfully vaccinated, be capable of receiving instruction, and provided with a specified outfit. Pupils are expected to remain under instruction for 7 years, from the date of their admission. There are six weeks' holiday at midsummer, when all the pupils are required to go home. Forms of application are

to be obtained from the head master. **Management.**—By Committee meeting every alternate month. **Income** (1887).—Annual subscriptions, legacies, and donations, £852; invested funds, £465; payments for inmates, £1,361; produce sold, &c., £12. **Inmates.**—109. Bankers, Lambton & Co. Treasurer, Geo. A. Fenwick, Esq., Lambton & Co.'s Bank; Head Master, Mr. William Neill.

CAMBRIAN INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB (1847), Heathfield, Swansea.

Object.—To provide maintenance and instruction for deaf and dumb children, of both sexes. **Admission.**—By election of the Committee, confirmed by the Governors and usual payment, or by payment only if full charge is made. Application must be made to the Hon. Secretary for form of application. Candidates must be between the ages of 7 and 13 years, and furnish certificates of birth, deafness, health, and successful vaccination, which must be sent in by 31st May and 30th November. Before admission they must undergo a medical examination, and furnish security for payment, clothing, and removal. Paupers are eligible. London cases are eligible but preference is given to deaf and dumb children of the Principality of Wales. Each donation of £10, or subscription of £1 per annum, entitles to one vote. Payment according to circumstances, including cost of removal, &c. Clothes are not provided. Children are admitted without election, on payment according to their circumstances. The oral system is partly used. No trades are taught. Inmates must leave during the vacations. The Committee have a discretionary power to deviate from the rule which limits the eligible age. Candidates are admitted in January and July. English mutes are eligible on the special recommendation of friends of the charity, and payment at the rate of 7s. weekly. Parlour boarders are received on the same footing as private pupils elsewhere, on payment of £35 per annum and upwards. There is no exclusion of the deaf. The girls are taught needlework and housework. The boys do some housework and gardening, go on errands, &c. The nominal educational term is five years. **Management.**—By a Committee, appointed annually by the Governors, and meeting monthly. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £518; payments for inmates, £570. **Inmates.**—50. Bankers, Glamorganshire Banking Co., Swansea. Treasurer, the Manager of the Glamorganshire Banking Company. Principal, Mr. B. H. Payne, at the Institution; Hon. Sec., Joseph Hall, Esq., Grosvenor House, Swansea.

SCHOOL FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB (1862), Llandaff.

Object.—To provide maintenance and sound religious and secular education for deaf and dumb children of both sexes. **Admission.**—By application to the trustees and payment. No recommendation is necessary. Every child admitted must be deaf and dumb; not under 7 years of age; not deficient in intellect; not subject to fits; not labouring under any infectious disorder; and have been vaccinated or had the smallpox. Charge never exceeds £10 a year; in many cases it is less. Clothing must be supplied by friends. Inmates remain on an average about 5 years, when they are put to trades. Paupers are eligible. Priority is given to cases from Wales and Monmouthshire. **Management.**—By trustees and officers appointed by Committee, which consists of all subscribers of £1. 1s. a year. 'The Trustees meet as occasion requires, but the school accounts are carefully audited by a public accountant.' **Income** (1886).—Charitable contributions, £269; invested funds, £16;

payments by inmates, £228. **Inmates** (June, 1886).—24. Bankers, The National Provincial Bank of England, Cardiff. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, Alexander Melville, at the School.

INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB (1810), Henderson Row, Edinburgh.

Object.—To provide maintenance and instruction for deaf and dumb children of both sexes. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. Candidates must be between 7 and 13 years of age, and furnish certificate from medical attendant. Before admission, security must be given from two householders for payment, and, if necessary, removal. Payment, £17 per annum, including clothes. Paupers are received at £10 per annum inclusive. Parlour boarders are taken on payment of £40 per annum, not including clothes. Inmates remain until the age of—girls 14 and boys 18. The oral system is used, in conjunction with the manual. **Management.**—By Directors, appointed by subscribers, and meeting quarterly. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £584; invested funds, £300; payments for inmates, £440; legacies, £275. **Inmates.**—56. Bankers, The Commercial Bank of Scotland. Master, Mr. E. A. Illingworth, at the Institution; Secretary and Treasurer, H. J. Rollo, Esq., W.S.

DONALDSON'S HOSPITAL (1850), Edinburgh.

Object.—To provide maintenance and instruction for deaf and dumb and hearing children of both sexes. **Admission.**—By election. Application for forms must be made to the clerk of the Hospital. Candidates must be between the ages of 7 and 9, and furnish certificates of physical fitness for the home. London cases are not eligible, only Scotch cases being received. Paupers are not eligible. No payment is required. Clothes are provided. Inmates must leave during the vacation. The combined system is used. Inmates leave at the age of 14 years. **Management.**—By Governors, meeting quarterly. **Income** (1885).—£9,956 (supported entirely by endowment). **Inmates** (1882).—220. Bankers, Bank of Scotland. Treasurer, John Cook, Esq., W.S.; Master, Mr. Alfred Large, at the Institution.

GLASGOW SOCIETY FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE DEAF AND DUMB (1819).

Object.—To receive deaf and dumb children of both sexes and of all classes. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary or principal teacher, with extract of age, an attestation as to child being deaf and dumb, and medical certificate of child having had smallpox or cowpox, and being free from infection. Children of deficient intellect are ineligible. Outfit must be provided according to specified list. The age of admission is from 7 to 14 years, though exceptions are made in extraordinary cases. In cases in which the parents are unable to contribute to the expense of the child's maintenance, the Board of Managers have power either to admit the case gratuitously or at a reduced amount. Parlour boarders are received upon terms which may be obtained on application. Paupers are received upon payment by the Guardians. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions, £712; legacies and donations, £1,600; board wages, &c., £840; rents, £409; invested funds and income-tax returned, £1,117; Government grant to drawing pupils, £12. **Inmates.**—133. Treas. and Collector, J. Tasker, Esq., 26 Royal Exchange Square, Glasgow; Sec., B. B. Macgeorge, Esq., 24 George Sq., Glasgow.

DUNDEE INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB (1846), Dudhope Bank, 165 Lochee Road, Dundee.

Object.—To provide maintenance and instruction for deaf and dumb children of both sexes. **Admission.**—By the directors and trustees. Application must be made to the master. Candidates must be between the ages of 6 and 12 years, and furnish certificates of birth and health, and recommendations from respectable parties. Payment, £22 for board, education, and clothing. Inmates must leave during the vacations. London cases are not eligible. Children in Forfarshire, Perthshire and Fifeshire are eligible. Paupers are eligible. Cases are taken on payment without election or nomination. Private pupils are also taken on payment of £30, for which London cases are eligible. The directors pay the fees for the education, board, and clothing of a number of children of indigent parents, from the interest of invested funds, and subscriptions. (Treasurer, J. Miln, Esq., 2 Euclid Street, Dundee; Sec., R. Sturrock, Esq., 2 Euclid Street, Dundee.) The trustees of the late Mr. James Key pay the fees for the education, board, and clothing of another number of children, from the interest of property left by him, (Treasurers, Messrs. Thomas Thornton, Son, & Co., 15 Albert Square, Dundee.) The manual method is used. A few children are taught articulation for half an hour daily. No trades are taught, but children sweep their rooms, &c. Inmates remain until the age of 14, 15, or 16 years. **Management.**—By James Barland. The directors and trustees pay fees in lieu of a salary, and James Barland pays house expenses and wages. **Inmates** (1887–8).—19 bursars. Master, James Barland.

ABERDEEN INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB (1819), Belmont Street, Aberdeen.

Object.—To provide maintenance and instruction for deaf and dumb children of both sexes. **Admission.**—By schedules. Application must be made to the Secretary, 30 Belmont Street, Aberdeen. Applicants must be at least six years old, and furnish certificate of health, having been vaccinated, &c., and recommendations from any respectable person known to any of the Directors, which must be sent in any time before the first Monday of every month. Security is required for payment of board. Payment from £16 per annum; clothes are not provided. Inmates need not necessarily leave during the vacations. Paupers are eligible. London cases are eligible. Children so intellectually weak as to be incapable of instruction, are ineligible. Private pupils are taken, subject to arrangement. Payment for day-boarders, £1. 10s. per quarter. The oral system has been introduced. No trades are taught. Inmates remain until the age of 15, sometimes longer, when they are apprenticed if they wish, but the Directors do not profess to find situations. **Management.**—By 16 ordinary Directors, appointed at Annual Meeting; four meet once a month. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £183; invested funds, £111; inmates' payments, £148. **Inmates.**—15; day-pupils, 5. Bankers, Union Bank of Scotland. Master, Mr. Alexander Pender, at the Institution; Sec., Alexander Edmond, junr., Esq., 229 Union Street, Aberdeen.

CLAREMONT INSTITUTION FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE DEAF AND DUMB (1816), Claremont, near Glasnevin. Office, 8 Dawson Street, Dublin.

Object.—To provide maintenance, education, and industrial training for deaf and dumb children. **Admission.**—By election, appointment of Governors, or payment. Each subscription of 10s., or collection of £1,

entitles to one vote; each donation of £10. 10s. (or £20 collected) to three votes for life. Donors of £200 can always have one child in the institution. Candidates must be deaf and dumb, not deficient in intellect, between 6 and 12 years of age, and have had smallpox, or been vaccinated. A printed form of application, with questions, and form of engagement, must be obtained from the Secretary, and returned filled up and duly certified. Paupers are admitted. Clothing is provided. Indigent children may be admitted, without election, on payment of £25 per annum or less, at discretion of Governors, according to parents' circumstances, or a corresponding lump sum. Parlour boarders are taken at a charge of from £30 to £50. Candidates have been admitted from England on several occasions by payment. No inmates are received for less than five years. There are no day scholars at present. Catholics are admitted. The oral method of instruction is used. The boys are employed in farmwork, the girls in house and needlework. **Management.**—By Governors, elected annually by members (subscribers of at least £1), and meeting monthly. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £624; invested funds, £378; payments for inmates, £217; other sources, £1,184. **Inmates.**—30. Bankers, The Bank of Ireland. Hon. Secs., Very Rev. H. H. Dickinson, D.D., the Vicarage, Dawson Street; Rev. Henry Carroll, A.M., Melville, Glasnevin. Sec., Dr. Gick, at the Office. Head Master, Geo. Taylor, Esq.

CATHOLIC INSTITUTION FOR THE DEAF AND DUMB (1846). Male branch, St. Joseph's, Cabra; female branch, St. Mary's, Cabra, Dublin.

Object.—To provide maintenance and instruction for deaf and dumb Catholic children. **Admission.**—At discretion of Committee. Applicants must be (as a rule) between 8 and 14 years of age. Application must be made to the Secretary, with name, age, residence, and baptismal certificate of child. A form must be obtained, filled up, and returned eight days before child's presentation to Committee. No child is eligible who has not been vaccinated or had smallpox. Security for removal when desired must be given. Payment, £15 per annum, payable half-yearly in advance. Before admission, £1 must be paid for outfit; clothes are subsequently provided. Inmates remain six years on an average, and are trained for carpentry, harnessmaking, shoemaking, tailoring, baking, gardening, brushmaking, knitting, dressmaking, weaving, and household work. Parlour boarders are taken; £30 per annum and upwards. London and provincial cases are eligible. The sign system is preferred in this Institution. **Management.**—By Committee elected annually by members (subscribers or collectors of £1), and meeting weekly. The female branch is under the care of the Dominican Nuns; the male branch, of the Christian Brothers. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £3,621; interest on invested funds, £889; payments by inmates, £4,509; other sources, £449. **Inmates.**—391. Bankers, The Hibernian Bank. Treas., Very Rev. Canon Daniel, P.P., James Talbot Power, Esq., D.L., Joseph Woodlock, Esq.; Sec., Mr. Daniel O'Brien.

ULSTER SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING THE EDUCATION OF THE DEAF AND DUMB AND THE BLIND Belfast (*see p. 36*).

II—CRIPPLES.* (*See also* Introduction.)

NATIONAL INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR CRIPPLED BOYS (1865), Wright's Lane, Kensington, W.

Object.—'To receive, board, clothe, educate, and teach a trade to destitute, or neglected, or ill-used crippled boys.' **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary for form. Boys must be not under 12 nor over 18 years of age. They are kept three years. Payment of £10 a year required, together with two suits of clothes made at the Home. Perambulators or instruments required cannot be provided by Committee. Boys blind, or deaf and dumb, or without the use of their hands, ineligible. Candidates must undergo a medical examination. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £1,272; invested funds, £5; payments by inmates, £925; legacies, £1,742; industrial earnings, £1,622 (profit, £270). **Inmates.**—88. Bankers, London and County Bank (Kensington). Hon. Sec., H. R. Knipe, Esq.; Treasurer, E. Parker Young, Esq.; Resident Sec., Mr. F. J. Bovis.

MOORE STREET HOME (1870), 9 and 10 Moore Street; entrance, 17 Queen Street, Edgware Road, W.

Object.—To receive and provide industrial training for 30 crippled orphan and destitute boys. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec., or to the Matron. As a rule, boys under 8 or over 13 are not admitted. They must be able to get about on crutches, and to dress themselves without assistance. Apparatus must be supplied. No boy with open sores can be admitted. Terms of admission, £15 a year, paid quarterly in advance; but a few exceptional cases are admitted free. Certain specified clothing must be provided. The course of training comprises boot and shoe making, jewel setting, &c. The Home is closed in August. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £204; grants from Reformatory and Refuge Union, &c., £46; payments for boys, £419; industrial earnings, £87. **Inmates.**—30. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, General Lynedoch Gardiner, 109 Cromwell Road, S.W.; Superintendent and Matron, Mrs. Wolfeberger.

CRIPPLES' HOME AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1851), 17A Marylebone Road, W.

Object.—A home for crippled girls; and for girls not crippled, but destitute, or requiring special training as domestics. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec. None admitted under 12 years of age, and must have free use of eyes and hands. They are instructed in needlework, straw work, dressmaking, and millinery, and are received for three years. Other girls are employed in domestic and laundry work, bread-making, cooking, &c.; situations in domestic service are found for them on leaving. Payment required for each girl of £10 a year. Perambulators, and any splints and instruments required for cripples, must be provided. An outfit must be provided for each girl for coming to and leaving the Home. 'The Committee feel themselves compelled to claim three years' payments should a girl be withdrawn without just cause before the time.'

* For institutions devoted to the surgical treatment of deformities *see* ORTHOPEDIC HOSPITALS in Index. Cases coming under this section are received at some CHILDREN'S HOSPITALS. Provision is made for crippled children at KINGSDOWN ORPHANAGE, Holloway. *See also* HIP DISEASE, HOSPITALS FOR.

A donor of £30 may nominate one girl free. The Institution is certified to receive girls from workhouses, under Poor Law Board. Convalescent Home, Bognor. **Management.**—Committees of ladies and gentlemen. **Income** (1888).—Annual subscriptions, donations, and collections, £1,212; invested funds, £447; receipts for inmates, £596; sales, £352. **Inmates.**—75. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank (Marylebone). Hon. Sec. to Ladies' Committee, Miss E. Steinmetz; to Gentlemen's Committee, Edward Bannister, Esq., 16 Cheyne Gardens, Chelsea, S.W.; Treasurers, Miss Burmester and C. H. F. Routh, Esq., M.D.; Superintendent and Resident Sec., Miss E. Emes.

CRIPPLES' NURSERY (1862), 15 Park Place, Clarence Gate, Regent's Park, N.W. Seaside Home, 10 Sea View Terrace, Margate.

Object.—To provide a home and industrial training for crippled children of both sexes. **Admission.**—By application to Mrs. Kirk, at the Home. Children must be between 3 and 8 years of age. They cannot be retained after 12 years of age. Payment of £13 a year, quarterly in advance, required, with a fee of £1 for clothing. Children must be examined by local medical man, whose report must be forwarded to medical officer of institution. Month's notice required on either side for removal, except in special cases. Any surgical instrument ordered or required must be paid for by parents or patrons. Cases of infectious disorders, or incurable cases of idiocy and epilepsy, inadmissible. Incurable cases of spine disease, and paralysis of the extremities, also inadmissible except in special cases. A set of 16 questions (forwarded on application) is required to be answered before admission. The children are employed in plain needlework and knitting. The MARGATE BRANCH is for those inmates who require change and sea air. They are sent there for three months at a time. **Management.**—Committees of ladies and gentlemen. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions and payments for inmates, £1,600; grant from Reformatory and Refuge Union, £22; other sources, £17. **Inmates** (during year).—48. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England. Treas. and Hon. Sec., Geo. Hanbury, Esq., 21 Portman Square, W.; Lady Superintendent and Sec., Mrs. Kirk.

HOME FOR CRIPPLED CHILDREN (1877), 17 White Ladies' Road, Clifton, Bristol.

Object.—To give poor crippled children an adequate education, and to afford them such advantages as may alleviate and remedy the physical defects under which they suffer. **Admission.**—By application to Hon. Secretary. Payment, £12 a year, quarterly in advance, for which some friend must be responsible. Age of admission: boys, 2 to 7; girls, 2 to 10. Children cannot be retained after (boys) 10, (girls) 12 years of age. Cripples must be examined by a local medical man and his report forwarded to medical officer of the Institution. Month's notice on either side required for removal of a child, except in special cases. Clothing according to specified list must be provided. Incurable cases of idiocy and epilepsy, and children with any infectious disorder, are ineligible, as are also incurable cases of spine disease and of paralysis of the lower part of the body, except in very special cases. Children admitted Mondays at 3 p.m. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by the members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £535; payments for inmates, £216; legacy, £100. **Inmates.**—24. Bankers, Wilts and Dorset Bank, Clifton Branch. Treasurer, C. J. Collins Prichard, Esq., 29 Victoria Square, Clifton; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Hutchinson, 16 The Avenue, Clifton.

IV.—LUNATICS.* (*See also* Introduction.)

COLNEY HATCH LUNATIC ASYLUM (1851), Colney Hatch, Middlesex.

Object.—The reception of pauper lunatics of the county of Middlesex.
Admission.—By application through the relieving officers of the parish to which the patient belongs. Certificates are required from medical men at the instance of the Justices of the Peace. None but Middlesex paupers are admissible. Payment by parishes and unions. Patients can be readmitted upon fresh orders. Inmates are employed in tailoring, shoemaking, sewing, &c. There is a charitable fund for the relief of discharged patients. **Management.**—By Committee of Visitors appointed by the Court of Quarter Sessions. **Income** (1887).—£56,386. **Inmates.**—2,248. Medical Superintendents, Dr. W. J. Seward and W. G. Marshall, Esq.; Clerk, R. A. Burrows, Esq.

HANWELL LUNATIC ASYLUM (1831), Hanwell, Middlesex.

Object.—The reception of pauper lunatics of the county of Middlesex.
Admission.—By application through the relieving officers of the parishes to which the patients are chargeable, under orders of Justices of the Peace and medical certificates. None but Middlesex paupers are eligible. Inmates are, as far as possible, employed in house and farm work. There is a charitable fund for the relief of discharged patients. **Management.**—By Committee of Visitors, appointed by Court of Quarter Sessions. **Income** (1887).—£48,527. **Inmates.**—1,894. Medical Superintendents, J. P. Richards, Esq., and Dr. Henry Rayner; Clerk, J. W. Palmer, Esq.

BANSTEAD LUNATIC ASYLUM, Banstead, Surrey.

Object.—The reception of pauper lunatics of the county of Middlesex.
Income (1887).—£50,449. **Inmates** (on books March 1888).—Males, 710; females, 1,292. Medical Superintendent, T. C. Shaw, Esq., M.D., F.R.C.P.; Clerk, Mr. W. T. Roberts.

CANE HILL LUNATIC ASYLUM (1883), Coulsdon, Surrey.

Object.—The reception of pauper lunatics of the county of Surrey.
Admission.—By application through the relieving officers of the parish to which the patient belongs. **Management.**—By Committee of visitors appointed by Quarter Sessions. **Income** (1887).—£33,336. **Inmates** (January 1, 1888).—997. Medical Superintendent, Dr. J. H. Moody; Clerk, Mr. J. L. Ralph.

CITY OF LONDON LUNATIC ASYLUM (1866), Stone, near Dartford, Kent.

Object.—The reception of pauper lunatics of the City of London.
Admission.—By application through the relieving officers of the patient's parish, or from the City of London Union. Certificates are required from a magistrate and a medical practitioner. Patients only are admitted who belong to a City parish, or are found wandering not under proper

* In addition to these public Institutions, there are numerous Private Asylums in different parts of the country where patients are received at various scales of payment, which is in some cases as low as 30s. per week. Particulars of these Institutions may be obtained on application to the Secretary of the CHARITY ORGANISATION SOCIETY.

Institutions for supplying nurses for insane patients will be found under NURSING INSTITUTIONS.

care and control. Freemen and their wives are eligible, if paupers. Only paupers chargeable to the City of London are eligible for admission. Payment from parishes is made through the City of London Union. Inmates are employed in farmwork, tailoring, shoemaking, sewing, carpentering, painting, baking, &c. There is a charitable fund for the relief of discharged patients. **Management.**—By Committee of Visitors appointed by the Court of Aldermen. **Income** (1887).—£18,716. **Inmates** (1887-8).—444. Clerk to the Committee, H. F. Youle, Esq., Guildhall, E.C.; Medical Superintendent, Ernest W. White, Esq., M.B.Lond., M.R.C.P.Lond.

SURREY COUNTY LUNATIC ASYLUM, Wandsworth, S.W.

Object.—The reception of pauper lunatics of the county of Surrey. **Inmates** (Dec. 31, 1888).—Males, 449; females, 624; total, 1,073. **Income** (1888).—£25,816. Medical Supt., J. S. Biggs, Esq., M.D.

BROOKWOOD LUNATIC ASYLUM (1867), Brookwood, Woking, Surrey.

Object.—The reception of pauper lunatics of the county of Surrey. **Income** (1887).—£32,390. **Inmates** (1887).—1,029. Medical Superintendent, James E. Barton, Esq.

KENT COUNTY LUNATIC ASYLUM, Barming Heath, Maidstone.

Object.—The reception of pauper lunatics of the county of Kent. **Income** (1887).—£34,982. **Inmates** (average for 1887).—1,411. A few private patients are admitted at 17s. a week. Medical Superintendent, F. Pritchard Davies, Esq., M.D.

EAST KENT LUNATIC ASYLUM, Chartham Downs, near Canterbury.

Object.—The reception of pauper lunatics of the county of Kent. **Inmates** (July, 1888).—Males, 333; females, 443; total, 776. Private patients received at 16s. a week, everything included. **Income** (1887).—£23,721. Bankers and Treasurers, H. Tasker and J. A. Wigan, Esqs., Kentish Bank, Maidstone. Medical Supt., R. Spencer, Esq., M.R.C.P.

WARNEFORD LUNATIC ASYLUM (1826), near Oxford.

Object.—‘The reception, relief, and care of the insane, from whatever county recommended.’ Patients must be of the upper or middle classes of society. **Admission.**—By application to the Resident Medical Superintendent. No person in a state of idiocy, or suffering from epilepsy or paralysis, is admissible. Security required for payment in advance, for supply of clothing and for removal of patient if necessary, and for funeral expenses in case of death. Payment, first class patients, £2. 2s. a week; Committee have power to increase or reduce the payment. When assistance is sought from the charitable funds of the institution a petition to that effect must be addressed to the chairman of the Committee of Management, stating the grounds on which a reduced charge is solicited. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by Governors. **Income** (1887).—Annual subscriptions and donation, £31; invested funds, £2,506; payments for patients, £3,967; sale of live stock, &c., £52. **Inmates.**—77. Bankers, Messrs. Parsons, Oxford. Treas. Herbert Parsons, Esq., Old Bank, Oxford. Resident Medical Supt., J. Bywater Ward, Esq., M.D.

ST. LUKE'S HOSPITAL FOR LUNATICS (1751), Old St., E.C.

Object.—The maintenance and treatment of lunatics. **Admission.**—At discretion of Committee, on application to Secretary, either free or by payment of 14s., 21s., or 30s. per week, according to the nature of the case, and the circumstances of the friends. Persons who have been insane for 12 months, or whose cases are considered to be chronic, can only be admitted on payment of 21s. per week. Cases subject to epilepsy, apoplexy, organic disease of the brain, or being in a state of idiocy, *ineligible*. Two medical certificates are required. The time which elapses before admission depends upon the nature of the case. Free cases are admitted usually for 12 months. **Management.**—By Committee, elected by Governors (donors of £31. 10s.). **Income.**—**Inmates** (on Jan. 1, 1888).—192. **Treas.**, A. Powell, Esq.; **Sec.**, Percy de Bathe, Esq.

BETHLEHEM HOSPITAL (1547), St. George's Road, S.E.; Convalescent Establishment at Witley, Godalming.

Object.—The reception of lunatics likely to recover within a year; also a certain number of incurables for a year or more, and free advice in cases of insanity. **Admission.**—‘All poor lunatics, presumed to be curable, are eligible for admission into this hospital, for maintenance and medical treatment, except those who have sufficient means for their suitable maintenance in a private asylum; those who have been insane more than twelve months, and who are considered by the resident physician to be incurable; those who are in a state of idiocy, or are subject to epileptic fits, or whose condition threatens the speedy dissolution of life, or requires the permanent and exclusive attendance of a nurse.’ A preference will be given to patients of the educated classes, to secure accommodation for whom no patient will be received who is a proper object for admission into a county lunatic asylum. A form of certificate must be obtained from the hospital and returned to the resident physician, signed by the minister and parish officers, by some relation or friend of the lunatic, by a governor of the hospital, and by two medical men, not partners nor one the assistant of the other. Security must be given by two persons in the sum of £100 for clothing, removal or burial. Certain specified clothing must be provided. **Management.**—By Governors. **Income** (1882).—£31,109. 6s. 10d., including £5,499. 14s. 2d. for incurables. **Inmates.**—222 men, 312 women; at Witley, 8 men, 19 women. Resident Physician, R. Percy Smith, Esq., M.D.

THE AFTER-CARE ASSOCIATION FOR POOR AND FRIENDLESS FEMALE CONVALESCENTS ON LEAVING ASYLUMS FOR THE INSANE (1879).

Object.—‘To facilitate the re-admission of poor and friendless female convalescents from lunatic asylums into social life.’ (1) By obtaining for them, when needful, a brief interval of change of scene and air. (2) By assisting them to obtain suitable employment. Application must be made to the Secretary. **Management.**—By Council. **Income.**—£244. Bankers, Union Bank of London, Regent Street Branch. **Treas.**, Dr. T. C. Shaw, Banstead, Surrey; **Hon. Sec.**, Rev. H. Hawkins, Colney Hatch; **Sec.**, H. T. Roxby, Esq., Arden Lea, The Drive, Walthamstow, Essex.

THE ‘AFTER-CARE LADIES’ WORKING SOCIETY’ assists poor female convalescents, after leaving asylums for the insane, with gifts of clothing, according to the requirements of each case. Communications should be addressed to Rev. H. Hawkins, Chaplain's House, Colney Hatch, N.

HOLLOWAY SANATORIUM (1885), St. Ann's Heath, Virginia Water, Chertsey.

Object.—The care and cure of insane or nervous invalids of the upper and upper-middle classes. **Admission.**—By application to the Resident Medical Superintendent, accompanied by the usual certificates, together with an undertaking signed by two responsible persons for payment quarterly in advance. At least one-half of the total number of patients for the time being are admitted at a charge not exceeding £2. 2s. per week, and of the number of patients so admitted not less than one-half are admitted at £1. 5s. per week. Patients paying the higher rates can have private rooms and special attendants, and there are private cottages in the grounds where patients can be accommodated. Voluntary patients not under certificates are also received. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income.**—From endowment and patients' payments. **Patients.**—225. Resident Medical Supt., Dr. S. Rees Philipps.

WONFORD HOUSE (HOSPITAL FOR THE INSANE) (1801), near Exeter.

Object.—'To provide for the cure and care of insane patients of the upper and middle classes.' **Admission.**—The weekly rates of payment are £2. 7s. and upwards, according to the requirements of the case, but reductions are granted by the Committee in all proper cases. Two medical certificates and an 'order' are required before a patient can be admitted. **Management.**—By Committee, consisting of donors of £21 (who are life members), and ten Governors (donors of £10. 10s.) elected annually. **Income** (1887).—Inmates' payments, £13,101; charitable contributions and legacy, £11; invested funds, £181; other sources, £16. **Inmates.**—124. Bankers, Sanders & Barnes, Exeter. Treasurer, T. W. Gray, Esq., Queen Street, Exeter; Resident Medical Supt., P. Maury Deas, Esq., M.B.

ST. ANDREW'S HOSPITAL FOR MENTAL DISEASES (1838), Northampton.

Object.—To provide medical care and comforts for persons belonging to the upper and middle classes suffering from mental diseases. **Admission.**—By application to the Resident Medical Officer. Payments: 1st class, £2. 2s. per week; 2nd class, £1. 5s. per week; clothing extra. **Management.**—By a Committee of gentlemen. **Income** (1887).—**Patients** (December 31, 1887).—Males, 172; females, 159—total, 331. Medical Superintendent, J. Bayley, Esq., M.R.C.S. Eng., L.S.A. Lond.; Treas., A. Page, Esq., Union Bank, Northampton; Sec., Mr. J. Godfrey.

LUNATIC HOSPITAL (1859), The Coppice, near Nottingham.

Object.—To receive, at moderate rates of payment (from £2 per week downwards), insane persons of the middle classes, and also, at *reduced rates*, persons of the middle class belonging to the county of Nottingham, who are recommended by a subscriber. No limit as to age. Payments must be made quarterly and *in advance*, and the patient properly supplied with clothing. Patients admitted on two medical certificates. **Management.**—By a Committee of gentlemen belonging to the county and town of Nottingham, elected annually from the subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Endowment, £376; voluntary contributions, £251; patients' payments, £8,309; other sources, £54. **Patients** (December 31, 1887).—81. Bankers, S. Smith & Co., Nottingham. Treasurer, H. A. Smith, Esq., Nottingham; Physician-Superintendent, Dr. Tate.

JAMES MURRAY'S ROYAL ASYLUM FOR LUNATICS (Royal Charter dated 1827), Perth, N.B.

Object (from Charter).—‘The Directors shall have power to receive patients at less than the established rates, and even gratuitously, providing that the state of the funds shall admit thereof, and that the persons so to be admitted shall not have legal claims for relief as paupers.’

Admission.—Patients are admitted under the provisions of the Lunacy Acts. The minimum rate of board is £52 a year, but on application to the Directors this may be reduced in terms of the Royal Charter. Persons residing in Perth, Dunbarnie, or Rhynd have a preference. **Management**.—By 22 Directors (8 *ex-officio* and 14 co-optative). **Income** (1887).—£8,419. **Inmates**.—105. Bankers, Union Bank of Scotland. Treasurers, Messrs. Mackenzie & Dickson, 61 George Street, Perth; Physician-Superintendent, Dr. Urquhart.

CRICHTON ROYAL INSTITUTION (1838, incorporated by Act of Parliament 1840), Dumfries.

Object.—The reception of insane patients belonging to the upper and middle classes. **Admission**.—By payment of £40 per annum and upwards. Voluntary patients taken. **Management**.—By Board of Trustees and Directors. **Income**.—Being a trust no accounts are published. **Patients** (Dec. 31, 1887).—Males, 255; females, 263; total, 518. Medical Superintendent, Dr. James Rutherford. Bankers, British Linen Company. Treasurer and Sec., J. Carmont, Esq., Irish Street, Dumfries.

STEWART INSTITUTION AND ASYLUM FOR LUNATIC PATIENTS, Palmerstown, near Dublin (*see* p. 76).

V.—INEBRIATES.* (*See also* Introduction.)

SOCIETY FOR THE STUDY AND CURE OF INEBRIETY (1884).

Object.—The study of inebriety and the promotion of legislation for the protection and cure of inebriates. The Society holds quarterly general meetings, and issues a quarterly number of “Proceedings.”† **Admission**.—Medical men are elected by the Council as members, and other persons as associates at a minimum annual subscription of 5s. **Income** (1886-7).—£228. Bankers, London and County Bank, Paddington Branch. President, Norman Kerr, Esq., M.D., F.L.S.; Sec., C. H. Bishop, 42 Grove Road, Regent’s Park, N.W.

HOMES FOR INEBRIATES ASSOCIATION (registered, with limited liability, March 7, 1882).

Object.—The establishment of homes for the treatment of inebriety on scientific principles. The only Home at present carried on by the Association is the Dalrymple Home for Gentlemen, at Rickmansworth, Herts. **Admission** to Retreats (*see* below) licensed under the Habitual Drunkards’ Act, 1879. Applicants must be persons who, by reason of

* The Institutions for Inebriates are unavoidably placed in the section ‘Relief in Affliction,’ on account of the close relation between inebriety and lunacy.

† London: Lewis, 136 Gower Street, W.C., price 6d.

habitual drinking, are at times dangerous to themselves or to others, or are incapable of managing themselves or their affairs. Any such person may make application for admission on form to be obtained from the Clerk to the local Justices, or from the licensee of a Retreat, filling up the time (any period not exceeding 12 months) during which he or she undertakes to remain in the Retreat. The eligibility of applicant as a habitual drunkard within the meaning of the Act must be certified in a statutory declaration by two persons. Applicant's signature must be attested by two Justices of the Peace (or one Metropolitan Police Magistrate), who must state that applicant understood the effect of the application. Retreats are subject to Government inspection. Inmates escaping can be apprehended. At request of licensee, a Justice of the Peace may discharge a patient, or grant him leave of absence. **Management.**—The affairs of the Association are managed by a Committee elected by the members, with power to add to their number. **Income** (1888–9).—£2,912. Bankers, London and County Bank, Paddington (London) Branch. President, Dr. Cameron, M.P.; Hon. Sec., Norman Kerr, Esq., M.D., F.L.S., 42 Grove Road, Regent's Park, London, N.W.

THE DALRYMPLE HOME FOR THE TREATMENT OF INEBRIETY (1879), The Cedars, Rickmansworth, Herts.

Object.—The treatment of inebriates on scientific principles. **Admission.**—By payment of entrance fee of £1. 1s. Thirteen weeks' board and residence, from £2. 2s. to £5. 5s. per week, according to accommodation. Laundry extra. Four weeks' notice of removal required before end of quarter. **Management.**—By Committee of the Homes for Inebriates Association, no member of the Association or the Committee deriving any pecuniary profit, all profits going to the benefit of the undertaking. Resident Medical Supt., R. Welsh Branthwaite, Esq., L.R.C.P.Lond. **Patients** (1888–9).—33.

SPELTHORNE SANATORIUM (1879), Bedfont, near Feltham, Middlesex.

Object.—'The reformation of women who have fallen into habits of intemperance.' **Admission.**—A form of application must be obtained from, and, when filled up, returned to, the Lady Superintendent, with medical certificate of good general health, and freedom from fits, obtained from G. Welland Mackenzie, Esq., 13 William Street, Lowndes Square, S.W., between 2 and 3 o'clock; also engagement by householder for removal in case of illness or death; and recommendation. Workhouse and penitentiary cases are ineligible. Inmates must find underclothing, boots and shoes, and dark blue or black dress. A weekly payment in advance is required of 12s. 6d. Special arrangements are made for a limited number of good laundry workers at a lower rate. A few ladies are received at from 1 to 3 guineas per week, according to accommodation required. Inmates are not allowed intoxicating drinks; give up all money and keys; may not go beyond the premises unattended without permission. They are not received for less than one year. Visitors may be seen on fixed days. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £362; payments by patients, £569; industrial work, &c., £125. **Inmates** (1887).—37. Bankers, Messrs. Barclay, Bevan, Tritton, Ransom, Bouverie & Co. Treasurer, Major-General Walker K. Fooks, 5 Bassett Road, North Kensington, W.; Hon. Sec., Miss A. Beal, 5 Warwick Crescent, Paddington, W., and Miss Mabel A. Cowell, 3 Mornington Avenue, West Kensington, W.

HOME FOR FEMALE INEBRIATES (1876), St. James's House, Kennington Park, S.E.

Object.—A temporary home for the reformation of female inebriates.

Admission.—By application at the Home, accompanied by medical certificate, stating that applicant does not suffer from mental or bodily disease, with recommendation from a clergyman, &c. A friend or relative must sign agreement guaranteeing fulfilment of rules and payment of all fees. Inmates admitted daily from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. No intoxicating liquor of any kind allowed in the Home. No inmate allowed to leave the Home or to see visitors without permission of Lady Superior. Charge for each inmate 15s. a week, paid monthly in advance. Those deserving of assistance will, however, be admitted for a smaller sum, and those unable to pay anything are admitted free when there is room and funds. Persons above 45 years of age only admitted on payment of the full charge of 15s. a week. Persons above 55 years are ineligible. No woman over 30 years will be admitted free. Special charge made for cases of illness requiring constant medical attendance. Twelve months is the shortest time for which admission is granted; but it is desirable that inmates should stay longer, and those who want to gain a character from the Home must stay at least twelve months. On leaving the Home, inmates are, if necessary, provided with situations, and receive a good outfit, free. **Management.**—By Committee of advice (ladies and gentlemen) appointed at the opening of the Home by Lady Superior (the foundress), and afterwards by co-optation. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £1,050; payments for inmates, £419; laundry and needlework, £1,612. **Inmates.**—83. Bankers, Messrs. Barclay, Bevan & Co. Hon. Treasurer, Rev. F. S. May, D.D.; Hon. Sec., C. Zierenberg, Esq., 4 Ebenezer Terrace, Kennington Park, S.E.

WEST HOLME (1884), Staines Road, Hounslow, Middlesex.

Object.—To receive women anxious to overcome habits of intemperance; middle class preferred. Terms, subject to arrangement, from 12s. 6d. to £1. 1s. per week, payable in advance. Prison or penitentiary cases rigidly excluded. Age, under 50. Undertaking required from householder in case of death or removal, and certificate from medical attendant. **Management.**—By Committee of gentlemen and Hon. Sec. **Inmates** (1887).—29. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £285; inmates' payments, £404; inmates' earnings, £188; sale of garden produce, &c., £18. Bankers, London and County Bank, Hounslow. Treas., E. M. Pollock, Esq., 1 King's Bench Walk, Temple; Hon. Sec., Miss H. S. Pollock, Woodlawn, Hanworth, Middlesex.

HIGH FLATTS SANATORIUM (1886), Denby Dale, near Huddersfield.

Object.—The restoration of inebriate women of the working or middle class. **Admission.**—By application to the Committee. Cases nominated by subscribers of £1 and upwards will have preference. Terms: patients doing needlework for the Home, 10s. per week; for those who perform light house-work, 7s. 6d. per week; those who clean, cook, and wash, 5s. per week. Prison and penitentiary cases ineligible. An undertaking is required from the patient agreeing to remain for a minimum period of six months, and also from a responsible friend for payment in advance of the agreed charges. **Management.**—By a Committee of ladies. Treas., Mrs. Briggs, The Vicarage, Hepworth, near Huddersfield; Secs., Mrs. J. N. Dransfield, Green House, Penistone, near Sheffield, and Miss Wood, Newhouse, Denby Dale, near Huddersfield.

Information as regards the following Institutions is mainly taken from the 'Eighth Report of the Inspector of Retreats under the Habitual Drunkards' Act for the year 1887.' The figures first given show the number of men or women the Retreat is licensed to receive, those following indicating the total number under treatment on December 31, 1887:—

- HALESOWEN** (Worcestershire), Coleman Hill House. Terms, from 2 guineas per week. Licensees: H. R. Ker, F.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. Edin., &c.; T. V. de Denne, L.R.C.P., M.R.C.S.; and Miss S. McCraith. 21 women (2).
- TWICKENHAM** (Middlesex), High Shot House. Terms, from 3 to 5 guineas per week. Licensee, H. Branthwaite, Esq., F.R.C.S. Ed. 10 men (8).
- BROOK GREEN** (London), Montague House. Isabella Fanny Smith. 10 women (3).
- WALSALL** (Staffordshire), Old Park Hall. Terms: ladies from 30s. to £2. 2s.; working patients at 12s. 6d. per week. Licensee, F. J. Gray, Esq., L.S.A. 11 men, 2 women (11).
- WESTGATE-ON-SEA** (Kent), Tower House. Terms: upper and middle classes, from 2 to 5 guineas per week. Licensee, J. H. Brown, Esq. 14 men, 6 women (7).
- AMESBURY** (Wilts), Amesbury House. Licensee, H. P. Westbury, Esq., B.A., L.R.C.P. Edin., L.R.C.S. Edin. 2 men, 1 woman (none).

The following Retreats are not licensed under the Act: *

- EDINBURGH HOME FOR INEBRIATE LADIES** (1866), Queensberry Lodge, Holyrood. Accommodation, 24. Terms, from £50 to £100 a year. Sec., Mr. J. A. Robertson, C.A.; Superintendent, Miss Leahy.
- EDINBURGH HOUSE OF REFUGE** (1832), Queensberry House, 64 Canon-gate. Accommodation, 300. Terms vary according to the means of the patient. Superintendent, Miss Vernon.
- FOREST HILL HOME FOR INEBRIATES** (1886), The Mount, Perry Rise, Forest Hill, S.E. Accommodation, 10. Ages preferred, 20 to 40. Terms: lady patients, from 22s. to 30s.; working patients, from 7s. 6d. to 12s. 6d. Superintendent, Miss Williams.
- INEBRIATE HOME FOR WOMEN** (1888), 99 Southam Street, Westbourne Park, W. In connection with the Women's Union, Church of England Temperance Society. Accommodation, 10. Terms, from 5s. to 7s. 6d. a week, according to patient's circumstances; majority free. Applications to Mrs. Law, 9 Norfolk Crescent, W., or to Mrs. Kelly, 181 Sutherland Avenue, Maida Vale, W.
- PEEBLESHIRE TEMPERANCE HOME FOR WOMEN** (1875), Brownsland House, Stobs, Peebleshire. Accommodation, 12. Terms, 10s. per week. Superintendent, Mrs. Ross.
- ST. VERONICA'S RETREAT** (1889), Chiswick. For Roman Catholic women.
- VERMONT SANATORIUM** (1880), 337 Prescott Road, Stanley, near Liverpool. Accommodation, 15. Ages preferred, 20 to 40. Terms: first class, £2. 2s. per week; second class, £1. 1s. per week; working patients, 7s. per week; a few free. President, Mrs. Pratt.

* This information is mainly taken from the list published by the Reformatory and Refuge Union.

VI.—IMBECILES AND IDIOTS.

(See also Introduction.)

METROPOLITAN ASYLUMS BOARD.

Object.—The reception of imbeciles from the metropolitan work-houses. **Admission.**—By order of Board of Guardians, through relieving officer. **Management.**—By Metropolitan Asylums Board.

DARENTH ASYLUM, near Dartford. Expenditure (1887–8), £25,782. Inmates (daily average), 860. Steward, Mr. W. Harper.

DARENTH SCHOOLS, near Dartford. Expenditure (1887–8), £20,391. Inmates (daily average), 650. Steward, Mr. W. Harper.

CATERHAM ASYLUM. Expenditure (1887–8), £40,415. Inmates (daily average), 2,000. Steward, Mr. Parkinson.

LEAVESDEN ASYLUM, near Watford. Expenditure (1887–8), £41,384. Inmates (daily average), 1,980. Steward, Mr. J. Walker.

ASYLUM FOR IDIOTS (1847), Earlswood, Redhill, Surrey.
Office, 36 King William Street, E.C.

Object.—To board, train, and care for idiots and imbecile persons. **Admission.**—By election of subscribers or payment. Candidates who have means are admitted only on payment, to be regulated by the Board of Management. Candidates for election must be under 16 years of age, and not paupers. They are subjected to inquiry and professional examination (personally if resident within ten miles of Royal Exchange) and are eligible only if there is reasonable expectation of benefit accruing. Elections in April and October. Each donation of £5. 5s. and annual subscription of 10s. 6d. gives one vote at the two, or two votes at one election, each year. Votes are carried forward to five succeeding elections. In cases of emergency applicants may be admitted at the lowest rate of payment, subject to removal if not elected at next election. Candidates elected are admitted for five years, and supplied with board, lodging, and clothing. Further elections for five years are granted to inmates of four years' standing, at discretion of the Board. Inmates, before admission, whether by payment or by election, must furnish guarantees for removal when required, and, in the former case, for payment half-yearly in advance. Inmates are taught reading, writing, &c., and, where practicable, trades, and are employed in household and industrial work. **Management.**—By Board, elected annually by subscribers. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions and legacies, £16,046; rents and invested funds, £963; payments for inmates, £8,671; industrial earnings, £477. **Inmates.**—579. Bankers, Messrs. Hoare. Treasurer, H. Gerard Hoare, Esq. Resident Physician and Superintendent, Robert Jones, Esq., M.D.; Secretary, Mr. James Downing, at the Office.

NORMANSFIELD, Hampton Wick. (This is not a Charity.)

Object.—'For the care and training of backward and feeble-minded children and youth of both sexes.' **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. Payment made quarterly in advance. Inmates are kept as long as it is felt that benefit is derived. Applicants are seen by, or their medical report is referred to, Dr. Langdon Down, 81 Harley Street, W. Outfit required according to list. **Management.**—By Mrs. Langdon Down. **Inmates (1887).**—144 at various rates of payment.

EASTERN COUNTIES ASYLUM FOR IDIOTS AND IMBECILES (1859), Colchester. Office, Station Road.

Object.—The reception of idiots and imbeciles above the pauper class. **Admission.**—By election or payment. A donation of £5. 5s., or an annual subscription of 10s. 6d., entitles to one vote at each half-yearly election. Election cases must reside in Essex, Suffolk, Norfolk, or Cambridgeshire, and must not be under 5 years of age when applying. Pauper cases, and cases of insanity or confirmed epilepsy, are ineligible. Term of election, 5 years. Cases may be re-elected, some for life. Ordinary charge for payment cases, admissible from any locality, £60 a year, including clothing. Those paying higher rates have special privileges. Reduced rates from £31. 10s. upwards, where more cannot be afforded. Medical certificates are required that the cases are idiots or imbeciles. **Management.**—By a Board of Directors, appointed by the subscribers at the Annual Meeting. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £3,900; invested funds, £291; payments for cases, £1,184. **Inmates** (1888).—Males, 101; females, 53. Bankers, Mills, Bawtree, & Co., Colchester. Treas., J. Bawtree, Esq.; Supt. and Sec., Mr. J. J. O. Turner; Matron, Mrs. Turner.

MIDLAND COUNTIES IDIOT ASYLUM (1868), Knowle, Birmingham.

Object.—The reception and training of idiots and imbeciles belonging to the lower and higher middle classes. **Admission.**—By election and payment of £10 per annum, or by payment only. Election cases, and those paying £30 per annum, and £7. 10s. for clothing, must belong to Leicestershire, Shropshire, Staffordshire, Warwickshire, or Worcestershire. Full payment, £60 per annum, and £15 for clothing. Those paying higher rates have special privileges. A donation of £5. 5s., or subscription of 10s. 6d., entitles to one vote. Candidates are admitted at any age, youthful cases being preferred, and must be of an improvable type. Cases of confirmed epilepsy are ineligible. Certificates by two medical practitioners are required. Election for five years, at the end of which term suitable cases may be re-elected. **Management.**—By a Committee, appointed by subscribers at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £550; invested funds, £125; payments for inmates, £1,144; rent, £9. **Inmates** (April 1888).—Males, 24; females, 24. Bankers, Birmingham Joint Stock Bank, Limited. Treasurers, Alderman Thos. Avery, Dr. Bell Fletcher; Matron, Miss Lukey; Secretary and House Governor, Mr. W. G. Blatch.

WESTERN COUNTIES IDIOT ASYLUM (1864), Starcross, Exeter.

Object.—The reception and training of idiots and imbeciles, both private and pauper cases. **Admission.**—By payment; pauper cases, 9s. a week, from the four Western counties; 12s. a week from non-Western counties; private cases, 5s. a week and upwards. Cases paying less than 10s. must belong to Dorset, Somerset, Devon, or Cornwall. Cases paying more than 12s. have special privileges. Applicants admitted upon the reduced terms of 5s., also all pauper cases, must be under 16 years of age. Cases of epilepsy, insanity, and deaf mutes ineligible. **Management.**—By a Committee, appointed by subscribers at Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £338; invested funds, £18; payments for patients, £3,688. **Inmates** (July 1888).—102 males, 56 females. Bankers, Milford, Snow, & Co. Treas., T. M. Snow, Esq., City Bank, Exeter; Supt. and Sec., Mr. W. Locke, at the Asylum.

ROYAL ALBERT ASYLUM (1864), Lancaster.

Object.—The education and training of idiots and imbeciles belonging to Lancashire, Yorkshire, Cheshire, Westmoreland, Cumberland, Durham, and Northumberland. **Admission.**—By election by subscribers, or payment. The number of patients elected from each county is proportionate to the amount contributed. Candidates for election must be between 6 and 15 years of age, and their friends must be unable to meet the lowest payment. They are elected for seven years, being received on probation for one year. Paying patients are admitted by the Central Committee at charges varying from £26. 5s. to £210 per annum. Full payment cases are received from counties not included in the district. Pauper cases belonging to the associated counties are received at the rate charged at the County Lunatic Asylum of the union, with the addition of £3. 3s. per annum for clothing. Epileptic, paralytic, insane, incurably hydrocephalic, blind, and deaf persons, are ineligible. The training includes gymnastic exercise, school education, and instruction in a simple handicraft, or other useful occupation. BRUNTON HOUSE is a branch establishment of the Royal Albert Asylum, for private patients attending the schools and other occupations of the institution. **Management.**—By Central Committee, composed of representatives from the local committees, and 15 subscribers resident in the neighbourhood of Lancaster, elected at the General Meeting. **Income** (1887–8).—Maintenance fund: Charitable contributions, £5,095; invested funds, £3,984; inmates' payments, £9,444. Sustainment (endowment) fund: Legacies (invested), £1,100. Recreation Hall fund (building), £1,039. **Inmates.**—550. Bankers and Treasurers, Lancaster Banking Co., Lancaster. Resident Medical Supt. Dr. G. E. Shuttleworth; Sec., Mr. James Diggens, Offices, Royal Albert Asylum, Lancaster, and Exchange Chambers, Bank Street, Manchester.

STEWART INSTITUTION FOR IDIOTIC AND IMBECILE CHILDREN, AND ASYLUM FOR LUNATIC PATIENTS (1869), Palmerstown, Chapelizod, Co. Dublin. Offices, 40 Molesworth Street, Dublin.

Object.—As in title. Cases from England are received. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. (a) Idiots and imbecile children are admitted—(1) By election of subscribers, either wholly or partially free. Annual subscriber of 10s. 6d., or donor of £5. 5s., has one vote for each child to be elected. Elected pupils remain five years, but may be retained longer. In cases of election of children, if the Guardians of the Union in which such children reside can be induced to guarantee the maximum contribution they can legally make (£13 a year) that sum will carry 260 votes. Pupils admitted on payment may be retained for life or for an indefinite period. For election cases the limits of age are from 6 to 17 years, but for payment cases there is no limit as to age. Elections take place every May and November. On admission a guarantee for removal is signed by two friends approved of by the Committee. The Institution for Imbeciles is practically confined to Protestant children. Pupils for whom a part of their cost is paid are allowed additional votes in proportion to the payments made. (2) Without election, on payment of £50 a year. These pupils reside with the free pupils, and are treated in the same manner. Extra charge if special attendance is required. 'Free pupils are clothed without charge, but all others are charged for what they require.' (b) Lunatics pay £50 a year and are admitted without election. Extra charge if special attendance is required. All clothing supplied is charged for. **Management.**—By Board appointed by the Council at

Annual Meeting. The Council consists of Governors and annual subscribers of £5. 5s. with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £1,357; payments for inmates, £4,003; farm account, &c., £218. **Inmates.**—Lunatics, 73; imbecile children, 62. Bankers, Royal Bank of Ireland, Dublin. Treasurer, David Drummond, Esq., J.P., 58 Dawson Street, Dublin; Sec., Wm. O'Neill, Esq., at the Offices.

YORK EMANUEL.

Object.—The granting of pensions to ministers and their wives, widows and children suffering from blindness or idiocy (*see under INSTITUTIONS FOR THE BLIND*, p. 22).

VII.—INCURABLES.*

ADULTS.

ROYAL HOSPITAL FOR INCURABLES (1854), West Hill, Putney Heath. Office, 106 Queen Victoria Street, E.C.

Object.—‘The permanent care and comfort of those (above the pauper class) who by disease, accident, or deformity, are hopelessly disqualified for the duties of life; for persons needing a home, an asylum is provided; to persons having a home, but without the means of support, a pension of £20 a year is given.’ **Admission.**—By election. Applicants must not be under 20 years of age, lunatic, idiotic, or violent, or in possession of income sufficient for maintenance. A medical certificate, in form furnished by the Board, must be sent. Cases are examined carefully. Guarantees for removal of inmates at death or when required must be made. Inmates are not allowed to make any application to, or receive benefit from, any other charity without sanction of the Board. Cases are not received on payment. **Management.**—By Board, one-fourth of whom retire annually, but are eligible for re-election by the subscribers. **Income** (1887–8).—Charitable contributions, £17,086; invested funds, £2,767; inmates’ payments, £602; other sources, £83. **Inmates.**—213. **Pensioners.**—550. Bankers, Glyn, Mills, & Co. Treas., J. D. Allcroft, Esq., 108 Lancaster Gate, W.; Sec., Mr. Frederic Andrew, at the Office.

BRITISH HOME FOR INCURABLES (1861), 380 Clapham Road, S.W. Offices, 73 Cheapside, E.C.

Object.—‘For those who once having been in a position of comfort are now in necessitous circumstances, and so far incapacitated from incurable disease as to be unable to assist themselves, and are either bed-ridden or greatly dependent on others in the various offices of life.’ The Institution provides ‘the best medical attendance, good nursing, and all the comforts of a home for life.’ ‘Annuities of £20 are conferred upon such as are incurable, but not wholly destitute.’ **Admission.**—By election of subscribers. Candidates either for the Home or pension must be 35 years of age. Forms of application must be obtained from Secretary. Insane, idiotic, blind, imbecile, and temporary cases are ineligible. Epileptic and cancer cases eligible only for pensions. Elections in May and November. Guarantees are required for removal at death, or when required, *e.g.*, on recovery, or acquisition of competence, for misconduct,

* Incurable cases of consumption are received at certain hospitals for the treatment of chest diseases (*see HOSPITALS, CONSUMPTION*).

or on becoming insane, violent, or otherwise ineligible. **Management.**—By Board, one-third retiring annually, but re-eligible by subscribers at Annual Meeting, with Finance and House Committees appointed by them. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £6,353; invested funds, £1,467; payments for inmates, £454; legacies, £4,914; for unsuccessful candidates, £181; sale of reports, &c., £17. **Patients.**—In, 44; out, 279. Bankers, Messrs. Barclay, Bevan, & Co.; Messrs. Drummond; London and South-Western Bank, Clapham. Chairman, Francis A. Bevan, Esq. Treasurers, J. A. Shaw-Stewart, Esq., and F. A. Bevan, Esq.; Sec., Mr. Robert G. Salmond.

HOSPITAL OF ST. JOHN OF JERUSALEM AND ST. ELIZABETH OF HUNGARY (1856), 50 Great Ormond Street, Bloomsbury, W.C.

Object.—‘The reception of female patients suffering from incurable or long-standing disease.’ **Admission.**—Patients must bring a recommendation as to their respectability. The Medical Committee meet for examination of patients every Thursday, at 3 p.m. Cases selected by them are admitted as vacancies occur. Subscriber of £25 a year, or collector of £30 in one year, may always have one patient in the hospital, subject to the approval of the medical officers. An endowment of £500 gives the privilege of one bed in perpetuity. No out-patients received. **Management.**—Under the care of the Rev. Mother Prioress and Sisters of Mercy of the Convent of St. John of Jerusalem. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £687. 9s. 3d.; invested funds, £659. 10s. 8d.; sermons, £24. 4s. 7d.; Hospital Sunday Fund, £104. 3s. 4d. **Inmates.**—91. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank, 69 Pall Mall. Treasurer, The Earl of Denbigh; Chaplain, Rev. R. F. Clarke.

HOME FOR INCURABLE AND INFIRM WOMEN (1861), Woodside, Whetstone, N.

Object.—The help of women who, having led respectable and industrious lives, are helpless through sickness or infirmity. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary, at the Home. Certificates of character required. Age of admission, not over 80, as a rule. Payment, £28 per annum, quarterly, in advance, with clothing. Epileptic and insane persons are ineligible. Funeral expenses must be defrayed by friends. Ladies of a superior class to those for whom the Home was originally intended are received at from £40 to £60 a year. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £397; invested funds, £15; payments for inmates, £690. **Inmates** (1888).—40. Bankers, Messrs. Twining, 215 Strand, W.C. Hon. Treasurer, H. J. T. Wood, Esq., 10 Pembroke Gardens, W.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. F. S. Powell, 1 Cambridge Square, W.; Lady Superintendent, Miss Skipworth.

HOME FOR CONFIRMED INVALIDS (1842), 36 Aubert Park, Highbury Park, N.

Object.—‘A small institution for poor respectable persons afflicted with incurable maladies.’ **Admission.**—By application to Committee, and recommendation of subscriber of £1. 1s., or donor of £5, who must give testimonials as to character, with two guarantees of payment in advance, suitable clothing, and removal at death or when required. Applicants must be women, not cases of idiocy, or of a maniacal or consumptive character, or in immediate danger. Payment of 10s. a week and upwards. If away on a visit, patients pay half-price after the first week.

Candidates approved are received on first vacancy, and provided with everything necessary, except clothing, wine, and brandy. They are expected, when able, to share in the lighter part of household offices, or do needlework for the benefit of the Home. Women in receipt of a parochial allowance are admitted. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £230; invested funds, £89; legacies, £770; patients' payments, £724. **Inmates.**—Treas., Edward Morris, Esq.; Sec., Mrs. Baker, Ythandale, Wimbledon Park.

SAINT JOHN THE EVANGELIST'S NATIONAL HOSPITAL FOR INCURABLES (1874), Cowley St. John, near Oxford.

Object.—'To offer the comforts of a well regulated home, with suitable attendance, to such persons (females) as, being afflicted with incurable disease, are unable to find elsewhere the comforts which they require; and especially when their relations can contribute the whole or part of their maintenance.' **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Sister Superior. No restriction as to age. Certificates are required of medical authorities knowing applicants, and guarantees from the relations or friends of the patient. Payment, according to circumstances (£40 to £80 a year). Patients suffering from insanity are ineligible. **Management.**—By Sisterhood of All Saints', Margaret Street, W. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £556; invested funds, £23; patients' payments, £756; legacy, £30. **Patients.**—Accommodation for 21. Treasurer, W. M. Foster-Melliar, Esq., North Aston, Oxford; Hon. Sec., Rev. John Slatter, Whitchurch Rectory, Reading.

SAINT PETER'S CONVALESCENT HOME, Littlehampton.

'A few chronic or aged cases are received during the winter months' (see under CONVALESCENT HOMES).

HOME FOR INCURABLES (1870), 96 Upper Parliament Street, Liverpool.

Object.—To provide 'a home for women of a respectable class who are suffering from chronic complaints of an incurable character.' **Admission.**—By payment. Application should be made to the Committee on Wednesdays between 2 and 4 p.m. A few beds reserved for cancer and consumptive cases, but otherwise fitting cases are taken in their turn as vacancies occur. 'It is desired to do justice to the charity by selecting those who will probably obtain relief to their sufferings, in addition to the comforts of a permanent home. Payment of 7s. 6d. a week must be guaranteed, and the funeral expenses in case of death. Applications from a distance to be accompanied by a medical certificate and a letter entering fully into the particulars of the case. 'It should be clearly understood that the Home is intended for confirmed sufferers who are unable to procure the comforts of good nursing and private medical attendance.' No person of unsound mind, intemperate habits, or subject to epileptic fits admitted. **Management.**—By Ladies' Committee and Gentlemen's Committee appointed annually at meeting of members. **Income** (1880).—£1,665. 17s. 7d. **Inmates.**—45 constantly in the Home, the full number it can accommodate. Hon. Secretary, Mrs. P. H. Holt, Croxteth Gate, Sefton Park, Liverpool.

HERRICK TRUST.

Object.—To provide a fund for granting pensions to widows and single women afflicted with incurable diseases (see under PENSIONS, p. 277).

ST. MARYLEBONE HOME FOR INCURABLES (1878), 236 Marylebone Road, N.W.

Object.—‘To provide a Christian home for young women of a rather superior class, who are unable through confirmed ill-health to maintain themselves.’ **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Superintendent. Cases must be approved by the medical officers of the institution. Epileptic, insane, imbecile, blind, and consumptive cases, and cases of cancer or open wounds, are ineligible. The weekly payment and removal, if required, and funeral in case of death, must be guaranteed by some responsible person. Inmates are expected to contribute 8s. per week towards their maintenance and washing. All necessary comforts are provided. Stimulants are only allowed by the doctor’s orders. Children and elderly persons are not received. **Management.**—By Committee of ladies. **Income** (1887).—£721. **Inmates.**—24. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England. Hon. Superintendent, Mrs. Underwood, 23 Dorset Square, N.W.; Treasurer, Lieut.-Col. the Hon. E. H. Legge; Hon. Sec., Miss Edith Underwood, 23 Dorset Square, N.W.

HOME FOR INCURABLE WOMEN, 74 Margaret Street, W.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—By application to the Mother Superior, All Saints’ Home, as above. **Management.**—By the Sisterhood of All Saints’.

ST. CYPRIAN’S HOME FOR INCURABLES (1875), 4 North Bank, N.W.

Object.—To receive incurable invalids of the class of servants, teachers, &c. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Lady Superintendent. Applicants must be under 40 years of age, as a rule, and not suffering from cancer, infectious diseases, or anything that might be injurious to others. Certificates are required from the doctor who has attended the patient, and of some friend who will guarantee payments and removal, if necessary. Payment, about 10s. a week. **Management.**—By Chaplain and Lady Superintendent. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £166; inmates’ payments, £114. **Inmates.**— . Treasurer, Rev. Charles Gutch, 4 North Bank, N.W.; Hon. Sec. and Lady Superintendent, Miss Holmes.

ALEXANDRA HOME FOR CHRONIC INVALIDS (1882), Chapel Park Road, Bohemia, St. Leonards-on-Sea.

Object.—As in title, for female patients only. **Admission.**—By ‘a weekly payment to be settled by the Committee in accordance with the means of each patient, eight shillings being the lowest charge. Washing not included.’ Guarantee from householder for weekly payments, for removal at request of Committee, and for burial expenses in case of death, required; also, medical certificate. Each patient for the first month considered to be on probation only. Persons suffering from mental disease, fits, or imbecility are ineligible. Patients must be recommended by a subscriber. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by subscribers. **Income** (1887–8).—Donations and subscriptions, £231; inmates’ payments, £238; sales of work, &c., £18. **Inmates.**—12. Bankers, Beechings & Co., Hastings Bank. Treasurer, Miss Hutchinson, 53 Church Road, St. Leonards-on-Sea; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Melsheimer, 32 Church Road, St. Leonards-on-Sea.

ALL HALLOWS’ HOSPITAL (1873) Ditchingham, Bungay.

Object.—The reception of incurable women. **Admission.**—By application to the Sister-in-charge. Payment for persons of the poorest

class, 5s. ; domestic servants, 7s. 6d. ; persons in better circumstances, 10s. ; incurable or permanent patients, 10s. ; private patients, £1. 1s., per week. Persons subject to fits or mental diseases are ineligible. **Management.**— **Income** (1886).—Charitable contributions and collections, £83 ; patients' payments, £242 ; miscellaneous, £5. **Patients.**— Bankers, Messrs. Gurney & Co. Treas., Lucy Hipkin.

ST. ELIZABETH'S HOME FOR INCURABLE WOMEN AND CHILDREN, 59 Mortimer Street, W.

Object.—As in title. **Management.**—By the Sisters of All Saints', Margaret Street.

LONDON AND ASCOT CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL, Bracknell, near Ascot, Berks.

Incurables are admitted. (See under CONVALESCENT HOMES).

ST. PETER'S HOME AND SISTERHOOD (1861), Mortimer Road, Kilburn, N.W. *St. Peter's Harbour for Aged Women.*

Object.—A Home for invalid ladies, poor women incurably ill, *under the* women recovering from operations or illness, or from the country needing *Care of this* medical or surgical care, but not suitable for general hospitals, dying cases in advanced consumption, &c., and children of respectable parentage weak or ill. Also for the training of girls for domestic service. **Admission.**—By application to the Mother Superior. Ladies pay 21s. for separate rooms, 10s. 6d. in ward with divided compartment ; incurables, 8s., convalescents, 7s., and children 5s. 6d. weekly in advance. Wine, spirits, and washing are extras. Cases of cancer, or long-standing or offensive wounds or diseases, or of mental diseases or imbecility, inadmissible. Medical certificate required, and also a written agreement from a householder for removal and funeral expenses. Hours of admission from 2 to 4 daily (except Sundays). Girls to be trained for service must be between 12 and 16 years. Payment £12 a year. **Income.**—Private charity. **Persons benefited** (1887).—266. Bankers, London and County Bank, Knightsbridge. Chaplain, Rev. W. H. Cleaver.

PERMANENT HOME FOR INVALID LADIES, 23 Fitzroy Square, W.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—Applicants must furnish an introduction from a clergyman and one other testimonial stating her social position, together with a medical certificate as to the nature of her illness. 'Permission to remain in the Home must be renewed every three months from date of admission, and power is reserved to give any inmate notice to leave at any time.' Terms, £1. 10s. and £1. 1s. per week, exclusive of personal washing and stimulants. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for six. **Management.**—This is a private home. Lady Superintendent, Miss Trego.

MILDMAY INVALID HOME (1868), 118 Newington Green Road, N. (In connection with the Mildmay Mission.)

Object.—The reception of invalid ladies. **Admission.**—By application to Mrs. Pennefather, 68 Mildmay Park, N., accompanied by letters of reference, one from medical attendant and one from a clergyman or friend. Terms from one to two guineas a week, according to accommodation, including medical attendance. **Management.**—By the Deaconesses. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 10.

NURSING HOME FOR PERMANENT INVALIDS (1878), Brownlow Road, Reading.

Object.—A home for ladies in reduced circumstances, suffering from incurable maladies, or in the later stages of illness. **Admission.**—By application to the Lady-in-charge. Patients are expected to pay a small sum monthly, in advance, according to arrangement. Persons afflicted with infectious or mental disorders are ineligible. **Management.**—By Lady-in-charge. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £408; patients' payments, £218. **Inmates.**—Varies from 8 to 10. **Treas., Rev. D. M. Gardner; Chaplain, Rev. Canon Garry; Lady-in-charge, E. Vincent.**

ST. JOSEPH'S HOSPITAL FOR INCURABLES (1875), 23 Ball Street, Kensington, W.

Object.—The reception of women and children suffering from incurable diseases; 16 beds. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the 'Sister-in-charge of the Hospital,' St. Mary's Convent, 39 Kensington Square, W. Cases of cancer, fits, mental disease, or consumption in an advanced stage, are ineligible. Payment, for women, £26 per annum, quarterly, in advance, or 10s. 6d. weekly; children under 12 years of age, £13 a year, or 5s. 6d. weekly. Medical certificate required, and guarantee for due payments, and removal of patients whenever necessary; also for funeral expenses (in case of death. **Management.**—By the Sisters of SS. Mary and John. **Income.**—The Sisters' own resources supplement what the patients pay. No accounts or report published.

NAZARETH HOUSE, King Street, Hammersmith, W.

Object.—'A home for the aged poor, incurable orphans, and deserted infants.' **Admission.**—By application to the Superioress. Men must be at least 70 years of age, women 60 years. Children to be eligible must be from one year of age, and destitute, incurable, or deserted. No payment is required, but an entrance fee must always be paid to defray bedding expenses. **MILTON HALL, SOUTHEAD,** is carried on under the same principle, and is under the same Superioress. Aged men, women, and children are received under the same conditions. Children are received from one to 12 years of age. Incurable children at any age, and to whom a permanent home is offered. Superioress, Margaret Mary Owen.

MIDLAND COUNTIES HOME FOR INCURABLES (), The Arboretum, Leamington.

Object.—A home for incurables belonging to the Midland Counties. **Admission.**—(a) Free, by letters from three subscribers of not less than £1. 1s. a year. (b) By letters from two subscribers of not less than £1. 1s. a year, and payment of not less than 10s. 6d. a week, according to means. (c) By payment of not less than £2. 2s. a year. (This class is irrespective of residence or age, and open to all.) Two guarantees required for payment. Cases of insanity, idiocy, imbecility, epilepsy, blindness, dumbness, and cancer, and persons in receipt of parish relief, ineligible. Application should be made to the Hon. Secretary for form. Medical certificate required according to form. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions and church collections, £1,149; patients' payments, £1,000; bazaar and theatricals, &c., £556; sales, £18; dividends and rents, £131. **Inmates** (Dec. 31, 1887).—44. Bankers, Lloyd's Banking Company, Leamington. **Treas., Lieut.-General Radcliffe; Chairman and Hon. Sec., Mr. T. Bond, 21 Tachbrook Road, Leamington.**

NORTHERN COUNTIES HOSPITAL FOR INCURABLES (1872), Mauldeth, Heaton Mersey, Manchester, and Walmersley, near Bury.

Object.—(a) To provide medical advice, &c., for persons suffering from chronic diseases, able to maintain themselves, but who are not eligible to the ordinary medical charities. (b) To provide a permanent home for incurable invalids of both sexes, unable to maintain themselves, and who have no friends in a position to assist them. Provision is also made for persons who are in a position to pay for themselves. **Admission.**—(a) Free, without letter. (b) By election of subscribers in May and November. Persons under 16 ineligible, as also paupers, cases of lunacy, epilepsy, idiocy, and blindness. Candidates may be required to make a declaration as to their pecuniary affairs, and must furnish a medical certificate in the form required. Payment cases are received at the discretion of the Board. **Management.**—By a Board of 16, elected at annual meeting. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £3,356; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Fund, £523; patients' payments, £526; dividends and rents, £886. **Inmates** (Oct. 1888).—At Mauldeth, 25 males, 50 females; at Walmersley, 35 females; total, 110. Bankers, Manchester and Liverpool District Banking Co. Treas., S. L. Helm, Esq.; Hon. Sec., R. Armistead, Esq., 7 St. Peter's Square, Manchester.

ST. DOMINIC'S HOSPITAL (1881), Stone, Staffordshire.

Object.—The reception of incurable or aged Catholic women of good character. **Admission.**—On application, which must be made to Rev. Mother Prioress. Cases of epilepsy, cancer, or mental disease of any kind, are ineligible. Payment, £22 per annum, and upwards, not including beer, wine, or spirits. In some cases a reduced payment is taken, or patients are received free. **Management.**—By the community of St. Dominic's. **Inmates.**—45. Lady Superior, the Rev. Mother Prioress.

BORDER COUNTIES HOME FOR INCURABLES (1877), Strathclyde House, Carlisle.

Admission.—By payment of 7s. a week. Certificate of respectability required from two persons acquainted with applicant, who will be required to be seen by a medical officer previous to admission. An undertaking required to remove an inmate when required, and to be responsible for the funeral at death. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £321; patients' payments, £382; sale of work, £19; interest, £3. **Inmates** (Dec. 31, 1887).—20. Bankers, Cumberland Union Banking Company. Treasurer, T. Horrocks, Esq.; Sec., F. W. Chance, Esq., Carlisle.

HOME FOR EPILEPTICS (1888), Polegate, Sussex.

Object.—The reception of male or female epileptic patients. Permanent beds reserved, £30 per annum. Weekly payment, 12s. Supt., Mrs. Crowie.

WESTMINSTER HOSPITAL (1719), Broad Sanctuary, Westminster, S.W.

There is an *Incurables' Fund* in connection with the Hospital which, in 1887, maintained nine incurables. (See further p. 87.)

CHILDREN*

HOME FOR INCURABLE CHILDREN (1875), 2 Maida Vale, W.

Object.—To provide a home for incurable children. **Admission.**—According to priority of application, and not by election. Candidates must be recommended by subscriber of £1. 1s. or donor of £10. 10s., and approved by Committee. Certificates of nature of complaint and freedom from infection are required; also security for payment and removal at death, if required. Age of admission, from infancy to 16 years, after which age no inmate is retained. Weekly payment at discretion of Committee, but not less than 7s. All necessary *personal* clothing must be provided. **Management.**—By Committee (including *ex-officio* members), two of whom retire annually by rotation, but re-eligible by subscribers and donors. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £620; interest, £15; payments for inmates, £438; legacies, £200. **Inmates.**—40. Bankers, Hoare & Co. Treasurer, F. Aylmer Lloyd, Esq.; Matron and Acting Sec., Miss A. Coleman, 2 Maida Vale, W.

CHEYNE HOSPITAL FOR SICK AND INCURABLE CHILDREN (1875), 46 and 47 Cheyne Walk, Chelsea, S.W.

Object.—Treatment of chronic or incurable diseases of children (in-patients only). **Admission.**—By payment of 4s. a week, guaranteed by a householder. Medical certificate as to nature of malady required; forms supplied on application. Patients recommended by subscribers take precedence. Children must be between 3 and 10 years. No child kept after 16. Cripples not requiring surgical treatment, cases of epilepsy, mental derangement, or cancer, inadmissible. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £1,520; invested funds, £186; payments for patients, £216; legacy, £100. **Patients.**—37. Bankers, Fuller, Banbury, Nix, & Mathieson. Treasurer, H. Kemp-Welch, Esq.; Sec., Mr. Henry White.

MRS. UNWIN'S INCURABLE HOME (1888), Hayne, Tiverton, North Devon.

Object.—The reception of destitute girls between the ages of 4 and 12. **Admission.**—Free, on application to Mrs. Ludovic Unwin, as above. A medical certificate is required, together with a statement as to the pecuniary position of the parents. **Management.**—By Mrs. Unwin.

HILLSIDE HOME (1877), Barnhill, Perth, N.B.

Object.—The treatment of persons suffering from chronic ailments of all kinds, usually denominated 'incurable.' Also a convalescent branch. **Admission.**—From County and City of Perth, on payment of a weekly sum (never large) according to circumstances. **Management.**—By Committee of Gentlemen, and a Ladies' Committee, appointed at Annual Meeting of subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Endowment, £123; voluntary contributions, £244; inmates' payments, £392; inmates' earnings, £10. **Inmates** (December 31, 1887).—40. Bankers, Union Bank of Scotland. Treasurer, R. H. Moncrieff, Esq., Perth.

* Incurable children are received at some of the Institutions in the previous section, and also at certain Children's Hospitals (*see* ST. MONICA'S HOME FOR SICK CHILDREN, p. 103). The section devoted to Convalescent Homes should also be consulted, as in some cases children are allowed to remain permanently (*see particularly* ST. JOHN'S HOME FOR CONVALESCENT AND DELICATE CHILDREN, Brighton; CROMWELL HOUSE CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL, Highgate; and ST. ANNE'S ORPHAN-AGE AND CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL, Bridlington Quay).

III.—RELIEF IN SICKNESS.

HOSPITALS ASSOCIATION (1884), Norfolk House, Norfolk Street, Strand, W.C.

Object.—To facilitate the consideration and discussion of matters connected with hospital management, and, where advisable, to take measures to further the decisions arrived at, and to afford opportunities for the acquisition of a knowledge of hospital administration, both lay and medical. **Subscription.**—Members, £1. 1s. a year; institutional members, 10s. 6d. **Management.**—By Council, elected by members. **Income (1887).**—£406. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Bosanquets. Treasurer, J. H. Buxton, Esq.; Hon. Sec., L. Broke Willoughby, Esq.

SOCIETY FOR VISITING HOSPITALS (1866).

Object.—The Society, which is Roman Catholic, visits patients in hospitals, and attends to their spiritual needs. **Admission.**—The visitors are ladies. When cases leave the hospitals, the visitor sends the name and address to the Secretary, who forwards them to other ladies, called assistants, who visit the convalescents in their own homes. A small grant is allowed from the Society's funds, where necessary, for nourishing and strengthening food, &c. The deserving cases (women and children only), in need of change of air, are then sent to the Convalescent Home, Hanwell, to complete their recovery (*see under CONVALESCENT HOMES*). **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £150; interest, £13. **Persons Visited.**—4,451 in hospitals, 1,248 convalescents at home; admitted to Convalescent Home, 213. Director, Very Rev. Canon Macmullen, 28 Moore Street, Cadogan Street, Chelsea, S.W.; Treas., the Hon. Mrs. Pereira; Sec., Mdlle. Teulière, 36 Church Street, Kensington, W.

METROPOLITAN HOSPITAL SUNDAY FUND (1873), Mansion House, E.C.

Object.—Collection of charitable contributions on a fixed Sunday in each year in the places of worship of the metropolis for distribution among London hospitals, dispensaries, convalescent homes, &c. **Admission.**—By application. Letters for recommending patients to participating hospitals, &c., must be issued to the Council of the Fund in consideration of the grants made, to the extent of one-half of what might be claimed by annual subscribers whose contributions in the aggregate would represent a sum equal to the award. The Council grant these letters on application to the contributing ministers and others. Name, age, and address must be given in respect of convalescent hospitals, and for in-patients for chest hospitals. It is an instruction to the Secretary not to issue letters or recommendations except for the benefit of residents in contributing districts. Four per cent. of the total collections is set aside for the purchase of surgical appliances (*see under SURGICAL AID SOCIETIES*, p. 127). **Management.**—Council of not more than 50 clerical and 50 lay members, elected annually by representatives of congregations who have forwarded contributions. Committee of Distribution of nine members and President, *ex-officio*, elected annually by Council. **Amount of Collection (1888).**—£40,379. Bankers, Bank of England. Treas., The Lord Mayor of London for the time being; Hon. Secs., Sir E. Hay Currie and R. B. Martin, Esq.; Sec., H. N. Custance, Esq., Mansion House, E.C.

HOSPITAL SATURDAY FUND (1873), 41 Fleet Street, E.C.

Object.—Collection of subscriptions from clerks, mechanics, and others who may not be reached by the Hospital Sunday Fund, chiefly by means of sheets in the various workshops, or boxes in the public streets, for distribution amongst the hospitals, dispensaries, &c., of London generally. **Admission.**—By application. A list of questions as to management, patients, expenditure, &c., is required to be answered by each institution. Institutions participating are required to give letters to the Fund in return for grants in the same proportion as to other subscribers. **Management.**—Board composed of delegates from each local committee, from each branch, lodge, or court of a metropolitan trade or friendly society, non-political workmen's club or institute of not less than 100 members, and from *employés* (25 or upwards) of any metropolitan firm, or distinct department of a firm, subscribers to the fund, elected annually, with *ex-officio* members. **Amount of Collection** (1888).—£11,430. President, The Rt. Hon. Lord Brassey. Bankers, Hoare & Co. Treas., H. N. Hamilton-Hoare, Esq.; Sec., Mr. Robert Frewer.

I.—GENERAL HOSPITALS.

WEST LONDON HOSPITAL (1856), Hammersmith Road, W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief. **Admission.**—By subscriber's letter. Cases of emergency or accident admitted at all hours, with or without letters. In-patients admitted 10.30 a.m. Mondays; out-patients 1.30 p.m. daily, except Sundays. Casualties, after the first attendance, are required to attend as directed by the medical officer, week-days at 9 a.m., Sundays at 10.30 a.m. All cases of disease may be received as in-patients, except such as are of an epidemic or contagious nature, advanced phthisis, insanity, cancer (except for operation), old ulcer of the extremities, women in an advanced stage of pregnancy, or any person capable of paying for medical attendance. Subscriber of 10s. 6d. annually, or donor of £5. 5s., may recommend four out-patients; subscriber of £2. 2s., or donor of £21, one in-patient, or 16 out-patients yearly, and has power to vote at meetings. *Samaritan Fund.*—Relieves necessitous patients in kind. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by Governors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions and legacies, £7,282; rents, &c., £91. **Patients.**—In, 1,278; out, 16,522. Bankers, Herries, Farquhar, & Co., London and County (Hammersmith Branch). Treasurer, W. F. Ainsworth, Esq.; Sec., R. J. Gilbert, Esq.

ST. MARY'S HOSPITAL (1851), Cambridge Place, W.

Admission.—By letter of recommendation. In-patients admitted daily. They must present their letters at 1 p.m. Out-patients admitted daily (except Sunday). They must present their letters at 1 p.m. Accidents and cases of great urgency admitted free at all times. Nature of complaint must be stated, and three days' notice given, before application for admission of country cases. Subscribers of £2. 2s. may recommend two in-patients and twelve out-patients. Cases of confirmed consumption, typhus fever, scarlet fever, smallpox, venereal disease, delirium tremens, itch, incurable diseases, and chronic ulcerated legs, inadmissible. No person capable of paying for advice admissible. **Management.**—Weekly Board, open to all Governors. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £18,552; invested funds, £1,881; other sources, £388. **Patients.**—In, 3,293; out, 26,434; lying-in cases, 545. *Maternity Fund.*—Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend three patients. *Convalescent and Patients' Aid Fund.*—Sends patients to con-

valescent homes, and grants pecuniary and other aid. Bankers, Sir S. Scott, Bart., & Co. Treasurers, Joseph Freeman, Esq., and John D. Allcroft, Esq.; Sec., T. Ryan, Esq.

ST. GEORGE'S HOSPITAL (Instituted 1733, Incorporated 1834), Hyde Park Corner, W.

Admission.—By letter of recommendation for in-patients. Letter to be delivered any day by 12.30 o'clock. Medical officers have power to admit urgent cases and accidents at any time without letters. Subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend one in-patient. Out-patients, free. Attendance: Physicians' and surgeons' out-patients: women, Monday, Tuesday, 11 a.m.; men, Friday, Saturday, 11 a.m.; throat diseases, Thursday, 1.30 p.m.; ear diseases, Tuesday, 1.30 p.m.; eye diseases, Wednesday, Saturday, 1.30 p.m.; deformities of spine, limbs, and joints, Wednesday, 2 p.m.; skin diseases, Wednesday, 1.30 p.m.; dental cases, daily, 9 to 10 a.m., 1 to 2 p.m.; diseases of women, Thursday, 1.30 p.m. Vaccination, Thursday, 11 a.m. *Samaritan Fund.*—Affords pecuniary and general assistance to patients, on discharge, and to their families during their stay in the Hospital. Number thus assisted in 1888, 1,034. **Income** (1888).—£122,494 (including a legacy of £90,000). **Patients.**—In, 4,350; out, 23,681; women delivered at home, 453. **Management.**—Weekly Board meeting, which every Governor may attend. Bankers, London and County, Albert Gate, S.W. Treasurers, The Duke of Westminster and Colonel Haygarth; Sec., Charles L. Todd, Esq.

WESTMINSTER HOSPITAL (1719), Broad Sanctuary, Westminster, S.W.

Admission.—By letter. Annual subscription, £1. 1s., entitles to recommend one in- and two out-patients yearly. Accidents and urgent cases free, at all hours, day and night. Out-patients' physicians and surgeons attend at 1.30 daily. Obstetric cases seen at 2 p.m. Tuesdays and Fridays; aural cases, Mondays, 9 a.m.; dental cases, Wednesdays and Saturdays, 9.15 a.m.; cases of skin disease, 1.30, Wednesdays; eye-disease, 2 p.m., Mondays and Thursdays. Obstetric cases requiring home attendance to attend at 1.30 p.m. Fridays, for registration. *Samaritan Fund.*—Sends convalescent patients to sea-side and other homes, and assists them in other ways. *Incurables' Fund.*—Nine incurable patients were maintained in 1887. **Management.**—House Committee, appointed annually by Board of Governors. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions and legacies, £9,789; invested funds and rents, £2,035; 'incurable patients' account,' £567; miscellaneous receipts, £145. **Patients.**—In, 2,684; out, 22,103; lying-in cases, 256. Bankers, Hoare & Co. Treasrs., P. P. Bouverie and C. A. R. Hoare, Esqrs.; Sec., Mr. S. M. Quennell.

MIDDLESEX HOSPITAL (1745), Mortimer Street, W.

Admission.—By letter of recommendation. Urgent cases and cases of accident, free, at all hours, day and night. In-patients to attend at 11 a.m. Incurables (except cancer cases), cases tedious of cure, of idiocy, infection, or those more properly objects of parochial relief, inadmissible. Subscriber of £2. 2s. may recommend four patients yearly. There are wards for cases of cancer (male and female). Admission free. Previous application must be made for country cases to know whether there be room. Lying-in cases attended at home, within one mile. Out-patients' letters last two months. Second letter required after that time. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £9,735; dividends and rents, £5,223 (including amount transferred from Cancer Fund); incidental receipts,

£253; drawn from capital, **£11,545**. **Patients**.—In, average 2,625; out, average 30,942. **Management**.—Weekly Board, with Sub-Committees. Bankers, Coutts; Hoares; Drummonds; Hoares; Ransom, Herries & Farquhar; and Scott. Treasurers, R. R. Pym, Esq., and Francis Hoare, Esq.; Secretary-Superintendent, F. Clare Melhado, Esq.

NORTH LONDON, or UNIVERSITY COLLEGE, HOSPITAL (1833), Gower Street, W.C.

Admission.—By letter of recommendation. Subscribers of **£2. 2s.** may recommend two in and four out-patients. Accidents and cases of emergency free, any hour, day and night. Cases of contagious fever or smallpox inadmissible. Patients also admitted on recommendation of any officiating minister, or of any medical practitioner, in the parishes of St. Giles-in-the-Fields, St. George, Bloomsbury, St. George the Martyr, St. Pancras, Islington, Highgate, and Hampstead, of the Secretaries of the various Committees of the Charity Organisation Society, or of the Secretary of the Hospital. Married women are attended at home, if recommended, during confinement. In-patients admitted daily at 11 a.m. Out-patients: * Physicians and Surgeons attend daily at 1.30 p.m. † Diseases of women, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, 2 p.m. † Eye diseases, Monday and Thursday, 2 p.m. (urgent cases admitted daily). † Skin diseases, Wednesday, 1.30 p.m., Saturday, 9.15 a.m. (urgent cases daily). † Throat and Ear diseases, Monday and Thursday, 9 a.m. Dental cases, Wednesday, 9.30 a.m. Out-patients should bring bottles and gallipots. **Samaritan Funds**.—Three of these Funds are in operation, which supply surgical appliances, send patients to convalescent homes, supply maternity cases with necessaries, grant money to poor patients on their discharge, and assist them in other ways. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, **£9,757**; invested funds, **£3,349**; legacies, **£4,562**; fees of students and assistants, **£892**; payments by and for patients, **£33**; kitchen-waste, &c., **£52**. **Patients**.—In, 2,701; out, 35,786. **Management**.—Committee, appointed 14 by Governors, seven by Council of University College, and three by Medical Committee. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurer, A. Prevost, Esq., 79 Westbourne Terrace, W.; Sec., Newton H. Nixon, Esq.

NORTH-WEST LONDON HOSPITAL (1878), 18, 20, and 22 Kentish Town Road, N.W.

Admission.—By subscriber's free ticket or by payment according to patient's means, at discretion of the Hon. Resident Lady Superintendent. Cases of accident or emergency are admitted at any time without note of recommendation. A donor of **£21** is a vice-president, and can recommend 4 in- and 16 out-patients annually; of **£5. 5s.** is a life governor, 1 in- and 4 out-patients annually; a subscriber of **£2. 2s.**, 1 in- and 4 out-patients; of **£1. 1s.** an annual governor, 4 out-patients; of **5s.**, 1 out-patient. The hospital provides 50 beds for both sexes. The treatment of children is its chief characteristic. Cases of infection not admitted. Out-patients attend daily (except Sunday) at 2.30 p.m. The 'George Sturge Samaritan Fund' provides nourishment and change of air for convalescents. **Management**.—By Committee elected annually by Governors. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, **£4,788**; payments by out-patients, **£128**; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, **£384**; legacies, **£210**; interest, **£75**. **Patients**.—In, 650; out, 43,894. Bankers, Alliance Bank, Camden Town. Treas., George Herring, Esq., 6 Park Crescent, Portland Place; Hon. Sec. and Resident Lady Supt., Miss Learmonth; Acting Sec., Alfred Craske, to whom all communications should be addressed.

* Entrance in University Street.

† Entrance in Grafton Street East.

GREAT NORTHERN CENTRAL HOSPITAL (1856), Holloway Road, N.

Admission.—By application at all times, free. No letter required. Out-patients seen Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday, 2.30 p.m. Eye diseases, Tuesday and Friday, 10 a.m. Diseases of women and children, Wednesday, 2.30 p.m. Dental cases, Wednesday, 2 p.m. Ear diseases, Monday and Friday, 2.30 p.m. House Surgeon attends daily at 12 p.m. No new cases admitted after 2 p.m. **Management.**—General Committee. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, collections, &c., £1,772; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £329; invested funds, £254; legacies, £1,107. **Patients.**—In, 326; out, 32,770; casualties, 2,570. Bankers, Messrs. Barnetts, Hoares & Co.; Ransom, Bouverie & Co.; and London and County, Holloway Road, N. Treasurer, C. T. Murdoch, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Hon. R. A. Capel; Sec., William T. Grant.

BLACKHEATH AND CHARLTON COTTAGE HOSPITAL, 1 and 2 Avenue Villas, Old Dover Road, Blackheath, S.E.

COTTAGE HOSPITAL (1882), Hermitage Road, Central Hill, Upper Norwood, S.E.

Object.—‘For persons engaged in industrial occupations (including domestic servants), who are unable to obtain medical attention, accommodation, and nursing at their own homes, and for accidents of all kinds and cases of sudden illness (non-infectious).’ **Admission.**—(a) The benefits of the institution are extended to Norwood and the surrounding district. Cases of accident and sudden illness free (if room). Other cases by subscribers’ recommendation and payment of from 1s. to 12s. a week (the amount fixed by the Committee of Management). Annual subscribers of one or donors of ten guineas have one recommendation (available for one month) yearly. When funds permit patients may be admitted at discretion of Committee, without payment, on subscribers’ recommendation. Payment for domestic servants in service 12s. a week. Women in advanced pregnancy, lunatics, or those disordered in intellect, cases of advanced consumption or infectious disease, paupers, children under 3 years, persons with chronic ulcers, and incurables, are ineligible. (b) Paying patients are admitted, if room, at a charge of £3. 3s. a week, covering all charges for maintenance and nursing, but such patients must make their own arrangements as to fees for medical attendance, and may, if they desire it, be treated by their own medical attendant. Out-patients are not attended to. **Management.**—By Committee, elected annually at general meeting. **Income** (1887-8).—Endowment and interest on investments, £122; Samaritan Seaside and Convalescent Fund, £96; charitable contributions, £946; patients’ payments, £161. **Patients.**—131. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank, Westow Hill, Norwood, S.E. Treas., General R. Ranken; Hon. Sec., H. Phillips, Esq., 1 Gatestone Road, Norwood, S.E.

CHARING CROSS HOSPITAL (Founded 1818, Erected 1831), West Strand, W.C.

Admission.—By letter of recommendation. Urgent cases free. In-patients admitted Tuesday, 1.30 p.m. Applications for country cases to be made, with explanation of case, a few days before the admission day, and arrangements for prompt return home when discharged, and for supply and change of linen, must be explained. Dangerous cases of accident admitted immediately, at all times. Cases of consumption, insanity, palsy, fits, and infectious or eruptive complaints, not admitted.

Those recently discharged from other hospitals ; those deemed incurable, or of long standing ulcers in the legs, being more properly objects for parochial relief, not received as in- but may attend as out-patients. Out-patients attend daily, from 1 to 1.30 p.m. (Sunday excepted). Only those in 'really indigent circumstances, and incapable of paying for advice,' can be relieved. **Management.**—Weekly Board (consisting of Council, Trustees, Treasurers, and all Benefactors and Governors, with *ex-officio* members) and Sub-Committees. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £7,204 ; invested funds, £539 ; students' fees, £908 ; rents, £1,750 ; legacies, £288 ; sundries, £120. **Patients** (1888).—In, 1,870 ; out, 19,352. Bankers, Drummonds. Treasurers, John B. Martin, Esq., and George J. Drummond, Esq. Sec., Arthur E. Reade, Esq.

KING'S COLLEGE HOSPITAL (Instituted 1839, Incorporated 1851), Portugal Street, Lincoln's Inn, W.C.

Admission.—Subscribers of £1. 1s., and donors of £10. 10s., can recommend one in-patient annually. Cases without letters are never refused, provided there is room. Lunatics, cases of smallpox, confirmed consumption, ulcerated legs of long standing, itch, or advanced pregnancy (except severe accidents requiring surgical aid), not admitted. Application should be made to the Secretary, with description of case, in order to learn whether there is room. **CONVALESCENT HOME** at Hemel-Hempstead. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £9,704 ; dividends and rents, £627 ; church collections, £31 ; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £1,494 ; sales of old stores, £98 ; patients' payments, £7. **Patients.**—In, 2,124 ; out, 17,635 ; lying-in cases, 760. **Management.**—By Committee. Bankers, Twining & Co. Treas., R. Twining, Esq. ; Sec., Rev. N. Bromley.

ROYAL FREE HOSPITAL (1828), Gray's Inn Road, W.C.

Admission.—By application, without letter of recommendation, at the Hospital. Out-patients attend daily at 2 p.m. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions and legacies, £11,250 ; invested funds, £1,077. **Patients.**—In, 1,968 ; out, 21,676. Bankers, Brown, Janson, & Co. Treas., Edward Masterman, Esq. ; Sec., Conrad W. Thies, Esq.

ST. BARTHOLOMEW'S HOSPITAL (1123), West Smithfield.

Object.—Medical and surgical assistance. **Admission.**—Free, without letter of recommendation, at discretion of the medical officers of the Hospital. Application for admission of patients (in or out) must be made between 9 and 10 a.m. any morning, except Sunday. Cases of accident and emergency are admitted at any hour of the day or night. Surgical operations take place on Wednesday and Saturday at 1.30 ; surgical consultations Thursday, 1.30. Of the service of 748 beds, 235 are allotted to medical cases, 372 to surgical, including orthopædic cases, 25 to diseases of the eye, 20 to diseases of women, 26 to syphilitic cases, and 70 at the **CONVALESCENT HOME**, Swanley, Kent. There are special departments for diseases of the eye, ear, larynx, and skin, and for orthopædic and dental surgery. Cases of smallpox, scarlet fever, typhus fever, and of incurables are ineligible. There is a Samaritan Fund available for the assistance of discharged patients. **Management.**—By Treasurer and four Almoners, and by House Committee appointed by General Court of Governors. **Income** (1887).—From all sources, £67,950. *Samaritan Fund* (1887).—£1,018. **Patients** (1887).—In, 7,433 ; out, 17,631 ; casualties, 133,197. Bankers, Bank of England. Treasurer, Sir S. H. Waterlow, Bart. ; Clerk, W. H. Cross, Esq.

LONDON HOSPITAL (1740), Whitechapel, E.

Admission.—By subscriber's letter of recommendation, but accidents and urgent cases are admitted free at all times. Cases of pregnancy, idiocy, infection, confirmed consumption, or incurables inadmissible. No patient may remain longer than six weeks in ordinary, or two months in extraordinary, cases, unless by express permission. Parish poor must be paid for at the rate of 2s. 6d. per day. Annual subscribers are entitled to three patients' tickets for each £1. 1s. contributed. In-patients admitted (recommended cases) daily, except Sundays; accidents and urgent cases at all hours. Out-patients are attended daily. Their tickets are in force one month, but may be renewed for further periods of one month each. A *Maternity Department* (free) has been organised for attendance on poor married women during confinement at home, within one mile of the Hospital. *Special Departments* (no letter required) are in operation for diseases of the eye, ear, and skin, and for cancer, tumours, diseases of the bladder (including stone), piles, and fistula. *Training School for Nurses.*—Ladies received for periods of three months on payment of 13 guineas. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions (including legacies, £10,975), £52,227; invested funds, £17,906. **Patients.**—In, 8,873; out, 101,548. **Management.**—House Committee, appointed by General Court of Governors, with Sub-Committees. Bankers, Robarts, Lubbock, & Co., and Glyn, Mills, & Co. Treasurer, J. H. Buxton, Esq.; Sec., G. Q. Roberts, Esq.

SAMARITAN SOCIETY (1791). **Object.**—To help patients on their discharge from the Hospital by sending them to convalescent homes, supplying artificial limbs, and mechanical aids; making small grants of money, after inquiry; relieving families of patients during stay in Hospital; relieving poor married women with food, &c., during confinement, and generally assisting those in need. **Income** (1888-9).—£2,934. **Recipients.**—3,751. **Management.**—Committee. Sec., T. Hornaby, Esq., at the London Hospital.

MILDMAY MISSION HOSPITAL, Turville Street, Bethnal Green, E. (In connection with the Mildmay Mission.)

Object.—The reception of cases unfit to be treated through the Medical Mission. **Admission.**—Besides cases brought to notice by the Mission, others are received as far as the accommodation permits. The number of beds is 34. Applications must be made to Dr. Gauld, superintendent. There is no payment. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £996; sale of work, £271; legacy, £500; profits on illuminating work, £158; transferred from general fund, £679. **Patients** (1887).—In, 413; out, 4,806; attendances, 16,418. Resident Physician, J. M. Howie, Esq., L.R.C.S. & P. Edin. Matron, Miss Goodwyn.

MEMORIAL COTTAGE HOSPITAL (1883), Mildmay Park, N. (In connection with the Mildmay Mission.)

Object.—To provide free accommodation for the sick poor from the Missions worked by the Deaconesses. **Admission.**—Cases are submitted by the head of the Deaconess' House, and are admitted if deemed suitable from the medical officers' point of view. Three private wards are set apart for paying patients. **Management.**—By the Deaconesses. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £604; patients' payments, £132; fees for training, £56; dividends and rents, £692. **Patients** (1887-88).—210. Medical Superintendent, Dr. Woodroffe; Directress, Lady Hay; Sister-in-charge, Miss Flockton.

METROPOLITAN HOSPITAL (1836), Kingsland Road, E.

Object.—The establishment of a hospital upon provident principles for persons living within the district who are unable to pay the usual fees of medical men. **Admission.**—Accidents and urgent cases are admitted at all hours free, and every other patient is seen for the first time free. Adults pay 1*d.* a week or 4*d.* a month; children, 2*d.* a month; but 6*d.* a month will include all children in a family under the age of 16. No single person earning 25*s.* a week—or in the case of a man, wife, and family, 40*s.*—will be accepted on the above terms. Provident patients are seen on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays, at 11 a.m., and on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays at 7.30 p.m. Provident members can also be visited at their own homes on complying with the rules as to giving notice to the doctor in whose district they live. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,331; legacies, £523; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £245; ground rents, £42; receipts from provident department, £51. **Patients.**—Out, 26,434. Bankers, Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co., and Lloyds, Barnetts, & Bosanquets. Hon. Sec., Sir Edmund Hay Currie; Sec., C. H. Byers, Esq.

POPLAR HOSPITAL FOR ACCIDENTS (1855), 303 East India Dock Road, Blackwall, E.

Admission.—By application, free. Accidents and cases of emergency admitted at all hours. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £3,747; invested funds, £335. **Patients.**—In, 678; Out, 9,762. **Management.**—Committee appointed by Annual General Meeting of Governors. Bankers, Dimsdale & Co. Treasurer, Sir R. N. Fowler, Bart., M.P.; Sec., Lieut.-Col. Feneran.

LADY GOMM MEMORIAL MISSION HOUSE AND ACCIDENT HOSPITAL (1883), Hawkstone Road, Rotherhithe, S.E.

Admission.—Free for dock-labourers only. Out-patients from the neighbouring parish also free. **Management.**—By the Church Extension Association. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £300; grant from general fund of the Church Extension Association, £150. **Patients.**—In, 47; out, 1,479. Bankers, London and County (Paddington Branch). Treasurer, W. H. Campbell, Esq., 50 Lancaster Gate, W.; Sec., Miss Ayckbowm, 27 Kilburn Park Road, N.W.

GUY'S HOSPITAL (1721), St. Thomas's Street, Borough, S.E.

Object.—Medical and surgical assistance. **Admission.**—Free, without letter of recommendation. Out-patients have now to pay 3*d.* for each supply of medicine or surgical dressings. Cases of necessity or poverty are treated free (the latter must produce a certificate of inability to pay from the Charity Organisation Society). Cases of serious accident and emergency are admitted at any time, provided there is room. A few beds are reserved in the general wards for patients able to pay £1. 1*s.* a week. In-patients are admitted at 10 a.m. on Wednesdays, provided the diseases from which they are suffering are 'susceptible of relief from physic and surgery,' and there are vacant beds. Out-patients are seen at 12.30 p.m. Enter by Mazepond at 11; door closes at 12. Physicians' patients, Monday, Wednesday, and Friday; Surgeons' patients, Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Saturday. Eye, Tuesday and Friday; skin, Tuesday; diseases of women, Thursday and Saturday; ear, Tuesday; throat, Friday; dental,

daily. In-patients are visited at 1.30. Operations are performed at 1.30. 'The eligibility of cases for admission or for out-patient relief must be decided by the medical officer on duty. With the exception of contagious and mental diseases, it would be impossible to state precisely what class of patients are ineligible; generally speaking, cases of advanced phthisis, cancer, and confirmed paralysis are rejected.' The total number of beds is 600. Maternity cases are visited at home; 'for this purpose cards are issued beforehand, on application, to persons who reside within the radius of a mile from the hospital, which require to be presented at the hospital when labour is coming on, when provision is made for attendance on the case.' Provision is made at various convalescent homes for the treatment of nearly 500 convalescents annually. The Convalescent or Samaritan Fund provides small sums of money, clothing, and surgical appliances for needy patients on their discharge. **Management.**—By the Treasurer, appointed by the Governors. **Income** (1887–8).—From invested funds in land and house property, subscriptions, and donations, £30,000. **Patients.**—In, 5,204; out, 37,865. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Co. Treasurer, E. Lushington, Esq.; Superintendent, J. C. Steele, M.D.

ST. THOMAS'S HOSPITAL (1553, removed 1871), Albert Embankment, Westminster Bridge, S.E.

Object.—Medical and surgical assistance. **Admission.**—Free, without letter of recommendation. In-patients are admitted daily (except Sunday) at 11.30 a.m. No previous application necessary, except to insure that a bed is available for the case. Out-patients seen daily at 12 o'clock. Maternity cases are attended at home. Application must be made at 11 a.m. Physicians and surgeons commence their daily visits at 2 p.m. Operations on Wednesday and Saturday at 1.30 p.m.; ophthalmic, Friday, 2 p.m. The number of beds is 572. Cases of phthisis, pregnancy, insanity, smallpox, and scarlatina are ineligible. A SAMARITAN FUND, of about £700 a year, assists poor patients on their discharge, and subscribes to the Walton, Seaford, Bexhill, Southsea, and other convalescent institutions. 'St. THOMAS' HOME' at the hospital receives paying patients at 8s. a day; also poor paying patients are admitted to the general wards at 3s. a day. **Management.**—By Treasurer and House Committee, appointed by Governors. **Income** (1887).—About £42,200. **Patients** (1887).—In, 5,058; out, 24,826; casualties, 62,775. Bankers, Union Bank. Treasurer, Alderman D. H. Stone; Steward, F. Walker, Esq.

EVANGELICAL PROTESTANT DEACONESS' INSTITUTION AND TRAINING HOSPITAL (1867), The Green, Tottenham.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief of the sick poor, and training of deaconesses or nursing sisters for hospitals, workhouses, &c., and private families. (For further information on this head, see NURSING INSTITUTIONS). **Admission.**—The Institution has its own hospital of 70 free beds for the poor, and 32 private beds in single rooms and public wards, for paying patients at from £2. 2s. to £5. 5s. per week. Accidents and acute diseases, non-infectious (with medical certificate), are admitted at any time. Out-patients seen twice a week. **Management.**—By Council appointed by Trustees. **Patients.**—In, 721; out, 10,952. Director, M. Laseron, Esq., M.D.

LONDON DIOCESAN DEACONESS' NURSING HOME, Westbourne Park. *Information refused.*

LONDON TEMPERANCE HOSPITAL (1873), Hampstead Road, N.W.

Object.—Medical and surgical treatment, without the use of alcohol.

Admission.—(a) By letter of recommendation ; (b) by payment, amount to be fixed by Board of Management ; (c) on the provident principle, in consideration of subscriptions paid in advance by way of insurance, the rates and terms to be fixed from time to time by the Board. In-patients must obtain a letter of recommendation from a governor. Such letter may be forwarded to the house-surgeon at the Hospital, who will inform the applicant when there is a vacancy. Applicants residing in the country should forward to the house-surgeon a medical statement of their case, and certificate that it is suitable for admission into the Hospital. The visiting physicians attend on Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, and Fridays at 1.30 p.m., and on Thursdays at 4 p.m. The visiting surgeon attends on Mondays and Thursdays at 1.30 p.m. The visiting ophthalmic surgeon attends on Mondays at 1.30 p.m. Before admission in-patients must provide a guarantee for means of removal on discharge from the Hospital, or in the event of death. Out-patients must obtain a letter of recommendation from a governor, and must bring or pay for bottles and gallipots. They are expected to contribute something towards the cost of their medicines, if able to do so, and those not having letters of recommendation are charged 1s. for each visit. **Management.**—Board of 12 Governors, four retiring annually, but eligible for re-election. **Income** (1888-9).—Charitable contributions, £4,528 ; patients' payments, £244 ; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £417 ; lady probationers' fees, £224 ; **Patients** (1888).—In, 735 ; out, 2,873. Bankers, The Alliance Bank, Lothbury, E.C. Treasurer, John Hughes, Esq., 3 West Street, Finsbury Circus, E.C. ; Sec., Tom Mundy, Esq. ; Lady Supt., Miss S. E. Orme.

LONDON HOMCEOPATHIC HOSPITAL (1849), Great Ormond Street, Bloomsbury, W.C.

Admission.—By letter of recommendation ; out-patients not provided with a letter of recommendation can receive advice and medicine for one month on payment of a fee of 1s. for registration. Accidents and urgent cases free. Surgeon attends Tuesday, 3 p.m. Diseases of the skin, Thursday, 3 p.m. In-patients received every morning before 11 o'clock ; urgent cases at any hour. Those living at a distance and unable to undergo fatigue of personal attendance, to send medical certificate with letter of recommendation. No person admitted who is capable of paying for medical treatment. Cases of confirmed consumption, smallpox, itch, or ulcerated legs of long standing, inadmissible. Guarantee of removal required from respectable householder previous to admission. In-patients (except cases of extreme destitution) to bring change of linen and towel, and pay 1s. in lieu of bringing crockery, knives, forks, &c. Times for out-patients' attendance : General cases, daily (except Sunday) ; eye disease, Tuesday, at 2.30 ; women's diseases and surgical cases, Tuesday ; skin disease, Thursday ; ear disease, Saturday. Doors, for admission of out-patients, opened at 2.30 and closed precisely at 3.30 p.m., after which they cannot be admitted. Dentist, 9 a.m. on Monday. A CONVALESCENT HOME at Eastbourne is in course of formation. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £2,154 ; invested funds and rents, £661 ; patients' payments, £372 ; legacies, £642 ; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £297 ; Nursing Fund receipts, £576. **Patients.**—In, 712 ; out, 8,882. **Management.**—Board, appointed by governors and subscribers at Annual General Meeting. Bankers, Prescott & Co. ; Treasurer, Major Wm. Vaughan Morgan, 5 The Boltons, S.W. ; Sec., G. A. Cross, Esq.

SEAMEN'S HOSPITAL SOCIETY, late 'DREADNOUGHT,'
Greenwich, S.E. Established 1821. Incorporated 1833.
DISPENSARIES, Well St., London Docks, and at Gravesend.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief of sick seamen of all nations.

Admission.—Free. No letter of recommendation required. The Hospital is open at all hours to any seafaring man, no matter what his nationality or creed. Smallpox is the only disease not treated. Patients attending the Dispensaries who need treatment in the wards of a hospital are sent by special conveyance to Greenwich. Sailors are retained in the Hospital during convalescence. *Samaritan Fund.*—Relieves such patients who, on leaving the Hospital, are without the means of obtaining a ship or procuring lodging, clothing, or food, until they are able to join a vessel. **Management.**—Committee appointed by Governors. Annual subscription of £1. 1s., or donation of £10. 10s. constitutes a Governor. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £5,479; invested funds and terminating annuities, £4,266; legacies, £450; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £695; ships' collections, £1,017; contingencies, &c., £265. **Patients.**—In, 2,382; out, 5,173. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, John Deacon, Esq.; Sec., Pietro Michelli, Esq.

MILLER HOSPITAL AND ROYAL KENT DISPENSARY
(1783), 64 Greenwich Road, S.E. Branch Depôts, Montpelier Vale, Blackheath; Shooter's Hill Road, Blackheath; Burnt Ash Hill, Lee, Charlton; and Hare Street, Woolwich, S.E.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Annual subscribers of £1. 1s. may have one patient always on list, and one lying-in case yearly. Annual subscribers of £2. 2s. may have one patient always on the list, and one in-patient in the year. Accident cases free for day of application and following day; but for further attendance a letter is required. Paupers ineligible. Letters to be sent or presented any weekday 9 a.m. to 10 a.m. Times of attendance, 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 4 p.m. to 7 p.m. daily. Letter must be renewed after one month. Phials, &c. must be provided. Patients, if unable to attend and residing in Greenwich, Deptford, or Woolwich, are visited at home. Letters to be sent at 10 a.m. on day of admission; in Woolwich cases, at such hours as surgeons shall appoint. **Management.**—Committee of 50 Governors annually elected at General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £3,460; invested funds, £269. **Patients.**—In, 244; out, 14,616 (including 876 lying-in cases); accidents, 1,090. Number of beds, 24. Bankers, London & County, Greenwich. Treas., J. Penn, Esq.; Hon. Sec., W. Bristow, Esq., Woodlands, Blackheath, S.E.

ST. RAPHAEL'S HOSPITAL FOR MEN (Roman Catholics)
(1876), 3 Sydney Street, Fulham Road, S.W.

GERMAN HOSPITAL (1845), Dalston Lane, E.

Object.—Medical and surgical treatment of natives of Germany, others speaking the German language, and English in cases of accidents.

Admission.—Free to those speaking the German language. Those not speaking the language admitted as out-patients by letter of recommendation. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s., or donor of £10. 10s., may recommend six English out-patients. In-patients admitted daily (Sunday excepted), between 2 and 4 p.m.; urgent cases admitted at all hours.

They are discharged at end of two months, but time of stay may be, and is frequently, extended by the Committee on the recommendation of the medical officers. Infectious cases inadmissible. There is a Sanatorium in the Hospital, consisting of several private rooms, for the better educated, who are admitted on payment of 1½ and 2 guineas per week. Out-patients to attend at 2 p.m. daily (except Saturday and Sunday); females, Monday, Wednesday, Friday; males, Tuesday, Thursday. **Management.**—Committee of 18 Governors elected annually, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £6,435; invested funds, rents &c., £2,194; patients' payments in Sanatorium, £241. **Patients.**—In, 1,449; out, 22,075; Dental cases, 986; in the Sanatorium, 41. Two Dispensaries are established in connection with the Hospital—one at 4 Great Prescott Street, Goodman's Fields, E. (patients seen Tuesday, Friday, between 8 and 10 a.m.), and one at 239 Oxford Street, W. (patients seen Monday, Thursday, between 8 and 10 a.m.). *Convalescent Fund*—"Sturge" *Samaritan Fund*.—These funds assist poor patients on their discharge. *Convalescent Home*.—113 Dalston Lane (directly opposite the Hospital). The Hospital maintains two permanent beds at the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, at Ventnor. Bankers, Glyn, Mills, & Co. Treasurer, Baron von Schröder, 145 Leadenhall Street, E.C.; Hon. Sec., Rev. Adolphus Walbaum, D.D., German Parsonage, Bodney Road, Dalston, E.; Sec., Mr. C. Feldmann.

FRENCH HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY (1867), 10 Leicester Place, Leicester Square, W.C. (New building in course of erection in Shaftesbury Avenue.)

Object.—Medical and surgical relief to all foreigners speaking the French language. **Admission.**—By Governor's letter of recommendation. Donor of £25, or annual subscriber of £2. 2s., is Governor. Out-patients attend (medical and surgical cases) daily (Sunday excepted). Urgent cases free and at any time. **Management.**—Committee of not less than 12, or more than 24, elected from and by Governors triennially at General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £2,550; legacy, £721; invested funds, £265. **Patients.**—In, 422; out, 10,466. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurer, Mr. H. Duval, 52 Threadneedle Street, E.C.; Hon. Sec., Mr. Ernest Rüffer, 39 Lombard Street, E.C.; Assistant Sec. and Collector, M. Fernand Sorel, at the Hospital.

ITALIAN HOSPITAL (1884), 14 Queen Square, Bloomsbury, W.C.

Object.—Medical and surgical treatment of (a) Italians and Italian-speaking people, and (b) of all persons without any distinction of nationality or language, preference, however, being given to (a). **Admission.**—By subscriber's letter. **Management.**—By Committee, elected by subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £927. **Patients.**—In, 197; out, 2,279. Bankers, Union Bank of London, Holborn Circus, E.C. Hon. Sec., A. Serena, Esq., 8 Austin Friars, E.C.; Sec. (*pro tem.*), Giovanni Ferrari, Esq.

PAY HOSPITALS.*

HOME HOSPITALS ASSOCIATION (for paying Patients)
(1877), 16 & 17 Fitzroy Square, W.

Object.—Provision of self-supporting homes for treatment of disease ; as in hospitals in town, and of similar institutions at seaside and other localities for convalescent patients. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Lady Superintendent. Cases of epilepsy, lunacy, infection, or contagion, inadmissible ; also (in general) incurable cases. The charges range from £3. 3s. to £6. 6s. a week. Each patient is attended by his own professional adviser. Governors (donors of £52. 10s. in two years) and Members (donors of £21 in two years) have priority of admission for themselves and families, and may nominate patients. **Management.**—By Committee elected by Annual General Meeting of Governors and Members. **Income** (1887).—Patients' payments, £4,451 ; other sources, £28. **Patients** (1887).—246. Bankers, Cox & Co. Treasurer, Frederick Cox, Esq. ; Hon. Sec., T. Almond Hind, Esq.

BOLINGBROKE HOUSE PAY HOSPITAL (1880), Wandsworth Common, S.W.

Object.—To provide for persons able to pay wholly or partially for their support, the combination of hospital treatment and nursing with so far as possible the comforts and privacy of home. There are wards for adults of both sexes and for children. **Admission.**—At discretion of Committee. Persons suffering from infectious or incurable complaints, insanity, or fits are ineligible. A special form of application must be obtained from, and returned filled up to, the Hon. Secretary, with medical certificate of disease, and guarantee of weekly payments. Payments according to patients' means. Members of provident dispensaries or benefit clubs are received on specially advantageous terms. Minimum fee 10s. 6d. a week, which includes board, lodging, medical attendance, and all expenses except for washing, and for beer and wine, which patients have only on doctor's order. The patient states on the form the amount able to be paid, *but it will not be accepted if deemed inconsistent with the patient's position and ability.* **Management.**—By Trustee and Committee. **Income** (1887).—Donations, subscriptions, &c., £260 ; patients' payments, £926. **Inmates.**—89. Bankers, London and County Bank, Victoria Street, S.W. President and Trustee, the Rev. Canon Erskine Clarke, Vicar of Battersea ; Hon. Sec. and Resident Medical Officer, Dr. Cecil R. C. Lyster.

INVALID HOME (1878), St. Bede's House, 4 Fairfax Road, Hampstead, N.W.

Object.—For paying patients of either sex. **Admission.**—By payment of : Ward patients, 15s. a week ; private patients, £2. 2s. to £2. 12s. 6d. a week ; permanent patients, £100 to £150 a year. **Management.**—A private institution.

* Paying patients are also received at ST. THOMAS'S HOME, St. Thomas's Hospital ; GUY'S HOSPITAL ; ST. PETER'S HOME, Kilburn ; COTTAGE HOSPITAL, Hermitage Road, Norwood ; GERMAN HOSPITAL, Dalston ; MEMORIAL COTTAGE HOSPITAL, Mildmay Park ; EVANGELICAL PROTESTANT DEACONESSES' INSTITUTION, Tottenham ; HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN, Lupus Street, Pimlico ; GROSVENOR HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN, Westminster ; and at many of the special hospitals.

MRS. ALEXANDER'S MEDICAL AND SURGICAL HOME (1875), 3 Manchester Street, Manchester Square, W.

Object.—To receive ladies and gentlemen and children who require medical or surgical nursing, and who pay full prices for all they receive.

Admission.—By application. Cases of infection are ineligible. Payment, from £3. 3s. to £8. 8s. per week, including board, nursing, &c., but not doctors' fees, or medical appliances. **Management.**—By Proprietress, Mrs. Alexander. **Patients** (1882-3).—101.

ST. HELENA HOME (), 1 Grove End Road, N.W.

Object.—Patients of both sexes received. **Admission.**—By application to lady superintendent for form. Patients are attended by their own doctor. Cases of epilepsy, lunacy, or of infection or contagion ineligible. Payment, £4. 4s. to £7. 7s. a week including board, the services of one nurse, and everything except stimulants, mineral waters, and surgical dressings, which are charged cost price. No patient taken for less than a week. **Treas.**, Francis Hoare, Esq.; **Hon. Sec.**, J. Bros, Esq.

HAMPSTEAD HOME HOSPITAL & NURSING INSTITUTE (1882), 2, 3 & 4 Parliament Hill Rd., Hampstead, N.W.

Object.—The reception of patients who are able to pay wholly or in part for residence; also for sending trained lady nurses to private families. **Admission.**—By payment of (class a) 10s. to 15s. a week, 'this class is well suited for domestic servants and others whose means are limited,' (class b) 21s. to 25s. a week, (class c) £2. 2s. to £5. 5s. a week. **Management.**—By Council of not more than 25 Governors, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £427; patients' payments, £467; nurses' earnings, £202. **Inmates.**—116. **Bankers**, London & South-Western Bank, Hampstead. **Treasurer**, W. F. Malcolm, Esq.; **Hon. Sec.**, R. A. Owthwaite, Esq.

SOUTH HAMPSTEAD PRIVATE HOSPITAL, INVALID HOME AND NURSING INSTITUTE (1882). Lady Superintendent, Miss Beilby, 50 Primrose Hill Rd., N.W.

ELTHAM COTTAGE HOSPITAL (1880), Eltham, Kent.

Object.—To provide hospital accommodation for persons living in the parish of Eltham and the immediate neighbourhood. **Admission.**—On payment of not less than 2s. 6d. a week for persons under 10 years of age, and not less than 3s. 6d. a week above that age. A separate room may be had upon such terms as the Committee may think fit. **Management.**—By Committee of gentlemen elected at the Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £196; Hospital Sunday Fund, £36; patients' payments, £33; sale of work, &c., £18. **Treas.**, H. M. Gordon, Esq.; **Sec.**, T. W. Mills, Esq.

HOSPITALS FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN.*

CHELSEA HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN (1871), Queen's Elm, Fulham Road, S.W.

Object.—The treatment of diseases peculiar to women. **Admission.**—
(a) By letter of recommendation. Annual subscribers of £3. 3s. and

* Some of the institutions included in the section HOMES FOR INCURABLES, p. 77, also partake of the nature of hospitals.

donors of £21 are life governors, and contributors of £10. 10s. are donors, and may recommend one in- and six out-patients annually. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend six out-patients yearly. Letters for in-patients must be presented to the Secretary before admission, and renewed monthly. (b) By payment from 10s. 6d. to £2. 2s. weekly, according to means, by those who are able to contribute towards their support. When unable from illness or distance to attend for examination, certificate from medical attendant should be sent to the Secretary on the proper form to be obtained from him, and he will inform the applicant when she can be admitted. Infectious cases inadmissible. Out-patients seen Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 2 p.m. New cases to attend at 1.30 p.m. punctually. Subscriber's letter gives free treatment for one month. Those without a letter are charged 6d. for medicine. They must bring a large clean bottle. **CONVALESCENT HOME AND SAMARITAN FUND.**—Interest of £1,865 for convalescent and other assistance to patients leaving hospital. **Management.**—Board of Management and Finance Committees elected at Annual Meeting of Governors. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £4,144; patients' payments, £363. **Patients.**—In, 305; out, 3,527; attendances, 11,272. Bankers, London & County Bank, Victoria Street, S.W. Treasurer, Henry E. Wright, Esq.; Acting Sec., A. C. Davis.

THE HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN (Founded 1842, Incorporated by Royal Charter 1887), Soho Square, W.

Admission.—In-patients, by subscriber's letter, or by payment; out-patients, free. Applicant's letter must be sent to the Secretary, and, unless applicant has been out-patient, accompanied by medical certificate. Annual subscriber of £3. 3s. may recommend one in-patient yearly. Patients are received for two months. Time may be extended for further periods of two months each by medical officer. Admission by priority or urgency. Paying patients contribute from £1. 5s. to £2. 2s. per week. No applicant admitted without order from Secretary, stating time she can be admitted. Everything supplied but soap and towels. Patients must pay for their washing. Out-patients seen daily at 10 o'clock. **Management.**—Committee, one-third retiring yearly by rotation. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions (including legacies, £4,220; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £478), total, £6,529; rents, £503; patients' payments, £1,658; other sources, £171. **Patients.**—In, 671; out, 5,321. **Attendances.**—32,150. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, R. C. L. Bevan, Esq.; Sec., David Cannon, Esq.

NEW HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN (1872), 222 Marylebone Road, W.

Object.—The treatment of diseases peculiar to women, by fully qualified physicians of their own sex. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation together with a payment. In-patients pay from 2s. 6d. upwards a week according to means. Cases of serious illness may be admitted without payment. Out-patients pay 6d. or 1s. entrance fee, and 2d. for medicine. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend 12 out-patients yearly. Out-letters are equivalent to in-letters, if nature of case requires admission. Out-patients seen Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, 1 to 3 p.m., Saturday, 9 to 10 a.m. The visiting physicians for in-patients are Mrs. Garrett Anderson, M.D., Mrs. Marshall, M.D., and Mrs. de la Cherois, L.K.Q.C.P.I. Physicians for out-patients, Mrs. Scharlieb, M.B., B.S., Miss Cock, L.K.Q.C.P.I., and Miss Walker, L.K.Q.C.P.I. **Management.**—By Miss Margaret M. Bagster, Superin-

tendent. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,385; payments by patients, £443; other sources, £265. **Patients**.—In, 263; out, 5,163. Bankers, Bank of England, Western Branch. Treasurer, Mrs. Westlake; Sec., Miss Margaret M. Bagster.

ESTABLISHMENT FOR GENTLEWOMEN DURING TEMPORARY ILLNESS (1850), 90 Harley Street, W.

Object.—A home, and medical and surgical treatment, for the wives and daughters of professional men, and for governesses and artists during temporary illness. **Admission**.—By application to Lady Superintendent, and payment of £1. 11s. 6d. a week for each room used by one patient only; £1. 1s. for each bed in room occupied by two; and 'for each bed in No. 7,' 17s. 6d. a week. Personal laundry expenses extra. Guarantee required for payments. Foreign ladies and, in special cases, children admitted on same terms. Admission is, in first instance, for not exceeding six weeks, but which may be extended. Cases of infection, fits, or mental disorder inadmissible. **Management**.—A Committee, who elect new members. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £1,570; patients' payments, £943; concert, £150; invested funds, £114. **Patients**.—135. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurer, R. R. Pym, Esq.; Lady Superintendent, Miss Meyrick.

SAMARITAN FREE HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN (1847), 13 Lower Seymour Street, Portman Square, W. Dorset House Branch, 1 Dorset Street, Manchester Square, W.

Admission.—(a) In-patients, free. No letter required. Priority according to date of application. Exception made for cases requiring surgical aid without delay. When applicant unable by illness or distance to apply personally, printed form is furnished to be filled up and returned to the Secretary, who will inform applicant when she can be admitted. No patient can remain for more than two months without sanction of Committee. 'Applicants of questionable character, with diseases known by the term "contagious," not admitted.' Patients must pay for their washing, and bring underlinen, towels, comb, brush, soap, &c. (b) Out-patients, free. Women with diseases not peculiar to their sex must obtain card or letter from a Governor. Annual subscription of £2. 2s., or donation of £21, constitutes a Governor. Patients must attend at the dispensary to have their names entered, from 12 to 2 daily (Sundays excepted). Entrance at Edwards' Mews, Duke Street, Manchester Square, W. They must bring large clean bottles, &c., for medicines. **Samaritan Fund**.—Assists the poorer patients with trusses, bandages, nutritious food, and other comforts, and procures admission to convalescent homes. **Convalescent Home**.—Brentwood. Two beds are at the perpetual disposal of the Committee. **Management**.—Committee elected yearly. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £3,627; legacies, £350; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds and collections, £548; sundries, £25. **Patients**.—In, 492; out, 4,608; attendances, 12,670; Dental cases, 45. Bankers, Sir S. Scott & Co. Treas., Richard B. Wade, Esq.; Sec., Geo. Scudamore, Esq.

THE ROYAL HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN AND WOMEN (1816), Waterloo Bridge Road, S.E.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief as in title. **Admission**.—(a) In-patients, by letter of recommendation. Children under two not admissible, except under special circumstances. Boys over eight and infectious

cases inadmissible. Friends of every in-patient expected to contribute at least 6d. per week. No patient can remain longer than two months, except by sanction of House Committee. (b) Out-patients, by letter of recommendation and free. Those with letters have priority of attention. Hospital open daily, 12 to 2. Boys over 12 years inadmissible; girls over 14 are regarded as women. 1d. charged for every attendance. Infectious diseases (except whooping-cough) inadmissible. Bottles, corks, &c., are not supplied. Children too ill to attend, and residing within the visiting district (the boundaries of which are, from Blackfriars Bridge, along Blackfriars Road to St. George's Circus, through Lambeth Road and Church Street to Lambeth Bridge), will be seen at home, provided application be made to House Surgeon not later than 1.30; the medicines being given out from the Hospital at 6 p.m. same day. **Management.**—Committee, elected at Annual General Meeting of Governors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £2,358; invested funds, £217; patients' payments, £192; legacies, £100; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £286. **Patients.**—In, 459; out, 7,325; attendances, 30,876. Bankers, Fuller, Banbury, & Co. Treasurer, J. F. Eastwood, Esq.; Sec., Richard G. Kestin, Esq.

HOSPITAL FOR SICK WOMEN AND CHILDREN (1883), 9 and 32 Lupus Street, Pimlico, S.W.

Admission.—By payment, varying according to the circumstances of the patient. Wards are provided from £1. 1s. to £3. 3s. per week. Two references are required as guarantee of payment. All instruments, apparatus, &c., must be provided by the patient. Children and women of all ages are admitted whether their disease is special to their sex or not. Medical and surgical cases of all kinds are provided for. **Management.**—By the Physician, Assistant Physician, and House Surgeon. **Income** (1887).—Patients' payments, £502. Treasurer, G. J. Green, Esq. Medical Staff: Senior Physician, Dr. G. de Gorrequer Griffith; Assistant Physician, Dr. Sylvester; House Surgeon, J. A. Hutton, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.(Lond.)

ST. LUKE'S HOME FOR SICK WOMEN AND CHILDREN (1882), 29 Manor Road, Walworth, S.E.

Object.—The reception of women and children ineligible for any regular hospital, and requiring no active medical treatment, but who are unable to obtain sufficient rest and nourishment in their own homes.

Admission.—By payment in advance of 5s. a week (children under 13, 2s. 6d. a week), washing extra. Medical certificate required, setting forth that applicant is not insane, or liable to fits, and free from infection. Guarantee required for removal in case of death. **Management.**—By Committee of Ladies. Bankers, London and County. Treas., Mrs. Simpkinson, St. Paul's Vicarage, Walworth; Lady Supt., Miss B. L. Phipps.

GROSVENOR HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN (1866), 3 and 4 Vincent Square, Westminster, S.W.

Object.—Treatment, as in-patients, of women suffering from diseases peculiar to their sex; as out-patients, of women and children suffering from any kind of disease not infectious or contagious. **Admission.**—In-patients: (a) By subscriber's letter, and payment of 5s. a week; (b) by payment only of 10s. a week. Persons of a higher class, though unable to pay ordinary medical fees, received in private wards on payment of £1. 1s. a week. Out-patients: By subscriber's letter, and payment of 2d. to 1s. a week according to means. Any person may attend once on an

out-patients' day on payment of 1s., but must obtain a letter before a second visit. Out-patients seen Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Saturday, at 2 p.m. Annual subscriber of £2. 2s. may recommend one in- and eight out-patients yearly. 'In' letter lasts eight, 'out' letter four weeks. **Management.**—General Committee and Ladies' Committee; new members elected by the Committee; appointments confirmed at Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions (including Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £108), £421, interest, £7; inmates' payments, £409; sundries, £5. **Patients.**—In, 95; out, 2,128; attendances, 8,934. Treasurer, A. J. Ram, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Hon. F. C. Howard; Supt., Miss Hughes.

PADDINGTON GREEN CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL (1883), Paddington Green, W.

Object.—Specified in title, for boys under 12 years of age, and girls under 14. **Admission.**—Free to all necessitous patients, who are, however, invited to contribute voluntarily to the Hospital as far as they are able. Physicians attend daily at 9.15 a.m. Surgeon on Monday and Friday at 9.15 a.m. Physician for skin diseases on Saturday at 9.15 a.m. Surgeon for eye diseases on Thursday at 9 a.m. There is a Convalescent Home in connection with the Hospital at 'Paddington Cottage,' Wembley, Sudbury, which provides 12 cots. Cases are admitted through the Hospital. Treasurer, Rev. C. J. Ridgeway, 32 Queen's Gardens, Hyde Park; Trustees, Douglas Owen, Esq., 61 Cleveland Square, and C. W. Empson, Esq., 3 Cleveland Gdns., W.; Sec., Mr. W. H. Pearce, at the Hospital. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by subscribers. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £3,720; patients' payments, interest, &c., £338. **Patients.**—In, 423; out, 27,300; casualties and accidents, 1,729. Bankers, London and County Bank, Connaught St., W. Treas., G. Hanbury, Esq., 21 Portman Sq., W.; Hon. Sec., C. W. Empson, Esq., 3 Cleveland Gardens, W.; Sec., Mr. W. H. Pearce.

VICTORIA HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN (1866), Queen's Road West, Chelsea, S.W.

Object.—Medical and surgical treatment. 'None but necessitous persons are entitled to receive the benefits of this charity.' **Admission.**—(a) In-patients, by letter of recommendation. Application must be made at the Hospital at 12 noon. Comb and brush must be brought. Clean linen is supplied by the Hospital, and 3d. a week charged. At expiration of a month, 'letter' must be renewed. None can remain more than two months without special consent of Committee. Accidents and urgent cases admissible at any time on application to House Surgeon. Urgent dental cases are seen with a ticket obtainable from any of the medical officers, at Mr. Francis Fox's, 68 Wimpole Street, W., any morning before 10. No cases of smallpox or fever received. Boys must be between 2 and 12 years; girls between 2 and 16. (b) Out-patients, by letter of recommendation, available for a fortnight. No child over 16 years eligible. Out-patients (medical cases) seen Monday, 9.30 a.m., and all days of the week, 1.30 p.m.; Surgical cases, Monday and Thursday, 9.30 a.m.; and Wednesday and Saturday, 1.30 p.m. Dental cases, Saturday, 9 a.m. Subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend one in- or ten out-patients. **Convalescent Home.**—Margate, for patients of the Hospital only. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by Governors. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £3,069; patients' payments, £274; fees for private nursing, and probationers' fees, £754; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £171; proceeds of entertainments, £20; legacies, £1,307. **Patients.**—In, 696; out, 41,031. Bankers, Herries, Farquhar, & Co. Treas., Alfred Farquhar, Esq.; Sec. W. C. Blount, R.N.; Lady Superintendent, Miss Cooper.

BELGRAVE HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN (1866), 79

Gloucester Street, Warwick Square, S.W.

Object.—(a) Medical and surgical treatment of poor children suffering from non-contagious diseases. (b) The promotion of the study of children's diseases. (c) The training of pupil nurses. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Annual Subscriber of £2. 2s. may recommend one in- and five out-patients yearly. Accidents free. Out-patients should attend (Medical cases) Mondays, Thursdays, 9 a.m.; (Surgical cases) Tuesdays, Fridays, 9 a.m.; (Dental cases) Wednesdays, 9.30 a.m. *As a practice* children under 2 and over 12 not taken as in-patients. These limits are not strictly observed with regard to out-patients. **Management.**—Committee chosen from the general body of Governors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £2,255; other sources (sale of stock and loan), £864. 9s. 6d. **Patients.**—In, 135; out, 2,354. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treas., Rev. J. H. J. Ellison, 4 Warwick Square, S.W., Dr. Way, 4 Eaton Square, S.W.; Hon. Secs., Capt. W. J. Stopford, 65 St. George's Square, S.W., Rev. John Storrs, St. Peter's Vicarage, 2 Grosvenor Gardens, S.W.

ST. MONICA'S HOME FOR SICK CHILDREN (1874),

Brondesbury Park, N.W.

Object.—To receive surgical cases needing longer treatment than most hospitals afford, also chronic cases requiring active treatment. Girls are received from the age of 3 to 15; boys from 3 to 12. **Admission.**—By application to the Lady Superintendent. A medical certificate stating the nature of the case is required, and also an engagement signed by some householder undertaking the weekly payment of 5s. 6d., and to remove the child if required, or in the case of death to be responsible for funeral expenses. No limit is fixed for the length of the children's stay in the Home, as it is regulated by the nature of each case. The children receive as regular an education as their health allows, the girls especially in needlework. **Management.**—By the Foundresses, Miss Stewart Forster and Miss Marshall. **Income** (1887).—From all sources, £2,111. **Children received** (1887).—51; left cured or benefited, 22. Number of beds, 30. Bankers, Hoare & Co. Treasurer, W. H. Bosanquet, Esq.; Lady Superintendent, Miss C. Stewart-Forster.

THE HOSPITAL FOR SICK CHILDREN (1852), Great

Ormond Street, W.C., and Cromwell House, Highgate.

Object.—(a) The medical and surgical treatment of poor children. (b) The attainment and diffusion of knowledge regarding the diseases of children. (c) The training of nurses for children. **Admission.**—For in-patients, by subscribers' letters. Annual subscriber of £2. 2s. may recommend one in- and five out-patients yearly. Out-patients, whose parents are in receipt of more than 40s. per week, are not, as a rule, considered eligible for permanent treatment; and all patients who do not bring a letter from a governor or subscriber will be required to make a statement as to the circumstances of the family, and submit to have such statement investigated. The Hospital contains 120 beds, viz., 62 medical and 42 surgical, and 16 beds in an isolated building for any infectious cases which may occur in the Hospital. *Cromwell House*, with 52 beds, is for convalescent and chronic patients; the latter remain at discretion of medical officer. (See under CONVALESCENT HOMES.) *Samaritan Fund* sends children to the country. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £8,054; invested funds, £417; sale of old materials, pupil nurses and private nursing, £205. **Patients.**—In, 1,186; out, 15,647; at

Highgate, 166; Convalescents, 142. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, John Deacon, Esq.; Sec., Adrian Hope, Esq.; Lady Superintendent, Miss K. Philippa Hicks.

NORTH-EASTERN HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN (1867), Goldsmith's Row, Hackney Road, E.

Object.—Medical and surgical treatment of children. **Admission.**—(a) In-patients, by subscriber's free ticket, or by payment of 2s. 6d. a week. None admitted under two years of age. Physician attends daily at 1 p.m. Surgeon on Tuesday and Friday at 9 a.m. (b) Out-patients, by subscriber's free ticket, or by payment of 4d. on admission, and 3d. a week afterwards. Annual subscriber of £2. 2s. may recommend one in- and five out-patients yearly. There is a *Convalescent Home* at Croydon for patients of the Hospital. (See under CONVALESCENT HOMES.) **Management.**—Committee of 20 Governors, with *ex-officio* members, elected at Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £3,395; invested funds, rents, &c., £240; payments by patients, £731. **Patients.**—In, 576; out, 13,882; at Convalescent Home, 78. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treas., W. L. Barclay, Esq.; Sec., Mr. A. Nixon, 27 Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, E.C.; Lady Supt., Miss E. W. Curno.

HER MAJESTY'S INFIRMARY FOR SICK CHILDREN (1887), 13, 15, 17, and 19 Stepney Causeway, E.

Object.—Erected in 1887 as a Jubilee Memorial, to be the Hospital of Dr. Barnardo's London Homes, having accommodation for the reception of 75 children. **Admission.**—Free. 'Urgent need constitutes the only claim; no destitute child, however deformed or physically hopeless its case may seem to be, is rejected because of the gravity of its disorder.' **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Number benefited** (1887–8).—389. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

EAST LONDON HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN AND DISPENSARY FOR WOMEN (1868), Shadwell, E.

Object.—Medical and surgical treatment of poor children as in-patients; Dispensary for poor women and children as out-patients. **Admission.**—Accidents and urgent cases free; ordinary cases by letter of recommendation. A subscriber may recommend two patients for every guinea given annually, and a donor of less than £10. 10s. five patients, either in or out, during the year. **Management.**—Board, elected at Annual Court of Governors. **Income** (1887–8).—Invested funds, £158; other sources, £9,471. **Patients.**—In, 1,005; out, 18,265. Bankers, The Alliance Bank; Coutts & Co.; Dimsdale, Fowler, & Co.; Prescott & Co. Treasurer, E. S. Norris, Esq., M.P.; Sec., Ashton Warner, Esq.

EVELINA HOSPITAL FOR SICK CHILDREN (1869), Southwark Bridge Road, S.E.

Object.—Medical and surgical treatment of sick children. **Admission.**—Free, and by letter. (Those in-patients who have letters of recommendation from governors or subscribers take precedence.) Subscriber of £2. 2s. may recommend one in- and five out-patients. In-patients: boys admitted between two and ten years; girls, between two and twelve. They must be brought between 9 a.m. and 12 noon. Accident, special, or urgent cases admitted at discretion of medical officer. No infectious cases received. Guarantee required from householder for removal at death or discharge. Out-patients: children of any age admis-

able. They must be brought at 9 a.m. Medical cases : Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday. Surgical cases : Wednesday, Saturday. Out-patients receive advice, &c., for not exceeding two months. Letters may be renewed at discretion of medical officer. Each patient pays 1d. on receipt of medicine. **Management.**—A permanent Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £3,205; invested funds, £591; patients' payments, £73; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £518; training fees, fees for nurses sent out, &c., £172. **Patients.**—In, 473; out, 6,068; attendances, 28,969. Bankers, Smith, Payne, & Smiths. Treasurer, F. H. Beaumont, Esq.; Sec., T. S. Chapman, Esq.

HOME AND INFIRMARY FOR SICK CHILDREN, AND SOUTH LONDON DISPENSARY FOR WOMEN, Sydenham Road, Lower Sydenham, S.E.

Object.—To provide a home for the reception and maintenance of children discharged from any metropolitan hospital, or recovering from illness, or afflicted with constitutional infirmity, or for accidents or other cases at discretion of Committee; and to maintain a dispensary for women and children in connection therewith. **Admission.**—(a) To the dispensary, by application any Tuesday or Thursday afternoons. Payment, 6d. per visit. (b) To the Home, by subscriber's letter or payment of 7s. 6d. per week; application must be made to the matron. A subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to a letter of admission for four weeks at 2s. 6d. a week. Washing extra. There are twelve free beds. Children are received between the ages of, boys, 2 and 12; girls, 2 and 14. They must be in indigent circumstances. Children of unsound mind, those subject to epileptic or other fits, or suspected of any infectious or contagious disease, are inadmissible. Inmates remain by monthly renewal of letters, at longest three months, except by special sanction of the Committee. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by subscribers at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £961; patients' payments, £240; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £195. **Benefited.**—Cases, women, 2,902; children, 481. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank, Forest Hill, S.E. Treasurer, Mrs. Chapman, 63 Earl's Court Square, S.W.; Hon. Sec., W. Aste, Esq.; Matron, Miss Meadows.

LEYTON AND WALTHAMSTOW HOSPITAL HOME FOR CHILDREN (1878), Salisbury Road, Walthamstow.

Object.—The reception and medical treatment of children from Leyton, Walthamstow, and the neighbouring parishes. **Admission.**—By subscriber's letter. Patients from Leyton and Walthamstow, free; from neighbouring parishes, 5s. a week and upwards. Patients received from London parishes when there is room. Each donation of £10. 10s., or annual subscription of £1. 1s., entitles to one recommendation a year; a donation of £5. 5s., to one annually for seven years. Applications must be made by the subscribers to the lady-in-charge at the Hospital. Patients must be between 2 and 14 years of age, and bring certificates of freedom from infectious and incurable complaints. Boys over 10, or children under 2 years, not received except in cases of accident. If approved by the doctor they are admitted in turn. Cases are admitted for three weeks, but may remain longer at discretion of the doctor and lady visitor. Arrangements for washing of clothes must be made, which is not done by the Hospital. In case of death the body must be removed by friends. **Management.**—By Committee, consisting of medical officers, treasurer, and lady visitors, with power to add to their number, one of whom is elected lady superintendent, every three months, the others acting as

visitors for a week in turn. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £167; Hospital Saturday Fund, £18; dividends, £14. **Inmates**.—49. Treasurer, E. S. Tudor, Esq., 17 College Hill, E.C.; Hon. Sec., Rev. F. T. Poole, Forest Rise, Walthamstow.

HOME FOR SICK CHILDREN, Belmont House, Winchcomb Street, Cheltenham.

Object.—The reception of sick children who require a longer course of treatment than they can receive in a general hospital. **Admission**.—By payment at the rate of £13 per annum. Application must be made to the Lady Superintendent. Children are received from the age of 3 years. Cases of infection, fits, or incurables, are ineligible. **Management**.—By a Committee of gentlemen. **Income** (1882-83).—Charitable contributions, £259; invested funds, £12; payments for inmates, £120; bazaar, entertainments, &c., £248. **Inmates**.—Average 20. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England. Hon. Treasurer, John Pearson, Esq., National Provincial Bank; Lady Superintendent, Miss Hugo.

HUTTON MEMORIAL HOME FOR CRIPPLES* (1877), Kinnerton Street, Wilton Place, S.W.

Object.—To provide for the maintenance and nursing of children in- or out-patients suffering from any kind of dislocation or bone injury. **Admission**.—By application to the Hon. Secretary. Payment, if unable to afford more, must be made of 5s. per week, and half cost of fees and appliances; from those able to afford it, a higher payment is expected. No exact limit as to age; adult cases are received by special arrangement. Out-patients pay for operations and appliances, the same as in-patients. Better class patients, either children or adults, received at higher charges by arrangement. **Management**.—By a Committee. **Patients**.—Bankers, London and County Bank, Albert Gate. Operator, Mr. J. Atkinson. Hon. Sec., Mr. H. Leigh-Williams; Treasurer, ; Matron, Mrs. Abbott.

FREE HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN OF THE POOR (1867), Kingsholm, Gloucester. Out-patients' Department, Hare Lane, Gloucester.

Object.—As in title. **Admission**.—Free admission depends upon the poverty of the family and the sickness of the child. Payment cases, 5s. a week. Age of admission, between 2 and 12. Out-patients are seen, and in-patients admitted, at the Out-patients' Department, Hare Lane, Gloucester, on Mondays and Thursdays, at 12 o'clock. Patients admitted from any distance on the approval of the receiving medical officer. Infectious cases, incurables, rickets, disease of the hip joint or spine ineligible. Trained nurses are sent to private families 'on the usual terms.' Ladies are received at the Hospital to be trained in nursing. Application should be made to the Sister-in-charge at the Hospital. **Management**.—By Committee. The Hospital is worked by the Sisters of St. John Baptist, Clewer. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,135; patients' payments, £13; interest, £12; legacies, £150. Bankers, County of Gloucester Bank. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, Rev. H. W. Maddy, Hatherley Rectory, Gloucester.

* This institution (formerly known as THE CHILDREN'S HOME) has been removed from 44 Marylands Road, W., and is being established in the country; but at present a suitable building has not been obtained. The accounts have not yet been made up, in consequence of changes in the administration of the institution. (January, 1889.)

LYING-IN HOSPITALS.*

QUEEN CHARLOTTE'S LYING-IN HOSPITAL (1752), Marylebone Road, N.W.

Objects.—Delivery of married women and single women with their first child. The training of medical pupils, midwives, and monthly nurses. Midwives specially prepared for the examination of the Obstetrical Society. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Annual subscriber of £2. 2s., or donor of £21, may recommend one in and two out-patients yearly. (a) In-patients: Married women, single women with first child, and widows with posthumous children, are eligible. Every patient, whether in or out, must attend at the Hospital with letter at 10 a.m., any day but Tuesday and Saturday, to have name entered on register and receive order of admission from Secretary. Patients only admitted when in labour, when they are received at any hour day and night; and must bring one change of linen for self and child. Infectious cases not admitted. (b) Out-patients: Married women and widows with posthumous children living within metropolitan district are attended by a midwife at home. A physician visits the Hospital every day. Wet and monthly nurses are supplied by the Hospital. Fees are charged suitable to all classes. *Convalescent Home* at 20 Victoria Road, Kilburn. (See under CONVALESCENT HOMES.) **Management.**—Committee appointed by Governors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £2,207; invested funds, £237; patients' payments, £84; pupils' fees, £2,692; sundries, £82. **Patients.**—In, 962; out, 1,196. Bankers, Cocks, Biddulph, & Co. Treasurer, A. C. de Rothschild, Esq.; Sec., G. Owen Ryan, Esq.

ROYAL MATERNITY CHARITY (1757), 31 Finsbury Sq., E.C.

Object.—The delivery of poor married women at their own habitations. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend at least six patients. Patients are attended by midwives 'specially prepared and educated by the charity's Lecturing Physician, with the examination of the Obstetrical Society.' All medicines supplied gratuitously through druggists appointed for the purpose. Applicant or a friend in case of illness to take recommendation, with certificate, or other satisfactory proof of marriage, to the Secretary at the Office, to be exchanged for an 'order' upon the midwife of her district. *Samaritan Fund.*—Provides immediate and temporary assistance other than medical to the very needy patients. Visiting ladies are appointed, to whom midwives report any cases of extreme want or distress. Relief, given in kind—about 5s. being expended on each case, and in no instance more than 10s. **Management.**—Committee of 20 Governors with *ex-officio* members, elected at Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £408; invested funds, £904. **Patients** (1887).—About 4,000. Bankers, Roberts, Lubbock, & Co. Treas., Sir J. Lubbock, Bart., M.P.; Sec., Mr. J. W. Long.

CITY OF LONDON LYING-IN HOSPITAL (1750. Out-patient Department, 1872), City Road, E.C.

Object.—Reception and delivery of poor married women, either at the Hospital or their own homes. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Those unable to procure 'letters' may be admitted at discretion of Committee. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend six out-patients

* Many Dispensaries give assistance to women during lying-in. (See under DISPENSARIES.) In addition to the Convalescent Homes in connection with the various Lying-in Hospitals, PRINCESS FREDERICA'S HOME at East Molesey and ALL SAINTS' HOME, Holyrood, Beckenham, receive poor women with their infants after childbirth.

yearly. No insane or infectious cases admitted. Attendance required at the Hospital on Wednesday at 10 a.m. to prove legal settlement and marriage. When admitted on books, patients are received within forty-eight hours of delivery at any time of night or day; but if they remain longer, previous to delivery, they must pay 1s. 6d. per day for board. Out-patients to attend at Hospital with recommendation any Wednesday at 12. Must bring certificate of marriage. *Samaritan Fund*.—Affords occasional relief to those destitute of necessaries, or wanting the needful comforts on leaving the Hospital. **Management**.—Committee of 20 Governors, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £417; invested funds, £1,729; pupils' fees, £787; patients' payments, £15; sundries, £23. **Patients**.—In, 356; out, 1,204. Bankers, Roberts, Lubbock, & Co. Treasurer, A. J. Roberts, Esq.; Sec., R. A. Othwaite, Esq.

BRITISH LYING-IN HOSPITAL (1749), Endell Street, St. Giles's, W.C.

Object.—Delivery of poor married women. **Admission**.—By letter of recommendation. Annual subscriber of £2. 2s. may recommend one in- and four out-patients. **Management**.—Board appointed by Governors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £536; invested funds, £566; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £68; students' and nurses' fees, £60. **Patients**.—In, 150; out, 600. Bankers, Hoare & Co. Treasurer, Charles Hoare, Esq.; Sec., FitzRoy Garduer, Esq.

GENERAL LYING-IN HOSPITAL (1765), York Road, Lambeth, S.E.

Object.—The assistance of poor married women. **Admission**.—By recommendation of subscriber of £3. 3s., or donor of £31. 10s., who has letters for three in-patients and three out-patients yearly; subscriber of £2. 2s., or donor of £21, has two in- and two out-patients' letters; and subscriber of £1. 1s., or donor of £10. 10s., three out-patients' letters. Single women admitted at discretion of Committee of Management, on letters of character. Certificates required. Duration of stay about 14 days, or longer, if necessary. **Management**.—By Committee, who meet weekly, appointed by the Governors annually. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £595; invested funds, £1,099; nurses' fees for training, &c., £1,196; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £119; concerts, etc., £50. **Patients**.—In, 497; out, 911. Bankers, Drummond & Co.; Cocks, Bidulph, & Co. Treasurer, Lord Saye and Sele; Sec., Miss Annie Whyte.

MATERNITY HOME, 17 to 20 Queen Anne Terrace, Albert Road, Battersea.

Admission.—By application to the Sister-in-charge. A limited number of private patients are received in a separate house, at No. 20 Queen Anne Terrace. For ordinary cases a fee of £5. 5s. is charged. **Management**.—By the Committee of St. John's House, Norfolk St., Strand, W.C.

MOTHERS' LYING-IN HOME (1884), Juniper Street, Shadwell, E.

Object.—To maintain in the East of London a home for poor married women during childbirth. **Admission**.—By Governor's letter. Marriage certificate must be produced. **Management**.—By Committee of ladies and gentlemen appointed at the Annual Meeting. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £665. **Patients** (accommodation for 7).—84 in the Home; 12 attended at their houses. Bankers, London & Westminster, St. James's Square, W. Treasurer, Percy Wigram, Esq.; Lady Superintendent and Sec., Mrs. Ashton Warner.

FEVER AND SMALLPOX HOSPITALS.

LONDON FEVER HOSPITAL (1801), Liverpool Road, Islington, N.

Object.—The isolation and treatment of scarlet fever, typhus, typhoid, diphtheria, measles, and other contagious fevers in persons of the poorer non-pauper classes, such as trade and shop employes, governesses, school teachers, clerks, domestic servants, and others, with the families of all these classes. To these people a fee of £3. 3s. is charged for as long a period as may be necessary—generally about six weeks. This fee covers about one-fourth of the cost, the remaining three-fourths being borne by the funds of the Charity. Subscribers of £1. 1s. and upwards for more than a year, and donors of £10. 10s. and upwards in one sum, become Governors, and have the privilege of sending their domestic servants for free treatment. Firms, clubs, and hotels subscribing £2. 2s. annually may send one employe per year for free treatment; £4. 4s., two employes; and £5. 5s., three employes. **Admission.**—By application to the Resident Medical Officer at the Hospital. **Management.**—Committee elected at Annual General Meeting of Governors. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £6,563; invested funds and rents, £1,013; Hospital Sunday & Saturday Funds, £718; patients' payments, £3,873; legacies, £1,346; sundries, £293. **Patients.**—982. Bankers, Dimsdale & Co. Treasurer, Alderman Sir R. N. Fowler, Bart., M.P.; Hon. Sec., C. J. Stewart, Esq.; Sec., Major W. Christie.

METROPOLITAN ASYLUMS BOARD.* Offices, 37 Norfolk Street, Strand, W.C.

Admission.—By order of relieving officer, accompanied by a medical certificate. **Management.**—By Metropolitan Asylums Board; Clerk, W. F. Jebb, Esq.

HOSPITALS FOR FEVER AND DIPHTHERIA.

EASTERN FEVER HOSPITAL, Homerton, E.—Expenditure (1887-8), £22,854. Patients (daily average), 324. Steward, Mr. A. W. Weston.

NORTH - WESTERN FEVER HOSPITAL, Hampstead, N.W.—Expenditure (1887-8), £22,590. Patients (daily average), 253. Steward, Mr. S. A. Needes.

WESTERN FEVER HOSPITAL, Fulham, S.W.—Expenditure (1887-8), £15,624. Patients (daily average), 169. Steward, Mr. T. Arrowsmith.

SOUTH - WESTERN FEVER HOSPITAL, Stockwell, S.W.—Expenditure (1887-8), £14,813. Patients (daily average), 270. Steward, Mr. W. Frost.

SOUTH - EASTERN FEVER HOSPITAL, New Cross, S.E.—Expenditure (1887-8), £19,942. Patients (daily average), 278. Steward, Mr. T. Monk.

NORTHERN FEVER HOSPITAL, Winchmore Hill, N.—Expenditure (1887-8), £21,248. Patients (daily average), 520. Steward, Mr. H. Jay.

SMALLPOX.

HOSPITAL SHIPS, Long Reach, Dartford.—Expenditure (1887-8), £9,208. Patients (daily average), 6. Steward, Mr. T. Chenoweth.

GORE FARM HOSPITAL, Darenth, near Dartford, Kent. (*In course of erection.*)

*The 'Annual Report' contains an exhaustive account of the work of the Board, and of the expenditure incurred under the several heads. It may be obtained at the offices of the Board as above.

SMALLPOX AND VACCINATION HOSPITAL (1746), Highgate Hill, Upper Holloway, N.

Object.—Medical and surgical treatment of persons afflicted with small-pox. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation and by payment. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend patient at reduced fee of £4. 4s.; of £5. 5s. may recommend free patient. Those without recommendation must pay admission fee of £5. 5s. All persons 7 years of age and upwards are eligible. Patients admitted every day (if there is room) from 8 a.m. to 6 p.m. Vaccination and revaccination are performed gratuitously in a separate building on all who apply. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income.**—

Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Co. Treas., Mr. S. Hoare; Sec., R. H. Wilkins, Esq., 19 King's Arms Yard, E.C.; Matron, Miss Crockett.

ROYAL JENNERIAN AND LONDON VACCINE INSTITUTE (1802), 83 Finsbury Pavement, E.C.

Object.—To provide vaccination for the poor. **Admission.**—Attendance given on Monday, Tuesday, and Thursday, at 3 p.m. **Income** (1887).—£213. **Patients.**—Adults, 15; infants, 1,276. Sec., Dr. W. Epps.

ASSOCIATION FOR THE SUPPLY OF PURE VACCINE LYMPH (1877), 12 Pall Mall East.

HOSPITALS FOR CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST.*

HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST (1841), Brompton, S.W.

Object.—Medical relief, as in title. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Lists of subscribers and full information may be had on personal or written application to the Secretary. Applicants will receive notice from the Secretary when to attend for final examination and admission if approved, but they may, in the meantime, attend as out-patients. They must, when admitted, bring a change of linen, pair of slippers, towel, and knife, fork, and spoon, and provide for washing their personal linen, and for their journey expenses. Patients not admitted a second time within twelve months unless on special medical grounds. Out-patients to attend with their letters at 11.30 for registration. They must bring large bottles, &c. for their medicines. *Rose Charity Fund.*—Assists poor patients whilst in Hospital, and on leaving, by gifts of clothes and pecuniary aid. *Seaside Fund.*—Assists poor patients, on leaving, to obtain change of air at the seaside. **Management.**—Committee, consisting of the President, Treasurer, Chaplain, and Medical Staff, who are *ex-officio* members, and 25 Governors, appointed by the general body of Governors at the Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £11,442; legacies, £12,424; invested funds and rents, £2,687; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Fund, £2,442; incidental receipts, £1,534. **Patients.**—In, 1,215; out (new cases), 13,623. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, the Earl of Leven and Melville; Sec., Henry Dobbin.

* Cases of consumption requiring treatment of a comparatively mild kind are received at the following Convalescent Homes: NATIONAL SANATORIUM FOR CONSUMPTION, Bournemouth; ST. JOSEPH'S HOME, Bournemouth; WINTER HOME FOR CONSUMPTIVE GIRLS, St. Leonards-on-Sea; LONDON AND ASCOT CONVALESCENT HOME, Bracknell; ST. ANDREW'S HOSPITAL, Clewer. Cases of advanced consumption are received at St. PETER'S HOME, Kilburn, N.W.

CHELSEA HOME (1857), 27 Smith Street, King's Road, Chelsea, S.W.

Object.—(1) A temporary home for male patients waiting for admission to the Brompton Consumption Hospital; (2) for patients leaving the Hospital who can be recommended by the Chaplain and the House Surgeon; (3) for patients who have only out-letters, but who are otherwise eligible as in-patients of the Hospital. **Admission.**—By application to Hon. Sec. All applicants must be of good character and Protestants (Roman Catholics are aided out of the house), and have some means of self-support (extra relief being only occasional), yet must be poor enough to make the Home a real boon. Furnished rooms, house linen, and firing are provided, but inmates are expected to maintain themselves by their own resources. Each expected to make his bed, prepare his lesser meals, and assist in light work at discretion of matron. They must bring cup and saucer, knife, fork, and spoon, and teapot. **Management.**—Committee of ladies. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £47; legacy, £55; grant from Brompton Hospital for Consumption, £55. **Inmates.**—48. **Treasurer,** Hon. Sec., Miss Marston, 95 Onslow Square, S.W.

NORTH LONDON HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST (1860), Mount Vernon, Hampstead, N.W. Out-patients' Department and Office, 216 Tottenham Court Road, W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief, as in title. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Subscriber of £3. 3s., or donor of £31. 10s., may recommend one in- and four out-patients yearly. *Samaritan Fund.*—Assists patients on their discharge. *Incurable Fund.*—Makes a small allowance (from 2s. to 6s. weekly) to the most deserving and distressing cases discharged incurable. **Income (1888).**—From all sources, £4,907. **Patients.**—In, 316; out, 3,037. **Management.**—Committee appointed by the Governors. Bankers, Hoare & Co.; Coutts & Co.; London and County, Hanover Square, W. **Treasurer,** Alfred Hoare, Esq., 37 Fleet Street, E.C.; **Sec.,** L. Furneaux Hill, Esq.

CITY OF LONDON HOSPITAL FOR DISEASES OF THE CHEST (1848), Victoria Park, E. Office, 24 Finsbury Circus, E.C.

Object.—Medical relief to the poor, as in title. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Annual subscriber of £3. 3s. may recommend one in- and four out-patients. In-patients admitted in rotation. None can remain longer than six weeks without fresh letter. Those in receipt of parish relief ineligible. Persons capable of attending, and having letters, to attend for examination any day (except Sunday) at 2 p.m. Country patients must send in-patients' letter of recommendation with medical certificate of nature of malady, and amount of benefit they will probably derive from treatment in the Hospital previous to admission. Out-patients' letters are in force for six weeks. Infants and young children, except under peculiar circumstances, are ineligible. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions and legacies, £7,666; invested funds, £422; sale of stock, £1,506. **Patients.**—In, 1,073; out, 16,817. **Management.**—Committee appointed by Annual Court of Governors. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. **Treasurer,** Stephen Olding, Esq.; **Sec.,** T. Storrar Smith, Esq.

ROYAL HOSPITAL FOR DISEASES OF THE CHEST (1814), City Road, E.C.

Object.—‘The gratuitous relief of poor persons suffering from disease of chest in any of its various forms.’ **Admission.**—Chiefly by Governor’s recommendation, but ‘in cases of emergency the physicians may admit in- and out-patients without a recommendation.’ Annual subscribers of £3. 3s. and upwards, and donors of £21 and upwards, may recommend in-patients. Annual subscribers of £1. 1s. and upwards, and donors of £10. 10s. and upwards, may recommend out-patients. **LADIES’ SAMARITAN SOCIETY.**—For the relief of discharged patients by sending them to Convalescent Homes, &c., and for the aid of families where the breadwinner is in the Hospital. **Management.**—By Council appointed by the Governors and subscribers (meeting monthly). **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £3,906; invested funds, £280. **Patients.**—In, 418; out, 8,161. Bankers, Glyn, Mills, Currie, & Co. Treasurer, the Hon. Pascoe C. Glyn; Sec., John J. Austin, Esq.

ROYAL NATIONAL HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST (1868, Incorporated 1885), Undercliff, Ventnor, Isle of Wight. Office, 34 Craven Street, Strand, W.C.

Admission.—By letter of recommendation and payment of 10s. a week, with guarantee fee of £1 (returned on leaving). Annual subscribers of £3. 3s., or life Governors of £31. 10s., may recommend one patient yearly. Cases must be in an incipient or early stage of the disease, and ‘afford a reasonable expectation of marked alleviation or cure.’ Application to be made to the Secretary, with letter and medical certificate, ‘on the forms provided by the Hospital authorities,’ and which forms can only be obtained from a subscriber or Governor. If four weeks have elapsed from time of sending in medical certificate, patients must, when their turn for admission arrives, send a letter from medical man, stating that case is eligible as when certificate first forwarded. Candidates admitted in order of application. Time they are retained varies according to necessity at the discretion of the physician, but after 10 weeks’ stay fresh letter required. Candidates waiting for admission may attend as out-patients at Ventnor, but will not be visited at home. Before going to Ventnor they should ascertain their prospects of admission. **Management.**—Board, one-third retiring annually, but eligible for re-election by Governors at Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £5,220; dividends, £1,493; patients’ payments, £2,893; sundries, £53. **Patients.**—603. Bankers, London & Westminster Bank, St. James’s Sq., S.W. **Treas.**, F. C. Colman, Esq.; **Sec.**, Mr. Ernest Morgan, at the Office.

ST. MICHAEL AND ALL ANGELS’ HOME FOR CONSUMPTIVE MEN AND WOMEN (1878), Axbridge, Somerset.

Object.—Specified in title. **Admission.**—Free. Application must be made to the Sister-in-charge. Cases of paralysis, and patients suffering from any but chest complaints, are ineligible. **Management.**—By Sisterhood of St. Peter’s, Kilburn. **Income.**—Home endowed. **Patients** (1887).—65.

WESTERN HOSPITAL (1850), Torquay.

Object.—‘The reception of the necessitous poor (cases of consumption only) of the age of 15 and upwards.’ **Admission.**—From subscribing counties, by subscriber’s nomination, free; from non-subscribing

counties, without nomination, by payment of 10s. per week. Application must be made to Secretary. A subscription of £2. 2s. annually, or a life donation of £10. 10s., entitles to a letter of recommendation. Paupers are ineligible. Certificates are required from two medical men. London cases are received. Railway fare from London, 16s. 6d. Inmates remain, upon an average, 18 weeks. The Hospital is closed from June 1 to September 30. **Management.**—By a Committee appointed by trustees. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £373; invested funds, £36; sale of work, &c., £106; proceeds of entertainment, £143. **Inmates.**—50. Bankers, Vivian & Co. Treas., E. Vivian, Esq.; Sec., Mr. W. Bennett.

ST. CATHERINE'S HOME FOR PATIENTS IN ADVANCED CONSUMPTION (1879), Ventnor.

Object.—‘To provide kind nursing and comforts for those whose slender means cannot procure alleviation for themselves during the last weeks or months of their lives.’ **Admission.**—Application should be made to Mrs. Willan, Ventnor Vicarage, or to the Sister-in-charge at the Home, with medical certificate stating the exact stage of the disease. Patients of both sexes taken. Payment, 10s. 6d. a week, including all expenses. Patients can, with consent of Chaplain, see their own ministers. All presents to inmates must be left with the Sister-in-charge. ‘Patients very ill in lodgings, for whom there is no room in the Home, will be assisted from the General Fund by Mrs. Willan.’ **Management.**—By Committee. Patients under care of nursing sisters, from St. Margaret's, East Grinstead. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions, donations, offertories, bazaars, and alms-box, £968; patients' payments, £128. **Inmates.**—33. Bankers, Capital & Counties Bank, Ventnor. Hon. Sec. and Treas., Rev. W. W. Willan, Ventnor.

THE FIRS HOME FOR CASES OF ADVANCED CONSUMPTION, Bournemouth.

Object.—The reception of ‘(a) advanced cases of chest disease which require removal from any of the Institutions in Bournemouth intended solely for convalescents, preference being in all instances given to patients from the National Sanatorium; (b) advanced cases of chest disease if resident in private dwellings in Bournemouth (except under special circumstances no case will be admitted under this class which has not been resident at least one month); (c) patients nominated for the Sanatorium awaiting their turn for admission.’ **Admission.**—By payment; application must be made to the Lady Superintendent, with certificates of character, and guarantee for weekly payment. Payment, 10s. 6d. per week. Patients are not eligible unless resident in Bournemouth one month. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £516; invested funds, £18; patients' payments, £431; offertories and alms-boxes, and Sunday Hospital Fund, £165; sale of work, concert, &c., £38. **Inmates.**—54. Bankers, Wilts and Dorset Bank. Treasurer, W. Allen, Esq.; Hon. Sec., A. H. Dunbar, Esq.

HOME FOR CONSUMPTIVE FEMALES (1863), 57 and 58 Gloucester Place, Portman Square, W.

Object.—A permanent home for females afflicted with consumption. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec. of the Ladies' Committee. Cases of fits inadmissible. Payment, £1. 1s. entrance fee, and 7s. a week, for which medical attendance, medicines, lodging, washing, and board is afforded. Additional charge made for stimulants and extra night nursing. All applications for admission should be accompanied by full and satisfactory information as to the persons willing to guarantee the payment re-

quired. If inmate does not make the payment herself, it must always be made four weeks in advance. In case of person being admitted while waiting for admission to a consumption hospital, entrance fee may be remitted, and 7s. 6d. a week paid, if preferred. *Seaside and Country Fund*.—This fund sends inmates of the Home, who require change of air, to the country or seaside, for occasional residence. **Management**.—Internal, of the Home, carried out by Ladies' Committee, while the General Committee of gentlemen watch over the business, funds, and expenditure. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £758; inmates' payments, £270. **Inmates** (1887).—24. Bankers, Ransom, Bouverie, & Co. Treasurers, W. A. Boulnois, Esq., and W. Irving Hare, Esq.; Hon. Sec. of Ladies' Committee, Mrs. Bird, 20 Norfolk Square, W.; Sec., Mr. Walter Davies.

INFIRMARY FOR CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST AND THROAT (1847), 26 Margaret Street, Cavendish Square, W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief (as out-patients) of the poor afflicted with diseases of the chest and throat. **Admission**.—By letter of recommendation. Patients, unable from advanced disease to attend, are visited at home if residing within one mile, and supplied with medicines, and (when essential) with port wine. Subscriber of £1. 1s. is entitled to six letters; each letter entitles to eight weeks' treatment. Patients are seen daily (except Sundays) from 2 till 5 o'clock. **Management**.—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £299; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £105; rents and interests, £154. **Patients**.—1,948. Bankers, Sir S. Scott & Co. Treas., E. W. Bradwell, Esq.; Sec., Mr. W. H. Johnson.

FRIEDENFELS HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTION (1884), 22 Upper Maze Hill, St. Leonards-on-Sea.

Object.—To provide a hospital for clerks, labourers, artisans, &c., suffering from consumption. Friedenfels is used as a temporary hospital, pending the erection of a much larger building on the sea front, on a site given by the late C. G. Eversfield. **Admission**.—On subscriber's letter, and by payment of 12s. a week. A medical certificate is required, together with guarantee for payment, and for removal in case of death. **Management**.—By honorary medical staff and voluntary officials. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £196; patients' payments, £408; sales of work and entertainment, £107; collecting cards, £80. **Patients** (accommodation for 17).—129. Bankers, Beeching & Co., Hastings. Treasurer, Dr. Gambier; Hon. Sec., J. St. A. Horton, Esq.; Matron, Miss Andrew.

THROAT AND EAR HOSPITALS.

HOSPITAL FOR DISEASES OF THE THROAT (1863), Golden Square, W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief, as in title. **Admission**.—In-patients: (a) by letter of recommendation (annual subscriber of £3. 3s. may recommend one in- and six out-patients yearly); (b) by payment of (at least) 1s. 6d. a day. Urgent cases free. Those with letters to attend at the Hospital on Mondays at 2 p.m. Out-patients: by letter of recommendation; also by weekly payment according to means. 'Necessitous poor' free. They must attend at 1.30 daily, and will not be admitted after 3.30. Letters last four months, but fresh letter may be had on certificate of medical officer. The Hospital is open at all hours, day and night, for

urgent cases. **Management.**—Committee of subscribers, one-third retiring annually in rotation, but eligible for re-election at Annual Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £770; patients' payments, £2,021. **Patients** (1887).—In, 312; out, 5,218. Bankers, Sir S. Scott & Co.; Lacy, Hartland, & Co. Treasurer, C. J. Lacy, Esq.; Hon. Sec., G. C. Witherby, Esq.; Sec., W. T. Sharp, Esq.

LONDON THROAT HOSPITAL (1887), 204 Great Portland Street, W.; and 72 Bolsover Street, W.

Object.—The treatment of diseases of the throat, nose, and ear. **Admission.**—Free to the necessitous poor, but those in employment, and those who are in a position to do so, are required to make a small weekly payment towards the cost of medicine, &c. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £720; patients' payments, £287; proceeds of concert, £12. **Patients.**—Out, 5,000. Present accommodation for in-patients, 4 beds. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurer, R. R. Pym, Esq.; Sec., A. M. Wilkinson.

INFIRMARY FOR DISEASES OF THE THROAT, 26 Margaret Street, W. (*see* p. 114).

CENTRAL LONDON THROAT AND EAR HOSPITAL (1874), Gray's Inn Road, W.C.

Object.—The special treatment of diseases of the throat, nose, and ear among the poor. **Admission.**—No letters of recommendation whatever are required. In-patients are admitted into the Hospital any day, after having first been seen as out-patients by one of the surgeons, or on the written recommendation of a qualified practitioner. Out-patients attend Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 2 p.m., Tuesday and Friday at 5 p.m. Those out-patients who are able are expected to contribute towards the expenses of their treatment, the applicants themselves assessing the amount. The ordinary charge for each in-patient is 14s. a week, but a less sum is received on satisfactory evidence that the patient's means justify reduction. **Management.**—A General Committee, meeting quarterly, two of whom retire annually. A House and Finance Committee, meeting monthly, appointed by General Committee at each Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £603; patients' payments, £1,184. **Patients.**—In, 340; out, 5,845. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treas., Captain Alfred Hutton; Sec., Mr. Richard Kershaw.

METROPOLITAN EAR AND THROAT INFIRMARY (1838), 35 Howland Street, Tottenham Court Road, W.

Object.—The treatment of affections of the ear and throat. **Admission.**—(a) By letter of recommendation; (b) by payment; (c) free, to the necessitous. (a) Subscribers of 10s. 6d. may recommend one patient. Each letter entitles a patient to from six weeks to two months' medical attendance and medicine at the infirmary. (b) Payments according to the patient's means. (c) Free admission at discretion of medical officers. Patients attend between 2 and 4 p.m. daily, and on Wednesday evening, 7 to 9. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by annual subscribers. **Income** (1886-7, two years).—Charitable contributions (including grant from Hospital Saturday Fund, £15. 4s. 6d.), £31. 8s. 6d.; patients' payments, £90. **Patients.**—3,720. Bankers, Hoare & Co. Treasurer, F. W. Hutchinson, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Lieut.-Colonel Samson.

MUNICIPAL THROAT AND EAR INFIRMARY (1877), 266 City Road, E.C.

Admission.—By attendance on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, 10 to 12; Tuesday and Thursday, 6 to 8. No preliminaries required. A subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to recommend four out-patients for free treatment. In-patients not yet taken. Patients are admitted free, or on small weekly or monthly subscription, according to their own statement. **Management.**—By Committee self-formed. **Income** (1887).—Patients' payments, £225. **Out-patients.**—1,000. Bankers, Prescott & Co. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, J. Stock Hanson, Esq.

ROYAL EAR HOSPITAL (1816), 66 Frith Street, Soho, W.

Object.—Treatment of all forms of ear disease. **Admission.**—By application and payment, and by recommendation. Necessitous poor free. All applicants are seen by the Secretary, who inquires into their occupation, residence, &c., and, if able, they must pay 1s., or 5s. for a monthly ticket. Those recommended by subscribers or the Charity Organisation Society are not questioned or required to make any contribution. Patients who can afford it are expected to pay the whole or part of the expense of their board. Times of admission: Tuesday and Friday, 9 to 12 a.m.; Monday and Saturday, 3 to 5 p.m. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend two patients. **Management.**—Committee appointed by subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £168; patients' payments, £535. **Patients.**—In, 56; out, 2,710; visits, 8,343. Bankers, the Agra Bank. Treas., John Carr, Esq., J.P., 40 Bloomsbury Square, W.C.; Sec., Miss M. C. Puddy.

DENTAL HOSPITALS.

DENTAL HOSPITAL OF LONDON (1858), Leicester Square, W.C.

Admission.—Free to poor persons suffering pain, with any operative assistance that may be immediately necessary. Persons requiring special operations must be recommended. Donors of £10. 10s. entitled to recommend an unlimited number of patients requiring ordinary relief, and four patients annually requiring special operations; annual subscribers of £1. 1s. entitled to recommend four patients each year requiring special operations. Hospital open every weekday 9 to 11 a.m. The hospital is also a School of Dental Surgery, where instruction is given to students. **Management.**—Committee, appointed by Annual Meeting of Governors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £2,014; rents, £182. **Operations performed.**—47,441. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, R. C. L. Bevan, Esq.; Sec., J. F. Pink, Esq.

NATIONAL DENTAL HOSPITAL (1861), 149 Great Portland Street, W.

Admission.—(a) Free to the necessitous poor and urgent cases. (b) Others by subscriber's letter. Annual subscribers of £2. 2s. and donors of £10. 10s. may recommend 10 patients yearly. Hospital open daily from 9 to 11 a.m. **Management.**—Committee of not more than 20 subscribers, with *ex-officio* members, elected at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £254; patients' payments, £389; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £51. **Patients** (1887).—23,965; operations performed, 39,598. Bankers, Hoare & Co. Treasurer, S. Lee Rymer, Esq.; Sec., Arthur G. Klugh, Esq.

EYE HOSPITALS.

ROYAL WESTMINSTER OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL
(1816), King William Street, West Strand, W.C.

Admission.—By application, free. No letter of recommendation required. Previous application must be made by local clergyman, or other duly constituted authorities, to the Secretary, respecting country cases requiring operation. Money must be transmitted for return journey and washing expenses. Hospital open daily from 12 to 1.30. **Management.**—By Committee elected at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,361; invested funds, £295; legacies, £32. **Patients.**—In, 363; out, 7,852. Bankers, Coutts & Co., and Drummonds. Treasurer, Admiral Leveson E. H. Somerset; Sec., T. Beattie-Campbell, Esq.

WESTERN OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL (1856), 153 and 155
Marylebone Road, N.W.

Admission.—In-patients receive surgical treatment gratuitously, but must pay cost of diet weekly in advance (maximum payment, 10s. 6d.) unless presenting subscriber's letter, which entitles to one month's free treatment. Out-patients must pay 6d. to 1s. (or upwards according to means) at each attendance. Those unable to pay (in- or out-patients) admitted free by subscriber's letter, which may be obtained on application at the Charity Organisation Office of their district, or from subscribers. A list of subscribers is placed in the waiting-room. Annual subscriber of £3. 3s. may recommend one in- and three out-patients yearly. Hospital open at 1.30 p.m. daily (Sunday and holidays excepted). **Management.**—Committee appointed at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £419; invested funds, £49; patients' payments, £166; rent, £52. **Patients.**—In, 54; out, 1,926. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England. Treasurer, Sir Reginald Hanson, Bart.; Sec., Mr. G. E. Manton.

ROYAL LONDON OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL (1804),
Blomfield Street, Moorfields, E.C.

Admission.—In-patients, by Governor's recommendation or at discretion of medical officer. Annual subscription of £1. 1s. constitutes Governor, or donation of £10. 10s. Life Governor. Out-patients, free. Patients admitted daily (except Sunday) from 8 to 10 p.m. Cases requiring immediate relief, at all hours. Application to be made first by letter to Secretary or House Surgeon, for country cases requiring indoor treatment, to ensure admission on arrival. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £3,346; invested funds, £1,013; other sources, £40. The Board also distributes the income of Mrs. Dupree's charity (£10 per annum) for purchasing spectacles for poor English mechanics. **Patients.**—In, 2,185; out, 24,547. **Management.**—Board elected at Annual General Meeting of Governors. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, John Deacon, Esq.; Sec., Robert J. Newstead, Esq.

CENTRAL LONDON OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL (1843),
Gray's Inn Road, W.C.

Admission.—Free; out-patients, daily, 1 to 3 p.m.; in-patients by application to the Secretary. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £623; invested funds, £50; patients' payments, £22; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £99; legacies, £454; other sources, £19. **Patients.**—In, 197; out, 8,427; operations, 393. **Management.**—Committee ap-

pointed by the Governors and subscribers at Annual General Meeting. Bankers, London & Westminster Bank, High Holborn. Treasurer, H. E. Keene, Esq.; Sec., Wm. Abrams, Esq.

ROYAL SOUTH LONDON OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL (1857), St. George's Circus, S.E.

Admission.—By letter of recommendation. Subscriber of £1. 1s. or donor of £10. 10s. may recommend one in- and ten out-patients yearly. Hospital open at 2 p.m. every day (except Sundays and holidays). Applicants unable to provide themselves with a letter from a Governor may be supplied from letters deposited for that purpose at the Hospital. **Management.**—Committee of 10 or more Governors elected at Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £802; invested funds, £88; hospital boxes, £50; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £154; **Patients.**—In, 138; out, 5,954. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurer, Wm. Brindley, Esq.; Sec., Charles Comyn, Esq.

HOSPITALS FOR PARALYSIS AND EPILEPSY.

NATIONAL HOSPITAL FOR THE PARALYSED AND EPILEPTIC (ALBANY MEMORIAL) (1859), Queen Square, Bloomsbury, W.C.

Object.—Medical and surgical treatment of nervous diseases. **Admission.**—(a) In-patients: cases are selected by the physicians of the day from those recommended by subscribers. Annual subscriber of £3. 3s. may recommend one out-patient for each 10s. 6d., and vote for candidates for pension fund. Lists of subscribers may be seen at the Hospital between 10 and 6 daily (Sundays excepted). Applicants must attend, with letter, for examination on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Friday at 1.30 p.m. Persons unable to procure a subscriber's letter may state their case to the Director. Hospital closed on holidays. 'Due inquiry will be made as to social position of applicant, as no person can become a patient who is capable of paying for medical treatment.' Incurables, old chronic cases, cases of epileptic mania, imbecility, weakness of intellect, &c., and, in most instances, children under four years, ineligible as in-patients, but may attend as out-patients. Persons of no settled home, lodgers, domestic servants, &c., must procure undertaking from householder for removal on discharge. Immediate admission only guaranteed for urgent cases. Patients should therefore, when applying, be prepared to return home again. In-patients to be provided with one or more changes of linen, two towels, brush and comb, and soap. Previous to admission of country cases, deposit of return railway fare required, with undertaking from responsible person for removal. Wards are provided for patients of either sex, contributing 21s. weekly. A ward for young children. (b) Out-patients, by letter of recommendation, lasting four months. *Convalescent Branch* (The Elms, East End, Finchley).—For female in- or out-patients, who require change of air, &c. Friends expected to contribute not exceeding 5s. a week. Subscribers may recommend cases. One or more changes of linen, brush, comb, and soap must be provided. *Pension Fund for the Incurable.*—75 pensions are granted, of from £10 to £22. 10s. Candidates must have been in prosperous circumstances, reduced by affliction of paralysis or epilepsy, and 21 years of age or upwards. Admission by election of Governors and subscribers. Application to be made to the Secretary. *Samaritan Society.*—Relieves the more

destitute out-patients and their families by grants of food, money, clothing, &c. **Management.**—Board, appointed by Governors and subscribers. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £6,529; invested funds, £1,552; patients' payments, £1,642. **Patients.**—In, 693; out, 23,263. Bankers, Coutts & Co.; Union Bank of London, Princes Street, E.C. **Treas.**, the Hon. H. D. Ryder; **Sec. and Gen. Director**, B. Burford Rawlings, Esq.

WEST-END HOSPITAL FOR DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM, PARALYSIS, AND EPILEPSY (1878), 73 Welbeck Street, W.

Object.—'The relief of those who are suffering from nervous disorders, paralysis, or epilepsy, and especially for the indoor treatment of young paralysed children.' **Admission.**—No letter of recommendation required, urgency of case being sufficient introduction. Patients *who are able* are expected to contribute 1s. a week. The *really indigent* immediately and gratuitously received on certificate (form to be obtained from Secretary) of subscriber, registered medical practitioner, minister, or magistrate. Applicants must attend for examination at 1.30 p.m. on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, or Thursday, or 7 p.m. on Wednesday, and 6.30 p.m. Friday. A separate waiting-room for persons who, unable to afford ordinary fees, pay 5s. a week to the hospital. Out-patients are at once admitted to treatment and medicines, and have a day named for future attendance. Old cases attend at 2 p.m. Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday; 7 p.m. on Wednesday, and 6.30 p.m. on Friday. In-patients may attend as out-patients *pending their turn* for admission. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by subscribers and donors. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £972; patients' payments, £446. **Patients** (1887-8).—In, 55; out, 15,287. Bankers, London & County Bank, 441 Oxford Street, W.; Prescott & Co. **Hon. Medical Supt.**, H. Tibbits, Esq., M.D., F.R.C.P., Edin., 68 Wimpole Street, W.; **Hon. Sec. and Treas.**, H. A. Dowell, Esq.

NATIONAL HOSPITAL FOR DISEASES OF THE HEART AND PARALYSIS (1857), 32 Soho Square, W.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—(a) In-patients, by recommendation of Life Governor (a donor of £5. 5s.). Unless specially recommended, no patient retained longer than two months. (b) Out-patients, by letter of recommendation. Subscriber of 5s. may recommend one out-patient. Free to necessitous poor, if unable to obtain letter. Out-patients seen daily (except Saturday and Sunday) at 2 p.m.; also Monday and Wednesday at 7 p.m. **Management.**—By Committee elected at Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,450; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £206; in-patients' payments, £283; rent, £90. **Patients.**—In, 90; out, 12,000. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan & Co., and Sir S. Scott & Co. **Treasurer**, the Earl of Glasgow; **Sec.**, Capt. F. Handley.

HOSPITAL FOR EPILEPSY AND PARALYSIS, AND OTHER DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM (1866), Portland Terrace, Regent's Park, N.W. (near St. John's Wood Road Station).

Admission.—(a) By letter of recommendation. (b) By payment of a small sum weekly (from 10s. 6d. in general wards), in which case no letter is required. No in-patient can stay beyond six months unless by special permission of House Committee. In-patients are admitted in rotation. In country cases medical certificate must be forwarded of nature of malady and of sanity. Paupers admitted only on payment by the Guardians. Out-

patients seen every weekday (except Saturday) at 2 p.m. New cases to attend at 1.30 for registration. Each patient to be accompanied by a friend or relation. Out-patient letters last three months. Patients who can afford it must pay 1s. per week, in which case no letter is required. Life-governorship (2 in- and 6 out-patient letters each year), £31. 10s. Life-membership (1 in- and 4 out-patient letters each year), £21. Donor of £5. 5s. may recommend 1 in- and 3 out-patients for one year only. Annual subscribers of 10s. 6d. and upwards may recommend 1 out-patient for each 10s. 6d.; and of £3. 3s., 1 in- and 3 out-patients each year for life. **Management.**—Committee appointed by subscribers. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions (including legacies), £2,372; payments by patients, £817. **Patients.**—In, 108; out, 8,932. Bankers, Glyn, Mills & Co.; Drummond & Co. Treas., C. Drummond, Esq.; Sec., H. Howgrave Graham, Esq.

CANCER HOSPITALS.

CANCER HOSPITAL (FREE) (1851), Fulham Road, Brompton, S.W.

Admission.—Free. No letter required. Attendance every weekday, both for in- and out-patients, at 2 p.m. **Management.**—Committee, appointed by the Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £5,423; invested funds, £883; legacies, £4,059. **Patients.**—In, 703; out, 1,012; visits, 5,626. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurer, H. L. Antrobus, Esq.; Sec., Mr. W. H. Hughes.

ST. SAVIOUR'S HOSPITAL AND NURSING HOME (1873),
10 Osnaburgh Street, Regent's Park, N.W.

Object.—'Medical and surgical relief (females only) in cases of cancer and external tumours, paralysis, nervous and chronic affections,' &c. (by the Michel and other processes, without the knife). **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation (annual subscribers of £3. 3s. and donors (life governors) of £21 may recommend one in- and two out-patients yearly). Letter lasts eight weeks, and unless renewed the ordinary hospital charge of £1 a week must be paid. Paying patients are received at from 10s. 6d. to £5. 5s. a week. Out-patients attend daily at 4 p.m. **Management.**—By Board. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £173; patients' payments, £870; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £144; hospitalers' payments, £2,002; bazaar, ball, &c., £47. **Patients.**—In, 119; out, 349. Bankers, Bank of England, Western Branch. Treas., E. H. Palmer, Esq.; Sec., Miss E. Poitiers, at the Hospital; Physician-in-charge, Dr. Owen Pritchard.

SKIN HOSPITALS.*

ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL FOR DISEASES OF THE SKIN
(1863), Leicester Square, W.C.

Admission.—At discretion of Board of Management. Application to be made at 2 o'clock any weekday afternoon, or at 7 o'clock on any weekday except Saturday. In-patients are admitted on recommendation of Governor or subscriber, or by payment, depending on their circumstances; out-patients, on recommendation of a Governor or subscriber, or minister of religion, or payment of from 3s. to 10s. per month, if able to afford it. Patients are retained for two months, or longer if deemed necessary by one

* See also WESTERN DISPENSARY FOR SKIN DISEASES, under DISPENSARIES.

of the medical officers. They are never re-entered whilst remaining under treatment. **Management.**—By a Board of Management elected annually. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £2,970; patients' payments, £597; sundries, £30. **Patients.**—In, 130; out, 4,350; attendances of patients, 46,396. Bankers, London & Westminster. Treasurer, Lieut.-Col. Charles Mercier; Sec., St. Vincent Mercier.

BRITISH HOSPITAL FOR SKIN DISEASES (1864), 56
Great Marlborough St., W.; and 5 Newington Butts, S.E.

HOSPITAL FOR DISEASES OF THE SKIN (1841), 52
Stamford Street, Blackfriars, S.E.

Admission.—Free to the indigent poor; others contribute 10s., 5s., 2s. 6d., or 1s. according to their means, and are entitled to two months' treatment and medicines. In-patients are admitted on recommendation of Life Governor (donor of £10. 10s.). In addition, they pay 10s. a week for maintenance. Out-patients should attend Monday or Wednesday, 3 p.m., or Tuesday, Thursday, Friday, 2 p.m. On day of seeking admittance, applicant should attend an hour earlier for a ticket, and will receive advice and medicine the same day. **Management.**—By Committee, elected at Annual Meeting of Governors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £450; invested funds, £89; patients' payments, £657. **Patients.**—In, 17; out, 6,250. Bankers, Barclay, Ransom, & Co. Treasurer, J. G. Barclay, Esq.; Sec., Samuel Hayman, Esq.

LONDON SKIN HOSPITAL (1887), 47 Cranbourne Street,
Leicester Square, W.C.

Admission.—Free to the necessitous poor. Those above that class who are unable to pay the ordinary medical fees are expected to contribute to the Hospital according to their means, unless they bring a letter of recommendation from a Governor. Out-patients are seen daily at 2 p.m., and also at 7 p.m., except on Saturdays. Persons seeking admission for the first time must attend half an hour earlier. No provision for in-patients at present. **Management.**—By a Committee elected annually. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £148; patients' payments, £144. **Patients** (1887-8).—3,398. Bankers, Drummonds. Treasurer, W. H. Rothery Nutt, Esq.; Sec., Horace A. Gifford, Esq.

SEA-BATHING AND MINERAL WATER HOSPITALS.*

ROYAL SEA-BATHING INFIRMARY (1791), Margate.
Office, 30 Charing Cross, S.W.

Object.—Treatment of the necessitous poor, suffering from scrofula, by means of sea-bathing, sea air, and medical treatment. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Patients approved by the Medical Board will receive an order for admission as soon as there is room. Payment required: for board, £2 up to 14 years; £2. 8s. for 14 and above, for eight weeks. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend, after second subscription,

* A systematic course of sea-bathing is provided in some Seaside Convalescent Homes (see that section).

one in- and two out-patients yearly. Stay allowed, eight weeks, which, if deemed necessary by the medical staff, may be extended. Every patient who, after admission, is found to be not in necessitous circumstances will be immediately removed. **Management.**—Twenty-four Directors, appointed by Annual Meeting of Governors. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £3,137; invested funds, £416; payments by inmates, £2,320; legacies, £518. **Patients.**—In, 639; out, 24. Bankers, Bank of England, Western Branch; Coutts & Co.; Cobb & Co., Margate. Treasurer, R. R. Pym, Esq.; Sec., Arthur B. Peirce, Esq., 30 Charing Cross, S. W.

DEVONSHIRE HOSPITAL AND BUXTON BATH CHARITY (1859), Buxton, Derbyshire.

Object.—For the relief of poor persons suffering from rheumatism, gout, &c., &c. **Admission.**—On subscriber's recommendation, with certificate as to inability to pay. A non-subscriber may recommend a patient on payment of £2. 12s. 6d. There are 300 beds available, of which 150 are at the disposal of the 'Cotton Districts' Convalescent Fund.' Patients must provide a medical certificate specifying nature of disease, &c. The weekly charge is as follows: An in-patient will receive board, lodging, baths, and medicine gratis for three weeks; after that he will be charged 17s. 6d. An out-patient is entitled to medical advice, medicine, and baths for three weeks gratis; average stay, 24 days; cost of journey, 3rd class, single fare, 13s. 7d.; tourist ticket during summer months, 24s. The hospital is open all the year. **Management.**—Committee of Management and House Committee. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £4,554; invested funds, £342; patients' payments for extension of time, £393; Cotton Districts' Convalescent Fund for admission of patients, £1,204; offertories, £145; sundries, £38. **Patients.**—In, 2,459; out, 215. Bankers and Treasurers, the Sheffield & Rotherham Joint Stock Banking Company, Buxton. Secretary, Mr. Joseph Taylor.

DROITWICH BRINE BATHS (1876).

Object.—A 'Hospital for poor patients afflicted with rheumatism, &c.' **Admission.**—By subscriber's letter. Each subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to one letter, which admits a patient for two weeks, on payment of 6s. a week. Application for admission must be made to the Hon. Sec. London cases are taken. Inmates are received from the age of 14 years. Epileptic cases are ineligible. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £272; patients' payments, £12; invested funds, £12. **Patients** (1887).—114; accommodation for 16. Bankers, Worcester City & County Bank, Droitwich. Treasurer, J. Day, Esq., Bank, Droitwich; Hon. Sec., Miss Martin, Newland Hurst, Droitwich.

ROYAL MINERAL WATER HOSPITAL (1737), Bath.

Object.—For poor persons, from any part of the United Kingdom. **Admission.**—Free, by a medical report of the case, a form for which can be obtained from the Registrar; a certificate of poverty required, signed by a minister of the parish, and two guardians of the union to which the patient belongs. To guard the Hospital from expense in case of death, &c., £3 are required to be deposited. It is expected that persons or parishes sending patients should contribute subscriptions or donations. There are 160 beds available, 98 for males, 62 for females. Benefactors contributing £40 as donations, or by annual subscription amounting to that sum, become governors of the Hospital. No weekly charge is made, and no payment can procure admission or extra accommodation. Average stay, about two months.

Hospital is open all the year. **Management.**—Committee of Governors (governed by Act of Parliament). **Income** (1888-9).—Charitable contributions, £1,998; invested funds, £3,030; legacies, £247; income-tax returned, £50. **Patients** (1888-9).—1,293. Bankers, Hoare & Co., London, and Tugwell & Co., Bath. Treasurers, James T. Rainey, Esq., John Stone, Esq., and Robert S. Blaine, Esq.; Registrar, Fred. W. Dingle, Esq.

BELLOTT'S HOSPITAL (1610), Beau Street, Bath.

Object.—'For poor patients who resort to Bath for the benefit of the waters.' **Admission.**—By application to the Clerk. Inmates are gratuitously provided with the use of a separate furnished room, gas, firing, medical attendance and medicine, the use of the mineral waters, and have an allowance of 2s. 4d. a week. 'Any extra cost of maintenance must be paid by the patients, who must also provide themselves with towels.' Hospital open all the year. Period of stay limited to one month, unless upon medical officer's certificate that longer residence would be beneficial, when trustees grant an extension. A report should be made by a medical man acquainted with the case. Those patients only are admissible whose diseases are deemed capable of being benefited by the Bath waters. No case of contagion or infection can be admitted. On being informed of a vacancy, the patient should go without delay to the Hospital, bringing the letters of notice, and a certificate signed by minister or churchwardens of his parish, or a magistrate resident in the neighbourhood, that he or she is deserving of the assistance the Hospital affords. £2 must be deposited as caution money, to provide for patient's return journey or interment in case of death. If not required, this money is returned. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Income.**—**Patients.**—(accommodation for 10). Bankers, National Provincial Bank, Bath. Clerk, E. Newton Fuller, Esq., 5 Old King Street, Bath.

HARROGATE BATH HOSPITAL (1824), Harrogate.

Object.—To afford to the indigent poor from all parts of the kingdom the benefits of the Harrogate waters. **Admission.**—By recommendation of Governors or subscribers, accompanied by medical certificate as to the suitability of the case for treatment. Patients are entitled to board, lodging, baths, medical attendance, &c., free, for a period not exceeding three weeks, but an extension of time may be obtained on a fresh letter of recommendation, should the medical officer consider that a further stay is desirable. Women advanced in pregnancy, persons of unsound mind, subject to fits, and infectious cases, ineligible. A CONVALESCENT HOME is in course of erection. **Management.**—By Committee, elected annually. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,136; dividends and interest, £352. **Patients.**—607. Bankers, Bradford Old Bank, Harrogate. Treasurer, Major Brady; Sec., Mr. T. R. Collins.

WARNEFORD LEAMINGTON AND SOUTH WARWICKSHIRE HOSPITAL AND GENERAL BATHING INSTITUTION (1832), Radford Road, Leamington.

Admission.—By Governor's letter. Subscribers of £2. 2s. or donors of £21 may recommend one in- and two out-patients yearly. Patients provide their own tea, sugar, butter, and washing, which cost about 1s. 6d. a week. In-patients are discharged at the end of four weeks, unless likely to receive a cure or considerable relief by longer stay, in which case they must get a fresh letter. In ordinary cases of emergency or accident admitted without Governor's letter, the Committee have the right to charge 14s. a week, together with the surgeon's fee. No servants admitted unless master or

mistress pay 7s. a week. There are special wards for children's diseases (boys must be under 9, girls under 11 years of age). Tickets of recommendation are supplied at £1. 1s. each. No child received if not vaccinated. A *Samaritan Fund* assists poor patients on leaving the Hospital. **Management.**—By Committee (38 members elected by subscribers at Annual Meeting and 18 *ex-officio*). **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £3,425; invested funds, £899. **Patients.**—In, 1,051; out, 5,388. Bankers and Treasurers, Lloyds, Barnetts, and Bosanquets. Sec., Wm. Maycock, Esq., 15 St. Mary's Crescent, Leamington.

HOSPITALS FOR HIP DISEASE.

HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN WITH HIP DISEASE. (1872), The Vine, Sevenoaks.

Object.—To receive cases of hip disease which cannot be retained at a general hospital until a cure is *established*, the principle upon which the work is carried on being to do *much* good to a few instead of a *little* to many. **Admission.**—By subscriber's recommendation and payment. A subscriber of £1. 1s., or donor of £5, can recommend one case yearly. Applicants must be *children* (there is no limit as to age), and furnish certificates of disease, not incurable, but requiring long period of treatment; any case of necrosis is taken when there is not a pressure of hip cases. Payment, 7s. a week, including clothing and all laundry expenses. Children of gentle-people and tradespeople are not refused when there are vacancies, but they are expected to pay at a higher rate when they can afford it. Patients *may* have to wait some months for a vacancy, as a bed is *never* kept empty. No convalescents that can with safety go elsewhere are admitted, but cases that have been nursed in Hospital are kept until quite convalescent; and those that become incurable while in Hospital are nursed till the end, if they cannot have care and comforts at home. **Management.**—By Miss Jackson, Foundress and Head Nurse, and Miss M. Rose, Hon. Sec. and Assistant Nurse. Committee, 17 gentlemen and 6 ladies. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £519; patients' payments, £308. **Patients** (1887).—32; beds, 17. Bankers, London & County Bank, Sevenoaks. Treasurers, T. G. Jackson, Esq., Devereux Chambers, Temple, E.C.; J. A. Hiffe, Esq., 2 Bedford Row, W.C.; C. T. Arnold, Esq., 20 Whitehall Place, S.W. Lady Superintendent, Miss E. Jackson.

ALEXANDRA HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN WITH HIP DISEASE (1867), 18 Queen Square, W.C.

Admission.—(a) By letter of recommendation. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend cases free for first three weeks, and afterwards on payment of 4s. a week. (b) By payment; cases approved by the surgeons admitted on payment of 4s. weekly as vacancies occur. Cases of spinal disease not admitted. Cases examined Tuesday, 4.30 p.m. Age of admission, between three and twelve years. A cottage is occupied as a branch hospital at Bournemouth. A *Samaritan Fund* is established, to help the poorest patients to get instruments, or to go into the country. **Management.**—Committee, appointed by subscribers at the Annual Meeting. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £1,801; invested funds, £82; patients' payments, £537; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £256. **Patients** (1886-7).—144. Bankers, Hoare & Co., and Drummond & Co. Treasurer, W. H. Whitfield, Esq.; Sec., Major Steavenson.

HOSPITALS FOR FISTULA.

ST. MARK'S HOSPITAL FOR FISTULA AND OTHER DISEASES OF THE RECTUM (1835), City Road, E.C.

Admission.—Free, but patients having a note from a Governor take precedence. The poor seeking relief are, when admitted, assigned to a Governor whose place of abode may be near the applicant's residence, or to Governors who, residing in the country, may not have used their prerogative of admission. Times of admission: males, Wednesday, 8.45 a.m.; females, Thursday, same hour. **Samaritan Fund.**—Assists patients and their families generally. **Management.**—Committee appointed by Governors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,172; invested funds, £797; legacies, £3,765; sundries, £21. **Patients.**—In, 305; out, 1,759. Bankers, Martin & Co. Treasurer, R. B. Martin, Esq.; Sec., Mr. Arthur Leared.

GORDON HOSPITAL (1884), 278 Vauxhall Bridge Road, S.W.

Object.—The treatment of persons of both sexes suffering from fistula, piles, and other diseases of the rectum. **Admission.**—Free to the necessitous poor, other classes being expected to make such payments as their means will allow, but only persons of limited means are eligible, either as in- or out-patients. The highest charge in the wards is £2. 2s. a week, and there is a separate room at £3. 3s. a week. Payment by out-patients is voluntary. Out-patients are seen daily at 2 p.m., and on Tuesday evenings at 8. **Management.**—By Committee elected at the Annual Meeting. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £392; patients' payments, £506; Hospital Saturday Fund, £35. **Patients.**—In, 130; out, 492. Bankers, Hoares. Treasurer, Henry Hoare, junr., Esq.; Sec., Capt. A. S. Hincks.

HOSPITAL FOR STONE.

ST. PETER'S HOSPITAL FOR STONE AND URINARY DISEASES (1860), Henrietta St., Covent Garden, W.C.

Admission.—Free, for both in- and out-patients. No letter required. Surgeons attend daily at 2 p.m. (except Saturday), also on Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday, 5 to 7 p.m. Friday, 2 p.m., for women and children only. **Management.**—Committee of Governors appointed at Annual Meeting of the Governors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £702; patients' contributions, £2,147; rent, £194; proceeds of theatrical performance, £16. **Patients.**—In, 280; out, 5,141; attendances, 37,255. Bankers, Barclay & Co., and Hoare & Co. Treasurer, F. A. Bevan, Esq.; Sec., Walter E. Scott, Esq.

LOCK HOSPITALS.

LONDON LOCK HOSPITAL AND ASYLUM (Hospital founded 1746, Asylum 1787). Female Department and Asylum, Westbourne Green, Harrow Road, W.; Male and Out-patient Department, 91 Dean Street, Soho, W.

Object.—Treatment of venereal diseases. **Admission.**—'The buildings at Westbourne Green are reserved exclusively for females.' 'All out-patients are treated at the Central Department in Dean Street, Soho. Males, on Mondays, 12 to 2 and 6 to 8; Tuesdays, 12 to 2; Wednesdays, 6 to 8; Saturdays, 4 to 6. Females, on Wednesdays and Fridays, 12 to 2. In-patients also are admitted on Thursdays at 12 o'clock. Urgent cases can

be admitted by the medical officer at once. Frequent services and Bible-classes are held in the wards, and each patient who has come to the hospital through her own misconduct is spoken to privately, and every effort is made either to restore her to her friends or to place her in some home which would be suitable to her case.' Fifty pounds in one payment, or in two payments within two years, or five guineas annually, constitutes a Governor with unlimited privilege of recommending patients, provided that only one patient be in the house at the same time. **Management.**—Weekly Board elected from the whole body of Governors. **Income (1887):** *Female Hospital.*—Subscriptions, donations, and collection, £2,286; Hospital Sunday Fund, £270; Hospital Saturday Fund, £63; legacies, £22; the War Office, on account of patients, £225; parishes, &c., on account of patients, £728. *Asylum.*—Subscriptions, donations, and collections, £989; legacies, £22; inmates' work, £733; the War Office, &c., on account of inmates, £100. *Male and Out-patient Department.*—Subscriptions and donations, £203; Hospital Sunday Fund, £72; Hospital Saturday Fund, £21; contributions by and for patients, £700. **Benefited.**—Female department, 599; asylum, 104; male and out-patient department: in, 210; out, 11,416. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, Tritton, & Co. Treasurers, The Lord Kinnaird and Roland Y. Bevan, Esq.; Sec., Algernon Coote, Esq.

ST. AGNES' HOSPITAL (1874), 3 Margaret Street, Cavendish Square, W.

Object.—'To receive young unmarried women who are living an immoral life, and who have become very seriously or dangerously ill.'
Admission.—At discretion of medical officers. Applications to be made to the Sister-in-charge. Those generally are received who are not of the lowest class; but if a girl of any class is really dying, she can be admitted. Efforts are made to make the inmates feel at home, and they are treated in the same manner whether they wish for or decline spiritual help. Patients are readmitted. Consumption, syphilis, and surgical cases received. The only cases not received are those of pregnancy, fits, and infectious fevers. There is no payment. Patients have only to communicate with the Sister-in-charge, and she will provide for their removal to the Hospital. In case of death funeral expenses are provided if the friends of the deceased cannot or will not help. Interments take place in the private graves of the Hospital at the Brompton Cemetery.
Management.—By the officers appointed by the Superior and the Sub-Chaplain, All Saints' Sisterhood. The rent of the house is paid by one of the staff, the nursing and cooking are done by the sisters. The services of the doctors are given. Help in the way of collecting alms, keeping accounts, shopping, visiting out-patients, and domestic work is given by the St. Agnes Guild, members of which are requested to give or collect 10s. a year in support of the Hospital. **Income (1887).**—Subscriptions, donations and collections, £439. **Inmates (average).**—9. Treasurer, H. Barnard, Esq., 23 Portland Place, W.

ORTHOPÆDIC HOSPITALS.

NATIONAL ORTHOPÆDIC HOSPITAL (1836), 234 Great Portland Street, W.

Admission.—Out-patients, free; no letter required. In-patients admitted in order of application. Payments, weekly, 7s. 6d., not exceeding 14 years of age, and 10s. 6d. above that age. Surgeons attend Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays, 2 p.m. **Management.**—Committee

appointed by Governors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £638; patients' payments, £579. **Patients**.—In, 98; out, 990; attendances, 2,711. Bankers, Sir S. Scott, Bart., & Co. Treasurer, Francis Hoare, Esq.; Sec., H. Canning, Esq.

ROYAL ORTHOPÆDIC HOSPITAL (1838), 297 Oxford Street, W.

Admission.—By letter of recommendation. Applicants, whether in- or out-patients, must attend for examination by medical officers, at the Hospital, with tickets filled up and signed, at one o'clock, any day except Sunday. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. is a Governor, and may recommend patients; a donation of £5. 5s. constitutes a Governor for ten years; £10. 10s. a Life Governor. **Management**.—Committee appointed by the Governors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,672; legacies, £392; maintenance of pauper patients, £44; invested funds, £334. **Patients**.—In, 132; out, 1,129. Bankers, Martin & Co. Treasurer, R. B. Martin, Esq.; Sec., Mr. B. Maskell.

CITY ORTHOPÆDIC HOSPITAL (1851), Hatton Garden.

Admission.—Free. No letter required. Hospital open daily. Out-patients, new cases treated on Tuesday and Friday from 2 o'clock. **Management**.—Committee appointed at the Annual Meeting of Governors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,363; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £117; interest, £66. **Patients**.—In, 136; out, 2,379. Bankers, Fuller, Banbury, & Co. Treasurer, E. W. Nix, Esq.; Sec., Mr. Ernest Dereuth.

II.—SURGICAL AID SOCIETIES.*

METROPOLITAN HOSPITAL SUNDAY FUND (1873), Mansion House, E.C. (For other particulars as to the Metropolitan Hospital Sunday Fund, *see* p. 85.)

Surgical Appliances.—Letters of recommendation for patients requiring surgical appliances are given in the following way to ministers and others, whose names appear printed as contributors in the Report of the Council. Application must be made in writing to the Secretary, giving name, address, and age of patient, and stating nature of appliance required. A written estimate must accompany the application for any appliance likely to cost more than one guinea, unless the patient or the recommender is prepared to pay the excess. A proper form of recommendation will then be supplied to applicant; this form must be taken to the authorities of the hospital or dispensary named thereon, and the surgeon who prescribes for the case will state where the required appliance is to be obtained. As soon as the appliance has been properly furnished, and fitted to the satisfaction of the surgeon who has ordered it, an invoice with the cost shown, and bearing the surgeon's or the secretary's initials, or the hospital or dispensary stamp, to vouch that it is correct and the hospital price charged, is to be sent to the Secretary at the Mansion House, who will in due course make payment for the same. Not more than £5 is allowed for any one appliance. **N.B.**—The Council has no co-operation with any surgical society other than hospitals or dispensaries. **Income**.—Four per cent. of the total income of the Fund, which in 1888 amounted to £40,379. Sec., Henry M. Custance, Esq., Mansion House, E.C.

* The Samaritan Society in connection with the LONDON HOSPITAL (p. 91) supplies mechanical aids to poor patients, and similar assistance is given from the Samaritan Funds of some other Hospitals.

CITY OF LONDON TRUSS SOCIETY (1807), 35 Finsbury Square, E.C.

Object.—The provision of trusses, bandages, instruments, performance of operations, &c., for cases of rupture and prolapsus. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend four patients yearly. Institution open every weekday. Patients must attend before 9 a.m. Patients unable to attend by reason of distance must get a surgeon to fill in form on second page of recommendation, on receipt of which instrument will be forwarded. Recommendations must be presented within 14 days after date of signature. Short list of governors may be had free on bringing letter from respectable householder, stating applicant worthy of relief. Patients' entrance, 41 Wilson Street. **Management.**—Committee of 24 Governors chosen annually at General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £3,076; invested funds, rent, &c., £1,254; legacies, £91. **Patients.**—9,311. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Co. Treasurer, John Norbury, Esq.; Sec., John Whittington, Esq.

SURGICAL AID SOCIETY (1862), Salisbury Square, Fleet Street, E.C.

Object.—'To supply trusses, elastic stockings, crutches, artificial limbs, artificial eyes, &c., and every other description of mechanical support to the poor without limit as to locality or disease.' **Admission.**—By subscriber's recommendation, or by special grants. Payment is taken in cash in lieu of letters. Each donation of £5. 5s. or annual subscription of 10s. 6d. entitles to two letters per annum. The number of letters which an applicant must procure varies with the value of the appliance required, but the Committee, by special grants, prevent the possibility of any deserving applicant failing to obtain the appliances needed, and ensure prompt relief. Specially urgent cases are relieved at once without waiting for any letter. Water beds and invalid chairs are lent on subscriber's recommendation. Appliances are provided on certificate of surgeon only. Hours of attendance 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.; Mondays and Thursdays, 9 a.m. to 7 p.m. **Management.**—By Committee of 20 subscribers appointed by subscribers at the Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £5,771; invested funds, £126; patients' payments, £163; legacy, £1,810. **Persons assisted.**—7,394. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Wm. Gray, Esq.; Sec., Wm. Tresidder, Esq.

PROVIDENT SURGICAL APPLIANCE SOCIETY (1872), 28 Finsbury Circus, E.C., and 8 Theatre Street, Norwich.

Object.—To supply the working classes and others with surgical instruments, artificial limbs, &c. **Admission.**—With or without letter of recommendation. A donation of £10. 10s. or subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to four letters per annum. Instruments or limbs are supplied gratis if the patient justifies it, or can be supplied at cost price to poor artisans or others who cannot afford to purchase such things at shops. Payment can be made by instalments in such cases. The office at 12 Finsbury Circus is open from 10 a.m. to 7 p.m., and patients should attend at 11 a.m. or 6 p.m., when a surgeon is present to give advice gratis. A surgeon also attends the Norwich branch at 3 p.m. on Wednesdays and Saturdays to advise patients gratis. **Management.**—By Committee of Governors, appointed by Governors annually. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,614; patients' payments, £475. **Persons assisted.**—4,746. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Co. (London), Gurneys (Norwich). Treasurer, H. Graves, Esq., 6 Pall Mall, S.W.; Sec., T. Woodrow, Esq.

NATIONAL TRUSS SOCIETY (1786), 30 King William St., E.C.

Object.—The provision of trusses, bandages, and other surgical instruments for cases of rupture, prolapsus, varicose veins, deafness, cripples, &c. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. entitled to four letters yearly. Patients should apply to Mr. Lane, 14 St. Thomas' Street, Borough, S.E., any weekday between 9 and 10 a.m., and when passed as a proper case for relief, go at once to Messrs. Lindsey Brothers, truss-makers, 55 Borough High Street, S.E. Urgent cases attended to at any hour at 14 St. Thomas' Street. Country patients should get a medical man to fill up form annexed to letter, on receipt of which necessary instrument will be forwarded. One letter only required for a truss. For other instruments, one or two, according to circumstances. **Management.**—Committee, appointed by donors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £693; invested funds, £152; **Patients.**—2,222. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Robert Pott, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mr. James Swift.

RUPTURE SOCIETY (1804).

Object.—Relief of the ruptured poor by means of trusses. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend three cases yearly. Patients must attend at the Surgeon's, 36 Grosvenor Street, W., any weekday at 9 a.m., with letter. Country cases, and those too ill to attend, should send proper measurement and description of case to the surgeon with letter. **Management.**—Committee, appointed by the subscribers at the Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—£555. **Patients.**—551. Secretaries, W. M. Tayler & Son, 27 Great James Street, Bedford Row, W.C. Truss-makers, Messrs. C. Wright & Co., 108 New Bond Street, W.

III.—FREE DISPENSARIES.***KENSINGTON DISPENSARY (1840), Church Street, Kensington, W.**

Object.—Medical and surgical relief. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Subscriber of £1. 1s. is entitled to 12 letters of recommendation. Patients must be really necessitous, yet not receiving parochial relief. Dispensary open daily, 10 a.m. No patient admitted after 11. Medicines to be applied for between 11 and 2 and 5 and 6. Bottles, &c. must be brought. Patients unable to attend, and residing within the districts of the Dispensary, visited at home. They must send their letters before 11 a.m. for registration. **Management.**—Committee of 24 Governors, eight retiring annually—four being eligible for re-election—with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £776; invested funds, £40. **Patients.**—4,402; home visits, 18,056; dental cases, 913. Bankers, London and County. Treasurer, W. W. Wynne, Esq., 14 Argyll Road, W.; Hon. Sec., F. Leach, Esq., 7 Stanford Road, Kensington, W., and at the Dispensary.

KILBURN, MAIDA VALE, AND ST. JOHN'S WOOD GENERAL DISPENSARY (1875), 13 Kilburn Park Road, N.W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief to the sick poor. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Accidents and urgent cases free. Annual

* Many of the Provident Dispensaries, which are dealt with in the next Section, make provision for free patients.

subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend six patients. Each letter lasts one month. Dispensary opens every weekday at 2.15. Patients residing within a mile of the Dispensary visited at home, if unable from sickness to attend. Letters to be sent to Resident Medical Officer before 10 a.m., otherwise the visit will not be paid till next day. Patients visited at home may obtain their medicines between 1 and 3, and 6 and 7 p.m. Bottles, gallipots, &c., necessary must be brought. **Management.**—Committee of 12 Governors, two retiring annually, but eligible for re-election at Annual General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £255; invested funds, £15; Hospital Sunday Fund, £47; rent, £20; church collections, £119. **Patients.**—2,240; home visits, 7,377. Bankers, London and South Western. Treas., J. R. Cooper, Esq., Queen's Lodge, West End Lane, N.W.; Hon. Sec., Capt. Ellis.

CHELSEA, BROMPTON, AND BELGRAVE DISPENSARY (1812), 41 Sloane Square, S.W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief in diseases of women and children. Married women are delivered at their own homes. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation for medical and surgical advice, medicines for diseases of women and children, and maternity cases. Annual subscribers of £1. 1s. may have two medical or surgical patients constantly on the books, and recommend one midwifery case yearly. Accidents and vaccination cases attended without letter of recommendation. Patients are visited at their own homes where necessary, if residing within the limits of the Dispensary district. Physicians attend Monday, Thursday, Friday, 11 a.m.; Tuesday, 3 p.m. Surgeons—Monday, Thursday, 11 a.m.; Wednesday, Saturday, 3 p.m. Midwifery cases and diseases of women and children—Tuesday, 11 a.m.; Friday, 3 p.m. The Resident Medical Officer may be applied to for medicines that require repetition, from 9.30 to 10.30 a.m. daily. **Management.**—Committee, 24 Annual Governors, elected at the General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £342; invested funds, £114. **Patients.**—4,625; home visits, 3,757. Bankers, Hopkinson & Son, Regent Street, S.W. Treasurer, G. H. Hopkinson; House Surgeon and Sec., Mr. F. T. Hebb, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P. Lond., 41 Sloane Square, S.W.

PIMLICO ROAD FREE DISPENSARY (1869), 20 Pimlico Road, S.W.

Object.—Medical and surgical aid, medicines and invalid nourishment, to the sick poor gratuitously, and to the needy on small payments. **Admission.**—Free by letter of recommendation. Certain test questions must be answered by recipient. Doubtful cases referred to Charity Organisation Society for investigation. Those unable to attend visited at home, if within district of Dispensary (Westminster, Pimlico, and East Chelsea are included in limits). Times of attendance: Monday, Thursday, and Saturday, 11 a.m.; Tuesday, 4 p.m.; and Thursday, 8 p.m. Bottles, &c., must be provided. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend four patients. **Management.**—Committee, appointed by Founders. As vacancies occur they are filled up; the appointments must be confirmed at next Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £417; patients' payments, £7. **Patients.**—1,893; home visits, 494. **Invalid Nourishment Fund.**—Provides beef tea, wine, extract of meat, brandy, &c., in extreme cases, and admission to Invalids' Dinner Table, 188 Ebury Street, S.W., where suitable meal may be obtained for 2d. by poor invalid holding ticket. Bankers, London and Westminster, Lambeth Branch. Treasurer, Walter Bishop, Esq.; Sec., H. Venman, Esq.

SOUTH BELGRAVIA DISPENSARY FOR DISEASES OF THE THROAT, CHEST, AND EAR (1875), 78 Lupus Street, S.W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief for the respectable working classes. Medical Officer, C. Albert Crane, Esq., M.D.

ST. GEORGE'S AND ST. JAMES'S DISPENSARY (1817), 60 King Street, Golden Square, W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s., or donor of £10. 10s., entitled to six letters yearly. Each letter lasts three months. Hours of attendance, 11 a.m. to 2 p.m. Patients unable to attend, and living within the parishes of St. George's, Hanover Square, and St. James's, Westminster, are visited at home. They are to send their letters for registration between 11 a.m. and 12 noon. Lying-in cases are attended. Bottles, &c., must be provided. **Management.**—Committee, appointed annually by the Governors and subscribers, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1886).—Charitable contributions, £280; invested funds, £11; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds and church collections, £132. **Patients.**—4,600. Bankers, Bank of England, Western Branch. Treas., R. R. Pym, Esq.; Resident Medical Officer, Mr. J. Jones; Sec., Mr. St. Leger Bunnett.

WESTMINSTER GENERAL DISPENSARY (1774), Gerrard Street, Soho, W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Cases of emergency and people of colour free. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend twenty patients yearly. Letters last one month, but may be renewed for 14 days on payment of 6d. at the discretion of the Medical Officer. Hours of attendance, 1.30 daily, and 6 to 7 p.m. Patients of the labouring class may have a letter at the Dispensary on payment of 1s., which may be renewed for 14 days for 6d. **Management.**—Committee of 20 Governors, elected annually at General Meeting. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £306; invested funds, £92; patients' payments, £52; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, &c., £76; rent, £54. **Patients.**—Total attendances, 29,242. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Thomas F. Blackwell, Esq.; Sec., Mr. J. Johnson.

ST. MARYLEBONE GENERAL DISPENSARY (1785), 77 Welbeck Street, Cavendish Square, W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief. **Admission.**—(a) By letter of recommendation, lasting one month; fresh letter required after. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend seven patients yearly. (b) By payment on admission of 1s. 6d., which entitles to advice and medicine for a week; a subsequent payment of 1s. 6d. a week entitling to like privileges. New cases should attend at 9 a.m. Patients unable to attend visited at home, if within one mile. No tedious or chronic cases visited. Lying-in cases are attended. **Samaritan Fund.**—Relieves necessitous patients of the Dispensary with food, and supplies trusses, &c., on recommendation of medical officer. **Management.**—Board of Directors, annually elected from Governors at General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £299; invested funds, £97; patients' payments, £316; other sources, £108. **Patients.**—4,854. Bankers, Sir S. Scott & Co. Treasurers, A. B. Daniell and C. Eales, Esq.; Sec., Mr. Frank Stokes, 49 Upper Baker Street, N.W., and at the Dispensary.

WESTERN GENERAL DISPENSARY (1830), Marylebone Road, N.W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation lasting two months. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. or donor of £10. 10s. may recommend six patients yearly. Urgent cases, accidents, cases of diarrhoea, dental cases, and those of a minor character, free. Patients residing within one mile, and unable to attend, are visited at home. If requiring to be seen the same day they must send letters to Dispensary between 8.45 and 9.30 a.m.; they will be visited the next day if letters are sent between 1 and 3 p.m. Urgent cases have immediate attention. Lying-in cases are attended. Nurses are provided who undertake the whole direction of the sick room when necessary. Wine and articles of nourishment are provided when necessary. Dispensary open daily at 8.45 a.m. House Surgeon sees patients every weekday, 8.45 to 9.30 a.m. and 1 to 2 p.m. Medicines dispensed daily (except Sunday) 9 to 10 a.m., 1 to 3 p.m.; for patients visited at home, 6 to 7 p.m. or 'when ordered.' Physicians attend daily at 1 p.m.; Surgeons, daily at 2 p.m.; Surgeon-Accoucheur and Surgeon-Dentist, at 9 a.m. **Management.**—Directors, not less than 20 nor more than 30, appointed by Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,246; invested funds, £49; legacies, £137; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £173. **Patients.**—20,090; home visits, 9,333. Bankers, Sir S. Scott & Co. Treasurer, E. Barker, Esq.; Hon. Sec., F. Norton, Esq., 13 Hilgrove Road, South Hampstead, N.W.; Sec., Mr. Wm. Kimpton, 59 York Street, W., and at the Dispensary.

WESTERN DISPENSARY FOR SKIN DISEASES (1851), 179 Great Portland Street, W.

Object.—To give the industrious poor the opportunity of paying a small sum per week for their medicines, instead of receiving relief as a charity. **Admission.**—By payment of 1s. or more per week, or on recommendation of subscribers. Tickets last three months. The Dispensary is open on Tuesdays, Fridays, and Saturdays at 2 o'clock, and on Thursday evenings at 7. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Patients' payments, £173; charitable contributions, £42. **Patients.**—Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England, Mayfair Branch. Treasurer, Dr. Prosser James; Sec., Mr. A. W. Adeney.

ST. PANCRAS AND NORTHERN DISPENSARY (1810), 126 Euston Road, N.W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend nine patients, one of whom may be a midwifery patient. Letters last four weeks, and must be renewed at end of that time. Dispensary open every day (Christmas Day, Good Friday, Sundays and holidays excepted) at 9 a.m. Twopence is charged for first supply of medicine, and 2d. a week for all medicine afterwards. Patients unable to attend are visited at home, if within one mile. Application must be made (with letter) at the Dispensary, before 10 a.m., by some person who can state the particulars of the illness. Lying-in cases are attended. **Management.**—Committee of Governors, elected annually at General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £325; invested funds, £40; rent, £65; patients' payments, £74. **Patients.**—2,745. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Bosanquets, and Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, John C. Salt, Esq., 38 Gloucester Square, W.; Hon. Sec., H. P. Bodkin, Esq., 23 Gordon Street, W.C., and at the Dispensary.

FRENCH DISPENSARY, 10 Leicester Place, Leicester Square
(*see* p. 96).

FRENCH FREE DISPENSARY, 9 Oxford Mansions, Oxford
Circus, W. (In connection with the French Protestant
Mission.)

Admission.—Open, except Friday, from 1 to 3 p.m. Medicine and
advice given gratuitously, but a box is provided to receive offerings.
Patients.—1,433. Sec., C. Zundel, Esq.

GERMAN DISPENSARY (in connection with the German
Hospital, Dalston), 4 Great Prescott Street, Goodman's
Fields, E.; and 239 Oxford Street, W. (*see* p. 96).

ISLINGTON DISPENSARY (1821), Upper Street, N.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief. **Admission.**—By letter of
recommendation. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may have two patients
on the books. Each patient to pay 3d. for first prescription, and
1d. for each subsequent one. Hours of attendance: 9 to 12, 1 to 4
daily, and on Monday and Thursday 7 to 9 p.m. on payment of 6d.
For home visits (which are paid to those patients living within a certain
area of the parish, and unable to attend) 6d. is charged when application
to be placed on the visiting list is made, and further sum of 2d. for each
visit or daily set of visits. Committee have power to remit the further
payment. **Convalescent Fund.**—Relieves in kind 'the sick and conva-
lescent poor patients.' **Management.**—Committee of 25, elected from
and by Governors at Annual General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members.
Income (1887).—Charitable contributions, £603; invested funds, £20;
patients' payments, £530; legacy, £20. **Patients.**—16,978; home visits,
4,162. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England. Treasurer, F. J.
Dove, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Chas. Bartram, Esq., 1 Pinner's Court, Old Broad
Street, E.C.; Resident Medical Officer, Dr. H. M. Maybury.

HOLLOWAY AND NORTH ISLINGTON DISPENSARY
(1840), Central Dispensary House, 434 Liverpool Road,
N., and Palmer Place, Holloway, N. Branch Dispen-
saries: 1 Rupert Road, Upper Holloway; 117 Riversdale
Road, Highbury; and 172 Ball's Pond Road, N.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief. **Admission.**—By letter of
recommendation. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend 30
patients yearly. Patients to produce their letters at the Dispensary
at the hours appointed, and pay 6d. for registration. If two or
more letters be presented for same family within 14 days, fee charged
for registration, after first letter, 1d., together with 2d. for every pre-
scription dispensed. Accidents and urgent cases entitled to relief, on first
application, without letter. Those unable to attend are visited at home,
if residing in the district of Holloway and North Islington, including
Highbury and Ball's Pond. **Convalescent Fund.**—Procures admission
to convalescent homes for the poorer patients, and assists them by loans
of blankets, trusses, &c., where needed, together with general relief in
kind. **Management.**—Committee of not less than 18 Governors, elected
annually by Governors, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887-8).—
Charitable contributions and church collections, £374; patients' payments,
£434; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £130; legacy, £110.

Patients.—7,527 ; attendances, 36,584 ; home visits, 9,602. **Treasurer.** Thomas Wall, Esq. ; **Hon. Sec.,** Chas. Walton Sawbridge, Esq. ; **Resident Medical Officer,** Alexander Skipton, Esq.

ST. ANN'S DISPENSARY (), St. Ann's Road, Stamford Hill, N.

Object.—To assist the deserving poor, who have to pay, except in extreme cases, 1s. 6d. per year, which includes the head of the household, wife, and all children under 14. **Management.**—By Vicar of St. Ann's and Committee of Churchwardens. **Income.**—A grant from the church offertory. **Patients.**—About 1,040. **Treasurers,** Dr. Gurney and Dr. Hutton ; **Sec.,** Rev. J. D. Letts.

STAMFORD HILL, STOKE NEWINGTON, CLAPTON, WEST HACKNEY, KINGSLAND, AND DALSTON DISPENSARY (1825), 189 High St., Stoke Newington, N. ; Clapton Branch, High Road, Upper Clapton, E.

Admission.—By recommendation of officers or Governors. **Patients** living within 1½ miles of the Dispensary, and unable to attend personally on account of illness, are visited at their own homes. **Accidents and urgent cases** attended to free. • **Management.**—By a Committee of Governors elected at the Annual Meeting. **Income (1887-8).**—Charitable contributions, £390 ; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £95 ; dividends, £104 ; proceeds of entertainment, £5 ; legacies, £380. **Patients.**—Attendances, 37,769 ; visits paid, 8,875 ; supplied with trusses, 25. **Resident Medical Officer,** R. W. Taylor Haddow, Esq. **Hon Sec.,** Edmund Baden, Esq., 14 Highbury Grove, N.

BLOOMSBURY DISPENSARY (1801), 22 Bloomsbury St., W.C.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief of the poor residing in the neighbourhood. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. **Annual subscriber** of £1. 1s. or donor of £10. 10s. may recommend 18 patients yearly. **Accidents and urgent cases,** free on first attendance ; letter of recommendation required for subsequent attendances. **Dispensary open** for attendance of patients daily (except Sunday), 11.30 to 1. **Special cases** attended by the Resident Medical Officer at any reasonable hour. Those too ill to attend are visited at home if residing within the following limits : Eastward, west side of Gray's Inn Road ; Southward, north side of Lincoln's Inn Fields, Great Queen Street, Long Acre and Cranborne Street ; Westward, east side of Fitzroy Square, Charlotte Street, and Greek Street ; Northward, south side of Euston Road. **Persons in receipt** of parish relief ineligible. **Bottles, &c.** must be provided. **Management.**—Committee, appointed by subscribers at Annual Meeting. **Income (1887-8).**—Charitable contributions, £189 ; rent, £60 ; legacy from George Stone, £55,000. **Patients (1887-8).**—4,958. **Treas.,** J. F. Pownall, Esq. ; **Sec.,** Mr. C. E. Baker ; **Resident Medical Officer,** F. Steele, Esq., M.R.C.S.

LONDON MEDICAL MISSION (1871), 47 Endell Street, St. Giles's, W.C.

Object.—Medical, surgical, and general relief. **Admission.**—Free on application. **Monday, Wednesday, and Friday** doors open at 12.30, close at 1. **Patients too ill to attend** are visited at home every day. **Convalescent Home,** Netley Cottage, Claremont Road, Folkestone (women and children only). **Medical certificate** required, which must be examined and approved by Dr. F. A. Pring, to whom applications must be addressed. **Pay-**

ment, 10s. a week in advance. Children under 12, 7s.; from St. Giles's, free. No patient remains more than three weeks, except by special permission. They must bring change of linen and pair of slippers, and pay washing and travelling expenses (return railway fare, 6s.). Children under eight years, cases of consumption beyond first stage, of contagion, epilepsy or fits, and immoral persons, ineligible. *Holiday House*, Thursley Common, Surrey, is intended to provide country air for destitute children. The other objects of the Mission comprise Bible class, evening meetings, Sunday school, book and tract distribution, clothing club, and gifts of clothing, &c., gifts of flowers, out-door visits, &c. **Management.**—The Mission is under the control of the Medical Superintendent. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £881; sales of clothing, &c., £159. *Convalescent Home*, charitable contributions, £109; patients' payments, £104. *Holiday House*, £133. **Patients**, &c.—18,081. Home visits by doctors, 5,980; by nurses, 2,263. *Convalescent Home*, 105. Bankers, London and County Bank, Covent Garden; National Provincial Bank of England, Folkestone. Treasurer, W. Riddall Bell, Esq., M.D.; Medical Superintendent, F.A. Pring, Esq., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P., L.S.A.

PUBLIC DISPENSARY (1782), 59 Stanhope Street, Clare Market, W.C.

Object.—Medical and surgical advice. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend 15 patients yearly. Letter lasts two months. Physician's cases received Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday, Saturday, at noon. Surgeon's cases Monday and Thursday, at noon; cases for vaccination must attend at noon Monday or Thursday. Patients unable to attend are visited at home, if residing within the district of the Dispensary. Persons having venereal complaints inadmissible, unless specially recommended. **Management.**—Committee of 25 Governors, elected annually, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £570; invested funds, £196. **Patients**.—3,604, including home visits, 525. Bankers, Messrs. Twining. Treasurer, Richard Twining, Esq.; Sec., Mr. John Phillips, 5 Bishop's Court, Lincoln's Inn, W.C.

FARRINGDON GENERAL DISPENSARY AND LYING-IN CHARITY (1828), 17 Bartlett's Buildings, Holborn, E.C.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief to the poor, and attendance on poor women in childbirth. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend twelve patients and one midwifery case. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions (including Biennial Festival), £167; patients' payments, £372; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £90. **Patients.**—Attendances, 36,383. Treasurer, C. J. Lacy, jun., Esq., 60 West Smithfield, E.C.; Hon. Sec., Mr. J. Lewis.

FINSBURY DISPENSARY (1780), Brewer Street, Goswell Road, E.C.

Object.—Relief of sick poor at the Dispensary and at their own homes. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation, available for two months. Annual subscribers of £1. 1s. may recommend 21 patients yearly, also annual subscribers of 10s. 6d. can recommend 10 patients yearly, or more if they wish. One penny to be paid for each half-week's supply of medicines. Cases of accidents or emergency may apply for relief at any time without letter. **Management.**—Committee appointed by the Governors

at Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £298; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £97; patients' payments, £276; dividends, £100. **Patients**.—New cases, 16,048; consultations, 37,362; home visits, 3,238. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, Bosanquets, & Co. Treasurer, Barclay Field, Esq., 25 Mark Lane, E.C.; Hon. Sec., R. Moreland, Esq.

ROYAL GENERAL DISPENSARY (1770), 25 and 26 Bartholomew Close, E.C.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief. **Admission**.—By letter of recommendation. Annual subscriber of 10s. 6d. entitled to 6, of £1. 1s. entitled to 12, letters, lasting one month each. Cases of emergency, free. Each patient to pay 2d. every time prescription is dispensed. Those unable to attend, and residing within the limits or liberties of the City, or within half a mile of the Dispensary out of the City, are visited at home. Medical officers attend daily at 1 p.m. and remain as long as necessary. Resident Medical Officer can be seen at any time in urgent cases. **Management**.—Committee, appointed by Governors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £406; patients' payments, £95; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £84; collection after sermon, £5. **Patients**.—11,452. **Home visits**.—3,040. Bankers, London and County Bank (Aldersgate Branch). Treasurer, George Sims, Esq.; Sec., John Faulkner, Esq.

CITY DISPENSARY (1789), 46 Watling Street, E.C.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief. **Admission**.—By letter of recommendation. Diarrhoea cases and accidents attended without letter. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may have three patients on the books. The poor, in cases of emergency, attended free. Physician or Surgeon attends at the Dispensary daily (except Sunday) at 2 p.m. Patients are visited at home when necessary. **Management**.—Committee of 24 Governors, elected annually at General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £911; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £136; dividends, interest, and rent, £165. **Patients**.—13,747. About 1,000 home visits made. Bankers, Roberts, Lubbock & Co. Treasurer, Sir John Lubbock, Bart., M.P.; Sec., Mr. Francis J. T. Moore, 98 Cannon Street, E.C., and at the Dispensary.

METROPOLITAN DISPENSARY AND CHARITABLE FUND (1779), Fore Street, Cripplegate, E.C.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief; pecuniary relief for cases of distress. **Admission**.—By letter of recommendation. Cases of emergency free. Patients must attend punctually on the days mentioned in their recommendatory letter. A physician or surgeon attends at the Dispensary every week-day. Lying-in cases (of married women) are attended. Patients, if unable to attend, and living within the district of the Dispensary, are visited at home. **Charitable Fund**.—The poor (having letters of recommendation) are visited and relieved. No member of the same family, living in the same house, to receive pecuniary relief for more than one month consecutively, nor again until an interval of at least two months has elapsed; nor receive more than 2s. a week, or 8s. in the whole. **Management**.—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £393; patients' payments, £235; invested funds, £117. **Patients** (1887).—8,631. Treasurer, J. J. Baddeley, Esq.; Sec., Mr. W. F. Songey.

CITY OF LONDON & EAST LONDON DISPENSARY (1849), 35 Wilson Street, Finsbury Square, E.C.

Object.—Medical and surgical advice to the sick poor. **Admission.**—(a) By letter of recommendation, (b) by payment. Annual subscriber of 10s. 6d. may have one patient on the books. Persons unable to obtain a letter, or who prefer to contribute to support of institution, may enrol themselves as subscribing members by payment of 6d. a week in advance during such time as they may require medical or surgical advice. Dispensary open Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday, 12.30 p.m.; Monday, at 5 p.m.; Wednesday, 6.30 p.m. for patients with letters and subscribing members. Patients unable to attend and residing within one mile are visited at home. Bottles, &c., must be provided. **Management.**—Committee of 10 Life Governors and annual subscribers, appointed by Governors at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £82; patients' payments, £675; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £40. **Patients.**—28,038. Bankers, Barclay & Co.; Sec., Mr. F. R. Bluett, 213 Gresham House, Old Broad St., E.C., and at the Dispensary.

LONDON DISPENSARY (1777), 21 Church St., Spitalfields, E.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Accident cases free. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may have two patients on the books. Patients living in the district of the Dispensary and unable to attend are visited at home. Physicians attend Monday, Wednesday, Friday, Saturday, 11 a.m.; surgeon, Wednesday, Saturday, 1 p.m. **Management.**—By Committee of fifteen Governors, elected annually at General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income.**— . **Patients.**— . Secretary, Thomas Whittington, Esq., 3 Bishopsgate Street Without, E.C.

TOWER HAMLETS DISPENSARY (1792), White Horse Street, Stepney, E.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may have 6 'free' and 18 'part-payment' ordinary letters, and 1 'free' and 3 'part-payment' midwifery cases, annually. Patients unable to attend, visited at home if within limits of the Dispensary. Letters of recommendation may be had on application to the Secretary or Collector, or at the Dispensary. Part-payment cases: Entrance fee on the original letter and on each renewal, 6d.; for each attendance at the Dispensary, 3d.; for each visit at home, 6d.; teeth extracted, 3d.; midwifery fee, 3s. 6d. Dispensary open daily, 12 to 1. Bottles, &c., must be provided. Recommendations last one month, but may be renewed on recommendation of medical officer. Physician attends: Monday, Thursday, 1.30 p.m.; Surgeon: Tuesday, Friday, 12.30. **Management.**—Committee appointed by subscribers yearly. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £743; invested funds, £28; patients' payments, £128. **Patients.**—New cases (1887), 3,406; home visits (including those to 125 maternity cases), 3,631. Bankers, Roberts, Lubbock, & Co. Treasurer, Lieut.-Col. Holt, Ratcliff, E.; Sec., Mr. J. F. Garioch.

QUEEN ADELAIDE'S DISPENSARY (1850), Pollard Row, Bethnal Green Road, E.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief. **Admission.**—By ticket from annual subscriber. Annual subscriber of 10s. 6d. entitled to six letters. **Management.**—By a Committee of annually-elected Governors with

ex-officio members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £400; invested funds and rents, £140; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £87; collections, &c., £124. **Patients**.—Letters issued in 1887, 3,255. Bankers, Barnett, Hoares, & Co. Treasurer, Rev. E. F. Coke, St. James the Great, Bethnal Green Road, E.; Hon. Sec., Rev. J. C. Tattersall, 37 Merrick Square, S.E.

WEST HAM, STRATFORD, AND SOUTH ESSEX DISPENSARY (1861), West Ham Lane, Stratford, E.

Object.—To furnish advice, medicines, and surgical aid to the poor inhabitants of West Ham, Stratford, and South Essex. **Admission**.—On recommendation of Governors, who have the privilege of issuing 12 letters of recommendation for every £10 given by way of donation and for every £1 subscribed annually. Letters last one month. Patients residing within certain limits are visited at home if unable to attend at the Dispensary. **Management**.—By Committee of 12, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £372; collections after sermons, £147; Great Eastern Railway employes, £206; employes at Ritchie & Sons and the Leather Cloth Company, £30; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £112; dividends, £154; Clothworkers' Company, £10. **Patients**.—11,568; accidents, 7,293; home visits, 3,883. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, John Evans, Esq., J.P.; Sec., Mr. F. Mulley, 14 Manby Grove, Stratford, E.

EASTERN DISPENSARY (1782), Leman St., Whitechapel, E.

Object.—'Medical and surgical relief of the really necessitous.' **Admission**.—By letter of recommendation, lasting two months (time may be extended), and payment of 1d. on each supply of medicine. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may have two patients always on the books, and recommend one lying-in case yearly. Patients must provide themselves with bottles, &c. Those requiring home attendance to send letter to the Dispensary any weekday before 11 a.m. Dispensary open daily from 9 to 11 a.m. (Sundays excepted) to receive letters, admit patients, and grant advice and medicine in urgent cases. Those who only require a repetition of medicine to send for it between 9 and 11 a.m. Physician attends Mondays and Thursdays, 2 p.m.; Surgeon attends Tuesdays and Fridays, 12.30 p.m. **Management**.—Committee of 21 Governors, elected annually at General Meeting. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £214; invested funds, £193; patients' payments, £47; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £58. **Patients**.—5,236. Home visits, 3,397. Bankers, London and Western Bank, Whitechapel. Treasurer, W. J. Johnson, Esq.; Sec., Mr. G. Halsey, 60 Great Prescott Street, E.

EAST END MEDICAL MISSION, 224 High Street, Shadwell, E.

Object.—'To care for the bodies as well as the souls of the needy poor.' A Mission Hall and Dispensary, where, under the superintendence of a qualified Christian Physician and several resident Deaconesses, patients of the poorest class from the vicinity of Ratcliff Highway are daily seen and visited. **Admission**.—By personal application. **Management**.—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Income**.—(See DR. BARNARDO'S HOMES AND MISSION.) **Patients** (1887-8).—7,422; prescriptions made up, 17,231. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

DISPENSARY FOR WOMEN, Shadwell, E. (see East London Hospital for Children, p. 104).

SEAMEN'S DISPENSARY, Well Street, London Docks, E.
(*see* Seamen's Hospital Society, p. 95).

SURREY DISPENSARY (1777), Great Dover St., Borough, S.E.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1884).**—£1,373. **Patients.**—14,344; including midwifery cases, 460, and home visits, 1,738. Sec. F. J. T. Moore, Esq., at the Dispensary.

ROYAL SOUTH LONDON DISPENSARY (1821), St. George's Cross, Lambeth Road, S.E.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may have one patient always on the books. Dispensary open every weekday between 9 and 11 a.m. Patients unable to attend will be visited at home. They must send their letters between 9 and 10.30 a.m. Letters must be renewed after one month. Bottles, &c. must be provided. **Management.**—Committee of 20 Governors, elected annually at General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £101; invested funds, £61; other sources, £607. **Patients.**—5,942. Bankers, London & Westminster Bank, Lambeth Branch. Treasurer, Rev. Allen T. Edwards; Sec., H. C. Jones, Esq., 85 Blackfriars Road, S.E.

SOUTH LAMBETH, STOCKWELL, AND NORTH BRIXTON DISPENSARY (1866), Wilkinson Street, Albert Square, Clapham Road, S.W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief of sick poor in the district parishes of Christ Church, North Brixton; St. Michael's and St. Andrew's, Stockwell; All Saints', St. Ann's, and St. Stephen's, South Lambeth; and St. Barnabas, South Kennington. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation and payment. Annual subscriber of 10s. 6d., or donor of £5. 5s., may have six letters yearly. Single letters may be had from the Dispensary, after 1st July in each year, at 2s. 6d. each. They last one month. Fresh letter required for further attendance; 1s. must be paid on each letter. Time of attendance, 10.30 a.m. Patients visited at home if unable to attend. They must send their letters to the Dispensary at 9.30 a.m. any day. They pay 2s. for first two weeks, and 1s. each succeeding week, for each letter. If more than one member of a family attended in same house, each additional member to pay 1s. 6d. per month. Incurables and chronic cases cannot remain on books for more than three months, unless on special recommendation. **Management.**—Committee of eighteen, elected from governors, donors, and subscribers of £1. 1s., six retiring annually, but eligible for re-election, with *ex-officio* members. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £415; patients' payments, £214. **Patients.**—1,255 'in-patients'; 994 'visited cases.' Bankers, Union Bank of London. Treasurer, Mr. F. H. Godsell, 188 Clapham Road, S.W.; Hon. Sec., Mr. T. G. Dutton, 60 Lansdowne Road, Clapham Road, S.W.; Resident Dispenser and Collector, Mr. J. Simpson.

BRIXTON DISPENSARY (1850), Water Lane, Brixton, S.W.

Object.—To afford medical and surgical aid to necessitous persons in Brixton, Streatham Hill, Herne Hill, Tulse Hill, and Angell Town. **Admission.**—By letters of recommendation from subscribers. Patients are to wait upon the medical officers; or, if too ill, are visited at home. Donors of £5. 5s. have six letters a year. Subscribers of £1. 1s. have

twelve letters. **Management.**—By Committee elected at the Annual Meeting of the subscribers, meeting quarterly. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £304; invested funds, £62; patients' pence, £84; church collections, £36. **Patients.**—4,225 patients on the books; 3,668 visits to patients at home. Bankers, London & County, Brixton Road. Treasurer, H. White, Esq.; Sec., Mr. M. Faulkner, 47 Tierney Road, Streatham Hill.

SOUTH LONDON DISPENSARY FOR WOMEN, Sydenham Road, S.E. (*see* p. 105).

ROYAL KENT DISPENSARY, 64 Greenwich Road (*see* MILLER HOSPITAL and ROYAL KENT DISPENSARY, p. 95.)

IV.—PROVIDENT DISPENSARIES.

METROPOLITAN PROVIDENT MEDICAL ASSOCIATION (1880). Office, 5 Lamb's Conduit Street, W.C.

Object.—To enable 'persons of every class who are intermediate between those who can pay the ordinary professional fees and the paupers, whose medical treatment is provided for under the Poor Law,' to 'become members of local associations, whereby they can obtain advantages similar to those possessed by the rich. Those who can attend at the dispensary will have advice and medicine without undue delay; those who cannot will be treated and visited at their own homes.' **Admission.**—Every person in fair health residing within a dispensary district can, by payment of an entrance fee of 1s., become a member, subject to the approval of the managing committee of the dispensary. Monthly payment—single cards, 6d.; husband and wife without children, 1s.; children under 14 years of age, 3d. per month each, not charging for more than four in one family. Children under 14 can only become members with their parents or guardians. Applicants requiring immediate treatment pay special rates. Ordinary members are not treated until one month after admission, and chronic cases are not received. All payments must be made in advance. There are fines for arrears; after three months' arrears a member lapses. Patients attend with cards at the appointed times. Those too ill to do so send cards before 10 a.m. to the residence of the medical officers they have chosen, who see them at their homes. Cases of sudden illness or accident are attended at any time on sending cards to any one of the medical officers. Married women, having been members for three months, are attended in confinement either by a medical officer or midwife, the fees for which are fixed by the Local Committee, and are payable in one sum, or by instalments. No charge for certificates of sickness. Medicines are supplied at the dispensaries morning and evening daily; members must provide bottles, &c., or they will be charged. **Admission of Dispensaries.**—Any provident dispensary may be admitted into union with the Association, provided it be self-supporting. Affiliated dispensaries elect a representative to the Council, and can receive information, advice, &c. **Management.**—By Council, together with representatives of branches and affiliated dispensaries; of dispensaries, by Committees elected annually by members. **Income** (1887).—Donations to preliminary expenses fund, £691; members' contributions at 13 branches, about £3,000. **Dispensaries instituted.**—11. Bankers, Hoare & Co. Treasurer, H. N. Hamilton-Hoare, Esq.; Sec., Mr. W. G. Bunn.

The following is a list of the branches of the Association which have been formed in various parts of London. The management is in all cases vested in a Local Committee elected by the members. The income is derived solely from members' subscriptions.

BLOOMSBURY (1881), 5 Lamb's Conduit Street, W.C. **Income** (1887).—£397. **Members' Cards**.—612. Sec., Mr. C. Mildrum.

CAMDEN TOWN (1882), 62 Camden Road, N.W. **Income** (1887).—£338. **Members' Cards**.—750. Bankers, Hoare & Co. Treasurer, Mr. W. Armstrong; Sec., Mr. W. Jolly, 40 Litcham Street, Kentish Town, N.W.

CLERKENWELL AND ST. LUKE'S (1882) Domestic Mission, St. George's Row, Lever Street, E.C. **Income** (1887).—£80. **Members' Cards**.—130.

CROYDON (1882), 12 Katherine Street, Croydon **Income** (1887).—£344. **Members' Cards**.—600. Sec., Mr. Jackson.

DALSTON (1883), Holy Trinity Church House, Forest Road, E. **Income** (1887).—£99. **Members' Cards**.—171. Sec., Mr. G. A. Gregory.

DEPTFORD (1882), 472 New Cross Road, S.E. **Income** (1887).—£588. **Members' Cards**.—1,511. Bankers, London and County Bank. Treasurer, Carlton J. Lambert, Esq.; Sec., Walter Millachip, Esq., Holmwood, 118 Breakspear Road, Brockley, S.E.

HACKNEY (1882), Old Town Hall, Hackney, E. **Income** (1887).—£227. **Members' Cards**.—427. Sec., W. J. Woods, Esq.

KENSAL TOWN (1882), 43 Golborne Road, Notting Hill, W. **Income** (1887).—£295. **Members' Cards**.—671. Bankers, Hoare & Co. Treas., G. U. Twentyman, Esq.; Sec., James E. Robinson, Esq.

PADDINGTON (1888), 29 Westbourne Park Crescent, Harrow Road. **Income** (1887).—£288. **Members' Cards**.—500. Treasurer, Mr. J. M. Moullin; Sec., Mr. W. R. Mumford.

PIMLICO (1882), 68 Lupus Street, Pimlico, S.W. **Income** (1887).—£364. **Members' Cards**.—700. Sec., Mr. Jas. Tasker.

SOHO AND ST. JAMES'S (1881), St. Peter's Schools, Archer Street, Haymarket. **Income** (1887).—£81. **Members' Cards**.—276. Sec., Mr. T. Kirby.

TOTTENHAM (1887), 2 Grove Terrace, High Road, Tottenham. Treasurer, Mr. Chalkly; Sec., Mr. F. Cook.

WALWORTH (1888), 302 Walworth Road, S.E. Treasurer, Walter Numboll, Esq.; Sec., Mr. T. J. Hester.

MEDICAL AID SOCIETY FOR NECESSITOUS GENTLE-WOMEN (1879), 2 East India Avenue, Leadenhall Street, E.C.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—By application to and recommendation of a subscriber. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s., or donor of £10. 10s., entitled to one recommendation a year. Payment of annual subscription of £1. 1s. in time of health, or £2. 2s. in time of sickness, entitles to treatment and medicines for one year as members. Chronic or incurable cases are not admitted under this rule. Ladies with the following incomes are entitled to become subscribing members: Widows, without children, or spinsters, whose income does not exceed £80 a year; widows, with children, an additional £40 a year for

each one dependent; married ladies, with husbands living, without children, joint income not to exceed £150 a year, with children, an additional £40 a year for each dependent child. For the present the above will apply only to ladies living in or near London. All patients required to attend at specified hours, and, when necessary, visited at home. Prescriptions of medical men are dispensed by Society's chemists. **Management.**—Committee; vacancies filled up by Governors at Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1887-8).—£353. **Patients.**—114; attendances, 1,396. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co.; Sec., Capt. G. J. Hamilton.

PROVIDENT MEDICAL AID FRIENDLY SOCIETY (1881),
37 New Road, Whitechapel, E.

Object.—To provide qualified medical attendance for the working classes. **Admission.**—Members between the ages of 16 and 55 and their children, if in sound health, are admitted on payment of 1s. 3d. per quarter (1d. per week and 2d. extra the last week in each quarter). Free to benefits after two quarters' subscription. **Management.**—By permanent Committee of members and the husbands of female members; vacancies filled up at Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Members' contributions, £439; interest, £2. **Members.**—1,833. Treasurer, Mr. L. Fresco; Sec., Mr. J. Hart.

POPLAR ASSOCIATION FOR MEDICAL AND SURGICAL
ATTENDANCE (1836), Town Hall, Newby Place,
Poplar, E.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—Members must be either married men, widowers, or widows having families resident with them. Entrance fee, 2s. 6d.; subscription 3d. a week, which entitles member and family (children must be under 16 years and resident at home) to medical assistance. Midwifery orders given on payment of 5s., 'but no members can receive such order unless they have paid six months' subscription.' No person admitted or continued a member whose earnings exceed 30s. a week. Attendance given at the Town Hall, Poplar, on Tuesdays from 7 to 8 p.m., to receive applications and subscriptions. **Management.**—By Committee. Sec., Mr. O. J. Wilcox; Assist. Sec., Mr. J. C. Bennett.

NOTTING HILL PROVIDENT DISPENSARY AND MA-
TERNITY (1860), 43 Portland Road, Notting Hill, W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief, on the provident principle, 'of small tradesmen, domestic servants, working classes, not receiving pariah relief.' **Admission.**—By subscription, according to the following weekly scale: Single man or woman, 1½d.; man and wife, or mother with one child, 2d.; man, wife, and one child, or mother with any number of children under 14, 3d.; man, wife, and any number of children under 14 years, 3½d. Applicants must state name, age, residence, occupation, and average earnings of self and family, and deposit a month's subscription. If actually suffering from illness, entrance fee of three months' contributions must be paid. If any other member of family require medical advice before expiration of one month, such member to pay a further sum amounting to half of entrance fee. No married person admitted unless whole of children under 14 join, unless in case of man who belongs to medical club. Children under five not admitted, unless with parent or guardian. Members' confinement cases attended on payment of 10s. 6d. Patients unable to attend must send their books before 9.30 a.m., when they will be visited. Cases of sudden illness or accident attended on sending book. Dispensary open daily at 11 a.m. Dentist attends Tuesday,

Friday, 9 a.m. Limits for home visits: North, Great Western Railway; South, Kensington Place and Holland Park; East, Portobello Road; West, West London Railway. Annual subscription of £1. 1s. constitutes Annual Governor; donation of £5. 5s. constitutes a Life Governor. **Management.**—Committee of Governors, appointed at Annual Meeting of Governors. **Income.**—(1887).—From charitable contributions, £122; Hospital Sunday Fund, £26; members' contributions, £80. **Patients.**—5,712 (visits and attendances). Bankers, London and County Bank, Westbourne Grove. Chairman of Committee, Rev. Dr. Thornton.

PORTOBELLO ROAD PROVIDENT DISPENSARY FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN (1881), 117 Portobello Road, W.

Object.—To provide medicine and treatment for women and their children. **Admission.**—Women with families shall not be admitted unless the whole of the children under 14 years of age are included, but not more than three children will be charged for. Persons over 14 years of age shall pay 4d. per month; children under 14, 3d. per month. Applicants requiring treatment within two months of application shall pay an additional fee of 2s. 6d. **Management.**—By Committee elected by the whole of the members, beneficiary and honorary, at the Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £23; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £22; members' payments, £16; non-members' consultation fees, £9. **Members** (1887).—115; attendances, 1,002; home visits, 93. Hon. Secs., Mrs. W. R. Anderson and Miss S. H. Fairley.

BROMPTON PROVIDENT DISPENSARY (1877), 12 Hans Road, Brompton, S.W.

Object.—'To secure on provident and self-assisting principles medical attendance, advice, and medicine during illness, for the working classes, domestic servants, and other persons who are unable to pay the usual medical charges.' **Admission.**—At discretion of Committee. A small monthly payment required all the year round, whether well or ill. Those whose average earnings exceed £1. 10s. a week, and domestic servants whose wages exceed £16 a year, are ineligible. **Management.**—By Committee and officers elected by members and subscribers of 5s. a year, or more. **Income** (1887).—Donations and subscriptions, £139; Hospital Sunday Fund, £23; payments by members, £223; dividend, £5. **Number of Members.**—1,015. Bankers, London and County Bank. Treasurer, L. C. Probyn, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Rev. W. W. Kelly.

HAMMERSMITH SICK CLUB (1874).

Object.—To enable the working classes to ensure for themselves and their families, efficient medical advice, with home attendance when necessary, and medicine during illness, by their own small periodical payments. **Admission.**—At discretion of Committee. Applicants must, as a rule, be resident in the parishes of Hammersmith. Others may be admitted on the consent of the medical officer by whom they wish to be attended being obtained. Members must be working persons and servants, their wives and children, who cannot pay for medical advice otherwise. Applicants must leave with the Secretary at St. Paul's National School-room, between 6 and 8 on Monday, or 6 and 7 on Friday evening, a statement of name, age, residence, occupation and means, and one month's subscription. The weekly payment is: 1d. above 14, 4d. below; 2d. for man, wife, and family. Servants pay 5s. a year. Applicants actually ill, pay an entrance fee of 5s., and all the members of their families must

join. Every member can choose the medical officer he prefers. Patients should attend at the medical officers' residences between 9 and 10 in the morning with their tickets. Those who are too ill to do so, must send their ticket to the officer before 9, except in case of sudden illness. Married women, whose families subscribe 2d. a week, can be attended during confinement, on paying 2s. 6d. a month extra for six months previously. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by coöption. The club is self-supporting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £2; members' payments, £812. **Members.**—1,520. Bankers, London and County Bank (Hammersmith Branch). Treasurer, C. I. Stevens, Esq., Ravenscourt, Hammersmith; Sec., Mr. T. Wren, St. Paul's School, near Broadway, Hammersmith, W.

PADDINGTON PROVIDENT DISPENSARY (1836), 104 Star Street, Edgware Road, W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief on the provident principle. **Admission.**—By payment of subscription according to the following monthly scale: Single person, 4d.; man and wife, 6d.; ditto and one child, 8d.; ditto and all children under 14, 10d. Confinement cases attended on payment of additional 10s. Medical officers attend at the Dispensary daily. The Dispensary is open on weekdays from 9 a.m. till 2 p.m., and from 6 to 8 p.m.; on Sundays from 6 to 6.30. During these hours the Resident Dispenser is in attendance. Subscribers must attend on days and hours on which the medical officer of their district is in attendance, with admission ticket on first visit. Subscribers can consult their medical officer at his private residence before 10 a.m. Urgent cases attended at any hour. Patients unable to attend are visited at home. If actually suffering from illness when applying, entrance fee of 5s. must be paid, and whole family must join. Bottles, &c., must be provided. **Management.**—Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £128; members' subscriptions, £390; invested funds, £27; Hospital Sunday Fund, £41; church offertories, &c., £46. **Patients.**—7,418; home visits, 5,630; midwifery cases, 141. Treasurer, H. Ernest Hall, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Rev. G. F. Prescott.

KILBURN PROVIDENT MEDICAL INSTITUTE (1875), 1 Greville Road, Kilburn, N.W.

Object.—To encourage provision, by the working classes, for medical aid. **Admission.**—By payment of weekly subscription of: Adults, 1½d.; children, 1d. No family more than 6d. This scheme is not intended to apply to any family earning more than £2. 10s. per week, or single men earning £1. 5s. per week. No entrance fee. New proposals of membership are received on Saturday from 7 to 9 p.m. **Management.**—By Committee of twelve honorary (including medical staff) and two benefited members. **Income** (1887).—Donations, £96; members' subscriptions, £878; rent of rooms, &c., £82. **Cases.**—4,254. **Members.**—3,925. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank, Kilburn. Treas., H. W. Prockter, Esq.; Sec., W. T. Millachip, Esq.

ST. GEORGE, HANOVER SQUARE, PROVIDENT DISPENSARY (1868), 16 Little Grosvenor Street, W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief on the provident principle. **Admission.**—By payment of 5s. a year in advance, or 6d. a month (to people whose earnings are under £2 weekly). Payments to be made between 1.30 and 3 daily. If medical treatment required at time of application, six months' subscription to be paid in advance. Physicians

attend Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday, 1.30 to 3. Surgeons, Monday, Wednesday, Thursday, Saturday, 1.30 to 3. Dentist, Tuesday, Thursday, 9 a.m. Those unable to attend visited at home, if living within in-wards of parish. They must send their tickets to Dispensary before 10. If application is made after 10, 1s. is charged per visit; and 2s. 6d. after 6 p.m. Lying-in cases attended on additional payment of 5s. Bottles, &c. must be provided. **Management.**—Committee appointed by Governors at Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £413; members' payments, £160; collections, £17; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £71; rent, £22; Bond Street Jubilee Decoration Fund, £20. **Patients.**—Attendances, 2,890; home visits, 472; number of members, 634. Bankers, Ransom, Bouverie & Co. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., P. P. Bouverie, Esq.; Sec. and Collector, Mr. G. H. Leah, Jun., 73 Park Street, W.

ROYAL PIMLICO PROVIDENT DISPENSARY (1831), 104 Buckingham Palace Road, S.W.

Object.—'Medical and surgical relief of the working classes resident within the district parishes of St. Peter, St. Paul, St. Michael, St. Gabriel, and St. Saviour, Pimlico.' **Admission.**—By Governor's letter, which admits cases of illness free of entrance fee, on payment of month's subscription in advance, and by subscription—in advance—according to the following monthly scale: Adults, 9d.; young persons (14 to 18), 7d.; widows, 5d.; man and wife, 11d.; ditto and child, 1s. 1d.; children under 14, 3d.; if more than two children in family, only two are charged for; children of widows, 1d. Payments to be made Mondays, between 6 and 7 p.m. Those actually suffering from illness when applying must pay entrance fee of 2s. 6d., or bring a letter. A further sum of 1s. 3d. required to be paid for any other member of the family requiring treatment. No application received from married man unless all children under 14 join. Children under 14 not admitted, unless with parent or guardian. Applicants must state age, name, residence, occupation, and average earnings of self and family, and deposit month's subscription, which is returned if not accepted as member. If approved, applicant admitted as member at end of a month. Cases of accident or sudden illness attended at any time on sending card to the resident medical officer. In cases of sickness a whole family entitled to be admitted before expiration of probationary month on payment of year's subscription. Patients unable to attend visited at home. Letters to be sent before 11 a.m. Medicines given out to home cases at 5 p.m. Bottles, &c., to be provided. Dispensary open every day (except Sunday), 10 to 12 a.m., and Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Friday, 8 to 9 p.m. Members requiring attendance in confinement to apply at Dispensary and obtain midwifery card, on payment of £1. 1s. Card to be taken to accoucheur. Domestic servants whose wages exceed £10 a year not qualified, unless employer is a Governor. Services of the dentist may be had Monday, Wednesday, and Friday mornings. **Management.**—Committee of not less than twenty Governors, elected annually. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £259; invested funds, £13; members' subscriptions, £541; legacy, £100; offertory, £15; Hospital Sunday Fund, £52. **Patients.**—11,847. Bankers, Ransom, Bouverie & Co. Treas., C. T. Murdoch, Esq.; Sec., W. C. Meates, Esq., Orford House, Strawberry Hill, Twickenham.

ST. PAUL AND ST. BARNABAS' DISPENSARY (1849), 184 Ebury Street, Pimlico, S.W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief on the provident principle. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary and payment of subscription.

Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend six urgent cases. In special or pressing cases, applicant with note or card from any of the clergy of parish, or a subscriber, relieved at once, and for once only; further relief suspended until patient becomes member. Scale of weekly payments: Each person above 14, 1d.; children under 14, one of whose parents is member, or an orphan child, $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; any number of children above three, one of whose parents is member, 2d. Payments monthly in advance. Servants earning more than £10 a year—males, per quarter, 2s. 6d.; females, 2s. Members entered any Monday at 9.45 a.m. Sick persons must pay 2s. 6d. entrance fee and month's subscription. Married women, if subscribers of three months' standing, attended in confinement on payment of 10s., either at once or by instalments commencing three months previously. Hour of attendance 9.45 a.m. Patients unable to attend, and living within the districts of St. Paul's, Wilton Place, and St. Barnabas', Pimlico, are visited at home. They must send their letters or prescription to the Dispensary at 9.45 a.m. Bottles, &c., must be provided. **Management.**—Committee appointed by the Parochial Board for improving the condition of the poor in the districts of St. Paul and St. Barnabas. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £223; offertories and alms-boxes, £92; members' payments, £125; Hospital Sunday Fund, £47. **Patients.**—2,561; attendances, 9,638; home visits, 1,822; number of members, 1,753. Bankers, London and County, Knightsbridge. Treasurer, H. Barnett, Esq.; Hon. Sec., A. Liddell, Esq.; Resident Medical Officer, J. W. Morey, Esq.

WESTERN DISPENSARY (1789), Rochester Row, Westminster, S.W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation and by payment of subscription. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend five gratuitous patients, one lying-in case, and three provident members to be admitted free of entrance fee. Patients must be resident in the united parishes of St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster (excluding Knightsbridge hamlet). Gratuitous patients must state name, age, residence, occupation, and average earnings of self and family, and attend at Dispensary, with letter, at such hours as may be appointed. Certificate required from some one to whom applicant is personally known, testifying to fitness for gratuitous relief. Midwifery patients pay 1s. on registering letters. Provident members must state name, age, &c., in same manner as 'gratuitous patients.' If approved, applicant admitted member at the end of a month. Monthly payments (in advance): Adults, 6d.; young persons (14 to 18) and widows, 4d.; man and wife, 8d.; ditto and child, 10d.; children under 14, 2d. No more than two children under 14 charged for; children of widows, 1d. Entrance fee, if actually requiring treatment at time of application, 2s. 6d.; or Governor's letter must be obtained and month's subscription paid in advance. If any other member of the family requires treatment before end of probationary month, 1s. must be paid. No application received from married men unless all children under 14 join. Children under 14 not admitted unless with parent or guardian. Cases of sudden illness or accident attended at once on sending card to any of medical staff. Gratuitous patients too ill to attend, to send letters to Dispensary before 10 a.m. Provident members too ill to attend, to send cards to medical staff, same hour. If they require attendance a day on which their medical officer is not in attendance, they may consult resident officer at Dispensary, at 1.30. Bottles, &c., must be provided. Midwifery cases, if attended by medical officer, pay 7s. 6d.; if attended by midwife, 2s. 6d. Every member may

have services of dentist every Saturday morning, at 10 a.m., at the Dispensary. Fees for provident patients: stopping, 1s., extraction, 6d.; gratuitous, free. The Dispensary is open every weekday (except holidays). A *Convalescent Branch* was established in 1887, to the benefits of which provident patients of 12 months' standing and gratuitous patients are eligible on the recommendation of two Governors. **Management.**—Committee of 21 Annual Governors, elected at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £327; invested funds, £262; members' payments, £216; other sources, £145. **Patients.**—3,023; home visits, 11,239; provident members admitted during year, 472; provident midwifery cases, 58. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, Victoria Street. Treasurer, Sir Rutherford Alcock, K.C.B.; Sec., Mr. F. C. Morgan, 45 Vincent Square, S.W.

ST. JOHN'S WOOD AND PORTLAND TOWN PROVIDENT DISPENSARY (1845), 1 Henstridge Villas, Ordnance Road, N.W.

Object.—Medical aid to persons in 'St. John's Wood and its immediate vicinity, whose means do not enable them to obtain such aid in the usual manner.' **Admission.**—By application to Dispenser and payment of subscription, and also by letter of recommendation. Urgent cases admitted at all hours. Parish cases ineligible. Weekly earnings of husband, wife, and family must not exceed 30s., or of a single person 25s. Scale of payments (quarterly in advance), 14 years and over, 2s.; husband and wife, 3s.; ditto and one child, 3s. 6d.; ditto and family, 4s.; wife and family, 3s.; ditto and one child, 2s. 6d. If medical aid required at time of application, fee of 2s. in addition to be paid. Husband not required to join if in club. Incurable cases inadmissible. Patients must attend at Dispensary at 10.30 a.m., and take away medicine or send for it between 5 and 6 p.m., with prescription. Those too ill to attend to send Dispensary card to medical attendant at his house before 10 a.m. Accidents and urgent cases may have attendance of any of medical officers in ordinary immediately on sending to his residence. Female members are attended in their confinement on payment of 10s. 6d. Bottles, &c., must be provided. Dispensary open on weekdays, 10.30 a.m. to 6 p.m.; Sundays, 2 to 3 p.m. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend (except midwifery cases) two poor persons during one illness in the year. **Management.**—Committee of not less than twelve Governors elected annually at General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £190; proceeds of entertainment, £67; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £37; interest, £13; members' payments, £273. **Patients** (1887).—2,735; midwifery cases, 81. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank. Treasurer, W. M. Watts, Esq.; Sec. and Dispenser, Mr. F. Dawkin.

HAMPSTEAD PROVIDENT DISPENSARY (1845), New End, Hampstead. West Hampstead Branch, 33 Mill Lane, N.W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief on the provident principle. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary and payment of subscription (per month of four weeks): Man and wife, 8d.; ditto and one child under 14, 9d.; ditto, two children under 14, 10d.; ditto, three or more children under 14, 11d.; single parent with one child under 14, 7d.; ditto, two children under 14, 8d.; ditto, three or more children under 14, 9d.; single person over 14, 5d.; child under 14, 2d.; 1s. entrance

money to be paid in addition. Benefits commence at end of one month from date of subscribing. If medical aid required at time of application for membership fee of 10s. 6d. to be paid and recommendation required from two honorary members subscribing £1. 1s. each yearly. Incomes of benefited members must not exceed 35s. a week. The wives, or children under 21, resident with parents, of persons whose incomes exceed that amount, are ineligible. Persons in receipt of parish relief ineligible. Domestic servants in service when applying admitted as members by paying 1s. a year, but cannot receive relief while in place. While out of place they are entitled to benefits on payment of 5d. a month from date of application for assistance. Married woman who, or whose husband, has been a member six months, attended in confinement on payment of 10s. one month previously. Patients are supplied with medicines and all things which medical officer considers necessary. Attendance given at Dispensary every weekday. Patients too ill to attend to send notice with card to residence of Medical Officer before 10 a.m. (except in cases of emergency, when notice may be sent at any time), who will visit them at home. Medicines dispensed Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, 3 p.m.; and Monday, Thursday, Saturday, 10 a.m.; and in cases of emergency, at residence of Dispenser. Annual subscriber of 7s. or donor of £5 is honorary member. **Management.**—Committee of 12 honorary and 20 benefited members elected annually at General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Honorary contributions, £211; members' contributions, £556; offertories, £16; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £74; Wells and Campden Charity, £10; interest, £4. **Patients.**—9,212; midwifery cases, 134; dental cases, 316. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank, Hampstead. Treasurer, Manley Hopkins, Esq.; Sec., Mr. J. W. Fenn.

HAVERSTOCK HILL AND MALDEN ROAD PROVIDENT DISPENSARY (1865), 132 Malden Road, N.W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief on the provident principle. **Admission.**—By subscription according to the following scale: Single males (above 16), *per month of four weeks*, 6d.; single women (above 16), 6d.; widows, 6d. (extra for each child up to three in number, 2d.); young persons between 14 and 16, 4d.; orphans, 4d.; man and wife, 9d. (extra for each child up to three in number, 3d.); married women, 9d. (extra for each child up to three in number, 3d.). No charge for children in excess of three. Annual subscriber of 10s., or donor of £5, is honorary member. Patients unable to attend are visited at home if living within the district. Lying-in cases are attended on payment of 5s. for midwife, 15s. for medical officer, in addition to subscription. Subscription must be paid for two months before receiving benefits, or entrance fee of 5s. paid. **Management.**—Committee appointed by honorary members at Annual Meeting, with power to add to their number. **Income** (1888).—Provident members' payments, £694.

EALING COTTAGE HOSPITAL AND PROVIDENT DISPENSARY (1872).

Object.—The Provident Dispensary is designed to enable the working-classes to ensure for themselves and families efficient medical advice and medicine during illness by their own small periodical payments. **Admission.**—By payment of 1d. per week for single man or woman; man and wife and all children up to 14, 2d. per week. Married women, being members, may be attended during confinement by paying a fee of 10s. 6d. Persons actually suffering from sickness at the time of admission pay

an extra entrance fee of 2s. 6d. Patients attend at the Dispensary at 10 a.m.; those unable to do so on account of illness must send their cards before 9.30, when they will be visited at home. **Management.**—By Committee elected at Annual Meeting. **Members** (1887).—550. **Income.**—Not stated separately from that of the Hospital. Treasurer, C. Shepherd, Esq., Beaumont House, Grange Road; Hon. Sec., C. F. White, Esq., Amherst Road.

ISLINGTON AND NORTH LONDON PROVIDENT DISPENSARY (1864), 58 Liverpool Road, N.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief, on the provident principle, of the working classes and other persons unable to pay for medical advice in the usual manner. **Admission.**—By subscription according to the following scale, per month, per quarter, and per year, respectively: single person, 4d., 1s., 4s.; man and wife, 8d., 2s., 7s.; man, wife, and one child, 10d., 2s. 6d., 9s.; man, wife, and any number of children under 12 years, 1s., 3s., 11s. When husband is member of club entitling him to medical relief, wife and family admitted on payment per month, quarter, and year respectively, of 4d., 1s., 4s. for wife; 6d., 1s. 6d., 6s. for wife and one child; 10d., 2s. 6d., 9s. wife and any number of children under 12 years. Payments due on Mondays. Any person not having subscribed for four weeks and requiring immediate medical advice, must pay 1s. a week during the illness, or 3s. if visited at home. No person admitted as member unless whole family (under 12) join. Any subscriber (married woman) may be attended in confinement on payment of 10s. 6d., either at once or by instalments; last instalment to be paid not less than one week before confinement. Members unable to attend, and residing within one mile, are visited at home. Medical attendance at Dispensaries every weekday, 11 to 12 a.m., and 7 to 8 p.m. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Members' subscriptions, £45; subscriptions and donations, £39; rent, £36. **Patients.**—Attendances, 1,892; home visits, 487. Bankers, London and County Bank, Islington. Sec., Charles E. Cæsar, Esq.

SOUTH LONDON MEDICAL AID INSTITUTE (1879), 300 Waterloo Road, S.E. (near St. George's Circus).

Object.—To provide medical assistance by the regular payment of small monthly subscriptions by members, and a nominal fee of 1s. for non-members for the first visit, and 6d. for each subsequent one, and for home visits 1s. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Hon. Sec., or at the Institute. Scale of monthly fees: Persons above 16, 8d.; man and wife, 10d.; each child (not more than three) under 16, 3d.; widows, 4d.; children of widows (up to three), 1d.; more than three children in a family attended free. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed annually by subscribers and members. **Income** (1882).—Charitable contributions (including special donations), £229. 3s. 6d.; members' and non-members' payments, £572. 6s. 9d.; concert, £6. 4s. 2d. **Members.**—420; non-members treated, 2,760; attendances, 17,750; home visits, 2,828; midwifery cases, 6. Treasurer, F. J. Stevens, Esq.; Hon. Sec., C. J. Price, Esq.

WANDSWORTH MEDICAL AID SOCIETY (1881), 15 Putney Bridge Road, Wandsworth, S.W.

Object.—To provide efficient medical aid to the industrial classes. **Admission.**—By payment of 1d. per week, or 1s. per quarter; each child under 12, ½d. per week, or 6d. per quarter, and in addition 1d. per quarter as a management fee. Each person on joining must declare that

they are not suffering acute or chronic illness, and they will not be entitled to the benefits of the Society within the first month of their admission, except upon payment of an entrance fee of 7s. 6d. Women members attended during confinement on payment of 15s. **Management.**—By Committee of medical officers and an equal number of members (men). **Income** (1887).—Members' payments, £1,008. **Members.**—About 4,000. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank, Wandsworth. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Mr. W. G. Dickinson, Thanet Lodge, Southfields, S.W.

WANDSWORTH PROVIDENT DISPENSARY (1863), 23 North Street, Wandsworth, S.W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief on the provident principle. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary, and payment of subscription according to the following weekly scale: Man and wife, 2d.; children under 12 years, $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; man and wife and any number of children under 12, 4d.; children above 12, 1d. On application a fee of 1s. is paid. No attendance given until four weeks after application, when fees are paid according to scale. No applications from persons actually ill are entertained. Hours of attendance, mornings, 8.30 to 10.30; evenings, 7 to 8; Saturdays, 6 to 7. Members too ill to attend visited at home. Cards to be sent to Dispensary between 8.30 and 10.30. Any of medical officers will attend at once cases of accidents or urgency on card being sent to them. Confinement cases attended on payment of additional 12s. 6d. Bottles, &c., must be provided. **Management.**—Committee of honorary and benefited members appointed by members at Annual Meetings. **Income** (1887).—Annual subscriptions, £109; invested funds, £5; members' subscriptions, £518; midwifery fees, £89. **Patients.**—Members, 3,269; attendances, 24,798; home visits, 6,567; confinements, 142. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank. Treasurer, E. Coventry, Esq.; Sec., Mr. G. Moody, at the Dispensary, and at 18 West Hill, Wandsworth.

WANDSWORTH COMMON PROVIDENT DISPENSARY (1879), Bolingbroke House, Wandsworth Common.

Object.—The medical relief of the industrial classes on provident principles. **Admission.**—At discretion of Committee. 'Benefit members' consist of those whose average income is not more than 40s. a week. Weekly payment, under 14 years, 1d.; over 14, $1\frac{1}{2}$ d.; highest required for a family (including children under 14), 6d. Entrance fee for each card, 1s. Persons under 14 not admitted without parents or guardians. Applicants for enrolment must attend on Saturdays, between 6 and 8 p.m., and on Mondays, between 7 and 8, when weekly payment must also be made. If payment is more than four weeks in arrear, benefits are suspended, with fine of 1d. for each additional week; more than 13 weeks arrears forfeits membership. Bottles, gallipots, bandages, &c. must be provided. No advice or medicine given within first month, except on payment of sick entrance fee, 3s. 6d.; children, 2s. Cases under treatment for six months are reported to Committee for consideration. Married women attended in confinement by arrangement with medical officers and on payment in advance of an amount not exceeding £1. 1s. Unless they have been members for three months, they must pay sick entrance fee. **Management.**—By Committee composed of *ex-officio* members, and eight subscribers, with six benefit members; retiring by rotation, but re-eligible; elected by subscribers and members. Each donation of £5. 5s., annual subscription of 10s. 6d., and card of membership represents one vote. **Income** (1882).—Annual subscriptions, £55. 18s.; members' sub-

scriptions, £201. 2s. 1d.; Hospital Sunday Fund, £16. 17s. 6d. **Benefit Members.**—1,239; home visits, 1,842; attendances at Dispensary, 6,912. Bankers, London and County Bank, Victoria Street, S.W. Hon. Secs. and Treasurers, A. M. Hawthorn, Esq., Hillside, 7 Broomwood Road, S.W., and A. Cary, Esq., Hope Villa, Belleville Rd., Wandsworth Common, S.W.

BATTERSEA PROVIDENT DISPENSARY (established 1844, reorganised 1876), 175 High Street, Battersea, S.W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief on the provident principle.

Admission.—By application at Dispensary or to Collector, and payment of subscription. Scale of weekly payments: For those whose average weekly income is under 30s., under 14 years, $\frac{1}{2}$ d.; over 14, 1d. For a family (children being under 14), 4d. For those whose income is under 50s., 1d., 2d., and 6d. respectively. Hours of attendance, 10 to 1 and 6 to 8.30 daily. Patients unable to attend and living within the parish are visited at home. They must send their cards to the medical officer before 11 a.m. Lying-in cases attended on payment of additional 10s. Entrance fee of 1s. 9d. or 3s. 6d. required if medical attendance required within one month from date of application. No application received from married man unless all children join. Bottles, &c., must be provided.

Management.—Committee appointed by hon. subscribers, two members appointed by benefit members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £28; Hospital Sunday Fund, £54; rent, £30; members' contributions, £1,816. **Patients.**—8,400; home visits, 25,060; number of members entered for the year, 11,900. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., J. G. Bristow, at the Dispensary.

CLAPHAM GENERAL AND PROVIDENT DISPENSARY (1849), 42 Manor Street, Clapham, S.W.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief of poor persons in Clapham.

Admission.—By letter of recommendation, or by joining the provident department. Annual subscriber of 10s. 6d. always entitled to have one patient on the books. Persons in receipt of parish relief ineligible. Cases of urgency, within a limited distance, are attended at home. Scale of charges for provident members: Persons 'who only pay when requiring medical aid,' 1s. for 4 weeks when attended at the Dispensary, and 2s. for the first 2 weeks, and 1s. a week afterwards, when attended at home, and 1s. 6d. for 4 weeks for every other member of the same family attended at the same house. **Management.**—Committee of at least 12 Governors, elected by Governors at Annual Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions, £279; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £73; special donation, £10; proceeds of entertainments, &c., £51. **Patients.**—Attendances, 9,761; home visits, 5,900. Bankers, Williams, Deacon & Co. Treasurer, E. Pennington, Esq.; Hon. Sec., W. Sutton, Esq.

FULHAM SICK CLUB (1871), 6 Barclay Rd., Fulham, S.W.

Object.—To provide medical assistance to working persons and servants, and their wives and families. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary at St. John's National School, Walham Green, on any Saturday evening from 6 to 7. Payments: over 14 years of age, 1d. per week; under that age, $\frac{1}{2}$ d. per week; 2d. per week for a man and his wife and for all their children under 14. Servants pay 5s. a year. Persons who are actually ill at the time of joining pay a medical fee of 5s. Patients attend at the medical officers' residences between 9 and 10 in the morning. Those who are too ill to attend must send their tickets to the medical officer whom

they have selected to attend them. Women may be attended during their confinements on payment of 2s. 6d. per month for six months previously. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887.)**—Members' payments, fines and entrance fees, £1,024; subscriptions, £10. **Members.**—2,000. Sec., Mr. W. Appleton, Merton Villa, 6 Barclay Road, Fulham, S.W.

CAMBERWELL PROVIDENT DISPENSARY (1862), Camberwell Park, S.E.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief on the provident principle. **Admission.**—By subscription, to be paid in advance, according to the following monthly scale: Child under 14, 2d.; above 14, 4d.; man, wife, and two children, or single parent with more than two, 6d.; man, wife, and more than two children, 8d.; single man earning more than 18s. a week, 6d. Operation of Dispensary limited to a radius of 1½ miles from St. Giles's Church, Camberwell. Persons in receipt of parish relief, those whose average earnings exceed 30s. a week, and domestic servants whose wages exceed £12 a year, ineligible. Subscription must be paid for one month before benefits can be received, or entrance fee of 5s. paid. A married woman, who has been a member six months, attended in confinement, provided that a month previously 10s. 6d. has been paid. Patients unable to attend, and living within a mile of St. Giles's Church, visited at home. **Management.**—Committee of twelve or more honorary Governors (annual subscribers of £1. 1s., or donors of £5. 5s.) elected annually at General Meeting. **Income (1887.)**—General fund: charitable contributions, and collections, £277; invested funds, £80; Hospital Sunday Fund, £88; sale of members' cards, &c., £17. Benefited members' fund: members' payments, £1,086; midwifery fees, £167. **Patients.**—12,683; home visits, 22,087; confinements, 323; dental cases, 572. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank. Treasurer, Otto A. Benecke, Esq.; Hon. Sec., J. Wyeth, Esq.

LEWISHAM SELF-SUPPORTING DISPENSARY (1880).

29 High Street, open Mondays, 7 to 9 p.m. Infants' Department, Lewisham Bridge School, Elmira Street, open Mondays, 6 to 7 p.m. St. Lawrence Mission Room, Willow Walk, open Mondays, 8 to 9 p.m. St. Mary's Mission House, Hither Green Lane, open Mondays, 4 to 5 p.m. National Schools, Southend, open Mondays, 1.30 to 2 p.m. Temperance Hall, Friendly Street, Deptford, open Mondays, 7 to 8 p.m.

Object.—To ensure medical attendance and medicine for the working classes when ill, by small periodical payments *during health*. **Admission.**—Monthly payments (to be made in advance): Man and wife, 10d.; each young person between 14 and 16, 4d.; above 16, 8d.; each child (up to 3 in number, no others charged for), 2d.; widows, 4d.; each child of a widow (up to 3 in number, no others charged for), 1d.; domestic servants (out-patients), 4d. Families choose their own doctor 'from a staff of duly qualified medical men.' 'Medical attendance and medicines are obtained at the Medical Officers' surgeries; or, in case of serious illness, at the member's own home.' The doctor, or 'a skilled midwife,' attends lying-in cases for 20s. and 7s. 6d. respectively. Applicants requiring medical attendance within one month from date of application must pay a fee of 5s. in addition to the month's subscription; and for every other member of the family so requiring attendance, 2s. 6d. Any member who

at admission or within 2 months is suffering from chronic disease, and requires to be seen by the medical officer more than once a week, must pay while under treatment an additional fee of 2s. 6d. a week. **Management.**—By Committee elected by the members. **Income** (1887-8).—£321 (entirely from members' payments). **Patients.**—Visits, 3,900. Members' cards issued, 700. Bankers, London and Provincial Bank, Lewisham. Treas. and Hon. Sec., T. Garnett, Esq., 47 Clarendon Road, Lewisham.

LEWISHAM, LADYWELL, AND CATFORD PROVIDENT DISPENSARY (1876), opposite Ladywell Station, Lewisham, S.E.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief on the provident principle. **Admission.**—By application to Hon. Secretary and payment of subscription according to following monthly scale: Single person over 14, 4d.; man and wife, 6d.; every member's child under 14, 2d.; a whole family, 1s. When husband or wife is member of a club and pays doctor's fees, charge for a family is 9d. New members may join any Monday evening, from 7 to 8 p.m. Those ill when applying for admission must pay 2s. 6d. entrance fee. Hours of attendance, Monday and Thursday, 10 a.m. Members too ill to attend visited at home. Card to be sent to dispensary or to one of medical officers before 10 a.m. Any of medical officers will attend cases of accident or urgency on card being sent to them. Married woman, being member, attended in confinement on obtaining subscriber's letter of recommendation and paying 10s. 6d. Bottles, &c., must be provided. **Management.**—By a committee appointed by the Working Men's Club. **Income** (1880).—£38. 8s. 7d.; maternity department, £13. 10s. 6d. **Patients.**—Attendances, 1,016; home visits, 2,190; midwifery cases, 9; maternity department, 15. Number of members, 141. Hon. Sec., Mr. D. Parker, 204 High Street, Lewisham.

HOLY TRINITY, PENGE, PROVIDENT DISPENSARY.

Hon. Sec., Miss Topham, Sidbury, Croydon Road, Penge, S.E.

GIPSY HILL AND UPPER NORWOOD DISPENSARY (1868).

Object.—'To enable the working classes to ensure for themselves and their families efficient medical and surgical attendance and medicine by their own small periodical payments, with the assistance of contributions from their more opulent neighbours, and, in exceptional cases, to extend the same benefits gratuitously to the poor.' **Admission.**—Persons in receipt of parochial relief, families whose earnings exceed 30s. a week, or single men whose earnings exceed 20s. a week, and 'nurse children,' are ineligible to the benefits. Members' subscriptions are: For man and wife, with four children under 14 years of age, 3d. a week, or more than four, 4d.; single man between 14 and 21, 2d., over 21, 3d.; single woman over 14, 1d., if in service, 2d.; child under 14, 1d. Before receiving benefits, members must have subscribed for one month, or pay entrance fee of 5s. No person is admitted twice by such payment without sanction of Committee. Married women who have been members for three months are attended in confinement for 10s., to be paid previously; in premature cases fee of 7s. 6d. must be paid within a month. Every subscriber of £1. 1s. has two letters for ordinary cases and one for accouchement. Except in cases of emergency, patients must attend at the surgery between 8 and 10 a.m. Patients provide all necessary receptacles for their medicines, and pay 1d. for each article supplied, but not more than 2d. on one day. A lady attends at the Mission Room, Central Hill,

between 10 and 12 a.m. to receive members' payments. **Management.**—By Committee of twelve subscribers, elected annually. **Income** (1887).—From charitable contributions, £43; Hospital Sunday Fund, £21; members' contributions, £214. **Members** (1887).—599 families and single individuals; confinement cases, 67; outdoor visits, 26 daily; attendance at surgery, 12 daily. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., E. Pritchard, Maberley Road, Upper Norwood, S.E.

FOREST HILL DISPENSARY (1865), Forest Hill, S.E.

KINGSTON PROVIDENT DISPENSARY (1865); Apple Market, Kingston-on-Thames.

Object.—Medical and surgical relief on the provident principle. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary and payment of subscription according to the following weekly scale: Under 12, $\frac{1}{2}d.$, above 12, 1d.; husband and wife, 2d.; ditto, and one child under 12, $2\frac{1}{2}d.$; ditto, and two or more children, 3d.; one parent and four or more children under 12, 3d. Payments to be made monthly in advance. On application for advice member must present card to medical officer between 9 and 11 a.m. or 6 and 8 p.m. Patients too ill to attend visited at home. Card to be sent to medical officer between 9 and 11 a.m. Any of the medical officers will attend accidents or urgent cases on card being sent to them. Married women being members attended in confinement on payment of an additional 10s. 6d. If medical aid required at time of application for membership, fee of 2s. 6d. to be paid. Bottles, &c., must be provided. Ordinary medical officers (Surbiton), Dr. Owen Coleman, Victoria Terrace; (Kingston), Mr. E. M. Shirtliff, Richmond Road; (Norbiton and Kingston Hill), Mr. R. Bayley, London Road; Hon. Dentist, Mr. Van der Pant, Elm Lawn, Eden Street, Kingston, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday, 9.30 to 10.30 a.m. **Management.**—Committee of honorary, provident, and *ex-officio* members elected at General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Honorary subscriptions and church collections, £89; members' subscriptions, £514; invested funds, £7. **Patients.**—29,448 (including attendances and home visits); lying-in cases, 245. Bankers, Shrubsole & Co., Kingston. Treasurer, E. S. Phillips, Esq.; Sec. and Collector, Mr. J. W. Sowden, Silverdale, King Charles' Road, Surbiton, S.W.

TEDDINGTON AND HAMPTON WICK PROVIDENT DISPENSARY (1883).

Object.—Provident dispensary for the working classes. **Admission.**—By application at the Dispensary on Mondays, from 7.30 to 8.30 p.m., or for Hampton Wick members at the Coffee Room, Upper Teddington Road, S.W., from 6.45 to 7.15 p.m. Monthly payments: Each person above 16, 6d.; man and wife, 8d.; each child (up to 3), 2d.; any others free. Members visited at home when too ill to attend the Dispensary. The medical officers attend Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday from 4 to 5 p.m. Dr. Gunther also attends (at his own surgery, Hampton Wick), Monday, Thursday, and Saturday, 9 to 10 a.m. Surgeon-dentist attends Wednesdays, 9 to 10 a.m. Teeth extracted for members gratis. **Management.**—In connection with Teddington and Hampton Wick Cottage Hospital. **Income** (1887).—Members' payments, £155; other sources, £44. **Members.**—1,393. Bankers, Shrubsole & Co., Kingston. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, George Wragge, Esq., Mayfield, Teddington.

V.—CONVALESCENT HOMES.

The Institutions included in this section are subdivided as follows :—

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The Seaside Homes are arranged according to the coast line, beginning with Cumberland, and proceeding southwards along the coast of Lancashire, Cheshire, Wales, Somersetshire, North Devon, Cornwall, and so on, until Northumberland is reached. The Scotch and Foreign Homes are placed at the end of the subdivision to which they respectively belong. The Inland Homes are arranged, as far as possible, by counties, according to their distance from London. In seeking for any particular Institution, reference should be made to the INDEX.

CONVALESCENT HOMES FOR
INFECTIOUS COMPLAINTS.THE MARY WARDELL CONVALESCENT HOME FOR
SCARLET FEVER (1885), Brockley Hill, Stanmore,
Middlesex.

Object.—‘The Home is intended chiefly for the benefit of the poorer classes, but separate provision is made for patients of a better class, able to pay for superior and private accommodation.’ **Admission.**—By payment of (first-class patients) £3. 3s. a week ; (second-class) adults, 15s. ; children, 10s. a week. These terms include conveyance from town in the omnibus of the Institution, laundry, and disinfection for both classes of patients. No subscriber’s letter necessary, but a medical certificate (form supplied by the Hon. Secretary) must be filled up and signed by the patient’s doctor. **Management.**—By Committee and Medical Council. **Income** (1887).—Annual subscriptions, £428 ; patients’ payments, £803 ; donations, £906 ; legacies, £460 ; sale of work, £43 ; invested funds, £6. **Exmates** (1888).—214. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, R. Y. Bevan, Esq. ; Hon. Sec., Miss Mary Wardell, 55 Stanley Gardens, Belsize, London, N.W.

COTTAGE HOSPITAL (1870), Tower Hamlets, Charlton,
Dover.

Object.—For patients recovering from infectious diseases (primarily for the inhabitants of Dover). **Admission.**—Application to be made to Dr. Astley, Marine Parade, Dover. Adults, by payment of 9s. per week in winter and 8s. in summer ; children, 4s. and 6s., according to age. Accommodation for first-class patients at a higher rate. Medical certificate required. Length of stay, as long as desired. **Management.**—By Dr. Astley.

YORK ROAD FEVER CONVALESCENT HOME, Ivy Lodge,
York Road, Leeds (1868). Connected with the Leeds
Fever Hospital.

Object.—For men, women, and children (all ages), 30 beds. **Admission.**—By application to Hon. Secretary. Payment, 12s. a week. Railway fare, 15s. each way. Length of stay, 3 weeks to 6 weeks. Home open all the year. **Management.**—By Matron appointed by Rev. Canon Jackson. **Income.**—£ . **Inmates** (1887).—273. Bankers, The National Provincial Bank of England. Treasurer, W. W. Lupton, Esq.; Sec., Rev. Canon Jackson.

**SEASIDE CONVALESCENT HOMES FOR
MEN, MEN AND WOMEN, AND MEN,
WOMEN, AND CHILDREN.**

**CUMBERLAND AND WESTMORELAND CONVALESCENT
INSTITUTION** (1862), Silloth.

Object.—The reception of persons convalescent after illness, or recovering from surgical operations, above the age of 6 years. **Admission.**—By recommendation of subscriber or of minister making collections for the Institution. Application must be made to the Hon. Sec. A subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to four letters of recommendation. Cases of consumption in an advanced stage, epilepsy, convalescents from infectious diseases, and blind persons are ineligible. Certificates of medical men required. Payment, 3s. ; children under 12 years, 2s. per week, including all but personal washing. Inmates remain, upon an average, 2 weeks and 3 days. The Home is open throughout the year. The North British Railway Company convey patients to and from the Institution for a single fare. A separate ward has been erected for children exclusively, and a special nurse for surgical cases. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by Governors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £447 ; invested funds, £141 ; inmates' payments, £231 ; legacies, £570. **Inmates.**—551. Treasurer, W. I. R. Crowder, Esq. ; Hon. Sec., T. H. Mundell, Esq., Solicitor, Carlisle ; Local Sec., Rev. H. M. Todd, The Rectory, Silloth.

STANLEY HOUSE, 100 Church Street, Blackpool.

Object.—The provision of a seaside Christian home for commercial young men needing rest and recreation. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. Preference given to members of the Young Men's Christian Association, for whose use Stanley House is primarily intended. Payment, £1. 8s. per week, including board, lodging and attendance. Chairman and Hon. Physician, Dr. Kingsbury, Brighton Parade, Blackpool. Resident Sec. and Manager, Mr. Joseph Irwin.

**LYTHAM COTTAGE HOSPITAL AND CONVALESCENT
HOME** (1871), Lytham.

Object.—Convalescent patients (if recommended by a subscriber) are admitted from other districts by payment of 12s. a week. **Admission.**—By application to the Manager. Infectious cases, and persons suffering from advanced pulmonary consumption, or of unsound mind, are ineligible unless with the special sanction of the Committee.

Management.—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £83; collections, £55; patients' payments, £186; interest, £8. **Patients.**—107. Treasurer, Mr. Stott; Hon. Sec., Mr. R. Crozier.

MANCHESTER AND SALFORD DISTRICT PROVIDENT SOCIETY'S CONVALESCENT HOME (1877), 6 Lord Street West, Southport. Office, 6 Queen Street, Albert Square, Manchester.

Object.—'The reception of convalescent patients of 16 years of age and upwards.' **Admission.**—By order from Society's agent, to whom application must be made. A payment of £2. 2s. entitles to a letter of recommendation, which is valid for a stay of 3 weeks. Cases of consumption, epilepsy, and hip disease, convalescents from infectious diseases, and paupers, are ineligible. Certificates are required from medical attendant. London cases are received. Inmates remain, upon an average, 6 weeks. The Home is open the whole year. **Management.**—By District Provident Society. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £758; legacy, £200; patients' payments, £448; other payments, £271. **Inmates.**—575. Bankers, Manchester and Salford Bank. Treasurer, Oliver Heywood, Esq.; Agent and Manager, J. Smith, District Provident Society, 6 Queen Street, Manchester.

CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL AND SEA-BATHING INFIRMARY (1854), Southport.

Object.—The reception of 350 convalescent patients of both sexes between the ages of 12 and 60 years. **Admission.**—By payment of £1. 13s., which entitles a patient to remain 3 weeks. Application must be made to the Master. Persons in the last stage of consumption, or suffering from any infectious or objectionable disease, or any kind of fits, or incapable of attending to themselves, cannot be admitted as patients. Patients are admitted on Thursday only, at 1 p.m. Certificates are required from medical men. Inmates remain, upon an average, 4 weeks. The Home is open all the year. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by Annual Board. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £232; invested funds, £323; inmates' payments, £5,021. **Inmates** (1887).—4,021. Bankers, Liverpool and Manchester District Bank. Treasurer, Thos. Cropper Ryley, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Henry Litton, Esq.; Master and Sec., John G. Andrews.

RHYL CONVALESCENT INSTITUTION FOR MEN OF THE WORKING CLASS (1853), Rhyl.

Admission.—By subscriber's nomination, and payment of 5s. a week, or by payment only of 8s. a week. Those who obtain a nomination take precedence of others. Subscribers and donors may nominate a patient for 4 weeks for each £1 contributed. Application should be made to the House Steward, who will forward the necessary forms. Clergyman of applicant's parish, or some well-known inhabitant (if subscriber's nomination cannot be obtained), must certify that applicant is deserving and respectable. The Institution is open for the reception of 120 convalescents at a time from 15th April to 15th November, 'or so much longer as a few may desire to remain.' No children admitted, nor anyone so helpless as to require personal attendance, or suffering from acute disorder, or sores, or with risk of infection, or mental derangement. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £686; invested funds and rent, £28; inmates' payments, £610; offertories, £17. **Inmates.**—583. Bankers, North and South Wales Bank. House Steward and Matron, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Roberts.

LLANDUDNO COTTAGE HOSPITAL AND MALE CON-VALESCENT HOME (1880), Llandudno.

Object.—The reception of the labouring classes in and around Llandudno and their children, suffering from disease or accident. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation, or by payment. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. can recommend free one patient, subject to a medical certificate from one of the doctors visiting the Institution, for a stay of 4 weeks, which can be renewed from time to time on another nomination, or a patient not residing within the district for one week. Patients are received without nomination upon payment of 15s. per week; children 10s. a week. No infectious or incurable cases admitted. There are 8 beds; a trained nurse resides in the house. **Management.**—By Board of Management. **Income** (1887–8).—Subscriptions, donations, collections, &c., £232; patients' payments, £60. **Inmates.**—Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England. Lady Superintendent, Lady Mostyn; Hon. Sec., Henry Anderson, Esq.

SEASIDE HOME FOR YOUNG MEN (1876), Sherwood House, Llandudno. ('Not a charitable Institution.')

Object.—Seaside home for commercial young men, members of the Manchester and other Young Men's Christian Associations, needing rest and recreation. **Admission.**—Terms for board, lodging and attendance, 5s. 6d. per day, or 28s. per week. Applications to be addressed to the Manager, accompanied by a note of introduction from the Secretary of any Young Men's Christian Association in the United Kingdom or elsewhere. **Management.**—By the Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association, Manchester. **Income** (1885).—Inmates' payments, £457. **Visitors** (1888).—270. Bankers, District Bank, 40 Mostyn Street, Llandudno. Treasurer, A. Evans, Esq.; Sec., W. H. Newett, Esq.

COTTAGE HOSPITAL (1871), Tenby.

Object.—The reception of persons suffering from severe diseases or accidents. This is a small local hospital, and not a convalescent home; but, when the beds are not full, convalescent patients are received. **Admission.**—By payment (for convalescents) of 10s. a week; beer and wine extra. Other poor patients 1s. 6d. to 5s., according to their circumstances. Necessitous cases received without any letter of admission or recommendation. Cases of incurables, of mania, epilepsy, or infection ineligible. London cases are received. The railway fare from London, 24s. 6d. single 3rd class. The Hospital is open all the year. **Management.**—By General Committee elected at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £220; payments by inmates, £29. **Inmates.**—Bankers, London and Provincial Bank, Tenby. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, J. W. Westby, Esq.

'THE REST' CONVALESCENT HOME (1878), Porthcawl, near Bridgend, South Wales.

Object.—For men and women. Chiefly intended for the large mining or agricultural population in the neighbourhood, but not limited to them. Beds, 40. **Admission.**—Application should be made to the Manager a week beforehand to ascertain whether there are any vacancies. By notes of recommendation given by subscribers, or by payment only of 14s. per week, when there are none with such notes requiring admission. One subscriber's note of 10s. 6d. admits a patient for 3 weeks, on payment

of 10s. 6d. a week; two notes on payment of 7s. a week; three notes on payment of 3s. 6d. a week; and four notes admit free for 3 weeks. Medical certificate according to form required. Patients who require medical or surgical treatment not received. Railway fare from London, 16s. 8d. The Great Western Railway Company issue tickets at reduced fares from Gloucester and stations west of Gloucester. **Management.**—By Committee of 15 members with other *ex-officio* members, 5 retiring annually, but eligible for re-election at Annual General Meeting. A House Committee of 5 also appointed. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £370; inmates' payments, £121. **Inmates.**—195. Treasurer, T. G. Smith, Esq., Bridgend. Hon. Secs., Rev. J. Pritchard Hughes, Llantisant Vicarage; Col. J. Picton Warlow, Laleston House, Bridgend. Sec., Mr. S. H. Stockwood, Bridgend.

CLEVEDON CONVALESCENT HOME (1881), Belmont and Ellacombe, Highdale Road, Clevedon.

Object.—‘To provide a comfortable home for persons upon recovery from sickness, or in a weak state of health, and requiring change of air. The Home is not intended for sick persons who need nursing, for which there is no provision, but solely for convalescents.’ **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. No person to remain more than 3 weeks at a time without special permission. No person eligible who requires active medical or surgical treatment, is suffering from any infectious disease, or is of unsound mind or subject to fits or hæmorrhage. Annual subscribers, donors, or collectors of 21s. can recommend patients on payment of 7s. per week each, for 3 weeks; all others pay £1. 1s. per week. Payments are made in advance, and do not include wine, beer, or washing. The Great Western Railway grant return tickets from Paddington at reduced fares. Patients must bring a change of clothing. Private rooms for patients can be provided if required. Home open summer and winter. **Management.**—By the Rev. E. Forbes. **Income** (1887).—Voluntary contributions, £375; patients' payments, £256; sale of work, £138; legacy, £82. **Inmates.**—239. Bankers, Wilts and Dorset Bank, Clevedon. Hon. Treasurer and Sec., Rev. E. Forbes, Granard, Clevedon; Hon. Lady Superintendent, Miss Seago, at the Home.

CONVALESCENT HOME OF THE SISTERS OF CHARITY (1873), Walton, near Clevedon, Somerset.

Object.—To afford convalescent accommodation for men and women. Children are not received under 5 years of age. **Admission.**—By application to the Sister-in-charge, accompanied by a subscriber's letter. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s., or collectors of £2. 2s., can recommend one patient on payment of 5s. per week. The charge for patients without a letter of recommendation is 14s. per week. Persons who are bedridden, blind, unable to attend to their own wants, subject to fits, or of unsound mind, or suffering from advanced consumption, cancer, or infectious or contagious diseases, or requiring active medical or surgical treatment, and children under 5 years of age, are ineligible. Certificates of the disease patients have been suffering from are required before their admission. **Management.**—By the Sisters of Charity, St. Raphael's, Bristol. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions, donations, and collections, £276; sale of work, £102; patients' payments, £199. **Inmates.**—250. Bankers, Wilts and Dorset Bank, Clevedon; Stuckey's Bank, Clevedon. Treasurer, Rev. S. Cornish, M.A. Superior, Elizabeth Lloyd.

WEST OF ENGLAND SANATORIUM (1868), Weston-super-Mare.

Object.—The reception of convalescents of the age of 5 years and upwards. **Admission.**—By subscriber's note and payment of 5s. a week during the summer months, 2s. 6d. per week from Oct. 1 to March 31, or payment only of 18s. a week. A subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to a letter of recommendation, which is valid for a stay of 2 weeks. Hospitals have beds at the rate of £30 a year. Cases of advanced consumption, epilepsy, and convalescents from infectious diseases, are ineligible. Certificate required from medical man. London cases are received. Return railway fare from London, 14s. 5d. Inmates remain upon an average 3 weeks. The Home is never closed. **Management.**—By Committee of Management. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,385; inmates' payments, £638; interest, £59. **Inmates.**—1,108. Bankers, Stuckey's Bank, Weston-super-Mare. **Treas.**, J. T. Nicholletts, Esq.; **Hon. Sec.**, T. Mullins, Esq.; **Lady Superintendent**, Miss Wilson.

THE MINISTERS' SEASIDE HOME, Morthoe, N. Devon.

Object.—For ministers of all denominations of limited incomes. **Admission.**—By partial payments according to income of the applicants. **Management.**—By 15 Trustees and a Warden. **Income** (1882).—Subscriptions, £112. 8s.; invested funds, £31. 19s.; inmates' payments, £122. 2s. **Inmates.**—101. Bankers, Messrs. Stuckeys, Clifton. **Treas.**, J. Bartlett, Esq.; **Sec.**, Rev. Urijah R. Thomas, Redlands, Bristol.

WEST CORNWALL MINERS' HOSPITAL, Redruth.

Object.—The reception of convalescent miners, and of accident cases generally. The Hospital is principally used by miners. **Admission.**—By recommendation of surgeon and two subscribers, at the option of Committee, who sit every week. Application must be made at the Hospital. A subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to recommendations, and to be a member of the General Committee. The stay of the patient not to exceed 6 weeks. Inmates remain, upon an average, 36 to 40 days. The Committee, on behalf of subscribers, pay 11s. a week for convalescents, and 13s. 6d. a week for accident cases, to Lord Robartes. **Management.**—By Lord Robartes, who owns the whole building, &c. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, collections, &c., £496; interest, £41; Hospital Sunday, £131; contributions from miners, &c., £140. **Inmates.**—Total for year, 228; average number in residence, 25. **Treasurer and Hon. Sec.**, Charles Tweedy, Esq., Redruth.

THE GRANGE CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL, Torquay.

Object.—For men, and boys over 15. **Admission.**—By application to Miss Cubitt, Lyncourt, Torquay. Travelling expenses to and from the Hospital must be paid. Payment, 8s. a week. Medical certificate required of nature of complaint, and that the disease has not been of infectious nature, nor patient recently been in contact with infectious disease, and that patient will not require surgical attendance. Cases of advanced consumption are ineligible. 'Certificate to be sent to Miss Cubitt, Lyncourt, Torquay, who will write to say whether the patient can be admitted. Patients cannot be received without a certificate of approval from L. W. Sedgwick, Esq., M.D., who may be seen at 2 Gloucester Terrace, Hyde Park, W., on any weekday before 11 A.M.' Usual stay, 6 weeks. **Management.**—The institution is entirely private. **Physician**, R. H. Ramsay, Esq., M.D.

ST. LUKE'S LODGE, Higher Lincombe Road, Torquay.

Object.—The reception of men needing sea air, medical superintendence and nursing. **Admission.**—By application to the Sister Superior. **Payment**, 12s. a week. A medical certificate is required previous to admission, together with references as to moral character. Persons suffering from mental complaints, subject to fits, or of intemperate habits, are ineligible. **Management.**—By the Sisters of St. John the Baptist, Clewer. Bankers, Vivian & Kitsons, Torquay. Treasurer, Captain Layard, Walton Lodge, Torquay.

TEIGNMOUTH, DAWLISH, AND NEWTON INFIRMARY AND CONVALESCENT HOME (1881), Teignmouth.

Object.—The reception of convalescents after accidents or diseases. **Admission.**—By recommendation and payment. Application must be made to the House Surgeon. A subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to a letter of recommendation, which is valid for a stay of 2 weeks. Certificates are required from a medical man. London cases are received. **Payment**, with recommendation, 5s. 6d.; without recommendation, 16s. per week. Inmates remain, on an average, 4 weeks. 'The Home is open all the year, and is particularly suitable for delicate patients during winter.' **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by the Governors. **Income.**—£671. **Inmates** (in Convalescent Home, 1887).—62. Bankers and Treasurers, Watts, Whidborne, & Co., Teignmouth. House Surgeon, D. M. Ellis, Esq.

CONVALESCENT HOME FOR POOR MEN AND WOMEN (1882), 11 Bicton Place, Exmouth.

Admission.—By payment of 7s. 6d. per week, on application to the Hon. Sec. Medical certificate required. Cases of unsound mind, infection, epilepsy, or persons suffering from skin disease or from open wounds ineligible. **Management.**—Private. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £113; Mrs. Welland, £109; Miss Leigh, £38. 10s. **Inmates** (1887).—84 (accommodation for 4 men and 7 women). Hon. Sec. and Treas., Mrs. Welland, 3 Beacon, Exmouth; Lady-in-Charge, Miss Leigh.

CONVALESCENT HOME, Winterdyne, Avenue Road, Weymouth.

Object.—The reception of convalescents, men, women and children. **Payments**: men, 12s.; women, 10s.; children under eight, 5s. per week. The services of a doctor are provided if needful, but all medicine must be paid for. **Management.**—Private, by Miss Gynnell.

LULWORTH COTTAGE HOME (1882), Lulworth Cove, Dorset.

Object.—'To assist those who need, but have not the means to enjoy, a few weeks' sea air and quiet.' **Admission.**—Visitors are selected, not from quite the poorest, but rather from that 'class of respectable people who often need help quite as much.' Small sum, according to means (from 7s. 6d. a week upwards), charged, including railway fare and every expense, except washing. The Home is unsectarian. A medical certificate is required, a form for which must be obtained from the Hon. Sec. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8, 14 months).—Charitable contributions, £76; inmates' payments, £20; proceeds of entertainment, £109. **Inmates.**—15. Bankers, London and County, Kensington. Treas. and Hon. Sec., Miss A. Nicolson, 15 William St., Albert Gate, S.W.

NATIONAL SANATORIUM FOR CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST (1855), Bournemouth. Office, 28 King Street, St. James's Square, S.W.

Object.—'Medical relief, as in-patients, of persons afflicted with chest diseases only, who, (1) being convalescent, may require further medical treatment and change of air to establish their health; or who (2) are labouring under such an incipient form of disease as to afford reasonable hope of obtaining benefit from temporary residence in a dry and salubrious climate.' **Admission.**—By Governor's nomination. Medical certificate as to state of health required. Notice is given to patient when time for admission arrives. Payment of 7s. 6d. weekly required (covering all expenses except washing). Cost of journey, single 3rd class, 9s. 7d. Patients remain as long as considered desirable by physician. If longer than 12 weeks, second nomination required. Candidates to get certificates filled up, when possible, by medical referees of the Institution (*see* Annual Report). Subscriber of £3. 3s., or donor of £5, may recommend one patient. A fund is in operation which, at the discretion of the Vicar of St. Peter's, frees one male patient from weekly payments. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,104; inmates' payments, £750; sale of reports, £5. **Patients.**—272. Bankers, Ransom, Bouverie, & Co., London; Wilts and Dorset Bank, Bournemouth. Treas., G. J. Fenwick, Esq.; Sec., T. C. Cooper, Esq., at the London Office.

HERBERT CONVALESCENT HOME (1867), Bournemouth.

Object.—For men, women, and children over 10 years of age. The Home is intended for the labouring classes of Wilts and Dorset, but is also available for others. **Admission.**—On subscriber's or Governor's letter, or on payment. There are 30 beds available. Donors of £50 are entitled to recommend one patient every year for life, for a free admission during a period of 6 weeks; annual subscribers of £3. 3s. three patients in the year for admission for 2 weeks each; annual subscribers of £2. 2s. two patients in the year for admission for 2 weeks each; annual subscribers of £1. 1s. one patient in the year for 2 weeks; ordinary cases, without letter, admitted at 12s. 6d. per week. Certificates required from clergyman or minister, and from doctor. Patients must defray part cost of medicine, the cost of their washing, and the expense of their journey to and from the Home. Average stay, 26 days. Cost of journey, 3rd class single from Waterloo, 9s. 7½d. The Home is open all the year, excepting one month in the autumn. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £706; parochial collections, £47; invested funds, £242; payments for patients, £263; sundries, £25. **Inmates.**—341. Bankers, Pinckney Bros., Salisbury; Wilts and Dorset Bank, Bournemouth. Treasurer, Wm. Pinckney, Esq., Salisbury; Sec., Mr. G. Cookman, Salisbury.

ST. JOSEPH'S CONVALESCENT HOME (1888), Bournemouth.

Object.—For men and women. **Admission.**—By recommendation of a subscriber. Payment, 12s. per week for men and 8s. for women. **Management.**—By the Sisters of Mercy. **Number of Beds.**—30. **Income.**—(Home only opened in September 1888.) Treasurer, W. C. Maude, Esq., Brackenbury, Bournemouth.

PROVIDENT INFIRMARY AND COTTAGE HOSPITAL (1876), Shelley Road, Boscombe, Bournemouth.

Object.—The benefit of the working classes of the vicinity, combining the advantages of a home hospital and provident dispensary. **Admission.**—Honorary members, donors of £20 or upwards at one time are Governors for life, and subscribers of £1. 1s. are Governors during the continuance of their subscriptions. Annual subscribers of £1. 1s. and upwards have the privilege of placing a patient in the Infirmary at a payment of 7s. per week if the patient resides within the borough of Christchurch. For those resident without, the payment is fixed by the Committee. Provident members are admitted while in good health at a payment of 2d. per week; boys and girls (not earning wages), 1d. per week; infants and children, ½d. per week. Members are free to benefit one month after admission. Persons requiring immediate attention pay an entrance fee of 10s. or obtain a subscriber's nomination. Patients are seen at the Infirmary; or, if too ill to attend, the medical officer visits them at their own homes. Provident members of one year's standing are admitted as in-patients at a small fee, and those of two years' standing free of charge, for a period not longer than 6 weeks in each year. Patients not residing within the parliamentary borough of Christchurch are admitted as in-patients on payment of 15s. to 21s. per week. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £246; patients' payments, £216. **Patients.**—In, 71; out, 2,140; maternity cases, 27. **Treasurer**, Wm. Hoare, Esq.

HAHNEMANN CONVALESCENT HOME (1879), West Cliff, Bournemouth.

Object.—To receive convalescents from homœopathic hospitals and dispensaries. **Admission.**—Annual subscribers of £2. 2s. are entitled to nominate a patient for a period of 6 weeks, and subscribers of £1. 1s. for a period of 3 weeks, the patient paying 7s. 6d. per week. Patients are also admitted at £1. 1s. per week without nomination. A medical certificate is required. Average stay is 3 months. The cost of journey from London is 9s. 7d. The Home is open 10 months in the year. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £491; invested funds, £61; patients' payments, £311. **Inmates.**—Number treated in 1887, 120. There are 27 beds available. **Treas.**, Rev. R. Colman, Wadenhoe; **Sec.**, Mr. Ridgway; **Lady Supt.**, Miss Hill.

CAIRNS MEMORIAL HOME, St. Peter's Road, Bournemouth.

Object.—The provision of a seaside home for rest and recreation for young men. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. Preference given to members of the Young Men's Christian Association. Payment, under 30 years of age, 24s.; over 30, 28s. per week. Winter charges (Nov. 15 to March 31), 21s. and 24s. respectively. These terms include full board and attendance. **Management.**—By committee of the Bournemouth Young Men's Christian Association. **Income** (1888).—Visitors' payments, £695. **Visitors** (1888).—310. **Treas.**, W. V. Drury, Esq., M.D.; **Sec.**, Mr. W. J. Meredith.

HAZELWOOD (1873), Ryde, Isle of Wight.

Object.—To provide a home of rest and recreation for commercial young men without any regard to religious distinction. Teachers, students, &c., are admitted when room permits. **Admission.**—On application to the Secretary, stating where employed and in what capacity, and by whom introduced. Invalids must enclose a medical certificate.

Payment varying from 11s. 3d. to 23s. 9d. per week. Invalids stay in summer one month, in winter two months or more. Return fare from London, 11s. 6d. Annual subscribers of £1. 1s. can send two for a fortnight or one for a month. The Home is open all the year. **Management.**—By a Committee selected from the members of the Young Men's Christian Association who subscribe to Hazelwood. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £432; visitors' payments, £2,146. **Inmates.**—1,207. Bankers, National Provincial Bank, Union Street, Ryde. Treasurer, Mr. Josiah Cutler; Sec., Mr. William Jacobs.

CONVALESCENT HOME (1879), Bonchurch, Isle of Wight.

Object.—Chiefly intended for patients from the Royal Hants County Hospital, Winchester (with which the Home is in connection), but a limited number of other patients are also received. **Admission.**—By payment of 10s. 6d. a week. Application should be made to the Matron for form. There are 11 beds, of which 6 are reserved for patients from the above hospital. The Home is open all the year round. Average stay of each patient is 4 weeks, which may be varied at the discretion of the medical officer. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by the County Hospital. **Income** (1887-8).—£251. **Patients.**—62. Bankers, Capital and Counties Bank, Winchester. Treasurer, Rev. J. H. Slessor; Chairman, Col. F. A. Dickins.

ROYAL ISLE OF WIGHT INFIRMARY CONVALESCENT HOME (1880), Ryde, Isle of Wight.

Object.—Convalescent Home for men, women, and children. **Admission.**—Applicants must be in attendance with, or, if living at a distance, send their letters of recommendation and medical certificate, each duly filled in, to the Committee, on Wednesdays by 12 o'clock noon. Cases of pulmonary consumption and other diseases in an advanced state, persons requiring indoor hospital treatment, of unsound mind, liable to fits, or recovering from any contagious or infectious diseases, children under 8 years, persons who have not been vaccinated, and those unclean in person or apparel, are ineligible. London cases are received. Payment—Isle of Wight patients, 7s. per week; others, 10s. 6d. per week. Length of stay, 3 weeks, after which fresh recommendation is required. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend one patient. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income.**— . **Inmates.**—87. Bankers, Capital and Counties Bank. Treasurer, J. Worsley, Esq.; House Surgeon and Sec., Dr. K. W. Ingleby-Mackenzie.

ST. JOHN'S CONVALESCENT HOME (1877), Beach Place, Southsea.

Object.—The reception of convalescent men and boys over the age of 8 years. **Admission.**—Free by application to the Manager. Cases of consumption, epilepsy, hip disease, blindness, those requiring medical or surgical treatment, and convalescents from infectious diseases, are ineligible. Certificates are required from medical man. London cases are received. Inmates remain, upon an average, 3 weeks, but this period can be extended. The Home is open all the year round. **Management.**—By the Founder and Manager. **Income** (1887-8).—From all sources, £190. **Inmates.**—79. Bankers and Treasurers, Messrs. Grant, Gillman, & Long, Portsmouth. Manager, John Pares, Esq., Westfield, Southsea.

MERCHANT TAYLORS' COMPANY'S CONVALESCENT HOMES. MEN'S CONVALESCENT HOME, Fitzleet House, Bognor. LADIES' HOME, Hothamton Place, Bognor.

Object.—(1) *Men's Home*: 'To restore to health and work such surgical cases from the London hospitals as it can be certified will obtain benefit from a residence of about a month at the seaside. Accommodation for 50 men.' (2) *Ladies' Home*: 'To restore to health the wives, widows, or daughters of gentlemen, who, recovering from illness or suffering from the effects of overwork, require rest and sea air to enable them to return to their work, but whose means are insufficient to provide the same. Accommodation for 36 ladies.' **Admission.**—By application to the Clerk to the Company, at the Hall, 30 Threadneedle Street, E.C. Applicants must bring to the Hall, any Tuesday at 11 a.m., a form previously obtained, filled up and signed, with doctor's certificate of nature of illness. Convalescents from contagious illness and consumptives are ineligible. Inmates are lodged and boarded, and conveyed from and to London, gratuitously. Washing is charged for. **Management.**—By the Company.

ST. SAVIOUR'S HOSTEL (1884), 103 Freshfield Road, Brighton.

Object.—The reception of clerks and artisans. **Admission.**—By application to the Mother, St. Saviour's Priory, Great Cambridge Street, Hackney Road, E. Payment, 10s. 6d. per week. **Management.**—By the Sisterhood of St. Saviour's. **Inmates** (1887).—132; accommodation for 7. Treasurer, Col. Grove Morris, Newlands, Stanford Avenue, Preston Park, Brighton.

YOUNG MEN'S SEASIDE HOME (1884), Steine House, 55 Old Steine, Brighton.

Object.—To provide a seaside home for members of the Young Men's Christian Association. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. Payments, under 30 years of age, 28s. per week; over 30, 30s. per week. Young men introduced by a subscriber are charged 21s. per week. These terms include full board, lodging and attendance. **Management.**—By Committee. Bankers, Hall, Bevan & Co.; Gen. Sec., Mr. J. W. Stuttle.

MISS MARSH'S CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL (1866), Blackrock, Brighton.

Object.—For poor persons recovering from illness who require change of air. **Admission.**—By application to lady superintendent for form. Payment, 10s. a week in advance. With subscriber's letter, 3s. a week for 3 weeks. Annual subscriber of £2. 2s. may recommend two patients at this charge. 'No patient can be received without a good recommendation.' Patients expected to assist in any household work if required. The following are ineligible for admission: Those already residing in seaside places; those recovering from cutaneous or infectious disease; with open sores; requiring active medical treatment; subject to fits; of unsound mind; or otherwise helpless. Any patient entering a public-house will be dismissed. New milk and cocoa given instead of stimulants, except by medical orders. Railway pass for half-fare from London Bridge will be sent (if asked for). Six articles washed for each patient weekly. Change of linen and pair of strong boots must be brought. Admission days, (men) Tuesday, (women) Friday, from 9 to 5. Children under 14 not admitted. **Management.**—By Trustees, by Foundress, and by Lady

Superintendent. **Income** (1882).—Charitable contributions, £589. 4s. ; patients' payments, £431. 13s. 6d. ; collecting boxes, &c., £12. 8s. 1d. **Inmates**.—459. Bankers, Messrs. Drummond & Co. Hon. Secretary, Capt. F. Farrer ; Secretary, F. Downham, Esq., 1 Gloucester Terrace, Beckenham ; Lady Superintendent, Miss Gould.

SEASIDE CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL (1860), Seaford, Sussex. Office, 36 Southampton Street, Strand, W.C.

Object.—'The reception of poor convalescents.' **Admission**.—By ticket, subject to medical examination. Life governorship, £21. A regular subscription of £1. 1s. also entitles to one letter of recommendation, which is valid for a stay of 4 weeks under ordinary circumstances. Cases of consumption, epilepsy, hip disease, convalescents from infectious diseases, subject to fits, or troubled with vermin, are ineligible. Paupers, children under 10, helpless and blind, and mentally unsound, are also ineligible. Payment, 5s. per week, with fares and washing. **Inmates** remain, upon an average, 4 weeks. **Management**.—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—£3,086. **Inmates**.—683. Bankers, Coutts & Co.. Treasurer, E. A. Gruning, Esq. ; Sec., Mr. Frank Maitland.

HOMOEOPATHIC CONVALESCENT HOME (1888), 66 Enys Road, Eastbourne.

Object.—The reception of homoeopathic patients. **Admission**.—On subscriber's recommendation and payment of 7s. per week, or on payment of 14s. per week, if without subscriber's letter. Payments for children, 3s. 6d. and 10s. 6d. respectively. The following cases are ineligible :—Persons suffering from actual illnesses ; requiring active medical treatment or nursing ; convalescent from infectious or contagious disorders ; subject to attacks of epilepsy, mania, or melancholia ; unable to help themselves ; or, in the opinion of the management or medical officers, unsuitable. **Management**.—By Committee of the London Homoeopathic Hospital, Great Ormond Street, W.C. (see p. 94). Hon. Secs., Miss Florence Lewis, Meadhurst, Eastbourne, and Miss Sutton, South Street, Eastbourne.

ALL SAINTS' CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL (1864), Eastbourne.

Object.—For men, women, and children over 2 years of age. Cases requiring nursing and care, but to whom change of air is essential to recovery, are received, as are also surgical cases still under treatment, persons requiring bracing and preparation to enable them to undergo operations, and little children from 2 years old. **Admission**.—By subscriber's letter, free, or by payment. There are 300 beds available. Subscribers of £1. 1s. per annum can recommend one patient yearly. Donors of £21 can recommend one case per annum for life. A medical certificate is required. Weekly charge, 10s. without letter. Private bedroom, 15s. weekly. Average stay, one month. Return fare from London : 5s. third-class, 10s. second-class. The Home is open all the year. Children under 2 years, cases with profuse and offensive discharges, of pulmonary consumption beyond the first stage, recovering from smallpox, scarlet and typhus fevers, or from any contagious disease, subject to attacks of mania, melancholia, or epilepsy, or of immoral character, are ineligible. **Management**.—By Committee, and by the Sisters of All Saints', Margaret Street. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £5,179 ; Hospital Sunday Fund, £598 ; patients' payments, £555. **Inmates** (1887).—

—3,365. Bankers, Dimsdale & Co. and Sir S. Scott & Co. Treasurer, H. Barnard, Esq., 23 Portland Place, W.; Hon. Sec., G. Thurlow, Esq., 52 Mortimer Street, W.

SEASIDE BRANCH OF THE METROPOLITAN CONVALESCENT INSTITUTION (1882), Bexhill-on-Sea.
Office, 32 Sackville Street, Piccadilly, W.

Object.—For poor persons over 14 years of age in need of sea air and nourishing diet. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary at the office, accompanied by a subscriber's letter and medical certificate, which should be left on Monday to ensure admission the same week. Annual subscribers of £2. 2s. are entitled to recommend one patient yearly, and of £3. 3s. two patients yearly; and donors of £21 one patient yearly for life, and of £31. 10s. two patients yearly. The Home contains 100 beds, and is open all the year round. Patients stay 3 weeks, and are at no expense beyond their return fare, which is 5s. 6d. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £2,496; miscellaneous, £368. **Inmates.**—1,424. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank, 69 Pall Mall, S.W. Treasurers, Sir John Tilley, K.C.B., and R. B. Wade, Esq.; Sec., C. Holmes, Esq.

HOME OF REST (1888), Victoria Cottage, Tackleway, East Hill, Hastings. (In connection with the Home of Rest, Ramsgate, *see* p. 169.)

Object.—The reception of men only. **Admission.**—By application to Miss Collett, Fairview, Beckenham. Payment, 10s. 6d. a week. Cases requiring special attention or nursing are not received. Medical certificate required if applicant is recovering from illness. Special return tickets from London, available for a month, 5s. **Management.**—Private, by Miss Collett. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for five.

BEAU SITE CONVALESCENT HOME (1886), Hastings.

Object.—To provide a free convalescent home for the deserving poor of Hastings and 20 miles round. The house was the gift of the Misses Brisco, of Hastings. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec. Age of admission, 16 and upwards. Applicants must be nominated by a subscriber, and must furnish a guarantee from a householder, who shall be responsible for removal in case of death, &c., together with a certificate from a medical practitioner acquainted with the case. **Management.**—By Trustees, Committee of Management, and House Committee, the two latter elected at annual meeting of subscribers. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £348; proceeds of entertainments, £147; transferred from furnishing account (closed), £48. **Inmates** (1888).—175; accommodation for about 50. Bankers, London and County. Treasurer, A. Murray, Esq., London and County Bank, Hastings. Hon. Sec., G. F. Burr, Esq.; Lady Superintendent, Mrs. Hutchings.

FRIEDENFELS CONVALESCENT HOME, Maze Hill, St. Leonards.

Object.—The reception of men and boys suffering from chest diseases. **Admission.**—On application to Dr. Gambier, at the Home. Payment, 12s. per week. (*See further under HOSPITALS*, p. 114.)

ST. ANDREW'S CONVALESCENT HOME (1875), Folkestone.

Object.—To receive convalescent persons of both sexes between the ages of 5 and 65. **Admission.**—By application to the Sister Superior, accompanied by a subscriber's letter, or letter of recommendation. Sub-

scribers are entitled to one letter for every £1. 1s. subscribed, to admit a patient for 3 weeks, on payment of 2s. 6d. per week. There are 100 beds. The average length of each patient's stay is 3 weeks. Certificates of the nature of the illness are required. Weekly charge without letter, 10s. 6d. The cost of the double journey from London is 5s. The Home is open all the year round. **Management.**—By the Sisters of the Community of St. John Baptist, Clewer, assisted by a Council. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,675; inmates' payments, £725; Hospital Sunday Fund, £135; Sisters' payments, £308; sale of work, £42; miscellaneous, £62. **Inmates.**—1,428. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England, Folkestone. Treasurer, Gen. Sir C. D'Aguilar, G.C.B.; Hon. Sec., J. N. Fazakerley, Esq.

GEORGE STURGE CONVALESCENT HOME, 14 Radnor Bridge, Folkestone (in connection with Convalescent Home, Epping, *see* p. 196).

LONDON AND DOVER CONVALESCENT HOME (1869), Dover.

Object.—For members of the Manchester Unity of Oddfellows and other registered Friendly Societies. Its aim is 'to help working people to help themselves, that those who have shown forethought whilst in health may thus have the opportunity, at a small cost, of renewing their wasted energies when stricken down by overwork or disease.' **Admission.**—Apply, enclosing a stamped and addressed envelope, to Mrs. Rusher, Convalescent Home, Dover. Every applicant must procure a medical certificate as well as a certificate of good character and respectability. There are 80 beds available in summer, about 30 in winter. **Management.**—By Messrs. John E. Nichols, George Vaughan, and W. H. Chinn, Trustees appointed by the Manchester Unity of Oddfellows. The new scheme of management not yet (February, 1889) drawn up.

MORLEY HOUSE SEASIDE CONVALESCENT HOME FOR WORKING MEN (1883) (in connection with the Hospital Saturday Fund), St. Margaret's Bay, near Dover. Offices, 5 Mitre Court, Temple, E.C.

Object.—Specified in title. **Admission.**—Forms of application and certificates can only be obtained by subscribers from the Hon. Secretaries. The institution is intended to accommodate male patients, between 17 and 70 years of age, who will be required to contribute a sum not to exceed 5s. a week, balance of cost being made up by voluntary subscriptions of working men, for which purpose there is an annual collection. Length of stay, 3 weeks, which may be extended under special circumstances. Subscribers have the right to nominate applicants, who must obtain a certificate from the Hon. Medical Officer of the Fund before the case is considered by the Committee. **Management.**—By Committee elected annually by the Board of Delegates of the Hospital Saturday Fund. **Income** (1887-8).—Annual collection and donations, £667; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £193; special donations, £148; dividends, £29; rent, £11; proceeds of service, £13; sales of garden produce, &c., £31. **Inmates** (1887-8).—460; accommodation, 36 beds. Bankers, Hoares. Treasurer, H. N. Hamilton Hoare, Esq.; Hon. Secs., R. Frewer, W. Goad, and R. Johnson.

HOME OF REST (1884), 28 La Belle Alliance Sq., Ramsgate.

Object.—This is a private Home for men and boys only. **Admission.**—By application to Miss Collett, Fairview, Beckenham, Kent. Payment, 10s. 6d. a week. Accommodation for 12 persons. No boys under 10 years can be admitted, nor any case requiring special attention or nursing. Though primarily intended for convalescents, respectable youths or men who are not convalescent, but who need change or rest, and cannot afford a larger payment, are received for one or more weeks. Return railway tickets from London, available for one month, are granted for 5s. each. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £10; patients' payments, £289. **Matron**, Mrs. Byng.

SEAMEN'S INFIRMARY AND GENERAL HOSPITAL (1848), West Cliff Road, Ramsgate.

Object.—The reception of accidents and ordinary cases, above the age of 7 years. **Admission.**—By subscriber's order. Free to patients resident in Thanet. Application must be made to Secretary. Annual subscription of £1. 1s., or donation of £10 and upwards, entitles to a letter of recommendation, which is valid for a stay of 6 weeks. Cases of consumption, epilepsy, pregnancy, ulcers, and hip disease, convalescents from infectious diseases, vagrants, and children under 7 years, are ineligible. Certificates are required from medical officer. Cases are received from any part of England from 1st April to 1st November, at 2s. a day. Railway fare from London, 5s., available for one month. Inmates remain, upon an average, 4 weeks. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by subscribers at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions and church collections, £435; invested funds, £197; inmates' payments, £83. **Inmates.**—162. Bankers, Hammond, Plumptre, & Co. Treasurer, L. W. Vaile, Esq.; Sec., Mr. Alf. Griggs.

ST. BARNABAS' CONVALESCENT HOME (1885), Ramsgate.

Object.—Established primarily for the reception of convalescent patients (men and women) from the Cottage Hospital, Eltham, but also open to other persons. **Admission.**—Annual subscribers of £1. 1s. can recommend a patient for a fortnight free; persons without subscriber's letter pay 10s. 6d. per week. Forms of application may be obtained from the Matron at the Home. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £132; church offertories, £8; proceeds of concert, £8; patients' payments, £134; sale of work, &c., £43. **Patients** (1887-8).—115. Treasurer, H. M. Gordon, Esq., Eltham; Hon. Sec., E. H. Absolom, Esq., Eltham.

CLERGY SEASIDE REST (), Margate.

Object.—'A house of rest, open all the year round, to receive the clergy of all ranks needing a change from work to the seaside.' **Admission.**—Application should be made to the Chairman of Committee, Clergy Seaside Rest, Margate. Six clergy, four of these with their wives, can be received at a time. Rooms are free. A charge of 16s. per week is made for board, and 5s. for incidentals. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income.**—**Inmates.**—Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co., London; Cobb & Co., Margate. Chairman of Committee, Rev. H. Woods Tindall, St. Edmund's, Manchester.

SHAFTESBURY HOUSE (1882), Margate.

Object.—The provision of a seaside home for members of the London Young Men's Christian Association. **Admission.**—By application to the Manager. Ministers, missionaries, students, teachers, and can-

didates are received when there is room, but preference is given to members of the Association. Forms of application may be obtained from the Manager, or from any local secretary of the Y.M.C.A. Payment, under 30 years of age, £1. 5s. per week; over 30, £1. 10s. per week. Annual subscribers of one guinea and upwards can introduce visitors on reduced terms. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions and donations, £285; visitors' payments, £1,202. **Visitors** (1887-8).—942. Bankers, Cobb & Co., Margate. Manager, Mr. W. Owens Mell.

ST. MICHAEL'S HOME (1876), Westgate-on-Sea (Home of the London Diocesan Deaconess' Home, 12 Tavistock Crescent, Westbourne Park, W.)

Object.—Convalescent Home for necessitous men and women of the lower middle class. **Admission.**—Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend one patient for 3 weeks on payment of 10s. with letter; non-subscribers' letters may be obtained for 12s. a week. All payments must be made at the London Home. Good character essential. Applicants must, in all cases, bring a letter of recommendation properly filled up. Time of residence, 21 days. Special railway tickets, 5s. return fare, can be obtained by application to the Deaconess' Home. Children, the helpless, persons of unsound mind requiring medical treatment or nursing, cases of consumption beyond first stage, ulcers and abscesses with discharge, infection and contagion, subject to fits, or immoral persons, ineligible. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £415; patients' payments, £77; proceeds of bazaar, lecture, concert, and sales, £173. **Inmates** (1886-7).—Men, 88; women, 115. Treasurer, A. F. Street, Esq.; Hon. Sec., R. H. Perryn, Esq.

ST. STEPHEN'S CONVALESCENT HOME (1876), Claremont House, Southend-on-Sea (in connection with St. Stephen's, Poplar, E.).

Object.—'For the reception of respectable men, women, and older children recovering from illness or requiring rest.' **Admission.**—By payment of 10s. a week. Application should be made to the Rev. R. J. Elliott, St. Stephen's Parsonage, East India Road, E. Medical certificate required, and clergyman's or lady's recommendation. Stimulants not given except under medical order, when they are charged as an extra. Persons recovering from infectious or contagious diseases, subject to fits, or too weak to attend to themselves, are ineligible.

ESSEX CONVALESCENT HOME (1884), Clacton-on-Sea.

Object.—For the deserving poor who are unable themselves to pay for a change of air. **Admission.**—By subscriber's letter and payment of 5s. a week, which includes washing, medical attendance, and ordinary medicine; without letter, 12s. a week. Application to be made to the Matron. Medical certificate required from the doctor who has been attending the case. A proper form can always be had from the Home. Boys under 14, girls under 15, not admitted, nor men and women over 65. Change of linen, pair of stout boots, slippers, and brush and comb must be brought. Subscriber of £1. 1s. entitled to one letter of admission. Home closed from Dec. 15 to Feb. 15. Subscriber or person sending a case is responsible for all payments, and also for funeral expenses in case of death. Length of stay allowed on a letter, 3 weeks. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income.**—Charitable contributions, £740; patients' payments, £186. **Inmates.**—191. Bankers, Sparrow & Co., Chelmsford. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, C. E. Ridley, Esq., The Elms, Chelmsford.

ST. ALBAN'S CONVALESCENT HOME (1884), Walton-on-the-Naze.

Object.—To give rest and change of air to overworked nurses, and to persons of a higher class than those generally provided for in convalescent homes. Working men and women and their children are also received in a comfortable cottage which supplements the larger Home.

Admission.—By application to Lady Superintendent. Payments, working classes, 12s. per week; persons of a higher class, 15s. to 18s. per week. Medical certificate of freedom from infection required.

Management.—A branch of the St. Alban's Diocesan Institution for Trained Nurses (see INDEX). **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £88; patients' payments, £169. **Patients** (1887-8).—110. Bankers, Mills, Bawtree, & Co., Witham; Treasurer, Rev. R. T. Crawley, North Ockenden Rectory, Romford; Manager, Hon. Mrs. Cloughton; Lady Supt., Miss M. A. Luard, Ivy Chimnies, Witham, Essex; Sister-in-charge, Miss Leader.

SUFFOLK CONVALESCENT HOME AND SEA-BATHING INFIRMARY (1868), Felixstowe, Suffolk.

Object.—'To afford convalescent accommodation to men, women, and children.' **Admission.**—By application to the Matron, accompanied by a member's recommendation; a few patients are admitted on payment of 15s. a week, without recommendation; or 12s. 6d. a week after October 1st, if recommended by Charity Organisation Society. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s., or donor of £15. 15s., may recommend one patient annually on payment of 5s. per week. The average stay of each patient is 3 weeks, and the number of available beds is 60. A medical certificate and a certificate of character are required. The Home is open from May to December; cost of journey from London, 8s. (return). Children under the age of 5 years, and those affected with diseases requiring active medical or surgical treatment, are ineligible. **Management.**—Committee of 12 elected at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £746; patients' payments, £289; sale of work, £105. **Inmates.**—309. Bankers, Oakes, Bevan, & Co., Bury St. Edmunds; Treasurer, J. J. Bevan, Esq., Bury St. Edmunds; Hon. Sec., Rev. J. F. A. Hervey, Shotley Rectory, Ipswich.

LOWESTOFT CONVALESCENT HOME (1877), Fairfield House, Lowestoft.

Object.—The reception of necessitous persons of either sex, who are likely to be benefited by sea-bathing, or by a temporary residence at the seaside. The Home is intended primarily to benefit persons residing in Norwich, East Norfolk, and East Suffolk, but is open to patients from other localities. **Admission.**—By nomination of subscriber and payment of 4s. a week, including washing, for which payment the nominator is responsible. Application must be made to Secretary. An annual subscription of 21s., or donation of £5, entitles to one letter of recommendation, which is valid for a stay of 3 weeks, which is the limit of stay allowed. Cases of consumption (except those in first or second stage), epilepsy, hip disease, scrofula, cancer, chronic ulcer, convalescents from infectious diseases, cases requiring active medical or surgical treatment, those subject to fits, or insanity, persons of immoral character, children under 7 years of age, and paupers are ineligible. Certificates are required as to character from a clergyman, minister, or respectable householder, and from a physician or surgeon. London cases are received. A few inmates are received, at the discretion of the Com-

mittee, when the Home is not filled by subscribers' nominees, on payment of £1 a week. Patients are conveyed to and from Lowestoft for a single 3rd class fare by Great Eastern Railway. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £1,100; invested funds, £75; inmates' payments, £313; sundry receipts, £26. **Inmates.**—534. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., W. Birkbeck, Esq., Thorpe, Norwich; Matron, Miss Standring.

HUNSTANTON CONVALESCENT HOME (1872).

Object.—To provide a Convalescent Home for general cases; children under 7 ineligible. **Admission.**—Upon application to the Matron, accompanied by subscriber's letter and payment of 5s. per week by the patient. If no letter is obtained, a charge of 26s. per week is made. Certificates of character and of medical need are required previous to admission. Subscribers of £1. 1s. and donors of £21 can recommend one patient annually for 3 weeks. The Home contains 60 beds, and is open all the year round, except in January and February. The cost of journey from London is 9s. 6d.; the Great Eastern Railway Company allow patients the double journey at single fare, 3rd class. **Management.**—By House Committee. **Income** (1887).—Annual and life subscriptions and donations, £1,036; inmates' payments, £412; offertories, £145; dividends, £56; rents, £36; legacies, £550. **Inmates.**—563. Bankers, Gurney & Co. Treasurers, Rev. W. E. Dickson, The College, Ely; Rev. W. H. Gurney, North Runcion Rectory, King's Lynn. Hon. Sec., Rev. A. Waller, Hunstanton Vicarage, King's Lynn.

LINCOLNSHIRE SEASIDE CONVALESCENT HOME (1870), Mablethorpe, Alford, Lincolnshire.

Object.—The reception of male and female patients, resident in the Midland Counties, from the age of 10 years. **Admission.**—By subscriber's recommendation and payment of 4s. a week, including everything but washing. Application must be made to the Hon. Sec. An annual subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to one letter of recommendation, valid for a stay of 4 weeks. Cases of consumption after first stage, epilepsy, and convalescents from infectious diseases, or eruptive disorders, or whose malady is injurious to or exceedingly offensive to others, are ineligible. Certificates are required from medical attendant. London cases are received. Inmates remain, upon an average, 4 weeks. The Home is closed from about November 10 to April 20. **Management.**—By Hon. Sec. and Committee appointed by subscribers. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions, £845; patients' payments, £251; miscellaneous, £43. **Inmates.**—333. Bankers, Smith, Ellison, & Co., Lincoln; Garfit & Co., Louth. Treasurer, A. S. Leslie Melville, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Rev. F. Pretymann, Great Carlton Rectory, Louth; Matron, Miss Wilson.

ST. ANNE'S ORPHANAGE AND CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL (1870), Bridlington Quay.

Object.—For men, women, and children. The institution is meant exclusively for those who, having been ill and tardily recovering, require, for complete restoration to health, only change of air, good food, kindly treatment, and some slight nursing. **Admission.**—On subscriber's letter alone, on subscriber's letter and payment, or on payment alone. There are 180 beds available. Annual subscriber may recommend a patient for every £1. 1s. during the year they subscribe, but no patient is received for a single donation of £1. 1s. Donors of £26. 5s. will be

considered life subscribers, and entitled to one recommendation annually. Donors may recommend a patient for every £5. 5s. during the year in which the donation is paid. Persons labouring under any form of disease requiring active treatment; persons subject to fits, of unsound mind, or otherwise helpless, and cases not likely eventually to recover, ineligible. The certificates required are medical, and subscriber's or minister's to guarantee respectability. The weekly charge is as follows: adult, with one letter, pays 3s.; adult, with two letters, *nil*; adult, with no letter, 20s.; for children under 12, with letter, *nil*; for children without letter, 7s. The average stay is one month. Free railway passes are granted. The Hospital is open about 8 months in the year. Medical attendance twice weekly, and in special cases. Cases requiring daily medical attendance not admitted. **Management.**—Council, Lady Superior, and Secretary. **Income** (1887).— . **Inmates.**— . Lady Superior, Mrs. Wordsworth.

ROYAL NORTHERN SEA-BATHING INFIRMARY (1812), Scarborough.

Object.—‘The reception of convalescent patients.’ **Admission.**—On subscriber's ticket. A subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to a recommendation, which is valid for a stay of 4 weeks. Cases of insanity, hypochondriasis, fits, hysteria, infectious diseases, or paupers are ineligible. Certificates of condition of patient before admission is required from ordinary medical attendant of patient. Payment, 5s. per week. Inmates remain, upon an average, 4 weeks (allowed to remain longer on medical order and fresh ticket). The Infirmary is closed from 14th December to first Monday in May. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £816; patients' payments, £500; dividends and interest, £216; sundry sales, £12. **Patients.**—563. Bankers, Woodall, Hebden, & Co. Treasurer, J. W. Woodall, Esq.; Sec., Mr. F. H. Read, 32 Queen Street, Scarborough; Lady Superintendent, Miss Frances Longstaffe.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION SEASIDE HOME, 82 Westborough, Scarborough.

Object.—To provide a seaside home for members of the Young Men's Christian Association. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. Terms for board and lodging, 20s. per week from October to May, and 25s. per week from May to October. Sec. and Manager, Mr. J. T. Heaton.

YORK DIOCESAN CLERGY SEASIDE REST (1878), 23 Albemarle Crescent, Scarborough.

Object.—To provide rest and change of air for the clergy of the Diocese of York. **Admission.**—By application through the Rural Dean, or in his absence, the Archdeacon, on a form to be supplied by the Secretary. Such forms will state that the circumstances of the applicant are such as to make him a suitable tenant. The house contains three suites of apartments, each suite consisting of two bedrooms and a sitting-room. Weekly payments, 12s., 10s., or 8s., including gas, attendance, kitchen fire, and house linen. **Management.**—By a Committee of the Archdeacons and Rural Deans. **Income** (1886-7).—£170. Bankers, Woodall & Hebden, Scarborough. Treasurer, T. F. Hebblethwaite, Esq., The Crescent, Scarborough; Hon. Sec., the Ven. Archdeacon Blunt, The Vicarage, Scarborough.

PRIVATE CONVALESCENT HOME (1867), Saltburn-by-Sea.

Object.—The reception of poor and deserving men and women. Children not admitted, except occasionally with their mothers. **Admission.**—By ticket, for which application must be made to Mrs. H. Pease. Cases of consumption, epilepsy, hip disease, and convalescents from infectious diseases are ineligible. A recommendation, signed by a medical man, is required. Payment: 20s. for three weeks for ordinary patients, or 7s. a week; 10s. a week for private patients, for whose use two or three rooms are set apart. The Home is closed during the months of December, January, and February. **Management.**—By Miss Cox, Matron. **Inmates** (1887–8).—373. Hon. Sec., Mrs. H. Pease, Piermont, Darlington.

CONVALESCENT HOME AND CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL (1860), Coatham, Redcar.

Object.—For poor and respectable persons of both sexes and of all ages, from any part of England, recovering from sickness, and requiring change of air and sea bathing. **Admission.**—By subscribers' recommendation. Letters of admission are issued with receipts for subscribers. Some free cases are also taken. There are 100 beds available for adults, and 80 for mothers and children. Annual subscribers may recommend a patient for every £2. 2s., during the year they subscribe, but no patient is received for a single donation of £2. 2s. during the season, as subscribers' patients are first received. Donors may recommend a patient for every £5. 5s. during the year in which the donation is paid. The rule as to life governors may be known on application. Certificate required from subscriber as to the respectability and poverty of the patient. There is no weekly charge, except that children are received for 7s. 6d. a week, when they can be so received without detriment to subscribers' patients. Average stay, one month. The North-Eastern Railway issues return tickets at a single government fare. There is also a children's department for both hospital and convalescent cases, receiving 10 mothers with infants, and 50 children. **Management.**—By Mrs. Postlethwaite, Sister Emily Deighton, and Mr. F. Powell, devisees of the founder, the late Rev. J. Postlethwaite. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,483; invested funds, £5. **Inmates.**—675. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England. Treasurer and Sec., Mrs. Mary Postlethwaite.

PRUDHOE MEMORIAL CONVALESCENT HOME (1859), Whitley, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

Object.—For men, women, and children (children under 9, and persons above 65, not admitted without special permission). 165 beds. **Admission.**—On subscriber's letter, or on payment of 14s. a week (except for patients from Newcastle Infirmary, who are admitted on recommendation of physician or surgeon. The infirmary pays at an agreed rate). Home open all the year. Railway fare from London, 3rd class, £1. 3s. 9d. Cases requiring medical or surgical treatment are received, but not those requiring constant treatment. Cases of chronic ulcers, fits, advanced consumption, or cancer, are inadmissible. **Management.**—By Committee of 12 members, appointed by subscribers at yearly meeting. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions, donations, and collections, £1,316; inmates' payments, £456; invested funds, £162; Hospital Sunday Fund for Newcastle District, £1,029; legacies, £250. **Inmates.**—1,449. Bankers, Woods & Co., Newcastle-on-Tyne. Treas., John Woods, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Dr. Philipson, Newcastle-on-Tyne; Resident Sec., C. H. Hamilton, Esq.

WEST OF SCOTLAND CONVALESCENT SEASIDE HOME

(1869), Dunoon, N.B. Office, 58 George Sq., Glasgow.

Admission.—By subscriber's letter. Application must be made to Dr. Robert Perry, medical referee, 58 George Sq., Glasgow; with certificates of character and circumstances. A subscription of £1 entitles to one letter of recommendation, which is valid for 3 weeks. Cases of consumption, cancer, epilepsy, pregnancy, fever, incurables, and paupers, are not admitted. Payment of 10s. a week, including everything but railway and steamboat fare, is accepted for admission during December and January, when there are beds to spare. Inmates are received between the ages of 6 and 80 years. They remain, at longest, 4 weeks. On presentation of admission order to captain of steamer on Clyde, applicants are allowed to travel for half fare. The Homes are open all the year round. **Management.**—By a Board of Directors, appointed by the donors and subscribers annually. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions and collections, £4,247; payments for patients, £18; legacies, £360; sale of live stock, &c., £50; interest, £87. **Inmates.**—2,723. Bankers,

Treasurer, John Gray, Esq.,
191 Ingram Street, Glasgow; Hon. Sec., William MacLean, Esq.; Supt.,
Mr. Andrew Wilson, Dunoon; Sec., Mr. Robert Hillhouse, at the office.

KILMUN SEASIDE HOME FOR CONVALESCENT POOR

(1867), Holy Loch, N.B. Office, 134 Wellington Street, Glasgow.

Object.—The reception of persons (male and female), in infirm health, of all ages; preference given to those between the ages of 10 and 50.

Admission.—By ticket. Application must be made to the Secretary, at the office in Glasgow. All cases considered on their merits by whomsoever recommended. No subscription entitles to admission, but subscribers invited to recommend suitable patients. Certificates are required from a medical man. Inmates remain upon an average about 3 weeks. The Home is open all the year round. Steamer rates reduced one-third to patients going to Home. **Management.**—By the Directors of the Glasgow Abstinents' Union. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £1,063; invested funds, £40; legacy, £50. **Inmates.**—1,168. Bankers, The Clydesdale Bank. Treasurer, Wm. Smith, 114 Bath Street, Glasgow; Sec., James Airlie, at the office; Matron, Miss Blair.

ST. JOHN'S HOUSE OF REST (1879), Quartier de la Madone, Mentone.

Object.—The reception of clergymen of the Church of England, and professional men of limited means, to whom rest and change of air in a mild climate is necessary, or at least advisable. **Admission.**—By application to the Rev. Canon Sidebotham, 19 Delahay Street, Westminster, S.W., Hon. Sec. of the London Sub-Committee, by whom every case is considered. References must be given to two clergymen and to a medical man acquainted with the case. The house is only open from October 20 to May 1. **Management.**—By a Committee of gentlemen and Sub-Committees in London and at Mentone. Payment, £1 per week. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £345; inmates' payments, £224. **Inmates** (1887-8).—13. Bankers, Drummonds. Treasurer, Rev. Canon Sidebotham; Hon. Secs., Rev. Canon Sidebotham, and Rev. C. Wyatt Smith, Middleton House, Upper Tooting, S.W.

SEASIDE CONVALESCENT HOMES FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

CONVALESCENT HOME FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN (1847), New Brighton, Cheshire.

Object.—The reception of women and children recovering from non-infectious illness or requiring rest at the seaside. Special department for gentlewomen. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation and payment, or by payment only. Application must be made to Lady Superintendent. A subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to one letter of recommendation, which is valid for a stay of 4 weeks on payment of 6s. 6d. a week or 15s. for a lady. Cases of advanced consumption, epilepsy, and convalescents from infectious diseases are ineligible. Certificates are required from a doctor and subscriber, or doctor and clergyman. Patients are received on payment of 10s. 6d. a week, including medical advice, medicine, sea-bathing, laundry, &c. Ladies pay £1. 1s. per week. Inmates remain, upon an average, 3 weeks. The Home is open all the year round. **Management.**—By Medical Officers and Lady Superintendent appointed by the Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,058; inmates' payments, £1,036; sale of free tickets and work, £21. **Inmates.**—865 (80 beds). Bankers, Leyland & Bullin, Liverpool. Treas. and Hon. Sec., E. H. Harrison, Esq.; Lady Superintendent, Miss Forster.

ROYAL ALEXANDRA CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL AND CONVALESCENT HOME (1872), Rhyl.

Object.—For sick children and young women. Boys not admitted above 12 years of age. **Admission.**—By application in writing to the Lady Superintendent. Inmates are received on subscriber's letter and payment of 5s. a week, or on payment only, of 8s. a week in advance. Subscribers of £1. 1s., or donors of £10. 10s., have one recommendation available for 4 weeks. Children of professional men, and ladies of limited means, for whom separate accommodation is provided, receive at 12s. and upwards a week. Ladies are received as pupils to be trained in nursing. Nurses are sent out to private families at a charge of £1. 1s. and upwards, according to the nature of the case. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £924; patients' payments, £1,598; lady pupils' payments, £652; hire of nurses, £62. **Inmates** (1887).—689. Bankers, North and South Wales Bank. Treasurers, Rev. H. Watkin Williams, P. H. Chambers, Esq., and Major Mainwaring; Lady Superintendent, Miss Vizard.

RHYL WOMEN'S CONVALESCENT HOME (1870), Morfa Hall, Rhyl.

Object.—The reception of convalescents (poor women only), from 14 years of age upwards. **Admission.**—By nomination and payment, or by payment only. Application must be made for form. A subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to a letter of recommendation, which is valid for a stay of 4 weeks, on payment of 5s. per week. Weekly payment without letter, 8s. Cases of consumption, open sores, convalescents from infectious diseases, persons requiring nursing and attendance, and young children are ineligible. Certificates are required from medical man. London cases are received; railway fare from London, 18s. The Home is open from May 1 to October 31. **Management.**—By Committee elected

annually. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £517; patients' payments, £501; rent of school, £18; interest, £8. **Inmates**.—532. Bankers, North and South Wales Bank, Rhyl. Sec., Thos. Jones, Esq.

THE SANATORIUM (1870), Clonmel Street, Llandudno.

Object.—'The reception of sick poor of all ages (females only) to restore them to health by nourishing food and bracing sea air. There is a department for lady boarders at £1. 5s. per week.' **Admission**.—By recommendation of subscriber and payment of 6s. a week. Beer and washing extra. Application must be made to the Secretary or Matron. A subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to a letter of recommendation, which is valid for a stay of 4 weeks. Cases of consumption, epilepsy, and hip disease, convalescents from infectious diseases, and paupers, are ineligible. Certificates are required from a medical man. London cases are received. Railway fare from London about £1, 3rd class. Inmates remain, upon an average, 4 weeks. The Home is closed during the month of March and first two weeks in April. **Management**.—By joint Committee of ladies and gentlemen. **Income**.—**Inmates** (1887).—Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England. Treas., W. Woodward, Esq., Methven, Llandudno; Hon. Sec., Rev. E. Jones, Llandudno.

STANLEY SAILORS' HOSPITAL (1871), Holyhead.

Object.—The reception of women, and children over 5 years of age, only. **Admission**.—By application to the Secretary and payment. Every subscriber of £1. 1s. is allowed to send in one patient residing in Anglesey for any term not exceeding three weeks free of charge. The Hospital is intended primarily for cases of severe disease or accident, but convalescents, both local and from a distance, are admitted when there is room. Cases requiring medical or surgical treatment are admitted if likely to be benefited. Payment is fixed by the Committee in each case. The Hospital is open throughout the year. **Management**.—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £33; inmates' payments, £54; invested funds, £175. **Inmates** (1887).—37. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, J. Lloyd Griffith, Esq., Frondeg, Holyhead.

BRISTOL MEDICAL MISSION CONVALESCENT HOME (1874). In 1887 removed to Middleton House, Weston-super-Mare.

Object.—For women only. **Admission**.—By application to Hon. Secretary for form, or to the Matron, or Ladies of Committee. No patient received for less than two or more than three weeks. Payment required in advance of 7s. a week; patients from other places than Bristol pay 10s. Medical certificate required as to freedom from fits or contagious malady. Cases requiring active medical treatment, or affected with incurable, permanent, or dangerous diseases, not received. Home is open all the year. **Management**.—By Matron and Committee of Ladies. (Statistics of income and inmates received not available on account of removal.) Hon. Sec., Miss Day, 2 Belgrave Place, Clifton; Treasurer, C. Elliott, Esq., M.D., 88 Pembroke Road, Clifton.

CORNWALL HOME OF REST, St. Clement, near Truro.

Object.—Chiefly intended to teach domestic work to the children of a small certified orphanage to which it is attached. It is, however, under the patronage of the Girls' Friendly Society. **Admission**.—By application to the Hon. Sec., at the Home, and payment of 7s. a week by members, and 10s. by non-members. Associates are received for 15s. weekly, and non-associates for 18s. **Management**.—Private. **Accommodation**.—7.

HOUSE OF REST FOR WOMEN IN BUSINESS (1878), Babbacombe, Torquay.

Object.—For women engaged in business, i.e. shop-women, milliners, dressmakers, post-office clerks, &c. **Admission.**—By payment only of 12s. per week, or, with subscriber's ticket, 5s. per week, including medical aid and medicine. Application must be made to Miss Skinner, Bayfield, Babbacombe. On application, occupation should be stated. Subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to one ticket of recommendation, valid for a stay of 3 weeks. Servants are ineligible. Certificates of character are required from employer or clergyman. Railway fare from London, 3rd class, 16s. 9d., by sending P.O.O., to Miss Emily Skinner, payable at Babbacombe, for a single fare, when voucher is forwarded for return ticket. House open all the year round. There are 56 beds. The House is intended for the prevention of illness and for the annual holiday. **Management.**—By the Misses Skinner and Miss Roberts. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £424; inmates' payments, £703. **Inmates.**—570. Bankers, National Provincial Bank, Torquay. Treasurers, The Misses Skinner.

ST. RAPHAEL'S CONVALESCENT HOME (1866), Upper Lincombe Road, Torquay.

Object.—The reception of women of good moral character needing sea air, medical superintendence, and nursing. **Admission.**—By payment of 10s. a week in advance; washing extra. Invalid ladies are received at a higher rate. Application must be made to the Sister Superior. Subscribers of £25 a year may nominate one patient in the Home throughout the year. Cases of infection, incurables, or those suffering from long-standing or offensive wounds, or any mental disorder, are ineligible. Certificates are required from a doctor. London cases are received. Railway fare from London, 3rd class, 16s. 5d. Persons wishing to send a patient should first forward medical statement of case; nature, extent, and duration of the disease. The Home is open all the year. **Management.**—Under the care of the Sisters of St. John the Baptist, Clewer, Windsor. Bankers, Vivian & Kitsons, Torquay. Treasurer, Captain Layard, Walton Lodge, Torquay.

THE SANATORIUM FOR DISEASES PECULIAR TO WOMEN AND CHILDREN (1848), Weymouth.

Object.—The reception of women and children. Males, up to 12 years of age, only admitted as out-patients. **Admission.**—By subscriber's ticket and payment. Application must be made to Secretary or Matron. Subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to a letter of recommendation, which is valid for a stay of 4 weeks at 7s. per week, or 8 weeks at 10s. per week. Washing extra. Cases of consumption (except in the earlier stages), epilepsy, hip disease, convalescents from infectious diseases, and paupers, are ineligible. Medical certificates are required. London cases are received. Railway fare from London, 3rd class, about 12s. Inmates remain upon an average 6 weeks. The Institution is open all the year round. **Management.**—By Trustees and Committee appointed by the subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £234; inmates' payments, £330; endowment fund, £240. **Inmates.**—210; out-patients, 1,122. Treasurer, R. ff. Eliot, Esq.; Hon. Sec. and Physician, Dr. Lawrie.

DIOCESAN GIRLS' FRIENDLY SOCIETY HOME OF REST (1881), Weymouth.

Object.—For girls, members of the Girls' Friendly Society, or, when there is room, other girls of good character. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec., 2 Lansdowne Terrace, Weymouth, for form. Payment, for members of the Girls' Friendly Society in Sarum Diocese 7s. a week, those from other dioceses 8s. a week. Non-members of the Society 9s. a week. 'Payment should be made in advance by associate recommending member.' Recommendation of an associate required, and medical certificate. Length of stay dependent on circumstances. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income.**—'The Home is maintained by the Diocesan Homes of Rest Fund.' **Inmates** (1888).—38 (4 beds).

HAMPSHIRE CONVALESCENT HOME (1876), Lymington.

Object.—The reception of women and girls, and boys under 14, convalescents or persons requiring change of air and rest. **Admission.**—By subscriber's letter, to be obtained by application made to the Honorary Secretary. A subscription of £1 entitles to two letters of recommendation. Cases of consumption, epilepsy, hip disease, and convalescents from infectious diseases, are ineligible. Paupers are also ineligible. Certificates are required from medical adviser. London cases are received. Payment, 7s. 6d. a week, including medical attendance. Extra sitting-room, 2s. 6d. a week extra; single bedroom, 2s. 6d. a week extra. Inmates remain, upon an average, 4 weeks. The Home is not closed at any time. **Management.**—By Matron, appointed by medical adviser and Committee of ladies. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £54; inmates' payments, £114; payments by Charity Organisation Society, £39. **Inmates.**—Bankers, Messrs. St. Barbe & Daniell. Treasurers, The Misses Harding; Hon. Sec., Mrs. E. Chinery, Monmouth House, Lymington.

SOUTH COAST MEDICAL, SURGICAL, AND CONVALESCENT HOME FOR WOMEN (1877), Granada Road, Southsea.

Object.—'The reception of governesses and ladies who, from their reduced circumstances, are unable, in any serious illness, to afford proper nursing and treatment, and also for patients in a lower social position.' **Admission.**—By certificate, to be obtained of the Hon. Secretary or Matron. No limit as to age, with the exception of children, who are not received under the age of 6 or 7 years. All cases (if not infectious or contagious) are eligible if capable of cure or receiving great relief. Certificates of respectability and pecuniary position are required from a minister of religion or a magistrate, or the present employer of the patient, and medical certificate and a guarantee for payment of the weekly charge. Payment, £1. 1s. per week, Class I.; and 12s. 3d., Class II. Inmates remain at the discretion of the medical officers. The Home is open all the year. **Management.**—By a Committee appointed by the subscribers. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £157; inmates' payments, £357; legacy, £50; proceeds of flower show and bazaars, £115. **Inmates.**—11. Bankers, Grant, Gillman, & Long, Portsmouth. Treasurer, G. Long, Esq.; Hon. Sec., F. W. Harper, Esq.

ST. FAITH'S CONVALESCENT HOME (1881), Westbourne Village, Emsworth, Hants.

Object.—For women, girls over 5, and boys between 7 and 10. **Admission.**—(a) By subscriber's letter, free. Annual subscriber of

£1. 1s. may keep a patient 4 weeks free at the Home; of £13. 13s., may have a free bed. Those applying with a subscriber's letter are entitled to the first vacancy. (b) By payment, without subscriber's letter, of 6s. a week. Application to be made to Mrs. Ernald Smith, The Oaks, Emsworth, or to the Matron. All travelling expenses must be paid. No extra charge for doctor, medicine, or washing. Third-class railway tickets, available for one month, may be had of the Matron of the Home, from London Bridge or Victoria to Havant for 7s. 6d. Children half-price. Cab from station to Home, 2s. 6d. **Management.**—Private, by Mrs. Ernald Smith. **Inmates** (1887).—130; accommodation for 12. Matron, Miss Thorp.

ST. PETER'S CONVALESCENT HOME, Littlehampton.

Object.—The reception of women not requiring medical care. A few chronic or aged cases are received during the winter months. Terms, 7s. a week. A return railway pass, available for four weeks, may be obtained for 5s. from the Sister-in-charge. A cottage has been taken near the Home, where ten little girls are taken from the worst parts of London for 3 or 4 weeks at a time (see p. 191). **Management.**—By St. Peter's Sisterhood, Mortimer Road, Kilburn, N.W.

CONVALESCENT HOME FOR WOMEN (1885), Meyrick House, Littlehampton.

Object.—The reception of poor women and girls. **Management.**—By the Community of St. John the Divine, 68 and 70 Drayton Gardens, South Kensington, S.W. **Inmates** (1888).—85.

LONDON AND BRIGHTON FEMALE CONVALESCENT HOME (1867), Crescent House, Marine Parade, Brighton.

Object.—For females up to 70 years of age. **Admission.**—By subscriber's letter and payment; or, in the case of necessitous widows and orphans, on subscriber's letter alone. There are 130 beds. Annual subscribers of £1. 1s. are entitled to admit six patients annually, one of these (a young widow or orphan under 20 years of age) free of charge. No extreme or infectious cases are admitted. The doctor's certificate required. Weekly charges: weaned infants and children from one to six pay 5s.; adults, 8s.; private bedroom, 12s. 6d. Average stay, 3 weeks. Cost of journey: reduced fare from London (return), 5s.; children under 8 years, 2s. 6d. The Home is always open. Persons unable to wait upon themselves, those above 70 years of age, cases of mental derangement and fits, or recovering from infectious diseases, are ineligible. **Management.**—Lady Superintendent and three resident matrons. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £1,343; inmates' payments, £2,726. **Inmates.**—2,633. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank, Paddington. Treasurer, C. E. Tritton, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Marshman, 4 Ladbroke Square, London, W.

LONDON AND BRIGHTON INVALID HOME (1866), 15 Chesham Road, Kemp Town, Brighton.

Object.—Particularly intended for young persons of the class of needlewoman, milliner, and dressmaker, for teachers, and for those engaged in missionary work, from London, but also available for others who have satisfactory recommendations. Servants only admitted under exceptional circumstances. **Admission.**—By application to one or other of the Honorary Secretaries, at the Home. There are about 23 beds

available. Annual subscribers are entitled to recommend inmates. An introduction from a clergyman or minister is required, together with a medical statement as to the applicant's health. Weekly charge, 8s. per week (in advance); private bedroom, 11s. 6d.; both charges exclusive of washing and medicine. Average stay, 2 or 3 weeks. Cost of journey, 2nd class (single), 6s. 6d., and 2d. more to Kemp Town; 3rd class, 4s. 6d. The Home is open all the year. Patients requiring medical or surgical treatment are not ordinarily admitted. **Management.**—Hon. Secretaries, Lady Visitors, and Matron. **Income** (1882).—Charitable contributions, £54. 7s.; inmates' payments, £393. 9s. 1d. **Inmates** (1880).—277. Hon. Secs. and Treas., Mrs. Warner and Miss E. Elliott.

HOUSE OF REST FOR CHRISTIAN WORKERS (1866), 7 and 8 Cambridge Gardens, Kilburn Park, London, N.W., and Burlingame Place, Eastbourne, Sussex.

Object.—To provide a temporary home for Christian mission workers of all classes—deaconesses, missionaries, Bible-women, missionaries from abroad, &c.—in need of rest, or a time of preparation for mission work. All must be well accredited. **Admission.**—Application must be made to Miss Mason, 7 and 8 Cambridge Gardens, Kilburn Park, N.W. At Kilburn, accommodation is also afforded for sick cases (with gratuitous medical attendance). Payments required, from 7s. to one guinea per week. Some cases are received free. **Management.**—The property is in the hands of trustees. The practical management is by Miss Mason. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,108; inmates' payments, £595; sale of articles sent for the purpose, £72. **Cases.**—At Kilburn, 204; at Eastbourne, 425. Bankers, London & South Western Bank, Kilburn Branch. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Miss Mason.

ALL SAINTS' CONVALESCENT HOME, 8 Pevensey Road, St. Leonards-on-Sea.

Object.—The reception of women and girls over 9 years of age. **Admission.**—From any part of the kingdom by certificate only—18 beds. Medical attendance gratis. Application to be made to the Sister-in-charge. Terms: 10s. a week, paid in advance. A subscription of 1 guinea gives a letter of recommendation at 8s. 6d. per week for 1 month—provided the certificate is approved by the Visiting Physician as a suitable case for the Home. Cases attended with profuse and offensive discharges, of advanced or progressive consumption, convalescent from small-pox, scarlet or typhus fever, or any contagious disease, or liable to attacks of mania or epilepsy, are ineligible. **Management.**—By the Sisters of All Saints', Margaret Street. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £412; patients' payments, £256. Sec., E. C. Wollaston, Esq.; Physician, Thomas Trollope, Esq., M.R.C.P.L.; Surgeon, T. H. Wudd, Esq., M.R.C.S.E.

WINTER HOME FOR CONSUMPTIVE GIRLS, Ribbsford House, Chapel Park Road, St. Leonards-on-Sea.

Object.—To receive 'girls and young women suffering from chest complaints, who require a warmer climate in the winter than they have at their own homes, and who are likely to benefit by sea-air and the climate of St. Leonards.' **Admission.**—Persons in the last stages of consumption cannot be received, nor those who require regular nursing and constant medical attendance. Medical certificate required to ensure that case is suitable, and free from fits and infectious complaints. No young woman can be received without a responsible recommendation as to

character and respectability. Children under 13 not admitted. Payment for a stay of 3 months and upwards, 30s. a month; for a stay of 1 month only, 10s. a week. A limited number half-price. Medicines and medical attendance provided when required. Patients are allowed to stay from 1 to 6 months. The Home is open from November to May. **Management.**—A private Home. **Income.**—A private Home. **Inmates** (1882-83).—21. Superintendent, Miss Marsh, Ribbaford House, Chapel Park Road, St. Leonards-on-Sea.

ST. MARY'S CONVALESCENT HOME (1866), 79 and 80 High Street, Hastings.

Object.—‘The class it is proposed to benefit are shop-women, dress-makers, national school mistresses, mission women, servants, &c.’ **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation from a subscriber of £1. 1s., who may nominate one patient for 2 weeks free, or by payment (in advance) of 10s. a week. There are four beds on a lower floor at 12s. each, and a single bedroom at 15s.; also four beds on top floor at 8s. Medical certificate required, and recommendation from two respectable persons, and, if possible, from clergyman. Medical attendance twice a week, gratis, when every inmate is expected to see the doctor. Cases of recovery from contagious or infectious diseases; hopeless cases of consumption, scrofula, and cancer; and, in general, any patient in such condition of weakness as would disable her from dressing herself or making her bed; persons subject to fits or mental disorders; persons of immoral character, are ineligible. All letters to be addressed to Miss Kingsbury, Torfield House, Hastings; inquiries to be made of the Matron, at the Home. Third-class return tickets from London to Hastings, 5s. (paid for at booking-office), available for 1 month, on application to Miss Kingsbury. Omnibuses pass the door from Hastings station; fare, 6d. **Management.**—Under homœopathic management. ‘This Home is a private one, having no Committee, but all management resting with Miss Kingsbury and her brother.’ **Income** (1886).—Total, £887; charitable contributions, £62; inmates’ payments, £574; balance of income supplied by the Rev. T. L. and Miss Kingsbury. **Inmates** (1886).—400. Bankers, London & County Bank, Hastings. Sec. and Treas., Miss Kingsbury, Torfield House, Hastings.

HOME FOR INVALIDS, SERVANTS, AND AGED, ‘Jeruel,’ Quarry Road, Hastings.

Object.—To provide a place of rest for servants of good character, not under 16, when out of work or out of health. **Admission.**—By application to the Superintendents and payment as follows:—Servants out of place, 5s. to 7s. per week; servants needing rest, 8s. to 10s.; servants under medical treatment requiring special attention, from 12s. Medicine and washing extra. Gas and firing, 2s. 6d. per week. Local cases of special need, occasionally admitted free, or nearly so. **Management.**—Private, by Miss Marchant and Miss Harding.

HOME OF REST, Rhoda Lodge, 11 Connaught Rd., Folkestone.

Object.—Intended primarily for members of the Girls’ Friendly Society, also for servants out of place or any respectable female (above the age of 12) requiring change of air or rest. **Admission.**—By application to the Lady Superintendent. Terns, from 7s. 6d. per week. A medical certificate of non-infection is required. **Management.**—By a Ladies’ Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £161; inmates’ payments, £160. **Inmates** (1887-8).—179. Accommodation for 12. Treasurer, Mrs. F. W. Moore, Flores House, Shorncliffe Road, Folkestone. Lady Superintendent, Miss Rodwell.

CONVALESCENT HOME, Netley Cottage, Claremont Road, Folkestone.

Object.—The reception of women and children. **Management.**—By the Medical Superintendent of the LONDON MEDICAL MISSION, St. Giles's, W.C. (See p. 134).

ST. ANDREW'S COTTAGE CONVALESCENT HOME (1888), Upper Deal, Kent.

Object.—The reception of convalescent women ; one with her infant. **Admission.**—Free, on application to the Deaconess in charge. Open during the summer only, from June 1. **Management.**—By a deaconess from the London Diocesan Deaconess' Institution, 12 Tavistock Crescent, Westbourne Park, W. **Inmates** (1888).—36; accommodation for 7. Hon. Sec., Miss Boys, Bygrave House, Upper Deal, Kent.

ST. MARY'S CONVALESCENT HOME FOR CATHOLICS (1882), Dover.

Object.—To receive women and children recovering from non-infectious illness, or who require rest and change of air. Delicate children of a respectable class can remain permanently in the Home. **Admission.**—By application, through a respectable person to whom they are personally known, to the Sister Superior, 8 Eastbrook Place, Dover.

THE REST (1884), 2 Elms Park Villas, Ramsgate.

Object.—The reception of convalescent women and girls over 15. **Admission.**—By application to Mrs. Eustace Brennan, or Miss Young, 1 Sidney Villas, Codrington Road, Ramsgate. Payment, 8s. per week. Persons requiring nursing or special diet, ineligible. Medical certificates required of freedom from infection, chronic coughs, and non-liability to fits. **Management.**—By one or two ladies. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions, £47; patients' payments, £236. **Patients.**—Between 250 and 300 annually; accommodation for 16. Bankers, Hammond, Furley & Co. Treasurer, Mrs. Eustace Brennan, Christ Church Vicarage, Ramsgate.

CONVALESCENT COTTAGE HOME (1866), 4 Bellevue Road, Ramsgate.

Object.—The reception of respectable women and children between the ages of 10 and 70 years. **Admission.**—By application to Miss Cotton, 24 Albion Place, Ramsgate. A subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to one letter of recommendation, which is valid for a stay of 8 weeks at 5s. or 5s. 6d., from October to June. Cases of consumption in advanced stage, epilepsy, offensive ulcers, and convalescents from infectious diseases are ineligible, also those unable to make their beds or who require nursing or waiting on. Certificates of convalescence are required from medical man. Non-subscriber's payment, 7s. or 7s. 6d. per week, from October to June. Inmates remain, upon an average, 3 or 4 weeks. South-Eastern Railway grant pass for one month; return ticket, 5s. **Management.**—By Miss Cotton. This is a private institution. 5 beds.

ST. PETER'S ORPHAN AND CONVALESCENT HOMES (1870), Isle of Thanet: Railway Station, Broadstairs.

Object.—The reception of women and young girls recovering from illness, or who specially require the benefit of sea air. (The Convalescent Home is distinct from the Orphanage, which is described in the section relating to that class of institutions.) **Admission.**—By application to

the Lady Superintendent, and payment of 7s. per week. Application must be accompanied by a medical certificate of general fitness and freedom from infection. The Home is closed for three months in winter. **Management.**—By a Committee and a House Committee. **Income.** (1887).—Payments for convalescents, £206. (The details of income are not given apart from those of the Orphanage.) Bankers, Herries, Farquhar & Co. Treasurer and Sec., Rev. F. N. Style, Crockenhill Vicarage, Swanley Junction, Kent; Resident Lady Supt., Miss Gould.

ST. MARGARET'S HOME (1864), 34 Hawley Square, Margate.

Object.—The reception of women, and girls of 7 years of age and upwards. **Admission.**—Application must be made to Lady Superintendent. Cases of consumption, epilepsy, hip disease, convalescents from infectious diseases, and paupers are ineligible. Certificates are required from a doctor. Payment, 15s. a week, exclusive of beer and washing. Single bedrooms, 20s. per week. Inmates remain, upon an average, 2 or 3 weeks, but there is no limit to the time. Cheap tickets by South-Eastern Railway (5s., third class) can be obtained by applying to the Lady Superintendent. The Home is open all the year. **Management.**—**Income** (1880-81).—**Inmates.**—108. Lady Superintendent, Miss J. C. Hadow.

ST. MARY'S CONVALESCENT HOME (1885), 1 Beach Avenue, Birchington-on-Sea, Kent.

Object.—For the respectable poor; women, and girls over 16 years. 'Climate especially suited for scrofulous cases.' **Admission.**—By subscriber's letter, free for 3 weeks, otherwise by payment of 8s. per week. Application to be made to Hon. Mrs. Fremantle, Royal Mint, E., or to Miss Ellice, 8 Hobart Place, S.W. Medical certificate required, forms for which are provided by the Matron at the Home. Persons subject to fits are ineligible. **Management.**—By Hon. Mrs. Fremantle and Miss Ellice. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £118; inmates' payments, £105. Bankers, Smith, Payne, & Smiths. Sec. and Treasurer, Hon. Mrs. Fremantle, Royal Mint, E. **Inmates.**—10.

HOME OF REST (1882), St. Saviour's Grange, Sea-view Square, Herne Bay.

Object.—The reception of women, and girls over 16 years of age requiring change of air and rest, *not convalescents*. **Admission.**—By payment of 12s. 6d. a week, or 3s. a week on the recommendation of a subscriber of £1. 1s. References as to respectability required, together with a medical certificate stating that the applicant needs rest and change of air, and is not recovering from illness. Application to be made to Sister Helen, St. Saviour's Priory, Great Cambridge Street, Hackney Road, E. **Management.**—By the Sisters of St. Saviour's Priory. **Income** (1887).—Voluntary contributions, £60; inmates' payments, £77; sale of work, £25. **Inmates** (1887).—135. Accommodation for 21.

SEASIDE HOME, Magdala Terrace, Whitby. (Started 1871 at Coatham, removed 1881 to Whitby.)

Object.—To relieve necessitous sick women and children. **Admission.**—By application to the Lady-in-charge at the Home, and subscriber's recommendation. Subscriber of £2. 2s. can send adult for 1 month, child for 6 weeks, on payment of 5s. per week for adult, 2s. 6d. per week for child. If a recommendation cannot be obtained, payment of 15s. per week for adult, 9s. 6d. for child required. Medical certificate required.

Medical aid given gratuitously. 'Much benefit accrues to patients suffering from debility, and some forms of scrofula, by use of the Home in the early spring and autumn months; incipient consumptive cases improve greatly in July and August.' **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions and donations, £405; patients' payments, £72. **Inmates.**—151 (12 beds for women, 18 for children). Bankers, Backhouse & Co., Stockton-on-Tees. Treasurer and Sec., Mrs. B. Bewicke, Whitby.

SEASIDE CONVALESCENT HOMES FOR LADIES.*

HOME FOR GENTLEWOMEN (1879), 42 Park Road, Southport.

Object.—The reception of 'gentlewomen by birth, whose means are limited, a preference being given to those advanced in years, broken in health, or whose means are smallest.' **Admission.**—By letter of introduction from somebody to whom they are personally known. Application must be made to Lady Superintendent for forms. Cases of consumption, epilepsy, and hip disease, and convalescents from infectious diseases, are ineligible. Certificates of ordinary health are required from a qualified medical practitioner. Payment, 8s. to 15s. per week, according to inmate's income. Inmates may remain three months. The Home is open all the year. **Management.**—By Committee of twelve appointed at General Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £167; invested funds, £11; inmates' payments, £287. Bankers, Parr's Banking Company, Southport. Treasurers, B. R. Simpson and W. H. Smith, Esqs.; Hon. Sec., Miss M. A. Wharton, 243 Lord St., Southport.

GOVERNESSES' CONVALESCENT HOME (1867), 28 Alexandra Road, Southport.

Object.—'To provide rest and change after illness, or when out of situation or during the vacations.' **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Hon. Secretary or Lady Superintendent. A subscription of £1 1s. entitles to two introductions, which are valid for a stay of 4 weeks each. Applicants are supplied with a printed form certifying that the applicant is free from hysteria, epilepsy, or any infectious disease, and of sound mind. Payment, 12s. per week. Inmates remain, upon an average, 4 weeks, but arrangements may be made to extend the time. **Management.**—By Committee of 18 ladies, being subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions, £181; invested funds and bank interest, £52; inmates' payments, £365; annuity fund, £69; Graham's annuitants fund, £64; aid fund, £1. **Inmates.**—Bankers, Manchester and Salford Bank. Treasurer, G. R. Carter, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Miss Barker, 39 Queen's Road, Southport.

* Special arrangements are also made for the reception of ladies at St. Raphael's Home, Torquay (p. 178); Merchant Taylors' Home, Bognor (p. 165); South Coast Medical and Surgical Home, Southsea (p. 179); Royal Alexandra Home, Rhyl (p. 176); St. Alban's Convalescent Home, Walton-on-the-Naze (p. 171); Convalescent Home for Women and Children, New Brighton (p. 176); and The Sanatorium, Llandudno (p. 177).

KÖNIGSHEIM HOUSE OF REST (1882), Edinburgh Place, Weston-super-Mare.

Object.—The reception of governesses and lady Christian workers 'in a true Christian Home of Rest, in which Evangelical and undenominational principles are maintained.' **Admission.**—Terms for governesses, 12s. to 14s. a week, or from 14s. to 18s. when a separate room is required. Christian workers are charged from 15s. to 21s. per week, according to accommodation. The Home is closed from October 15 to December 1. **Management.**—By the Lady Superintendent. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £190; visitors' payments, £150; sale of work, £4. **Visitors** (1882-8).—625. Lady Supt., Miss Fanny Bulkley.

CONVALESCENT INSTITUTION FOR INVALID LADIES (1854), Erith House, Torquay.

Object.—To provide a temporary residence, with board, medical care, and medicines for ladies of limited means, chiefly those suffering from chest diseases, to whom a mild climate during winter would be beneficial. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec. A subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to one nomination, which is valid for a stay of 8 weeks, but that time may be extended. Cases of hysteria and epilepsy, and convalescents from infectious diseases are ineligible. The weekly payment varies from £1. 1s. to £1. 2s., which covers all expenses, except the laundress. When two ladies occupy the same apartment, the charge for each is 17s. 6d.; when two members of one family apply for admission, the charge may be reduced to 15s. each. The Home is closed during the months of July, August, and September. **Management.**—By Committee elected by members. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £403; inmates' payments, £820. **Inmates** (1887-8).—Bankers, Devon and Cornwall Banking Co., Torquay. Treasurer, Miss Baldwin; Hon. Secs., Major Hardie and W. Lavers, Esq.

BOURNEMOUTH HOME FOR INVALID LADIES (1871), St. Mary's, Dean Park, Bournemouth.

Object.—For invalid ladies, who *must be gentlewomen*. The aim is to provide a temporary home for ladies of limited means, chiefly those suffering from chest and other diseases in their *early* stages, to whom a residence in the climate of Bournemouth would be beneficial. **Admission.**—By forms, which comprise the following certificates: (a) medical; (b) of social position; (c) of limited pecuniary means; (d) to guarantee expenses. There are ten beds available. There is no special benefit to subscribers. The weekly charge is £1. 1s. and 17s. 6d. (the first sum entitles the patient to a private bedroom; for the second, two ladies occupy the same room). The cost of journey from London is, 2nd class, 16s.; 3rd class, 9s. The Home is open all the year. **Management.**—Committee of 18 gentlemen. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £220; church offertories and collections, £45; inmates' payments, £439. **Inmates.**—42. Bankers, National Provincial Bank. Treasurer, Augustus Arthur, Esq.; Hon. Sec., C. J. Nixon, Esq.; Hon. Lady Superintendent, Mrs. Nugent.

WORTHING HOME OF REST FOR CHRISTIANS, Rutherford Lodge, Worthing.

Object.—For the temporary or permanent reception of ladies and gentlemen. **Admission.**—By letter of introduction, and payment weekly in advance of from one to two guineas. Convalescents received, but not confirmed invalids. Application should be made to the Lady Supt.

THOMAS BANTING'S MEMORIAL CONVALESCENT HOME FOR GENTLEWOMEN (1874), Parade Lodge, Marine Parade, Worthing.

Object.—The gratuitous reception, as in a gentleman's family, of ladies over the age of 18, of good social position but impoverished means, who are recovering from illness. **Admission.**—By selection. Application must be made to the Secretary. No payment required. Cases of consumption, infectious, or objectionable diseases are ineligible. Certificates are required from a doctor and a friend. Cases are received from London or any part of the kingdom. Railway fare from London, 5s., 2nd class. Inmates remain from 3 to 6 weeks. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Income.**—From invested funds, about £925. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 11. Bankers, Messrs. Henty & Co., Worthing.

'BYRAM' HOME FOR INVALID AND CONVALESCENT LADIES (1887), Wordsworth Road, Worthing.

Object.—For the benefit of gentlewomen needing rest or nursing, but unable to meet the ordinary expenses. **Admission.**—By application to the Lady Superintendents. Payment, 15s. per week. **Management.**—By the Lady Superintendents. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £30; patients' payments, £213; receipts from nurses sent out, £64; sale of work, £5. **Inmates** (1887-8).—100. Bankers, London and County, Worthing. Lady Supts., Mrs. Wimperis and Miss Hopper.

LADIES' CONVALESCENT HOME, 5 Norton Road, West Brighton.

Object.—To receive ladies who are recovering from sickness, or need rest and change. It is intended for the wives, widows, and near relatives of clergymen, and other professional men; also for governesses and ladies of respectable position, of narrow income. **Admission.**—Upon application to Lady Superintendent, accompanied by certificates of respectability and physical suitability for the Home. No subscribers' letters are required. Payment, 15s. to £1. 1s. per week, including everything but bedroom fires. Convalescents from lung and infectious diseases are not received. The average length of each patient's stay is a month, but the time can be extended by the permission of the Committee. Cost of journey from London 6s. 6d., 2nd class. **Management.**—By a Lady Superintendent, under the direction of a Ladies' Committee. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £228; invested funds, £41; ladies' payments, £216. **Inmates.**—40; beds, 8. Bankers, Union Bank, Brighton and Hove Banking Co. Treas., Mrs. Cunliffe; Lady Supt., Mrs. Sketchley.

ST. BERNARD'S HOME FOR INVALID LADIES (1870), 67 Dyke Road, Brighton.

Object.—For invalid gentlewomen of limited income requiring medical and surgical treatment, with trained nursing. **Admission.**—By a medical certificate, and two references as to position and suitability. There are 12 beds available. The weekly charge is 15s. to £1. 5s.; one room at £2. 2s. The cost of journey from London is 6s. 6d. Home is open all the year. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £169; sale of work, £50; ladies' payments, £536. **Inmates** (1887).—62. Bankers, London & County Bank. Treasurer, Mrs. Bright; Lady Superintendent, Miss Draper.

HASTINGS AND ST. LEONARDS HOME FOR INVALID GENTLEWOMEN (1855), Catherine House, 57 Church Road.

Object.—To receive gentlewomen of limited means whose health may require a temporary residence at the seaside. **Admission.**—By application to the Lady Superintendent. Certificates are required, (1) from a medical attendant; (2) from two persons to whom applicant is known; and (3) of guarantee as to weekly charges, &c. The amount payable is £1. 1s. per week for rooms on the first floor, and 18s. for rooms on the second floor, but when two ladies occupy one room the charge is 17s. 6d. per week each. The Home is open all the year round. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £159; invested funds, £47; ladies' payments, £505. **Inmates.**—54. Bankers, London and County Bank, Hastings and St. Leonards. Treasurer, Rev. W. H. Cave Browne, 34 Magdalen Terrace, St. Leonards-on-Sea; Lady Superintendent, Miss E. V. Martin.

LADIES' HOME (1881), 9 Connaught Road, Folkestone.

Object.—To afford ladies of limited means seaside rest. **Admission.**—By application to the Lady Superintendent. Terms, from 15s. per week. **Management.**—By Committee of Ladies. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £24; inmates' payments, £131. **Inmates** (1887-8).—64. Accommodation for 10. Treasurer, Mrs. Moore, Flores House, Shorncliffe Road, Folkestone; Lady Supt., Miss Rodwell.

ST. LUKE'S INVALID AND CONVALESCENT HOME (1875), Finsbury House and Cottages, Ramsgate.

Object.—To give rest and change to governesses and other gentlewomen, also to servants and others, in distinct departments. **Admission.**—By payment, which is reduced to patients sent by subscribers. A few have free letters from subscribers of £5 and upwards, or donors of £10. A subscription of £1 entitles to two letters of recommendation, each valid for a stay of 2 weeks at reduced payment. Cases of mental derangement, epilepsy, and dipsomania, convalescents from infectious diseases, and paupers are ineligible. Certificates of character and state of health are required from a lady or gentleman and a medical man. Payment, from 15s. to 21s. per week in upper department, or 12s. 6d. per week in lower; the latter including laundry, but not the former. Inmates remain, upon an average, 3 weeks. 'In winter, many remain for several months, the climate being adapted to weak chests.' **Management.**—By Mrs. W. F. Hathaway, assisted by Friends in Council. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £375; inmates' payments, &c., £714. **Inmates.**—341. Bankers, Hammond, Furley, & Co. Hon. Sec. and Superintendent, Mrs. W. F. Hathaway; Assistant Superintendent, Miss Turnly; Matron and Nurse, Miss Pearson.

YORKSHIRE CONVALESCENT HOME FOR LADIES (1869), St. Martin's Lodge, South Cliff, Scarborough.

Object.—The reception of ladies of 'respectable position and narrow income, being convalescents or requiring rest from overwork.' **Admission.**—Application must be made to Lady Superintendent. Certificates of respectability are required from a clergyman or other respectable person. Payment, 15s. per week, including board, lodging, medical attendance, and medicine. Inmates remain 4 weeks, or longer in special cases, at discretion of Committee. The Home is closed during the month of May.

The North-Eastern Railway allow return tickets for single fare, per 3rd class. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Annual subscriptions, £152; inmates' payments, £441; invested funds, £41; sale of work, £75. **Inmates.**—143. **Treasurer**, C. W. Woodall, Esq.; **Hon. Sec.**, T. B. Etty, Esq.; **Hon. Lady Superintendent**, Miss Mackarness.

HOLIDAY HOME OF REST FOR LADIES, Whitley, near Newcastle-on-Tyne.

Object.—To afford rest and change of air for governesses, Christian workers, and ladies. **Admission.**—By application to Miss Royce, Y.W.C.A., Saville Place, Newcastle-on-Tyne, together with a reference, and also (if convalescent) a certificate from applicant's medical attendant stating that she is free from infectious disease. Bedroom, from 5s. to 10s. a week; board according to arrangement. **Management.**—Private home.

SAN REMO HOME FOR INVALID LADIES OF LIMITED MEANS (1878), San Remo, Italy.

Object.—'To provide a temporary residence, with board, medical care, and medicines, for ladies of limited means who may need these advantages, together with those of a dry and warm climate, and who cannot afford the expense of an hotel or pension.' **Admission.**—By payment, for board, lodging, medical attendance, and medicines, of 25s. a week. Admissions are for the season, i.e. November 1 to May 1. Application should be made for forms to Miss Macdonald Lockhart, The Lee, Lanark, N.B. These include certificate of social position and means from a clergyman or minister, and a householder, to whom applicant is personally known; also letters of recommendation from these persons, guarantee signed by a qualified person, and medical certificate of health. The Home is unsectarian, but the Chaplain is a clergyman of the Church of England. **Management.**—By General Committee, and Visiting Committee of Ladies. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £175; inmates' payments, £358. **Inmates.**—9. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Bosanquets. **Treasurer**, John Congreve, Esq., Vice-Consul, San Remo; **Sec.**, Miss E. C. Macdonald Lockhart, Villa Teresa, San Remo.

INVALID LADIES' HOME (1882), Cannes.

Object.—The reception of English ladies, from 18 to 40 years of age, suffering from maladies for which the climate of Cannes is recommended, and of whose recovery there is reasonable hope. **Admission.**—By application to Miss Hankey, Balcombe Place, Hayward's Heath. Certificates required: (1) from the medical attendant, (2) from a responsible person as to the means of the applicant, and (3) a guarantee for payment of charges and removal if necessary. The Home is open from November 1 to April 30. **Management.**—By (1) the 'Société civile,' or trustees of the property under the French law, (2) a Committee of ladies and gentlemen, and (3) a Board of Management of 5 persons annually elected by the Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Voluntary contributions, £420; inmates' payments, £360; interest, £3. **Inmates** (1887-8).—14. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co.; Taylor & Ridett, Cannes. **Treasurer**, Colonel Steward; **Hon. Sec.**, J. S. Burra, Esq.

SEASIDE CONVALESCENT HOMES FOR CHILDREN.

NORTH OF ENGLAND CHILDREN'S SANATORIUM (1861), Hawkshead Street South, Southport.

Object.—The care and medical treatment of sick children : boys from 2 to 12 years of age, girls from 2 to 16. **Admission.**—On the recommendation of a Governor, 6s. per week. Non-Governors may purchase recommendations at 7s. per week. Application should be made to the Hon. Secretary or the Lady Superintendent. Cases of fits, infectious complaints, or cases likely to terminate fatally, not admitted. Inmates remain on an average 37 days. The house is open all the year. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed at Annual Meeting of Governors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £955; invested funds, £66; inmates' payments, £677. **Inmates.**—490. Bankers, Preston Banking Company. Treasurer, Mr. Cheetham, 57 Alexandra Road, Southport; Hon. Sec., Miss Ainsworth, 9 Queen's Road, Southport.

HELEN HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN WITH HIP DISEASE (1875), West Hill Road, Bournemouth.

Object.—Intended only for the children in the Alexandra Hospital for Hip Disease, 18 Queen Square, London (see p. 124). **Admission.**—By order of the surgeons attending in the parent hospital. There are 21 beds available. The weekly charge is 4s., and the average stay 3 months. Cost of journey from London, 10s. 4d. (patients conveyed 2nd class at 3rd class fare). The Hospital is open all the year. **Management.**—Conducted by ladies, under the direction of the medical officers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £114; invested funds, £2; inmates' payments, £167. **Inmates.**—60.

HOME FOR SICK CHILDREN (1878), Ryde View, Clifton Terrace, Southsea.

Object.—'To afford a temporary home and medical treatment to children in all cases of ordinary disease not requiring severe surgical operations.' **Admission.**—Boys eligible between 3 and 10 years of age, girls between 3 and 14 years. Medical certificate required stating nature of complaint. Cases of infection, or coming from an infected house, or of blindness, fits, or insanity, are ineligible. No child can remain longer than 3 months without the consent of the trustees. Admission is free for children belonging to the borough of Portsmouth; those from other places pay 6s. a week. Travelling expenses must be paid, and 6d. a week for washing. Application should be made by letter to the Secretary, or on Tuesdays at the Home, from 2 to 3 o'clock, when medical officers attend to admit patients. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Income** (1885).—Charitable contributions, sales of work, and collections, &c., £473. 15s. 3d.; invested funds, £29. 8s. 10d.; payments for children, £134. 15s. **Inmates.**—61. Bankers, Messrs. Grant, Gillman, & Long. Hon. Treasurer, Rear-Admiral Raby, C.B., V.C.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Raby, 8 Clarence Parade, Southsea.

HOME FOR EAST LONDON CHILDREN (1884), Littlehampton.

Object.—To provide a temporary home for London children (girls only) requiring change of air, *not* sick children. **Admission.**—By application to the Mother Superior, St. Peter's Home, Kilburn. Children are received free of charge for three weeks or a month. Special return ticket, 5s. **Management.**—By the Mother Superior, St. Peter's Home, Kilburn. **Income.**—A private charity. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 12.

HOME FOR INVALID CHILDREN (1855), 70 Montpelier Road, Brighton.

Object.—For children: boys from 4 to 10; girls till 14, and over. It aims at providing a home for those who, from delicacy of constitution or recent illness, require the help of sea air, good food, and medical care. **Admission.**—Four free, the rest on payment. Apply to Matron of the Home. There are 20 beds available. Subscribers of £5 are entitled to 4 weeks' free admission for a child. A medical certificate required with each child of freedom from infectious or contagious disease. No child subject to fits admitted. The weekly charge is, over 14, 10s.; under 14, 8s. Average stay, 6 weeks. Cost of journey, half ticket, 3rd class, 2s. 2d. The Home is open all the year. No operation performed in the Home. No hopeless cases admitted. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £597; inmates' payments, £93. **Inmates** (1887-8).—83. Bankers, Dimadale & Co., London, and Hall, Bevan, & Co., Brighton. Treasurer and Superintendent, Miss E. A. Freeman.

CONVALESCENT HOME (1876), The Downlands, Rottingdean, Brighton.

Object.—For children of the poorer class. About 100 beds. **Admission.**—By application to Matron. Payment, 10s. 6d. a week, including clothes. Patients permitted to remain as long as they appear to gain improved health. Railway fare from Victoria, 3rd class, 4s. 2d.; omnibus to Home from station, 6d. Home open all the year. Home 'sheltered' by South Downs, and a good winter residence for delicate children. Medical and surgical cases received. Special nurse for cases of ophthalmia, scrofula, hip joint, and such diseases as are not contagious. Experienced nurses found. **Management.**—Private, by Mrs. Percival Hall.

ROYAL ALEXANDRA HOSPITAL FOR SICK CHILDREN (1868), 10 Dyke Road, Brighton.

Objects.—(a) Hospital, to afford medical and surgical treatment for sick children of the poor and to train nurses for sick children. (b) Convalescent department, to receive children between 2 and 12 years of age. **Admission.**—(a) Hospital, on subscriber's letter on Mondays and Tuesdays at 2.30 for in-patients. Out-patients attend daily. Annual subscribers of 10s. 6d., or donors of £5. 5s., may recommend three out-patients yearly; subscribers of £2. 2s. may recommend one in-patient and six out-patients. Medical certificates are required. There are 70 beds available. (b) Convalescent department: All children are eligible if of prescribed age, except children who have had an eruptive fever, infectious or contagious disease, or in whose family any such ailment has prevailed within the previous three months; or if unable to walk, feed, or take some part in dressing themselves, epileptic, idiotic, insane, requiring special attention at night, suffering from open wounds or other ailments

requiring special attention or medical or surgical treatment. Medical certificate of freedom from contagious or infectious disease required. Length of stay (except in very special cases) 6 weeks. Payment, 7s. a week, washing extra. There is accommodation for patients of a superior class at £1. 1s. a week. Lady boarders desiring to learn nursing received at £2. 2s. a week. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,854; patients' payments, £95. **Patients**.—In, 474; out, 2,616. Bankers, Hall, Bevan, & Co., Brighton. Treasurer, R. A. Bevan, Esq.; Sec., Mr. H. J. Davis; Matron, Mrs. Brown.

ST. JOHN'S HOME FOR CONVALESCENT AND CRIP- PLED CHILDREN (1875), Kemp Town, Brighton.

Object.—Primarily to benefit convalescent and delicate children, who, when a lengthened stay at the seaside is deemed essential, can remain permanently in the Home. A few girls over 12 years of age are received, who are trained for domestic service, and in due time are sent into situations. **Admission**.—By application to the Lady Superintendent; a subscriber's letter or application form, with medical certificate, must be sent in. Age of admission: boys, 2 to 5 years; girls, 2 to 12 years. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s., or donor of £15. 15s., may recommend one patient in each year for 3 weeks free. A bed can be retained in the Home by subscribing £20 a year. To non-subscribers the payment is 9s. a week. The cost of journey from London to Kemp Town, for children under 10 years, is 2s. 2½d. The Home is open all the year round. **Management**.—By Lady Superior and Lady Workers. **Income** (1887).—£643; payments by inmates, £266; proceeds of ball, concert, and bazaar, £173. **Inmates**.—About 40 convalescents and 12 training girls. Bankers, Bosanquet, Salt, & Co. Treas. and Sec., Miss Jane Borradaile.

BRIGHTON COTTAGE CONVALESCENT HOME FOR CHILDREN (1880), 7 College Place, Kemp Town, Brighton (a branch of the London and Brighton Invalid Home.) (See p. 180.)

Object.—'To receive children needing special care at the seaside.' **Admission**.—An introduction from a clergyman or minister is requisite when the parents or friends are unknown to the Hon. Secretaries. Children recovering from infectious illness are not eligible. Terms, 8s. per week. Medical attendance is gratuitous. **Management**.—By Matron under supervision of the resident Lady Visitors of the Parent Home. **Income**.—From 'children's payments and income of parent home.' **Inmates**.—8 children received. Hon. Secs., Mrs. Warner, 47 Sussex Square, Brighton, and Miss E. S. Elliott, 66 Mildmay Park, London, N.; Matron, Mrs. Jenkins.

LATYMER ROAD MISSION CHILDREN'S CONVALES- CENT HOMES (1882), Bexhill-on-Sea (girls) and Ramsgate (boys).

Object.—The benefit of poor children living in any part of London or country who require change of air and good food to restore them to health. **Admission**.—Each case must be duly certified as deserving. Application must be made to the Hon. Secretary, Latymer Road Mission, Blechynden Street, Notting Hill, W., for forms. No child admitted who has been ill with smallpox, scarlet fever, whooping cough, or other infectious disease, or who comes from any house in which there has been a case of such disease during the two months preceding the application.

Annual subscribers of £2. 2s. are entitled to nominate one child each year. Donors of £3. 3s. are entitled to nominate one child. Duration of visit 4 weeks. 35 beds. Age of admission: Boys, 6 to 14; girls, 6 to 15 years. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £430; children's payments, £26; bazaar and entertainment, £50. **Inmates.**—Boys, 54; girls, 92. Hon. Sec., Miss Flavelle.

CONVALESCENT HOME FOR POOR CHILDREN (1869), West Hill Road, St. Leonards-on-Sea.

Object.—The reception of boys between the ages of 4 and 14 years, girls 4 and 16. **Admission.**—By subscriber's letter or by payment. Application must be made to the Lady Superintendent. A subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to one letter of recommendation, which is valid for a stay of 4 weeks. (Children who are suffering from any contagious malady, labouring under any form of disease requiring active treatment, subject to fits, crippled or otherwise helpless, cannot be admitted.) Certificates are required from medical man who last attended the case. London cases are received. Non-subscribers pay 30s. a month, washing extra. Inmates remain, upon an average, 4 weeks. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,420; payments for inmates, £145; invested funds, &c., £42. **Inmates.**—848. Bankers, London and County Bank, Hastings. Treasurer, Andrew Murray, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Miss Marsh.

VICTORIA SEASIDE ORPHANS' RESTS, Victoria House and Hesketh House, Laureston Place, Dover.

Object.—To provide a temporary home and sea air for boarded-out children and inmates of orphanages and industrial homes. **Admission.**—Free for Homes, by application to the Founder, Thomas Blackman, Esq., Gordon House, Dover. Single cases are boarded-out with cottagers at a payment of 5s. a week under 14 years; above, 8s. and 10s. **Management.**—By the Founder, eventually by trustees. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions and payments for inmates, £435. **Inmates** (1887).—965. Accommodation for 90. Bankers, National Provincial.

ST. MARY'S CONVALESCENT HOME FOR POOR CHILDREN (1887), Broadstairs. (In connection with the Church Extension Association.)

Object.—The reception of poor children recovering from illness between the ages of 3 and 13 years. **Admission.**—By letters of recommendation, or by payment. A subscription of £1. 1s. per annum entitles to a letter of recommendation, which is valid for a stay of 3 weeks. Cases of consumption, epilepsy, and hip disease, convalescents from infectious diseases, and paupers, are ineligible. Certificates are required from medical man. Payment, 8s. per week for non-subscribers. Inmates remain, upon an average, 3 weeks. **Management.**—By the Sisters of the Church. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £3,593. Children received during 1887.—960. Bankers, London and County. Treasurer, H. W. Campbell, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Miss Emily Ayckbowm, 27 Kilburn Park Road, London, N.W.

THE HOME (1876), Churchfields, Margate.

Object.—To receive convalescent children who have been patients of the Victoria Hospital for Sick Children only (see p. 102). Children are sent to the Home for one month or longer, if specially ordered, on payment

of 10s. in advance, with an in-patient's letter for the Victoria Hospital ; or, if without a letter, payment of 30s. is required, which includes cost of journey and all expenses. **Management.**—By Committee of the Victoria Hospital. Day of admission, Wednesday. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £410; patients' payments, £65; borrowed from general fund, £143. **Inmates.**—181. Matron, Mrs. Day.

CONVALESCENT HOME FOR CHILDREN, Lawn House, Grosvenor Place, Margate.

The Home is duly certified by the Local Government Board. Payment for children, 8s.; for those over 15 years, 12s. 6d. per week. Application to be made to the Sister Superior, at the Home.

CONVALESCENT HOME (1886), Felixstowe.

Object.—The reception of boys and girls from Dr. BARNARDO'S HOMES, who are in feeble health or recovering from illness. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Inmates.**—During the summer a constant succession is maintained of boys and girls alternately, who reside in the Home usually for three weeks. Accommodation for 65. Founder and Director, Dr. T. J. Barnardo, F.R.C.S.E. Sec., Mr. John Odling.

CHILDREN'S CONVALESCENT HOME (1884), Marine Parade, Great Yarmouth.

Object.—To afford the advantages of a temporary home to children who, after illness or from other cause, require the benefit of sea air, such children to be selected primarily from the Eastern Counties, but also from all parts of the kingdom, and of every denomination. **Admission.**—On subscriber's recommendation, free; otherwise a payment of 30s. a month is required. Girls are received into the Home up to 13 years of age; boys up to 10 years of age. Children suffering or recovering from any contagious malady, or subject to fits, are ineligible. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £544; inmates' payments, £24; rent, £37. **Inmates** (1887).—175; accommodation for 40. **Management.**—By Committee of ladies and gentlemen appointed at annual meeting of Governors. Bankers, Gurneys & Co., Norwich. Treas., G. F. Buxton, Esq.; Hon. Sec., I. B. T. Hales, Esq., Lower Close, Norwich.

THE COUNTESS OF SCARBOROUGH'S CHILDREN'S CONVALESCENT HOME, Skegness, Lincolnshire.

Object.—The reception of girls from the age of five upwards. **Admission.**—By application to the Matron, and payment of 5s. a week, which includes washing. Stay limited to a month. At the end of the season adults requiring rest are received on the same terms. The Home is open all the year round. **Management.**—Private, by the Countess of Scarborough. Accommodation, 12 beds.

INLAND CONVALESCENT HOMES FOR MEN, MEN AND WOMEN, AND MEN, WOMEN, AND CHILDREN.

WEST NORWOOD CONVALESCENT HOME AND BIBLE WOMAN NURSE (1875), Nightingale Cottage, Gipsy Road, Lower Norwood, S.E.

Object.—The reception of the respectable poor, men, women, and children over 8 years, domestic servants, workwomen, &c. 12 beds.

Admission.—By application to the Lady Superintendent. Cases of consumption, epilepsy, hip disease, and convalescents from infectious diseases, are ineligible. Paupers are also ineligible. Certificates are required from a medical man, and party responsible for the case. London cases are received. Payment, 5s. a week; domestic servants sent by their employers, 7s. 6d. a week; washing extra. Inmates remain, upon an average, 4 weeks. The Home is conducted on temperance principles, and is open all the year round. **Management.**—Under the direction of Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Scott, Alleyn Park, West Dulwich; superintended by a Mildmay Deaconess Nursing Sister. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £76; payments for inmates, £137; balance of expenditure (paid by Mr. and Mrs. Scott), £238. Medical Officer, Dr. Carden Noad.

JEWISH CONVALESCENT HOME (1869), Portland Road, South Norwood, S.E.

Object.—For men, women, and children of the Jewish faith. 29

beds. **Admission.**—On governor's or subscriber's letter, or on payment of 10s. a week, which may be reduced at discretion of Committee. Patients are received who require medical or surgical care. **Management.**—By Committee, annually elected by the governors and subscribers.

Income (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,361; inmates' payments, £3; dividends on funded property, &c., £387. **Inmates** (1887).—About 290. Bankers, Imperial Bank, Lothbury, E.C. Treasurer, Mrs. H. L. Bischoffaheim; Hon. Secs., G. S. Joseph, Esq., 23 Clanricarde Gardens, W., and Edward Halford, Esq., 107 Ladbroke Road, Notting Hill, W.

METROPOLITAN CONVALESCENT INSTITUTION (1840), Walton-on-Thames, Surrey. (For Children's Branch, see p. 220. For Seaside Branch, see p. 167.) Office, 32 Sackville Street, Piccadilly, W.

Object.—To provide a convalescent home for poor persons over 14 years of age. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary at the office, accompanied by a subscriber's letter and medical certificate. Letters must be at the office by Monday for approval; if eligible, the order of admission will be forwarded to the applicant. Annual subscribers of £1. 1s. are entitled to recommend one patient yearly, and donors of £10. 10s. one patient yearly for life. Cases of phthisis in an advanced stage, and infectious diseases (while there is danger of communicating infection to others), are ineligible. The Home contains 300 beds. Inmates stay 3 weeks. The Home is open all the year round. The cost of the return journey from London is 3s. 6d. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions and legacies, £7,040; invested funds, £241; miscellaneous, £105. **Inmates.**—2,537. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank, 69 Pall Mall, S.W. Treasurers, Sir John Tilley, K.C.B., and Richard B. Wade, Esq.; Sec., C. Holmes, Esq.

ATKINSON MORLEY'S CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL (1869), Wimbledon.

Object.—The reception of patients discharged from St. George's Hospital. **Admission.**—By order of medical officer of St. George's Hospital. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by President and Governors of St. George's Hospital. **Income** (1888).—Dividends, £4,361; rent, £139; sundry receipts, £50. **Patients** (1888).—Daily average, 89; accommodation for 100. Bankers, Union Bank of London, Charing Cross, S.W. Treasurer, Col. Francis Haygarth; Resident Medical Officer, Hugh Lawson, Esq.; Matron, Mrs. Tuck.

EPPING CONVALESCENT COTTAGE (1875), The Plain, Epping, and the GEORGE STURGE CONVALESCENT HOME (1885), Radnor Bridge, Folkestone.

Object.—To receive convalescent men, women, and children. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretaries. The number of beds available is 13 at Epping, 16 at Folkestone. Subscribers may recommend any number of patients. Certificates from doctor of state of health and character are required. The weekly charge is 7s. at Epping, 8s. at Folkestone; average stay, 2 weeks. The Homes are open all the year round. The journey from London to Epping costs 1s. 6d. each way, return to Folkestone 5s., which patients must be prepared to pay. Patients recommended by recognised workers in the Bedford Institute Missions have the first attention, others are taken in order of date. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £317; inmates' payments, £230; bazaar account, £100; George Sturge's executors, £10. **Inmates.**—370. Treasurer, W. F. Wells, Esq.; Sec., Miss Marten, Friends' Institute, 13 Bishopsgate Street Without, E.C.

MRS. GLADSTONE'S FREE CONVALESCENT HOME FOR THE POOR (1866), Woodford, Essex.

Object.—The reception of necessitous persons recovering from illness, including children above the age of 6 years, and blind persons. **Admission.**—Application must be made for forms by letter to Hon. Secretary, Board Room, London Hospital, Whitechapel Road, E.; each form is valid for a stay of 2 weeks in the first instance. Cases of consumption, epilepsy, and hip disease, convalescents from infectious diseases, and paupers, are ineligible. Certificates are required from clergyman or other minister of religion, or secretary of any branch of the Charity Organisation Society, and the medical attendant. Preference is given to cases from the East End. The railway fare from London is 8d. The patients have nothing to pay except for their washing. Inmates remain, upon an average, 3 weeks. The Home is usually closed during the month of October for cleaning. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by original subscribers and by coöption. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £1,433; invested funds, £383. **Inmates.**—1,078. Bankers, Barclay, Evau, & Co., and Sir S. Scott & Co. Treasurer, T. Fowell Buxton, Esq., Easney, Ware; Hon. Sec., Lieut.-Col. E. Neville.

HATFIELD BROAD OAK COTTAGE HOSPITAL (1867), Essex.

Object.—Intended primarily as a hospital, but general convalescents are admitted when there is room. **Admission.**—By recommendation of subscriber, and payment not exceeding 10s. a week. Patients afflicted

with mania, epilepsy, infectious or incurable diseases, are ineligible. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions and collections, £120; patients' payments, £20. **Patients.**—17. Bankers, Sparrow, Tufnell, & Co., Bishops Stortford. **Treasurer and Sec.,** G. A. Lowndes, Esq., Hatfield Broad Oak, Essex.

OSSULSTON CONVALESCENT HOME, High Barnet.

Object.—The reception of patients from the MILDMAY MISSION HOSPITAL, Turville Street, Bethnal Green (*see* p. 91). **Admission.**—By recommendation of Medical Officer. **Management.**—By Hospital authorities. **Number benefited** (1887).—550. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £660; patients' payments, £8; rent, £106.

KING'S COLLEGE HOSPITAL CONVALESCENT HOME (1878), Hemel Hempstead, Herts.

Object.—To receive convalescents (men, women, and children over 3 years of age) from King's College Hospital, or from other hospitals or private individuals. **Admission.**—(a) by donor's letter, free; (b) by subscriber's letter and payment of 2s. 6d. a week; (c) by payment, without subscriber's letter, of 10s. a week. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. has one letter available for a stay of 3 weeks. Donor of £5. 5s. has two letters, each admitting a patient without payment other than for washing and travelling expenses. Annual subscriber of £31. 10s. has a 'free bed' letter enabling a patient to be in the Home as long as the medical officers consider that the stay would be beneficial, without payment other than for washing and travelling expenses. Term of stay with letter, 3 weeks, which may be extended on payment of 10s. a week. Children under 3 years of age, persons of unsound mind or of immoral character, those suffering from consumption (except in an early stage) or from chronic rheumatism, those liable to fits, and those unable to walk up stairs are ineligible. Patients recovering from smallpox, scarlet fever, or other infectious disease, cannot be admitted until two months have elapsed from the commencement of the malady. Medical certificate required of nature of disease and freedom from infection. This, together with the recommendation, must be forwarded beforehand to the Superintendent. If patient be found by the medical officers of the Home unfit for the Home, he or she will be immediately sent back; or, if too ill to travel, will be sent into the West Herts Infirmary, at a charge of 2s. 6d. per diem, which must be paid by those who introduced the case. **Management.**—By Committee of Managers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £369; invested funds, £55; patients' payments, £552; Hospital Sunday and Saturday Funds, £152. **Inmates.**—444. Bankers, Twining & Co. **Treasurer,** Charles Hoare, Esq.; **Lady Supt.,** Miss Vizard.

ASHRIDGE COTTAGE CONVALESCENT HOME (1883), Ashridge, Great Berkhamstead, Herts.

Object.—'Exclusively for men and boys recovering from non-infectious illness, and in need of good food and fresh air.' **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Secretary. Admission is gained by (a) subscriber's letter (annual subscriber of £1. 1s. is entitled to one letter yearly); or (b) payment without such letter of 7s. 6d. a week. Medical certificate required. Persons recommending patients are requested to be most particular as to their character.' Medical attendance supplied if necessary, but patients are 'expected to be in such a state of recovery as not to require medical attendance.' Those in any stage of consumption, unable to walk, recovering from smallpox, fever, skin, or other

contagious diseases, of unsound mind, subject to fits, or with open sores, are ineligible. Term of admission, 3 weeks, which may be abridged or prolonged. Patients received on Tuesdays. Travelling expenses and washing must be paid for. **Management.**—An entirely private charity, maintained by the Countess Brownlow. Treasurer and Hon. Secretary, Miss Evelyn Noyes, Little Gaddesden, Great Berkhamstead.

MRS. KITTO'S FREE CONVALESCENT HOME (1872), South Park, Reigate.

Object.—A free convalescent home for the poor (men, women, and children over 8 years) of East London. **Admission.**—By application to Mrs. Kitto, The Rectory, St. Martin's Place, W.C., or to the Matron at the Home; or to Mrs. Hoskyns, Stepney Rectory, E.; or to Mrs. Alexander, Aubrey House, Aubrey Road, Kensington. 'The Home is absolutely free, and no eligible person has ever been kept out of its benefits on the ground of poverty. All that is required is that the patient should procure a personal recommendation from a clergyman to whom he is known.' All patients have to be examined, and have their letters signed by one of the honorary medical officers. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—From voluntary contributions, £563. **Inmates.**—318. Bankers, Messrs. Alexanders, 24 Lombard Street, E.C. Treasurer, W. C. Alexander, Esq., 24 Lombard Street, E.C.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Kitto, The Rectory, St. Martin's Place, W.C.

CONVALESCENT HOME, Witley, Godalming.

Object.—The reception of patients leaving Bethlehem Hospital (*see* p. 68).

CONVALESCENT COTTAGE, Witley, Godalming.

Object.—The reception of children from the parish of All Saints, South Lambeth. Vicar, Rev. Allen J. Edwards, junr.

BOARDING-OUT FOR CONVALESCENTS.

Mrs. McConnel, Carylls Lea, Fay Gate, Sussex, undertakes the boarding and lodging in respectable cottages, from May to October, of two convalescents, either men, women, or children. They make no payment except for their return railway fare (6s.) and washing.

ST. ANDREW'S CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL (1861), Clewer, Windsor.

Object.—For men, women, and children (chiefly convalescents). **Admission.**—By a subscriber's letter, or by weekly payment. Cases received which need continued nursing and treatment both medical and surgical. Boys over 8 years, and under 15, are inadmissible. Patients must forward their medical certificates, certificate of moral character, and letter of admission to the Sister Superior at the Hospital, and will be admitted in the order of their applications. There are about 90 beds available. An annual subscription of £1. 5s. entitles to one letter of admission, available for 12 months, from the Christmas or Midsummer quarter-day immediately preceding the date of payment. Every annual subscriber of £21 has 'free bed' letters, and is entitled to have one patient in the Hospital throughout the year, who must wait his or her turn for admission. Annual subscribers of £30 entitled to one permanent bed, which they can keep always filled with their own special cases—these are not required to wait admission. Every donation of £5. 5s. entitles the donor to two letters, available for 12 months from the date of the donation. A donation of £21 entitles the donor to one letter annually for life. Church

offertories of £5 entitle to one letter, or if in the diocese of Oxford, to two letters, available for 12 months from the date of payment of the offertory. The weekly charge, if subscriber's or donor's letter be obtained, is *nil*; otherwise, adults, 10s. 6d.; children under 14, 7s.; under 7, 5s. As 10s. 6d. per week does not cover a patient's expenses, domestic servants are expected to pay more if able. A certain number of incurable cases (consumptives only) are received on somewhat higher terms, from 12s. 6d. to 15s. 6d. per week; private patients from £1. 1s. to £2. 10s. per week. Average stay, when admitted by letter, 3 weeks. Patients with 'free bed' letters remain in the Hospital at the discretion of the medical officer, without requiring their letter renewed. Patients must defray their own travelling expenses, and pay 6d. weekly towards the washing of their personal linen, which is done in a laundry attached to the Hospital. Cost of journey, 3rd class, 1s. 11d.; 2nd return, 4s. 3d. The Hospital is open all the year. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,361; invested funds, £52; payments of sisters, patients, and visitors, £1,340; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £231; laundry, £492. **Inmates** (1887).—748. Bankers, London and County, Windsor. **Treas.**, B. Nattali, Esq.; **Sec.**, Rev. G. S. Cuthbert.

MEN'S CONVALESCENT HOME (1885), Woodley, near Reading.

Object.—For men recovering from illness not of an infectious kind. **Admission.**—By subscriber's letter, or by payment of 10s. 6d. a week. Application to be made to the Hon. Sec. Length of stay, one month, or longer by arrangement. Annual subscribers of one guinea may send a patient for three weeks without payment. **Management.**—By Committee, meeting monthly. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £88; paid by Charity Organisation Society, £94; other sources, £24. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 8. Bankers, Stephens & Blandy, Reading. Hon. Sec., Miss E. Dashwood, Sonning, Reading.

WINGFIELD CONVALESCENT HOME, Headington, near Oxford.

Admission.—Free to patients from the Radcliffe Infirmary, Oxford, who are admitted on recommendation of the medical officers. Other convalescents admitted on payment of a sum ordinarily not exceeding 7s. a week. Convalescents from infectious diseases are ineligible. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £127; invested funds, £121; inmates' payments, £10; rent, £23; sale of produce, £26. **Inmates** (1887).—163. Bankers, Parsons & Co., Oxford. **Treasurer**, Rev. Octavius Ogle; **Sec.**,

ST. MICHAEL'S HOME, Cheddar.

Object.—The reception of consumptive patients, 22 men and 14 women, members of the Church of England. **Admission.**—Free, on application to the Sister-in-charge, St. Michael's Home, Axbridge, Somerset, who will supply a form of certificate to be filled in before the case is considered. Preference is given to the most destitute cases. Patients are admitted for two months, but the stay may be prolonged if considered desirable. An undertaking is required from patient's friends for removal, and for funeral expenses in case of death.

BERKELEY HOSPITAL (1877), Gloucestershire.

Object.—The reception and assistance of poor and other persons suffering from sickness or accident. Subscribers of £1. 1s., or clergy making collections of £2. 2s., are entitled to recommend a patient.

Admission.—On subscriber's recommendation, except in cases of accident, which are received immediately. The number of beds is nine. The cost of journey from London (3rd class) is 9s. 6d. The Hospital is open all the year round. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1887).—Annual subscriptions, collections and donations, £247. **Patients.**—54 Bankers, National Provincial Bank. Hon. Sec., Mr. H. E. Cooke; Treasurer, Mr. James Peter.

CLERGY HOUSE OF REST, West Malvern.

Object.—To provide a house in a healthy locality, and with moderate charges, for clergy in need of rest from their work. **Admission.**—The summer charges are £2 per week, or £1. 5s. when asked for; winter charges rather higher. **Income.**—From subscriptions, donations, and visitors' payments.

THE VILLAGE HOSPITAL, Hambrook, Bristol.

Object.—The treatment of accidents and diseases amongst the local poor. **Admission.**—By Governors' tickets, except in the case of accident or emergency. An annual subscription of one guinea entitles to two tickets of admission. Patients pay in advance a weekly charge fixed in each case by the Committee. Convalescents from a distance are occasionally admitted without a letter of recommendation, during the summer months, at a weekly charge of 10s. Applications must be made either to the Secretary or to the Medical Director. **Management.**—A General Committee, a House Committee, a Medical Director, and a Secretary and Treasurer. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £102; patients' payments, £41; other sources, £10. **Inmates.**—59. Medical Director, Edward Crossman, Esq., L.R.C.P.; Sec. and Treasurer, Miss Callaghan.

COTTAGE HOSPITAL AND CONVALESCENT HOME (1867), Shedfield, Botley, Hants.

Object.—For men, women, and children. Seven beds. Established to provide for the poor better nursing than they could obtain in their own homes; also to provide a dispensary, where, for a small sum, out-patients may receive the benefit of medical advice and medicines, and to assist the sick poor with nourishing food from the invalid kitchen at the Hospital. **Admission.**—By subscriber's ticket, or at a weekly charge of 8s. Annual subscribers of £1. 1s. are entitled to one in-patient's ticket, available for 4 weeks, or eight out-patients' tickets, available for 4 weeks. Each additional £1. 1s. will obtain admission in the same proportion. Certificates required against disease, &c. With subscriber's ticket the weekly charge is 2s. 6d. Average stay, 6 weeks. Cost of journey from London, 3rd class single, 6s. 2d. The Hospital is open all the year. **Management.**—By Committee, meeting quarterly, and elected yearly. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £116; inmates' payments, £55; rent, out-patients' tickets, &c., £17. **Patients.**—In, 51; out, 160. Bankers, Capital and Counties Bank, Fareham. Treasurer and Sec., Mrs. Franklyn, Shedfield Lodge, Botley, Hants.

MISS AITCHISON'S CONVALESCENT COTTAGE, Lyndhurst, Hants.

Object.—'For convalescent patients from the Southampton Infirmary, and other very poor convalescents.' **Admission.**—By application to Hon. Sec. Admission free. Patients pay cost of journey (from London, 14s. 2d., double journey; 7s. 1d. single; omnibus from station to Home, 6d. each way), and for their own washing. Consumptive or infectious cases,

or persons of unsound mind, ineligible. Number of patients limited to four (men, women, or children who are old enough to dress themselves). Usual stay, 3 weeks or a month. 'The time is very much extended in cases which would be benefited by a longer stay.' **Management.**—'Paid for entirely, and managed by Miss Aitchison.' **Income.**—(Private institution). **Patients** (1887).—Hon. Sec., Miss Aitchison, Blackwater, Lyndhurst, Hants.

COTTAGE HOSPITAL (1873), Milton Abbas, near Blandford.

Object.—For men, women, and children. Six beds. **Admission.**—For patients who require medical or surgical attendance, by application to Secretary, and weekly payment (which must be guaranteed by a subscriber of 10s.) of 3s. 6d. for those on the Milton Abbas estate; 7s. for strangers; which includes everything, doctors and nurses, attendance, &c. Convalescent patients from London or elsewhere are received, provided there is room, on payment of 10s. 6d. a week, which includes board and attendance (both medical and nurses). Home open all the year. Railway fare, Waterloo to Blandford, 10s. 6d., 3rd class single; 18s. return (ticket available 2 months). If notice is given to Secretary, conveyance provided free to bring patient to Hospital. **Management.**—By Committee chosen from subscribers. **Income** (1887-8).—Voluntary subscriptions, £1; invested funds, £140; inmates' payments, £7. **Inmates.**—5. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England, Blandford. Treasurer and Sec., Mr. G. Player.

SHIREHAMPTON CONVALESCENT HOME (1860), Bristol.

Object.—For men, women, and children. Six beds. **Admission.**—Free admission of patients exclusively in the hands of medical officers of the local hospitals and dispensaries.

COTTAGE CONVALESCENT HOME (1870), Combe Down, Bath.

Object.—To receive convalescent men, women, and children over 10 years of age. There is accommodation for 11 women and children and 7 men. **Admission.**—By application for form to Lady Superintendent. Subscribers of £1. 1s. may send two patients for 3 weeks on payment of 5s. 6d. each a week; payment without nomination, 9s. per week. Cases requiring active treatment not received. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions and collections, £356; inmates' payments, £194. **Patients.**—195. Treasurer, Mrs. Bernard; Sec. and Lady Supt., Mrs. Fred. Clerk, Combe Grange, Bath.

CONVALESCENT HOME (1873), Moretonhampstead, Devon.

Object.—'For the benefit of the poor labouring classes.' **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation and payment, or by payment only. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. may recommend a patient to stay at the Home for 3 weeks at 2s. 6d. a week; servants, 5s. a week. Certificate of good character from clergyman or district visitor, and medical certificate, required. Patients without subscriber's recommendation pay 10s.; servants, 12s. 6d. a week. Average stay, 3 weeks, which, if necessary, may be extended. Home closed from December 21 to April 1. **Management.**—By the Misses Phillips. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions from Torquay and Teignmouth, £186; donations, £65; inmates' payments, £73. **Inmates.**—141. Bankers, Vivian, Kitson, & Co., Torquay. Treasurer, Miss M. A. H. Phillips.

HOME FOR CONVALESCENTS (1878), Kenilworth.

Object.—To provide general convalescent accommodation. Children under 12 years of age are ineligible. **Admission.**—On application to Matron, accompanied by a subscriber's recommendation. Payment at the rate of 5s. 6d. per week required. Subscribers can recommend one patient for each £1. 1s. Donors of £30 have a free bed for one year. Patients are admitted for three weeks, and may be readmitted on recommendation of the medical officer. Return fare from London, 8s. 4d. Home open all the year round. Incurables, persons recovering from an infectious disease, or affected with fits, of unsound mind, or requiring constant medical attendance, are ineligible. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887).**—Subscriptions and donations, £296; invested funds, £10; patients' fees, £122. **Inmates.**—177. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, Mr. F. Stanger-Leathes, Parkfield, Kenilworth.

BIRMINGHAM AND MIDLAND COUNTIES SANATORIUM (1866), Blackwell, Birmingham.

Object.—For men, women, and children above 10 years of age. **Admission.**—By subscriber's ticket, or special ticket, price £1. 1s. Subscription of £1. 1s. entitles the subscriber to a ticket of admission for 14 days' stay during the 9 months of March to November inclusive, and 21 days' stay during the months of December, January, and February; and any person can at any time purchase a ticket of admission for the same period on payment of £1. 1s. Average stay 20 days. Cost of journey, ordinary fare to Birmingham, and 1s. 1d. from Birmingham to Blackwell. The Sanatorium is open all the year. Arrangements are made with the proprietor of the Droitwich Saline Baths (see p. 122), so that patients can purchase six tickets for 10s. 6d. from the Lady Superintendent, including 3rd-class return journeys between Blackwell and Droitwich. By presenting two subscribers' tickets a patient can, without payment, obtain 21 days' stay in the institution, and tickets for the course of six baths. **Management.**—**Income (1887).**—£1,865. **Inmates.**—106. There are 80 beds available. Sec., E. J. Bigwood, Esq., 3 Temple Row West, Birmingham, to whom applications for admission must be sent.

SISTER DORA CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL (1884), Milford, Stafford.

Object.—For the poorest class of persons to whom change of air is essential for recovery, but who still require nursing, skilled dressing, and care; cases still wanting surgical treatment; persons needing bracing and preparation to enable them to undergo operations; and children from 5 years old. **Admission.**—By subscriber's letter and payment of 7s. weekly, or on payment only of 12s. 6d. per week. Application to be made to the Matron at the Hospital, from whom form of medical certificate can be obtained. Patients from the Infirmarys of Staffordshire, Shropshire, or Derbyshire have the first right of admission, and then, if there be room, patients from all parts of the United Kingdom are received. Cases of incurables, children under 5 years old, attended with profuse and offensive discharge, pulmonary consumption beyond first stage, recovering from smallpox, scarlet and typhus fever, or from any contagious disease, of unsound mind, or subject to epileptic or other fits, or of immoral character, are ineligible. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £329; patients' payments, £83. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 16. Number in 1887—103. Bankers, National Provincial Bank, Lichfield. Treasurer, Martin Madan, Esq., Bore Street, Lichfield; Sec., Miss Gillard, Lichfield.

CHARNWOOD FOREST CONVALESCENT HOME (1874),

Brand Hill, near Loughborough.

Object.—For persons of all ages of the artisan class, and factory hands. **Admission.**—By subscriber's recommendation (one being required for each week) and payment of 4s. a week. Recommendations are obtainable from the Hon. Secretary for 10s. 6d. each. Medical certificate (form of which is on the recommendation) required. Patients to pay their travelling expenses, washing of their own linen, and must be provided with one change of body linen and boots. The recommendation, when duly filled in and signed by doctor, to be forwarded to the Hon. Sec., who will send the order for admission as soon as a vacancy occurs. Home open from April to end of October. Admission on Saturdays only. A subscriber recommending a case is required to certify as to good moral character and fitness for the Home of the patient. Cases preferred to be kept 3 weeks to a month, or longer, on certificate of Hon. Medical Attendant. Cases of infection or contagion, subject to fits, in an advanced stage of consumption, or requiring medical or surgical attendance are ineligible. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—99. **Income.**—Charitable contributions, £146; patients' payments, £57. Bankers, Leicestershire Bank, Loughborough. Treasurer, T. W. Marshall, Esq., Leicestershire Bank, Loughborough; Hon. Sec., A. W. N. Burder, Esq., Burton Street, Loughborough.

MOUNT SORREL COTTAGE HOSPITAL AND CONVALESCENT HOME (1879), Mount Sorrel, near Loughborough.

Object.—For respectable persons requiring nursing and change of air. **Admission.**—By payment in advance, for men, 12s. 6d.; for boys under 14, 10s. per week. Medical certificate required. Stay 4 weeks, or longer if desired. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income.**—**Inmates** (1888).—36. All applications to be addressed to Dr. Skipworth, at the Home.

ST. JOHN'S HOSPITAL (Convalescent Home at Weston Favell), Northampton.

Object.—The reception of poor persons of either sex who require change of air and nourishing diet in order to effect their complete restoration to health. **Admission.**—By application to Clerk for form. Those in receipt of parochial relief, lunatics, those of unsound mind or suffering or recovering from infection or contagion, with ulcers or open sores, females advanced in pregnancy, or those unable to wait upon themselves, are ineligible. Medical certificate required, and a letter of recommendation signed by one of the trustees, the rector or vicar of applicant's parish, or any subscriber to the charity. Patients expected to make their own beds and assist in domestic work. Usual stay 3 weeks, but it may be prolonged. Clerk, Mr. A. E. Phipps, Solicitor, 14 Market Sq., Northampton.

NORTHWOLD NURSES' HOME AND COTTAGE HOSPITAL (1879), Brandon, Suffolk.

Object.—For the reception of patients suffering from accidents or sickness. **Admission.**—By payment, from 6s. 6d. per week. Infectious cases ineligible. Application to be made to Secretary or Treasurer. **Management.**—By Miss Carter. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £44; inmates' payments, £123. **Inmates** (1887).—28. Bankers, Gurney & Co., Swaffham. Sec., Dr. Joy, The Beeches, Northwold; Treasurer, Miss Caroline Carter.

CONVALESCENT INSTITUTION, Woolton, Liverpool.

Object.—The reception of convalescent patients from hospitals of Liverpool, or from private homes. **Admission.**—By form, price 15s., entitling to 2 weeks' residence, obtainable from the Secretary. Cases of advanced consumption, epilepsy, hip disease, and convalescents from infectious diseases ineligible. Certificates required from the doctor who has attended the case. London cases are received at special rate of payment. Patients remain, upon an average, 3 weeks. The Home is never closed. **Management.**—By a Council appointed at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £680; invested funds, £949; sale of admission orders and payments by patients for extension of stay, £867; Hospital Sunday Fund, £175; garden produce and rent of land, £85; half proceeds of City Ball, £150. **Patients** (1880).—824. Bankers, Bank of Liverpool, Heywood's Branch. Treasurer, W. H. Tate, Esq.; Sec., Mr. W. J. Johnson, 50 Ranelagh Street, Liverpool.

BARNES CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL (1875), near Cheadle, Manchester. Opened as a branch of the Manchester Royal Infirmary.

Object.—For men, women, and children from the Manchester Royal Infirmary, and from hospitals in Lancashire and Cheshire that are on the 'Cotton District Convalescent Fund.' **Admission.**—Nine-tenths of patients are passed on from the Manchester Royal Infirmary at the request of the honorary staff. This is a general hospital as well as a convalescent home, owing to pressure on the beds in the Royal Infirmary. The number of beds available is 136. Certificates are required in the case of Cotton District Convalescent Fund patients from the medical officers and chairmen of the infirmaries which are on the Fund, showing the patient 'has not been exposed to the influence of infectious or contagious disease for four weeks previously.' The Hospital is almost wholly free; 12s. per week for beds unoccupied; 15s. per week for beds occupied (there being 15 in all) is paid by the Cotton District Convalescent Fund for the use of the patients sent by its hospitals. A few patients pay 10s. weekly. The average stay is 35 days. **Management.**—By a select Committee from the Board of the Royal Infirmary, who meet fortnightly. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,095; invested funds, £972; inmates' payments, £51; Cotton District Convalescent Fund, £579; sundries and rents, £102. **Number admitted** (1887).—1,279. The Hospital is open all the year. Cost of journey from London (return 3rd class), 31s. Bankers, Manchester and Salford Bank. Treasurer, Mr. P. Goldschmidt; Sec., Mr. W. L. Saunder.

COOKRIDGE CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL (1869), Leeds.

Object.—The benefit of poor patients from Leeds requiring convalescent treatment. **Admission.**—By recommendation of subscribers, who, for every £1. 1s. a year contributed, may recommend one patient; or of donor, who, for every contribution of £10. 10s., may recommend one patient annually. Medical certificate as to nature of complaint under which applicant has suffered and of freedom from infection and contagion required. Average stay three weeks, which may be extended, with a second recommendation, for three weeks longer, or upon payment of 8s. a week. Persons incapable of self-attendance or suffering from cutaneous infections or contagious disease, or in an advanced state of consumption, are ineligible. **Management.**—By Committee; vacancies supplied at annual meeting of donors and subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable con-

tributions, £1,263; invested funds, £678. **Inmates.**—1,260. Bankers, Beckett & Co. Treas., T. G. Teale, Esq.; Supt., Mr. W. Miller; Sec. and Collector, Mr. Wm. F. Coates, 26 Chapel Lane, Headingley, Leeds.

WOODLANDS CONVALESCENT HOME (1878), Rawdon, near Leeds.

Object.—For the respectable class of men or women. 'Not for young children as yet.' **Admission.**—On subscriber's recommendation, or without recommendation on payment of £1. 1s. for 2 weeks. 120 beds, with room to increase. Patients requiring medical or surgical treatment, or cases of a contagious or infectious character, not admitted. **Management.**—By 16 managers appointed by the subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £550; patients' payments, £725; endowment, £21. **Inmates.**—Bankers, Bradford Old Bank. Treasurer, Henry Ripley, Esq.; Sec., Robert Barr, Queen Anne Chambers, Sunbridge Road, Bradford, Yorks.

SEMON CONVALESCENTS' HOME (1874), Ilkley.

Object.—To provide convalescent accommodation. **Admission.**—By payment of 12s. 6d. per week, in advance, covering all charges. Candidates must be persons of slender means, from any locality, who are in a weak state of health, or require, for complete restoration to health, change of air, and good food, together with medical supervision. The following cases are not admissible: Blind and helpless, and children under 10 years of age; persons recovering from infectious or contagious disease; of unsound mind, or suffering from open sores, cancer, active disease, consumption, epileptic or other fits, advanced pregnancy, or confirmed incurable disease. Persons in receipt of parochial relief are also ineligible. Candidates must send to the Matron a written application, accompanied by a medical certificate that the candidate is eligible according to the above conditions, and also by a satisfactory certificate, from at least one respectable person, of the position and good character of the applicant. The Matron shall give timely notice of the day and hour when the applicant can be received, if approved. Persons selected for admission must pay their own expenses to and from Ilkley, where they will be met with a conveyance at the railway station to take them to the Home. **Management.**—Belonging to the Corporation of Bradford. **Income** (1887).—Invested funds, £119; inmates' payments, £1,084; bank interest, £2. **Inmates.**—Bankers, Bradford Old Bank. Treasurer, James Gordon, Esq., Bradford Old Bank; Matron, Miss Abbs, to whom all communications should be sent, at the Home.

ILKLEY HOSPITAL AND CONVALESCENT HOME (established in 1829 as The Ilkley Bath Charitable Institution), Ilkley.

Object.—To afford to the poor, free of expense, the benefits of Ilkley air and water. **Admission.**—On subscriber's recommendation. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—£1,493. **Patients** (1887-8).—968. Accommodation for 100. Bankers, Beckett & Co. Treasurer, Wm. Fison, Esq.; Hon. Sec., T. R. Vickers, Esq.

LLANDRINDOD WELLS COTTAGE HOSPITAL AND CON- VALESCENT HOME (1880), Llandrindod Wells, Radnor.

Object.—The benefit of the poor of Radnorshire and Breconshire, to whom preference is given. **Admission.**—On subscriber's recommendation and payment of 2s. 6d. per week, or 5s. per week if not residing in

the above-mentioned counties. Length of stay, 3 weeks. Infectious and incurable cases ineligible. **Management.**—By Committee of ladies and gentlemen. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £253; endowment, £150; patients' payments, £106; proceeds of concerts, £9. **Inmates** (1887).—141 (accommodation for 20). Bankers, London and Provincial Bank, Bülth. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, Miss de Winton.

PAISLEY CONVALESCENT HOME (1885), West Kilbride.

Object.—The reception of necessitous convalescents from Paisley and the neighbourhood. **Admission.**—Patients discharged from the Paisley Infirmary admitted on medical officer's certificate, others on subscriber's recommendation. Incurables, persons afflicted with running sores, of unsound mind, or recovering from infectious diseases, are ineligible. Children between 2 and 5 are charged at the rate of 2s. 6d. per week, and those between 5 and 12 at 5s. per week. Length of stay, 2 weeks from May 1 to Sept. 30, and 3 weeks from Oct. 1 to April 30. **Management.**—By Board of 12 Directors, elected at annual meeting of subscribers, assisted by a Committee of Ladies nominated by the Board. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £684; board of children, £28; sundry receipts, £10. **Patients.**—632. Bankers, Bank of Scotland. Treasurer, Mr. G. S. Veitch; Sec., Mr. F. Martin; Matron, Mrs. Laidlaw.

HILLSIDE HOME CONVALESCENT COTTAGE (1887), Barnhill, Perth, N.B.

Management.—Committee of Hillside Home (see p. 84). Treasurer, R. H. Moncrieff, Esq., Perth.

INLAND CONVALESCENT HOMES FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

QUEEN CHARLOTTE'S CONVALESCENT HOME (1882), 20 Victoria Road, Kilburn, N.W.

Object.—Exclusively confined to patients, married and unmarried, from Queen Charlotte's Lying-in Hospital, Marylebone Road, N.W. Intended as an adjunct to the Hospital. **Admission.**—By application to Mrs. C. Roundell, 16 Curzon Street, Mayfair, W., and payment of from 5s. a week upwards. For sickly patients 10s. a week is paid by the Hospital. **Management.**—Entirely in the hands of Mrs. C. Roundell; no Committee. **Income.**—'Derived from subscriptions, donations, and patients' payments.' **Inmates** (to February 1889).—424 (accommodation for 12). Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, St. James's Square. Treasurer, Secretary, and Manager, Mrs. Charles Roundell.

PRINCESS FREDERICA'S CONVALESCENT HOME FOR WOMEN AFTER CHILDBIRTH (1882), Hampton Court.

Object.—'To provide fresh air, rest, and good food for poor married women after childbirth (with their infants), where they may remain 3 weeks and receive careful attention and all that is needed for their restoration to health.' **Admission.**—By governor's letter of recommendation, covering all expenses for 3 weeks, or by a weekly payment of 15s., paid in advance. Inmates must pay their own travelling expenses,

and their friends will have to guarantee their funeral expenses in the event of death occurring whilst in the Home. Satisfactory recommendation as to character required from a clergyman or district visitor in all cases, with medical certificate as to sound mind and of freedom from infection and fits, which must be forwarded to the Matron before the woman can be received. Donor of £10. 10s., or annual subscriber of £2. 2s., is a governor, and may recommend one patient annually. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £765; inmates' payments, £27. **Inmates.**—84. Bankers, Cox & Biddulph. Treasurer, E. Somers-Cocks, Esq.; Hon. Sec., R. W. Maude, Esq., 46 Parliament Street, Westminster, S.W.

ALL SAINTS' HOME (1886), Holyrood House, Beckenham.

Object.—The reception of mothers with their infants. Exceptional cases received up to six months after confinement. **Admission.**—Subscriber's letter admits for three weeks, or payment of 10s. weekly. Medical and householder's certificates required. **Management.**—By the Sister-in-charge. **Income.**—From charitable contributions and patients' payments, the deficiency being made up by the Community of All Souls. **Inmates** (1887).—65 (accommodation for 10). Bankers, Cocks & Biddulph. Hon. Sec., J. G. Noel, Esq., 8 Hanover Square, W.

HOME OF REST FOR LONDON WOMEN (1882), Sonning, near Reading.

Object.—To receive 'London women after their confinement, and tired or worn-out women requiring rest and country air. Girls are also occasionally admitted.' **Admission.**—Application for admission must be made to Miss Pott, Sonning Vicarage, Reading. Paying patients pay 8s. a week, exclusive of wine or beer, which is only given under a doctor's order. For a child brought in with the mother, a rising scale of payment according to age. Usual stay, 2 weeks, but, if necessary, a woman can stay 3 weeks. Fare from Paddington to Twyford Station, 3s. 'This is not a convalescent home, but a place of rest for worn-out women, preference being given to those recovering from confinement.' Cases that need real nursing will not be admitted. **Management.**—By Miss Pott, Sonning Vicarage, Reading. **Inmates** (1887).—49 (accommodation for 6).

INVALID ASYLUM (1825), High Street, Stoke Newington, N.

Object.—The reception of invalids requiring rest or medical care, above the age of 12 years; to afford a temporary home for respectable women employed in shops, as nurses, &c., and for servants obliged by illness to leave their situations. **Admission.**—By subscriber's letter and payment of £1. A subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to one letter of recommendation, valid for 4 weeks, or for 2 weeks without payment; but if a longer stay is desired, payment at the rate of 10s. per week is required until the first 4 weeks' stay in the Asylum is completed. Cases of consumption, epilepsy, hip disease, decrepitude, convalescents from infectious diseases, and persons suitable for parish relief, are ineligible. Certificates of respectability are required from a householder. Washing extra. The Home is never closed. **Management.**—By House Committee appointed by General Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £435; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £103; invested funds and rents, £65; patients' payments, £197; legacy, £500; sundries, £4. **Inmates.**—185. Bankers, Dimsdale & Co. Treas., Joseph Beck, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Miss L. Moline, 172 Church Street, Stoke Newington, N.

CONVALESCENT HOME FOR EPILEPTICS (1870), East End, Finchley, N.W.

Object.—The reception of epileptic women and children. **Admission.**—By recommendation of the physicians of the National Hospital for the Paralysed and Epileptic, Queen Square, W.C., whose patients alone it receives. The weekly charge is (to paying patients), 5s. per week; one-half of the patients are admitted free. Average stay, 6 weeks; cost of return journey, 1s. **Management.**—By the Board of the National Hospital. **Income.**—The maintenance of the Finchley branch is a charge upon the general income of the Hospital. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 20.

WEST BARNET CONVALESCENT HOME, Alston Road, West Barnet.

Object.—To receive women requiring change of air and rest, or upon their discharge from hospital, or after any serious illness, infectious cases excepted. **Admission.**—Inmates may remain 4 weeks in the Home, and will be required to pay 5s. per week and their washing—also their railway fares. The High Barnet Station is about half-a-mile from the Home. Applications for admission must be accompanied with the name and address of some responsible person, as a guarantee of respectability, willing to undertake all charges in case of illness or death, and addressed to Mrs. Wilbraham Taylor, Hadley Hurst, Barnet. **Management.**—Private.

MISS DUDIN BROWN'S FREE HOME OF REST, Restdene, Priory Road, Kew.

Object.—The reception of girls and women, not incapable or very aged. **Admission.**—On the recommendation of a clergyman and a lady, together with a certificate from a medical man, stating that the applicant is not liable to fits, free from infection and skin diseases, &c. Time of stay, 2 weeks; only Protestants are received. **Management.**—Private, by Miss Dudin Brown.

GIRLS' FRIENDLY SOCIETY'S CENTRAL HOME OF REST (1879) Sunninghill, Ascot.

Object.—'The reception of members of the G.F.S.' **Admission.**—By recommendation of an associate and payment of 7s. per week. Application must be made to the Matron. Cases of consumption, epilepsy, hip disease, and convalescents from infectious diseases are ineligible. Inmates remain, upon an average, 3 weeks. Young women of good character not belonging to the Society are admitted occasionally at 8s. per week. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by the Central Council. **Income** (1888).—Maintenance Fund, £147; special funds, £337. **Inmates** (1888).—101. Treas., Lady Ryan; Sec., Miss L. G. Strange.

CONVALESCENT HOME, Brentwood.

Object.—The reception of patients leaving the SAMARITAN FREE HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN (see p. 100). **Management.**—By the Hospital Committee. **Accommodation.**—Two beds.

HANWELL CONVALESCENT HOME (1867), Hanwell, W.

Object.—To receive convalescent women and children, or those requiring rest and country air. **Admission.**—By application to the Matron at the Home. Certificate of medical adviser is required. Each patient pays 8s. weekly; those occupying a separate room pay from 12s. per

week upwards. The average length of inmates' stay is according to requirements. Cost of journey from Paddington, 8d. The Home is open all the year round, and is entirely supported by Roman Catholics, though all applicants are admitted if suitable, irrespective of religion or country. Convalescent surgical cases are received, but not sick patients.

Management.—Ladies' Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £94; patients' payments, £227; pensions to convalescents by private persons, £232; grant from Society for Visiting Hospitals, £92; Hospital Sunday Fund, £26; interest, £24. **Inmates** (1887).—213 (35 beds). Directress, Miss J. C. Walsh.

ST. JOHN'S HOME (1878), East Molesey, Surrey.

Object.—To receive convalescent and overworked women from 16 to 65 years of age. **Admission.**—By application to the owner, Miss FitzRoy, St. George's Bank, East Molesey, or to Miss Longley, Hampton Court Palace, S.W. The number of available beds is 9. Certificates of health and character are required. Average stay, 2 weeks; the cost of journey from London, 1s. 2½d. The Home is open all the year round. Coals and 5s. a week given to each inmate. **Inmates** (during 1887).—118.

CONVALESCENT HOME, Sydenham.

Object.—The reception of women and children. (*See HOME AND INFIRMARY FOR SICK CHILDREN, AND SOUTH LONDON DISPENSARY FOR WOMEN, SYDENHAM, p. 105.*)

ST. PETER'S HOME (1885), Maybury Hill, Woking.

Object.—To provide a home for respectable sick women suffering from illnesses which require skilled treatment and nursing, often for much longer periods than the rules of general hospitals and ordinary convalescent homes enable them to receive. Medical certificate required, and also a written agreement from a householder for removal and funeral expenses. Payment, 7s. a week, exclusive of wine and personal washing. **Admission.**—By application to the Sisters-in-charge at the Home. **Management.**—By the Sisterhood of St. Peter's, Kilburn. **Income.**—Private charity. **Inmates** (1887).—170 (accommodation for 50). Bankers, London and County Bank, Knightsbridge.

ST. JOSEPH'S CONVALESCENT HOME (1878), Chislehurst.

Object.—For poor, over-worked, weak, and ill-fed women, and occasionally children, chiefly from London. **Admission.**—By application by letter, stating the case fully to the Matron, or the Hon. Mrs. Denman, 19 Eaton Terrace, S.W. There are eight beds available; one bed reserved for gentlewomen, who pay 10s. 6d. a week. The certificates required are: one from a medical man as to fitness, and a recommendation either from a clergyman or some responsible person, as to respectability of character. Subscribers of £1. 1s. per annum may send a patient for 3 weeks at 2s. a week. The weekly charge is 8s. 6d., medical attendance free. The average stay is 3 or 4 weeks; some remain for months. The cost of journey from Charing Cross to Chislehurst is 9d.; cab fare to the Home, 2s. The Home is open all the year. **Management.**—A lady matron under Hon. Mrs. Denman's sole supervision. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions, £30; patients' payments, £107. **Inmates.**—93.

CONVALESCENT HOME (1874), Eversley Cottage, Station Grove, Sudbury, Middlesex.

Object.—The reception of poor women, girls, and children requiring rest and change of air. Boys admitted up to 7 years. **Admission.**—By letters of subscribers, or by payment. Application must be made to the

Hon. Treasurer or Hon. Secretary. A subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to one letter of recommendation, which is valid for a stay of 3 weeks. Convalescents from any infectious disorder are ineligible. Certificates in cases of recovery from illness, of freedom from infection, are required from a doctor. In other cases a recommendation from a clergyman, district visitor, or any lady sending a person, is sufficient. Payment, 7s. 6d. a week. A woman paying for herself is charged 5s. a week; children under 12 years, 5s. a week; if their parents pay for them, 3s. a week. Inmates remain 3 weeks. The Home is open all the year. Railway fare from Euston, 8d. **Management.**—Private institution. **Inmates.**—‘Over 100 yearly.’ Accommodation for 16. Treasurer, Mrs. E. P. Arnold, Wixenford, Tangle, Wokingham; Hon. Sec., Miss E. C. Davies, 44 Avenmore Road, West Kensington, W.

COTTAGE CONVALESCENT HOME, Gerrard's Cross, Slough.

Mrs. Pusey can receive 3 women, or 2 women and 2 children, on payment of 10s. per week for women, and 5s. per week for children under 12. Men and infants not received. Nearest railway station, Uxbridge.

CONVALESCENT HOME (1878), Boyn Hill, Maidenhead.

Object.—‘The reception of respectable women in business or service.’ **Admission.**—By recommendation from clergy or ladies. Application must be made to Hon. Maria Eden, Boyn Hill House, Maidenhead. Convalescents from infectious diseases, and patients who are subject to fits, are ineligible. Personal cleanliness is indispensable. London cases are received. Payment, for members of the Girls' Friendly Society, 6s. weekly; for others 7s. weekly, not including travelling expenses or the washing of their personal linen. Inmates remain, upon an average, 4 weeks. **Management.**—By Hon. Maria Eden. **Income** (1887).—Inmates' payments, £109. **Inmates.**—134.

CRANBORNE COTTAGE HOME, Cranborne, Windsor Forest.

Object.—The reception of convalescent women and girls over 7 years of age. **Admission.**—By application to Miss Milner, Meadowcroft, Windsor Forest. Terms, 8s. a week. A medical certificate as to freedom from infection is required. **Management.**—Private, the home being nearly self-supporting. The only outside help received does not amount to more than £20 or £30 a year. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 20.

LONDON AND ASCOT CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL (1851), Bracknell, near Ascot, Berks.

Object.—‘Chiefly for the poor of the East End of London.’ Cases of chest disease and incurables are admitted. **Admission.**—By payment: for women, 10s.; girls under 14, 7s.; children under 7, 5s. a week. Patients from public hospitals, 7s. a week. Many cases from the East End of London, free. **Income.**—**Inmates** (1887).—249. Bankers, Sir S. Scott & Co. Further information can be obtained from the Mother Superior, at the Hospital.

CONVALESCENT HOME (1863), Box Grove, Tilehurst, Reading.

Object.—The reception of convalescent women and children; boys under 12. **Admission.**—By application to Mrs. Wilder, Purley Hall, or Mrs. H. B. Wilder, Sulham Rectory, Reading. There are no free letters. Chronic and infectious cases are ineligible. Certificates of freedom from

infection are required from a doctor. Payment, 7s. per week, not including washing. Inmates remain, upon an average, 4 weeks. The Home is closed for one month at Christmas. **Management.**—Private. **Inmates** (1887).—92.

CONVALESCENT HOME (1888), Hale, Farnham.

Object.—The reception of convalescent women and children. **Admission.**—By application to the Matron at the Home on the recommendation of a clergyman or some responsible person, and a certificate from a medical man as to freedom from skin or any other infectious disease. Payment, 7s. a week, not including washing. **Management.**—Private, by Miss Mangles. **Accommodation.**—Six beds.

'HOME OF REST,' Church Stile House, Cobham, Surrey.

Object.—'For ladies, church workers, governesses, Bible and mission women, &c., also for wives and daughters of artisans, &c., needing change and rest, also needlewomen and respectable servants.' **Admission.**—By application to the Lady Superintendent, Miss Blunt, Cobham, Surrey. 'All must have a thoroughly good recommendation from a clergyman or from some trustworthy person, to whom they are known.' They must be members of the Church of England. Payment, 16s. to 21s. a week. Servants, nurses, needlewomen, &c., 8s. 6d. to 12s. Washing and medical attendance extra, as is also wine or beer, which are only allowed when specially ordered. No mental cases, or those subject to fits or recovering from infectious diseases, are eligible. Length of stay, 1 to 8 weeks. The Home 'is intended more for those needing change and rest than as a convalescent home.' The two classes have separate sitting and bed rooms. **Inmates** (1887).—134. *St. Luke's Hostel.*—An adjacent house for the special accommodation of poor women, with their infants. Terms: 6s. 6d. to 8s. 6d. per week. In all cases a recommendation is required, and no one recovering from an infectious complaint or those suffering from mental disorder can be taken. *Home of Rest, or Holiday House.*—For men of a superior class, at the Coffee House, Downside, Cobham. Terms from 16s. to 20s. per week. There are 6 beds. **Management.**—Private.

CONVALESCENT HOME FOR WOMEN WITH BABIES, AND FOR GIRLS (1884), Eastbury Manor Farm, Compton, near Guildford.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—By application to Miss Hagart as above, and payment of 10s. per week for a mother and infant, or 8s. for a girl, which include railway fare and washing. A medical certificate is required, describing the nature of the case, and stating that the applicant is free from any infectious disease. Convalescents stay not less than a fortnight, and not longer than a month, except under special circumstances. **Management.**—Private, by Miss Hagart. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for four.

ST. AGATHA'S CONVALESCENT HOME (1878), Warren Road, Reigate. (In connection with St. Peter's, London Docks, and other parishes.)

Object.—For the sick and poor in London (women and children only); preference given to those of St. Peter's, London Docks. **Admission.**—By application to Lady Superintendent for form. Inmates must be clean, and bring at least one complete change of underclothes. No boxes allowed. At least 2 clear days before admission they must send to the Lady Superintendent name, age, and address, letter of recommendation from the Vicar

of the parish, medical certificate, and written promise to obey the rules of the Home. Travelling expenses must be paid. No other payment required. Length of stay, 3 weeks. **Management.**—By Mrs. Clough. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £208. **Inmates.**—70. Lady Superintendent and Treasurer, Miss Sydney-Turner, at the Home.

LIMPSFIELD CONVALESCENT HOME (1874), Limpsfield, Surrey.

Object.—The admission of women, children, and boys under 6 years of age. **Admission.**—By payment or subscriber's letter. Application must be made to Mrs. Paget or Miss Gertrude Jones. A subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to one letter of recommendation, which is valid for a stay of 2 weeks. Certificates are required from a medical man. No patient suffering from infectious or contagious disease, or subject to fits of any kind, or to hysteria, is admitted. London cases are received. Payment, 7s. a week. Accommodation for 12 inmates. Inmates remain upon an average 3 weeks. The Home is open all the year round. Fare from London to Oxted, 1s. 8d.; public fly from station to the Home, 6d. **Management.**—By Mrs. Paget, Mrs. Wilde, and Miss Jones. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions, £203; patients' payments, £10; sale of work, collecting cards, &c., £25. **Inmates.**—178. **Treas.** Mrs. Paget, Boltons, West Brompton, S.W.; **Hon. Secs.** and **Supts.**, Miss Gertrude Jones, Limpsfield Rectory, Surrey, and Mrs. E. J. Wilde, Clay Hill, Enfield.

HOLIDAY HOUSE, Thursley Common, Surrey.

Object.—To provide country air for destitute children. **Management.**—By the Medical Superintendent of the LONDON MEDICAL MISSION, St. Giles (see p. 105).

HOME OF REST (1886), White Cottages, Lindfield, Haywards Heath.

Object.—For respectable women, and girls over 12 years of age. **Admission.**—On application to the Lady Superintendent at the Home, and payment of 8s. per week. **Sec. and Lady Supt.**, Mrs. Grey.

THE FARM HOUSE, Little Oddyns, Horsted Keynes, Sussex.

Object.—To provide a home of rest for women and girls earning their own living, such as shop assistants, milliners, school-teachers, &c. **Admission.**—By application to Miss Harriet Mason, above. **Management.**—Private, by Miss Mason.

CONVALESCENT HOME (1884), Hope Villà, Wallands, Lewes.

Object.—For patients from London hospitals (workwomen and servants, and girls over 10) requiring rest and change of air. **Admission.**—On payment of 7s. per week. Application to be made to Miss K. Bacon, at the Home. Length of stay, 3 weeks. Cases requiring nursing, subject to fits, or likely to bring infection, given to drink or disorderly conduct, are ineligible. **Management.**—By Miss K. Bacon. **Income** (1887).—Inmates' payments, £45. **Inmates** (1887).—74; accommodation for 6. **Sec.**, Miss K. Bacon, Hope Villa, Wallands, Lewes.

SHEET COTTAGE HOME (1877), Petersfield, Hants.

Object.—'The reception of women and children of respectable character recovering from illness or needing country air.' Boys only received up to the age of 14. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary, Sheet Cottage Home, 17 Chesham Street, London, S.W., stating

all particulars. Cases needing nursing, or convalescents from infectious diseases, and paupers are ineligible. Payment, 4s. per week, inclusive. Inmates remain, upon an average, 3 weeks. The Home is closed from October to May. The limit of any patient's stay is 1 month. No child under 6 years admitted unless the mother is a patient, and then special application must have been made for the child also in the first instance. Special return 3rd-class fare from Waterloo, 6s. **Inmates** (1887).—52. **Management**.—Private, by the owner, Hon. Mrs. Bonham-Carter, 17 Chesham Street, London, S.W.

DANGSTEIN COTTAGE HOME (1882), Petersfield, Hants.

Object.—For respectable women, and girls over 12, in need of rest or change. (Needlewomen, servants, pupil-teachers, &c., and those above the lowest class.) **Admission**.—By application, accompanied by medical certificate, to Mrs. Lane, Dangstein, Petersfield. Payment, 5s. a week, together with 5s. for the return journey, to be paid in advance. Special return railway pass, if application be made to Mrs. Lane a week before journey. Each patient to bring an entire change of clothing, 2 pairs of boots, and a brush and comb. Persons suffering from or recovering from any infectious complaint, those requiring active medical treatment, or constant nursing, those subject to fits, or serious cases of hysteria, are ineligible. Home only open from March 1 to Nov. 1. **Management**.—Private.

ST. JOHN'S HOME (1868), Rownhams, Southampton.

Object.—The reception of invalid women and children needing rest and change, and unable to procure this for themselves. **Admission**.—Application must be made to the Lady Superintendent. Cases of advanced consumption, epilepsy, and convalescents from infectious diseases, unless pronounced quite free from infection, are ineligible. Certificates of fitness, and probability of benefit, are required from the medical attendant of the applicant. Payment, 7s. per week, including all expenses. Inmates remain, upon an average, 4 weeks, but the time is not limited. **Management**.—By the founders, the Rev. R. F. and Mrs. Wilson. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £83; inmates' payments, £131; other sources, £39. **Inmates**.—52. Treasurer, Mrs. Wilson.

CONVALESCENT HOME (1886), Heytesbury, Wilts.

Object.—For women, and girls over 10 years of age. **Admission**.—By recommendation of a subscriber of £1. 1s., for one month, or admission on payment of 8s. weekly to the Lady Superintendent. Medical certificate sent on application. Person sending case responsible for payments, also for sending and returning of case. **Management**.—By two private ladies. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £83; inmates' payments, £40. **Inmates** (1887-8).—54. Accommodation for 10. Bankers, Capital and Counties Bank. Lady Supts., Miss Margaret Elling and Miss Blanche Leech.

AMBERLEY CONVALESCENT HOME (1872), Stroud, Gloucestershire.

Object.—For females only, over 14 years of age. **Admission**.—By application to the Lady Supt., Mrs. Blackwell, Highlands, Minchinhampton, Gloucestershire. Application must come through some one known to Mrs. Blackwell. The certificates required are as to health, soundness of mind, and freedom from infectious disorders and epilepsy. No charge is made, except 1s. per week for washing; but patients residing in the neighbourhood, if admitted between the 1st April and the 30th November,

must pay 2s. 6d. weekly, besides washing. Average stay, 1 month. Cost of journey from London, single 3rd class to Stroud, 8s. 6d. Home is open all the year, with the exception of a fortnight at Easter and Christmas. **Management.**—Managed solely by three ladies, who provide the funds. **Inmates** (1887).—43. Accommodation for 5.

CONVALESCENT HOME (1866), Tower Hill House, Stroud.

Object.—The reception of orphans or friendless convalescent females of good character, 12 years of age and upwards. **Admission.**—By ticket. Application must be made to Mr. Opie Rodway, Stroud, or the Matron. No payment required. Cases of consumption, epilepsy, and hip disease, convalescents from infectious diseases, and paupers, are ineligible. Medical certificates are required. Inmates remain, upon an average, 2 weeks, unless there are reasons to abridge or extend the time. The Home is open all the year. **Management.**—By Mrs. Bunting, appointed by Mr. Opie Rodway. **Income.**—Supported by Mr. Opie Rodway from the profits of his business. **Inmates** (1887).—174.

CONVALESCENT AND TRAINING HOME (1882), Painswick, Gloucestershire.

Object.—Convalescent Home for women and children and Training Home for young girls. **Admission.**—By application to Miss Seddon at the Home and (a) by recommendation of subscriber of £1. 1s. and payment (for convalescents) of 5s. 6d. a week, (for girls training) 3s. 6d. a week; (b) by payment only of (for convalescents) 8s. (for girls for training) 5s. a week. Lady boarders received at £1. 1s. a week. Length of stay for convalescents 2 to 8 weeks. No stated age of admission for convalescents. Girls for training received from 13 to 16 years of age. Situations are found for the girls who are trained when they leave. **Management.**—By Committee elected annually. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £181; payments by ladies, girls, and convalescents, £305. **Inmates.**—Convalescents, 40; training girls, average throughout the year, 8. Bankers, County of Gloucester Bank, Stroud. Treasurer, E. Caruthers Little, Esq., Field Place, Stroud; Lady Supt., Miss Seddon.

ST. ELIZABETH'S HOUSE OF REST (1880), Ridgway, Plympton, South Devon.

Object.—For women, and female children over 5 years of age. 12 beds. **Admission.**—By application to Sister-in-charge, recommendation of subscriber, and payment of 3s. a week for a term of 3 weeks, or by payment only of 12s. a week. Home open all the year. Railway fare from London, 3rd class, 18s. 3½d. 'The climate is similar to that of Torquay, and therefore phthisical cases in an early stage are likely to benefit by a residence here.' Patients requiring medical or surgical care are admitted. Two or three lady patients can be received. **Management.**—By community of Sisters of Charity, Bristol. **Income** (1887–8).—Invested funds, £16; payments by patients, £87; total income, £417. **Inmates.**—78. Bankers, South Devon and Cornwall. Treas. and Sec., Dr. Aldridge.

GIRLS' FRIENDLY SOCIETY HOME OF REST (1881), Wells Road, Malvern.

Object.—'The Home is intended not for those needing medical care or constant nursing, but for those who need the rest and refreshment of a period of quiet after toil, anxiety, or recent illness.' **Admission.**—

By payment (for board and lodging): Girls' Friendly Society members, 7s.; Girls' Friendly Society associates, 16s.; non-associates, £1 per week. Respectable girls received at 10s. a week on the recommendation of two associates, or of a clergyman. Non-associates are ladies not belonging to the Girls' Friendly Society introduced by a recommendation from a Girls' Friendly Society Associate, or from the clergyman of their parish. Annual subscribers of £1. 1s. may send an inmate for 6s. a week instead of 7s., for a term of 1 month. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1886-7—18 months).—Charitable contributions, £167; inmates' payments, £486. **Inmates.**—366. Bankers, Berwick, Lechmere, & Co. Treasurer, Mrs. Jerome Mercier; Hon. Sec., Miss Bramwell; Lady Resident, Miss A. Bubbs.

NURSING HOME AND CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL (1872), Stratford-upon-Avon.

Object.—(a) To provide a home for convalescent women and sick children; (b) to undertake gratuitously the superintendence and partial nursing of the sick poor in Stratford-upon-Avon; (c) to provide a staff of trained nurses for private families at fixed rates of payment, reducible only in cases of persons of limited means; and (d) to undertake the nursing at the home of private patients capable of paying. **Admission.**—Convalescent women and sick children are admitted on a subscriber's recommendation, and a weekly payment of 7s. for women; children 2s. 6d. Persons whose means admit of a larger weekly payment can be admitted on terms to be fixed by the Committee. The Committee has power to reduce or even remit the weekly payments for children in cases in which parents are unable to pay the proper sums. Annual subscribers are entitled to recommend, for a stay of 4 weeks, one convalescent woman and one child for each £1. 1s., or one child for each 10s. 6d. subscribed. Infectious, insane, and incurable cases are ineligible; medical certificate to this effect, and, in the case of women, that convalescence has begun, is required with all patients from a distance. All applications for admission, or for nurses, should be made to the Lady Superintendent, Miss Emily Minet, at the Home. **Management.**—By a Council of 18 members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £156; nursing, £393; patients' payments, £145; invested funds, £85. **Patients.**—Convalescent women, 105; sick children, 59. Bankers, Birmingham Banking Company, Stratford-upon-Avon. Treas., Charles E. Martin, Esq., Old Bank, Stratford-upon-Avon; Hon. Sec., G. F. Kendall, Esq.

LEVETT CONVALESCENT HOME (1862), Church Street, Rugeley (Staffs.).

Object.—The reception of women, and of children between the ages of 7 and 14 years, in need of rest, change, and good country air, with medical attendance. **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation. Application must be made to the Matron. A subscription of 10s. 6d. entitles to one letter of recommendation, which is valid for a stay of 4 weeks on payment as below. Cases of consumption, and epilepsy, convalescents from infectious diseases, and paupers are ineligible. Certificates of fitness of case, signed by medical attendant, are required. Payment, 5s. to 7s. 6d. per week, including washing, but not railway fare. Inmates remain, upon an average, 4 to 8 weeks. Members of Girls' Friendly Society, and of clubs and dispensaries, received at 5s. a week. Adult railway fare from Euston, 3rd class, 10s. 5d. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by subscribers. **Income**

(1887).—Charitable contributions, £42; invested funds, £72; payments by inmates, £82. **Inmates.**—53. Lady Founder, Miss Levett, Rugeley. Bankers, Lloyd's Banking Company. Treasurer, R. Armishaw, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Richard Boycott, Esq.

WELL HOUSE CONVALESCENT HOME (1874), Crab Lane, Blackley, near Manchester.

Object.—For women and children, but mainly for children. **Admission.**—Entirely free. No letters of admission are required. The Home was started in order to draft convalescent patients from the wards of the Clinical Hospital, Cheetham. There are 12 beds available. Up to the present, the Home has been used entirely for the purpose above-named, and no other patients have, as yet, been admitted. The admission of patients rests with the medical staff of the Clinical Hospital, who are responsible, together with a committee of ladies, for its management. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £99; Hospital Sunday Fund and other sources, £71. Bankers, Manchester and Salford Bank. Treas., Isaac Hoyle, Esq., M.P.; Matron, Miss O'Leary; Sec., Mr. Hubert Teague.

ST. FAITH'S COTTAGE HOME (1878), Woolpit, Bury St. Edmunds.

Admission.—By application to the Superintendent. Orphan, motherless, and friendless girls from 7 to 13 years of age are received permanently on payment of 3s. to 5s. a week. Older girls needing rest and change of air for a few weeks are charged 5s. to 7s. a week. One or two orphan girls not younger than 13 taken to be trained for service without payment, beyond entrance fee or donation of not less than £2. 2s. All girls must be of good moral character. **Management.**—**Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £66; inmates' payments, £42. **Inmates.**—15. Treasurer and Supt., Miss Emily S. Peacock.

INLAND CONVALESCENT HOMES FOR LADIES.*

ST. ANDREW'S COTTAGE (1868), Clewer, Windsor.

Object.—For convalescent ladies of limited means. **Admission.**—By application to Sister-in-charge. Accommodation for 8 ladies.

ST. MARY'S HOME (), Fletching, near Uckfield.

Object.—For ladies requiring rest and change. **Admission.**—Applications may be received through the Committees of the Charity Organisation Society, addressed to the Lady Superintendent. Weekly charge, including ale, 10s.; washing, &c., extra. Recommendation required from friends or clergymen, and certificate of sound mind. 'Consumptive and paralytic cases, or any requiring constant nursing, are inadmissible. **Management.**—Private.

* Special arrangements for the reception of ladies are also made at St. JOSEPH'S CONVALESCENT HOME, Chislehurst (p. 209); HOME OF REST, Cobham (p. 211); St. ELIZABETH'S HOUSE OF REST, Plympton (p. 214); and at the G. F. S. HOME OF REST, Malvern (p. 214).

SUSSEX LADIES' CONVALESCENT HOME (1876), Hygeia Lodge, Wadhurst.

Object.—'The reception of the wives and daughters of clergymen and other gentlemen of very limited incomes.' **Admission.**—By application to Miss Marian Watson Smyth, to whom the name and address of a clergyman, minister, or other gentleman willing to answer the usual inquiries, should be sent. Payment, 12s. and 14s. a week. No patients requiring surgical treatment received, nor is anyone admitted who is not a gentlewoman by birth and education. Fare from Charing Cross, 3rd class, 3s. 4d. **Management.**—Private. **Inmates** (1887).—69.

COUNTESS COWPER'S HOME OF REST FOR LADIES (1879), Hertingfordbury, near Hertford.

Object.—Specified in title. **Admission.**—By application to Countess Cowper, Panahanger, Hertford. Payment, 12s. 6d. a week. Doctor's certificate, stating that the person is not suffering from any infectious illness, &c., and a good reference required, for which purpose a form will be sent. Persons admitted are expected to stay not less than 1 week, and cannot be charged for less. They can remain for 1, 2, 3, or 4 weeks, by renewing their notice 3 days before the expiration of each week. Those wishing to stay longer than 4 weeks must apply for leave to Lady Cowper. **Management.**—By the matron under Lady Cowper. **Inmates** (1888).—40. Accommodation for 9.

HOUSE OF REST, OR, CONVALESCENT HOME (1872), Hartington House, Buxton.

Object.—To provide accommodation, at a moderate charge, for governesses and ladies of limited means. **Admission.**—Applications to be addressed to the Lady Superintendent, who will furnish a printed form, which must be signed by applicant's medical attendant. No one mentally afflicted or subject to fits is eligible, nor anyone so much of an invalid as to require personal attention. Terms, from 12s. 6d. to 15s. 6d. per week for board and lodging, to be paid in advance. Term of residence, 1 month; longer, by special permission. Applications attended to in order, exception being made only for governesses whose holidays are at and for a limited time. No stimulants allowed, except by medical certificate. **Inmates** make their own beds and pay their laundress. From December 1st to April 1st, 'the house will be closed except when Easter falls in March, when it will be open the week before Easter Sunday.' **Management.**—By Ladies' Committee, meeting quarterly. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £155; ladies' payments, £282. Bankers and Treasurers, Sheffield and Rotherham Bank, Buxton. Lady Superintendent, Miss Nisbett.

INLAND CONVALESCENT HOMES FOR CHILDREN.

CHILDREN'S FRESH AIR MISSION (1886).

Object.—To board out in country villages for two or three weeks poor London children, especially those in feeble health living in Holborn, Clerkenwell, and St. Luke's. **Admission.**—Free to those unable to pay, but the parents are expected to make a contribution towards the expense if possible, and in all cases to pay the railway fare.

Application on behalf of children should be made to the Treasurer. **Management.**—By Executive Committee of 9 ladies and gentlemen. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,175; parents' payments, £65. **Children Boarded Out** (1887).—1,762. Bankers, City Bank, Holborn Circus. Treasurer, W. Hazell, Esq., 6 Kirby Street, Hatton Garden, E.C., and 15 Russell Square, W.C.

CHILDREN'S COUNTRY HOLIDAYS FUND (1884), 10 Buckingham Street, Strand, W.C.

Object.—To give a country holiday of not less than a fortnight to ailing London children attending public elementary schools. **Admission.**—No nomination is necessary, the selection being made by Local Committees. Parents pay according to their means. The children are boarded with cottagers, under the supervision of responsible visitors. **Management.**—By Council, consisting of representatives of each Local Committee and 6 co-opted. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £8,794; parents' payments, £3,659; interest, £7. **Children boarded out** (1888).—17,637. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Hon. Alfred Lyttelton; Sec., Mr. Cyril Jackson.

POOR CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY (1887), 34 & 36 Piccadilly Circus, W.

Object.—To provide, amongst other benefits, change of air for children between the ages of 5 and 13 suffering from the oppressive conditions of their town life, or standing in need of country air for the benefit of their health. **Admission.**—Applications by responsible persons on behalf of children are considered in turn by a Committee. A medical certificate of freedom from infectious disease is required. **Management.**—By Executive Committee elected at the Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Total, £1,356, of which £47 was expended on the Holiday Home, Gillingham. Bankers, Herries & Co.; Williams, Deacon, & Co. Hon. Sec., Mr. A. S. Krausse.

NORTH ST. PANCRAS CHILDREN'S HOLIDAY FUND (1886).

Object.—To give poor children resident in North St. Pancras the advantages of a short holiday in the country. **Admission.**—Except under special circumstances, no child is eligible whose parents are earning more than 30s. a week. The general limit of age is between 5 and 15 years. The length of the holiday is about a week, and the parents are expected to contribute as far as possible towards the cost, and preference will be given to cases in which such contribution is forthcoming. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions, £146; proceeds of concert, £17. **Children boarded out** (1888).—378. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank, Kentish Town Road, N.W. President, Lady Lamington. Hon. Secs., D. Kemp West, Esq., Playford, Woodbridge; C. M. Bell, Esq., Dartmouth Park Avenue, N.W.

CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN (1869), Cromwell House, Highgate, N.

Object.—To receive sick children from the age of 2 to 12 years from the Hospital for Sick Children, Great Ormond Street, W.C. **Admission.**—At discretion of medical officer of the Hospital, where all cases must have been a week under treatment before admission. No

letter of recommendation is issued, and no charge is made. The Hospital is open all the year round, and contains 52 beds (32 for chronic cases, and 20 for convalescents). **Management.**—By Committee of Children's Hospital. **Income.**—Supported by the Children's Hospital funds. **Inmates.**—Chronic, 166; convalescent, 142. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, John Deacon, Esq.; Sec., Adrian Hope, Esq.; Lady Superintendent, Miss Kol.

CONVALESCENT HOME FOR CHILDREN (1880), Highgate, N. (In connection with All Saints' [Highgate] Mission House.)

Object.—To afford 'the benefit of the bracing air of Highgate, good food, and careful nursing, to poor children recovering from sickness.' **Admission.**—Every annual subscription of £1. 1s., or donation of £21, entitles to 1 letter yearly, which will admit a patient free for 3 weeks. 'Some few cases, such as those of children recovering from infectious diseases, are ineligible. It rests with the surgeon to admit or reject cases.' **Management.**—By Trustees (the vicar and churchwardens of All Saints) and Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £256. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 16. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank, Highgate. Treasurer, Mrs. Hochee, East End, Finchley, N.W.; Chaplain, Rev. E. Smith, All Saints', Highgate, N.

PADDINGTON COTTAGE, Wembley, Sudbury, Middlesex.

Object.—The reception of children leaving the PADDINGTON GREEN CHILDREN'S HOSPITAL (see p. 102). **Management.**—By a Committee.

COTTAGE HOME FOR DELICATE CHILDREN (GIRLS) (1883), Totteridge, Herts.

Object.—For poor London children in need of country air and nourishing food. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary marked on envelope 'T. C. H.' Age of admission, 4 to 13 years. Medical certificate required that the child is free from active disease, and has not been exposed to infection within the last 3 months. Length of stay 4 weeks, which may be extended in special cases. Payment, 3s. a week for those nominated by subscribers, or 5s. without nomination. Subscribers of £2 may nominate 1 child annually. Travelling expenses extra. **Management.**—By Lady Superintendent and Lady Patronesses. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £115; inmates' payments, £41. **Inmates** (1887).—88. Bankers, London and County Bank, Barnet. Treasurer and Lady Superintendent, Mrs. Stobart; Sec., Miss Stobart, Wykeham Rise, Totteridge.

ST. LAURENCE'S CONVALESCENT HOME FOR CHILDREN (1883), Gerrard's Cross, Slough.

Object.—For convalescents from hospitals or private homes. **Admission.**—Free by subscriber's letter, or by payment of 7s. 6d. per week. Annual subscribers of £1, and donors of £3. 3s., are entitled to 1 letter of admission for 4 weeks' stay. Medical certificate required. Cases of infectious disorders are ineligible. Boys and girls admitted from 3 to 11 years. Home closed during the winter. **Management.**—By Miss Forsyth. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £168; proceeds of entertainment, £71. Bankers, London & County, Slough. Treasurer, Miss Ethel Forsyth; Matron and Sec., Miss E. A. W. Faulkner.

BOYS' CONVALESCENT HOME, Woodley, near Reading (Mrs. Raigent's, Mustard Lane).

Object.—For boys under 18 recovering from illness, not of an infectious kind. **Admission.**—By subscriber's letter, or by payment of 10s. a week. The rules and management are the same as those of the Men's Home at Woodley (*see* p. 199). Accommodation for four.

METROPOLITAN CONVALESCENT INSTITUTION (1875). Children's Branch, Kingston Hill, Surrey. Office, 32 Sackville Street, Piccadilly, W.

Object.—To provide a convalescent home for children. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary at the office, accompanied by a subscriber's letter and medical certificate. Letters must be at the office by Monday for approval; if eligible, the order of admission will be forwarded to the applicant. Annual subscribers of £1. 1s. are entitled to recommend one patient yearly, and donors of £10. 10s. one patient yearly for life. Cases of phthisis in an advanced stage, and infectious diseases (while there is danger of communicating infection to others), are ineligible. The Home contains 170 beds. Inmates stay 3 weeks. The Home is open all the year round. The cost of the return journey from London is 10d. **Management.**—Committee elected by the Governors. **Income.**—Charged on the general fund of the Walton Convalescent Institution (*see* p. 195). **Inmates.**—912. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank, Pall Mall. Treasurers, Sir John Tilley, K.C.B., and R. B. Wade, Esq.; Sec., C. Holmes, Esq., at the Office.

CONVALESCENT HOME AND BOARDING SCHOOL (1874), The Elms, Mitcham.

Object.—The reception of 22 convalescent children and 52 boarders, between the ages of 2 and 17, girls, and between 2 and 10, boys. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec. Cases of consumption, epilepsy, and hip disease, convalescents from infectious diseases, and paupers, are ineligible. Certificates are required from a doctor. London cases are received. Payment, girls from 4 to 17, 4s. a week; boys and babies, 5s. a week; the boys are kept till 10 years old. For convalescents, an extra charge of 6d. a week each for washing. Board, lodging, schooling, and doctor, if required. Inmates remain as long as the payment is made. Payments made in advance. The Home is open all the year, and the school is under Government inspection. **Management.**—By Matron and Schoolmistress, appointed by Miss Herring, and Mrs. Gedge, Mitcham Hall, Surrey. **Income** (1887-8).—Inmates' payments, £360; 'Miss Herring pays any other expenses there may be.' **Inmates** (1887).—Boarders, 60; convalescents, 62. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, Miss Herring, 22 York Street, Portman Square, W.

CONVALESCENT HOME, Croydon.

Object.—The reception of children leaving the NORTH-EASTERN HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN (*see* p. 104). **Management.**—By the Hospital Committee.

ST. AGATHA'S CONVALESCENT HOME FOR INVALID CHILDREN (1876), Crescent Road, Beckenham, Kent.

Object.—To receive children of both sexes belonging to the middle and working classes, recovering from illness that is not infectious or contagious, but who are well enough to require no night attendance; with slight

wounds still unhealed, requiring dressing or care; blind, or deformed, or crippled, who merely require a little country air as a change. **Admission.**—Any friendless child, if there is a vacancy, admitted, provided some one is responsible for payment, at the rate of 8s. a week. **Age of admission:** girls, 5 to 14; boys, 5 to 12 years. Medical certificate, according to form, required that child is free from contagious or infectious disease, fits, idiocy, or insanity. Children must have no illness that makes it unhealthy for other children to sleep in the room, or be with them in the day. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £288; inmates' payments, £25; 'cots taken and kept filled by children,' £190. **Inmates.**—Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, J. K. Hawthorn, Esq. All communications should be addressed to the Lady-in-charge.

DUTCH ALMSHOUSES AND CONVALESCENT HOME (1886), Charlton, Kent.

Object.—The reception of children of Dutch parents in poor circumstances. **Admission.**—By application to the deacons of the Dutch Church, Austin Friars, E.C. Children are received during the summer months for a fortnight free of charge. **Management.**—By the Consistory of the Dutch Reformed Church. **Income.**—(No return.) **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 15.

'CROLE WYNDHAM' MEMORIAL HOME (1878), Shrewsbury House, Shooter's Hill, S.E.

Object.—The reception of convalescent children, 20 in number, between the ages of 4 and 10 years for boys, and 4 and 14 years for girls. **Admission.**—By application made to the Superintendent. Convalescents from consumption and hip disease are eligible, but convalescents from infectious diseases and those subject to fits are ineligible. Paupers are ineligible. Certificates of freedom from infectious disorders are required from a doctor. Payment, 5s. per week. Inmates remain 4 weeks and upwards. The Home is open all the year round. **Management.**—This is a private home. **Income** (1882).—Subscriptions, £2. 1s.; children's payments, £154. 8s. 6d.; balance of expenditure supplied by Foundress. **Inmates** (1888).—107. Lady Superintendent, Miss Miller.

LADY HILLINGDON'S HOME FOR SICK, CONVALESCENT, AND DELICATE GIRLS (1887), Avenue Lodge, Wildernesse, Sevenoaks.

Object.—The reception of girls between the ages of 3 and 15. **Admission.**—By application to the Matron. Children remain for a month or six weeks, or longer at the discretion of the medical officer. Payment, 2s. 6d. per week. Children recovering from infectious diseases, or suffering from skin diseases, offensive wounds, acute hip disease, subject to fits, idiotic, insane, or imbecile, are ineligible. **Management.**—Private institution. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 10. Matron, Mrs. Carnell.

CONVALESCENT HOME FOR CHILDREN (1870), Hawkenbury Hill, Tunbridge Wells.

Object.—The reception of convalescent children of both sexes, between the ages (girls) of 2 and 16 years, (boys) of 2 and 10 years. **Admission.**—By payment of 5s. 6d. per week (including washing) from May to October, and 3s. 6d. per week from October to May. Children admitted over the prescribed age pay £1. 1s. 6d. for the 4 weeks.

Subscribers of £1. 1s. a year in London may send one child for 4 weeks for 14s. Application must be made to the Secretary. Cases of eruptive fever, infection or contagion, epilepsy, idiocy, insanity, open wounds, or other ailments which require special attention, are ineligible. Certificate required from medical man of freedom from contagion or infection, and of vaccination. Inmates remain 4 weeks (except special cases). **Management.**—By Committee elected at the annual meeting of the governors. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions and donations, £204; payments for children, £174. **Inmates.**—144. Bankers, Whitfield, Molyneux, & Co. Treasurer, Rev. H. B. Sands; Secs., Miss Bone and Rev. B. F. James.

COTTAGE CONVALESCENT HOME FOR CHILDREN, Waltham St. Lawrence, Twyford, Berks.

Object.—For sickly children of either sex, under 8 years, and others convalescent after illness or injury, in need of fresh air and nourishing food. **Admission.**—On payment of 5s. per week. Application to be made to Miss Beale, at the Home. Medical certificate required in every case. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 7. **Income.**— . Secs., Miss Beale and Miss O. M. Beale.

CONVALESCENT HOME (1881), The Buttercups, Hurst, near Twyford, Berks.

Object.—‘The reception of children recovering from illness or requiring country air.’ **Admission.**—By letter of recommendation or by payment. Children must be between 1 and 8 years of age. Application must be made to Miss Whitaker, Hinton, near Twyford, Berks. A subscription of £1 entitles to a letter of recommendation, which admits for a stay of 4 weeks. Payment, without letter, 5s. a week. This includes everything except wine and medical attendance. Cases of epilepsy and convalescents from infectious diseases are ineligible. Certificates are required from a medical man. London cases are received when duly certified. Railway fare from Paddington to Twyford, 2s. 9½d. third class. **Management.**—Private. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £72; inmates’ payments, £110. **Inmates.**—68.

HOME FOR SICK CHILDREN (1886), Coldash, Newbury, Berks.

Object.—The reception of children between the ages of 3 and 13. **Admission.**—By application to the Lady Superintendent. Payment, if poor, 7s. a week, or free on recommendation of annual subscriber of £2. 2s. Time of stay, six weeks. Clothing is provided in the Home for all poor children. Cases of disease of the hip and spine, of the knee and elbow joint, paralysis, and cases after operations, are received. Those of a better class pay according to a higher scale, and are accommodated in a separate ward. A medical certificate is required stating that the child is free from infection, and is likely to be benefited by country air and treatment. **Management.**—By a Committee of ladies. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £36; patients’ payments, £233. **Patients** (1887-8).—46 (16 beds). Lady Superintendent and Secretary, Miss Bowditch.

CHILDREN’S CONVALESCENT COTTAGE HOME (1870), Burstead, Essex.

Object.—For children under 12 years of age who have not been suffering from any infectious disease. **Admission.**—Children are taken from the hospitals. No letter required; chiefly sent by the Samaritan

Society, London Hospital. There are 4 beds available. A medical certificate, stating nature of disease, also a paper containing child's name, age, and address. No weekly charge is made. Average stay 4 weeks. Cost of journey, single, 1s. 8d. for each child, including fly from station (6 miles). The Home is closed for 3 weeks in the year. **Management.**—A Committee of 5. **Income** (1886).—Charitable contributions, £52; invested funds, £1. 2s.; Hospital Saturday and Sunday Funds, £41. **Inmates.**—46. Treasurer, Miss E. Dalton; Superintendent, Mrs. Dalton, Melville Lodge, Brentwood.

BRAMBLE HILL CONVALESCENT HOME FOR CHILDREN (1874), Bramshaw, Lyndhurst, Hants.

Admission.—Cases from BELGRAVE HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN (p. 103) admitted free. Subscribers are entitled to recommend cases free or at 2s. 6d. per week, according to amount of subscription. Children sent by non-subscribers are charged 4s. per week. Infectious cases ineligible, as also boys over 12 and girls over 15. Length of stay, 1 month. The Home is only open from May to December. **Management.**—Private, by the Misses Glyn. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £47; patients' payments, £23; endowment, £29. **Patients.**—Accommodation for 7. Bankers, Glyn, Mills, & Co. Treasurer, Hon. P. Glyn; Hon. Sec., Miss Constance Glyn, Bramble Hill, Lyndhurst, Hants.

CHARLTON COTTAGE HOME (1870), Charlton, near Malmesbury, Wilts. (Certified to receive pauper cases, 1882.)

Object.—For children under 10 years of age. **Admission.**—By payment, 2s. 6d. a week with subscriber's letter, 4s. without. Application to be made to the Manager, Lady Victoria Howard, Charlton, Malmesbury.

CONVALESCENT HOME FOR CHILDREN (1885), Wellington, Somersetshire.

Object.—The reception of children between the ages of 3 and 15. **Admission.**—Free on application to Miss S. M. Elworthy, Foxdown, Wellington, Somerset. Infectious cases are not received. Length of stay, 3 months, or longer if deemed advisable. Home open all the year round. **Management.**—Private.

CONVALESCENT HOME FOR CHILDREN (1877), Arrowfield Top, near Alvechurch, Worcestershire.

Object.—'The reception of children between the ages of 3 and 14 years.' **Admission.**—A charge of 2s. a week is made, but this is remitted in cases of great need. The Home is intended for the patients of the Birmingham and Midland Free Hospital for Sick Children, but others are received when there is room; cases being selected by the Committee on application to the Hon. Secretary. Cases of epilepsy and convalescents from infectious diseases, or children suffering from wounds which require any amount of dressing, are ineligible. The railway fare from Birmingham is paid in cases of great poverty. Patients, as a rule, stay for a month, sometimes longer. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £213; payments for patients, £43. **Inmates.**—115. Bankers, Lloyd's Banking Company, Birmingham. Treasurer, Mrs. Lawley Parker, Chad Lodge, Edgbaston; Hon. Sec., Mrs. C. J. Bracey, 86 Hagley Road, Edgbaston.

CONVALESCENT HOME (1863), Solihull, Birmingham.

Object.—For children only. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Lady Superintendent. The number of beds available is 12. Medical certificate required; the weekly charge is 2s., and the average stay 1 month; the Home is open 11 months in the year. **Management.**—**Income (1887).**—Inmates' payments, £130. **Inmates.**—Bankers, Lloyd's Banking Company, Solihull. Treasurer and Hon. Lady Superintendent, Mrs. Evans, The Rectory, Solihull.

MISS PARKER'S CONVALESCENT HOME FOR CHILDREN (1884), Broombriggs, Woodhouse Eaves, near Loughborough.

Object.—For the children of the poor in large inland towns, and in London, in need of rest and fresh air. **Admission.**—By payment of 5s. a week. A medical certificate of freedom from all infection and non-liability to fits must be sent with each child. Girls admitted between the ages of 3 and 14; boys between 3 and 9. No child is allowed to bring anything, clothes or otherwise, except those it comes in. Persons sending children are requested to give a week's notice, after which time the vacancy may be filled up. Application should be made to Miss Parker at the Home. **Management.**—Private, by Miss Parker. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 12.

CONVALESCENT HOME (1868), Meanwood, Leeds.

Object.—To provide convalescent accommodation for children between the ages of 3 and 12. **Admission.**—Upon application to the Matron or Lady Superintendent, accompanied by a subscriber's letter of recommendation. Certificates of medical officers are required. A payment of 1s. a week is expected in each case from the parents. Subscribers can recommend one patient for each £1. 1s. contributed. Each recommendation is available for 3 weeks. **Management.**—By Ladies' Committee. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £315; invested funds, £55; parents' payments, £29. **Inmates (1887).**—201. Bankers, Beckett & Co. Treasurer, T. G. Teale, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. A. Powys; Matron, Miss Anne Brown.

VII.—NURSING INSTITUTIONS.

THIS section includes associations for training nurses and for nursing the sick in their own homes, to the exclusion of private and proprietary agencies which simply supply nurses. It should, however, be pointed out that hospitals are to be regarded as training schools for nurses, but it has not been thought necessary to repeat any of the entries relating to those institutions, although in many cases (as, for instance, at St. Bartholomew's, Guy's, London, and Middlesex Hospitals) special arrangements are made for supplying nurses to private families. Reference should be made to the section relating to HOSPITALS (pp. 85–127) for further information on this head. Some difficulty has been experienced in placing institutions which are primarily of a distinctly religious and missionary character, but at the same time devote a considerable amount of attention to the nursing of the sick. Some of them take the form of sisterhoods—both Anglican and Roman—under strict rules, whilst in others only a simple profession of belief in the truths of Evangelical principles is required. Further information as to institutions of this kind will be found under the head of MISSIONS. Special pension funds for nurses are dealt with in the section relating to PENSIONS.

THE QUEEN'S JUBILEE NURSING FUND (1887).

Object.—The foundation of an institution for promoting the education and maintenance of nurses for the sick poor in their own homes. No definite arrangements have as yet been concluded with regard to the details and management of this fund, which was originated by Her Majesty in the Jubilee year. The surplus of the Women's Jubilee Offering, amounting to £72,588, has been handed over to three trustees, the Duke of Westminster, Sir James Paget, and Sir Rutherford Alcock, who have made a report to Her Majesty, recommending that the work should be carried on in connection with the Royal Hospital of St. Katherine, founded in 1148. An application for a Royal Charter is now (March 1889) before the Privy Council, but no further particulars can yet be given.

NIGHTINGALE FUND (1860).

Object.—‘Training, sustenance, and protection of nurses and hospital attendants.’ Funds mainly employed in maintaining training school for nurses at St. Thomas's Hospital, Westminster Bridge, S.E. **Admission.**—Those wishing hospital training should apply to the Matron, Miss Pringle, on Tuesday or Friday at 11 a.m. Age desirable, 25 to 35, single or widows. Certificate of age &c., according to form, required. Term of training one year, which may be extended three months. Probationers are lodged in the Home at the hospital, receiving board, washing, and payment, in clothing and money of £16 during training. On completion, registered as certified nurses. During three years succeeding they must enter service as hospital nurses in such situations as may be offered by the Committee. If nurse has served satisfactorily, gratuity of £2 a year given. A limited number of gentlewomen admitted as special probationers, to fill superior situations in hospitals or in district nursing. They pay £30 by two instalments towards maintenance during year of training. They must serve for two years in situations offered by Committee. On payment of £52 time may be limited to one year after leaving the school. Occasional vacancies occur for admission free of expense. **Management.**—Council appointed by Miss Nightingale. **Income** (1888).—Probationers' fees, £190; invested funds, £1,591. Nurses in training, 31. Pupil nurses who completed training, 29. Sec., Henry Bonham Carter, Esq., 5 Hyde Park Square, W.

METROPOLITAN AND NATIONAL NURSING ASSOCIATION (1874). Office, 23 Bloomsbury Square, W.C.

Object.—To train and provide skilled nurses for sick poor; to establish a training-school for nurses in connection with one of the London hospitals; to raise the standard of nursing and the social position of nurses; to assist in establishing in London and the provinces district organisation. **Admission.**—Persons or institutions requiring the services of a nurse should apply to Superintendent. These nurses do not remain with the sick, except after operations and in highly infectious cases, but pay daily visits, and are not, as a rule, employed on night duty. They attend obstetrical cases only when specially set apart for this duty. Those wishing to become nurses should apply to Superintendent. They reside in the Central Home a month, on trial, and then pass to Hospital Training School for Nurses, as nurse probationer, for a year's training. On satisfactory completion of hospital course, probationer returns to Central Home, and receives further training and technical class instruction for six months, when training usually completed. She is then entered upon the register, and either engaged by the Association or recommended for employment as a district nurse. Nurse candidates on admission to Home pay £5 for board, &c., during month's trial. Probationers pay for maintenance during year's training £30, in two instalments. On re-entry into Home they pay £5 towards expenses for further class instruction, and at the rate of £3 a month for maintenance during further training. Occasional vacancies occur for admission of nurse probationers free of all charge for maintenance. Those unable to pay, allowed to postpone payment of whole or portion until after completion of training, when amount is deducted from salary, which is, first year, £35, increasing £3 yearly, until sixth year, when (at £50) increase ceases. Branch Associations have been formed at Holloway, Paddington, Clapham, Hampstead, Kennington, Walworth, Westminster, and Chelsea; and also at Windsor, Bishop Auckland, Hereford, Banbury, and Hertford. These associations work upon the same lines as the parent association, but are managed by independent local committees. **Management.**—Council appointed by General Meeting; Executive Committee elected by Council. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions, donations, and church collections, £919; fees from patients and probationers, £87. **Cases nursed**, from Central Home, 665; visits paid, 19,000; nurses in training, 6; nurses employed, 8. Bankers, Cocks, Biddulph, & Co. Treas., G. T. Biddulph, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Rev. D. Craven, at the offices; Supt., Miss Mansel.

WORKHOUSE INFIRMARY NURSING ASSOCIATION (1879), 6 Adam Street, Adelphi, W.C.

Object.—'To promote the employment of paid and efficiently trained nurses in all workhouse infirmaries and sick asylums, under hospital trained superintendents.' **Admission.**—Application for trained nurses must be made to the Secretary, at the office, between 11 and 12. Salary expected, not less than £20 a year. Women desirous of being trained for nurses must apply as above. Probationer applicants must be over 20 years of age, and of good health and character. They are trained at various hospitals and infirmaries. No payment first year, but partial uniform, board and lodging allowed. The course lasts one year. **Management.**—By General and Working Committee, which meets once a month. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £229; associates and probationers' payments, &c., £24. **Nurses supplied** (1887).—77 now at work. Treasurer, H. Hardcastle, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Miss Wilson, 45 Colville Gardens, W.

**GRAND PRIORY OF THE ORDER OF THE HOSPITAL
OF ST. JOHN OF JERUSALEM IN ENGLAND**
(1092), St. John's Gate, Clerkenwell, E.C. (Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

Object.—One of the objects of the Order is to provide for the local training of nurses for the sick poor. Grand Prior, His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales; Almoner, Viscount Templetown; Assistant-Secretary and Assistant-Almoner, J. H. Easterbrook, Esq.

ST. JOHN'S HOUSE (1848), 6, 7, & 8 Norfolk St., Strand, W.C.

Object.—Training and employment of nurses for hospitals, the poor, and private families. **Admission.**—Persons requiring nurses should apply to the Sister Superior. The rates are from 1½ guineas a week, according to the nature of the illness. As far as circumstances will permit, nurses are supplied to the poor gratuitously. Those desirous of becoming nurses should apply to the Sister Superior. They must be members of the Church of England, and able to read and write well. They engage for three years, during which they are in the service of the Institution. Age, 24 to 38 years, single or widows. Certificate of age, health, &c., required. St. John's House entirely supports a maternity home of 15 beds at Chelsea, which trains monthly nurses, while supplying to poor married women during confinement medical attendance with proper care, and comfort in a home, from whence also others are attended at their own homes. (See p. 108.) A *Nurses' Pension Fund* provides pensions for nurses in old age. **Management.**—Council elected by the Governors. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £378; nursing services, £7,222; domestic services at hospitals, £990; pupil nurses' payments, £520; legacies, £500; nurses' pension fund, £250. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurer, Bartle J. L. Frere, Esq.

**WESTMINSTER TRAINING SCHOOL AND HOME FOR
NURSES (1874), 27 Queen Anne's Gate, S.W.**

Object.—Nursing of the sick, the poor in Westminster Hospital, or private families; also the training of nurses. **Admission.**—Persons or institutions requiring nurses should apply to the Matron, Westminster Hospital. Charges for nurses, £1. 11s. 6d. weekly, ordinary cases; two guineas, infectious or special. Persons wishing to be trained as nurses should apply to the Matron, Westminster Hospital. Age preferred, 25 to 35. They must undergo a training of one year—board, lodging, washing, and uniform being found by the Institution. After training they must serve for two years in the employment found them by the Committee, and they will be paid £10 first, £20 second, and £22 third year. **Management.**—Committee. **Income.**—'Derived from services of the nurses, assisted by donations and subscriptions, amount uncertain.' **Persons benefited (1887).**—2,003 in Westminster Hospital, 44 private cases. Bankers, Messrs. Ransom, Bouverie, & Co. Hon. Treasurer, G. Helmore, Esq.; Hon. Secretary, Mrs. John Thynne, Little Cloisters, Westminster Abbey, S.W.; Lady Superintendent, Miss Pyne, Westminster Hospital, S.W., or at the Home.

**WESTMINSTER NURSING ASSOCIATION. (Affiliated to the
Western Dispensary, Rochester Row, Westminster, S.W.)**

Object, &c.—Conducted on the same lines as the METROPOLITAN AND NATIONAL NURSING ASSOCIATION, p. 226. **Persons benefited (1883).**—Cases nursed, 269; visits paid by nurses, 5,695.

INSTITUTION OF NURSES FOR NERVOUS AND MENTAL DISORDERS (1865), 1 Northop Street, Grosvenor Square, W.

Object.—To train and supply nurses for nervous and mental disorders (not infectious cases); to attend specially upon ladies. **Admission.**—Nurses can be obtained by application to the Resident Superintendent. Persons desirous of being engaged as nurses must be Protestants of the highest moral character. Candidates are received on probation or for training for not less a period than three months. They pay an entrance fee of £2, which is returned to them if engaged by the institution, but not otherwise. The stipend payable is £20 per annum for the first three years, £23 after three years' service, £26 after six years', and £29 after nine years' service. A uniform is supplied, and they are maintained at the home during the periods of their engagement. After 12 years' service they are eligible for a pension of £20 a year. Nurses are engaged at the age of 25; if younger, a deduction is made in their salary, and they are under-nurses or assistants. **Management.**—**Pensioned Nurses.**—5. **Income** (1887-8).—From all sources, £945. The Institution is self-supporting. Superintendent, Mrs. Caldwell.

HAMILTON ASSOCIATION FOR PROVIDING TRAINED MALE NURSES (1885), 22 South Audley Street, W.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—Male nurses who have received hospital training are placed on the roll upon production of satisfactory certificates of qualification and references as to character. Entrance fee, £1, with a further fee of £1 as caution money. Nurses are supplied for ordinary cases at a weekly rate, varying from £1. 1s. to £4. 4s.; special cases by arrangement. Some of the sick poor residing in the neighbourhood of the office have been nursed gratuitously, and as the Association is not carried on for purposes of gain, it is intended to extend this branch of work as funds permit. **Management.**—By Committee of gentlemen, elected at annual meeting of subscribers. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions and donations, £231; nurses' wages, £1,402; entrance and registration fees, &c., £37. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England, Mayfair, W. Treasurer, Miss Jane Hamilton; Hon. Sec. and Medical Superintendent, F. A. Cox, Esq., M.B.

NURSING SISTERS OF ST. JOHN THE DIVINE, 68 and 70 Drayton Gardens, South Kensington, S.W.

Object.—The training of nurses, and the supply of trained nurses to private families. Applications for nurses should be made to the Sister-Superior. The nursing staff numbers over 100. The regulations for the training of nurses, either ladies or respectable women of other classes, may be obtained on application to the Sister-Superior. **Management.**—By the Community. Treasurer, Hector F. Monro, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Lieut.-General Nicholls; Sister-Superior, Selina Willson.

CHELSEA AND PIMLICO DISTRICT NURSING ASSOCIATION (1888).

Objects, &c.—Conducted on the same lines as the METROPOLITAN AND NATIONAL NURSING ASSOCIATION (see p. 226). (Arrangements not yet concluded). Hon. Secs., Rev. H. Thornton Pearse, and Mrs. Leedham White, 25 Cranley Gardens, S.W.

MISSION NURSES' HOME (1888), 118 Edgware Road, W. (In connection with the Church Army.)

Object.—To provide a training home for mission nurses. **Admission.**—The course of training extends over ten weeks, a greater part of the last six being spent at one of the great London hospitals. They are also trained in district visiting and rescue work. Nurses are sent out at the request of a parish clergyman; their usual stay in a parish will be twelve months. Application to be made to the Central Secretary, Rev. J. J. Chamberlain, 128 and 130 Edgware Road, W.

PADDINGTON AND MARYLEBONE DISTRICT NURSING ASSOCIATION (1881), 510 Edgware Road, W.

Object, &c.—Conducted on the same lines as the METROPOLITAN AND NATIONAL NURSING ASSOCIATION, p. 226. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £604; offertories, £141; offerings by patients, £33. **Number benefited** (1887).—Cases nursed, 972. Bankers, City Bank, Edgware Road. Treasurers, H. Bonham Carter, Esq., and Frank Debenham, Esq.; Superintendent, Miss K. Persée.

ST. MARY MAGDALENE'S HOME FOR TRAINED NURSES, 3 Delamere Crescent, Upper Westbourne Terrace, W.

Object.—'To provide good and reliable nurses for attending on the sick in private families.' **Admission.**—Probationers must be 24 years of age, well recommended, and members of the Church of England. Period of training, one year. Payment for training is made by the institution to the hospital to which the probationers are sent. **Management.**—By Miss Hilliard, appointed by the vicar of the parish.

LONDON DIOCESAN DEACONESS' INSTITUTION (1861), 12 Tavistock Crescent, Westbourne Park, W.

Object.—To revive the primitive order of Deaconesses. Educated women are trained at the Home in parochial work, nursing, and in teaching. In addition to the work proper—parochial work—the Deaconesses carry on the following: (1) St. Gabriel's Home, for training girls for domestic service; (2) St. Michael's Convalescent Home, Westgate-on-Sea (see p. 170); (3) St. Andrew's Cottage Convalescent Home, Upper Deal (see p. 183); (4) St. Agnes' Mission (formerly the Lily Mission). **Admission.**—The conditions of admission may be obtained by application to the Head Sister. All who become Deaconesses are required to have an earnest purpose of life-work, and should regard themselves as entirely dedicated to their office. After a certain period of probation, they are solemnly set apart by the Bishop, by prayer and laying-on of hands. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Deaconesses.**—18 deaconesses, 8 probationers, and 8 associates. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £355; dividends, £186; parochial missions, £500; sisters' and visitors' payments, £290; girls' payments, £216. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Bosanquets. Warden and Treasurer, Rev. G. F. Prescott, Vicar of St. Michael's, Paddington; Chaplain, Rev. H. B. Bromby; Head Sister, Deaconess Christine Mennie.

HAMPSTEAD NURSING ASSOCIATION, 14 Lyndhurst Road, Hampstead, N.W.

Objects, &c.—Conducted on the same lines as the METROPOLITAN AND NATIONAL NURSING ASSOCIATION, p. 226. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £333; grant from Wells and Campden Charity, £100; offer-

tories and collections, £111. **Persons benefited** (1887).—Cases nursed, 242; visits paid by nurses, 8,987. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Bosanquets, Hampstead. Treasurer, T. Taylor, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Cash, East Heath Road; Superintendent, Miss Spring.

NORTH LONDON NURSING ASSOCIATION (1881), 413 Holloway Road, N.

Objects, &c.—Conducted on the same lines as the METROPOLITAN AND NATIONAL NURSING ASSOCIATION, p. 226. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £478; proceeds of concerts, entertainments, and lecture, £70; church parades, £42; offertories and collecting boxes, £150; patients' offerings, £20; invested funds, £8. **Number benefited** (1887).—Cases nursed, 2,228; visits paid by nurses, 29,009. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank, 403 Holloway Road, N. Hon. Treasurer, Isaac Butler, Esq., 235 Camden Road, N.; Superintendent, Miss D. Lüttichau.

EAST END LONDON DIOCESAN DEACONESSES' HOME (1880), 2 and 3 Sutton Place, Hackney, E.

Object.—'To provide deaconesses, or church-workers, for parishes in the East of London.' **Admission.**—Candidates must be members of the Church of England, between the ages of 23 and 40 as a rule. After training in the Home, if approved, they will be solemnly set apart by the bishop. The training is in all the various parts of parish work, such as nursing, Sunday school teaching, Bible classes, night schools, parish clubs, soup kitchens, needlework societies, mothers' meetings, &c. Ladies who do not wish to enter for training can join as associates. **Management.**—By the Council of the East London Church Fund, which is composed of *ex-officio* members and others appointed by the Bishop Suffragan for East London. **Income.**—Is provided partly by payments and subscriptions, partly by the East London Church Fund. **Deaconesses.**—16 deaconesses, 13 probationers, and 37 associates. Chaplain, Rev. F. E. Gardiner, Rector of Hackney; Head Deaconess, Sister Alice Bannister, 2 Sutton Place, Hackney, E.; Hon. Sec., the Rev. W. Frazer Nash, Vestry, St. Andrew's Undershaft, E.C.

EAST END DISTRICT HOME (1880), 1 Montague Place, East India Dock Road, Poplar, E.

Object.—To provide a residence for nurses, and a place of call for those needing their services. **Management.**—By the Community of the Nursing Sisters of St. John the Divine, 68 and 70 Drayton Gardens, South Kensington, S.W. (*see* p. 228). **Cases assisted** (1888).—914; confinements, 202.

THE EAST LONDON NURSING SOCIETY (1868), 49 Philpot Street, Commercial Road, E.

Object.—To provide skilled and efficient nursing at their own homes for the poor of East London. 'The limits of the Society's operations are bounded by the river on the south and by the City on the west, within workable limits on the other two sides.' **Management.**—By a Committee, comprising clergy and lady visitors in districts which have a nurse, sundry subscribers, and local workers. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £1,763; collections and offertories, £68; drawing-room meetings, £180. **Cases attended.**—1,935 serious and 1,076 of slighter illness, or chronic indisposition; number of visits, 73,000. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurers, the Hon. Mrs. Stuart-Wortley and Percy

Wigram, Esq.; Sec., Mr. A. W. Lacey, at the office. *Matrons*—*Northern Division*: Miss L. Taylor, 49 Philpot Street, Commercial Road, E.; *Southern Division*: Mrs. Harvey, 186 High Street, Shadwell, E.; *Eastern Division*: Mrs. Core, 16 Tomlin Grove, Bow, E.

EVANGELICAL PROTESTANT DEACONESSSES' INSTITUTION AND HOSPITAL, The Green, Tottenham.

Object.—'The training of Christian women to serve as deaconesses, that is to say, as working, teaching, and nursing sisters, but who shall not be subject to any obligation or vow of celibacy.' **Admission.**—Candidates must not be less than 17, nor more than 35 years of age, in good health, not engaged for marriage, and, if minors, must obtain written consent of parents (if living), together with a recommendation from their pastor, testifying as to their Evangelical principles. They are received as Probationary Sisters for a year, and as By-Sisters for another year, when they are solemnly set apart for their calling, which it is expected they will continue to pursue, unless some unforeseen event prevent their doing so. The training is carried out in the hospital connected with the Institution (see p. 93). Deaconesses are sent to nurse in public institutions and in private families. **Management.**—By Council, appointed by trustees. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions and donations, £3,388; paying patients, £385; out-patients' pence, £209; collecting boxes, £57; sundry sales, £58. **Number benefited** (1887-8).—Cases nursed in hospital, 721; out-patients, 10,952. Sisters employed, 66, distributed as follows: Cork Union, 2; Sunderland, 18; South Dublin Union, 3; King's Cliff Hospital, Scarborough, 2; parent house, 41. In 45 private families the Sisters nursed 764 days and nights. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, John Morley, Esq.; Director, M. Laceron, Esq., M.D.; Lady Superintendent, Sister Christian.

NEWINGTON DISTRICT NURSING ASSOCIATION (1887), 302 Walworth Road, S.E.

Objects, &c.—Conducted on the same lines as the METROPOLITAN AND NATIONAL NURSING ASSOCIATION, p. 226. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions and donations, £220. **Number benefited** (1887-8).—Cases nursed, 207; visits paid by nurses, 5,800. Bankers, London & County, Newington Butts. Treasurers, T. Gage Gardiner, Esq., and C. F. Hall, Esq.

SOUTH LONDON DISTRICT NURSING ASSOCIATION (1883), Marmion Road, Lavender Hill, S.W.

Object, &c.—Conducted on the same lines as the METROPOLITAN AND NATIONAL NURSING ASSOCIATION, p. 226. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £641; proceeds of entertainments, £72; offerings from patients, £19. **Number benefited** (1887).—Cases nursed, 504. Treasurer, J. F. Schwann, Esq.; Superintendent, Miss Rayner.

ST. ALBAN'S DIOCESAN INSTITUTION FOR TRAINED NURSES (1873) All Saints' Terrace, Witham; 6 Es- meralda, Walton-on-the-Naze; Rose Valley, Brentwood; and 40 Manor Street, Braintree.

Object.—To provide thoroughly qualified medical or surgical nurses for those who are in a position to pay, and to nurse the poor gratuitously in the neighbourhood of the various centres as far as the means of the Institution will allow. Application to be made to the Lady Superin-

tendent or Sister-in-charge at any of the above-mentioned centres. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £278; nursing fees, £851; Braintree centre, £100; patients at homes, £13; sundry receipts, £20; charitable fund, £379. **Nurses employed**.—24. **Manager**, Hon. Mrs. Claughton, The Palace, Danbury; **Lady Supt.**, Miss M. A. Luard, Witham; **Treas. and Sec.**, Rev. R. T. Crawley, North Ockendon Rectory, Romford.

INSTITUTION OF NURSING SISTERS (1840), 4 Devonshire Square, Bishopsgate, E.

BRITISH NURSING ASSOCIATION AND TRAINING SCHOOL FOR PROTESTANT NURSES (1867), 3A Cambridge Place, Paddington, W.

ZENANA AND MEDICAL MISSION HOME AND SCHOOL FOR LADIES (1880), 58 St. George's Road, S.W.

Object.—‘To train ladies of all Protestant Christian denominations to be missionaries, and, at the same time, to give them a competent knowledge of medicine.’ The Committee does not send out missionaries.

Admission.—All Protestant Christians are admissible as pupils. Students can study general and special diseases at the hospitals affiliated; medicine, minor surgery, midwifery, and other subjects necessary, at the institution for medical and surgical education; also eye diseases and skin diseases. **Fees**, £5. 5s. a term; course, two years; certificate granted on passing examination at the end of two years. Residents pay £1. 1s. a week for board and lodging; partial boarders (dinner and tea), 10s. 6d. a week. Contributors of 50 guineas and upwards have the privilege of having one pupil in the Home for one year; of 100 guineas, for two years; free of all charge, except personal expenses. Applicants are admitted for a month as probationers, after which they are retained, or not, at discretion of the Committee. Pupils have opportunities of preparing themselves to be missionaries by visiting the poor, &c. Classes are held for systematic instruction in the Holy Scriptures. **MATERNITY DEPARTMENT**.—‘Married women can be attended in their confinements free of charge by the ladies of the Home. **Management**.—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £537; students' fees, £365; dividends, £11; sale of work, £25; miscellaneous, £21. **Inmates**.—15. **Bankers**, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. **Treas.**, G. J. Green, Esq.; **Lady Supt.**, Mrs. Gill; **Hon. Sec.**, Dr. de G. Griffith, 34 St. George's Square, S.W.

COUNTRESS OF DUFFERIN'S FUND: NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR SUPPLYING FEMALE MEDICAL AID TO THE WOMEN OF INDIA (1885).

Objects.—(a) Medical tuition, including the teaching and training in India of women as doctors, hospital nurses, and midwives; (b) medical relief, including the establishment of hospitals and dispensaries for women under the direction of persons of their own sex, the opening of female wards under female superintendence, &c.; the supply of trained nurses and midwives for women and children in hospitals and private houses. **Management**.—By a Central Committee and Branch Committees in various parts of India. **Income** (1887).—£21,900. **Bankers**, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta. **President**, the Marchioness of Lansdowne; **Hon. Sec.**, W. R. Lawrence, Esq., B.C.S., Viceroy's Camp, India. **Corresponding Committee in the United Kingdom**: **President**, the Marchioness of Dufferin and Ava; **Hon. Sec.**, Col. John Robertson, C.I.E., 65 Kensington Gardens Square, W. **Bankers**, Coutts & Co.

IV.—RELIEF IN DISTRESS (PERMANENT).

I.—HOMES FOR AGED AND INCAPACITATED.

These Homes are arranged according to the following plan:—

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Homes for Ladies	249
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It will be apparent that a certain amount of overlapping takes place in consequence of the adoption of this method of classification, but it was the only practical arrangement which suggested itself. Many of the Homes here enumerated are scarcely distinguishable from the *Benevolent Institutions* described in a subsequent section of the work, and to which reference should be made. Almshouses and similar institutions, available only for the inhabitants of a particular parish or district, and supported by endowments, are included in the section dealing with *Local Charities*. In seeking for any particular Institution, or for Homes suitable to any special class of persons, reference should be made to the Index.

HOMES FOR MEN.

CHARTERHOUSE (1611), Charterhouse Square, E.C.

Object.—To provide a home and pension for 80 men who have seen better days. **Admission.**—By nomination by Governors in the following order, as vacancies occur:—The Queen; the Prince of Wales; Earl of Devon, Archbishop of York, Lord Selborne, Earl Brownlow, Bishop of Rochester, Duke of Richmond and Gordon, Viscount Cranbrook, John G. Talbot, Esq., M.P., Lord Coleridge, Archbishop of Canterbury, Earl Granville, Lord Rollo, Bishop of London, Lord Clinton, Rev. Canon Elwyn (Master), Duke of Westminster. Application must be made to the Registrar, who is not at liberty to say which Governor is next in turn to nominate. Candidates must be at least 60 years of age, not possess an income of £60 a year, or property of that annual value, and be bachelors or widowers, British subjects by birth or denization, 'deserving men of good character, being or having been officers in the Army or Navy, clergymen, merchants, or persons engaged in trading, professional, agricultural, or other similar occupations, who have become reduced by misfortune or accident without their own wilful default.' A certificate is required from two respectable persons (one a clergyman) that the nominee is a member of the Church of England, and of good character and conduct, which, with register of baptism, must be forwarded to the Registrar 14 days before admission. Persons blind or helpless from

infirmity of mind or body are not eligible. Inmates have an apartment, with coal and candles; their rooms kept clean by a nurse, and extra attendance, when necessary from sickness; dinner in hall, and supply of bread and butter daily; advice and medicine in sickness; £36 a year; and a black cloth cloak once in two years. **Inmates.**—50. **Master,** Rev. Canon Elwyn; **Registrar,** Harry W. Lee, Esq.

MORDEN COLLEGE (1695), Blackheath, S.E.

Object.—An Asylum for poor merchants, being members of the Church of England, and single persons of the age of 50 years at the least at the time of their admission. **Admission.**—Every candidate is required to present a memorial to the Trustees, through the Treasurer, setting forth: his age; whether widower or bachelor; whether of the Established Church or not; the nature of his dealings as a merchant; whether he was a ship owner; and whether, being a bankrupt, he received his certificate. He must also signify his consent to abide by the rules and regulations, and after having signed the memorial, he must procure an attestation of the truth of his representations, with a recommendation of his case and general character, for the consideration of the Trustees. This attestation must be subscribed by some respectable merchants and friends to whom he is personally known. Previously to preparing the memorial, the applicant must communicate personally, if possible, with the Treasurer, and produce a certificate of regular attendance at the service of the Church of England and at the Holy Communion. The money allowance to each member annually is £100, besides £6. 10s. for washing, and £2. 2s. candle-money, 28 sacks of coal, and wood for lighting fires, also bread and ale for dinner, and furniture if required to the value of £25. There are servants to clean the apartments, which consist of a sitting room, a sleeping room, and a cellar. Fifty out-pensions, of £80 a year and under, are also granted. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Income** (1887).—Invested funds, £75,000, endowment by rents, £12,000. **Inmates.**—40. **Bankers,** Messrs. Roberts, Lubbock, & Co. **Treasurer,** H. E. Rivers, Esq., at the College.

CLOTHWORKERS' (HEATH'S) ALMSHOUSES (1640), 34 Essex Road, Islington, N.

Object.—To provide houses for 10 poor freemen of the Clothworkers' Company, who receive £20 annually, with coals, medical attendance, &c. **Management.**—By the Clothworkers' Company, in whom the property is vested.

BANCROFT ALMSHOUSES (1727), Mile End Road, E.

Object.—To provide houses for 30 poor men, preferably freemen of the Drapers' Company. **Admission.**—By election of the Court of the Drapers' Company, in whom the charity is vested. No prescribed limit of age, but aged men are generally selected. Their wives are admitted with them, but cannot remain when they become widows. Inmates are allowed a pension of £30 per annum, with coals, medical attendance, &c. **Management.**—By Drapers' Company. **Clerk,** W. P. Sawyer, Esq., **Drapers' Hall,** 27 Throgmorton Street, E.C.

STANSTEAD COLLEGE (1852).

Object.—For the support and benefit of decayed merchants of London, Liverpool, and Bristol, being members of the Church of England. **Income.**—£615. **Messrs. Wadeson & Malleson,** 11 Austin Friars, E.C.

ROYAL ALFRED AGED MERCHANT SEAMEN'S INSTITUTION (1867), Belvedere, Kent. Office, 58 Fenchurch Street, E.C.

Object.—To give a home or a pension to destitute and aged merchant sailors. **Admission.**—By nomination of Committee, and election of subscribers. Candidates must be masters, officers, engineers, seamen, or firemen of the Mercantile Marine of the United Kingdom, having served 21 years, and being 65 years of age. Beneficiary candidates are allowed votes in full for all moneys paid. Committee have at all elections the right of nominating one-fifth of number to be admitted, subscribers electing the other four-fifths. Men in receipt of £20 a year, or in unions or workhouses, are ineligible. Inmates must surrender all pensions or allowances they receive from other sources while they are in the Home. Elections are usually in January and June. All officers, domestics, labourers, &c. are chosen, if available, from merchant seamen, their wives widows, or orphans—subscribers and their relatives preferred. Industrial wards are established for voluntary employment; the net produce of each man's labour being at his own disposal. **Management.**—Committee; one-third retire annually, but are then eligible for re-election at General Meeting of subscribers. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £4,410; dividends, £343; legacies, £445; other sources, £273. **Inmates.**—99. **Out-Pensioners.**—190. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, Robert Williams, Jun., Esq.; Sec., W. E. Denny, at the Offices.

DROVERS' BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1844), Cattle Market, N. Office, 5 Adelaide Place, London Bridge.

Object.—Relief by pensions, and an asylum, of licensed drovers. **Admission.**—By election. Candidates must be over 60 years of age, or unable to labour, which latter must be verified by medical certificate, and must not have been convicted of any crime, cruelty to animals, or lost their license through gross misconduct. Elections occur in November yearly. Pensioner being married man, Committee may permit his wife to be with him in Almshouses, it being understood that she has no claims on the Institution. Each inmate is allowed coals and candles. Pensions are 8s. weekly. At death of any pensioner, or wife of pensioner, Committee may award not exceeding £5 to husband, relations, or friends. If leaving widow, Committee may permit her to remain inmate in Almshouses, and make her an allowance of not exceeding 6s. a week. If donor or subscriber become candidate, he is entitled for every 10s. 6d. contributed to as many votes as there are pensioners to be elected at each election. **Management.**—Committee of not less than twelve members, appointed by election. **Income** (1887).—£1,440. **Inmates.**—Bankers, Hill & Son, West Smithfield, E.C. Treasurer, Mr. G. Gregory, 224 Kentish Town Road, N.W.; Sec., Mr. F. W. Pellatt.

TRINITY HOSPITAL (*see under Greenwich Local Charities*).

PARMITER'S ALMSHOUSE (1681), Parmiter Street, Bethnal Green, E.

Object.—To provide a house and yearly allowance of £10. 10s. to 59 almsmen. **Admission.**—By Trustees. Application to be made to R. Voss, Esq., Vestry Clerk, Bethnal Green, E.

HOMES FOR MEN AND WOMEN.

AGED PILGRIMS' ASYLUMS (1835), Sedgmoor Place, Southampton Street, Camberwell, S.E.; (1871) Hazelville Road, Hornsey Rise, N.; (1884) Vartry Road, Stamford Hill, N.; (1879) Egremont Place, Brighton. Offices, 83 Finsbury Pavement, E.C.

Object.—Reception of pensioners on the Aged Pilgrims' Friend Society (see p. 261). **Admission.**—By election of subscribers to the Aged Pilgrims' Friend Society and Asylums. Candidates must be 'poor aged believers in the Lord Jesus Christ,' of any Protestant denomination, and deemed eligible by Committee of Aged Pilgrims' Friend Society, and *approved candidates or pensioners on the same*. One room supplied to each inmate. Married couple can only occupy one room, and at death of person elected, the other, if not a pensioner, must quit in a month. Those unable to help themselves may, with approval of Committee, have a person to live with them for comfort and assistance. Two sureties must be provided for removal if necessary, or in case of death. *Benevolent Fund*—For relief of inmates of Asylum in cases of emergency &c., it being in first instance exclusively applied for providing a nurse or nurses and medical assistance. **Management.**—House Committee of twelve gentlemen, elected annually by and from Committee of Aged Pilgrims' Friend Society, assisted by ladies. **Income** (1887-8).—Camberwell, £217; Hornsey, £420; Stamford Hill, £120; Brighton, £68. **Inmates** (1887-8).—Camberwell, 42; Hornsey, 120; Stamford Hill, 10; Brighton, 7. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan & Co. Treasurers, F. A. Bevan, Esq., 54 Lombard Street, E.C.; W. J. Parks, Esq., 10 The Chase, Clapham Common, S.W.; Sec., Mr. W. Jackson, at the Office.

HOMES FOR THE AGED POOR (1869), 7, 9, 11, 15 and 17 Minford Gardens, West Kensington Park, W.; 25 and 27 St. George's Road, Notting Hill, W.; 65 Walterton Road, St. Peter's Park, Paddington, W.

Admission.—Applicants must be at least 60 years of age, bear an unexceptionable character, and have no friends or relations who are wholly able to support them without charitable assistance. They must have an income (single persons) of not less than 4s. or more than 6s. a week, (married couples) not less than 6s. or more than 10s. a week. No person in receipt of out-door parish relief eligible. An annual subscription of £2. 12s. must be paid in respect of each single person or married couple. Applicants provide sufficient furniture for their own room. The Homes are unsectarian. 1d. a week charged as rent (to give Committee legal power as landlord), and 1d. a week for medical attendance. **Management.**—Committee, appointed by Chairman, 'and vote as vacancies occur.' **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £641; legacy, sale of work, and special contributions for building fund, £947; pence from inmates and rents of one house, £89. **Inmates.**—113. Bankers, London and County Bank, Bayswater. Treasurer, Major Boileau, R.E.; Hon. Sec., Miss Harrison, 5 Grandacre Terrace, Anerley, S.E.

LITTLE SISTERS OF THE POOR (see p. 243).

THE 'OLD FOLKS' HOME' (1883), Camden Hill Road, Westow Hill, Upper Norwood, S.E.

Object.—As in title, house accommodation, rent free, for males and females. **Admission.**—By election by the members of the Association (subscribers of £2. 2s. per annum), or the Committee of Management. Candidates must be over 60 years of age, and of character and circumstances eligible for the assistance. No candidate eligible who does not possess an assured income of 4s. to 6s. a week, or in the case of couples 6s. to 10s. a week. Preference to applicants recommended by the St. Olave's (Southwark) Branch of the Charity Organisation Society. Intended generally for the Metropolitan poor of the S.E. postal district. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £124. **Inmates** (1887).—12. Bankers, London and South Western Bank. Treasurer, Arthur Miall, Esq., South View, Mowbray Road, Upper Norwood, S.E.

CHRISTIAN UNION ALMSHOUSES (1832), 26 John Street and 233-235 Marylebone Road, N.W.

Object.—To provide a home for 60 aged Christian persons over 60 years of age, who possess a small income of not less than 4s. 6d. per week, independent of parish relief. **Admission.**—By half-yearly elections, April and October. No pecuniary allowance granted to inmates except at Christmas. Each inmate has a separate comfortable room. Coals supplied. Medical attendance and medicine, and a nurse in cases of urgency or extreme need. **Management.**—By Committees (ladies and gentlemen) appointed at Annual Meeting of subscribers. **Income** (1887-88).—Charitable contributions, £377; invested funds and rents, £100; legacy, £180. **Inmates.**—60. Bankers, Sir S. Scott & Co. Treasurer, J. Cunliffe, Esq.; Hon. Sec., E. J. Physick, Esq., 136 Marylebone Road, W.

NAZARETH HOUSE, King St., Hammermith, W. (see p. 82).

COLLARD'S CHARITY (1881), Maynard Rd. Walthamstow, E.

Object.—To provide residences for 10 householders belonging to Walthamstow. **Admission.**—By application to the trustees. Applicants must not be in the receipt of parish relief. Recipients are granted 5s. per week. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Income** (1887).—£157. **Recipients.**—10. Trustees, Wm. Houghton, Esq., Gilbert Houghton, Esq., W. E. Whittingham, Esq. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank.

SPECIAL HOMES FOR MEN AND WOMEN.

HUGGEN'S COLLEGE (1844), Northfleet, Kent.

Object.—Comfortable homes are provided for 50 ladies and gentlemen in reduced circumstances, also 50 out-pensioners. **Admission.**—By nomination of trustees. Candidates must be at least 60 years of age, and not possess an income exceeding £20 a year. They must be merchants, or gentlemen, or ladies, or the widows or daughters of merchants or gentlemen, members of the Church of England, whose circumstances have been reduced by misfortune. Inmates receive £1 a week, coals in the winter, and medical attendance when necessary. The out-pensioners are £52 a year. **Management.**—By trustees. **Inmates.**—50; out-pensioners, 50. Bankers, Bank of England. Treasurer, Col. Sir John F. Lennard, Bart.; Chaplain, Rev. M. M. Finch; Sec., T. M. Merriman, Esq., 25 Austin Friars, E.C.

ST. KATHERINE'S HOSPITAL (1148); Refounded, 1828),
Regent's Park, N.W.

Object.—(a) To provide a home and pensions for ladies and gentlemen ; (b) education for 36 boys and 24 girls. **Admission.**—(a) All appointments of sisters, resident and extern, bedesmen, and bedeswomen, are made by Her Majesty ; (b) to the School by nomination of the Master and the brothers, to whom application must be made. Applicants must be between 7 and 8 years of age. Preference is given to the children of needy persons of good character, such as small tradesmen. **Management.**—By the Chapter of St. Katherine's Hospital. **Income.**—About £7,500. ('No returns published.') **Inmates.**—'3 sisters and 3 brothers.' **Master.** Rev. A. L. B. Peile.

ROYAL MEDICAL BENEVOLENT COLLEGE (1855),
Epsom. Office, 37 Soho Square, W.

Object.—To provide an asylum and pensions for duly qualified medical men, and their widows, in reduced circumstances ; and a school for their sons. **Admission.**—By election of subscribers. Elections in May. Fifty pensioners receive annuities of £21 ; some have, in addition, furnished rooms and coals. They must have been registered medical practitioners for five years, or their widows, 60 years of age, with income, apart from the college allowance, not more than £60. They are elected at first to annuities only, and succeed to residences in turn. Fifty foundation scholars are educated, clothed, and maintained, and trained for the Universities. They must be the necessitous orphans or sons of medical men qualified for pensions, and eight years old when proposed. They remain till 16 or 19. Sons of medical men are also received on payment of £49. 10s. or £52. 10s. per annum ; also other boys, on higher terms. **Management.**—By Council elected by subscribers, one-third retiring annually. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £3,381 ; invested funds, £301 ; pupils' payments, £6,518 ; bequests, £8,383 ; rent of land, &c., £68. **Pensioners.**—50 ; scholars, 50. **Bankers,** Goslings & Sharpe. **Treasurer,** C. Holman, Esq., M.D. ; **Sec.,** R. Freeman, Esq.

ROYAL ASYLUM FOR POOR, AGED, DECAYED, AND
MAIMED FREEMEN OF THE COMPANY OF
WATERMEN AND LIGHTERMAN OF THE RIVER
THAMES AND THEIR WIVES OR WIDOWS (1840),
Penge, S.E.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—By election of subscribers and by presentation. Three houses are reserved for nominees of the Queen, the Lord Mayor of London, and the President of the Institution respectively, and six for nominees of members of the Court of the Company, the remaining 32 houses being filled up by election. Candidates must be freemen of the Watermen's Company, or their wives or widows. Freemen or widows must have completed their 60th year ; wife of freeman, her 55th year. Certificate of baptism or evidence of age, and (for married persons) certificate of marriage, required. References must be given to four or more respectable persons. Two respectable householders must undertake to defray funeral expenses of inmates. Inmates receive—married couples, 9s., single persons, 6s., a week, with coals, medicine, and medical attendance, &c. The following are ineligible :—Those blind, paralysed, imbecile, or otherwise incapable of taking care of themselves ; inmates of workhouses or other asylums ; single persons having more

than £20 a year; married persons with more than £30 a year. **Management.**—Committee (9 persons), elected annually at General Court. **Income** (1888).—From all sources, £1,530. **Inmates** (1888).—47. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank. Hon. Sec., Louis S. White, Esq., B.A., Waterman's Hall, St. Mary-at-Hill, E.C.

TRINITY ALMSHOUSES (Charter granted by Henry VIII., confirmed by James I.), Mile End Road, E.

Object.—Alms-houses for master mariners and widows of master mariners. **Admission.**—By application to R. D. Morewood, Esq., Trinity House, E.C. Presentations are (in rotation) in the hands of the elder brethren of the Trinity House. A man must be at least 60 years of age, and have served at least 15 years in the Mercantile Marine of the United Kingdom, during not less than four years of which he has commanded a sailing vessel or vessels of not less than 150 tons, or a steam vessel or vessels of not less than 300 tons. A master otherwise qualified, disabled by accident or service at sea previously to completion of above-mentioned four years, is eligible if he has served 15 years in all in the Mercantile Marine. Men must also be in low circumstances, unable to maintain themselves by labour, not be in receipt of more than £50 a year, natives of the United Kingdom, of sober life and conversation, 'and of loyal principles towards Her Majesty and Her Government.' A person whose wife has not attained 60 years at the time of his admission receives the single rate of pension only until she attains that age, and the widow of a deceased alms-person cannot remain in the almshouse unless 60 years of age. Certificates of their services, and of baptism, and character are required. Widows must be at least 60 years of age, and are required to produce certificates of their late husband's services whilst master, of marriage, and baptism, together with testimonials of character. Out-pensions are also granted of £50 a year (if nominee be unmarried or a widower, or, if married, until his wife attains the age of 60, the annuity is £40 to men qualified as for the almshouses). An annuity of £40 is continued to the husband or wife on the death of either of them. **Management.**—By Corporation of Trinity House, London. **Income.**—From invested funds and estates. **Inmates** (1888).—About 110.

LICENSED VICTUALLERS' ASYLUM (1827), Asylum Road, Old Kent Road, S.E. Office, 17 New Bridge Street, E.C.

Object.—An Asylum for 'aged, infirm, and decayed members of the trade,' who are also granted a weekly allowance for their maintenance. **Admission.**—By payment of donation or subscription while in business, and election of subscribers when candidate. Annual subscribers of £1. 1s. entitled to one, donor of £5. 5s. to two, votes at all elections. Candidates for election must be at least 55 years of age or incapacitated, and have been engaged in the trade at least three years. Widows must be at least 50 years of age. No person admitted with an income of more than £35 a year. Elections in April and October. Inmates receive a weekly allowance of (married couples) 13s. 6d., (single persons) 9s. and coals, together with medical and nurse attendance, wine, and other requisites. A weekly allowance of 5s. is also granted to 50 of the approved candidates. **Management.**—Board, appointed by Members at Courts. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £8,000; other sources, £1,500. **Inmates.**—220. Temporary annuitants, 70. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Sec., Mr. A. L. Annett, at the Office.

LONDON MASTER BAKERS' PENSION AND ALMSHOUSE SOCIETY (1832). Almshouses, Lea Bridge Road, E.

Object.—A pension for out-door annuitants, and a pension with alms-house for the occupation and support of aged and decayed master bakers and their wives, also of their widows while they remain in their widowhood, and of single women who have carried on the same business on their own account. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary, payment of subscription, and election of subscribers. A recommendation is required from four subscribers, certifying as to character. Annual subscriber of 10s. 6d., or donor of £5. 5s., entitled to one vote at all elections. Candidates to be eligible must have subscribed 10s. 6d. annually for seven years, or given two separate donations of £5. 5s. or £10. 10s. in one sum not less than three years prior to leaving business, 60 years of age and upwards, or incapacitated, of which medical certificate is required, have carried on business of bread, or bread and biscuit, bakers upon own account, seven years in London, or within 15 miles of Royal Exchange, and must not be possessed of more than £20 a year (males), or £15 a year (females). On death of male pensioner, widow succeeds to privileges, without election, if eligible. Elections take place in March and September each year. If candidate unsuccessful at five elections, and if 75 years of age, Committee *may* place him or her on list of annuitants. Out-door annuitants receive, (males) £1. 17s., (females) £1. 5s. per calendar month. Almsmen receive, £1. 12s.; Almswomen, £1. 5s. per calendar month with alms-house and two tons of coal a year. Non-subscribers are not assisted. **Management.**—Committee of all honorary members and 20 subscribers, the latter elected annually at General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,916; invested funds, £145; members' subscriptions, £692; garden party, £111. **Inmates.**—48. **Pensioners.**—51. Bankers, London & County Banking Co. Treasurer, E. W. Thompson, Esq., 86 Maida Vale, W.; Sec., F. W. Blackith, Esq., 65 Isledon Road, Finsbury Park, N.

CLOCK AND WATCH MAKERS' ASYLUM (1853), New Southgate, N. Office, 33 Northampton Square, E.C.

Object.—‘To provide habitations, light, fuel, and pensions for aged and infirm members of the trade and their widows.’ **Admission.**—By application to Secretary, and election of subscribers. Annual subscriber of 5s., or donor of £3. 3s., entitled to one vote for each candidate at all elections. Candidates must be at least 60 years of age, and engaged in the trade 25 years. Certificates of birth and good character required. Persons in possession of more than £20 a year ineligible. Widows must be at least 60 years of age, and not in possession of more than £13 a year. Votes of unsuccessful candidates are not carried forward. **Management.** Committee appointed by donors and subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £582; invested funds, £212; legacy, £10; sundries, £19. **Inmates.**—17 married couples, 7 widows. Treasurer, National Bank, Islington Branch. Sec. and Collector, Mr. Thomas Taylor, 430 Kingsland Road, E., and at the Office.

PAWNBROKERS' CHARITABLE INSTITUTION (1823). Almshouses, West Ham, E.

Object.—‘The relief of sick, infirm, or distressed pawnbrokers, either masters or assistants, their widows, or children, by affording to them temporary pecuniary assistance; and also by providing them with an asylum, and granting them pensions in their old age; preference

being always given to those who have been contributors to its funds.

Admission.—By application to Hon. Secretary. Applicants for temporary assistance must be recommended by a Governor. Candidates for the almshouses are recommended by at least four Governors, on printed form, and appear personally (unless unable), and are elected by subscribers. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s., or an assistant pawnbroker subscribing 10s. 6d. annually, or donor of £10. 10s., is Governor, with right to recommend for temporary relief, and also candidates for pensions, and has one vote for each pensioner at all elections. Candidates must be at least 55 years of age, and have been in business within seven years of application; and if left business seven years, and re-entered it, must have been continuously in the trade for one year at least prior to application. Widow or child of deceased pawnbroker, who was eligible at death, is eligible for relief for seven years. Widow or child of Life Governor (or Governor of three consecutive years) eligible for 14 years from death of husband or father. Persons applying for temporary relief must do so by petition to Committee, stating age, address, and circumstances, sent to Hon. Secretary before meeting of Committee, in sufficient time for inquiry into correctness. Candidates for almshouses, being subscribers (assistant pawnbrokers or widows), have one vote allowed for each 10s. 6d. paid; masters or widows, one vote for each £1. 1s. Married couples in almshouses receive £42 a year; single persons, £27., both with 2½ tons of coals, and medical attendance. Persons receiving parochial relief ineligible for permanent assistance. On death of an inmate, not exceeding £5 may be allowed for funeral expenses. Votes of unsuccessful candidates are carried forward. **Management.**—Committee of 16 annual subscribers, elected annually at General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1888).—£3,070. **Inmates.**—12; temporarily assisted, 35. **Treas.**, Mr. A. J. Melhuish, 5 The Avenue, Brondesbury, N.W.; **Hon. Sec.**, Mr. A. J. Adams, 144 Camberwell New Rd., S.E.

JEWS' HOSPITAL AND ORPHAN ASYLUM (1807), West Norwood, S.E., Office, 13 Spital Square, E.

Object.—‘The support of the aged, and the maintenance, education, and employment of youth.’ **Admission.**—By election of Governors and subscribers. Annual subscriber of 10s. 6d. has one, donor of £10. 10s. two, votes at all elections. Candidates as Aged Pensioners for the Hospital must be Jews, not in possession of more than £12 a year, and at least 55 years of age. Persons in receipt of parish relief or aid from any other charity, ineligible. Elections take place in January and July. Votes of unsuccessful candidates are carried forward for two elections. Children must be of Jewish parentage; boys to be from 9 to 11, girls from 8 to 12, years of age. Orphans are admitted from the age of 2 years. They receive a plain education founded upon the Government Standard and are apprenticed to a trade or found suitable situations. **Management.**—Committee, annually elected by Governors and Subscribers. **Income** (1888).—£5,994. **Pensioners.**—8. **Children.**—257. **Sec.**, Mr. J. Salomons, at the Office.

JEWISH HOME (1871), 37 and 39 Stepney Green, E.

Object.—For the reception of aged and infirm Jewish poor, and the removal of Jewish inmates of parochial unions. **Admission.**—By the Committee. Application must be made to the Secretary by a form provided for the purpose. Applicants must be not less than 60 years of age, or be infirm and incapable of obtaining a livelihood. Inmates remain until death. **Management.**—By a Committee, appointed by the

donors and subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,180; invested funds, £18; subventions, £27; legacy, £100; proceeds of concert, £63. **Inmates**.—54. Bankers, London & Westminster Bank, Whitechapel. Treasurers, H. M. Harris, S. Silver; Sec., I. Bloomfield.

JOEL EMANUEL ALMSHOUSES (1840), Wellclose Square, St. George-in-the-East, E.

Object.—For 'such poor persons, being of the Jewish nation, as the Trustees (who are descendants of the Founder) should from time to time nominate and appoint.' **Admission**.—By application to the Secretary for form. Inmates are elected by the Trustees. Candidates must be recommended by respectable householders, have a weekly income towards their support, be 60 years of age, and not habitual recipients of charity. Inmates receive a monthly allowance and coals. **Management**.—By trustees, who appoint additional trustees (who must be descendants of the family of the founder) when necessary. **Income**.—From invested funds and rents (average), £500. **Inmates**.—(Average), 30. Bankers, Roberts & Co. Sec., Mark Simmons, Esq., Museum Chambers, Bloomsbury, W.C.

HAND-IN-HAND ASYLUM FOR AGED MEN (1840) AND **WIDOWS' HOME INSTITUTION** (1843) (amalgamated in 1884), 23 and 25 Well Street, Hackney, E.

Object.—'For clothing, maintaining, and providing an asylum for aged and decayed tradesmen and widows and spinsters of the Jewish faith.' **Admission**.—By the Committee. Application to the Secretary. Candidates must be at least 60 years of age, and be either widowers, widows, bachelors, or spinisters, and resident in England for seven years preceding nomination. **Management**.—By Committee, appointed by general court of subscribers. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £554; dividends, £160; legacies and donation in memoriam, £453. **Inmates** (1888).—33. Bankers, London & Westminster Bank. Treasurers, Solomon Pool, Esq. and A. Oppenheimer, Esq.; Sec., Mr. I. Bloomfield.

BENEVOLENT SOCIETY FOR THE RELIEF OF AGED AND INFIRM POOR (Catholic) (1761).

Object.—To provide a home and out-pensions to old respectable poor, above the age of 60. **Admission**.—By recommendation of subscribers, and election by the Committee. Application must be made by letter to the Hon. Secretary, and applicant must be at least 60 years of age. The relief given is 3s. a week to the pensioners, and a gift of 5s. at Christmas for coals, &c. Twelve of the pensioners in the Society's Alms-houses receive 5s. each per week. **Management**.—By a Committee chosen from subscribers. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £1,247; invested funds, £370. **Number Benefited**.—12 inmates, 180 pensioners. Treasurer, J. Young, Esq., C.C., 35 King Street, E.C.; Hon. Sec., Arthur Butler, Esq., 6 Austin Friars, E.C.

AGED POOR SOCIETY (1708), 31 Queen Square, Bloomsbury.

Object.—Provision of pensions, and homes. **Admission**.—By recommendation of Governor. Candidates must be 'poor Catholics of good character, at least 60 years of age, and incapable of supporting themselves.' Pensions are of 3s. for women, and 4s. for men, a week, payable on Mondays. Candidates are visited, and if satisfactorily reported upon, placed on list in order of recommendation. If pensioner should enter a workhouse, pension is reduced to 1s. Widow of pensioner or approved pensioner has same privilege as deceased if otherwise eligible.

ST. JOSEPH'S ALMSHOUSES, Brook Green, Hammersmith, W.—These Alms Houses receive pensioners or approved pensioners of the Aged Poor Society. Inmates are elected by subscribers to the alms houses. Age of admission, 60; endowment of £20 a year granted to ten inmates; vacancies being filled according to priority of residence.

MOLINEUX FUND.—Grants pensions of £20 a year to '20 necessitous aged Catholics.' Candidates must be recommended by a Governor, reduced from a superior station, and 60 years old. Three pensioners are nominated by the 'Trustees of the late Miss Molineux,' the remainder elected by votes of subscribers to the Society.

Income (1887).—*Aged Poor Society*: Charitable contributions, £306; invested funds, £427; temporary sources, £335. *St. Joseph's Alms Houses*: Charitable contributions, £75; invested funds, £330; temporary sources, £25. *Molineux Fund*: Invested funds, £563. **Benefited**.—Aged Poor Society, 120; inmates of St. Joseph's Alms Houses, 26; Molineux Fund, 20. **Management**.—By Board of Directors appointed by Governors. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank, Pall Mall. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., John B. Corney, Esq., 70 Little Britain, E.C.

LITTLE SISTERS OF THE POOR (1840). Homes for the Aged, St. Joseph's House, Portobello Road, Bayswater, W.; St. Peter's House, Meadow Road, South Lambeth, S.W.; and St. Anne's, Manor Road, Stoke Newington, N.

Object.—'To provide homes for the aged and infirm of both sexes, to feed them, to clothe them, and to minister to all their wants.' **Admission**.—By application to the Rev. Mother Superior. Although the Institution is Catholic, no distinction is made on account of the applicants' religion, provided they are infirm, destitute old people, incapable of gaining their own livelihood, and having no person to gain it for them. **Management**.—By Mother Superior. **Income**.—Whatever public charity affords them. The sisters collect daily from house to house scraps of food, old clothing, alms in money, or anything that may be offered them. **Inmates**.—533 in the three homes above mentioned.

DUTCH ALMSHOUSES (1886), Charlton, Kent.

Object.—To provide a home for aged couples or single women of Dutch nationality professing the Protestant religion. **Admission**.—By application to the deacons of the Dutch Church, Austin Friars. The minimum age is 60, but younger persons are admitted on a medical certificate showing that they are unfit for further work. **Management**.—By the Consistory of the Dutch Church, Austin Friars, E.C. **Income**.—**Inmates**.—7 married couples and 9 single women.

EMANUEL HOSPITAL (1594), James Street, Westminster, S.W. Office, Town Clerk's Office, Guildhall, E.C.

Object.—To provide a home for 20, and pensions for 10 men and women belonging to Westminster, Chelsea, or Hayes, Middlesex. **Admission**.—By appointment of Governors. Candidates must be at least 56 years of age, and not be possessed of an income exceeding £10 per annum, nor of goods or chattels exceeding the value of £200. The in-pensions are £25 per annum, the out-pensions £10 per annum. Application must be made to the Clerk to the Governors. **Management**.—By the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of the City of London. **Income**.—**Inmates**.—20. **Out-Pensioners**.—10. Master and Chaplain of the Hospital, Rev. J. Maskell; Clerk to the Governors, Mr. H. C. Overall.

ST. MARYLEBONE ALMSHOUSES (1836), St. John's Wood Terrace, N.W. Office, 65 Marylebone Road, N.W.

Object.—An asylum and means of support to aged and decayed parishioners of St. Marylebone and their widows. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary and election of subscribers. Annual subscriber of 10s. 6d., or donor of £5. 5s., entitled to one vote at all elections. Candidates must be above 60 years of age, have paid not less than 10 years' rates in the parish, be of good character and reputation, but in indigent circumstances, and never have received parochial relief. Certificates of age and respectability required. Inmates are allowed (married couples) 10s. 6d. a week, (single persons) 7s. a week, with coals and firewood. **Management.**—Board, elected annually at General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £464; invested funds, £1,014. **Inmates.**—57. Bankers, Sir S. Scott & Co. Treasurer, R. R. Pym, Esq.; Hon. Sec., W. E. Greenwell, Esq., Court House, Marylebone, W.; Sec., Mr. C. R. Stokes, at the Office.

ST. PANCRAS ALMSHOUSES (1850), Southampton Road, Maitland Park, Haverstock Hill, N.W.

Object.—An asylum for decayed and deserving parishioners of St. Pancras. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary and recommendation and election of subscribers. Annual subscription of 10s. 6d. constitutes member with one vote at all elections. A donation of £525 entitles to have one inmate in Almshouses during life of donor, his heirs or administrators; £262. 10s., an inmate during donor's lifetime; £105, an inmate of 70 years of age. Candidates must have paid parish rates for at least 10 years, be of good character and reputation, in indigent circumstances, have never received parish relief, and be 60 but not more than 70 years of age. They must be recommended by four members of Institution and have settled income of at least 4s. a week. Widows of above eligible, but not if husband possessed qualifications previous to marriage and not afterwards. This does not apply where husband died in almshouses. Inmates have two rooms, and are allowed (single persons) 4s. 6d., (married couples) 7s. a week, and such medicines as doctor prescribes. No single person having more than £20, or married couple with more than £30 a year, eligible. Directors of poor of the parish, in consideration of the payment to the almshouses of a certain fund, are entitled to appoint one married couple and three single persons. **Management.**—Committee, of not more than 50 members, elected annually at General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, legacies, &c., £982; invested funds, £453; balance from previous account, received in respect of 'Fortess Field Estate,' £168. **Inmates.**—64. Bankers, National Bank, Camden Town. Treasurer, Manager for time being of Bank; Sec., Mr. Geo. W. Buckridge, 3 Rochester Terrace, Camden Road, N.W.

INSTITUTION OF THE LONDON ALMSHOUSES (1832), Shepherd's Lane, Brixton, S.W. Office, Town Clerk's Office, Guildhall, E.C.

Object.—Almshouses for men and women. The men must have been freemen householders of the city of London for seven years; and the unmarried women, the widows or daughters of such persons. **Admission.**—By the aldermen and common councilmen of each of the wards of the city of London in rotation. Candidate must produce evidence that he or she is a person of good character and repute, whose circumstances have

been reduced by unavoidable circumstances ; and in the event of the candidate being married, he must produce similar evidence as to the character of his wife. No married man admitted under the age of 60 years, no married woman under the age of 45 years, and no single person under the age of 55 years, other than the widow of an inmate dying there, who is permitted to remain, as hereinafter mentioned. No married couple admitted who have between them an income, which, together with the almshouse allowance, amounts to more than £60 per annum ; and no single person having an income which, with the allowance, amounts to more than £50 per annum ; and if, during their continuance in the almshouses, they obtain a larger income, the allowance from the Corporation may be reduced so as to limit their actual income to those sums. Allowances are made by the Corporation to each married couple, 16s. per week and coals ; to each single person 12s. per week and coals. Six months after the death of any married inmate the allowance is reduced to 12s. per week. **Management.**—Subject to the approval of the Court of Common Council, is entrusted to a Committee of that body, who meet monthly, or oftener if necessary. **Inmates.**—20 married couples and 20 single inmates. Applications for admission should be made to the Town Clerk, Guildhall, E.C.

ST. PETER'S HOSPITAL (1618), Wandsworth, S.W.

Object.—To provide an almshouse for destitute freemen and free-women belonging to the Fishmongers' Company. **Admission.**—By election of the Warden and Assistants. Candidates must have been free of the Company for 5 years, and must be over 50 years of age. **Inmates** are allowed 9s. a week (single persons) and 14s. (married couples). **Management.**—By the Company. **Inmates.**—54.

ALLEYN'S COLLEGE, Dulwich, S.E.

Object.—To provide residences for twelve men and twelve women, who each receive an allowance of £52 a year. For further particulars, see ALLEYN'S COLLEGE in the section *Boarding Schools*.

MONOX'S ALMSHOUSES (1686), Walthamstow, E.

Object.—To provide a home for eight men and five women. **Admission.**—By election. Application must be made to the Charity Governors of Walthamstow. Applicants must never have received parish relief, and have no children living with them. Preference is given according to age, respectability, and length of residence in the parish of Walthamstow. **Inmates** receive 5s. a week, 10s. a month, a loaf on Sunday, and a small amount of coals. **Management.**—By the Walthamstow Charity Governors. **Income** (1887).—£43, supplemented from Funds of other Charities. **Inmates.**—13. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank. Treasurer, W. S. Horner, Esq. ; Clerk, Mr. William Houghton.

HOSPITAL FOR POOR FRENCH PROTESTANTS AND THEIR DESCENDANTS (1718), Victoria Park, E. (commonly called 'The French Hospital').

Object.—A home, as in title. Also to give grants and pensions to French Protestants and their descendants who from special causes are unable to enter the Hospice. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec. for form of petition. Applicants must be French Protestants, or descendants of French Protestants, of good character, unable to earn their own livelihood, not in receipt of pension or allowance sufficient for maintenance, not less than 60 years of age, and single or widowed. Certificates

required from persons (householders preferred) who have longest known petitioner, as to French Protestant descent, good character, and age; also medical certificate as to freedom from mental or contagious disease or infirmity. Petitioner must present petition personally (unless incapacitated) on second Saturday in January, or first Saturday of any other month, at 3 p.m. If approved by Committee, petition will be registered; on vacancy occurring candidates are selected from registered petitioners. Any change of abode must be notified to the Steward. Inmates expected to make themselves useful according to ability. **Management.**—Court of Directors. **Income** (1887).—£4,644. **Inmates.**—40 women and 20 men. Bankers, Barnetts, Hoares & Co. Deputy Governor, C. J. Shoppee, Esq., 61 Doughty Street, W.C.; Treasurer, C. Norris, Esq., 38 Upper Bedford Place, W.C.; Hon. Sec., Arthur Giraud Browning, Esq., 3 Victoria Street, Westminster Abbey, S.W.

ST. PETER'S HOSTEL (1878), 247 Vauxhall Bridge Rd., S.W.

Object.—The reception of aged and infirm men and women of good character belonging to St. Peter's, Eaton Square. **Admission.**—By selection. Application must be made to Hostel Committee. Applicants must be members of Church of England. Payment, 9s. a week. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by St. Peter's Parochial Council. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £173; inmates' payments, £149; parish allowance, £12; Parochial Council, £107. **Inmates.**—12. Treasurer and Sec., A. Strickland, Esq., 23 Warwick Square, S.W.

HOMES FOR WOMEN.

ST. CYPRIAN'S HOME FOR AGED POOR (1875), 10 Little Park Street, Dorset Square, N.W.

Object.—To receive old women, who are past work and without friends to nurse them. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Lady Superintendent. Applicants as a rule must be over 60 years of age. Certificates are required of a medical man, and of some respectable person who will guarantee payments, and, if necessary, remove the applicant. Payment, 10s. a week, and entrance fee £3. 17s., which is reserved for funeral expenses or returned if the inmate leaves. **Management.**—By Miss Coopland. **Income** (1887-88).—Charitable contributions, £299; inmates' payments, £295; sale of work, £46. **Inmates.**—15. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Rev. Charles Gutch.

CHRISTMAS HOUSE HOME (1876), 8 Saunders Road, Notting Hill, W. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—'To provide a comfortable home, at a nominal rent of a few pence per week, for a small number of necessitous women of any class, who may thus be spared ending their days in a workhouse.' **Admission.**—By a Committee of ladies. Application must be made to Miss Walduck, 8 Saunders Road, Notting Hill, W. Applicants must be unable to earn a livelihood, and be in receipt of a small amount towards their support. Inmates have separate rooms, and the use of kitchen, in turn. **Management.**—By a Committee of ladies. **Income** (1882).—Charitable contributions, £60. 17s. 7d.; inmates' payments, £4. 9s. 7d. **Inmates** (1880).—7. Treasurer, S. M. Lecky, 3 Lorton Terrace, Notting Hill.

MAY HOUSE, 2 Norland Gardens, Notting Hill, W. The arrangements are similar to the above, and it is managed by the same Committee

BETHEL ASYLUM (1839), 53 to 57 Havil St., Camberwell, S.E.

Object.—The maintenance of 14 poor women, widows or maidens, not less than 60 or more than 70 years old, possessing or guaranteed an income of not less than £10 per annum, and not being Socinian, Arian, Papist, or Unitarian. **Admission.**—By election by the Trustees. Inmates are allowed a room in the asylum, unfurnished, and £15 a year. **Management.**—By eight Trustees, meeting quarterly. **Income.**—Derived from the endowment of the late William Peacock, Esq., yielding 'just sufficient to pay the inmates and keep the property in repair.' **Inmates.**—14. Treasurer and Trustee, J. A. Whittard, Esq., Rydal Mount, Streatham Hill, S.W.; Hon. Sec. and Trustee, J. R. Pike, Esq., Radway, Trinity Road, Tulse Hill, S.W.

MRS. ESTHER DOE'S MEMORIAL ALMSHOUSES (1868), Winchmore Hill, Middlesex.

Object.—For respectable women. **Admission.**—By application to the Trustees at Messrs. Carlisle, Unna & Rider's, 8 New Square, Lincoln's Inn, W.C. Candidates must profess the Protestant faith, and must be spinsters of not less than 55 years of age. They must produce certificates of general good health and good character, and must have an income for life of not less than £10 nor more than £20 a year. Natives of the parishes of Bethnal Green, Whitechapel, and Streatham are preferred. £5 must be deposited on election with the Trustees to defray funeral expenses. Furniture necessary for bed room and sitting room must be provided. Inmates receive an allowance of £10 a year. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Income.**—Variable. **Inmates.**—12.

FULLER'S ALMSHOUSES, late at Hoxton, N., Stansted, Essex.

Object.—'A home for aged women of good walk and conversation.' **Admission.**—By application to the Trustees. Applicants must be recommended by persons of good character and position. They are appointed by trustees in rotation. They must be at least 60 years of age or incapacitated. Inmates receive an allowance of 5s. 3d. per week, with coals. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Inmates.**—28. Sec., Joseph Caygill, Esq., Stansted, Essex.

DORRINGTON HOUSE (1877), 188 Brixton Hill, S.W. (removed from 32 Treherne Road, North Brixton.)

Object.—To provide a home and maintenance for respectable aged and infirm women. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Lady Superintendent. Applicants must be members of the Church of England. Persons of unsound mind are ineligible. Payment of £26 per annum must be guaranteed by two householders, who must guarantee removal if necessary, and burial expenses in case of death. Clothing must be provided. Medical attendance and night-nursing extra. **Management.**—By Lady Superintendent. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £5; inmates' payments, £462. **Inmates** (1887).—20. Bankers, London and County Bank, Lambeth Branch. Lady Supt., Miss Lowe.

TRINITY ASYLUM (1824), Acre Lane, West Brixton, S.W.

Object.—'For the benefit of pious aged women, whose lives and conversation give evidence that they have passed from death unto life by faith in Jesus Christ.' **Admission.**—Candidates must be between 57 and 67 years of age, and must not be Socinians, Arians, or Papists, or deny the doctrine of the Holy Trinity, and the Articles of the Church

of England. Dissenters are eligible for admission. Candidates must be in good health, and have a secured income of at least £20 a year. Evidence of date of birth, and if a widow, of marriage and death of husband required; also certificate from minister, or two officers or members of the Christian church, at which applicant has been accustomed to worship, respecting her character and conduct. Inmates receive £10 a year, and coals. **Management.**—By eight managers appointed under Trust Deed, and meeting 15th April and 15th October in each year. **Income** (1887).—‘From the endowment of the late Thomas Bailey, Esq.,’ £390. **Inmates.**—20. Application should be made to W. M. Smith, Esq., 13 Cedars Road, Clapham Common, S.W.

CAMDEN AND KENTISH TOWN ALMSHOUSES (1840), Little Randolph Street, Camden Town, N.W.

Object.—A home for aged women reduced from better circumstances. **Management.**—Private, by trustees appointed by the founder, the late Mrs. Greenwood. **Inmates.**—12. Matron, Mrs. Down.

LADY MICO'S ALMSHOUSES (1670), Stepney Churchyard.

Object.—To provide houses for 10 poor widows. **Admission.**—By application to the Court of the Mercers' Company, in whom the property is vested. Applicants must be the widows of freemen of the City of London, over 55 years of age, and not possessing an income of more than £30 a year. Each inmate receives an allowance of £30 a year, with medical attendance. **Inmates.**—10. Clerk to the Company, John Watney, Esq., Mercers' Hall, Ironmonger Lane, E.C.

DRAPERS' (MILBORNE) ALMSHOUSES (1535), High Road, Tottenham, N.

Object.—To provide houses for 16 poor women, widows of freemen of the Drapers' Company. **Admission.**—By the Court of the Drapers' Company, in whom the property is vested. Thirteen of the almspeople receive £2. 2s., and three £2. 12s. 6d. per month, with coals and medical attendance. **Management.**—By the Drapers' Company. Clerk, W. P. Sawyer, Esq., Drapers' Hall, 27 Throgmorton Street, E.C.

CLOTHWORKERS' COMPANY'S (COUNTESS OF KENT'S) ALMSHOUSES (1540), Dean Street, Islington, N.

Object.—For women. **Admission.**—Preference given to the wives of Clothworkers, 50 years of age at least. Inmates receive £20 a year each, with coals, medical attendance, &c. **Inmates.**—11.

WHITTINGTON COLLEGE (1421), Archway Rd., Highgate.

Object.—To provide houses for 28 poor women. **Admission.**—By the Court of the Mercers' Company, in whom the property is vested. Candidates must not be under 55, and must not possess an income of over £30 per annum. Each inmate receives £30 per annum. **Inmates.**—28.

SURREY CHAPEL ALMSHOUSES (), Hill Street, Blackfriars Road, S.E. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—For 23 women of any condition of life. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. Candidates must be 60 years of age at least, members of a Christian Church for not less than seven years, except under special circumstances. Preference given to members of the Church now meeting in Christ Church, Westminster Bridge Road, S.E. Inmates receive 7s. a week each and coals. Treasurer, Mr. J. G. Joy, 112 St. George's Road, S.E.; Sec., Mr. D. Earl, 133 Kennington Park Road, S.E.

ST. EDITH'S HOSTEL (1868), Emscote, Warwick.

Object.—'To provide a home for aged women. (A private institution.) **Admission.**—At discretion of the Trustees. Applicants must have an income of at least 5s. a week, be over 60 years of age, and members of the Church of England. They must wear the dress of the Home. They keep themselves, and bring what things they require, except bedstead and mattress. Written agreement required from responsible person for removal if, and when, necessary. Those unable to do what is needful for themselves, or who are subject to fits, or have any incurable disease, are ineligible. **Management.**—By the Trustees. **Income (1887).**—£ **Inmates.**—8. Treasurer, the Vicar of the parish; Matron, Miss Butterworth.

HOMES FOR LADIES.**MISS SHEPPARD'S ANNUITANTS' HOMES (1856), 25, 27, Ossington Street, Bayswater, W.; 32 Waltherton Road, St. Peter's Park, W.; 21 Holland Street, Kensington, W.; 153 Ladbrooke Grove Road, W.; 190, 192, 194 The Grove, Hammersmith.**

Object.—To provide homes for 'ladies of education and refinement, who, after having moved in the higher or middle walks of life, have been reduced to indigence.' **Admission.**—By application to the Lady Superintendent, stating name, address, &c. Each lady is allotted two unfurnished rooms, where she lives as in private apartments, finding her own board, at the nominal rent of one farthing a week. Each inmate pays 1s. 6d. a week for cooking and attendance. If inmate wishes to have a sister or friend to share apartments, she is generally allowed to do so. Candidates must satisfy Committee that they have a certain income of not less than £25 a year, or where two ladies are candidates for joint occupation of rooms, a united income of at least £40 a year. They must be members of the Church of England, or some orthodox Protestant Dissenting denomination. As a general rule no lady is eligible after 70 years of age. **Management.**—By Committee, who fill up vacancies in their own number. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £437; sale of cottage, £27; rent from cottages, £18; sale of work, £7; legacy, £1,000. **Inmates.**—36, besides 7 relatives who share apartments mentioned above. Bankers, London and County Bank, Bayswater. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., H. Cadman Jones, Esq.; Hon. Lady Supt., Mrs. Cadman Jones, at the Office, 27 Ossington Street.

FRITHVILLE MEMORIAL HOMES FOR REDUCED GENTLEWOMEN (1882), 101 Frithville Gardens, Shepherd's Bush, W.

Object.—'To afford a cheerful room, rent free, in a respectable locality, to ladies in necessitous circumstances.' **Admission.**—Applicants must be 50 years of age or upwards, and have no friends or relatives able and willing to support them without charitable assistance. They must have an income of not less than £20 or more than £40 a year. An annual subscription of £3. 3s., or donation of £20, must be paid to the Home on behalf of any applicant. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887).**—Subscriptions, £77; sale of work, £40. **Inmates.**—5. Bankers, Union Bank of London, Bayswater. Treasurer, C. E. Blundell, Esq., Upper Norwood, S.E.; Hon. Sec., Miss Keep, 25 Phillimore Gardens, Kensington, W.

WESTBOURNE PARK HOME FOR GENTLEWOMEN (1873), 6 and 7 Westbourne Grove Terrace, W.

Object.—To provide, gratuitously, a home for poor gentlewomen. Exemption from rent, taxes, servants' wages, and payment for kitchen fire, are the advantages offered in the Home. **Admission.**—By recommendation of a subscriber. Candidates must be in the social position of a 'lady,' in the ordinary acceptance of the term, and have a guaranteed income of not more than £50, and not less than £20 per annum. Preference given to members of the Church of England. 'In case of a vacancy, election is proceeded with in order of application, as far as practicable; though the Committee do not hold themselves bound to adhere, without exception, to this principle.' **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1880.—£253. 9s. 3d. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Francis, 14 Warwick Crescent.

ROYAL HOMES (LATE WANDSWORTH HOMES) FOR LADIES WITH LIMITED INCOMES (1875), 104 and 108 St. John's Hill, 29 Spencer Rd., 31 Park Rd., New Wandsworth, S.W.; and 25 Homefield Rd., Wimbledon.

Object.—To supplement the slender incomes of governesses and other poor ladies who are left without adequate means of support in their declining years, and relieve them from the payment of rent, taxes, and some other necessary expenses, by providing them with separate rooms, coals, gas, attendance, and other comforts. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Secretary, with letters of recommendation from a clergyman, a medical man, and a lady; stating also particulars of income, and mentioning some security for expenses in case of death or severe illness. Applicants must be over 50 years of age, Protestants, and possess an income of not less than £20, and not more than £50 a year. Servants, &c. are not eligible. Each lady pays 1s. a month, furnishes and provides everything for her own room, and is expected to make her bed, keep her room in order, &c. The Committee select according to the merits of each case. A donation of £25 secures the first vacancy. **Management.**—The households are under the charge of a lady superintendent, who is responsible to the Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, bazaar, and dramatic performances, £1,612; invested funds, £200. **Inmates** (1887).—35. Bankers, London and South Western Bank, Wandsworth Branch. Treasurer, Miss B. A. Meinertzhagen, Belmont, Wimbledon Common; Hon. Sec., Mrs. E. L. Jacob, 8 Altenberg Gardens, Clapham Common; Lady Supt., Miss Sewell, 31 Park Road, New Wandsworth.

HOMES FOR GENTLEWOMEN (1876), Warwick House, Upper Tulse Hill, S.W.

Object.—To provide ladies whose income is not less than £20 per annum with unfurnished room, coals, gas, and attendance of servants. **Admission.**—By application to the Committee through the Secretary. Recommendations required, and referees as to character, &c., of candidates. Ladies not eligible under 50, or over 75 years. An admission fee of £25 to be paid towards the support of the Institution. Inmate elected for life, unless deemed no longer deserving the benefits of the Home. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions and proceeds of bazaar, &c., £441; inmates' entrance fees, £110; **Inmates.**—15. Bankers, London and South Western Bank, Earl's Court. Treasurer, Miss Jane Crombie; Hon. Sec., Miss B. B. Kingsford, 10 Woodside Villas, Gipsy Hill, Norwood, S.E.

PERMANENT HOME FOR LADIES.

Lady Superintendent, Mrs. Charrington, Fernside, Wimbledon Common, S.W.

LADIES' HOME (1859), 53 Abbey Road, St. John's Wood, N.W.

Object.—To provide a home for ladies by birth and education—widows and orphan daughters—who are reduced from wealth or competence to poverty. **Admission.**—By application to one of the Hon. Secretaries and recommendation of subscriber of £2. 2s. a year, or donor of £10. 10s. Every case is carefully investigated, and, if satisfactory, applicant is placed on list of accepted candidates and admitted by seniority of date as vacancies occur. Inmates pay 13s. to 16s. a week, for which sum they are provided with board, lodging, medical advice, and medicine, and a separate room. They must bring sheets, pillow-cases, towels, table fork, dessert and table spoons, all marked as their own property. Payments quarterly, in advance. No lady received over 70. Medical certificate as to ordinary good health required. **Management.**—Lady visitors, appointed monthly at meeting of Committee. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £134; inmates' payments, £731. **Inmates.**—25. Bankers, Glyn, Mills, & Co. Treasurer, Mrs. Barstow, 9 Stanhope Terrace, Hyde Park, W.; Hon. Secs., Miss Alcock, 22 Somerset Street, Portman Square, W.; Miss Greathed, 10 Portugal Street, Grosvenor Square W.

BELMONT HOME FOR POOR GENTLEWOMEN (1881),
Lewisham Park, S.E.

Object.—To provide a home for *gentlewomen* unable to earn a living. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec. Candidates must be over 50 years of age, possessing not more than £40 per annum, nor less than £20. The Home provides fire, lodging, coals, gas, cooking, and attendance, inmates finding their own board. **Management** (financial).—By Trustees. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £182; interest, £46; inmates' payments, £21; proceeds of bazaar and entertainment, £19. **Inmates.**—9. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treas., W. Fowler, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Miss J. A. Keene, 6 Camden Road, Lewisham, S.E.

MRS. PRENDERGAST'S LADIES' HOME (1862), 29 Ossington Street, Bayswater, W.

Object.—'To offer a home, rent free, for a certain number of gentlewomen whose income is hardly sufficient to secure them the necessities of life,' and where they may 'feel as independent as in homes of their own.' **Admission.**—Application must be made to Mrs. Prendergast, Meldon Lodge, Cheltenham, or at the Home. The power of admission rests entirely with her. Applicants must have an income of not less than £25 and not more than £50 per annum. Full references must be given. Inmates have each a bedroom and sitting-room, board themselves, and pay a small weekly sum towards expenses of attendance. **Management**, and maintenance of the Home, rests entirely with Mrs. Prendergast. **Inmates.**—5. Bankers, Drummonds.

THE JOHN ABBOTT'S TRUSTEES' LADIES' HOME,
Skircoat, Halifax.

Object.—(1) To provide twelve homes for ladies by birth and education, who have become reduced in circumstances; and likewise to pay them annuities, which may vary in amount, and which now average £48. 6s. 8d. each. These ladies must possess an income of not less

than £20 per annum; (2) To pay annuities to ladies in needy circumstances, not residing in the above-named Homes. The annuities average £13. 12s. each. It is not incumbent that the ladies so assisted should possess any stated income. **Admission.**—Candidates must be not less than 50 years of age, and must be either spinsters or widows, born in the parish of Halifax, or have resided for five years in the aggregate in that parish. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Income.**—‘Derived from invested funds.’ **Inmates.**—12; Annuitants, 57. Bankers, Halifax Joint Stock Banking Company. Treasurer, J. H. Swallow, Esq.; Sec., Mr. J. Tuley.

MORLEY HOME, FOR WORN-OUT GOVERNESSES AND NEEDY GENTLEWOMEN, 25 Chatham Place, Paragon Road, Hackney, E.

Object.—To provide a permanent home for worn-out governesses and needy gentlewomen. **Admission.**—By application to Miss Coales, at the Home. Applicants must be, as a rule, over 60 years of age, and must produce testimonials as to good character, and proofs that they are eligible. Payment is required according to the case. No intoxicants allowed. **Management.**—By Miss E. Coales and a Committee. **Income** (1887–8).—£280. **Inmates.**—Home will accommodate about 10. Treasurer, F. A. Bevan, Esq.; Lady Superintendent, Miss E. Coales.

ASYLUM FOR AGED GOVERNESSES, Chislehurst (*see under Governesses’ Benevolent Institution*).

EVANS’S COTTAGE HOMES (1867), Selly Oak, near Birmingham.

Object.—To provide homes for ladies in reduced circumstances. **Admission.**—Application should be addressed to the Trustees, under cover to the Secretary. Candidates must be upwards of 50 years of age, and must possess an assured income of not less than £25, nor more than £100. Ladies are chosen irrespective of religious denomination; and, all other things being equal, preference is given to Birmingham ladies. The occupants are not allowed to have lodgers, nor to carry on any sort of business at the Homes. Each lady receives an annuity, which has latterly amounted to £20. **Management.**—By eight Trustees, death vacancies being filled from the Birmingham Town Council. **Income.**—From invested funds, about £300. **Inmates** (1887).—9. Bankers, Lloyd’s Banking Company. Sec., Joseph Handy, Esq., 55 George Street, Birmingham.

HOMES FOR WOMEN (1877), Pennholm, Sherwood, Nottingham.

Object.—To provide a home for the widows or unmarried daughters of deceased professional men, merchants, or tradesmen. **Admission.**—By application to the Trustees. Candidates must be not less than 50 years of age. **Management.**—By Trustees appointed by deed; on vacancy occurring Trustees appoint. **Income.**—About £75. **Inmates.**—6. Bankers, Nottingham Banking Co. Treasurers and Secs., Messrs. Burton and Eking, Solicitors, Nottingham.

MRS. ANN WATSON’S CHARITY. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—(a) Almshouses for 12 ladies, who receive £25 a year each; (b) also a school. **Admission.**—(a) Almshouses: Candidates must be widows of clergymen or ‘ancient maidens,’ unmarried daughters of clergymen. Certificates required from two respectable persons (one a

clergyman) as to good character of applicant, and her being a *bond fide* member and communicant of the Church of England; certificates required (from widows) of baptism (or other evidence of age), marriage, husband's burial; also statement as to what religious communion, and amount of property and annual income; (from unmarried daughters), of baptism (or other evidence of age), and of father's burial (if dead), also statement as to what religious communion, and amount of property and annual income.

(b) This is for instructing ten poor girls, children of inhabitants of Sutton or Stoneferry, in household work. **Management.**—By Trustees (five clergymen and one layman). **Income** (1882).—From endowment, £598. 15s. 5d. **Inmates of Almshouses.**—12. Clerk to the Trustees, Edward S. Wilson, Esq., 6 Whitefriargate, Hull.

HOME FOR AGED GOVERNESSES AND OTHER UNMARRIED LADIES (1838), Harcourt Terrace, Adelaide Road, Dublin.

Object.—Specified in title. For those 'unable from age and infirmity to procure a living.' **Admission.**—By application to Hon. Secretary for form. The Institution provides residence, furniture, coals, gas, medicine, and medical attendance. Subscriber's recommendation required; also medical certificate of health, testimonials of character and respectability from at least two persons known to the managers, and unless applicant has £13 a year of her own, well secured, a letter of guarantee from two respectable persons that the inmate will be supplied with at least 5s. per week. No candidate admitted under 50 years of age. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-88).—Charitable contributions and legacies, £400; invested funds, £48; sale of work, £118. **Inmates.**—28. Bankers, Royal Bank of Ireland. Lady Superintendent, Miss Moore; Hon. Sec., Miss Meredyth, 66 Morehampton Road, Dublin.

SPECIAL HOMES FOR WOMEN.

ROYAL CAMBRIDGE ASYLUM FOR SOLDIERS' WIDOWS (1851), Kingston-on-Thames. Office, 20 Cockspur Street, S.W.

Object.—An asylum for widows of non-commissioned officers and privates of H.M. regular army, married whilst their husbands were serving in accordance with the rules of the Service. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary, nomination of governor or subscriber, and election of subscribers; and also by purchase. Annual subscriber of 10s. 6d. is subscriber with one vote at all elections; donor of £5. 5s. is governor with like privilege. A donation of £5. 5s. from a regiment or battalion entitles to one vote at all elections in perpetuity. Applicants must produce testimonials of good character, certificate of birth, marriage, and death of husband, also prove his services by parchment discharge or other document, and be passed by a medical practitioner. They must be widows of non-commissioned officers and privates of 14 years' standing, at least 50 years of age, and not over 70 when nominated. If widow has been married to more than one husband, she may reckon the cumulative service of any previous husband or husbands towards her qualifications. Those whose husbands have died from wounds received in action or from disease contracted thereby are eligible under 50 years, and without reference to length of soldier's service. In case of widows of militiamen whose husbands have served in regular army, seven years at least of the 14 years' service required must have been in regular army,

and they must have been married whilst husbands were serving therein. Not more than one widow from each battalion of a regiment can be inmate at same time, unless no candidates from other regiments. If inmate marry, all claim forfeited. Each inmate has furnished room and 7s. a week, with 3s. monthly in the winter, and 2s. in the summer, for coals. No inmate to make application for charity or receive parochial relief. The amount fixed to obtain admission by purchase is the value of an annuity of £21, and £20 for furniture ; but admission cannot be obtained in this way when funds of Institution admit of an election. The Duke of Cambridge and his successors and the Colonel-in-Chief of the Coldstream Guards have each a presentation in perpetuity. The executor of Sir Nathaniel Thorn has six presentations, which must be given to a widow from the 3rd Buffs, if one is seeking admission. **Management.**—Committee, one-third retiring annually. **Income** (1887-88).—£3,145 ; invested funds, £865 ; other sources, £149. **Inmates.**—69. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurer, H. L. Antrobus, Esq. ; Sec., Colonel J. Ainslie Stewart.

HOWARD ASYLUM (1850), Howard Place, Pinner, near Harrow.

Object.—To provide a home and pensions of £50 a year for three widows of naval or military officers. **Admission.**—By presentation by the Trustees. Application must be made to the Trustees, 11 Salisbury Street, W.C. Applicants must be professing members of the Church of England. **Management.**—By Trustees, appointed by the Court and Charity Commissioners. **Income.**—£174. **Inmates.**—3.

KING WILLIAM IV.'s NAVAL ASYLUM (1849), Penge, S.E.

Object.—The asylum comprises twelve houses for widows and orphan daughters of naval officers, who receive £27. 10s. a year. **Admission.**—Ladies are elected by the Governors as vacancies occur. They must be out of the state of wedlock at time of admission ; if admitted as daughters, 40 years of age at least. No widow or daughter eligible who has a yearly income exceeding the ordinary rate of pension allowed by the Government to widows of naval officers of the rank which deceased husband or father held at time of his decease. In cases where this test of income does not apply, no widow or daughter is eligible who has a yearly income exceeding (as to widows of commanders, lieutenants, and masters) one-third of full pay allowed to naval officers of the rank which husband or father held at his decease ; (as to widows of pursers), one-half of such full pay. Candidates must be members of the Church of England, and produce certificate from minister of her parish, or from two respectable householders, testifying to that fact and to her good conduct, sober life, and conversation. **Management.**—By Governors and Trustees. **Income** (1888).—From invested funds, about £383. **Inmates.**—12. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Hon. Sec., Chas. Knight, Esq., 14 Great Marlborough Street, W.

PARTIS COLLEGE (1824), Bath.

Object.—For 30 ladies of not less than 50 years of age, widows or orphan unmarried daughters of clergymen, officers of the Army or Navy, professional men in Law, Physic, or Divinity, or of merchants of a rank corresponding with these, and who are *bond fide* members of the Church of England and have seen better days. **Admission.**—Candidates must be in good health and in possession of an income legally secured of £20 to £30 a year. Application should be made to the Chaplain for forms of application. **Management.**—By Trustees, 12 in number, who

elect to vacancies in their own body. They meet at Easter, Midsummer, and Christmas, and at other times when necessary. **Income** (1887-8).—Invested funds and land £1,837. **Pensioners**.—30. Chaplain and Sec., Rev. A. Hamilton, M.A.

CLERGY LADIES' HOMES (1864), 23, 25, 27 and 29, Formosa Street, Maida Hill, W.; 61 Westmoreland Road, Westbourne Park, W.

Object.—To provide comfortable and private apartments for widows and unmarried daughters of deceased clergy. **Admission**.—By application to the Hon. Secretary. Inmates pay nominal rent of £1 a year, and are supplied with coals during winter. They may have a mother, sister, or daughter, to share their rooms. Candidates must be not under 40 years of age, communicants, widows, or unmarried orphan daughters of a clergyman, and have an income of not under £40, or over £80 a year. The ladies furnish their own rooms, and pay a small weekly sum for attendance. Relatives of clergy in the colonies are eligible. **Management**.—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £265; inmates' payments, £28; sale of work, £18; church collections, £35; dividends, £13. **Inmates** (1887).—24. Treasurer, Rev. E. S. Dewick, 26 Oxford Square, N. Bankers, London and County, Paddington Branch. Hon. Sec., Miss Lyall, 55 Sussex Gardens, W.

BROMLEY COLLEGE (1666), Bromley, Kent.

Object.—Houses of residence, and pensions of £38 a year, for 40 widows of clergymen of the Church of England, who must not be under 50 years at the time of election. Also 3 out-pensions of £30 for widows as above. **Management**.—Seven official and five elective Trustees. **Inmates** (1888).—50. Chaplain, Rev. W. O. Peile.

SHEPPARD'S COLLEGE (*circa* 1840), affiliated to above.

Houses and pensions of £44 for 5 single ladies, who must have lived with widowed mothers in Bromley College. Also 2 out-pensions of £30 for spinsters as above.

SOMERSET HOSPITAL (1686), Froxfield, Wiltshire.

Object.—Originally founded for the maintenance of 30 widows, but since 1775 a home, with an annual allowance and sundry privileges, has been afforded to 50 widows (30 widows of clergymen, and 20 widows of laymen). **Admission**.—By application to the Trustees individually, as presentations are granted by the Trustees in rotation. Application to them individually is the only way to procure a nomination when a vacancy occurs. Houses are appropriated to lay widows in the following manner: Wilts, Berks, and Somerset, 5; London and Westminster, 5; counties at large, any place within 150 miles of London (except Wilts, Berks, and Somerset), 10; adjacent manors in Wilts, 10. To clergy widows: Wilts, Berks, and Somerset, 10; London and Westminster, 5; counties at large (as above), 5. Widows eligible for nomination must be such as shall be settled in some parish in the district from whence they are to be selected, or whose last place of residence shall have been usually within such a district for the space of 40 days next previous to the vacancy. **Management**.—By Trustees, who are elected from among the nobility and gentry of the county. **Income**.—Steward, E. B. Merriman, Esq.; Chaplain, Rev. R. W. Dartnell. List of Trustees (*Lay Widows*)—H. N. Goddard, Esq., Clyffe Manor, Wootton Bassett; Wm. Honywood, Esq., Chilton Lodge, Hungerford; A. L. Goddard, Esq.,

The Lawn, Swindon; F. Leyborne-Popham, Esq., Littlecote; the Marquis of Lansdowne, Bowood, Calne; Henry Calley, Esq., Burderop Park, Swindon; Lord Chas. Bruce, Wilton House, Eaton Square, S.W.; Major Heneage, V.C., Compton Bassett, Calne; G. T. J. Sotheron Estcourt, Esq., Eatcourt, Tetbury; the Rt. Hon. E. Pleydell Bouverie, Manor House, Market Lavington, Lord Henry Brudenell Bruce, Sir Francis Burdett, Bart. (*Clergy and Manor Widows*)—H. N. Goddard, Esq., Wm. Honywood, Esq., A. L. Goddard, Esq., F. Leyborne-Popham, Esq., the Marquis of Lansdowne, H. Calley, Esq., Lord C. Bruce, Major Heneage, V.C., G. T. J. Sotheron Estcourt, Esq., the Rt. Hon. E. Pleydell Bouverie, Lord H. Brudenell Bruce, Sir Francis Burdett, Bart. **Inmates** (1887).—32.

ROBINSON'S RETREAT (1812), Hackney, E.

Object.—To provide a home and pension for the widows of eight Independent and four Baptist ministers. **Admission.**—By election of Trustees. Application must be made to the Treasurer. Each applicant must be the widow, not less than 50 years of age, of a pastor of a Calvinistic Independent or Calvinistic Baptist Church, and must also, for at least two years immediately prior to her application, have been a regular member of such a church. She must be in receipt of a permanent income of less than £40, but not less than £10 per annum. Each inmate receives £13 per annum. **Management.**—By seven Trustees, appointed by coöption. **Inmates.**—12. Treasurer, Ebenezer Viney, Esq., Uppang, Upper Norwood, S.E.

ST. JOSEPH'S ALMSHOUSES (1850), Cadogan Street, S.W. (No recent information.)

Object.—To provide a home for aged Catholic women. **Admission.**—Application must be made to Very Rev. Canon Last. Applicants must 'be persons of very good character,' aged 60 years, and must have 5s. per week. A room, convenience for washing, &c., is provided. **Management.**—By Provost Hunt, Spanish Place, and Very Rev. Canon Last, Ingatestone Hall, Essex. **Inmates.**—18.

SQUIRE'S CHARITY (1795), Church End, Walthamstow, E.

Object.—To provide a home for six widows. **Admission.**—By application to Trustees. Applicants must be members of the Church of England. They must have resided in the parish of Walthamstow. **Inmates** receive £3. 5s. per quarter, a loaf every Sunday, and coals. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Income.**—£93. Treas., Mr. Thos. Pavy.

METROPOLITAN TABERNACLE ALMSHOUSES (1867), Station Road, Walworth, S.E.

Object.—To provide a home for aged females belonging to the church worshipping at the Tabernacle. **Admission.**—By applications to the Deacons of the Tabernacle, Newington, S.E. Applicants must be members of the church, in needy circumstances, above the age of 60. A room is provided, and 7s. per week is given in each case where it is necessary. **Management.**—By Pastor and Deacons. **Income** (1887-88).—£450. **Inmates.**—17. President, Rev. C. H. Spurgeon. Treasurer, Mr. Thos. H. Olney.

STEPNEY MEETING ALMSHOUSES, Whitehorse Street, E.

Object.—To provide for poor women, members of the church assembling at Stepney Meeting. **Admission.**—By Pastor and Deacons. Applicants must be aged. **Management.**—By Pastor and Deacons. **Income.**—'No income.' **Inmates.**—8.

II.—PENSIONS.

The Institutions comprised in this section are classified as follows:—

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But it has not been thought desirable to include all the agencies for administering this particular form of relief, on account of the great repetition which would have been necessary. The work of the Charity Organisation Society in procuring pensions for deserving chronic cases is referred to on p. 3, *note*. Pensions for the Blind (p. 17), Deaf and Dumb (p. 60), and Incurables (p. 77), will be found under the headings relating to those Institutions. Many of the Homes for Aged and Incapacitated (p. 233) not only grant pensions to inmates, but also in some cases make provision for permanent out-pensioners, and grant weekly allowances to candidates for admission. The same remark applies to many of the Benevolent Institutions included in the Appendix. The assistance given by the agencies described in the section Relief in Money, though generally of a temporary kind, is not in all cases easily distinguishable from the relief given by Pension Societies, which is not always permanent, being often granted from year to year, and distinctly stated to be revocable. The Greenwich Hospital pensions to widows, and allowances to children, are dealt with on p. 325. Pensions proceeding from old endowments, and restricted to the inhabitants of certain London parishes, are included in the section devoted to *Local Charities*. In seeking for any particular Institution, or for pensions applicable to any special class of persons, reference should be made to the Index.

PENSIONS FOR MEN.

TANCRED'S CHARITIES (1721).

Object.—To provide out-pensions to decayed and necessitous gentlemen, clergymen, commissioned land officers, or sea officers. **Admission.**—Applicants must be 50 years of age or more, natives of Great Britain, and of the religion of the Church of England. There are 12 pensioners at £80 a year each, but owing to the falling off in the rental of the Charity estates, it is anticipated that the stipend for some time may not exceed £40. **Income.**—Clerk to the Governors and Trustees, Bartle J. L. Frere, Esq., 28 Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C., to whom application should be made for form.

ROYAL CHELSEA HOSPITAL (1682), Queen's Road, Chelsea, S.W.

Object.—The relief and support of worn-out, wounded, and disabled soldiers, as in or out-pensioners. **Admission.**—By the Board of Commissioners. Application for in-pension must be made to the Secretary; but no one can be received who is not already in the receipt of an out-pension for life, and applications must be made on a printed form to be obtained from a staff officer or paymaster of pensioners. In-pensioners must be advanced in years, unless suffering from infirmity or disease, which would qualify them for admission at an earlier age. They receive maintenance, lodging, and a small allowance in money, according to classification. Many receive some employment in the hospital, for which remuneration is given. Out-pensions are given to soldiers on discharge for long service, or as compensation for wounds or injuries caused by military service. They vary from 6d. to 3s. 6d. and upwards a day, according to service, rank, wounds, &c. **Management.**—By a Board of

Commissioners, military and civil, appointed by Letters Patent. **Income.**—Parliamentary grant, varying according to circumstances, and a small income from legacies and unclaimed prize-money. **Inmates** (1887-88).—551; out-pensioners, 85,041. Treasurer, The Paymaster-General; Lieut.-Governor and Sec., Colonel E. A. Stuart.

KINLOCH BEQUEST.

Object.—Pensions to about 360 disabled soldiers and sailors of the Royal Navy. Administered by the SCOTTISH CORPORATION, p. 263.

MRS. BECKER'S BOUNTY (1855).

Object.—To provide annual bounties, not exceeding £50, for poor clergymen of the Church of England, 55 years of age and upwards, physically incompetent for parochial duty. **Admission.**—Letters for form of application must be sent to the Secretary. Candidates must produce satisfactory evidence of orthodoxy of their tenets, and of physical inability to engage in the general duties of a parochial minister, and must state the amount of their present income. Certificate of baptism required to verify age. **Management.**—By Trustees under the will of the foundress. **Income** (1887-88).—£1,320 (less income tax). **Recipients.**—31. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Sec., Mr. W. Veale, Manvers Road, Bath.

DAVIDSON'S CHARITY (1842).

Object and Admission.—To assist, by donations not exceeding £50, deserving and necessitous clergymen of the Church of England, of unexceptionable moral character, who from age, ill-health, accident, or infirmity, shall be unable to maintain themselves by their own exertions, preference being given to those for the time being resident in the county of Kent. The Trustees have power to expend themselves the whole or any part of amount for the benefit of the recipient. Candidates are directed to apply to the Trustees, or to their clerk. Testimonials of character, with satisfactory proof of applicant's eligibility, are required. **Management.**—By the following Trustees, appointed under a scheme of the Charity Commissioners, dated March 1884: Sir Henry James, Q.C., M.P., Roger Eykyn, Esq., and Robert Samuel Wright, Esq., 1 Paper Buildings, Temple, E.C., Barrister-at-Law. **Income.**—About £260, from invested funds. **Pensioners** (1887).—10. Clerk, R. S. Taylor, Esq., Solicitor, 4 Field Court, Gray's Inn, W.C.

REV. DR. GEORGE RICHARDS'S CHARITY, 7 Godliman Street, Doctors Commons, E.C.

Object.—The relief of superannuated and of infirm clergymen. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary for form, on which must be stated full name and address, preferment (if any), age next birthday, family (if any); income, private and professional; cause of need; medical certificate stating what prospect of complete restoration to health; letter of recommendation from archdeacon, rural dean, or neighbouring clergyman; and whether recipient from any public charity. The assistance given takes the form of an allowance of not more than £100 a year for one or more years. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Income** (1883).—£600. **Persons Assisted.**—16. Sec., G. H. Brooks, Esq.

SOCIETY FOR THE RELIEF OF AGED AND INFIRM PROTESTANT DISSENTING MINISTERS (1818).

Object.—The relief of settled ministers of the Presbyterian, Independent, and Baptist Denominations in England and Wales, not less than 60 years of age, who have resigned their office in consequence of incapacity

by age and other infirmities. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary for a form of application. The case must be recommended by at least two accredited ministers and one member of the Society. The grants do not exceed £20. Application must be made every year if renewed assistance be required. **Management.**—Committee of 18, two ministers and four laymen of each denomination, one-third retiring annually. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £115; invested funds, £588. **Persons Assisted.**—67. Bankers, The Consolidated Bank. Treasurer, Philip Cadby, Esq., 24 St. Peter's Square, Hammer-smith; Sec., Rev. Philip G. Scorey, 53 Oakhurst Grove, East Dulwich, S.E.

CONGREGATIONAL PASTORS' RETIRING FUND (1860), Memorial Hall, Farringdon Street, E.C.

Object.—To facilitate, by provision of annuities, the retirement of aged and infirm pastors of Congregational churches in England and Wales.

Admission.—By application to the Managers, through the Secretary. Applicants must be accredited pastors of Congregational churches in England, Wales, Channel Islands, or Isle of Man, not less than 60 years of age; engaged in pastoral work not less than 25 years; not have followed any trade or profession save that of schoolmaster, and be of irreproachable moral character. **Management.**—Board of Managers, 36 gentlemen, half laymen and half ministers, one-third of each resident in London (and forming London managers), members of Congregational or Independent churches appointed by Annual Meeting of members as vacancies occur. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £961; interest of invested funds, £5,115. **Annuitants.**—150. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Thos. Scrutton, Esq., 9 Gracechurch Street, E.C.; Sec., Rev. R. T. Verrall.

HUNSTONE'S CHARITY (1655).

Object.—To grant pensions to decayed gentlemen of the county of Lincoln. **Admission.**—Applicants must be, or have been, clergymen, barristers, attorneys, solicitors, physicians, surgeons, apothecaries, officers of the army or navy, or respectable farmers or graziers, of the age of 40 years or upwards, or 30 years and unable to gain a living in consequence of bodily or mental infirmity. The pensions are of £20 per annum. **Management.**—By five Trustees. **Pensioners** (1887).—16. **Income.**—£390, from rent of land. Sec. to the Trustees, Cabourn Pocklington, Esq., Skirbeck Quarter, Boston.

PENSIONS FOR MEN AND WOMEN.

CITY OF LONDON GENERAL PENSION SOCIETY (1818), 14 South Street, Finsbury Pavement, E.C.

Object.—To grant 'monthly pensions to decayed artisans, mechanics, manufacturers, tradesmen, above 60, and the widows of such persons above 63 years of age, without distinction of religion, sect or country.'

Admission.—By application to the Secretary, and election by the subscribers. 'Pensions not to exceed 31s. per calendar month to the men, and 22s. per month to the women. None to be admitted candidates under 60 years of age, unless totally incapacitated.' No man eligible whose income exceeds £25 a year, or woman whose income exceeds £20 a year. After notification to candidates of their being accepted, agreement required, signed by three persons for a male, and two for a female, consenting to pay 12s. a year each, so long as pensioner remains on the Fund (if elected); such persons being new subscribers. Pension ceases if pensioner becomes a pauper. No person admitted a candidate unless

employed, as stated in Object, at least 20 years. Widows must produce proof of husband's eligibility, and of having been a lawful wife for at least 10 years. No person living more than 10 miles from London, or having been in receipt of parish relief within one year prior to date of recommendation, eligible. **Management.**—Directors. **Income** (1887).

—Charitable contributions, £222; invested funds, dividends, £227. **Pensioners.**—44. Bankers, The Bank of England. Treasurer, F. J. Stohwasser, Esq.; Sec., G. J. Ostermoor, Esq.

TOWER HAMLETS PENSION COMMITTEE (1877).

Object.—To provide pensions for poor persons who seem worthy of assistance outside the workhouse. **Admission.**—Applicants must be poor and aged, have made genuine efforts after independence, and have no near relations able to provide for them. They must be resident in East End Unions, where out-relief has been, or is being abolished. The strictest investigation is made in the first instance by District Committees of Charity Organisation Society, and afterwards by the Committee. No pension exceeds 4s. a week, or is granted for more than six months at a time; cases in receipt of parish relief ineligible. **Management.**—By Committee, new members coöpted. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £680. **Pensioners.**—111. Bankers, London and Westminster, Aldgate. Treasurer, A. G. Crowder, Esq., 65 Portland Place, W.; Sec., Miss P. D. Townsend, 28 Commercial Street, E.

EAST LONDON GENERAL PENSION SOCIETY (1824), 164 Bethnal Green Road, E.

Object.—Permanent relief of aged and afflicted poor of both sexes. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary for form, and election by subscribers. Candidates must be proposed by a member. Certificate required (according to a form) signed by three respectable persons, as to age, affliction, income, &c. Subscribers becoming candidates (if of five years' standing) are allowed 25 votes, and 5 for every additional year. If candidate a widow, and five years' subscriber, and her husband has subscribed for same period, she is entitled to 50 votes, and 5 for every additional year in which either of them may have subscribed. No female having a husband, eligible. Male pensioners are allowed 2s. 6d., females, 2s. a week for life. If they become paupers, pension ceases. **Management.**—Committee chosen annually. **Income** (1888).—£165. **Pensioners.**—24. Sec., Mr. B. Wilson.

BETHNAL GREEN PHILANTHROPIC PENSION SOCIETY (1822).

Object.—To grant life pensions of 2s. 6d. a week to aged males and females. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary for forms. Candidates must be indigent persons of good character, above 60 years of age, and resident for the last seven years in the parish of Bethnal Green, especially such as have fallen from a state of comparative prosperity. Pensioners are elected by votes of contributors. **Management.**—By Directors. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £202; invested funds, £73; proceeds of ball, festival dinner, &c., £193. **Pensioners.**—23 men, 29 women. Bankers, Central Bank of London. Sec., Mr. J. S. C. Denton, 70 Southborough Road, South Hackney, E.

STEPNEY RELIEF SOCIETY (1849).

Object.—To grant pensions to householders living in Stepney and the neighbourhood. Life pensions 5s., winter pensions 2s. 6d. a week. Treasurer, Mr. G. T. Smith, 54 Ben Jonson Street, E.

PECKHAM AND KENT ROAD PENSION SOCIETY (1834),

National Schools, High Street, Peckham.

Object.—To grant pensions to decayed housekeepers of the said liberty, above 60 years of age; males, 26s. a month; females, 21s. 8d. Applicants must be tradesmen, or of same class, or their widows; have paid the parish rates for at least seven years in Peckham, and be recommended by a Governor. Annual subscription of 7s. entitles to one, and donation of £5. 5s. to two votes at all elections. **Management.**—By Directors, elected at the Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1886-7).—Subscriptions and donations, £415; dividends and interest, £60; legacy, £9; offertories, £16; proceeds of ball, £8. **Pensioners.**—38. Bankers, London and South Western Bank, Peckham. Treasurer, A. H. P. Dale, Esq.; Sec., Mr. J. C. Tessier, 42 Scylla Road, Peckham Rye, S.E.

LONDON AGED CHRISTIAN SOCIETY (1826), 32 Sackville Street, W.

Object.—'Relief of decidedly Christian poor of either sex' by pensions. **Admission.**—By recommendation of subscribers who know cases as suitable. Candidates must be at least 65 years old and reside within 5 miles of St. Paul's Cathedral. No person in workhouse or almshouse, or pensioner on similar Society, or having a sum above £12, eligible. All approved cases registered from date of recommendation and relieved in rotation as vacancies occur. The pension is 10s. a month, is taken to recipient's residence by the Committee as almoners, and is regulated so that income of pensioner from that and other sources shall not exceed 10s. a week. **Management.**—Gentlemen's Committee and Ladies' Committee, each of not more than 24 subscribers, elected annually at General Meeting. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions, donations, associations, and sermons, £881; invested funds, £89; special fund, £15. **Pensioners** (1887-8).—174. Bankers, Drummonds. Sec., Mr. J. C. Sommers.

AGED PILGRIMS' FRIEND SOCIETY (1807). Office, 83 Finsbury Pavement, E.C.

Object.—Pensions to poor, aged, and infirm Protestant Christians of every denomination. **Admission.**—By nomination of subscribers. Forms of recommendation may be obtained from the Secretary, which, when filled up, will be presented to Committee in order of reception. Approved candidates, after two months from date of presentation, receive 5s. a month. Candidates are placed in rotation on the 'five guinea list,' and those on that list may be, after three years, the funds in hand permitting, raised to the 'seven guinea list' in rotation. From both these lists those who are 70 years of age and upwards are eligible to be elected, by votes of subscribers, to pension of £10. 10s. a year. The two oldest cases are raised without election. In cases of husband and wife, or of two sisters living together, one only eligible for election during life of the other. Applicants must give scriptural testimony that they are of the 'household of faith,' and must be not under 60; their income from every source not exceeding (per week) 7s. for a single person, or 10s. for man and wife. Those with £20 at their own disposal, though unable to work and without income, or with £10 and income of 3s. a week, ineligible. **Management.**—Committee of thirty-five, elected annually at General Meeting of the subscribers and friends of the Society. **Ordinary Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions, donations, and auxiliaries, £5,184; collections, £250; invested funds, £698; legacies, £1,738; sundries, £591. **Pensioners.**—1,193. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurers, F. A. Bevan, Esq., 54 Lombard St., E.C.; W. J. Parks, Esq., 10 The Chase, Clapham Common, S.W.; Sec., Mr. J. E. Hazelton.

HOUNSFIELD PENSIONS (1870). Clerk's Office, 8 Paradise Square, Sheffield.

Object.—To grant pensions of £30 per annum to men, unmarried women, or to widows, not under 50 years of age, of good character and sober life and conversation, resident in England or Wales, members of the Established Church of England, in reduced, needy, and poor circumstances. **Admission.**—By Trustees. Persons who have received parochial relief are not eligible. The election is for one year only, but pensioners may be re-elected from time to time on a new application. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Income** (1887).—From invested funds, £637. **Pensioners.**—21. Bankers, Sheffield & Rotherham Joint Stock Banking Company, Limited. Clerk, J. J. Wheat, Esq., Solicitor.

SAUNDERS, WILLIAM (1849).

Object.—Pensions to indigent gentry, tutors, governesses, merchants, and other persons who shall have been engaged in any trade or profession, business or employment, or to the widows or children of any such persons. **Admission.**—Candidates must be resident in England. Some regard is paid to solicitors or attorneys being candidates. Candidates are nominated by the Trustees. Pensions are not less than £25 or more than £40 a year. Candidates (except those being widows and children) must be at least 60 years of age. Those in receipt of an income of £30 a year, or who shall have received parochial relief, ineligible. Satisfactory evidence of age required. Widows must produce certificate of marriage, and prove death of husband. Trustees meet quarterly. **Income.**—About £550. **Pensioners** (1887).—17. Solicitors to Trustees, Baileys, Shaw, & Gillett, 5 Berners Street, Oxford Street, W.

NATIONAL BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1812), 65 Southampton Row, W.C.

Object.—To grant pensions to aged and distressed members of the upper and middle classes. **Admission.**—By application to the Committee, on forms to be obtained of the Secretary, and by the election of subscribers. Those under 60 years, or who are in possession of income of £30 a year, or who have not resided in England for at least 12 months prior to date of application, or who have been during that time in receipt of parish relief, and any female whose husband is alive, are not eligible. Certificate, or such evidence as shall satisfy two-thirds of the Committee, of age of candidate, required. After each election the two candidates who have been longest on the books are added to the pension list, provided they have polled at least 100 votes. Gratuities are also awarded to some of the unsuccessful candidates. Pensions are, for those from 60 to 68 years, £20; 68 to 73, £25; 73 and upwards, £30. 'The five senior pensioners' receive £40 a year. **Management.**—Committee of not less than 20 or more than 50 elected annually by and from life donors and subscribers. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £5,584; invested funds, £8,204; legacies, £2,257. **Pensioners.**—443. Bankers, Drummonds, and London & Westminster. Treasurer, the Rev. Prebendary Whittington; Sec., Mr. Henry C. Latreille.

UNITED KINGDOM BENEFICENT ASSOCIATION (1863), Fitzalan House, Arundel Street, Strand, W.C.

Object.—To grant annuities up to £25 to persons of the upper and middle classes in reduced circumstances, who are above 40 years of age, and unable from bodily infirmities to earn their own livelihood, and to

afford temporary help to candidates in urgent distress. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary and election of subscribers. Those in possession of more than £30 a year or under 40 years of age, or residing out of the United Kingdom, are ineligible. Applicant must be introduced by subscriber, and must produce satisfactory proof of age, medical certificate, and names of two or more referees, one of whom must be clergyman or minister. Candidates must poll at least 50 votes each year, or their names will be removed. Committee have power to appoint annuitants at £20 from unsuccessful candidates 70 years of age and upwards, who have been upon list not less than five years, and have polled not less than 500 votes. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions, donations, and fines, £13,142; invested funds and interest, £5,472; special donations and legacies, £24,456. Temporary Relief Fund, £1,213. **Persons Assisted.**—Pensioners, 604. Candidates relieved by grants, 402. Bankers, Dimsdale & Co.; London and Westminster Bank, Bloomsbury; London and South Western Bank. Treasurer, Herbert Barnard, Esq. Sec., Col. Thomas George Gardiner; Asst. Sec., Ernest Squire, Esq.

SCOTTISH CORPORATION (1665), Hall, Crane Court, Fleet Street, E.C.

Object.—Relief of aged and infirm natives of Scotland, residents of the metropolis and neighbourhood. **Admission.**—‘The charity is applicable to the poor natives of Scotland and their children resident within a radius of 12 miles from the Hall of the Corporation, who, not being in receipt of permanent parochial relief in this country, would in age and poverty, in sickness or distress, or when in want of employment, be exposed to the utmost wretchedness but for relief.’ Each donor of £10. 10s., or annual subscriber of £1. 1s., can vote at the annual election of pensioners and is also entitled to recommend one poor person each month, upon a ‘petition’ to be obtained from the beadle. The pensions are: 5 of £25, 110 of £12, and 50 of £6 a year. Candidates for the £25 pension are selected from persons who have occupied a respectable social position, and who can satisfy the Committee that they have a guaranteed income of £15, but not more than £30 per annum. They must be at least 65 years of age, must have resided in London 20 years, must be known to, and recommended by two or more governors. Candidates for the £12 pension must be 65 years of age, and have resided 12 years within 12 miles of the Corporation Hall, and must not have an annual income of more than £15; but a limited number of persons above 40 years of age, who are disabled by permanent physical or mental infirmity from obtaining a livelihood, may be recommended as candidates by the Committee of Management. Election by subscribers and life governors on last Wednesday of April. Vacancies in the £6 pension are filled up by the Committee of Management. Free passages to Scotland are given. **Management.**—By Committee elected by subscribers, six retiring annually. Donors of £106 and upwards are members of the Committee of Management for life. Sub-committees for finance and the management of the school money fund. The *Kinloch Bequest* (a fund left in trust to the Scottish Corporation) gives pensions to about 360 disabled soldiers and sailors of the Royal Navy. **Income** (1886-7), exclusive of the Kinloch Bequest.—£6,440. **Pensioners.**—165, and about 340 ‘Petitioners’ relieved monthly. Treasurer, the Earl of Rosebery; Sec., George Henderson, Esq.

SPECIAL PENSIONS FOR MEN AND WOMEN.

CUMBERLAND BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1734),
33 Cheapside, E.C.

Object.—Pecuniary relief by pensions to natives of the county in old age, or their widows, resident in the Metropolis, who have fallen from prosperous or comfortable circumstances. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary and by votes of subscribers. Pensions are of 30s. a month. Applicants must have resided within 10 miles of St. Paul's Cathedral for not less than five consecutive years immediately preceding application (Committee have discretionary power, where candidates have discontinued to be residents of the Metropolis for not exceeding six calendar months immediately preceding application), and 60 years of age, unless, at Committee's discretion, totally incapacitated to earn a living. Committee have power to make inquiries from time to time into circumstances of annuitants. Unsuccessful candidates must renew application on or before first Tuesday in March in each year. Persons in receipt of parochial relief ineligible. **Management.**—Committee appointed by governors and subscribers at the Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £421; invested funds, £224. **Annuitants.**—39. Bankers, London and Westminster. Treasurer, John Scott, Esq., 8 Cannon Street, E.C.; Hon. Sec., Graham King, Esq., 66 Aldermanbury, E.C.; Sec., W. T. Rickwood, Esq.

MRS. ANN CAM'S CHARITY (1842).

Object.—To provide annuities and donations to relations, acquaintances, and servants of donor; aged, diseased, and infirm persons, and orphans; deserving servants, grown old; reduced persons, brought up in trade; persons of good character, or with large families; or other persons in necessitous circumstances. **Admission.**—By application. **Management.**—By seven Trustees, appointed under a scheme of the Court of Chancery. **Income.**—£612 (dividends on £20,427). **Recipients** (1887).—40. Solicitors to Trustees, Giraud & Shoppee, 7 Furnival's Inn, E.C.

NICHOLSON'S CHARITY.

Object.—Pensions of £5 apiece to poor men and women of the name of Nicholson, being Protestants; marriage portion and apprentice fees for persons of the same name. **Admission.**—By application. **Management.**—By Trustees, under scheme of Court of Chancery. **Income.**—About £330. **Recipients.**—Receiver, Samuel Hough, 5 Bow Church Yard, E.C.

ROYAL AGRICULTURAL BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION
(1860), 26 Charles Street, St. James's, S.W.

Object.—To grant pensions to farmers, their wives, widows, and unmarried orphan daughters. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary, and election of subscribers. The form received from Secretary should be returned to him, filled up, at least three clear days before the first Tuesday in January, after which the list for the next succeeding election will be closed. Candidates must be 'farmers (British-born subjects) who, during twenty years, have cultivated, as an exclusive means of support, holdings of at least 100 acres, or at rentals of at least £150 per annum, who by uncontrollable circumstances have been so reduced as not to possess an income, from all sources, exceeding £20 a year, and who have attained the full age of 65 years. In cases, however, of bodily

infirmity, resulting from accident, or of such a nature as permanently to disable the candidate from following any occupation as a means of livelihood, the above limit of age shall be reduced to 50 years.' Wives, widows and unmarried orphan daughters of such person are also eligible, if not less than 60 years of age, and possessing an income of less than £20 a year. Certificates or satisfactory evidence of birth and marriage, and of all the above conditions, required. No married candidates jointly eligible where husband's age less than 65 years, or wife's less than 60, or whose joint income exceeds £30 a year. Under no circumstances joint pension of husband and wife to exceed £40 a year. Pensions paid quarterly, in advance. If subscriber to Institution, duly qualified, become candidate, such number of votes as are represented by whole amount of subscriptions are placed to credit. Pensions are, to married couples, £40 a year; to males, £26 a year; to females, £20. Admission of pensioners may also be obtained by purchase, according to age of pensioner. **Management.**—Council, appointed by subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £19,645; invested funds, £962; legacies, £1,110. **Persons Assisted** (pensioners).—692. Bankers, London and County, Oxford Street. Acting Treasurer and Sec., C. B. Shaw, Esq.

GARDENERS' ROYAL BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1839), 50 Parliament Street, S.W.

Object.—To provide pensions of £20 per annum to aged or incapacitated gardeners, and of £16 per annum to their widows. **Admission.**—By election or subscription; each donation of £10. 10s., or annual subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to one vote at elections, which take place in January. Applicants must have been head gardeners, market gardeners of five acres, nursery or seedsmen, or the foremen of such, for 20 years, or their widows; be (this applies also to widows) at least 60 years of age, or totally incapacitated; not possess an income exceeding £30 per annum, nor be in receipt of parish relief. Widows, subsequently married to persons not gardeners, or to gardeners for less than ten years, or separated from and not supported by their husbands, at time of their decease, are ineligible. Petitions must be filled up, and signed by two subscribers. Baptismal certificate (or its equivalent) is required. Preference is given to those who have subscribed 15 years (or their widows), who, if eligible, and not exceeding the number of vacancies, are placed on list without election. Widows of pensioners are (unless ineligible) placed on list without election. Not exceeding £5 may be paid towards funeral expenses of pensioners. **Management.**—By Committee, elected by subscribers; one-third must be practical gardeners; six retire annually. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions and fête, £2,826; advertisements, £53; invested funds, £675. **Pensioners.**—124. Bankers, Glyn, Mills, & Co. Treasurer, Harry J. Veitch, Esq.; Sec., Edward Roger Cutler, Esq., Bonwicks, Wimbledon, and at the Institution.

GOLDSMITHS' BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1833), 15 Hanover Square, W.

Object.—'Relief of poor, aged, or infirm persons of good character (traders, workmen, clerks, shopmen, and others) in the several branches of the goldsmith's and jewellery business,' by pensions. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary and election of subscribers. Annual subscriber of 5s., or donor of £2. 10s., entitled to one vote at all elections. Male candidates must be at least 55 years of age (unless totally incapacitated), and not in receipt of more than 15s. a week on

an average, or 10s. a week permanent income. Female candidates must be widows, at least 55 years of age (unless totally incapacitated), and not in receipt of more than 12s. 6d. a week average, or 8s. a week permanent income. If female annuitant marries, pension ceases, if husband in receipt of more than 10s. a week. Every applicant must be recommended by two subscribers on the proper form. Annual subscribers and their widows, if they become annuitants, receive a further sum per annum in addition to the pension, in proportion to amount subscribed for every consecutive five years. Candidates being subscribers allowed a vote for every 5s. subscribed. Annuity ceases if annuitant becomes a pauper. Committee have discretion, authorised by subscribers at Annual Meeting, to pay widow of male annuitant on his death 12s. 6d. a month if she is eligible as a candidate. Annuities are, to males, £15, to females, £10 a year. **Management.**—Committee of 25 Governors and Sub-Governors elected annually at General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,225; invested funds, £705. **Pensioners.**—113. Bankers, London and County. Treasurer, Geo. Lambert, Esq.; Sec., Mr. Benjamin Maskell.

THE BRASS AND COPPER TRADES' PENSION INSTITUTION (1831). (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To grant pensions to aged or incapacitated members, and the widows of subscribers. The amount of pension is, to males, £12; to females, £6. Those who have been subscribers receive in addition 10 per cent. per annum on the amount they have subscribed. **Admission.**—Pensioners are elected by the votes of the subscribers. 'Applicants for the pension must either have been employed for seven years continuously in some branch of the brass or copper trades, or must be the widows of subscribers who have been so employed. They must not be in receipt of more than 16s. per week from every source, and they must be at least 60 years of age, unless they, or the deceased husbands of such as are widows, have been regular subscribers for 10 years consecutively, or have given life subscriptions or donations amounting to £5 altogether, in which case they may apply at 55 years of age. The Committee have power to dispense with the regulation respecting age, in cases which they may deem to be those of total incapacity.' The minimum annual subscription is 5s.; life ditto, £2. 2s. **Management.**—**Income.**—Average, £150. **Pensioners.**—Males, 4; females, 9. Treasurer, T. Amor, Esq.; Secretary, Mr. E. B. Manton, 32 Frederick Street, Gray's Inn Road, W.C., to whom all applications should be made.

IRON, HARDWARE, AND METAL TRADES' PENSION SOCIETY (1843), 195 Upper Thames Street, E.C.

Object.—To grant pensions to members of the trades and their widows. **Admission.**—Candidates must be 60 years of age and upwards, 'who have been employed in the iron, hardware, and metal trades, as master, traveller, clerk, warehouseman, or shopman, within the limits of the United Kingdom, or the widows of such persons, if of 60 years of age and upwards.' Recommendations in writing of two members of the Society required to be forwarded to Secretary, who will supply form of application, which, having been fully and correctly filled up, should be 'returned to the office whence it was issued on or before April 30 or October 31 respectively.' Applications from Birmingham and neighbourhood to be made to Mr. T. Edgar Pemberton, Hon. Local Sec., 42 Livery Street. From Sheffield and neighbourhood to Mr. J. W. Peace, Local

Sec., Albert Hall; and from Wolverhampton to Mr. R. Gibson (Messrs. Baker & Crockett). Admission is by election of subscribers. Candidates who have been members entitled to one vote for every 10s. 6d. paid, to be repeated at each election and accumulated until candidate elected. Widows entitled to same votes for late husband's subscriptions. **Management**.—Committee and Country Committees elected at General Meeting of subscribers held in January. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £3,825; invested funds, £16,343 (gross); annual ball, £260. **Persons Benefited**.—155. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank. Treasurer, R. H. Pearson, Esq.; Sec., Mr. T. Hodges Papworth.

ARCHITECTS' BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (1850), 9 Conduit Street, Regent Street, W.

Object.—To afford temporary pecuniary assistance to aged and distressed architects or surveyors, their assistants, or their widows or orphans. **Admission**.—Application must be made on forms, obtainable from the Assist. Sec., and must be countersigned by two contributors. Widows must transmit the certificate of their marriage and burial of their husbands. Children must produce certificates of their birth and marriage of their parents, or other satisfactory evidence of their identity. Unless under special circumstances, relief is not granted to the same applicant twice within twelve months. **Management**.—By a Council of members of the profession. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £340; invested funds, £243. **Cases Relieved**.—39. Bankers, Herries, Farquhar, & Co. Treasurer, Prof. T. Hayter Lewis; Hon. Sec., Wm. H. White, Esq.; Assist. Sec., B. Verity, Esq.

BUILDERS' BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1847), 4 Vernon Place, Bloomsbury Square, W.C.

Object.—To grant 'pensions to necessitous members of the various branches of the building trade—of the Metropolis—and their widows.' **Admission**.—By application to the Secretary and election of subscribers. Annual subscriber of 10s. 6d., or donor of £5. 5s., has one vote at all elections. Candidates must be at least 60 years of age, and if males, must have followed the trade at least five years. They must not be possessed of an income of more than £50 a year. Votes of unsuccessful candidates are carried forward. Pensions are, for males, £39; for females, £27 a year. **Management**.—Committee. **Income** (1887).—£3,420. **Pensioners** (1887).—Males, 28; females, 36. Bankers, Sir S. Scott. Sec., Major R. A. Brutton.

BUTCHERS' CHARITABLE INSTITUTION (1828).—Almshouses, Walham Green, S.W. Office, Butchers' Hall, Bartholomew Close, E.C.

Object.—The relief of master butchers, master pork butchers, cattle and meat commission salesmen, and hide and skin salesmen, their widows and orphans. **Admission**.—By application to Secretary, recommendation of at least four donors or subscribers, approval of Committee, and election of subscribers. Relief given is by pensions: to males (married), 14s.; (single), 10s.; females, 8s., a week, paid monthly. Pensioners who have subscribed fifteen years, or ten years and made donation of £10. 10s., entitled to 2s. additional. Candidates must satisfy Committee that they have carried on business as follows: a subscriber for ten years, any other persons for fifteen years, within fifteen miles of the General Post Office, or are the widows of such persons. Widows must have been married to

husband at least five years before he quitted trade. Candidates must be at least 60 years of age, or unable to labour, which must be verified by certificate of medical officer of Institution. Restriction of fifteen miles from General Post Office does not apply to candidate who has subscribed seven years, or given donation of £10. 10s. when in business. Votes of unsuccessful candidates are carried forward. Committee may, at second meeting following election, place one pensioner on funds if unsuccessful at three elections, and may grant £1 a month to any unsuccessful candidate at three elections until elected. At death of pensioner, or wife of pensioner, Committee may grant not more than £5 to husband, relations, or friends. Committee may make allowance not exceeding £10 a year for benefit of orphan children of any person carrying on the trades; and on death of male pensioner, leaving widow (eligible as candidate), either to place her as pensioner without election, or make her allowance of £5 a year until elected. Pensioners are eligible for election into almshouses, where they receive an allowance of coals and candles. **Management.**—President, Vice-Presidents, Treasurer, 7 Trustees, and Committee of not less than 25 members, 10 of Committee retiring annually, but eligible for re-election. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £3,845; invested funds, £861; garden fête, ball, &c., £1,000. **Pensioners** (1887).—147. Bankers, Hill & Sons, 66 West Smithfield, E.C. Treasurer, James Killby, Esq.; Sec., H. J. V. Philpott, Esq., at the Office.

TALLOW CHANDLERS' BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (1843), 175 Bishopsgate Street Without, E.C.

Object.—'Relief of indigent and incapacitated Tallow Chandlers, their widows, and others connected with the trade,' by pensions. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary, recommendation of Life Governor, and two subscribers, and election of subscribers. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. is Governor; donor of £10. 10s., Life Governor, each with one vote at all elections. Pensions are (men) 25s. (women) 20s. a month. Income of candidate must not exceed (males) £30 (females) £20 a year. Candidates must be at least 60 years of age or totally incapacitated, and must not receive other charitable aid. Parochial cases ineligible. Man and wife cannot be pensioners at same time. Elections take place in November. **Management.**—Board of 15 Directors, elected annually, at General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £195; invested funds, £136; proceeds of triennial festival, £368. **Pensioners.**—35. Bankers, Bank of England. Treasurer, B. B. Turner, Esq., 32 Haymarket, S.W.; Hon. Sec., Percy E. Johnson, Esq.

SHIPBROKERS AND CUSTOM-HOUSE AGENTS' BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (1853), 36 Gracechurch St., E.C.

Object.—Relief by pensions or occasional donations to deserving and necessitous persons who have been engaged as principals in the business of shipbrokers or Custom-house agents, and to their widows. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary, and election of subscribers. Annual subscriber of 10s. 6d., or donor of £5. 5s., is a Governor, and entitled to one vote at all elections. Applicants must be 60 years of age and upwards, who have carried on the business in the City of London, or, if incapacitated by accident or disease, of any age; widows must be 55 years of age and upwards. **Management.**—Committee of 20 Governors elected annually at General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £421; invested funds, £148. **Persons Assisted** (1887).—25. Bankers, Bank of England. Hon. Sec. and Treas., H. Workman, Esq.

* 'CAPTAIN' RELIEF FUND.

Object.—The relief of widows, relatives, and children of those who perished in H.M.S. 'Captain.' **Expenditure** (including cost of management), 1887.—£979. **Recipients** (1887).—(Annuitants, full) widows, 35; relatives, 2. (Annuitants, half) re-married women, 58. Children, 2.

* 'EURYDICE' RELIEF FUND.

Object.—The relief of widows and children of those who perished in H.M.S. 'Eurydice.' **Expenditure** (1887).—£680. **Recipients.**—Widows and re-married women, 31; officers' widows, 4; officers' children, 6; seamen's and marines' children, 30.

* 'ATALANTA' RELIEF FUND.

Object.—The relief of widows and children of those who perished in H.M.S. 'Atalanta.' **Expenditure** (1887).—£450. **Recipients.**—Widows, 17; officers' widows, 5; officers' children, 10; seamen's and marines' children, 23.

LONDON MARITIME INSTITUTION.

Object.—To grant annuities to captains in the merchant service, or their widows. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Income.**—About £230 per annum. Hon. Sec., Thomas Scrutton, Esq., 9 Gracechurch Street, E.C.

STATIONERS' COMPANY, Stationers' Hall Court, Ludgate Hill, E.C. Clerk, C. R. Rivington, Esq.

BOWYER CHARITY (1777).—£180 payable in pensions to nine poor printers.

JOHNSON &c. CHARITIES.—Pensions. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Clerk. There are 10 pensions of about £3 for old distressed printers, and one of £30; £36. 2s. 9d. for pensions for journeymen printers; 20 pensions of £5 for journeymen printers; £52. 10s. for pensions for five poor widows of freemen, or for stationers, printers, and booksellers or binders; £33. 14s. 3d. distributable in sums from £4. 10s. to £9 for 'relief of aged printers'; three other pensions of £6. 6s.; and two annuities of £12 for compositors.

WHITTINGHAM CHARITY (1839).—Dividend on £2,000 payable in six pensions. **Admission.**—Applicants must be widows of compositors or pressmen, whether freemen or not, and not less than 50 years of age. Pensions cease on remarriage.

DAVIS CHARITY (1827).—The dividend on £6,696 payable in pensions. **Admission.**—Applicants must be compositors over 60 years of age, or, failing these, over 50. Freemen have preference. They must receive no other benefaction from the Company, or parochial relief. The annuities are £18 each. They are payable at the Pension Courts in March and September.

TEACHERS' BENEVOLENT FUND (1877), 30 Fleet St., E.C.

Object.—To assist teachers or their widows in distress with loans or gifts, and to grant annuities to aged and incapacitated teachers and their widows. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary and election of contributors. Applicants must be teachers in elementary schools, preference being given to those who are subscribers to the Fund and members of the National Union of Elementary Teachers. A subscription of 5s. entitles to one vote in all elections. All candidates for annuities must have subscribed to the Fund for at least three years. **Management.**—By

* These funds are administered by the Commissioners of the Royal Patriotic Fund (see p. 278).]

a Central Committee, appointed by the contributors, and by the Executive of the National Union of Elementary Teachers. **Income** (1887).—Contributions and donations, £706; invested funds, £123; bazaars, concerts, &c., £1,095; loans repaid, £66; other sources, £9. **Assisted by Grants** (1887).—95. Bankers, London and County Bank, Holborn. Treasurer, J. L. Neill, Esq., Matthias Road Board School, Stoke Newington, N. Sec., T. E. Heller, Esq.

WATCH AND CLOCK MAKERS' BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1815), Horological Institute, Northampton Square, E.C.

Object.—'The relief of aged necessitous workmen of good character, belonging to the several branches in the manufacture of Chronometers, Watches, and Clocks, and the widows of such workmen.' **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary and election of subscribers. Annual subscription of £1. 1s., or donation of £10. 10s., entitles to one vote at all elections. Candidates must be at least 60 years of age, or incapacitated from earning a livelihood. Certificates or satisfactory evidence of age and good character required. Elections take place twice a year. **Management.**—Committee, appointed by Governors. **Income** (1888). Charitable contributions, £63. 2s.; invested funds, £110. 17s. 2d. **Persons Assisted.**—Pensions (1888), 18. Treasurer, Mr. J. Bracebridge, 8 Red Lion Street, E.C.; Hon. Sec., Mr. F. J. Britten.

PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY'S BENEVOLENT FUND (1843), 17 Bloomsbury Square, W.C.

Object.—'To provide pensions and occasional grants of money to members or associates of the Pharmaceutical Society, or pharmaceutical chemists, or chemists and druggists, or their widows or orphan children.' **Admission.**—Application to be made to the Secretary. Temporary relief voted by the Council. Annuitants are elected by subscribers and members of the Society (annual subscribers of 2s. 6d. have one vote, and donors of £5. 5s. have five votes at all elections). Every candidate for election must be at least 50 years of age. Pensions are, under 65 years, £30; 65 and upwards, £35 a year. In urgent cases, Council may provide, or assist in providing, a home, by purchase, in one of the public asylums for orphans. The truth of statements in petitions must be certified by at least two members of the Society, or two donors or subscribers to the Fund who are personally acquainted with the facts. Subscribers or donors, or their widows, if becoming candidates, are allowed such votes at first election as are represented by whole amount of their respective contributions to the Fund. Pensions to widows cease on their re-marriage. **Management.**—Committee appointed by the Council of the Pharmaceutical Society. **Income** (1887).—Annual contributions, £1,470; invested funds, £827; donations and legacies, £1,657. **Persons Assisted.**—Pensioners, 52; temporary relief, 54. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, Holborn. Treasurer, John Robbins, Esq.; Sec., Mr. Richard Bromridge.

BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF BLUES (1824), Christ's Hospital, E.C.

Object.—Relief of those who received their education at Christ's Hospital, when in distress, and their widows and orphans, by pensions and by grants. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary, and election of subscribers. Applicants must be at least 60 years of age or incapacitated. Pensions are of various amounts; temporary assistance is granted at discretion of Directors. Persons in receipt of pariah relief

ineligible. All applications to be recommended by two subscribers.

Management.—Directors appointed by subscribers. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £443; invested funds, £750; other sources, £79. **Persons Assisted.**—Pensioners, 39; temporary assistance, 60. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank. Treasurer, Walter Vaughan Morgan, Esq., 42 Cannon Street, E.C.; Sec., George Wilkins, Esq., 85 Tufnell Park Road, N.

THE WARNEFORD CLERICAL TRUST (1862).

Object.—(1) To grant pensions to widows of clergymen and donations to widows in temporary difficulty. (2) To grant pensions or donations to sons and daughters of deceased clergymen who may be incapacitated from earning or unable to obtain a suitable maintenance. (3) To afford continuous or occasional assistance to clergymen when in need from mental or bodily infirmity, the reverses of fortune, or the heavy expenses incidental to large families, or from any other cause beyond their own control. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretaries for form. The operations of the charity are strictly limited to the area embraced by the ancient see of Gloucester before its union with the see of Bristol. The Trustees hold an Annual Meeting for the distribution of these funds, and meet oftener for that purpose if requisite. **Management.**—By four investment, three clerical, and two lay Trustees, appointed by deed. **Income.**—The interest of £45,000. **Recipients** (1887).—51. Secs., Messrs. Sewell & Son, Solicitors, Cirencester.

CHOLMONDELEY CHARITIES (1829).

Object (subject to cost of management, &c.).—(a) For augmenting the postmasterships at Merton College, Oxford. (b) For granting pensions and donations to clergymen disabled by age, sickness, or infirmity, and to widows of clergymen in indigent circumstances: also donations to aged, unmarried, and other daughters of clergymen to a limited extent when so afflicted as to be unable to earn their own living. (c) For granting exhibitions to sons of clergymen at Oxford, Cambridge, and Durham Universities. (d) For granting sums towards placing out the sons of poor clergymen to any profession, trade, situation or employment; and towards the education of daughters of poor clergymen to qualify them as governesses. 'The trustees make no allowances to more than one member of a clergy family at the same time.' (e) For granting a sum to the Clergy Orphan Corporation in aid of their apprentice fund. (f) For granting sums towards the erection and establishment of National and Infant Schools, and also the general purposes of public charitable institutions in London, or within 10 miles thereof, having an office in London. **Income.**—£4,986 (dividends on £166,221). **Persons Benefited** (1888).—349. Trustees, the Archbishops of Canterbury and York, and the Bishop of London. Treas., W. Paget Bowman, Esq., 2 Bloomsbury Place, W.C.

CART'S CHARITY.

Object.—To afford relief to 20 poor clergymen and 20 poor widows or maiden daughters of clergymen, over 45 years of age. **Income.**—About £2,000. C. S. Benning, Esq., West Street, Dunstable.

BYRD, FRANCES (1807).

Object.—Annuities to 13 distressed clergymen, or widows, or children of clergymen of the Church of England. The annuities are of £32 each. **Management.**—By Trustees appointed by Charity Commissioners. **Income.**—£464. **Annuitants.**—13. Sec., H. P. Gates, Esq., The Vineyard, Peterborough.

COOKS' COMPANY, 6 Laurence Pountney Lane, Cannon Street, E.C. Clerk, J. B. Towse, Esq.

CORBETT CHARITY (1674).—Two pensions of £5 each for clergymen's widows.

KENNEDY CHARITY (1789).—Four pensions of £5 each for clergymen's widows.

BIRCH CHARITY (1839, 1841).—Interest of £1,025, paid in small pensions to widows and others.

CORDWAINERS' COMPANY, 7 Cannon Street, E.C. Clerk, H. Jackson, Esq.

CAME CHARITY (1782).—40 pensions of £5 to clergymen's widows. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Clerk. Applicants must be the widows, not less than 35 years of age, of clergymen who had, at the time of their death, settled duly within 20 miles of London.

MILNER PENSIONS (1830).—Three pensions of £15 and four of £20 per annum for respectable fathers of families in distress.

KENT UNION SOCIETY (1802).

Object.—To provide annuities and temporary assistance for aged and infirm ministers, and their widows and orphans. **Admission.**—By vote of General Meeting of members. Application must be made to Secretary, with certificates of age, and of the medical referee. Applicants must be ministers of the Gospel, connected with the county of Kent, who, through age or infirmity, are incapable of exercising the pastoral office, or the widows or orphans of ministers deceased. Congregationalists and Baptists are the actual recipients. The annuities are of about £20 each. **Management.**—By a Committee, appointed by the General Meeting of members. **Income** (1886-7).—Members' subscriptions and entrance fees, £85; church collections, £100; non-members' subscriptions, £13. **Benefited.**—24 annuitants. Bankers, National Debt Office. Treasurer, E. Stewart, Esq., Rochester; Sec., Rev. W. J. Andrew, 2 Union Street, Rochester.

WORN-OUT WESLEYAN MINISTERS AND MINISTERS' WIDOWS' AUXILIARY FUND. District Treasurers (First London District), Mr. Lancelot Smith, Highbury Quadrant, N.; (Second London District), Mr. W. Johnson, 20 Ulster Place, Regent's Park, N.W.; (Third London District), Mr. G. H. Chubb, 128 Queen Victoria Street, E.C. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—The making provision for superannuated Wesleyan ministers and ministers' widows, and giving them aid in affliction. **Admission.**—Ministers are permitted to become supernumeraries by the Conference on being incapacitated for further labour, and all widows are entitled to aid from the decease of their husbands. The country is divided into districts. **Management.**—Committee, appointed annually by the Conference. **Income** (1882).—Charitable contributions, £19,730. 2s. 1d.; invested funds, £4,840. 13s. 3d.; other sources, £2,324. 0s. 9d. **Persons Assisted** (1880).—537. Bankers, City Bank, Threadneedle Street, E.C. Treasurer, Rev. H. W. Williams, D.D., 24 Abbey Road, St. John's Wood, N.W.; General Secretary, Rev. Herbert Hoare, 88 Upper Hanover Street, Sheffield.

NEW CHURCH PENSION FUND (1850).

Object.—To provide ‘pensions or grants to ministers, licentiates, or other leaders, who are wholly or partially incapacitated from performing their respective ministerial duties, and to the widows of ministers, licentiates, or other leaders.’ **Admission.**—By vote of Conference. Application must be made to its Secretary. The pensions given are from £25 to £65 per annum. **Management.**—By the General Conference itself. **Income** (1887–8).—Charitable contributions, £21; invested funds, £288. **Pensioners** (1887–8).—9. Treasurer, Mr. R. Gunton, 205 Tufnell Park Road, N.; Secretary of Conference, Rev. E. Whitehead, Dalton, Huddersfield.

SOCIETY FOR RELIEVING THE AGED NEEDY OF THE JEWISH FAITH (1829).

Object.—Relief of indigent members of the Jewish faith, by making them a permanent allowance of 5s. weekly. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary for printed form, admission of candidates by Committee, and election by subscribers. Candidates must be at least 60 years of age, and must reside within six miles of the Metropolis. No foreigner, unless he has lived in England ten years, eligible. Man and wife cannot be pensioners at same time. Pensioners are prohibited from receiving aid from any other charitable institution, but such prohibition does not extend to relief from Synagogues or residence in Almshouses. Pensions are continued to the widow of a deceased pensioner, being over the age of 60 years. **Management.**—Committee elected annually at General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £880; invested funds, £213; legacies, £405; proceeds of concert, £184. **Pensioners.**—86. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank. Treasurers, H. Solomon, Esq., 2 Kensington Palace Gardens; John Cashmore, Esq., 1 Warwick Crescent, Maida Hill, W.; Hon. Sec., Maurice H. Levinton, Esq., 14 Devonshire Square, Bishopsgate; Sec., Mr. I. Bloomfield, 68 Grove Road, Bow, E.

SION HOSPITAL (1630).

Object.—The Hospital provides 40 pensions of not exceeding £50 a year for 20 men and 20 women, who must be free of the Merchant Taylors’ Company, citizens of Bristol, inhabitants of the parishes of St. Dunstan in the West, or of St. Gregory by St. Paul’s. **Admission.**—By application to the Court of the Merchant Taylors’ Company, the Trustees of the Municipal Charities of the City of Bristol, or the Rector and Churchwardens of St. Dunstan’s-in-the-West, or the parish of St. Gregory, as the case may be. These nominate to vacancies as they occur; the Company to 16, St. Dunstan’s parish to 12, Bristol to 8, St. Gregory’s parish to 4. The Trustees of the Hospital have only the choice between two or more candidates presented to them as vacancies occur by the aforementioned bodies. Applicants must be poor and impotent men or women, so reduced in strength as not to be able to work, and who have attained the age of fifty years at least at date of election. No person can be elected who has been in receipt of parochial (other than medical) relief within twelve months next preceding election. **Management.**—By 12 Trustees, eight elected by President and Fellows of Sion College, four by Charity Commissioners. **Income** (1887).—About £1,575. **Pensioners.**—40. Bankers, Bank of England. Sec., Mr. A. H. Clarke, 66 Gresham House, Old Broad Street, E.C.

LAMBETH PENSION SOCIETY (1826), 246 Kennington Park Road, S.E.

Object.—To grant pensions. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary and election by Governors. Applicant must fill up the usual form of petition, giving reference to two respectable householders as to general conduct and character, and must be recommended by two or more householders who are subscribers to the Society. No applicant eligible who possesses income of or exceeding £20 a year, or who is a recipient of permanent relief from any charity in the parish of Lambeth. Candidates must have completed their 60th year, never have received parochial relief, have been rated to the poor for a house at an assessment of not less than £20 for not less than 10 years, have paid all poor-rates for that period, and reside in the parish at time of becoming candidates, and for any 10 years previously. Pensions are, to men, 7s. and 7s. 6d. a week; to women, 5s. and 6s. a week, paid monthly. On decease of pensioner Board have power to allow nearest of kin or other relative the sum of £3 in aid of funeral expenses. Widow of pensioner on his death may be allowed to receive pension paid to women until election following death of husband, and may then be placed by the Board upon the list of permanent pensioners if all the circumstances of the case are conformable with the rules. **Management.**—Board of Directors of 24 Governors elected annually at General Meeting, eight who attended least frequently retiring annually, but being eligible for re-election. **Income** (1887–8). — Charitable contributions, £1,055; invested funds, £743; other sources, £65. **Pensioners.**—103. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, Lambeth. Treasurer, Charles Dewen Millett, Esq.; Sec., S. Hayman, Esq.

FOUNDLING HOSPITAL BENEVOLENT FUND, Guilford Street, Russell Square, W.C.

Object.—To give temporary aid, and to grant annual pensions or weekly allowances to aged or infirm foundlings of good character. **Management.**—By Committee of Foundling Hospital. **Income** (1887). —£331. Sec., W. S. Winke, Esq.

PENSIONS FOR WOMEN.

FRIENDLY FEMALE SOCIETY (1802). Asylums, Albany Road, Camberwell, S.E., and Stockwell Park Road, S.E. (No recent information.)

Object.—Relief of poor and infirm widows and single women. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary, and (for pensions or asylums) recommendation and election of subscribers, (for temporary assistance) recommendation of subscribers. Candidates must be over 60, of good character, have seen better days, reside within five miles of St. Paul's Cathedral, have an income of less than 8s. a week, not gain living by begging, or be a pauper. The amount of casual relief is 3s. 6d. a month for first six months, and 4s. a month for next three, six, or nine months, according to subscription of nominator. The inmates of the asylums are allowed £8. 8s. a year. No person can be placed on list of candidates who has not been twelve months on Society's books for casual relief, and who has not £5 a year in addition to the sum allowed by the Charity. Annuitants receive (if over 80 years) £6. 6s., (if over 70) £4. 4s.

a year. Elections to asylums and annuities occur in June and December. Votes of unsuccessful candidates are carried forward. Rooms in the asylums are set apart for admission by purchase, £100 securing the first vacancy. The asylums are at Albany Road, Camberwell, and Stockwell Park Road, and will accommodate 68 inmates. **Management.**—Committee of ladies, not exceeding twelve, appointed by election. **Income** (1877-9).—£3,923. 3s. 7d. **Persons benefited.**—Asylums, 68; annuitants, 139. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, Mrs. Spicer, Harts, Woodford, Essex; Sec., Miss Leifchild, Holmdene, Leigham Court Road, Streatham, S.W.

CLAPHAM WIDOWS' FRIEND SOCIETY (1837).

Object.—The granting of pensions to widows. **Admission.**—Applicants must be over 60 years of age, except in cases of peculiar distress, and must not be in the receipt of more than 6s. weekly from any other source. Pensioners are nominated by subscribers of 10s. a year. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £105; offertories, £18. **Pensioners.**—50. Treasurer, Mrs. Forrester, St. Paul's Lodge, Clapham; Sec., Miss Cassell, The Cedars, Old Town, Clapham.

HELEN GULSTON'S CHARITY (1637).

Object.—To provide annuities of £5 each to six widows (two of citizens, two of ministers, and two of gentlemen). **Management.**—By Merchant Taylors' Company.

SARAH RACHEL TITFORD'S CHARITY.

Object.—The relief of poor widows and maidens residing within 10 miles of Cornhill, of not less than 60 years of age, and of decided Christian character. **Admission.**—Candidates must be recommended by the minister of the Church to which they belong. Their income must not exceed £21 a year. They are appointed by the Trustees, and receive 6s. per week for life. **Management.**—By eight Trustees. Survivors electing to fill up vacancies by death. Half-yearly meeting, third Wednesday in April and October. **Income** (1887).—£1,300. **Recipients.**—70. Treasurer, Ebenezer Viney, Esq., Uppang, Upper Norwood, S.E.

TREVOR'S CHARITY (1618).

Object.—To grant annuities of £1 each to 6 poor widows, or other poor, resident within one mile of the City. **Management.**—By Fishmongers' Company, London Bridge, E.C.

HEATHER'S CHARITY (1801).

Object.—To give bounties of £8 each to 6 poor widows of decayed householders. **Management.**—By Clothworkers' Company. Applications must be sent in before November 23 in each year.

DEAKIN INSTITUTION (1852), Sheffield.

Object.—To grant pensions of £20 a year each to single women. **Admission.**—Candidates must be at least 40 years of age, resident in England, of good character, and members of the Church of England or Protestant Dissenters acknowledging the Trinity. Elections held annually in October at Sheffield. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Income.**—Interest of £12,000. **Annuitants** (1888).— . Hon. Sec. to Trustees, A. Thomas, Esq., Sheffield.

SPECIAL PENSIONS FOR WOMEN.

TRAINED NURSES' ANNUITY FUND (1874), 73 Cheapside, E.C.

Object.—To grant annuities to worn-out trained nurses. **Admission.**—By application, in writing, to the Hon. Secretary. Candidates must have been actively engaged in nursing for at least 15 years, and have attained 50 years of age. They must produce evidence of having nursed for three years in a public hospital or institution; and should they have commenced to nurse subsequent to 1865, they must also show that they have been regularly trained. Testimonials of character required. Those who have saved £15, by subscription to savings bank or provident society, have preference. On election, each annuitant must pay the sum of £15 towards the general fund. Members of any sisterhood or institution which provides for their maintenance in old age, ineligible. The above qualifications may be modified in urgently deserving cases, especially where it can be proved that an applicant's health has been destroyed in the prosecution of her calling. The annuities are £15 a year. **Management.**—Committee. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £145; invested funds, £147. **Annuitants.**—8. Bankers and Treasurers, Coutts & Co. Hon. Sec., R. Goffton-Salmond, Esq.

NATIONAL PENSION FUND FOR NURSES (1888), 8 King Street, Cheapside, E.C.

Object.—To enable nurses, and all responsible paid officials connected with hospitals and kindred institutions, to secure an allowance during sickness and a certain income for their declining years. **Admission.**—A series of tables have been drawn up, showing the premiums payable for pensions. **Management.**—By Committee, selected from the Governors. **Income.**—From endowment of £20,000, with voluntary contributions. Bankers, Bank of England. Hon. Manager, E. T. Clifford, Esq.; Sec., P. Grove, Esq.

THOMAS PARGETER'S, OF FOXCOTE, CHARITY (1864).

Object.—For the better maintenance and support of deserving unmarried women, 55 years of age and upwards, by allowing them annuities of £20 each. **Admission.**—Preference given to reduced gentlewomen who have made a strenuous but unavailing effort to support themselves. There is no condition as to residence. When two or more sisters are annuitants at same time, the amount to each is £16 a year only. **Management.**—Ten Trustees, meeting quarterly. **Income** (1888).—£2,064. **Annuitants** (July 1888).—98, being 92 at £20, and 6 sisters at £16. Bankers, Birmingham Joint Stock Bank, Birmingham. Treasurer, Joseph Beattie, Esq.; Sec., Mr. Chas. Harding, 32 Waterloo Street, Birmingham.

WARNER, SARAH (1836).

Object.—Annuities of £25 each to widows of 40 years of age or upwards, well educated, of religious habits, and who have become reduced by misfortune. **Income.**—£990. J. Stone, Esq., 13 Queen Square, Bath.

KNIGHT, ELIZABETH (1709).

Object.—For the maintenance of poor widows, who should be called 'Mrs. Knight's Poor Sisters.' Preference to widows of Chatham and Rochester. **Income.**—£50. **Recipients** (1887).—10. Messrs. Knight, Arnold, Essell, & Baker, Solicitors, Precinct, Rochester.

WILLIAM MARSH'S CHARITY.

Object.—The relief of widows of persons who have been employed in the Custom House. **Admission.**—Candidates must be widows in distressed circumstances, and of good habits and conduct. **Management.**—By three Trustees—Messrs. Miles Stappylton, John Bradford, and C. J. Stebbing, all of the Custom House, E.C. **Income.**—Interest on £611 New Consols. **Recipients.**—4.

COLE'S, CHARLOTTE, CHARITY (1858). (Taken from the 'Digest of Endowed Charities,' 1873–5.)

Object.—For pensions to distressed governesses or to gentlewomen reduced to pecuniary want, &c. **Income.**—£75. 11s. 7d.

ROYAL MILITARY BENEVOLENT FUND (1875).

Object.—'To grant annuities up to £40 to ladies in reduced circumstances, and being the widows or unmarried daughters of deceased officers in Her Majesty's Army, inclusive of the Royal Marines.' **Admission.**—By election of subscribers. Candidates must be over 45 years of age, and not in possession of an income exceeding £40 per annum. Annuityants receive from £20 to £40 per annum, according to other resources, age, &c. A candidate's eligibility is not affected by the length of the period during which her father or husband has been in receipt of half-pay, or by the length of time that may have elapsed since his decease; nor, under certain conditions, by his having retired by the sale of his commission. Two sisters or mother and daughter are not eligible as candidates or as annuityants. Annuityants must reside in the United Kingdom. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887–8).—Charitable contributions, £1,864; invested funds, £320. **Annuityants.**—39. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co.; and Cox & Co. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, Mrs. Ellis Williams, 40 Bedford Square, W.C.

SHADFORTH ANNUITIES. (*Information not supplied.*)

Object.—Pensions of about £25 or £30 for widows or unmarried daughters of deceased commissioned infantry or marine officers, whose income does not exceed £50 a year. **Admission.**—Application must be made on prescribed form (obtained from the clerk), and addressed to the Trustees, at the Chaplain-General's room at the War Office. One month previously to granting an annuity, it is advertised in the *Times* or other leading newspaper. Preference given according to character and length of service of deceased officer. Clerk, G. J. Reid, War Office, S.W.

HERRICK TRUST (1866).

Object.—(a) To provide annuities for ladies, widows and daughters, or sisters of officers in the Army or Navy, clergymen, or professional men. (b) To provide a fund for assistance of widows and single women afflicted with incurable diseases. **Admission.**—(a) Candidates must be members of the Church of England, of unblemished character, at least 50 years of age, or incapacitated, and not in receipt of an income of more than £80 per annum. They receive £25 per annum. Preference always given to the widows, daughters, or sisters of the incumbents of several livings in the gift of the owner of Beau Manor Park, Loughborough. The appointment of ladies rests with trustees. All applications should be made to Mrs. Perry Herrick. (b) Candidates must be of respectable character, born in the county of Leicester, or who have at some one time lived five years in that county, and be recommended by two respectable

householders; the clergyman of the parish testifying to respectability of applicant. They receive £20 a year. The appointment of recipients rests with Mrs. Sophia Perry Herrick, Beau Manor Park, Loughborough, for her life, and then to trustees. **Income.**—For annuities, about £180; for incurables, about £220. **Recipients.**—(a) 7; (b) 10.

THE BEWLEY TAYLOR MILITARY FUND.

Object.—Originated (1855) by the will of William Bewley Taylor, Esq., (previously Meeke) of The Brooms, in the parish of Stone, in the county of Stafford. The income, less the expenses attending the trust, is paid half-yearly in equal proportions, at the discretion of the Trustees, to four widows of deceased officers in Her Majesty's 73rd Regiment of Foot (in which regiment the testator had formerly served), during widowhood only; no payment to be made to any widow having an income of more than £200 per annum. **Admission.**—By application to H. J. Ware, Esq. (one of the trustees), 6 New Street, York. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Income.**—The dividends on £4,301. 1s. 6d. Consols.

ROYAL COMMISSION OF THE PATRIOTIC FUND (1854), 53 Charing Cross, W.C.

Object.—To provide allowances for the widows of men and officers of the navy and army, who lost their lives through service in the Russian war. **Admission.**—The allowances to the widows of men are from 5s. to 9s. per week. To the widows of officers, from £25 to £60 per annum. The orphans of those who have lost their lives in subsequent wars are also eligible. The allowances are from 1s. 6d. to 2s. 6d. per week for the children of men, and from £5 to £14 per annum for the children of officers. The interest of a sum of £35,000 is set apart for making grants for the education of Roman Catholic orphans of soldiers, sailors, and marines. **Income** (1887).—£18,851. **Recipients** (1887).—2,168. Sec., Col. J. S. Young.

SOLDIERS' EFFECTS FUND (1884), 53 Charing Cross, W.C.

Object.—To provide pensions of 3s. 6d. to 5s. per week for widows of non-commissioned officers and privates who, from July 1, 1882, have lost, or may lose, their lives in military service; also grants for orphans (boys up to 14, girls up to 16 years), according to circumstances. **Management.**—Administered by the Royal Commission of the Patriotic Fund (see above). **Income** (1887).—Invested funds, £2,676. **Benefited** (1887).—101 widows and 217 children.

INDIAN MUTINY RELIEF FUND (1857), 2 East India Avenue, E.C.

Object.—To grant pensions to the widows, orphans, and other relatives of those who lost their lives during the Indian Mutiny. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. The allowances vary in amount, according to circumstances of recipient. Widows and other relatives of officers receive the highest. Soldiers' widows (during widowhood) receive from 5s. to 7s. a week. A few officers' daughters receive small allowances, terminable on marriage. **Management.**—Committee appointed by the Court of Chancery. The funds are vested in the Paymaster-General. **Income** (1887).—£2,833. **Persons benefited.**—260. Bankers, Bank of England. Sec., Captain G. J. Hamilton.

FRIEND OF THE CLERGY CORPORATION (1849), 37 Bedford Street, Covent Garden, W.C.

Object.—Pensions to widows and unmarried orphan daughters of clergymen of the Established Church, and temporary assistance to necessitous clergymen and their families. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. Candidates for pensions must be recommended by Governor, and are elected by votes of subscribers. (Annual subscriber of 10s. 6d., or donor of £5. 5s., is Governor, with one vote at all elections.) They must be 50 years of age at least, and approved by Committee. If at date of election candidate is 50 years of age, and under 60, pension is £30 a year; if 60 and under 70, £35; if 70 or upwards, £40. The pension which candidate comes into on election is the utmost annual amount to which she shall be entitled. Applications for temporary assistance from clergymen must be recommended by a Governor, who must certify in writing to propriety of application and belief of necessity under which it is made. **Management.**—Committee of Governors, elected annually at General Meeting. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £3,061; invested funds, £836; legacies, £1,230. **Persons benefited.**—Pensioners, 99; temporarily assisted, 34. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts & Co.; Parsons & Co.; Old Bank, Oxford; Mortlock & Co., Cambridge. Treasurer, R. B. Lloyd, Esq.; Hon. Secs., Rev. H. H. Halford-Adcock and Jas. Newton Goren, Esq.; Sec., Rev. Henry Jona.

HON. MISS FRANCES HARLEY'S CHARITIES.

Object.—To grant annuities to the widows of clergymen (see p. 20.)

STRANGEWAYS'S, MRS. MARY (1726).

Object.—£50 a year to 10 poor clergymen's widows, £30 a year to poor tenants of certain estates in North Wales, £34. 10s. 7d. a year to apprenticing poor boys. **Income.**—£114. 10s. 7d. Messrs. Owen & Wynne, Wynnstay Office, Ruabon.

WYLDE (1736). (Taken from the 'Digest of Endowed Charities,' 1873-5.)

Object.—Pensions to four poor clergymen's widows. **Income.**—£16.

SOCIETY FOR RELIEF OF NECESSITOUS WIDOWS AND CHILDREN OF PROTESTANT DISSENTING MINISTERS: 'The Widows' Fund' (1733).

Object.—To grant pensions and temporary assistance to necessitous widows and children of ministers of the Presbyterian, Independent, and Baptist denominations in England and Wales. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary for form of petition, which must be filled up, attested by at least one minister, and signed by a member of the Society. A widow, at least 40 years of age, whose husband was member, or whose congregation 'contributed regularly and directly,' has priority of claim. Her income from all other sources must not exceed £35 per annum if she have no child dependent upon her; or £40 per annum if she have one child so dependent; and so progressively adding £5 per annum for each additional dependent child. Pensions are from £7 to £13 a year. **Special cases:** If any widow's income exceeds the above sums, she may be placed on list if recommended by three ministers and five members, as deserving of special regard. Managers may grant donations of not exceeding £20 to widows in want of immediate assistance. **Management.**—Committee of 27, elected annually by subscribers at General Meeting. **Income** (1887-8).

—Charitable contributions, £272; invested funds, £2,660; legacies, £590. **Assisted.**—248. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, William Edwards, Esq.; Sec., Robert Grace, Esq., 8 Park Villas, Bromar Road, Denmark Hill, S.E.

CONGREGATIONAL PASTORS' WIDOWS' FUND (1871), Memorial Hall, Farringdon Street, E.C.

Object.—Provision of annuities for widows of Congregational or Independent pastors in England and Wales, or of those who have been pastors, including tutors and professors in colleges. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. Application must be countersigned by at least two ministers. **Management.**—Board of Managers, appointed at Annual Meeting as vacancies occur. **Income** (1887–8).—Charitable contributions, £15; invested funds, £1,075; payments for life membership, £85. **Annuitants.**—50. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Thos. Scrutton, Esq., 9 Gracechurch Street, E.C.; Sec., Rev. R. T. Verrall.

*PHILANTHROPIC SOCIETY FOR RELIEVING DISTRESSED JEWISH WIDOWS (1825).

Object.—To provide pensions. **Admission.**—By election. Application must be made to the collector, 27 Duke Street, Aldgate, E.C. Applicants must be 50 years of age, and in distressed circumstances. Elections are held biennially. The pensions are of the value of 5s. a week for life. The applicants must be recommended by two subscribers or governors. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1882).—Donations and subscriptions, £480; invested funds, £115. **Pensioners** (1881).—42. Bankers, London & Westminster Bank, Lothbury. Treasurer, J. Levy, 135 Aldersgate Street, E.C.; Hon. Secretary, I. J. Abrahams, Esq., Houndsditch, E.C.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN MUSICIANS' SOCIETY WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' FUND (1881), 17 Moor Street, Charing Cross Road, W.C.

Object.—The relief of the widows and orphans of members of the British and Foreign Musicians' Society. Widows are allowed £10; one child under 14, £3; and two children under 14, £5 a year. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £44; members' fees, £23; interest, £21. **Persons benefited.**—5. Bankers, Birkbeck Bank. Treasurer, Mr. S. West, Music Librarian, Crystal Palace, S.E.; Hon. Sec., F. Orcherton.

* Information was received whilst this sheet was passing through the press that the Society had been taken over by the Jewish Board of Guardians, the funded property of the Society being transferred to the Board, to be held as a separate fund, the interest of which was always to be devoted to the original object, the allowances to the present recipients of pensions to be continued.

III.—HOMES FOR THE EMPLOYED.

These Homes are subdivided in the following manner:—

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Many of the institutions included in the sub-section *Shelter* under the division **RELIEF IN DISTRESS (TEMPORARY)**, which will be found in a later portion of the work, approach somewhat closely to Homes for the Employed. The main difference is in the length of time during which the inmate is allowed to remain, but this again is a distinction which it is sometimes difficult to draw, as some of the institutions which profess to afford only temporary shelter, also make provision for a permanent home. The same remark applies, but in a contrary sense, to the institutions contained in the present section. In seeking for Homes specially adapted for a particular class of persons, reference should be made to the Index.

HOMES FOR BOYS.

HOMES FOR WORKING BOYS IN LONDON (1870),
 Pelham House, 30 Spital Square, Bishopsgate, E.;
 Hanbury House, 22 Dorchester Place, N.W.; Haddo
 House, 88 Blackfriars Road, S.E.; Rossie House, 35
 Lamb's Conduit Street, W.C.; Hanover House, 13 Castle
 Street, Long Acre, W.C.; Cromwell House, 85 Beresford
 Street, Woolwich, S.E.; Howard House, 6 Church Street,
 Spitalfields, E.; Tyndale House, 29 Whitehead's Grove,
 Chelsea, S.W. Office, 8 Duke Street, Adelphi, W.C.

Object.—To provide a home for 350 boys between 13 and 17 years of age, who are in situations and earning wages, but who have no homes. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary at the Office, or to the Superintendent at any of the Homes. Boys pay weekly for lodging (if earning up to 6s. a week) 1s., together with 4s. 6d. a week for food. Boys earning over 6s. a week pay 2d. in the shilling of their wages per week for lodging. Library, reading room, and gymnasium provided free. Each boy must be home by 9.30 p.m., attend some place of worship on Sunday, and on some nights in the week, classes for instruction. Temporary assistance is given to inmates out of work to enable them to maintain themselves until they find employment. **Management.**—Committee. **Income (1888).**—Charitable contributions, £2,746; inmates' payments, £3,977. **Inmates.**—286, accommodation for 350. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, Ransom, Bouverie, & Co. Treas., C. E. Baring Young, Esq., M.P.; Hon. Sec., the Hon. T. H. W. Pelham, 25 Brechin Place, S.W.; Sec., Mr. H. Bristow Wallen, 8 Duke St., Adelphi, W.C.

SHAFTESBURY HOUSE WORKING BOYS' HOME,
 Shaftesbury Avenue, W.C. (In connection with National
 Refuges for Homeless and Destitute Children, *see* p. 317.)

ST. ANDREW'S HOME AND CLUB FOR WORKING BOYS (1866), Great Peter Street, Westminster, S.W.

Object.—To provide a home for working lads who either have none of their own or whose homes are too far from their employment. **Admission.**—By application to the Superintendent. Boys must be between 12

and 18 years of age. They are supplied with board and lodging, for which they pay from 5s. upwards a week, according to their earnings, the remainder being put into a savings bank. Classes of instruction are held during the winter evenings. The Club rooms are provided with a library, newspapers, and periodicals, bagatelle, chess, dominoes, a small gymnasium, &c. There are cricket, boating, and football clubs. There is an evening club for boys, non-resident, from 14 to 20 years, who pay 1s. entrance fee and 2d. a week, and may attend the classes and use the reading rooms, library, gymnasium, &c. The Committee frequently have the opportunity of recommending suitable lads for vacant situations. **Management.**—By Superintendent under Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £420; boys' earnings, £827. **Inmates.**—26 in Home, 200 in Club. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnett, & Co., and Cocks, Biddulph, & Co. Treas., C. G. Barnett, Esq.; Hon. Sec., G. T. Biddulph, Esq., 43 Charing Cross, S.W.; Superintendent, Mr. Bradford, at the Home.

INDUSTRIAL AND RAGGED SCHOOLS, AND HOME FOR WORKING BOYS (1846), North Street, and Richmond Street, Maida Hill, N.W.

Object.—(a) Ragged school for boys and girls (Sunday evenings). (b) Girls' industrial or sewing class (Monday, 6 p.m.). (c) Industrial school for destitute boys. (d) Home for orphan and destitute boys. (e) Lodging-house. (f) Free Registry for errand boys. (g) Provident bank. (h) School library. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Secretary or Superintendents. (a) and (b) These are for boys and girls of the neighbourhood. (c) The boys are employed in printing and paper-bag making. Certificates of birth required, if under 13 years of age. (d) Boys of the neighbourhood admitted free. A limited number of cases from other parts also admitted, on payment quarterly, in advance, of 5s. a week. All boys must be over 10 and under 16 years of age, and must have lost one or both parents. (e) For young men or boys of the neighbourhood, who work during the day but have no home. Payment for lodging 1s. a week. Board may be had at an extra charge. (f) For errand boys of the neighbourhood seeking employment. (g) Open to all who attend the schools, Mondays, 8 p.m. (h) Books are lent for home reading. The Ragged School is held at Emmanuel Church Infant School Room, Richmond Street, Maida Hill. The Industrial School, Refuge, and Dormitory are in North Street, and Hatton Street, Portman Market, N.W. **Management.**—Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £457; payments for boys, £12; profits on industrial work, £231. **Inmates.**—30. Bankers, London and County Bank, Connaught Street, W. Treasurer, E. Tildesley, Esq., 100 Priory Road, N.W.; Hon. Sec., Deputy Surgeon-General C. M. Jessop, 98 Sutherland Avenue, W.; Superintendent (boys), Mr. W. Amor, 95 North Street, Maida Hill, N.W.; (girls), Miss Amor, 7 Portsdown Road, W.

ST. GEORGE'S HOME FOR WORKING LADS (1888), 33 St. George's Square, N.W.

Object.—To provide a home for lads out at work during the day. **Admission.**—By application to the Rev. James Street. Lads must be between 13 and 18. A charge of 5s. a week is made for food and washing, twopence in the shilling on boy's earnings for lodging. **Management.**—By a Committee and the Chaplain of The Boys' Home, Regent's Park Road.

YOUNG WORKMEN'S HOTEL, 212 Burdett Road, E.

Object and Admission.—'For youths who, having left the Institutions or the Brigades, are at work for themselves, but have no other home, and who therefore still need cheap comfortable lodgings under Christian supervision.' The inmates pay for their maintenance, and proportionately for the general expenses of the house, which accommodates 24 lads.
Management.—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E. ; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

**ST. ALPHEGE HOME FOR WORKING BOYS (1876),
37 Friar Street, Blackfriars Road, S.E.**

Object.—To receive homeless London lads of the errand-boy class.
Admission.—As vacancies occur. Application must be made to the Superintendent. Boys are received between the ages of 13 and 18 years. Certificates of good moral character are required. Payment, two-thirds of wages ; boys never pay more than 8s. per week, including board, lodging, washing, and mending. **Management.**—By Superintendent and Matron, appointed by the President. **Income.**—**Inmates.**—Bankers, London and Westminster Bank. Treasurer, Rev. A. B. Goulden, Vicar of St. Alphege, Southwark.

**ALL HALLOWS, SOUTHWARK, WORKING BOYS' HOME
(1883), 61 Orange Street, Borough, S.E.**

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—By application to Rev. G. W. Berkeley, 47 Nelson Square, S.E., Vicar of All Hallows. Payments, 6s. to 7s. per week. **Management.**—By a Superintendent under the Rev. G. W. Berkeley. Housekeeping managed by matron under one of the sisters of All Hallows Mission. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions and donations, £110 ; boys' payments, £173. **Inmates** (1887-8).—Average, 14. Bankers, Central Bank of London, Blackfriars Branch. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Sister Superior, All Hallows Mission, 127 Union Street, Borough, S.E. Superintendent, Mr. Partridge.

**SHAFTESBURY HOME FOR WORKING LADS (1888),
162 Stamford Street, S.E.**

Objects.—Home for working lads from 16 to 20, and a Club for youths and young men. Terms for board and residence, 7s. 6d. per week.
Admission.—By application and production of good character from their employer or clergyman of their parish. **Management.**—By Committee of gentlemen elected by subscribers. **Number benefited.**—20 in Home ; 100 in Club. Bankers, London and South Western Bank. Treasurer, C. A. Stein, Esq., to whom application should be made.

**HOME FOR WORKING BOYS (1872), Silver Street, St.
James's Back, Bristol.**

Object.—To provide a home for working boys from 14 to 18 years of age. **Admission.**—Payment 1s. per week, but boys who are destitute or out of work are admitted free until work is found. **Management.**—By ladies and gentlemen forming a working Committee appointed at their monthly business meetings. **Income** (1887).—Voluntary contributions, £83 ; boys' payments, £57. **Inmates** (1887).—53. Treas., A. Shipley, Esq., Westbury-on-Trym. Hon. Sec., Mr. S. T. Jey, 3 Cotham Grove, Bristol.

WORKING BOYS' HOME, Gordon Hall, 18 to 20 High Street, and 243 Deritend; Offices, 3 Newhall St., Birmingham.

Object.—To afford aid to destitute boys. **Admission.**—By application, free. Boys must be between the ages of 14 and 18. **Management.**—By Committee and officers elected by the subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £300. **Inmates** (1887).—Average, 24. Bankers, Lloyds. Treasurer, C. W. Digby, Esq., J.P.; Hon. Sec., Major A. V. Fordyce.

SHOEBLACK BRIGADES AND HOMES.

NOTTING HILL SHOEBLACK SOCIETY (1869), Shaftesbury Hall, Prince's Road, W. (*No recent information.*)

Admission.—Boys are usually selected after Sunday-evening service in the school-room, St. James's Place, Notting Hill. Preference given to those attending the Ragged Schools. No payment required. Tunic, brushes, &c., are supplied by the Society, and the amount recovered from boys' earnings. Age of admission, 14 to 19 years. The institution is self-supporting; no subscriptions are required. A club, with various amusements, is open five nights in the week after school, until 10 p.m. **Management.**—By Committee. Vacancies filled up at annual meeting. **Income** (1882).—Boys' payments, £149. 3s. 9d. (total earnings with an average of 22½ for the year, £829); invested funds, £5. 17s. 6d. **Inmates.**—75. Bankers, London & County Bank, Bayswater. Treasurer, Dr. Withecombe; Hon. Sec., Colonel Hall, 13 Lisgar Terrace, West Kensington, W.

WEST LONDON SHOEBLACK SOCIETY AND HOME (1857), Bessborough Place, Pimlico, S.W.

Admission.—At discretion of Superintendent and Committee. Application may be made to Superintendent at any time. Applicants must be between the ages of 13 and 16 years, and have a good moral character. Members pay 1s. 6d. a week for lodging, and for board according to what is had. On Sunday a good meat dinner, breakfast and tea, gratis. They pay from 4d. to 1s. 8d. per day for stations, according to the situation. School three nights a week. Boys are placed out in good situations where possible. **Management.**—By Master and Matron, superintended by the Committee. **Income** (1888).—Boys' payments, £596. **Boys entered.**—320. Treasurer, F. Jenner, Esq.; Hon. Sec., R. J. Jenner, Esq.

SHOEBLACK BRIGADE, HOME, AND RAGGED SCHOOL (1857), 241 Marylebone Road, N.W.

Object.—'To rescue destitute and orphan boys from the streets,' and to provide them with employment and a home. **Admission.**—By application to the Master at the Home. Boys must be from 13 to 16 years of age. No payment required. The school has been placed under the inspection of the Government Education Department, the boys being taught by a certified master. A gymnasium is provided, also games, newspapers and periodicals. Boys, on leaving, are sent to suitable situations, to sea, &c. A few boys are employed who live outside the house. Working Boys' Home: For boys started in situations from the brigade. **Management.**—Committee. **Income** (1888).—Retained money from earnings, £313; school pence, lodging money, received for brushes, &c., £83; grant from Education Department, £17; rent, £40. **Inmates.**—During the year, 213. Bankers, Barnetts, Hoares, & Co. Treasurer, George Hanbury, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Claude C. Birch, Esq., Granville Place, Portman Square, W.; Master, Mr. Scarfe.

ISLINGTON AND NORTH LONDON SHOEBLACK BRIGADE AND REFUGE (1857), 30 York Road, King's Cross, N.

Admission.—By application to the Superintendent. Boys must be between 14 and 16 years of age. No payment required. Each pays a rent for his station. Orphans or homeless boys may have shelter in the Refuge, paying 1s. a week for lodging. Boys must attend school four nights a week. A library is provided, also newspapers, periodicals, games, singing-class, &c. As soon as a boy has qualified himself for other and more remunerative employment, the Committee help him to find it. **Management.**—Committee. **Income** (1887).—From all sources, £621 (including Government grant, £14). **Inmates** (1887).—50. Treasurer, W. T. Paton, Esq., Highbury New Park, N.; Supt., Mr. Charles Sheppard.

SHOEBLACK BRIGADE (Roman Catholic), 31 Queen Sq., W.C. (In connection with the Society of St. Vincent de Paul.)

CENTRAL RED SCHOOL SHOEBLACK SOCIETY (1851), Saffron Hill, Farringdon Street, E.C.

Admission.—By application to the Hon. Sec., or to the Supt. Boys must be from 14 to 16 years of age. No payment required. Boys are allowed to remain until 18 years of age, when suitable situations are found for them—they are sent to sea, &c. An evening school is held on four days in the week, which is under Government inspection. A share of the daily earnings is retained by the Society, which meets the expenses. **Management.**—Committee, self-appointed. **Income.**—‘The Society is self-supporting.’ **Inmates** (average).—70, of whom 44 sleep at the Home. Treasurer, J. F. Taylor, Esq.; Hon. Sec., M. Ware, Esq., 25 Old Square, W.C.; Supt., Mr. W. J. Nichols.

COLUMBIA MESSENGER AND SHOEBLACK BRIGADE (1869), 11 Wood Street, Spitalfields, E.

Object.—To provide a home and industrial employment for destitute boys. **Admission.**—Application must be made at the Home. Inmates of the Home pay a fair proportion of their earnings. **Management.**—This institution is a strictly private one, supported by the Baroness Burdett-Coutts. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 24. Supt., Mr. F. Sapsford.

WHITTINGTON CLUB AND CHAMBERS, AND EAST LONDON BLUE SHOEBLACK SOCIETY (1854), 86 Leman Street, Whitechapel, E.

Admission.—By application to the Manager. Boys must, as a rule, be under 16 years of age. No payment required. Boys pay a daily rent for their stations, and all expenses. Inducements are held out to them to put their money in the savings bank. Books, newspapers, games, gymnasium, &c., are provided. The chief object of the Society is to place boys in suitable occupations, and not to allow them to consider shoe-blackening their permanent employment, except in the case of the crippled or afflicted. **Management.**—Committee of 15 gentlemen. **Income.**—The Institution is carried on at a profit. **Inmates.**—About 60, about half of whom are crippled or otherwise afflicted. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, Whitechapel. Treas., H. E. Hoare, Esq.; Hon. Secs., H. O. Arnold Forster, Esq., 80 Eccleston Square, S.W. and T. N. Oakley, Esq., 2 Copthall Court, E.C.; Manager and Matron, Mr. and Mrs. W. Tourell.

TOWER HAMLETS SHOEBLACK BRIGADE (1873), 23A
Tollet Street, Globe Road, Mile End, E.

Object.—To provide comfortable home for homeless and destitute boys. **Admission.**—At discretion of Manager of Home, to whom application may be made between the hours of 7 and 8 p.m. daily. Applicants must be between the ages of 13 and 15 years. Greater part of inmates are ultimately suited with situations or sent to sea. Payment by members, according to value of station. Boys are rated to better stations according to behaviour. Schooling and religious instruction during week nights, after work. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1888-9, 15 months).—Inmates' payments, £298. **Members** (1888-9).—72. Six boys sent to Canada in April and May 1888 with suitable outfit, free, by Tower Hamlets Mission; five joined H.M. army; several boys gone back to their former situations, sent for by their former masters; several returned to their homes. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, Mr. Edwin H. Kerwin, 31 Mile End Road, E.; Master, George Sherlock, appointed by Tower Hamlets Mission.

THE 'UNION JACK' SHOEBLACK BRIGADE AND HOME
(1868), Mitre Court, Three Colt Street, Limehouse, E.
Office, 18 and 26 Stepney Causeway, E.

Object.—A small voluntary Home, affording residence, supervision, and maintenance to 20 shoeblocks. **Admission.**—Application should be made to the Resident Superintendent. Earnings are paid to the Home. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Numbers benefited** (1887-8).—95. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

'UNION JACK' RAG COLLECTING BRIGADE (1868),
Mitre House, Three Colt Street, Limehouse, E.

Object.—To provide employment and a home for destitute boys in the East End. **Admission.**—By application to the Superintendent, at the Home. Boys should be between 9 and 14 years of age. They are kept till they obtain situations, which the majority do. The class received are boys beyond parental control, or whose parents are in distressed circumstances, unreachd by Industrial Schools Act. The employment consists principally in collecting waste paper from offices, &c., and sorting it into the different descriptions required in the manufacture of special kinds of paper. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Inmates** (1887).—16. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling; Supt., Mr. J. Renowden.

SOUTH LONDON SHOEBLACK SOCIETY (1854), 15 Bath
Terrace, Union Road, Borough, S.E.

Object.—To provide employment for destitute boys belonging to the South of London. **Admission.**—By application to the Superintendent, at the Office, with recommendation from householder, schoolmaster, or any society. Boys must be not more than 16 years of age. An evening school and a library is provided. Boys on leaving are sent to suitable situations, to sea, &c. The Society is self-supporting. **Management.**—Committee, of which vacancies are filled up annually at Ordinary Meetings. **Income** (1886).—Sale of jerseys, brushes, &c., £23; 'Society's Fund,' £247; paid by boys for breakfasts, £24; dividends, £24. **Number admitted** during year.—110. Treasurer, Mr. J. Rockley; Hon. Sec., Rev. H. A. Geake; Supt., Mr. W. E. Chandler.

HOMES FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

Many of the institutions described in a later portion of the volume under the head of *Social and Physical Improvement*, such, for instance, as the GIRLS' FRIENDLY SOCIETY, LADIES' ASSOCIATION FOR THE CARE OF FRIENDLESS GIRLS, METROPOLITAN ASSOCIATION FOR BEFRIENDING YOUNG SERVANTS, and the YOUNG WOMEN'S INSTITUTE UNION AND CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION, have organised a large number of Homes for young women in London, and in many of the large provincial towns (see pp. 584, &c.). It has not been thought necessary to repeat them here. Any particular Home, or the Homes situated in any particular locality, will be best found by referring at once to the Index.

HOMES FOR WORKING GIRLS IN LONDON (1878),

Victoria House, 135 & 137 Queen's Road, Bayswater, W.; Morley House, 14 Fitzroy Street, Fitzroy Square, W.; Gordon House, 8 Endsleigh Gardens, N.W.; Woodford House, 28 & 29 Duncan Terrace, Islington, N.; Hyde House, 27 Somerset Street, Portman Square, W.; Garfield House, 361 Brixton Road, S.W.; Norfolk House, 50 Well Street, Hackney, E.; Lincoln House, 12 York Place, Baker Street, W.; and Domgay House, 11 Fitzroy Street, Fitzroy Square, W.

Object.—To provide a home for those girls and young women, 15 to 25 years of age, working in factories and workrooms, or as milliners, who are homeless; to afford them profitable recreation and 'to surround them with healthful influences and friendly guidance.' **Admission.**—By application to the Superintendent, at the Homes. Rent of bedroom, including use of dining and reading rooms, supplied with books, magazines, and newspapers, 2s. 6d. and 4s. a week, in advance. Board (breakfast, dinner, tea), 4s. 6d. a week. Separate meals—breakfast, 2½d.; dinner, 6d.; tea, 2½d.; supper, 1½d. Daily prayers, meetings, and Bible readings are held, which inmates may attend at their option. Each resident to make her own bed, keep her compartment neat, and look after her own luggage, Committee not being responsible for loss. Residents pay 1d. per week to the sick fund, which supplies medicine free to cases of sickness in the homes for 21 days, and pays 1s. a day to any resident confined to the house on account of illness for not more than 14 days. **Management.**—Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £4,455; rent of bedrooms, £2,576; legacies, £291; loan, £520; payments for food, £2,724; sick fund, £70. **Inmates.**—1,940 (accommodation for 526). Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Tritton. Treasurer, The Lord Kinnaid; Hon. Director, John Shrimpton, Esq., 2 Westminster Chambers, S.W., to whom all communications should be addressed.

ST. GABRIEL'S HOME (1884), 34 Mortimer Street, Cavendish Square, W. (connected with Community of All Saints', Margaret Street, W.)

Object.—A boarding-house for young women in business. **Admission.**—Lodging, with board, 7s. to 12s. 6d. per week. **Management.**—By Committee and two Sisters of All Saints'. **Income** (1887).—£692. **Inmates.**—20. Bankers, Dimsdale, Fowler, & Co. Treasurer, Miss Eleanor Duncombe; Hon. Sec., the Sister-in-charge.

SOHO CLUB AND HOME FOR WORKING GIRLS (1880), 59 Greek Street, Soho Square, W.

Objects.—To provide (a) a club, and (b) a home for working girls. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec. Girls over 13 are admitted to the Club, which is open every week-day, except Saturday, from 7 till 10 p.m., and also on Sundays. Candidates must be introduced by a member. Entrance fee, 1s.; annual subscription, 2s. Candidates for admission into the Home must be at least 16 years of age, and must produce a recommendation from their employer or from a lady or gentleman. Payments, 4s. to 7s. 6d. a week; board by arrangement. **Management.**—*Club*, by Committee of members, elected by themselves; *Home*, by Committee of ladies and gentlemen. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions, £102; rent from lodgers, £277; rent from other tenants, £78; payments for lodgers' board, £269; club fees, £49; Government grant for night school, £5. **Inmates** (1887).—*Club*, 205; *Home*, 40 (accommodation for 250 and 43 respectively). Bankers, Bank of England. Matron of the Home, Mrs. Ellis; Supt. of the Club, Mrs. Brewster, 45 Old Compton Street, W.; Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Hon. Maude Stanley, 40 Dover Street, W.

THE DRURY LANE WORKING GIRLS' HOUSE (1885), 73 Drury Lane, W.C.

Object.—To provide safe lodgings and a comfortable home for girls, between the ages of 13 and 21, working in the neighbourhood, and for young servants friendless in London. **Admission.**—1s. a day or 6s. a week is charged for board and lodging. Only girls of good character are admitted, rescue cases not being undertaken by the Committee. The girls are required to take part in the housework, under the direction of the resident Lady Superintendent. On obtaining a situation such outfit as is necessary is provided through a special fund outside the House accounts. **Management.**—By a Committee of eight ladies and gentlemen, for general management. The lady members of the Committee, with a resident Lady Superintendent, undertake the administrative part of the work and the more direct superintendence of the girls. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £138; inmates' payments and sale of dinners to sick poor, £27; miscellaneous receipts, £24. **Inmates** (1888).—55 (accommodation for 6). Bankers, Twinings & Co. Hon. Treasurer, W. Fortescue Barratt, Esq.

TEMPERANCE HOUSE (1888), 148 Drury Lane, W.C.

Object.—To afford a home for respectable women in daily employment needing sleeping accommodation. **Admission.**—Terms, 2s. 6d. and 3s. per week for bed, with use of kitchen and sitting-room. Age over 30. **Inmates.**—20. Hon. Sec., Miss Harriet Light.

WORKING GIRLS' DORMITORY, 45 Parker Street, Drury Lane, W.C.

HOME LIFE SOCIETY (1879), First Home, 26 New Cavendish Street, W.; Second Home, 220 Marylebone Road, N.W.

Object.—To provide homes for young girls employed in business, and others. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Lady Superintendent of each Home. Applicants must be under 30 years of age, and recommended by last employer, or other responsible person. Payment from 3s. 6d. to 6s. weekly for bedroom, including use of drawing-room, with piano, books, and newspapers. Inmates are provided with meals, as re-

quired, at a fixed moderate tariff. **Management.**—By Ladies' Committee. **Income** (1887).—Committee and friends, £146; inmates' payments, £1,047; collection at Berkeley Chapel, £40. **Inmates** (1887).—Bankers, City Bank, Bond Street. Treasurer, The Earl Waldegrave; Hon. Sec., The Earl of Jersey.

OLIVE HOUSE (1885), 5 Burton Crescent, W.C.

Object.—To afford a lodging for respectable women and girls in temporary distress. **Admission.**—Payment, 9s. 6d. per week; some cases free. **Income** (1887).—£141. **Inmates.**—27. Hon. Sec., Miss Bromage.

BRABAZON HOUSE OF REST (1883), 8 and 9 South Crescent, Store Street, Bedford Square, W.C.

Object.—A comfortable home for young ladies in business. **Admission.**—Beds, 3s. 6d. to 4s. 6d. per week. References required. Separate bedrooms, including use of clubrooms and tennis-court, 5s. to 7s. 6d. per week. **Management.**—By the Countess of Meath, who owns the Home. **Income.**—Self-supporting. **Inmates.**—56. Bankers, London and County Bank. Treasurer, the Countess of Meath; Sec., the Matron.

HOME FOR YOUNG PERSONS ENGAGED IN BUSINESS, Ashley House, 12 Endsleigh Gardens, Euston Square, N.W. (late of 72 Gower Street, W.C.).

Object.—'To provide a home, at as small a cost as possible, for young women coming to London to seek employment, or those engaged already but with no home to go to.' **Admission.**—By application. Payment: Rent of beds, 3s. 6d. to 4s. a week; insurance, 3d. a week; breakfast, 3d.; coffee or tea only, 1d.; dinner, 7d., without beer; tea, 3d.; supper, 2d. **Management.**—By Committee of ladies and gentlemen. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £101; payments by inmates, £716; dividends, £12. **Inmates.**—Average 37 (accommodation for 50). Bankers, Herries, Farquhar, & Co. Treas., H. C. Beeton, Esq.; Matron, Miss James.

HOWARD INSTITUTE (1884), 166b Pentonville Road, N.

Object.—To lodge young women in business, and domestic servants. **Admission.**—No limit as to age. References of respectability required. Beds, 2s. to 4s. per week; board, 5s. to 6s. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£298. **Inmates.**—20. Bankers, London and County Bank. Treasurer, S. Sharp, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Miss E. P. Mote, 16 Thornhill Square, N.

ST. MARK'S LODGE (1885), 13 Abercorn Place, Hamilton Terrace, N.W.

Object.—A home for young women engaged in teaching or in business; also for respectable young women whilst out of situations or requiring rest. **Admission.**—Payment, 8s. to 10s. per week. **Management.**—By two ladies. **Income** (1887).—£132. **Inmates.**—13. Hon. Lady Superintendent, Mrs. F. Debenham, 26 Upper Hamilton Terrace; Hon. Sec., Miss Neil, 17 Abercorn Place, N.W.

ST. CATHERINE'S HOME (1880), 10 Somerset Terrace, Carlton Road, Kilburn, N.W.

Object.—To afford a temporary home to domestic servants and business girls of good character. **Admission.**—Payment: Board and lodging, 7s. and 8s. 6d. weekly. **Management.**—Private. **Income** (1887).—£322. **Inmates.**—22. Hon. Sec., Miss Cuff, 59 Alexandra Road, South Hampstead, N.W.

BOARDING HOUSE FOR GOVERNESSES AND YOUNG WOMEN IN BUSINESS (1886), 55 Chichester Road, Kilburn, N.W.

Object.—Accommodation for governesses, young shopwomen, and young ladies, who are also trained to be mothers' helps, mission workers, &c. **Management.**—By Miss Davy. **Income (1887).**—£51. **Inmates.**—12. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank. Hon. Sec., Miss Davy.

MILDMAY INSTITUTE AND HOME (1884), 41 Pyrland Road, Mildmay Park, N.

Object.—To afford a home for young women in business and governesses. **Admission.**—Terms, 10s. 6d. to 14s. per week. **Management.**—Under control of the Mildmay Deaconesses. **Inmates.**—12. Hon. Sec., Miss E. Lankester.

ST. GEORGE'S RESIDENCE, George Yard, High Street, Whitechapel, E.

Object.—A lodging home for working girls of the artisan class, of good character. **Admission.**—Separate sleeping apartments, payment, 2s. 6d. per week; full board, 3s. 6d. per week, or 1½d. a meal. **Management.**—Private. Treasurer, Edmond Hodgekinson, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. de Coyney.

WHITTINGTON HOUSE (1884), 29 Stepney Green, E.

Object.—To provide lodgings for respectable girls and women. **Admission.**—Terms: Bed, 4d. a night, or 2s. a week; bed and board, 9d. a day, or 5s. a week. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £206; lodgers' payments, £134; miscellaneous receipts, £17. Treasurer, Mrs. Mark Hammond, 21 Granville Place, W.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Sidney Vatcher, St. Philip's Vicarage, Stepney; Resident Supt., Miss Steele.

ALL HALLOWS', SOUTHWARK, WORKING GIRLS' HOME, 49 Nelson Square, Blackfriars Road, S.E.

Object.—To provide lodgings for the poorest class of factory girls, and for young girls employed as servants in the daytime only. **Admission.**—By application to the Sister-in-charge at 49 Nelson Square. Girls are received from the age of 13; exceptional cases, 12. Payment for factory girls, from 5s. to 6s. per week, when they are able to make it. This includes everything except clothes. The other temporal benefits are: assistance in finding work, help with clothing, savings bank, night-school teaching, and a recreation room. **Management.**—By a Sister, appointed by Sister Superior, All Hallows' Mission. **Income (1887-8).**—Charitable contributions, £319; inmates' payments, £395. **Inmates (1887-8).**—50, the full number. Bankers, Central Bank of London, Blackfriars. Treas. and Sec., the Sister Superior, All Hallows' Mission.

ST. ALPHEGE HOME FOR WORKING GIRLS (1882), 181 Blackfriars Road, Southwark, S.E.

Object.—'To provide a home for young women and girls who go out to daily work, and who, because they have either no home in London or only a bad one, are compelled to live in lodgings.' **Admission.**—Respectable girls in work are admitted by recommendation, and each girl contributes towards the support of the Home by weekly payment of two-thirds of her earnings in return for board, lodging, and washing. General age of admission, 13 to 18, 'but exceptions are made to this rule.'

Management.—By Sister Agatha, of St. Alphege Mission, Southwark.
Income (1887).—Charitable contributions, £154. 2s. ; inmates' payments and part rent, £87. 6s. 8d. **Inmates.**—18. Secretary, Sister Agatha.

CHRISTIAN COMMUNITY HOME FOR BUSINESS YOUNG WOMEN AND DESTITUTE WORKING GIRLS (1887), 84 Great Dover Street, Borough, S.E.

Object.—To lodge business young women and working girls. **Admission.**—Age, 15 to 25. Payment, 6s. per week for board and lodging; lodging only, 1s. 6d. per week. Two girls kept in training for domestic service for three months; 1s. per week given while training. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—12. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan & Co. Treasurer, F. A. Bevan, Esq.; Superintendent, Mrs. Breton.

SOUTH LODGING HOME FOR GIRLS, The Broadway, Wimbledon, S.W.

Hon. Sec., Mrs. Henry Kingsley, Cotswold, Wimbledon.

HOMES FOR LADIES.

[The Homes for Ladies described on pp. 249–53 are for those who from age or infirmity are no longer able to work, whilst the following Homes are mainly intended for those who are in active employment.]

HOME FOR GOVERNESSES (1879), 53 (late 39) Victoria Road, Kilburn, N.W.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—Application must be made to Mrs. Bailey, at the Home. Payment, 15s. 6d. to £1 per week, including board and residence. **Management.**—Private, by Mrs. Bailey.

ST. ANTHONY'S HOUSE, 4 Bulstrode St., Cavendish Sq., W.

Object.—To provide a residence for governesses, ladies of limited income, and those engaged in business. **Admission.**—Terms: a compartment from 3s. 6d. to 5s. ; private rooms from 7s. per week, or 1s. 6d. per night. Meals: breakfast, 3d. ; dinner, 8d. ; tea, 3d. ; supper, 3d. Pension from 12s. to 20s. per week. There is a dining-room, also a sitting-room, with the use of a pianoforte, books, and newspapers, &c. Opportunities for instruction in various subjects and languages are offered on moderate terms. Reference required. **Management.**—Private, by Miss J. Von Scarpatetti.

FOREIGN GOVERNESSES' HOME AND AGENCY (1878)

(in connection with the French Protestant Church, Bayswater), 'Bienvenue,' 3 Colville Houses, Talbot Road, W.

Object.—'To provide situations for foreign governesses and a place where they may meet with a friendly welcome on their arrival in this country; to offer them a safe shelter when disengaged; to give them a real home, where they may at all times repair; to assist English parents in securing for their children suitable teachers; to bring good influences to bear upon a still larger number of our fellow-creatures.' **Admission.**—Open to all foreign governesses, irrespective of nationality or creed, who bring letters of introduction and testimonials regarding their qualifications. Board and lodging from 14s. to 20s. a week. A reading-room is attached. Governesses not residing in the house may be allowed to take meals at the house according to tariff. Protestants only are recommended

to situations by the agency, unless others are specially asked for. Subscribers of £1. 1s. annually are free to the use of the agency. Fees for persons wanting a governess: Registration, 2s. 6d.; engagement concluded, 8s. 6d. The governesses themselves pay 1s. for registration and 5s. for engagements concluded. **Management.**—By a Committee, self-constituted at the request, and acting under the presidency, of the Rev. J. M. H. Du Pontet de la Harpe, B.D. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £92; inmates' payments, £815; agency fees, £91. **Inmates.**—Bankers, Messrs. Coutts & Co. Treasurer, Dr. Withecombe; Hon. Sec., Mdme. Du Pontet de la Harpe; Directress of the Home, Mdlle. C. F. Ryffel; Secretary of the Agency, Mdlle. K. Ryffel; Hon. Sec. to the Consistory of the Church, J. G. Ryffel, Esq., 18 Malvern Road, Hornsey, N.

HOME FOR GOVERNESSES AND MAIDS, 10 Charlotte Street, Portland Place, W. (In connection with the Salle Evangélique, 11 Portland Street, Soho, W., and Collier Street, Pentonville Road, N., see p. 493.)

Object.—To receive 'young foreign girls who come to England to seek situations as governesses and maids, until they get or enter a situation.'

Admission.—By application at the Home. Payment, 13s. a week. Missionary, M. G. Barbier.

SWISS HOME (1867), Blomfield Road, Maida Vale, W.

Object.—To provide a home for foreigners out of place: governesses, ladies' maids, and *bonnes*. **Admission.**—At discretion of Mdlle. Blanc. Applicants must be well recommended from the ladies they have left, or from friends known to Mdlle. Blanc. Payment, 14s. per week, which includes board and lodging. Inmates remain until suited. Places are provided free of charge. **Management.**—By Mdlle. Caroline L. Blanc, founder and owner. **Income.**—Self-supporting.

SWISS HOME FOR FOREIGN GOVERNESSES AND NURSEMAIDS, 15 Mecklenburgh Square, W.C.

GOVERNESSES' HOME AND REGISTRATION AGENCY, 9 St. Stephen's Square, Westbourne Park, W.

Object.—To secure comfortable board and lodging, society, and protection to gentlewomen having no friends in London with whom to reside whilst seeking employment as governesses or companions; to afford a temporary home to daily governesses; to obtain engagements for inmates. **Admission.**—In strict accordance with the principles of the Charity Voting Reform Association. Application to be made to the Lady Superintendent, enclosing two letters, one from a clergyman, magistrate, or former employer, and one from the family applicant is leaving. Nursery governesses not admitted, unless the orphans of gentlemen, officers, or professional men. Invalids not admitted, but ladies needing rest, and able to attend meals, can be received on their producing a medical certificate to this effect. Governesses wishing to spend their holidays in town can be received if there be a vacancy, on a letter of recommendation from their employer. Inmates pay 15s., 16s., or 18s. a week, according to room occupied. A governess coming to London on business is received, when there is a vacancy, for 3s. 6d. for a single day and night, and 3s. a night for two, three, or four nights, if she brings a sealed letter of introduction from her clergyman or employer. Payment to be made weekly. The Committee have power to grant a free residence at the Home in special cases

of temporary need. A registration agency is in full operation. All applications to be made to the Lady Superintendent, personally, between 2 and 4 p.m., or by letter. **Management.**—By Committee, meeting monthly. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £168; payments for inmates, £461; fees, £2; dividends, £4; offertory, £4. **Inmates.**—120. Bankers, London and County, Kensington. Hon. Sec., Claude Penley, Esq., 52 Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.; Treasurer, Captain Pym, 26 Phillimore Gardens, W.; Lady Superintendent, Miss Stephens.

HOME FOR DISENGAGED GOVERNESSES, 47 Harley Street, W. (In connection with the Governesses' Benevolent Institution.)

ALBERT HOUSE INSTITUTION (1856), 11 Cross Street, Warrior Square, St. Leonards-on-Sea.

Object.—Among others, to provide cheap and comfortable lodgings for eight ladies at a time. **Admission.**—After satisfactory references. Application must be made to the Superintendent. Applicants must be ladies belonging to the Church of England. Payment, from 7s. to 9s. a week, including kitchen fire and attendance. Six of the ladies have two rooms each, and the others one room each. Inmates remain for months or years. **Management.**—By Trustees appointed originally by the late F. M. Montgomerie, Esq., the founder of the Institution, and since his death by co-option. **Income** (1887).—From rents, £162. **Inmates** (1888).—8. The House is generally full. Bankers, the London and County Bank. Superintendent, Mrs. Baker.

IV.—HOMES FOR CHILDREN.

The Institutions included under this heading are arranged as follows:—

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Training Ships	299
Roman Catholic Homes for Boys	301
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Homes for Girls (paying)	350
Training Homes for Servants	366
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They differ from the Homes described on p. 281, &c., in that they are intended for the education, training, and general care of children too young to gain their own living. Many of the Institutions included under the head of *Education* are of this character, but are mostly intended for a much higher class of children. The same remark applies to the Orphanages described under the head of *Benevolent Institutions*. As will be seen by a glance at the method of classification adopted, a certain amount of overlapping has taken place, few divisions being quite complete in themselves. As we have already pointed out, the Index should be first consulted when seeking a Home for any special class of children.

HOMES FOR BOYS.

BOYS' ORPHANAGE (1879), Montague House, Blackheath Hill, S.E.

Object.—To board and educate the orphan sons of the respectable poor, and train them in tailoring and other industries. **Admission.**—Each case is judged on its own merits—after careful investigation—and

admitted directly the annual payment is guaranteed. This is £20 per annum, towards which every parent is expected to contribute if possible. Age of admission, 7 to 12; boys kept until 14. Nearly all the cases have been recommended by the Charity Organisation Society. Cases that can be dealt with by the workhouse schools are not admitted. A boy may be admitted when both parents are alive, if by the chronic infirmity of either parent he is practically rendered an orphan and a fit object of charity. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888-9).—Payments for boys, £873; donations from members of the Committee, £141. The income is always the money paid for the inmates, plus the amount given by members of the Committee to make up deficiency. No general subscriptions and donations are solicited, but money is received for special cases, the circumstances of which are made known to donors and subscribers. **Inmates.**—Daily average, 47. Bankers, London and County, Greenwich Branch. Treasurer, E. M. Roe, Esq., R.N., Queen's House, Greenwich; Hon. Sec., Mrs. C. A. Reiss, 10 Petersham Terrace, S.W.

ARCHIBALD G. BROWN'S ORPHAN HOME, 1 and 2 Harley Street, Bow Road, E. (In connection with the East London Tabernacle.)

Object.—To provide a home for orphan boys. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Director and Secretary. Age of admission, 5 to 10 years. No payment is required. Each case is admitted on its own merits. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £568; proceeds of lectures, &c., £17. **Inmates.**—22. Bankers, Messrs. Martin & Co. Hon. Director, Treasurer, and Sec., Mr. Archibald G. Brown, at the Home.

ST. STEPHEN'S HOME FOR HOMELESS BOYS (1875), East India Dock Road, E.

Object.—To provide home and education, food and clothing, for orphan or fatherless boys. **Admission.**—By application to the Rev. Robert J. Elliott, at the Home. Applicants must be between 7 and 10 years of age, and be recommended by a clergyman or other responsible person. Payment, where possible, £12 a year. A certain number, especially orphans, are admitted without payment. Inmates remain until 13 years of age. **Management.**—By the Rev. R. J. Elliott. **Income** (1888-9).—£205. **Inmates** (Feb. 28, 1889).—18. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Rev. Robert J. Elliott, St. Stephen's Parsonage, East India Dock Road, E.; Superintendent and Matron, Mr. and Mrs. R. T. Dann.

HOME FOR ORPHAN BOYS (1862, enlarged 1877), 46 and 48 Buckingham Place, Brighton.

Object.—A home for 'young orphan boys, of the lower middle class, who have lost one or both parents, and are in very poor circumstances.' **Admission.**—Guarantee required for payment of £15 a year quarterly in advance, including board, clothing, and education. Application should be made to the Master or Lady Visitor for forms of medical certificate and certificates of birth and baptism and marriage of parents. Age of admission, 7 to 12 years. Inmates remain until 14. Outfit required on admission. An outfit is provided by the Home for each boy on leaving. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed in 1879. **Income** (1882).—Charitable contributions, £573. 0s. 3d.; inmates' payments, £573. 19s. 3d.; invested funds, £57. 10s. 6d.; industrial earnings of boys, £34. 9s. 3d. **Inmates** (1888).—36. Bankers, Hall, Bevan, & Co.,

Brighton. Treasurer, R. A. Bevan, Esq., Union Bank, Brighton; Master, Mr. J. Williams; Lady Visitor, Miss E. Anderson, 6 Lancaster Villas, Brighton.

ORPHAN HOME FOR BOYS (1872), Calne, Wiltshire.

Object.—To receive orphan boys of the class of respectable tradesmen's sons, or others who have been carefully trained but are in need of a home. **Admission.**—By application to Miss J. M. Gabriel, and payment of £2 entrance fee and from £12 to £15 a year. Cases must be recommended by two persons, one being the clergyman of the parish in which they reside. Age of admission, 7 to 12 years. Inmates are taught to be useful in the Home, receive education at the National School of Calne, and attend the Church of England. **Management.**—By the Foundress, Miss J. M. Gabriel. **Income.**—Derived from payments for boys, 'with a few donations; the balance supplied by the Foundress.' **Inmates.**—30. Foundress, Miss J. M. Gabriel, Calne, Wilts.

BOYS' ORPHANAGE (1877), Milton-under-Wychwood, near Chipping Norton (removed from Winwick, Rugby, in 1887).

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—Boys are admitted between the ages of 9 and 12. Candidates are considered eligible who have lost one parent. A medical certificate of freedom from any infectious complaint and from skin disease is required. Payment, £15 a year, including board, clothing, and education, but not travelling and medical expenses. An outfit is required, a list of which will be furnished on application. Six weeks' holiday in harvest time. It is not necessary, though desirable, that the boys should be removed during the holidays. The nearest station is Sipton, on the Great Western Railway; fare from Paddington, 4s. **Management.**—Private, by Miss Julia Poole. **Inmates** (1888).—24.

HOME FOR WORKING AND DESTITUTE LADS (1870), 18, 20, 22, 24 and 26 Stepney Causeway, E.

Object.—A large industrial voluntary home, providing maintenance, education and practical instruction in technical handicrafts to boys over 13 years of age; also the general office of the 34 institutions known as 'Dr. Barnardo's Homes.' * **Admission.**—Free and without condition to destitute boys of any nationality or creed. Skilled agents personally inspect various haunts well known as affording shelter to homeless children. Inmates are occupied in brush-making, boot-making, tailoring, and carpentering. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Number benefited** (1887-8).—857. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

LEOPOLD HOUSE ORPHAN HOME (1882), Burdett Rd., E.

Object.—To provide a home for boys of good health between 10 and 13 years of age, capable of giving their whole time to education, as a preliminary for drafting the inmates to the Stepney Home (see above). **Admission.**—Free, on proof of destitution. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Inmates** (1888).—350. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

* The system of classification adopted has rendered it necessary to distribute the various institutions carried on by Dr. Barnardo under their proper headings, but a complete list is given in the Index. It has not been found possible to state the income of each establishment, but the general figures for 1887-8 are as follows:—General mission work, £59,575; homes, £17,717; emigration, £5,196; building and special, £16,114.

'CARTER' HOME FOR DESTITUTE BOYS (1870), 52 and 65 High Street, Clapham, S.W.

Admission.—By application to the Master or to the Secretary. **Inmates** are trained in boot and shoe making, chair-caning, &c. Boys may be engaged for general purposes by the hour, day, or week; also to distribute bills and circulars, &c. The younger boys attend a day-school; the older ones a night-school, on the premises. **Management.**—By a Committee of 12, who have power to add to their number. **Income** (1886-7).—Subscriptions and donations, £1,124; industrial receipts (gross), £1,234; net profit, £786; school grant, £13. **Inmates.**—100. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank, Clapham. Treasurer, Dr. Cronin, Old Manor House, Clapham, S.W.; Sec., Mr. T. Jones; Master, J. B. Gray.

INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR BOYS (1853), 119 Copenhagen Street, N.

Object.—To provide a home and industrial training for 100 boys, 'who by reason of their habits and surroundings are in great danger of falling into evil courses.' **Admission.**—On approval of the Committee. Application must be made to the Secretary at the Home. Boys are received between the ages of 9 and 16. Certificates are required of perfect health, mental and physical. Payment, 6s. per week. **Inmates** are trained for shoemakers or tailors; some go as pages; others enter the army or navy. They leave at the age of 16. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions, donations, and collections, £305; payments for boys, £284; industrial receipts, £676. **Inmates.**—100. Bankers, London and County Bank, Islington. Treas., E. Badin, Esq., 14 Highbury Grove, N.; Sec., Col. M. J. J. Mignon, 132 Sinclair Rd., West Kensington Park, W.; Lady Supt., Miss Mann, 130 Haverstock Hill, N.W.

SCHOOL OF HANDICRAFTS FOR DESTITUTE BOYS (1885), Eastworth Road, Chertsey.

Object.—The establishment on self-supporting principles of a home and school for destitute boys, who are taught some handicraft. The family system is adopted wherever practicable, a married couple having charge of each house, the man teaching his trade. **Management.**—By a Committee of ladies and gentleman, a council, an unpaid resident director, and superintendent. **Income** (1886-7).—Gifts to building fund, £4,407; subscriptions and donations, £929; dividends, interest, and rent, £238; sale of produce, &c., £60. **Inmates.**—60 (accommodation for 150 in five houses when arrangements are complete). Bankers, Union Bank, Argyll Place, Regent Street, W. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., J. G. Noel, Esq., C.B., 8 Hanover Square, W.

MINISTERING CHILDREN'S LEAGUE HOME (1888), Ottershaw, Chertsey, Surrey.

Object.—The reception of poor boys. **Admission.**—By application to the Countess of Meath, 83 Lancaster Gate, W. **Income.**—Supported by the children of the League, and by collections from the branches. **Inmates** (1888).—15.

CROYDON GORDON BOYS' HOME (1886), 47 Handcroft Road, Croydon.

Object.—To provide a home for destitute and friendless boys. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1886-7).—£219. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 8. Treasurer, J. Waddon Martyn, Esq., 37 Wellesley Road, Croydon; Resident Sec., Mr. G. J. Murdoch.

GORDON BOYS' ORPHANAGE (1884), Gordon House, St. James's Street, and Townwall Street, Dover.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—By application to the Founder. Boys from all parts who have lost one or both parents, or who are thoroughly deserving or destitute, are received from the age of 8 until fit to earn their own living, and are clothed, fed, and educated to be useful. **Management.**—By the Founder. **Income (1887-8).**—Subscriptions, donations, and special contributions, £950. **Inmates.**—52. Founder, Mr. C. J. Blackman.

GORDON BOYS' HOME (1885), West End, Chobham, Woking. Office, 20 Cockspur Street, Charing Cross, S.W.

Object.—To train and educate destitute and homeless lads who have never been convicted of crime. **Admission.**—The age of admission is from 14 to 16 years. Boys, on joining, are supplied with a complete kit, including uniform, boots, underclothing, &c. Whole or part payment of the sum (£22 per annum) for boy's maintenance will in majority of cases be required, but free admission will be granted to such a number of deserving boys as can be provided for out of general income of the Home. Certificate of character recommending the case, signed by clergyman or magistrate, required. Boys are taught in school, also instructed in shoe-making, tailoring, carpentering, music, baking, &c. The boys make all their own clothes, boots, effect all carpenter's repairs, bake all the bread, and are taught plan-drawing and telegraphy; there is a good drum and fife band. Boys leave institution on attaining 18 years of age; the outfit required is usually supplied by the Home. **Management.**—By Council, from members of which the executive committee is appointed by election. Council composed of gentlemen only. **Income (1887-8).**—Donations, £3,216; annual subscriptions, £1,772; dividends on investments, £1,157; legacy, £400; donations to building fund, £5,043; donations to hospital building fund, £1,041; bonus on conversion of East India Stock, £92. **Inmates (March 31, 1888).**—134. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, St. James's Square, S.W.; Dimsdale & Fowler, Cornhill, E.C.; London and South-Western Bank, 27 Regent Street, S.W. Treasurer, Sir R. N. Fowler, Bart., M.P.; Sec., Lieut.-Col. G. A. Beaty-Pownall.

BRIGHTON FREE HOME FOR DESTITUTE AND ORPHAN BOYS (1870), 3 Upper Lewes Rd., Brighton.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—Free to Brighton boys, others on payment of £15 a year. Age of admission, 7. Outfit given on leaving the Home. Boys apprenticed to trades, or put out to situations, when of an age to leave school, and are kept at the Home until 16; all earnings go towards their support. **Management.**—By Committee of ladies and gentlemen appointed at a public meeting of subscribers and friends. **Income (1887).**—Voluntary contributions, £432; boys' payments, £15; inmates' earnings, £91; dividends, £8. **Inmates (1887).**—25. Bankers, London and County Bank, Brighton. Treasurer, Mrs. Bright, 19 Goldsmid Road, Brighton; Hon. Sec., Miss Ada Bright, 19 Goldsmid Road, Brighton.

GROTTO HOME (1846), 55 Paddington Street, Marylebone, W.
(No recent information.)

Object.—To provide a home and industrial training for destitute or criminal boys. Also lodgings for boys when out of situations, and a room for old hands and other boys to meet in and read the periodicals, &c. **Admission.**—By application at the Home. Boys must be under

20 years of age. No payment required. The training comprises wood-chopping, mat-making, and hair-picking. Boys are also sent out to work at houses, boot-cleaning, &c. They are kept in the Home until a character has been regained, and they can be recommended, when they are assisted to emigrate, sent to sea, restored to friends, sent to situations, &c., as their cases seem to require. **Management.**—Committee. **Income** (1880).—£809. **Inmates.**—30. Sec., Mr. C. R. Stokes, 65 Marylebone Road, N.W. Supt., Mr. Phillips, at the Home.

LABOUR HOUSE FOR DESTITUTE YOUTHS (1882), 622 to 626 Commercial Road, E.

Object.—A voluntary industrial home, unique in its character, accommodating 200 youths of 17 and over, testing their characters, and, if they are approved, sending them forth to Canada after 6 or 8 months' residence. The industries of the Labour House comprise wood-chopping, box-making, the manufacture of aerated water, &c. **Admission.**—Free and immediate, on proof of destitution. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Number benefited** (1887-8).—418. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

HOUSE-BOY BRIGADE AND INDUSTRIAL PRINTING WORKS (1870). Homes, 153 Ebury Street, S.W.; 7 Church Street, Kensington, W. Printing Office, 146 Marylebone Road, N.W.

Object.—To provide a home and training for domestic service or the printing trade for orphan or destitute boys. **Admission.**—By application to Superintendents for form of admission. The boy should be sent to the Home for personal examination, and the case will then be decided on at the next Committee meeting. Entrance fee of £10 must be paid on admission. Boys to be eligible must be orphans or destitute, between 12 and 14 years of age, in good health, and not of known bad character, have passed the Government third standard of education, and be suitable to be trained for domestic service. Boys can be hired to clean boots and shoes, knives, doorsteps, &c., pages for carriage work, &c. **Management.**—By Committee, 24 members appointed by promoters in the first instance and then nominally by subscribers at annual meeting. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £682; payments with boys, £355; industrial earnings, £3,544. **Inmates.**—172. Bankers, Glyn, Mills, & Co. Treasurer, W. E. Hubbard, Esq., 4 St. Helen's Place, E.C.; Sec., Mr. C. H. Chevens, at the Office, 146 Marylebone Road, N.W.

HOME OF HOPE (1885), Beaumont Road, Acton Green, W.

Object.—To provide a home for poor boys. **Admission.**—Boys are admitted from the age of 4, and they ordinarily remain until 14. Payment, 4s. 6d. a week, including board, lodging, clothes, and education in the neighbouring Board School. Free admission is given in exceptional cases. **Management.**—By Miss Hughes. **Income** (1886).—Donations, £93; boys' payments, £42. **Inmates** (1888).—25. Application to be made to Miss Hughes, 6 Carlton Road, Acton Green, W.

HOMES FOR LITTLE BOYS (1864), near Farningham, Kent.

HOMES FOR ORPHANS, Swanley, Kent. Offices, Bank Buildings, Ludgate Circus, E.C.

Object.—(Farningham Home) To provide a home, education, and industrial training for homeless and destitute little boys, and those in danger of falling into crime, whether orphans or not, who are disqualified

by poverty, or other circumstances, for admission to orphan asylums, or other institutions. (Swanley Home) A like home, education and training for fatherless boys of domestic servants, and others in like circumstances. **Admission.**—(Farningham Home) (a) By election of subscribers. Boys thus admitted are received free, boarded, clothed, educated, and taught some industrial occupation till 14½ years of age. (b) By payment of 6s. a week, quarterly in advance, or £15 a year. All boys must be under 10 years of age, and approved by Committee as eligible. Those received on payment are admitted as soon as there is a vacancy. Approved candidates for election may be at once admitted, if there be a vacancy, by payment of 6s. a week until elected. The training comprises carpentering, boot and shoe making, farm and garden work, tailoring, bread making and baking, washing and laundry work, plain needlework, upholstery, mat making, and printing. (Swanley Home) By payment of £20 a year. Boys are received up to 12 years, and are 'trained to occupy respectable and useful situations.' **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £6,836; payments for inmates, £5,681; invested funds, £86; other sources, £297. **Inmates** (1887).—Home, 301; Orphanage, 190. Bankers, Smith, Payne, & Smiths. Treasurer, W. H. Willans, Esq.; Sec., B. Clarke, Esq., at the Office.

SANDWELL HALL TRAINING HOME (1857), near Birmingham.

Object.—To train boys for service (*see* p. 374).

NURSERY HOME FOR VERY LITTLE BOYS, Teighmore, Gorey, Jersey. Office, 18 to 26 Stepney Causeway, E.

Object.—The reception of waifs and strays too young for the Working Lads' Home (for which *see* p. 295). **Admission.**—Free on proof of destitution. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Number benefited** (1887-8).—120. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

FARM SCHOOL, Bromyard, Worcestershire.

Object.—To afford agricultural training to 47 boys. **Admission.**—Inmates of Dr. Barnardo's Homes. **Management.**—By the owner of the farm, R. Phipps, Esq., who defrays the cost of the boys' maintenance. **Number benefited** (1887-8).—55. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

TRAINING SHIPS (VOLUNTARY).

In addition to these *Voluntary* Training Ships, there are the 'Wellesley,' off South Shields, the 'Formidable,' off Portishead, near Bristol, the 'Akbar,' and the 'Clarence,' both in the Mersey, the 'Cornwall,' off Purfleet, in the Thames, the 'Mount Edgcumbe' off Devonport, the 'Clio,' in the Menai Straits, the 'Shaftesbury,' off Grays, in the Thames, the 'Southampton,' in the Humber, and the 'Havannah,' at Cardiff, which are either reformatories or Industrial Schools. They are dealt with in the section relating to those institutions. The 'Arethusa' and the 'Chichester' belong to the National Refuges for Children, *see* p. 317.

MARINE SOCIETY (1756), 'Warspite,' off Charlton, S.E. Offices, 54½ Bishopsgate Street, E.C.

Object.—To equip, maintain, and instruct 'distressed boys for the Royal Navy and the Merchant Service.' **Admission.**—Boys desirous of admission should attend with one of their parents at the offices in

Bishopsgate Street, between 10 and 12 o'clock in the morning of any weekday except Thursday. Those who have lost both father and mother should be accompanied by a friend, if possible. Only destitute boys are received, or those whose friends are unable to fit them out for sea at their own expense. No dishonest or convicted boys admitted. Age, between 13 and 16 years. Height, without shoes, under 14 years, 4 ft. 9 in.; above 14 years, 4 ft. 10 in. No payment required. Parish boys may be received on payment of £4. 4s. An outfit is given to each boy on admission, and also one on his leaving for sea. *Widows' Fund*.—Every year in the month of June donations of £10 each are paid to 43 widows of captains and lieutenants in the Royal Navy. Widows whose circumstances justify an application to the Committee for relief are requested to apply to the Secretary, at the office, by letter or personally, in the early part of April for the requisite forms. *Apprenticing Fund*.—For poor girls between 14 and 17 years of age; preference to orphans of sailors. In time of war boys are clothed and fitted out for the Royal Navy by the Fund. *Management*.—Committee appointed by Annual Court of Governors. *Income* (1888).—Charitable contributions, £2,090; invested funds, £7,525; payments with parish boys, &c., £53; legacies, £200; trust funds, £1,123. *Number assisted*.—Boys, 615; widows, 43; girls apprenticed, 10. Bankers, Messrs. Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, J. Francis W. Deacon, Esq.; Sec., Henry W. Andrews, R.N.; Superintendent on the 'Warspite,' Rear-Admiral A. W. Gillett, R.N.

'EXMOUTH' TRAINING SHIP (1876), off Grays, Essex.

Object.—For training boys between the ages of 12 and 16, and chargeable to metropolitan unions and parishes, for service in the Royal Navy or Mercantile Marine. *Management*.—By the Metropolitan Asylums Board. *Income*.—Expenses defrayed out of poor rate. *Boys on Board* (1888).—Daily average, 569. Clerk, W. F. Jebb, Esq., Norfolk Street, Strand, W.C.; Superintendent, Captain Bouchier, on board.

LIVERPOOL TRAINING SHIP 'INDEFATIGABLE' (1865), New Ferry, Cheshire.

Object.—To receive the sons and orphans of sailors and other poor and destitute boys, and train them for the sea. *Admission*.—By application to the Secretary. Age of admission, 12 to 15 years. Certificates of birth and good character are required. Boys belonging to the port of Liverpool received free, others upon payment of £20 per annum, being full cost of maintenance. Apprentices are bound for three years. *Management*.—By Executive Committee, appointed by General Committee. *Income* (1887).—Charitable contributions, £2,600; payments for inmates, £772; capitation grant from Royal Navy, £21; Royal Naval Reserve enrolment fees, £39; Education Department grant, £117. *Boys on Board*.—224. Bankers, Bank of Liverpool, Limited (Heywood's Branch). Treasurer, T. H. Ismay, Esq.; Superintendent, Capt. A. W. Bremner; Sec., Matthew Hendrie, B Commerce Court, 11 Lord Street, Liverpool.

MERCANTILE MARINE SERVICE ASSOCIATION SCHOOL SHIP 'CONWAY,' Rock Ferry, Birkenhead (1859).

Object.—'Designed to train and educate young gentlemen with a view to their becoming masters and officers in the Merchant Service.' *Admission*.—By application to the Commander. Age of admission, 13 to 16 years. Payment, £52. 10s. a year, including uniform and outer clothing, medical attendance, washing, use of books, and school stationery. Underclothing and boots must be provided by parents or friends. Sons

of nautical members of the Mercantile Service Association, and of deceased and unfortunate members of the Merchant Service, 'have privileges in admission, and those of officers in the Royal Navy are admitted at £42 a year.' The Committee are able to grant occasional free nominations to the ship. Applications for admission must be accompanied by a certificate of birth, testimonial of good character from last schoolmaster, or, when educated at home, from clergyman or minister of church they attend. 'Boys who are colour-blind cannot become officers in the Merchant Service.' A gold medal is yearly presented by the Queen 'to encourage the boys to acquire and maintain the qualities which will make the finest sailor.' The Queen also, 'with a view to encourage boys of the "Conway" to qualify themselves for the cadetships in the Navy granted by the Admiralty, offers a prize yearly consisting of a binocular glass, with inscription, and £35 towards expense of the outfit to boys who compete for cadetships in Her Majesty's Service.' 'Ten appointments as midshipmen in the Royal Naval Reserve are annually granted by the Lords of the Admiralty.' 'Appointments as Leadsman Apprentices in the Bengal Pilot Service are yearly placed at the disposal of the Committee by the Secretary of State for India.' By order of the Board of Trade, two years on board the 'Conway' are reckoned as one year at sea. The Committee endeavour to find ships for all boys on leaving satisfactorily.

Management.—By Committee. **Income.**—From fees only. **Cadets** (1887-8).—163. **Treasurer**, T. W. Read, Esq.; **Hon. Sec.**, W. S. Graves, Esq.; **Commander**, Archibald T. Miller, Esq., to whom all communications should be addressed on board the ship.

ROMAN CATHOLIC HOMES FOR BOYS.

ST. MARY'S ORPHANAGE (1857), Park House, Blackheath, S.E.

Object.—The reception of respectable fatherless boys; not of the poorest class. **Admission.**—By election. Candidates must be between the ages of 6 and 12 years, and be nominated by a subscriber, such nomination to be sent to and approved by the Committee. **Inmates** are trained for commerce. Some are apprenticed from the Orphanage. They remain until 14 or 15 years of age. Clothing is provided. **Management.**—By the Chaplain, appointed by the Bishop of Southwark. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £702; invested funds, £18; payments for inmates, £1,227. **Inmates.**—About 76, of whom 44 are on the foundation. **Bankers**, London and County, Blackheath. **Treasurers**, the Trustees of the Orphanage; **Chaplain**, Rev. Thos. Ford; **Sec.**, J. E. Pritchard, Esq., 21 Florence Road, New Cross, S.E.

ST. MARY'S ORPHANAGE FOR BOYS (1847), North Hyde, near Southall, Middlesex.

Object.—To receive boys chargeable to the poor rates within the metropolitan district and other pauper boys by agreement, and train them for trades, &c. **Admission.**—None others are admitted except those who are a charge upon the Patriotic Fund. Application must be made to the Rev. Thomas Seddon, Archbishop's House, S.W. Age of admission, 7 to 16 years. Certificate of health required. Payment, as per agreement. Clothing is provided. **Inmates** remain until 16. **Management.**—By a religious community, appointed by Cardinal Manning. **Income.**—Maintained by the Westminster Diocesan Education Fund. **Inmates.**—625.

ST. VINCENT'S HOME FOR BOYS (1870), 337 Harrow Road, W.

Object.—The reception of Catholic boys who cannot be provided for in any other existing Catholic institution. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Rev. the Administrator. **Management.**—By the Rev. the Administrator, appointed by H.E. Cardinal Manning.

HOME FOR DESTITUTE CATHOLIC CHILDREN (1888), Rose Lane, Stepney, E. (close to Stepney Station).

Object.—As in title. **Inmates.**—50 (full number). Superintendent, Rev. Father Barry.

ST. AGNES' ORPHANAGE (1872), Leyton, Essex.

Object.—To maintain and educate orphan and destitute boys received from workhouses. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Rev. Thomas Seddon. Boys are received between the ages of 2 and 7 years. Payment, according to previous agreement. Inmates remain until 7 years of age, and are then transferred to the Senior Boys' School at North Hyde, near Southall (*see* p. 301). **Management.**—By a religious community. **Income.**—Maintained by the Westminster Diocesan Education Fund. **Inmates.**—86. Manager, Rev. Thomas Seddon, Archbishop's House, S.W.

ST. JOSEPH'S HOUSE, Barnet. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To provide a home for Catholic boys of 14 years of age, where they can, after a trial, be apprenticed to a trade, living under the same roof with the clergy, and being taught by efficient Catholic masters. **Admission.**—Application must be made to Rev. George Bampffield. Good testimonials to character required. Payment £10 to £20, not including outfit. Various trades are taught. Inmates remain until 21, if desired. **Management.**—By Principal and Manager, under direction of the Fathers of the Institute of St. Andrew, Barnet. **Inmates.**—30. Principal, Rev. George Bampffield, B.A.

DUCHESS OF LEEDS' ORPHANAGES (1863), Mayfield, and Bletchingley, Sussex.

Object.—For the support and education, in the Roman Catholic religion, of orphan male and female children coming from any part of England, but more especially from the north of Yorkshire. **Management.**—A private trust. **Income.**—Female orphanage, about £750; male orphanage, about £1,200. Solicitors to Trustees, Messrs. Arnold & Co., 60 Carey Street, Lincoln's Inn, W.C.

SPECIAL HOMES FOR BOYS.

(*See also the sections devoted to EDUCATION and BENEVOLENT INSTITUTIONS.*)

YORKSHIRE SOCIETY'S SCHOOL (1812), Westminster Bridge Road, S.E.

Object.—'Educating, boarding, and clothing boys born in Yorkshire, or one of whose parents was born there,' and whose parents were in a respectable line of life, and are either reduced by misfortune or dead. **Admission.**—By election. Candidates must be between 9 and 12 years of age on the day of election (third Wednesday in June). Inmates remain till 15. Preference is given to the sons of members. No boy is eligible

whose parents have received parochial relief. Certificates are required of baptism of boy or parent in Yorkshire, of parents' marriage, of age, health, and character, together with recommendations from two subscribers. Subjects of instruction: English, French, Latin, mathematics, drawing, vocal music, chemistry, and drill. **Management.**—By Committee, who retire by rotation, the vacancies being filled by election by subscribers at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,098; invested funds and rents, £706; from Science and Art Department, £26; legacy, £272; miscellaneous, £50. **Inmates.**—85. Bankers, Smith, Payne, & Smiths, London; York City and County Bank, York. Treasurer, H. R. Price, Esq., 1 Cowper's Court, Cornhill, E.C.; Sec., Mr. J. Wilkinson.

ROYAL MASONIC INSTITUTION FOR BOYS (1879), Wood Green, N.

Object.—To give—together with maintenance and clothing—'a sound English commercial education, with the addition of French and German, and in the upper division the classics and advanced mathematics,' to the sons of Freemasons who, from altered circumstances, require this assistance. **Admission.**—By election of subscribers. No boy is eligible unless his father has been a subscribing member to a Lodge for seven years, 'except in case of death, fire, shipwreck,' or of his having become afflicted during such membership with infirmity, permanently incapacitating him from earning a livelihood. Age of admission, 7 years. Scholars are retained until 15. Certificates required: marriage of parents; birth of candidate; death of father (when deceased); Private Lodge; Grand Lodge; declaration as to means. Undertaking required from two respectable householders for removal of inmate if and when found unsuitable, and for burial in case of death. Boys are also clothed and educated out of the establishment, for whom the Committee may pay not exceeding £20 a year. The General Committee may appropriate not exceeding £40 for the benefit of any boy having left the institution, 'if there is a fair prospect of his obtaining by such aid the means of permanent provision.' **Management.**—By Committee, composed of donors of £10. 10s. and upwards, and 12 members elected annually by subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £15,148, including £2,107, proportion of proceeds of meeting at Albert Hall on June 13; invested funds, £662. **Scholars.**—263. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, Bloomsbury. Treasurer, G. Plucknett, Esq.; Sec., F. Binckes, Esq., 6 Freemasons' Hall, Great Queen Street, Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.

DUKE OF YORK'S SCHOOL, ROYAL MILITARY ASYLUM (1803), Chelsea, S.W.

Object.—Includes the maintenance and education of sons of soldiers of the British Army. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary. Vacancies are filled up from the lists of candidates by the Quarterly Boards of Commissioners. Forms of petition for admission, with full information, are supplied for boys shown to be eligible on a preliminary form. Candidates must be sons of warrant or non-commissioned officers or soldiers of the Regular Army, between 10 and 12 years of age, and likely to be fit for the army. They leave the institution at 14 or 15 if in the band. **Management.**—Commissioners appointed by H.M. the Queen, numbering at present 18. **Income.**—This is a Government institution supported by annual Parliamentary grant. **Inmates.**—484 (Aug. 1888); 143 passed out during the year; accommodation for 550. Sec., Lieut. E. C. Thomas.

HOMES FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

ASSOCIATION FOR PLACING ORPHANS IN PRIVATE FAMILIES (1877). Founded in memory of the late Mrs. Nassau Senior.

Object.—To provide for children who have lost both parents, by boarding them out with private families in the country. Application must be made to the Hon. Sec. Applicants must be between the ages of 2 and 12, and be free from infectious disease. **Management.**—By a Central Committee in London and Local Committees in the country. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £190. **Benefited.**—77. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treas., R. R. Pym, Esq.; Hon. Sec., W. Nassau Senior, Esq., 98 Cheyne Walk, S.W.

ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF BOARDING-OUT (1886), 22 Berners Street, W.

Objects.—(a) To form a link of communication between Boards of Guardians wishing to board-out orphan and deserted children, and others included under the Local Government Board Order of 1870, and certified Boarding-out Committees willing to receive them; also to facilitate exchange of information between the several Boarding-out Committees; (b) to obtain information as to the working of the Local Government Board Order of 1877 for regulating out-relief to orphan and deserted children *within the union*; (c) to inquire into the operation of the various systems of boarding-out; and (d) generally to co-operate in all measures for the promotion of boarding-out, and for the welfare of the children thus provided for. **Management.**—Council of 36 ladies and gentlemen, one-third of whom retire annually, but are eligible for re-election; and Executive Committee of 16 ladies and gentlemen; meeting once a month. **Income** (1889).—£65. Bankers, Martin & Co., 68 Lombard Street. Treas., Rev. E. Price, The Cloisters, Westminster, S.W.; Hon. Secs., Miss W. L. Brodie-Hall, The Gore, Eastbourne, and Miss Akers, Hayes Common, Kent.

BOARDING-OUT OF PAUPER AND OTHER CHILDREN.

The following is a list of Boarding-out Committees, arranged by counties, authorised under the provisions of the General Order of the Poor Law Board, dated November 25, 1870, corrected to March, 1889. The name given is that of the Secretary.

BEDFORD.

AMPTHILL.—Mrs. Eagles, Ampthill.

ASPLEY GUISE.—Miss E. S. Wing, Aspley Guise, Woburn.

BILLINGTON.—Rev. E. Bradshaw, Billington Rectory, Leighton Buzzard.

CHALGRAVE AND HOCKLIFFE.—Rev. J. W. Hodgson, Chalgrave, Leighton Buzzard.

CRANFIELD.—Rev. H. H. Birley, Cranfield Rectory, Newport Pagnell.

EVERSHOLT.—Rev. W. S. Baker, Eversholt Rectory, Woburn.

FLITWICK.—Mrs. L. Ashpitel, Flitwick Vicarage, Ampthill.

HAWNES.—Miss S. C. Thynne, Hawnes Park, Bedford.

MARSTON MORETAIN.—Miss A. S. Wood, Marston Moretaine Rectory, Ampthill.

MAULDEN AND PULLOXHILL.—Miss Moore, Maulden Cottage, Maulden, Ampthill.

MILTON BRYANT.—Rev. W. W. Carew Baker, Milton Bryant, Woburn.

BERKS.

GREENHAM AND CROOKHAM.—Miss K. P. Etty, Greenham, Newbury.
SPEEN.—Miss O. A. Talbot, Speen, Newbury.

BUCKINGHAM.

LACEY GREEN.—Rev. W. F. Kelly, Lacey Green Vicarage, Prince's Risboro'.
MARSH GIBBON.—Mrs. Holmes, Marsh Gibbon Rectory, Bicester.
PENN.—Mrs. Grainger, Penn Vicarage, Amersham.
SHERRINGTON.—Rev. Edw. Elton, Sherrington Rectory, Newport Pagnell.
WOUGHTON-ON-THE-GREEN.—Rev. F. F. Field, Woughton Rectory, Bletchley Station.

CAMBRIDGE.

BALSHAM.—Mrs. Halcombe, Balsham Rectory, Cambridge.
CAMBRIDGE.—Mrs. Atkinson, Clare Villas, Cambridge.
CROXTON.—Miss Cochrane, The Downs, St. Neot's.
FULBOURNE.—Miss Cecil Townley, Fulbourne Manor, Cambridge.

CHESTER.

NORTH RODE.—Mrs. Philips, Oak House, Sutton, Macclesfield.

CORNWALL.

ST. WINNOW AND LOSTWITHIEL.—Mrs. Hill, St. Winnow Vicarage, Lostwithiel.

CUMBERLAND.

PENRITH.—Mrs. Riley, Ennism, Penrith.

DEVON.

BUCKLAND MONACHORUM AND TAVISTOCK.—Miss Anna Bayly, Yelverton, Horrabridge, R.S.O.
HONITON.—D. W. R. Buchanan, Esq., Broomhills, Honiton.
IVYBRIDGE.—Mrs. Anstiss, Erme Terrace, Ivybridge.
KINGSTEIGNTON.—Mrs. Jackson, Kingsteignton Vicarage, Newton Abbot.
PLYMOUTH, DEVONPORT, AND STONEHOUSE.—Miss Cowie, 1 Osborne Villas, Stoke Damerel, Devonport.
ST. GEORGE'S CLYST.—Miss E. R. Ellacombe, St. George's Clyst Rectory, Topsham.
SIDMOUTH.—Miss C. Gutierrez, Highbank, Sidmouth.
TETCOTT AND CLAWTON.—Mrs. Squire, Tetcott Rectory, Holsworthy.
THURLESTONE.—Mrs. Ilbert, Thurlestone Rectory, Kingsbridge.
TORMOHAM.—Mrs. Harris, Sorel, Torquay.

DORSET.

STEEPLETON.—Hon. Miss Blanche C. Pitt, Steepleton, Blandford.
TINCLETON.—Miss F. K. Kindersley, Clyffe, Dorchester.

DURHAM.

HERRINGTON AND NEWBOTTLE.—Rev. D. S. Boutflower, Newbottle Vicarage, Fence Houses.

ESSEX.

ABBOTS ROOTHING.—Rev. L. G. Capel Cure, Abbots Roothing, Ongar.
FYFIELD.—Mrs. C. M. Gibson, Fyfield Rectory, Ongar.
HATFIELD BROAD OAK.—Lady Selwin-Ibbetson, Down Hall, Harlow.
ONGAR.—Mrs. M. Steward, Shelley, Ongar.
THORNDON HALL (Roman Catholic).—Rev. Jas. Bamber, Thorndon, Brentwood.

GLOUCESTER.

BREKELEY.—Miss S. Stackhouse, The Chantry, Berkeley.
COLN ST. ALDWYN.—Rev. A. Kent, Coln St. Aldwyn, Fairford, Gloucester
OLVESTON.—Miss L. M. Crossman, Friezewood, Rudgeway, Bristol.

HANTS.

BRIGHTSTONE.—Miss J. Wilson, Brightstone, Isle of Wight.
DENMEAD.—Rev. F. C. Green, Denmead Vicarage, Horndean.
HURSLEY.—Mrs. Young, Hursley Vicarage, Winchester.
ROWNHAMS.—Mrs. M. Wilson, Rownhams Parsonage, Southampton.
STEEP.—Rev. F. W. Mason, The Vicarage, Steep, Petersfield.
WICKHAM.—Mrs. Radcliffe, Little Park, Wickham.

HERTFORD.

ABBOTS LANGLEY.—Mrs. W. Jones Loyd, Langlebury, Watford.
BENGEO.—Mrs. Mansel-Pleydell, Bengoe Rectory, Hertford.
FOULMIRE.—Miss E. L. Nash, Foulmire, Royston.
HATFIELD.—Mrs. G. Barclay, Woodside, Hatfield.
LITTLE AMWELL.—Mr. T. S. Barclay, Little Amwell Vicarage, Hertford Heath.
ST. ALBANS.—Mrs. C. M. Green, Oaklands, St. Albans.

KENT.

BROMLEY.—Miss Edlmann, Old Cottage, Widmore, Bromley.
HAYES.—Mrs. Whitmore, Hayes Common, Beckenham.
WEST MALLING.—Mrs. Blunt, Malling Abbey, Maidstone.

LANCASTER.

BIRCHLEY.—Rev. A. Powell, Birchley, Wigan.
CATFORTH AND WISHAM.—Rev. M. Ryan, Catforth, Preston.
CHIPPING AND LITTLE BOWLAND.—Rev. J. De Gryse, Chipping, Preston.
CLITHEROE.—Rev. J. Hastell, Lowergate, Clitheroe.
EUXTON.—Rev. J. Worthy, Euxton, Chorley.
FAIRFIELD.—Miss Cullen, 54 Deane Road, Fairfield.
FISHPOOL.—D. Walmsley, Esq., Fishpool, Bury.
FORMBY.—Mrs. H. Bushby, Traphill, Formby.
GARSTANG.—Rev. G. B. Stones, The Vicarage, Garstang.
GATHACRE.—Mrs. Thornely, Baycliff, Woolton Hill, Liverpool.
LEES.—Rev. J. Lathouwers, St. Edward's, Lees, near Oldham.
LITHERLAND.—H. Hagger, Esq., Litherland, Liverpool.
OSWALDTWISTLE.—Rev. B. Haslewood, The Parsonage, Oswaldtwistle.
RIBCHESTER.—Rev. T. Martin, Stydd Lodge, Ribchester.
SLAIDBURN.—Mrs. Birchall, Whiteholme, Slaidburn.
WALTON-ON-THE-HILL.—Rev. T. Hornby, Walton Vicarage, Liverpool.
WATERLOO.—Mrs. J. Herbert Jones, St. John's, Waterloo, Liverpool.
WAVERTREE.—Mrs. H. Stolverfoht, Sandown Park, Liverpool.
WELD BANK.—R. Seed, Esq., Weld Bank, Chorley.

MIDDLESEX.

SOUTHGATE.—Lady C. E. Garnier, Southgate, N.

NORFOLK.

CROMER.—Miss R. J. Buxton, Colne House, Cromer.
RYBURGH.—Mrs. H. N. Fuller, Ryburgh Rectory, Fakenham.

NORTHAMPTON.

CALVERTON.—Mrs. Trevelyan, Calverton St. Mary, Stony Stratford.

GREAT HOUGHTON.—Hon. and Rev. W. H. Spencer, The Rectory, Great Houghton.

ISLIP AND WOODFORD.—Mrs. Louisa Croome, Islip Rectory, Thrapston.

THORNEY AND COLD ASHBY.—Miss M. Couchman, Thornby Rectory, Rugby.

WELLINGBOROUGH.—Mrs. M. R. Sharman, Ivy Lodge, Wellingborough.

NOTTINGHAM.

NOTTINGHAM.—Miss F. Enfield, Bramcote, Notts.

OXFORD.

CHASTLETON.—Miss Whitmore Jones, Chastleton, Moreton-in-Marsh.

KIDLINGTON.—Mrs. Rose, The Hill, Kidlington.

RUTLAND.

GLASTON.—Mrs. Christopher Wordsworth, Glaston Rectory, Uppingham.

SALOP.

BUTTON.—Miss J. M. Hill, 62 Hagley Road, Birmingham.

SOMERSET.

BATHEASTON.—Rev. E. A. Purvis, Batheaston, Bath.

CLIFTON.—Miss Littlejohn, 30 Victoria Square, Clifton, Bristol.

RODNEY STOKE.—Rev. C. H. Tyler, Rodney Stoke, Weston-super-Mare.

STAFFORD.

DUNSTALL.—R. Hardy, Esq., Dunstall Hall, Burton-on-Trent.

FREEHAY.—Miss M. C. Mather, Huntley, Cheadle.

SUFFOLK.

BAYLHAM.—Miss Anna Downes, Baylham Rectory, Ipswich.

BEYTON.—Mrs. Hawkins, Beyton Rectory, Bury St. Edmunds.

BRAMFIELD.—Mrs. Rogers, Bramfield Vicarage, Halesworth.

CAMPSEA ASH.—Mrs. Archer, Campsea Ash Rectory, Wickham Market.

EYKE.—Rev. J. G. Darling, Eyke Rectory, Woodbridge.

HITCHAM.—Rev. A. R. Grant, Hitcham Rectory, Ipswich.

MARLESFORD.—Mrs. Sandes, Marlesford Rectory, Wickham Market.

MILDENHALL.—Mrs. E. Harris, Shrubland House, Mildenhall.

SADBOURNE, ORFORD, AND IKEN.—Rev. E. M. Scott, Orford Rectory.

WHEPSTEAD.—Miss E. M. Bevan, Plumpton House, Bury St. Edmunds.

SURREY.

BEDDINGTON.—Mrs. Baylie, Manor Road, Wallington, Carshalton.

COBHAM.—Miss C. Cazenove, Cedar House, Cobham.

EFFINGHAM.—Mrs. Malthus, The Grange, Bookham, Leatherhead.

ESHER.—Sir R. H. Collins, K.C.B., Claremont, Esher.

MERROW AND EAST AND WEST CLANDON.—Mrs. Wyatt Smith, Merrow, Guildford.

RIPLEY.—Miss E. Deane, Ripley Court, Woking.

SURBITON.—Mrs. E. Howell, Fairholme, Victoria Road, Surbiton.

THAMES DITTON.—Rev. E. H. Rogers, The Vicarage, Thames Ditton.

WALTON, WISLEY, BYFLEET, AND OCKHAM.—Mrs. Buxton, Fox Warren, Cobham.

WIMBLEDON.—Mrs. Cecil Boyle, Broghill, St. Mary's Road, Wimbledon.

SUSSEX.

EAST LAVINGTON AND GRAFFHAM.—R. G. Wilberforce, Esq., Lavington House, Petworth.

HENFIELD.—Miss Maud Robertson, Henfield.

LINDFIELD.—Miss E. Otter, Lindfield, Hayward's Heath.

NUTHURST.—Rev. Canon McCarogher, Nuthurst Rectory, Horsham.

SLINFOLD.—Miss M. E. St. John, Slinfold, Horsham.

WARWICK.

ATHERSTONE.—Rev. Hugh Bacon, Baxterley Rectory, Atherstone.

EATINGTON.—Mrs. Lowe, Foss Hill, Eatington, Stratford-on-Avon.

POLESWORTH.—Mrs. Lowe, Foss Hill, Eatington, Stratford-on-Avon.

WESTMORELAND.

AMBLESIDE.—Miss M. A. Morse, Gale Lodge, Ambleside.

WARCOOP.—Miss Preston, The Hall, Warcoop.

WINDERMERE AND TROUTBECK.—Mrs. Wilson, The Cottage, Windermere.

WILTS.

BROAD HINTON.—Mrs. Lloyd, Broad Hinton Vicarage, Swindon.

COMPTON BASSETT.—Mrs. Heneage, Compton Bassett.

CORSHAM AND ATWORTH.—A. C. Mitchell, Esq., The Ridge, Corsham.

WORCESTER.

KING'S NORTON.—Miss Joanna Hill, 62 Hagley Road, Birmingham.

YORK.

BOSTON SPA.—Mrs. Yewdall, Boston Spa, Tadcaster.

BRADFORD.—Miss H. Lambert, Ashton House, Bradford.

KINGSTON-ON-HULL.—Mrs. Cohen, 67 Queen Street, Hull.

OTLEY.—Mrs. E. M. Fawkes, Farnley Hall, Otley.

WALES.

ST. ASAPH.—Mrs. A. Williams, Bodelwyddan Vicarage, St. Asaph.

NEWTOWN AND LLANIDLOES.—Miss M. E. Marsh, Tybrith, Carno.

LONDON ORPHAN ASYLUM (1813), Watford. Office,
21 Great St. Helen's, Bishopsgate Street, E.C.

Object.—'To afford maintenance, instruction, and clothing to destitute orphans of both sexes, and to see them placed out in situations where they may have the prospect of an honest livelihood.' **Admission.**—By election of subscribers or purchase, each annual subscription of 10s. 6d., or life subscription of £5. 5s., conferring one vote at every election. Children between the ages of 8 and 11 are admissible by payment of sums varying from £120 to £150. The age of admission is from 7 to 11 years; of departure, 15. 'Children whose parents have lost their lives in the army, navy, or marine and manufacturing services, are especially eligible.' The children of domestic or agricultural servants, and of journeymen tradesmen, are ineligible. A candidate must be recommended by a member. No child can be placed on the election list who is deformed or diseased; who cannot read; who has been in the workhouse or received parochial aid (except in extreme cases); or who has a stepfather bound by law to provide for it. Certificates of age and health, and of parents' marriage and father's death, are required. In case of great urgency a

child may be put on the establishment previously to election, provided that two approved persons undertake to receive the child back if unsuccessful at the ensuing election. Not more than two children of one family are admitted. **Management.**—By Board, elected annually by subscribers. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £11,558; legacies, £3,059; invested funds, £1,042. **Inmates** (1888).—497. Bankers, Glyn, Mills, & Co. Treasurer, A. R. Capel, Esq.; Sec., James Rogers, Esq.

BRITISH ORPHAN ASYLUM (1827), Mackenzie Park, Slough, Bucks. Office, 30 Finsbury Circus, E.C.

Object.—To board, clothe, and educate destitute children of either sex, who are really or virtually orphans, and are of middle-class parents, or other persons who in their lifetime were in a position to provide a liberal education for their children. **Admission.**—By election. No child can be received as a candidate whose father is not dead, paralytic, totally blind, or insane, or whose mother, if living, is able to provide for it. Certificates required of marriage of parents, death or incapability of father, of birth, of freedom from any scrofulous disorder, and of soundness of constitution, subject to confirmation by the medical officers of the Asylum. Each child must be recommended by two subscribers or Governors, and the indigent circumstances of the relations must be proved to the Board of Directors. Children are not admitted under 7 or above 12 years of age. Pupils are discharged on attaining their fifteenth year. In cases of exceptional merit, the Board have power to apply a sum not exceeding £10 to the settlement of the child. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, legacies, and church collections, £9,597; invested funds, £814; purchased admissions, £585. **Inmates** (1889).—213. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co., and others. Treasurer, The Earl of Leven and Melville; Sec., Alfred Mackenzie, Esq.

ROYAL ASYLUM OF ST. ANNE'S SOCIETY (1702), Redhill, Surrey (removed from Streatham). Office, 58 Gracechurch Street, E.C.

Object.—‘To provide education and instruction in religious and useful knowledge agreeably to the formularies of the Church of England, as well as clothing, maintenance, and a home for the legitimate children (whether orphans or not, and from every nation) of parents who have seen better days, and have moved in a superior station in life.’ **Admission.**—By nomination and election of subscribers, or by purchase. Not more than two children of the same parents may be either candidates or inmates at once. Admission by purchase £180, between the ages of 7 and 9; £150, between the ages of 9 and 12. Certificates are required of parents’ marriage, child’s birth and baptism, vaccination and health, and guarantees of removal in due course, or if required by the Committee. Children leave at 15. Age of admission 7 to 12. No child is admitted who cannot read, and, if over 9, write and work the first four rules of arithmetic. **Management.**—By Committee elected annually by subscribers. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions, donations, and church collections, £7,433; invested funds, £6,140; purchase admissions, £3,315; legacies, £642. **Inmates.**—Boys, 200; girls, 149. Bankers, Dimsdale, Fowler, & Co., 50 Cornhill, and Barclay, Bevan, & Co., 54 Lombard Street. Treasurer, Alderman Sir R. N. Fowler, Bart., M.P.; Secretary, R. Harding Evans, Esq., at the Office.

ORPHAN WORKING SCHOOL (1758): Senior School, Maitland Park, Haverstock Hill, N.W.; Junior School (Alexandra Orphanage), Hornsey Rise, N.; Convalescent Home, Harold Road, Margate. Office, 73 Cheap-side, E.C.

Object.—To provide ‘a home where children (of both sexes), without distinction of class or creed, from all parts of the kingdom, who have been left friendless and destitute (not necessarily orphans), are wholly maintained, and trained not only in those things which will make them useful and happy in this life, but also for the life to come.’

Admission.—By election of subscribers in January and July or by presentation. For presentation the amount varies according to age, from £120 to £220. Children are admitted from infancy up to 11 years of age, and kept till 14. Candidates must be nominated by a Governor and furnish certificates of parents’ marriage, of birth, of health, and of guarantee for removal in due course. As a rule, no child is admitted whose parents have received parish relief. Three of one family cannot be in the institution at once, nor two stand at same election. Inmates must be provided with certain specified clothing on admission only. When inmates leave, ‘whilst the Committee do not pledge themselves to provide situations for them, still, in most cases, ordinary positions of usefulness are found for them, and money given for outfits. And for seven years after they leave the school, prizes are awarded annually to those ex-scholars who can produce certificates of good character from their employers.’

Management.—By Committee of Governors. **Income (1888).**—Charitable contributions, £13,033; invested funds and rents, £2,153; payments for inmates, £3,849. **Inmates.**—635. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank. Treasurer, Basil Woodd Smith, Esq., J.P.; Sec., Mr. Jonadab Finch.

ASYLUM FOR FATHERLESS CHILDREN (1844), Reedham, near Caterham Junction, Surrey. Office, 35 Finsbury Circus, E.C.

Object.—‘To board, clothe, and educate fatherless children from earliest infancy till they attain the age of 15 years.’ **Admission.**—By election of subscribers, or by purchase. Children who have lost both parents, or the father only, and who are without property or friends equal to their maintenance, are eligible. In special cases a child is eligible whose father ‘is entirely and permanently disqualified, by mental or physical affliction, for the duties of life.’ No case admitted which has had parochial assistance, except such has been received under special circumstances, and for a limited time only. No diseased, deformed, or infirm child eligible. Age of admission, 3 months to 11 years. Marriage of parents, death of father, and age and health of child, in every case possible, must be proved. Two changes of clothing must be provided for a child on entering. On leaving an outfit is provided by the institution. Prior to admission two respectable persons must engage to remove the child whenever necessary. **Management.**—Board of not more than 21 members, with *ex-officio* members, elected annually at General Meeting. **Income (1887–8).**—Charitable contributions, £5,909; payments for children, £471; concerts, collections, &c., £66; legacies, £4,573. **Inmates.**—320. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Henry Spicer, Esq.; Sec., Mr. J. R. Edwards.

ROYAL ALBERT ORPHAN ASYLUM (1864), Collingwood Court, near Bagshot, Surrey. Office, 62 King William Street, E.C.

Object.—‘The Christian education of thoroughly destitute orphans and fatherless children from all parts of the United Kingdom who are too respectable to associate with the waifs and strays of the streets, the objects of the Refuge, and yet too friendless to compete with candidates at orphan asylums where canvassing is permitted.’ The boys are taught trades. The girls are trained for domestic service.

Admission.—By election of subscribers, or by purchase. Recommendation by a subscriber, and certificate of health, are required. As a rule, not more than one, never more than two, of a family are maintained at the same time. Age of admission between 8 (or by purchase 6) and 12; of departure for boys, 14; for girls, 15. Outfits are given to the children, and the Committee endeavour to secure suitable situations for them on leaving. **Management.**—By Committee, elected annually by subscribers, and meeting weekly. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £5,057; legacies, £228; purchased admissions, £25; interest, £40. **Inmates.**—217. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Co. Treas., S. Hoare, Esq., 62 Lombard Street, E.C.; Sec., Mr. R. Witherby.

INFANT ORPHAN ASYLUM, Wanstead (1827). Office, 100 Fleet Street, E.C.

Object.—‘Maintaining and educating orphan children who are respectably descended.’ Of children on the foundation, many are the orphans of clergymen, officers, and professional men. **Admission.**—By election of subscribers, or by purchase. The age of admission is from infancy to seven years. No candidate is admitted whose parents have not filled respectable positions in society and, *ceteris paribus*, its eligibility is proportionate to the former respectability of its family. Evidence must be furnished to the Committee of the father’s death, or confirmed lunacy or paralysis; of the parents’ marriage, and of the child’s age and health. Guarantees are required for the removal of the child on its attaining the age of 15, or on its mother’s re-marriage. Each case must be recommended by two respectable householders, one of whom is a Governor, or the officiating clergyman of the parish. **Management.**—By a Committee elected annually by the subscribers. **Income (1886).**—From all sources, £15,416. **Inmates.**—600. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, John Deacon, Esq.; Sec., H. W. Green, Esq.

NORTHERN COUNTIES ORPHAN INSTITUTION (1863), Moor Edge, Newcastle-upon-Tyne. (No recent information.)

Object.—‘To maintain, clothe, and educate fatherless and, in exceptional cases, motherless children of indigent circumstances.’ **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. Admission is free by election. Annual subscribers of 10s., or donors of £5, have one vote at all elections. ‘Fatherless or motherless children not absolutely requiring the gratuitous aid of the institution are to be deemed admissible on the payment of such an annual sum as the Committee for the time being may determine.’ For £16. 16s. a year ‘an orphan child can be maintained, clothed, and educated.’ **Management.**—By Committee. **Income ()**.—**Inmates.**—Treasurer, Ralph Brown, Esq.; Hon. Secretary and Chaplain, Rev. J. Lintott.

STOCKWELL ORPHANAGE (1867), Stockwell, S.W.

Object.—The maintenance and education of destitute fatherless children. **Admission.**—By application in writing to the Secretary, giving full particulars. After due inquiry by the Committee, the most needy and deserving at the time will probably be recommended for admission as soon as there is room. 'The greatest need has always the loudest voice.' Unhealthy, deformed, imbecile, and illegitimate children are ineligible. The age of admission is from 6 to 10 years. In addition to the ordinary subjects, drawing, music, shorthand, and elementary science are taught. Inmates are dismissed on mother's re-marriage. Situations are provided on leaving. **Management.**—By Trustees appointed by the President. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £8,169; invested funds, £1,589; legacies, £3,195. **Inmates.**—473. Bankers, London and County. President and Treasurer, Rev. C. H. Spurgeon; Acting Treasurer, Rev. J. A. Spurgeon; Sec., Mr. F. G. Ladds.

NEW ORPHAN HOUSES (1849), Ashley Down, Bristol.

Object.—'To board, clothe, and scripturally educate *destitute* children who have lost *both* parents by death.' **Admission.**—By application to Mr. George Müller, addressed to the New Orphan House, No. 3 Ashley Down, Bristol. Candidates must be children lawfully begotten, bereaved of *both* parents by *death*, and in needy circumstances. They are received in the order in which application is made for them, and without any sectarian distinction whatever. No payment required. Children are received from their earliest days. Girls generally remain until about 17 years of age, when situations are found for them, and they are fitted out at the expense of the institution. They receive a plain English education, and are taught needlework and household work. Boys are generally apprenticed when they are between 14 and 15 years old, and have their outfit provided. The boys have the same kind of mental cultivation as the girls. **Management.**—'All the property connected with the Orphan Houses is vested in the hands of 11 Christian gentlemen.' **Income** (1887-8).—From all sources, £24,739. **Inmates.**—Number during 1887-8, 2,014; accommodation for 2,050. Bankers, Stuckey's Banking Company, Bristol. Treasurer and Director, Mr. George Müller.

CHILDREN'S HOME (1869), 84 Bonner Road, Victoria Park, London, E. Branches: Edgworth, near Bolton; Certified Industrial School, Milton, near Gravesend; Princess Alice Orphanage, New Oscott, near Birmingham; Ramsey, Isle of Man; and Hamilton, Ontario, Canada.

Object.—The reception of destitute children of both sexes. **Admission.**—By application at the headquarters, Bonner Road, E. Medical certificate required as to general good health. Payment is *not* a condition of admission; and the children are selected, not elected, by subscribers. Training includes instruction according to the public elementary system, and industrial training in farming, gardening, printing, shoemaking, tailoring, carpentering, household and laundry work, &c. At the Milton branch (Certified Industrial Branch, for boys only) the majority of the cases are received under the Industrial Schools Act. The children are sent to whichever branch of the Home may appear most suitable to the managers. On leaving the Home, they are placed in situations in England. Suitable cases are sent to the Canadian branch.

Another branch has been prepared, for orphans only, at Birmingham. **Management.**—General Committee, and Local Committees for each branch, appointed by the Wesleyan Methodist Conference. The Home is, however, unsectarian in its methods and objects. **Income** (1887–88).—Charitable contributions, £12,010; invested funds, £132; legacies, £910; donation on annuity, £450; grant from Jubilee Fund, £1,000. **Inmates** (March 31, 1888).—London, 303; Edgworth, 165; Milton, 165; Birmingham, 67; Ramsey, 44; Canada (Home for the distribution of children), 20; total, 764. Bankers, City Bank. Treasurers, T. B. Holmes, Esq., James E. Vanner, Esq.; Principal, Rev. T. Bowman Stephenson, LL.D.; Sec., Mr. J. Pendlebury.

CHILDREN'S HOME (1864), Edmonton Green, Middlesex.

Object.—‘To befriend orphan children.’ **Admission.**—By application to Sister-in-Charge. ‘The girls are carefully trained for domestic service, and the boys are sent to boys’ homes, where they are taught a trade.’ Age of admission: boys, under 6 years, girls, any age. Payment, 4s. a week. Baptismal and medical certificates required. **Management.**—Private. **Inmates** (1888).—40. Sister-in-Charge, Elizabeth A. Jones.

KING EDWARD'S SCHOOLS (1830). GIRLS' SCHOOL: St. George's School, Southwark, S.E. BOYS' SCHOOL: Witley, Godalming, Surrey.

Object.—The maintenance, education, and industrial training of destitute children. The boys are trained for the army, navy, or industrial employments; the girls for domestic service. School and industrial work are taken on alternate days. **Admission.**—By application at either school for form of petition, or to the Chaplain at Witley. No payment required. Age 12 to 15. In very exceptional cases a few, not exceeding 7 per cent., may be admitted between 10 and 12. Candidates are admitted from all parts of the United Kingdom. Inmates are expected to leave the schools when qualified for employment, but in no case can they remain after 16 years of age. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by Governors of Bridewell Hospital. **Income.**—The Schools are maintained out of the funds of Bridewell Hospital. **Inmates.**—Boys, 240; girls, 240. Treasurer, A. J. Copeland, Esq.; Chaplain and Superintendent, Rev. Gerard M. Mason, B.A., Witley; Matron at Girls' School, Miss L. Wilson.

SCHOOL OF INDUSTRY AND HOME FOR THE FATHERLESS (1869), George Terrace, Lewisham Road, S.E.

Object.—‘To train poor fatherless children, and fit them to be useful men and women.’ **Admission.**—Mr. Toye receives ‘destitute children who have lost one or both parents, also poor children who have been forsaken by their parents, from two years old and upwards (at all times making selection of the most destitute).’ He keeps boys ‘till they are between 14 and 15, and then gets them trades or puts them into situations’; if they have relatives he expects such relatives to provide for them at that age. ‘The girls are trained for service and sent out between the ages of 14 and 16. If they do not suit in their situations they are taken back, and wait till a suitable situation offers. Boys and girls are given a fair education in reading, writing, grammar, arithmetic, history, &c. **Management.**—By Mr. Toye. **Income** (1887–8).—Charitable contributions, £1,342, besides contributions in kind. **Inmates** (1887–8).—139.

BOYS' AND GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL HOMES (1873), Shaftesbury House, Perry Rise; Girls' Home, Rojack Road, Forest Hill, S.E.

Object.—To reclaim destitute boys and girls, and train them to earn an honest livelihood. **Admission.**—At discretion of Committee. Application must be made at the Home, or by letter to the Hon. Sec. Age of admission, 7 to 10 years. Inmates are taught bootmaking. They leave at the age of 13 to 14, according to standard of education. Destitute cases admitted free, others on payment according to means. **Management.**—By Master and Matron, appointed by Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £611; payments for inmates, £112; industrial earnings, £966 gross; receipts on farm account, £100. **Inmates.**—60. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank, Forest Hill, S.E. Treasurer, A. C. H. Chaplin, Esq.; Hon. Secs., T. G. Litchfield, Esq., Shotover Lodge, Devonshire Road, Forest Hill, S.E.; and Miss E. Jones, Burchester, Venner Road, Sydenham, S.E.

CROSSLEY AND PORTER ORPHAN HOME AND SCHOOL (1864), Savile Park, Halifax, Yorkshire.

Object.—'To receive orphan children of both sexes between the ages of 7 and 10, and to provide them with board, clothing, and education until the boys have reached 14 or 15 years of age, and the girls 15 or 17 years of age.' **Admission.**—By selection. Preference given to orphans born in the county of York, to children who have lost both father and mother, to the orphans of parents who have been in full communion with a Nonconformist Church, or who have been regular communicants in the Church of England, and especially to the children of families whose condition has been reduced. In addition to the usual English education, children showing capacity are taught Latin, French, literature, algebra, &c. The girls are taught needlework and such departments of household service as are likely to prove useful. A yearly payment of £10 is required, except in a limited number of cases. **Management.**—By three Family Governors and fifteen elected Governors, three of whom are chosen by the Corporation of Halifax, and the rest by the pastors and deacons of certain Independent churches. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £374; invested funds, £3,494; payments for inmates, £2,164. **Inmates.**—159 boys and 93 girls (accommodation for 300). Bankers, Halifax Commercial Banking Company. Treasurer, Edward Crossley, Esq., M.P.; Sec., Mr. John Tuley.

CHERRYTREE ORPHANAGE (1863), Totley, near Sheffield.

Object.—For the reception of poor children deprived of both parents by death. **Admission.**—Age, 5 years and upwards. Girls remain until 16. Certificates of marriage and death of parents and birth of child required. Outfit provided on leaving. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Legacies, £553; charitable contributions, £518. **Inmates.**—52, girls and boys. Bankers, Sheffield and Rotherham Bank. Treasurer, W. W. Harrison, Esq.; Hon. Sec., George Franklin, Esq., Claremont, Sheffield.

SIBTON ORPHANS' HOME (1866), Bromley House, 63 Apsley Road, Great Yarmouth.

Object.—To provide maintenance and education for orphan girls and boys of a superior class from all parts of England. **Admission.**—Certificates are required of the marriage and death of both parents, and birth and baptism of child, and medical certificate of general health and freedom

from infection, scrofulous disorder, or fits. 'In the case of unbaptized children a statement to that effect will suffice.' By payment of £10 admission fee. Applications must be made to Miss Green, Sibton Abbey, Yoxford, Suffolk. The case must be one of real necessity, and the child utterly destitute and a complete orphan, or virtually so. 'Fatherless children can be received as paid or partially paid cases when there is room, but preference will always be given to complete orphans.' Girls are received between the ages of 4 and 10, boys between 4 and 8. In extreme cases, and at higher entrance fee, children of other ages may be admitted. Recommendations, &c., required from the clergyman of the parish and one householder. All necessities and a good education are provided. Children are trained for teachers or for business, and leave when fit for a situation. **Management.**—By matron and two governesses, appointed by Miss Green. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions, donations, collections, sales of work, &c., and payments for inmates, £700. **Inmates.**—24. Bankers, Gurney & Co., Saxmundham. Treasurer and Sec., Miss Green, Sibton Abbey, Yoxford, Suffolk.

SIR RALPH PENDLEBURY ORPHANAGE (1882), Lancashire Hill, Stockport.

COTTAGE HOMES FOR CHILDREN (1870), Minchinhampton, near Stroud, Gloucestershire.

Object.—To provide a home and education for the children of poor but respectable parents, who are in service or who are unable from special circumstances to supervise their own children. **Admission.**—By payment of 4s. 6d. a week for girls, 5s. a week for boys. Outfit required. Payment must be guaranteed by the person who recommends the case. Children received at any age and retained until 14 years old. **Management.**—Private, by Miss C. M. Baynes, The Lammas, Minchinhampton, Stroud.

THE CHILDREN'S FOLD, 182 Grove Road, E.

Object.—For the reception of 100 lame, crippled, and deformed children, who are destitute, and need special surgical and medical care. **Admission.**—Free if destitute. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

ORPHAN HOMES (1869), Leominster.

Object.—To give orphan boys and girls industrial training. **Admission.**—In order of application. Children must be under 10 years of age and have lost both parents. Payment, £15 per annum; destitute cases received at lower rate. **Management.**—By six Trustees. **Income** (1887).—£603. **Inmates.**—40. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Henry Stanley Newman, Esq., Buckfield, Leominster.

THE WILLAMSON ORPHAN HOMES: Boys' Home, Claverton Down, Bath (1868); Girls' Home, 2 and 6 Macaulay Buildings, Bath (1860).

Object.—'To provide a Christian home and education for homeless orphan children.' **Admission.**—Children bereft of one parent are considered orphans if the surviving parent cannot keep a home. Many cases are received free, others with part payment by those interested. Children are received at any age, and kept until fitted to earn their own livelihood. Medical certificate required as to general health and freedom from cutaneous or other infectious disorders. **Management.**—Entirely by

Miss Judell, without a committee. **Income** (1887).—Contributions, £544; payments for children, £125. **Inmates** (1887).—Boys, 17; girls, 24. Bankers, Bath City Bank; Messrs. Moger. Hon. Supt., Treasurer, and Sec., Miss Judell, 2 Macaulay Buildings, Bath.

ST. MICHAEL'S COTTAGE ORPHAN HOME (1881), Frampton Cotterell, Bristol.

Object.—A Church of England Home for the reception of orphans, destitute, friendless, illegitimate, and suffering children of both sexes. **Admission.**—Children are admitted from birth, and boys over 8 and girls over 10 are not eligible for admission, though boys are retained to the age of 14 and girls till 16, when situations and outfits are found for them. **Management.**—By the Congregation of Sisters of Charity. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £162; payments for children, £271; Sisters' contributions, £122; visitors' payments, £21; donation from Community fund, £16; sales, &c., £26. **Inmates** (since 1881).—104. Bankers, Twinings. Sec., The Mother Superior.

HOME FOR DESTITUTE ORPHAN CHILDREN (1875), Grandtully, Perthshire.

Object.—Specified in title. **Admission.**—'Orphans are received from the age of 2 to 8 years. Only legitimate children received. They must be healthy; the only other recommendation required is needy. The Home is unsectarian, and children may be sent from any part of the land. They will receive a plain English education. The girls trained for domestic service will not be expected to leave till the age of 16. The boys will be sent to another school at the age of 10.' **Management.**—By Miss Morrison. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £79. **Inmates.**—12. Superintendent, Miss J. J. Morrison.

FOUNDLING HOSPITAL (1739), Guilford St., Russell Sq., W.C.

Object.—The maintenance and education of the illegitimate children of women previously respectable, and thereby the restoration of the latter to their friends and to society. There is a distinct fund, called the 'Benevolent Fund,' the object of which is to give temporary aid, and to grant annual pensions or weekly allowances to aged or infirm foundlings of good character. The children are maintained partly in the Hospital and partly in the country. **Admission.**—Free. Application to be made at the Hospital to the Secretary. No application must be made before the birth of a child nor after it is 12 months old. The Committee require to be satisfied of the mother's necessity and previous good character, and of the father's desertion or death. There is no admission by payment. **Management.**—By Committee, elected by the general body of Governors. **Income** (1887).—General Fund, £8,259; Benevolent Fund, £331. **Number supported** (1887).—484. Bankers, Bank of England. Treasurer, G. B. Gregory, Esq., M.P.; Sec., W. S. Wintle, M.A.

NURSERY HOMES FOR INFANTS: Babies' Castle, Hawk- hurst, Kent (1886); and Tinies' House, Bow, E.

Object.—Two Homes for the reception of infants who are orphans, or whose parents are destitute. There are at present living in Babies' Castle 100 babies and their nurses. Tinies' House will accommodate 35 babies. **Admission.**—Free on proof of destitution. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Income.**—**Number benefited** (1887-8).—119. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

NATIONAL REFUGES FOR HOMELESS AND DESTITUTE CHILDREN (1843): Boys' Refuge, and Office of the Institution, Shaftesbury House, Shaftesbury Avenue, W.C.; Boys' Home, Fortescue House, Twickenham, S.W.; Training Ships for Boys, 'Arethusa' and 'Chichester,' Greenhithe, Kent; Boys' Farm School and Shaftesbury Home, Bisley, near Woking, Surrey; Homes for Girls, Sudbury Hall, near Harrow, and Ealing House, Ealing, W. Ragged Schools are also carried on at 7 and 8 Little Coram Street, W.C.; Working Boys' Home, Shaftesbury House, Shaftesbury Avenue.

Object.—To provide a home and industrial training for homeless and destitute children, who would otherwise be in danger of becoming criminals. **Admission.**—To all the homes and the ships on application of persons interested, and subscribers, magistrates and policemen, clergymen, city missionaries, ragged-school teachers, and others, after examination into circumstances of applicants by the Committee or Secretary. A few special cases are admitted by the Committee on the payment of £15 per annum being guaranteed, by application at the schools. The Home in Shaftesbury Avenue is for boys who are at work and have no home. They pay for their food and clothing, and 1s. or 2s. a week for lodging and washing, according to what they earn. Weekly dinners are given during winter to poor children attending the Ragged Schools. **Management.**—Homes and ships are under the control of Committees. For the homes there is one general Committee, and for the ships a separate Committee. **Income (1888).**—From all sources, £27,000. **Inmates.**—Homes, nearly 700; training ships, about 150. Bankers, London & Westminster, High Holborn. Treasurer, W. E. Hubbard, Esq.; Sec., Mr. W. Williams, at the Office.

MANCHESTER AND SALFORD BOYS' AND GIRLS' REFUGES AND CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY (1870). Central Refuge and Offices, Frances Street, Strangeways, Manchester.

Object.—As in title. The Society maintains the following homes and branches: (1) CENTRAL REFUGE AND HOME, Frances Street, Strangeways; (2) OPEN-ALL-NIGHT SHELTER, 14 Major Street, City; (3) HOMES FOR ORPHAN CHILDREN (boys and girls), 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, and 12 George Street, Cheetham Hill; (4) HOMES FOR WORKING BOYS, 214 Lower Broughton Road, and 6 Camp Street, Lower Broughton; (5) GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL BRANCH, Heathfield, Broughton Lane; (6) EMIGRATION TRAINING HOME, 'Rosen Hallas,' Cheetham Hill; (7) SEASIDE HOME FOR WEARY CITY CHILDREN, 2 Warton Street, Lytham; (8) SUMMER CAMP FOR POOR BOYS (1888), at Ansdell, Lytham; (9) TRAINING SHIP, 'Indefatigable,' Birkenhead; (10) DAY NURSERY, Cartuthers Street, Ancoats; (11) REFUGE DEPÔT AND PRISON-GATE MISSION, 78 Great Ducie Street, Strangeways; (12) INDUSTRIAL BRIGADES, 12 Major Street, City. **Admission.**—Homeless and destitute children are received up to 16 years of age without any payment or recommendation. They receive elementary education and industrial training, and are employed in carpentering, shoemaking, tailoring, &c., or in outdoor occupations, such as newsboys and messengers, whilst some are emigrated. There is no fixed age for leaving. **Management.**—By a Committee of gentlemen, who appoint sub-committees and branch committees of ladies and gentlemen. **Income (1888).**

—General purposes, including subscriptions, donations, collecting cards and boxes, bazaars, entertainments, Christmas offerings, and Church and Sunday-school offertories, £3,671; Orphan Homes, £880; Training Ship and Emigration Fund, £846; Seaside Home Fund, £332; Prevention of Cruelty to Children Fund, £67; Camp Fund, £193; Whitsuntide Treat Fund, £15; Evangelisation and Conference Fund, £177; Day Nursery Fund, £134; Gospel Choir Fund, £88; Strangeways Extension Fund, £7,468. **Work done** (1888).—450 children supported and trained; 85 children emigrated to Canada, making the total number (boys and girls) now in good homes in the colony over 300; 30 boys have been in training for sailors on board the 'Indefatigable'; 220 children have been helped and strengthened by a week or fortnight at the Seaside Home; 400 poor boys have been given a week's holiday under canvas at the camp at Ansdell, near Lytham; and 250 children temporarily sheltered for one or more nights. The outside brigades give, in addition, employment to over 100 boys; and, by means of the Prevention of Cruelty to Children Branch, 669 cases of neglected, exposed, and cruelly treated children were investigated, of which 67 were permanently rescued, over 600 were protected and relieved, and 22 brutal parents were prosecuted and punished. The Prison Gate Mission received at the Mission Room over 10,000 discharged prisoners, 2,500 of whom signed the pledge, and many of the younger ones have been won to a better life. Bankers, Manchester and Salford, St. Ann Street Branch. Treasurer, A. Charlton, Esq., Blackfriars; Hon. Secs., Leonard K. Shaw, Esq., and Gilbert R. Kirlew; Master and Matron, Mr. and Mrs. Stephens.

KINGSDOWN ORPHANAGES: Home for Orphan Boys and Girls (1874), 18 and 19 Pemberton Road, Holloway, N.; Home for Afflicted Orphans (1877), Cuthbert House, Granville Road, Broadstairs; Infant Branch (1883), 8 Tremlett Grove, Junction Road, N.

Object.—(a) To receive girls, who are clothed, maintained, and educated free of charge. (b) To receive orphans or fatherless children who are suffering from some kind of disease. Spinal complaints, paralysis, consumption, and cripples are the usual cases taken. (c) To provide a home for infants. **Admission.**—Those who have lost both parents, or those who have widowed mothers too ill to work, are alone eligible. No special interest needed. All cases are thoroughly investigated, and the most deserving taken. No restriction as to age. The orphans are trained for domestic service, at the age of 16 being sent into families, and a good outfit given. Invalids are clothed gratuitously; also educated. **Management.**—By the Foundress. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £1,182; industrial earnings, £15. **Inmates.**—Pemberton Road, 72; Tremlett Grove, 36; Cuthbert House, 40. Foundress, Mrs. P. Ginever, 18 and 19 Pemberton Road, Holloway, N.

ORPHANAGE OF MERCY (1875), Randolph Gardens, Kilburn, N.W., for Girls, and the **LADY ADELAIDE HOME**, Brondesbury, for Boys (in connection with the Church Extension Association).

Object.—To succour 'those girls and boys who are literally without a friend in the world.' **Admission.**—Applicants who have lost both parents, who are actually without relatives capable of supporting them, and to whose maintenance at a paying orphanage no one in a superior position of life is willing to contribute, are admitted when there is a vacancy. As many

members of the same family as possible are adopted. The girls are trained for household servants or schoolmistresses. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, Orphanage of Mercy, £4,063; Lady Adelaide Home, £386. **Inmates.**—Bankers, London and County Bank. Treasurer, W. H. Campbell, Esq.; Assistant Secs., Miss F. Ashdown and Miss Wetherell, 27 Kilburn Park Road, N.W.

BRISTOL NURSERY FOR HOMELESS INFANTS (1882), 13 Southwell Street, Kingsdown, Bristol.

CERTIFIED HOMES FOR CHILDREN (1875 and 1877): Boys' Home, Milton Bryant, Beds; Girls' Home, 55 Larkhall Rise, Clapham, S.W.

Object.—The education and industrial training of pauper and other destitute children. The boys learn housework, gardening, carpentering, farmwork, painting, &c. The girls are trained for domestic service. **Admission.**—The large majority of the children are paupers, whose maintenance is partly defrayed by the boards of guardians sending them. The cost per head averages about £23 a year, of which £15. 12s. is paid by guardians, who also allow an outfit when the children leave for service. When a vacancy occurs notice of it is sent to one or more of the boards sending children. No fixed age of admission. Children have been received at ages varying from 6 months to 14 years. Children usually leave at 14, but delicate or backward ones remain longer. Children placed out from the Homes can always be either received back or otherwise provided for during intervals of service, holidays, &c. Half-yearly reports of the young people in service are, when desired (up to the age of 20), sent to the boards of guardians. **Management.**—By Committee, consisting of one or more members from most boards of guardians sending children, and persons interested in the special work. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £168; guardians' payments, £423; farm profits, £25. **Inmates** (1888).—Boys, 13; girls, 12. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurer, R. Ruthven Pym, Esq., 35 Devonshire Place, W.; Hon. Sec., Miss H. L. Synnot, Manor House, Milton Bryant.

ST. MARY MAGDALENE'S CHILDREN'S AND INDUS- TRIAL HOME (1879), East Cliff, Folkestone.

Object.—To receive children between the ages of 2 and 13, who from divers reasons are not eligible for ordinary orphanages. **Admission.**—By payment of £12 a year. A medical certificate is required as to freedom from fits and from infectious disease. Persons sending children are expected to be answerable for the quarterly payments, and must undertake to remove the child when required, and to pay funeral expenses in the event of death. Boys must be removed at 7 years of age. An outfit is supplied to girls if sent to service by the Home. The work is done by girls over 14 years of age, who are trained for service in house, laundry, and kitchen work. They are in a separate department to the children, and are under their own matron. They receive both religious and secular instruction, and are taught mending and plain needlework. As a rule the time of training is two years. The children are superintended out of school hours by a competent matron, and are taught by a certificated teacher. **Management.**—The Home has been united by a deed, under the sanction of the Charity Commissioners, to St. Mary Magdalene's Home, Paddington (*see* p. 532) (for the benefit of which it was originally founded),

but it receives no pecuniary or other help from that institution, and is financially entirely dependent upon the foundress, Mrs. Dobson. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £27; inmates' payments, £358; miscellaneous receipts, £10. **Inmates**.—50. **Lady Superintendent**, Miss Porter; **Hon. Sec.**, Miss M. H. Wingate.

ORPHANS' AND CHILDREN'S SEASIDE HOME (1884), Grove End House, Folkestone.

Object.—The reception and training of orphans. **Admission**.—By application to the Founder. Orphans quite destitute are admitted free; those who have relations pay what they can afford or can collect from friends. Age of admission, between 5 and 13. A good sound elementary education is given, and the girls are trained for domestic service, whilst the boys are taught to make themselves useful. An outfit is provided on leaving, which, in the case of girls, is at the age of 16. **Management**.—By Founder. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £79; inmates' payments, £362; inmates' earnings, £7; balance paid by Founder to make up deficiency, £53. **Inmates** (1887-8).—30 (accommodation for 50). **Founder and Hon. Sec.**, Mr. H. J. Allen.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND CENTRAL SOCIETY FOR PROVIDING HOMES FOR WAIFS AND STRAYS (1881). Office, 32 Charing Cross, S.W.

Objects.—(1) To provide an organisation in connection with the Church of England to which clergymen may refer cases of children in their respective parishes who are left unprovided for; (2) To obtain homes in families for destitute children; (3) To assist local Church of England Homes (for orphan or destitute children) already established. **Admission**.—Utterly destitute children of both sexes will be received. Candidates will be judged on their own merits, no system of voting being adopted.

The following is a list of Homes belonging to the Society. Connaught House, Winchester, and the Homes at Dickleburgh, having been taken over from the original founders, are still retained in their former position in the *Register*, but they are repeated here in order to give a more complete view of the Society's work. The same remarks apply to some at least of the Affiliated Homes. No. 3 and Nos. 16 to 21, which are Industrial Schools, are also included in the section devoted to Reformatory Relief. The name which appears after each Home is that of the Hon. Secretary.

1. **ASHDON**, near Saffron Walden.—Cottage Home for 9 boys under 8. **Rev. H. B. Swete**, Ashdon Rectory, near Linton, Cambs.
2. **FROME**, Sunny Side.—Home for 40 boys from 7 to 10 years of age. **Mrs. Brooking**, West Hill House, Frome.
3. **STANDON** (Farming), Standon Bridge, Stafford.—This Home has been certified under the Industrial Schools Act for 60 boys from 10 to 14 who will be trained for gardening and farm work. **Rev. E. Salt**, Standon Rectory, Eccleshall, Staffs.
4. **FRODSHAM**, Kingsley Hall.—Home for 40 boys from 8 to 12. **Miss C. M. Woodhouse**, Norley Hall, Frodsham.
5. **HANLEY CASTLE**.—Home for 12 boys. **Rev. E. W. Isaac**, Hanley Castle Vicarage, Worcestershire.
6. **BENYON**, Sherbrooke, Canada.—Emigration and distribution Home for 12 boys. **Rev. Canon Geo. Thorneloe**, Sherbrooke, Pro. Quebec, Canada.

7. **KNEBWORTH, Stevenage.**—Cottage Home for 6 boys. Rev. H. Jones, Knebworth Vicarage, Stevenage.
8. **HARROW (Headstone Drive).**—For 30 girls from 7 to 12 years of age. Miss Peers, Harrow Weald Vicarage, Stanmore, Middlesex.
9. **DULWICH (The Lampson Home, Overhill Road).**—For 30 girls. Thos. Douglas, Esq., Belfort House, Underhill Road, Dulwich, S.E.
10. **123 MARYLEBONE ROAD, W.**—25 girls. Miss Lee, 34 Bryanston Street, W.
11. **MILDENHALL, Suffolk.**—12 girls. Mrs. Harris, Mildenhall, Suffolk.
12. **LEAMINGTON (30 Clarendon Avenue).**—18 girls. Miss Grainger, 13 Lansdowne Place, Leamington.
13. **CONNAUGHT HOUSE, Winchester.**—27 girls from 13 to 19. Miss Vibart, 3 Compton Road, Winchester. (See p. 373.)
- 14 & 15. **DICKLEBURGH, near Scole.**—Rose Cottage, for 20 girls, and Lee Cottage for 26 girls. Mrs. H. Brandreth, Dickleburgh Rectory, near Scole, Norfolk. (See p. 346.)

Nos. 9 to 15 are Certified Homes under the Local Government Board for girls from 7 to 12 years of age.

16. **FAREHAM, Hants.**—Industrial Training Home for 32 girls from 12 to 15 years of age, for training girls in laundry and needlework. Miss Gittens, Girls' Industrial Home, Fareham, Hants.
17. **MEANWOOD (Cottage Home).**—10 girls under 8. Miss Stansfeld, St. Chad's House, Far Headingley, Leeds.
18. **HEMEL HEMPSTEAD (Olive House), Herts.**—For 20 girls. H. Wyman, Esq., Warwick House, Hemel Hempstead.
19. **COLD ASH (Hill House), near Newbury.**—For 27 Girls. Rev. W. S. Grindle, Cold Ash Rectory, near Newbury, Berks.
20. **THE MUMBLES, Swansea.**—For 22 girls from S. Wales only. Miss C. Fry, Devon Terrace, Swansea.
21. **THE BECKETT HOME, Meanwood, Leeds.**—For 30 girls. Miss Stansfeld, St. Chad's House, Far Headingley, Leeds.

Nos. 18 to 21 are Homes certified under the Industrial Schools Act, and are *only* for children rescued from immoral surroundings.

22. **ARNOLD GROVE, near Nottingham.**—For 30 girls from 12 to 16, trained in cooking. Mrs. Francis Burton, Red Hill Lodge, Arnold, near Nottingham.
23. **ST. CHAD'S HOUSE, Far Headingley, Leeds.**—For 30 girls. Miss Stansfeld, St. Chad's House.
24. **NETHERTON HOUSE, Nedderton, Newcastle-on-Tyne.**—For 40 girls. Mrs. Pennefather, Eldon House, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
25. **ST. NICHOLAS HOME (for Crippled Children), Upper Tooting.**—For 20 girls and little boys. Mrs. R. de M. Rudolf, St. Ann's, Abbeville Road North, Elms Road, Olapham, S.W.
26. **GIBBS HOME, Sherbrooke, Canada.**—Emigration and Distribution Home for 12 girls. Rev. Canon G. Thorneloe, Sherbrooke, Pro. Quebec, Canada.

27. **HILLINGDON HEATH** (Cottage Home), near Uxbridge.—Eight girls from 2 to 8. Mrs. Fenton, The Grange, Hillingdon, Uxbridge.
28. **GOULD'S GREEN** (Cottage Home), near West Drayton.—Ten girls from 4 to 8. Miss Thomas, Hillingdon Rectory, Uxbridge.
29. **KNOYLE** (Cottage Home), Salisbury.—For 6 girls. Miss B. K. Milford, Knoyle Rectory, near Salisbury.

The following Homes are affiliated to the Society :—

ST. MICHAEL'S ORPHANAGE, Balacote, for Boys.—Rev. J. R. Izat, Wroxton Vicarage, Bunbury.

MANNINGHAM GIRLS' ORPHAN HOME (certified), near Bradford.—Miss H. Linabert, 3 St. Paul's Road, Bradford. (See p. 364.)

ALL SAINTS' HOME, for Girls, Oxton, near Birkenhead.—Rev. H. Nixon, Oxton, near Birkenhead.

ORPHANAGE FOR GIRLS.—Mrs. FitzGerald, Elm Grove, Wimbledon. (See p. 352.)

CHILDREN'S HOME, Shrewsbury.—Miss H. M. Lloyd, 14 Belmont, Shrewsbury.

HOME FOR FRIENDLESS GIRLS.—Mrs. Daughish, Springfield, Wimbledon.

ST. CYPRIAN'S HOME, for Girls, Marylebone.—Miss L. Maingay, 39 Dorset Square, N. W.

HOME OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD, for Girls, Southampton.—Rev. H. W. Pereira, Warden.

HOME FOR GIRLS, Cambridge.—Mrs. Cayley, Garden House, Cambridge.

LADY CLINTON'S HOME, for Girls, Heanton, Satchville, Beaford, N. Devon.

GIRLS' EMIGRATION HOME, Liverpool.—Rev. R. B. Baron, St. Cleopas Vicarage, Liverpool.

Management.—By an Executive Committee and Local Committees. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £14,347; offertories and collections, £4,889; contributions towards maintenance of children by relatives, guardians, &c., £1,845; legacies, £390; dividends and interest, £128; industrial receipts, children's earnings, sale of publications and sundries, £1,490. **Children provided for** (1888).—1,117. Presidents, the Archbishops of Canterbury and York. Bankers, Dimadale, Fowler & Co. Treasurer, Alderman Sir Robert Fowler, Bart., M.P.; Hon. Sec., E. de M. Rudolf, Esq.; Clerical Sec., Rev. J. W. Horsley.

ELLIOTT HOME FOR WAIFS AND STRAYS (1872), 166–169 Townsend Street, Dublin.

Object.—As in title. **Management**.—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £1,859; proceeds of bazaar, £70; legacies, £60. **Children provided for** (1888).—82 received, 33 sent out. Bankers, Royal Bank, Dublin. Treasurer, Capt. R. Wade Thompson, Clonskeagh Castle, Clonskeagh; Secs., R. H. Wall, Esq., 6 Leinster Street, Dublin, and Miss A. Smyly, 35 Upper Fitzwilliam Street, Dublin.

BIRD'S NEST AND MISSION RAGGED SCHOOLS (1859), Kingstown, Dublin.

Object.—A home for destitute children of both sexes. **Admission**.—By application to Honorary Secretary for form. Children must be at least seven years of age and destitute. 'There are a few younger, but no

babies.' Admission is free, but 'should friends wish to pay, £8 a year is the sum required for food.' Marriage of parents must be proved, also freedom from bodily defect and disease, and from cutaneous eruption of any kind. Children are brought up as Protestants, 'and if old enough will from the first be sent to church.' Subscribers have a claim for the admission of a child when there is a vacancy. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £4,602; sale of work, £119; **Inmates.**—220 in the Bird's Nest; 80 at Spiddal Home, Galway (which is partly supported by Bird's Nest funds); 15 'at lodgings waiting to come in.' Bankers, Boyle, Low, & Co., Dublin. **Treasurers**, Mrs. J. Smyly, Miss Crofton, J. Franks, Esq.; **Hon. Sec.**, Miss Crofton, 20 York Road, Kingstown, Dublin; **Hon. Sec. of Children's Association**, Miss Sarah Davies, 35 Upper Fitzwilliam Street, Dublin.

SMYLLUM ORPHANAGE (1864), Lanark, N.B.

Object.—A Catholic orphanage. **Admission.**—By application to Sister-in-charge. Blind and deaf-mute children are also received. Age of admission, from 1 to 14 years of age. 'The Orphanage is supported by the parochial boards, of which 42 send their Catholic children. It is also dependent on the proceeds of the farm and garden, Government grant, and charitable contributions.' Deaf-mutes are taught by the new system of articulation and lip reading by a teacher specially taught in London to teach the dumb. **Management.**—By the Archbishop of Glasgow, the Very Rev. P. Duff, Blackrock, Co. Dublin, and Joseph Monteith, Esq., Carstairs. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £410; industrial earnings, £43; Government grant, £349. **Inmates** (1888).—440. Bankers, Commercial Bank, Lanark. **Treasurer**, Sister Teresa Farrell.

SPECIAL HOMES FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

ROYAL CALEDONIAN ASYLUM (Incorporated 1815), Caledonian Road, Holloway, N.

Object.—'The support and education of the children of soldiers, sailors, and marines, natives of Scotland, who have died or been disabled in the service of their country; and also the children of indigent and deserving Scotch parents resident in London, upon whom poverty has fallen or by whose death they have been left unfriended and helpless orphans.' **Admission.**—By election of subscribers, or purchase. Each annual subscription of £1. 1s. entitles to one vote for as many candidates as are to be elected. Votes for unsuccessful candidates are carried forward as long as they are eligible. Candidates must fulfil conditions specified in object. In the case of soldiers, sailors, or marines, the father must have served in Her Majesty's fleet or army, and have died or been disabled in such service; in the case of indigent Scotch parents, the father must have been born in Scotland, and have resided in London, or within ten miles of the General Post Office, not less than one year, or died during such residence; the children must have been born in wedlock, be perfectly free from any mental or bodily disease, defect, or infirmity, and have had the smallpox or been vaccinated. At election, boys must be not under 7, nor over 10; girls not under 8, nor over 11. They leave at—boys, 14; girls, 15. Certificates required of father's birth in Scotland, parents' marriage, birth or registration, father's residence in London, and father's burial, if deceased, and medical certificate of health. Candidates must be nominated by annual subscriber, or subscriber of £10. 10s.; or, if resident in Scotland, recommended by minister of their parish. The petition, properly filled in, together with the above certificates, must be

forwarded to the Secretary on or before February 1st for election in June, and August 1st for election in December. A subscription of £105 entitles to one presentation, provided case is eligible. **Management.**—Court of 24 Directors, eight of whom retire annually, meeting monthly, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £2,195; presentations, £545; collection and ball, £150; legacy, £100; Government grants, £151; invested funds, £612. **Inmates.**—Boys, 104; girls, 61. Bankers, Messrs. Coutts & Co. Treasurers, Sir C. R. McGrigor, Bart., Sir P. Colquhoun, and Major Kenneth Macleay; Sec., Thomas Inglis, Esq.

WILTSHIRE SOCIETY (1817).

Object.—To assist the children of poor persons from Wiltshire, resident in London, or in the county of Wilts, by apprenticing them, or enabling them to go to sea, or attend any practical science school. Two exhibitions, one for town, one for country candidates of £40 per annum, and tenable for two years, may be given yearly to assist the maintenance and school fees of the holder at the Science and Art School at South Kensington, or some other school. **Admission.**—By election of subscribers or presentation. Applicants must have been born in Wilts, or one of their parents must have been a native. They or their parents must have resided one year in London, or Wilts. They must, as a rule, be under 14 years old, and born in wedlock. The sum given for apprenticeship does not, as a rule, exceed £20, and never £30. After expiration, sums of money, not exceeding £60, may be lent to meritorious cases. **Management.**—By Committee of 14, vacancies in which are filled by election at a meeting held annually. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £204; invested funds, £156; proceeds of ball, &c., £11. **Number apprenticed, &c.**—10. Bankers, Hoares. Treasurer, John Mackrell, Esq., High Trees, Clapham Common, S.W.; Hon. Secretary, W. D. Dowding, Esq., 17 Clement's Inn, W.C.

WESTMORELAND SOCIETY'S SCHOOL (1746), Norwood Road, S.E.

Object.—‘For maintaining, boarding, clothing, and educating children (free of charge) from 8 to 15 years of age, born in London, or within 75 miles of the Royal Exchange, of a Westmoreland born parent, or children born elsewhere, whose parents, Westmoreland born, have resided for one year past in, or within 75 miles of, London.’ **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary for petition forms. **Management.**—Treasurer, R. P. Wilson, Esq., 5 Cumberland Terrace, Regent's Park, N.W.; Sec., J. Y. Johnson, Esq., 47 Lincoln's Inn Fields.

GOOD TEMPLAR AND TEMPERANCE ORPHANAGE (1875), Marion Park, Sunbury-on-Thames.

Object.—To maintain, clothe, and educate in the Orphanage, or in other suitable homes, orphan children of Good Templars or other total abstiners. **Admission.**—By subscriber's nomination, or payment. Candidates ‘must have had one parent who died after being a total abstainer from intoxicating drinks for not less than 12 months,’ or the surviving parent must be a Good Templar or total abstainer of at least 12 months’ continuous standing. The orphan must be not less than 2 years nor more than 12 years old at the time of the election. It must not be suffering from mental affliction, or chronic disease, or have been convicted of any crime. Guarantees are required of removal when required, or at death, and of non-interference with the child while in residence. **Inmates leave**

at the age of 13 years (except by special permission to remain), or at any time previously after a week's notice. They receive a sound English education, and are 'trained in the principles of the Christian religion and practice of total abstinence from intoxicating drinks'; no religious formulary is used. On departure they *may* be supplied with an outfit and apprenticed or provided with a situation. **Management.**—By Board of 15 total abstainers, retiring annually, but re-eligible; two-thirds by General Meeting and one-third by the Grand Lodge of the Good Templars. **Income** (1887-8).—General Fund, £957; Building Fund, £1,247. **Inmates.**—52. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank, Wandsworth. Treasurer, Froome Talfourd, Esq., St. Ann's Grove, Wandsworth, S.W.; Hon. Sec., S. R. Rolfe, Esq., 45 Paulet Road, Camberwell, S.E.

THE CITY OF LONDON FREEMEN'S ORPHAN SCHOOL (1850), Shepherd's Lane, Brixton, S.W.

Object.—'To provide for the maintenance and the religious and virtuous education of orphans of Freemen of the City of London.' **Admission.**—By election by the Court of Common Council on the recommendation of the Committee. Application must be made to the Town Clerk for form. Applicants must be 'children of Freemen of the City of London, who are orphans by the death of their father, and are without adequate means of maintenance and education.' No children eligible for the School under 7 or above 10 years of age, or who are maintained at the parish charge. Medical certificate required as to general soundness of health. Before any child admitted, engagement is required to be entered into by two respectable householders to receive such child when removed from the School from any cause; and in case of death, to defray expense of funeral. The children admitted are maintained, clothed, and educated until they attain the age of 15 years. **Management.**—By Committee (the Lord Mayor, six Aldermen, and 30 Common Councilmen). **Income.**—**Inmates** (1887).—100 boys, 50 girls. Sec., the Town Clerk, Guildhall, E.C.

GREENWICH ROYAL HOSPITAL* (1694), Greenwich, S.E. Office: Admiralty, S.W.

Object.—(a) To grant pensions to widows and allowances to children, and gratuities to parents and other relatives of seamen, marines, and other seafaring persons. (b) To educate and maintain 1,000 sons of warrant officers, non-commissioned officers, petty officers, and men of the Royal Navy and Marines; or of men of the Royal Naval Volunteers—i.e., Royal Naval Reserve, men of the Royal Naval Artillery Volunteer Force, killed, drowned, or disabled in the service of the Crown, and of other seafaring persons, and men drowned on lifeboat service. (c) To educate and maintain 200 daughters of warrant officers, non-commissioned officers, petty officers, and men of the Royal Navy and Royal Marines, at schools or asylums at the expense of the Hospital Funds. (d) To educate and maintain sons of deceased or incapacitated warrant officers, non-commissioned officers, petty officers, and men of the Royal Navy and Marines (and of men of the Royal Naval Reserve and Royal Naval Artillery Volunteer Force, killed or drowned in the service of the Crown), subject to the expenditure in any one year being restricted to £4,000. (e) To educate 75 sons and daughters of deceased or distressed commissioned officers of the Royal Navy or Marines, by annual grants, not exceeding £20 for each child.

* The Hospital was closed as an asylum for seamen of the Royal Navy in 1869, the building being now used for educational purposes.

REGULATIONS AS TO ADMISSION.

All applications must be on special forms to be obtained from the Director of Greenwich Hospital, Admiralty, London, S.W., which must be filled up with the greatest care and returned to him, accompanied by the various certificates required in each case.

(a) *Pensions and Allowances to Widows and Children, and Gratuities to Relatives.*—Pensions and allowances are granted to widows and children of :—(1) Non-commissioned officers, petty officers and men of the Royal Navy and Marines killed or drowned in the service of the Crown, or life-boat service ; or (2) men of the Royal Naval Volunteers (i.e., Royal Naval Reserve), killed or drowned in the service of the Crown ; (3) men killed or drowned in the service of the Crown while serving in the Seamen Pensioners' Reserve ; and (4) men of the Royal Naval Artillery Volunteer Force, killed or drowned in the service of the Crown. These pensions and allowances are granted only in cases where men have been killed or drowned on duty or have died from effects of injuries or diseases caused by accident, or exposure within twelve months after being first certified ill. Widows receive, if of able seamen and other persons in the same category, including marines, and marine artillery, 3s. 6d. to 4s. 6d. a week, and an allowance for each child dependent on the mother of 1s. 6d. a week ; if of 2nd class petty officers, corporals, marines, and marine artillery, 4s. to 5s. a week, and an allowance for each child of 1s. 6d. a week ; if of 1st class petty officers, sergeants of marines, and marine artillery, 4s. 6d. to 6s. a week, and an allowance for each child of 2s. a week ; if of chief petty officers, colour and staff sergeants of the marines and marine artillery, 5s. to 6s. 6d. a week, and an allowance for each child of 2s. a week. Rates in excess of this scale may be awarded in cases needing special relief. Boys above 14 and girls above 16 will, as a rule, be ineligible for allowances. Applications should be made at the proper age for placing children in orphanages or other institutions (*see* [b], [c], and [d]). If the opportunity of so placing a child be declined, or should a child be withdrawn from a school, home, or charitable institution where it is being maintained, such child will, in ordinary circumstances, be ineligible for an allowance. If the claims of a widow to a pension be not established before her death, the amount of the pension to which she would have been entitled if living will not be allowed to her representatives. In the event of men specified in (1) and (2) not leaving widows or children, but leaving parents or other relatives dependent upon them, gratuities not exceeding one year's full wages may be given to such parents or relatives, provided the total expenditure in such gratuities does not exceed in any one year £500. Widows of coastguardsmen entitled to civil pensions are excepted from these regulations.

(b) *Admission of Boys into Greenwich Hospital School.*—The forms of application must be accompanied by original certificates of parents' marriage, or other satisfactory proof thereof ; certificate of boy's birth, or the certificate issued for the purposes of the Elementary Education Act ; certificate from clergyman of parish to which boy belongs, or from minister of his denomination, or from master of school at which boy has been educated, as to his character and moral conduct, evidence of death of the parent or parents, with an agreement signed by boy and parents or guardians that he shall engage for continuous and general service in Royal Navy, from the age of 18, in addition to what period may be necessary until that age, if he be found physically fit and up to standard on discharge from school, otherwise that he may enter the Merchant Service and be enrolled in Royal Naval Reserve. Boys on admission must be between 11 and 14 years of age, physically fit for sea service according to a prescribed standard, able to read

and write, and have a knowledge of the four simple rules of arithmetic (Standard 3, new Code). Applications not received until candidates are 10½ years old. On admission to the school, boys are examined by medical officer, and especially at 14 and 15 years of age, and if found unfit for further retention, they are at once discharged, otherwise they are kept in the school until 15½ years old, when they are entered for continuous service in Royal Navy, if physically fit and up to prescribed standard. If unfit, they may be entered in Merchant Service, and enrolled in the Royal Naval Reserve. Fifty boys are selected from the Nautical School by competitive examination for the Upper Nautical School, on passing into which they are allowed to select whether they will join the Royal Navy in the seamen class, the Mercantile Marine as apprentices, or compete for entry as dockyard apprentices. No boy is eligible to be transferred to this division of the school after 14 years of age. Children of Roman Catholics or Dissenting Protestants are not required to learn Church Catechism, and are allowed to attend places of worship in accordance with religious persuasion of their fathers, if application be made at time of admission.

(c) *Admission of Girls into Schools.*—The forms of application must be accompanied by certificates of marriage of parents, or satisfactory proof thereof, of child's birth, and from clergyman, or minister of parish, or mistress of school at which girl has been educated, as to character and moral conduct. Girls must be over 9 years of age. Applications are not received until candidates are 8½ years of age, nor after 10 years of age, except under very special circumstances. The amount expended on the education and maintenance of any girl does not exceed £20 a year.

(d) *Admission of Boys into Orphanages, Schools, or other Institutions.*—The form of application must be accompanied by original certificate of marriage of parents, or other satisfactory proof thereof; of registry of boy's birth, or the certificate issued for the purposes of the Elementary Education Act; from clergyman of parish to which boy belongs, or from minister of his denomination, or from master of school at which boy has been educated, as to his character and moral conduct; evidence of death of the parent or parents. Boys are eligible for selection at 8 years of age, but applications will not be received until the candidates are 7½ years of age. Boys are examined periodically as to their physical condition, and if fit and desirous for sea service, are transferred to Greenwich Hospital School; otherwise they will be retained until 14 years of age.

(e) *Education of Children of Commissioned Officers.*—The form of application must be accompanied by marriage certificate of parents, certificate of child's birth, and certificate of character and moral conduct from a clergyman, minister, or head of a school. Applications will not be received until the child has arrived at 10 years of age, and the grant may be extended over 5 years, but in no case will it be continued after the age of 18 has been attained. The amount of the annual grant will not exceed £20 per annum, and the number of children being educated in any year will not exceed 75.

The management of the Hospital is entirely in the hands of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty, the administration of the various estates and other property being in the hands of a special department. The revenues are paid into the Exchequer, and the necessary sums for maintenance are voted annually by Parliament. The amounts voted in 1887–8 were as follows:—(a) Pensions to widows of seamen and marines, £2,300; gratuities to relatives, £380; (b) Greenwich Hospital School, £26,669; (c) education of daughters of seamen and marines, £4,000; (d) education of sons of seamen and marines, £2,200; (e) education of children of officers, £1,500.

ROYAL FUND FOR THE RELIEF OF THE ORPHANS OF SEA FISHERMEN (1884), 4 The Sanctuary, Westminster Abbey, S.W.

Object.—To make grants in aid of the orphans of sea fishermen who have lost their lives in pursuit of their vocation, or, where the mother is also dead, to procure their admission into suitable homes, by boarding them out, or otherwise. **Management.**—By Committee, nominated by the President, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions and donations, £844; dividends on £15,000 (being a portion of the surplus fund of the Fisheries Exhibition, 1883), £507. **Persons benefited.**—237 orphans in receipt of weekly relief. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Trustees, Sir Edward Birkbeck, M.P., the Duke of Abercorn, and the Earl of Ducie; Sec., E. Cunliffe Owen, Esq.

MERCHANT SEAMEN'S ORPHAN ASYLUM (1827), Snaresbrook, Essex. Office, 127 Leadenhall Street, E.C.

Object.—To afford relief to the orphans of seamen in the Merchant Service by providing for them clothing, education, and maintenance, and by assisting to place them, on leaving the Asylum, in situations where an honest livelihood may be secured. **Admission.**—By election of subscribers, or by purchase or presentation. Applicants must be the necessitous children of British merchant seamen who have died while serving afloat or elsewhere in the execution of their duty, or whose fathers, while serving afloat at the time of the child's birth, have, from bodily or other infirmity, left the sea, having served a period of not less than three years. Children are admitted between the ages of 7 and 11 years, and are retained till they are 15 years of age. Certificate of marriage of parents, baptism of child, death of the father, and means of the widow, must be provided. **Management.**—By Board of Managers elected by the Governors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £4,914; invested funds, £763; purchase cases, £120; legacies, £1,125; sundries, £37. **Inmates.**—282. Bankers, London and County Bank. Treasurer, E. S. Norris, Esq., M.P.; Sec., Mr. F. W. Rawlinson.

LIVERPOOL SEAMEN'S ORPHAN INSTITUTION (1869). Office, 27 Water Street, Liverpool.

Object.—‘To feed, clothe, and educate the destitute or fatherless children, or orphans (male or female), of seafaring men (including engineers, firemen, &c. of steamers).’ When too young for admission, monthly money and clothing is given. **Admission.**—Orphans of seamen connected with the port of Liverpool by birth, or of seamen who have sailed five years out of the port, have preference. Marriage of parents, age of child, death of father, and inability of mother or relatives to support the child, must be proved to the satisfaction of the Committee. Donors of £500 may, during life, nominate two children; donors of £250 may nominate one child. These nominations have precedence in consideration of qualifications of candidates. An orphan may be placed on the foundation on payment of £18 a year; or by payment, in one sum, of from £105 to £57. 15s., according to age. **No voting.** Committee pass children in every fortnight. Age of admission, 8 to 12 years. Boys leave at 14, girls at 15. Form of application for admission obtainable from Secretary. **Management.**—Committee elected by subscribers at Annual Meetings. The General Committee appoint an Executive Committee, who meet fortnightly. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,674; invested funds, £2,437; payments for inmates, £27; donations, legacies, church

collections, and collections in ship and shore boxes, £4,468. **Inmates.**—346; 372 receiving monthly money and clothing, being mostly too young for admission. Bankers, Bank of Liverpool, Heywood's Branch. Hon. Treasurer, Sir James Poole, Tower Buildings, Water Street, Liverpool; Sec., Capt. E. Stubbs, R.N.

BRITISH SEAMEN'S ORPHAN HOME (1859), Brixham, South Devon. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—A home for orphans of seamen. **Admission.**—By application to Hon. Secretary. Certificates required of baptism, death and calling of father, of health, and fitness for future service at sea, good conduct from clergyman or schoolmaster, and a general statement of present circumstances and condition, the number and means of support of applicant's family. The Committee elect the most deserving candidates. On payment of £15. 15s. a year, and an entrance fee of £3. 3s. for clothing, any person may nominate an orphan. Age of admission, 8 to 14. At latter age arrangements are made for such as volunteer to enter the Royal Navy or as apprentices in the Mercantile Marine.

Management.—By Committee. **Income.**—

Inmates.— . Chaplain and Hon. Secretary, Rev. H. H. Mayo.

METROPOLITAN AND CITY POLICE ORPHANAGE (1870), Twickenham.

Object.—'To afford relief to destitute orphans of members of the Metropolitan and City of London police forces; to provide them with clothing, maintenance, and education, to place them out in situations where the prospect of an honest livelihood shall be secured, and to grant Compassionate Allowances to those children, under 13 years of age, for whom there is no room in Orphanage.' **Admission.**—By application to the Board of Managers. The orphans of sergeants and constables who have subscribed 1d. a week to the funds are eligible. Children are admitted between 7 and 12 years of age. Situations are procured on leaving. Premiums are in some cases granted to apprentice boys to a trade.

Management.—By a Board appointed by a General Court annually. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £4,244; subscriptions of sergeants and constables, £3,072; legacies, £243; concerts, &c., £4,826; box collections, £82. **Inmates.**—256. Compassionate Allowances granted in 1887, £3,469. Bankers, Cox & Co. Secretary, Arthur J. Kestin, Esq.

ORPHANAGE OF H.M. CUSTOMS (Out-door Department), Port of London (1866). (*No recent information.*)

Object.—'To provide for the education of, and to board and clothe orphan and necessitous children of both sexes of deceased officers of the out-door department of Her Majesty's Customs of the Port of London, whose fathers at the time of death were members of the Institution. The children are placed where they receive a useful education based upon the religious views of their parents.' The Institution also affords temporary assistance, and occasionally grants monthly allowances to destitute widows of members. **Admission.**—By election of majority of votes of members. Member's subscription, 4s. a year. The children are admitted at 6 years of age. Boys leave at 14, girls at 15 years, when every effort is made to procure suitable employment for them. **Management.**—By Committee elected at Annual Meeting. **Income.**—

Number assisted.— . Treasurer, E. P. Lefeuve, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Alfred Baker, Esq., Custom House, E.C.

POST OFFICE ORPHAN HOME INSTITUTION (1870).

Object.—'Boarding, clothing, and educating the orphans of sorters, postmen, and other members of the minor establishment of the Post Office either in London or the provinces, who have been members of the Institution.' **Admission.**—By application to Secretary. Age, between 5 and 12. Admitted 'according to priority of application, and placed at schools, or with carefully selected foster parents,' where the religion of the parents is professed. Boys are kept till 14, girls 15. Situations are found for inmates on their leaving. **Management.**—By Committee elected by members. **Income** (1887).—From all sources, £4,127. **Persons benefited.**—130. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Hon. Treasurer, Mr. C. J. Stevens; Sec., Mr. J. Avery, Eastern Central District Office, General Post Office, London.

RAILWAY SERVANTS' ORPHANAGE (1875), Ashbourne Road, Derby.

Object.—To maintain and educate children, of both sexes, of railway servants killed in the performance of duty, and (if funds allow) of those who die from natural causes. **Admission.**—Mainly by election by subscribers, but Committee may admit children whose father subscribed 2s. a year, without election. Children may be received by annual or single payment to be fixed by Committee. Certificates are required of state of health, marriage of parents, and date of child's birth. Age of admission, not under 6 or over 11 years. Boys leave at 14, girls at 15. There is provision to aid children on their leaving when necessary. The Orphanage applies to Great Britain and Ireland, and all railways therein. **Management.**—By a Committee of 18, 12 appointed by subscribers and 6 by Board of Railway Benevolent Institution, with which the Orphanage is allied. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions and members' subscriptions, £6,155; invested funds, £342; proportion of funds of Railway Benevolent Institution, £1,597. **Inmates.**—206. Bankers, Samuel Smith & Co., Derby; Barclay, Bevan, & Co., London. Treasurer, Sir James J. Allport, Derby; Sec., Mr. Thos. Hall.

BANK CLERKS' ORPHANAGE (1883).

Object.—To maintain and educate the orphan children of bank clerks. **Admission.**—By votes of subscribers. The Society possesses no orphanage of its own, the children being educated at suitable schools and institutions. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—£1,762; dividends, £188; proceeds of entertainment, £15. **Children educated.**—Total, 23 (8 admitted in 1887-8). Chairman, Josiah Wells, Esq.; Hon. Sec., J. H. Atkinson, Esq., 2 St. Michael's House, Cornhill, E.C.

LICENSED VICTUALLERS' SCHOOL (1803), Kennington Lane, S.E. Office, 127 Fleet Street, E.C.

Object.—The maintenance and education of children of deceased or distressed licensed victuallers who have been subscribers during the time they were in business. **Admission.**—By election of subscribers, generally annually in March (applications received until 31st December), after approval by Committee. Annual subscribers of £1. 1s. are entitled to one vote; donors of £5. 5s. (ladies) have two votes; of £10. 10s. (gentlemen) have four votes at all elections. The age of admission is between 7 and 12; and both girls and boys now remain until 15 years of age. After leaving, the boys, if apprenticed, are presented with £5. Boys and

girls going to service are given £3 upon completing six months service at one or more situations, and producing a good conduct certificate from their employers. **Management.**—By Governor and Committee elected by subscribers. **Income** (1888-9).—From all sources, £8,502. **Inmates** (1889).—243. Governor, Mr. Charles Sims; Secretary, E. Grimwood.

WAREHOUSEMEN, CLERKS, AND DRAPERS' SCHOOLS (1853), Russell Hill, Purley, Surrey.

Object.—To provide maintenance and education for the orphan and necessitous children of those employed in the wholesale trades and manufactories of Great Britain, and the orphans of drapers and their clerks and assistants. **Admission.**—By election. The elections take place in May and November each year, the children of subscribers only being eligible, between the ages of 6 and 12 years. The children are retained until 15 years of age. **Management.**—By Board, appointed by the subscribers annually. **Income** (1885-6).—£3,851. **Inmates.**—200. Bankers, Glyn, Mills, & Co. Treasurer, S. H. Morley, Esq., Wood Street, E.C.; Sec., Mr. J. Wells Thatcher, 52 Bread Street, E.C.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS' SCHOOLS (1845), Pinner. Office, 37 Milk Street, Cheapside, E.C.

Object.—The clothing, maintenance, and education of the destitute orphans of deceased, or the children of necessitous, commercial travellers. **Admission.**—By purchase, 120 guineas, or by election. Candidates must be children of commercial travellers who have travelled for two years, either in town or country, and who are dead or in an unsound state of mind or body. Age of admission for children of non-subscribers, between 7 and 12; of subscribers, between 5 and 12. Age of departure, 15. Candidates must be approved by the medical officer. Certificates of age, health, and parents' marriage required; also guarantee of removal in due course. Inmates are required to attend the service of the Church of England. **Management.**—By Board, consisting of three trustees (permanent) a treasurer, and 36 members annually elected by subscribers. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £7,621; invested funds, £2,196; collections, £357; legacies, £331. **Inmates.**—357. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, James Hughes, Esq., 5 Bow Churchyard, E.C.; Secretary, Mr. H. London.

ARTISTS' ORPHAN FUND (1871), 19 St. James's Street, S.W.

Object.—To support, educate, or to assist in the support and education of the orphan children of deceased artists, sculptors, architects, and engravers. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary and recommendation of subscriber. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s., or donor of £5. 5s., may recommend annually two applications for relief. Children are placed in schools and the cost of their maintenance and education provided for or aided by the fund. The age necessary for eligibility is between 7 and 15; but the Committee are empowered under special circumstances to continue the grant up to the age of 17. **Management.**—Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £53; invested funds, £1,233; legacy, £5,000. **Orphans maintained** (partly or wholly).—44. Bankers, Bank of England, Western Branch. Treasurer, P. C. Hardwick, Esq.; Hon. Secretary, Sir John E. Millais, Bart., R.A.; Sec., Douglas H. Gordon, Esq.

TEACHERS' ORPHANAGE AND ORPHAN FUND (1878).

Office, 30 Fleet Street, E.C.

Objects.—(1) To provide home allowances of 5s. per week for the orphans and necessitous children of teachers; and (2) To erect and endow an Orphanage. Two Homes have been opened in temporary premises in Peckham and Sheffield; the former for boys, the latter for girls. **Admission.**—By votes of contributors at the elections in June and December. Application must be made to the General Secretary. A subscription of 5s. entitles to one vote. Candidates for the Orphanage must be between the ages of 6 and 12 years, and for an Allowance, not more than 12 years of age, and be children of teachers who are, or have been, engaged in elementary schools. Certificates are required of age and (in case of Orphanage) of fair health. Preference is given to the children of those who have been contributors. **Management.**—By a Council of 30; 20 appointed by the contributors and 10 by the executive of the National Union of Elementary Teachers. **Income** (1887).—Annual subscriptions, donations, &c., £3,217; invested funds, £231; other receipts, £33. **Benefited.**—142. Bankers, London and County Bank, Holborn Branch. Treasurer, J. H. Devonshire, Esq.; Sec., T. E. Heller, Esq.

SAFFRON WALDEN SCHOOL (1707), Saffron Walden, Essex (formerly of Clerkenwell and Croydon).

Object.—To receive children of both sexes of members of the religious Society of Friends (members of London and Middlesex quarterly meeting), and whose parents are not in affluent circumstances, between the ages of 9 and 16 years. **Admission.**—By permission of the Committee. Payment required of £16, £20, £26, £32, or £40 a year, according to circumstances of case. Application must be made to the Superintendent. Applicants may be residents in any part of the country, and those who are not members of the Society of Friends are admitted at the full cost. Inmates leave at the age of 16, when they are sometimes apprenticed, the precedence being given to handicraft trades. Gratuities are granted to young men on the expiration of their apprenticeship, and gratuities and marriage portions to young women. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £383; invested funds, £651; payments for inmates, £2,303. **Inmates.**—Boys, 50; girls, 47. Bankers, Gibson & Co. Treasurer, W. M. Tuke; Clerk, H. T. Merwell; Superintendent, G. F. Linney.

CHURCH MISSIONARIES' CHILDREN'S HOME (1850), Limpsfield, Surrey.

Object.—The reception of children of missionaries of the Church Missionary Society. **Admission.**—By order of Committee. From 4 to 15 in case of boys, from same age to 18 in case of girls. Outfit required on entrance and given when leaving. **Management.**—By Committee of the Church Missionary Society. **Inmates.**—101 (accommodation for 117). Director, Rev. H. V. Knox.

NEW CHURCH ORPHANAGE (1881).

Object.—To provide for the maintenance and education of orphans, or those without paternal support, primarily of the children of members of the New Jerusalem Church. **Admission.**—By vote of Managing Board. Application forms may be obtained from the Secretary. Each case is taken entirely on its own merits. Inmates leave at 15, when situations are found for them. **Management.**—By Board of 15 members, elected by vote at annual general meeting, and meeting at the offices of

the Swedenborg Society on the first Tuesday in each month. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £550; invested funds, £166. **Inmates** (1887-8).—28, all of whom are boarded-out. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, Southwark. **Treas.**, E. H. Bayley, Newington Causeway, S.E.; **Hon. Sec.**, J. C. Bayley, Junr., 10 Wharton Road, Kensington, W.

SPANISH AND PORTUGUESE JEWS' ORPHAN SOCIETY (1703), 9 Howley Place, Maida Hill, W.

Object.—‘For maintaining, clothing, housing, educating, and apprenticing orphan children of the Spanish and Portuguese Jews’ congregation.’ **Admission.**—By election of subscribers. Life subscription, £10. 10s. for gentlemen, £5. 5s. for ladies. Annual subscription, for gentlemen £1, for ladies 10s. **Management.**—By Committee elected by subscribers. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £71; invested funds, £604; legacies, £50. **Inmates.**—12. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank. **Treasurer**, Arthur Lindo, Esq.; **Secretary**, Samuel I. Cohen, 12 Bevis Marks, St. Mary Axe, E.C.

HOMES FOR GIRLS—PARTIALLY FREE.

FEMALE ORPHAN ASYLUM (1758), Beddington, Surrey.

Object.—The maintenance and education for domestic service of female orphans. **Admission.**—By election or presentation. A candidate unsuccessful at two elections, and about to become disqualified by age, may be admitted by the Committee without election. Age of admission, from 7 to 10. Candidates must not be diseased or deformed, negro or mulatto. Satisfactory proof must be furnished of the death of both parents, or of the father. In the list of candidates those who have lost both parents are distinguished from the others. At the age of 14 years inmates may be apprenticed as domestic servants with approved master or mistress. A child may be put to any trade which the Committee think proper, with premium, as they think fit. Every girl who at the expiration of her apprenticeship has good testimonials is entitled to a gratuity. **Management.**—By Committee elected annually by subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £864; invested funds, £2,344; legacies, £74; proceeds of bazaar, £629; rents, garden produce, &c., £277. **Inmates.**—132. Bankers, Hoare & Co. **Treasurer**, C. Hoare, Esq., Fleet Street, E.C.; **Sec.**, G. Booth, Esq., 32 Essex Street, Strand, W.C.

NATIONAL ORPHAN HOME (1849), Ham Common, Richmond, Surrey. Office, 12 Pall Mall, S.W.

Object.—‘For affording a home to destitute orphan girls (fatherless) from 7 to 12 years of age, of all classes and denominations, from all parts of the kingdom (principally of domestic servants and small tradesmen).’ **Admission.**—By election of subscribers in January and July, or presentation. Each annual subscription of 10s., or life subscription of £5, confers one vote for each election. Votes recorded for unsuccessful candidates are carried to their credit at the next election. Children can also be admitted by payment of 120 guineas from the age of 7 and upwards. A cot for all time, £450. Candidates must be nominated by a subscriber; furnish certificates of parents’ marriage, of birth, of father’s death, and medical certificate; and furnish a guarantee on the part of two respectable householders that she shall be removed on attaining the age of 15, or before, if required. **Management.**—By Committee, meeting monthly. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £562; invested funds, £249; payments for inmates, £22; donations,

legacies, collections, and sundry receipts (not including loan and sale of stock), £2,978. **Inmates.**—100. Bankers, Herries & Co. Treasurer, Major-General Sir George Bouchier, K.C.B.; Sec., Evans Cronk, Esq.; Matron, Mrs. Clements.

FEMALE ORPHAN HOME, Tangle Park, Hampton, Middlesex. Office, 79 Finsbury Pavement, E.C.

Object.—The reception and care of young orphan girls. **Admission.**—By selection of the Committee. Candidates are received in order of application as vacancies occur. They must be in good health, and between 4 and 12 years of age. They are eligible from all parts of the United Kingdom. Payment required according to circumstances. **Inmates** leave at 16 years of age, when situations are found for them. **Management.**—By a Committee of not less than 7 subscribers. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £437; legacy, £100; payments for inmates, £87; miscellaneous receipts, £33. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 60; admitted during 1887-8, 4. Bankers, J. Brown & Co., 25 Abchurch Lane, E.O. Treasurer, W. Patey, Esq.; Superintendent, Miss Riddick; Sec., Mr. J. D. Cooper, at the Office.

ST. MATTHEW'S HOME FOR FEMALE ORPHANS (1839), 35 and 37 Ossington Street, W.

Object.—‘To provide destitute female orphans with maintenance and clothing, together with such religious instruction and moral training as may enable them to gain an honest livelihood as servants or otherwise.’ **Admission.**—By election of subscribers, and payment of an entrance fee of £4. Candidates must be recommended by a subscriber, and furnish certificates of birth or baptism, or other evidence of age, of parents' marriage and death, and of health. **Management.**—By Committee, elected annually by subscribers. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £228; invested funds and rent, £95; entrance fees and payments for children, £46. **Inmates.**—21. Hon. Secs., Rev. J. Filmer Sullivan, 29 Pembridge Gardens, W.; Rev. H. R. Foster, 24 Norfolk Terrace, W.

BAYSWATER ORPHAN ASYLUM (1833), 26 Kensington Park Road, W. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—A home for destitute orphan girls. **Admission.**—By election of subscribers, or by payment. Annual subscribers of 5s., or donors of £5. 5s., have one vote at each election. Any person on payment of £63, or £84 (according to age of child), may immediately place an orphan. Candidates for election must be nominated by a subscriber of not less than £1. 1s. Case should be sent to Secretary between 1st August and 30th November. Medical certificate of health of child is required. Certificates required, before admission, of birth of child, marriage of parents, and death of father. Payment of £3 required for clothing. No child admitted under six years of age. Girls leave at 15 years of age for service, when they are provided with an outfit. Elections take place on last Thursday in January. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1880-81).—£378. 6s. 4d. **Inmates.**—17. Hon. Secretary, Miss Michell, 3 Kensington Park Gardens, W.

LADIES' CHARITY SCHOOL (1702), Powis House, Powis Gardens, Notting Hill, W.

Object.—To educate and maintain daughters of respectable parents who have seen better days. **Admission.**—By election, or immediately on payment of £105. Application must be made to the Hon. Secretary.

Certificates are required of marriage of parents and candidate's baptism. Diseased, deformed, or infirm children are ineligible. Payment, £2. 18s. admission money. Inmates are educated for domestic service. They remain until 16, when they are provided with situations. **Management.**—By a Committee of ladies, and Finance Committee of gentlemen. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £533; invested funds, £173; payments by inmates, £78; profits of private ball, £114; **Inmates** (1887-8).—52. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetta, & Co. Treasurer, S. Hoare, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Miss A. C. Moore, Oakfield, Eltham.

GIRLS' HOME, 123 Gloucester Terrace, W.

Hon. Sec., Miss Bell.

CERTIFIED TRAINING HOME (1884), 25 Argyle Road, Castle Hill, Ealing, W.

Object.—To give a happy home-life and a thoroughly good training in domestic service to orphans whose parents did not belong to the pauper class, but who would otherwise be brought up in workhouse schools. The ten younger girls attend the Parish School; the four elder ones receive training for service in the Home, where they are taught to do the housework, washing, cooking, and needlework. **Admission.**—Most of the children are sent by boards of guardians. Age preferred, 5 to 10. Payment, 5s. per week. **Management.**—Private, by Miss Mayo. **Inmates** (1887).—14.

ST. PAUL'S HOME FOR GIRLS, 53 Sydney Street, Brompton, S.W.

HOME FOR FRIENDLESS GIRLS (1885), Francis Grove, St. George's Road, Wimbledon.

Object.—For the shelter of girls rescued from vicious surroundings. **Admission.**—Ages, from 6 to 16. Payment, £15 a year. Medical certificate required, also consent from the guardian of the girl. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£334. **Inmates.**—18. Treasurer, Miss Gowan, Woodlands, Wimbledon; Hon. Sec., Miss C. S. Witta, 13 Homefield Road, Wimbledon.

ST. PANCRAS FEMALE ORPHANAGE AND CHARITY SCHOOL (1776), 108 Hampstead Road, N.W.

Object.—To maintain, clothe, educate, and train for domestic service female orphans belonging to the parish of St. Pancras. **Admission.**—By votes of subscribers. Age of admission, between 9 and 11. **Management.**—By the Trustees in committee, being all subscribers (both ladies and gentlemen) of £2. 2s. per annum. A ladies' committee is appointed to look after the general domestic arrangements. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £212; dividends, £233; legacies, £600; grants, £30; offertory, £10; proceeds of dinner, bazaar, and ball, £249. **Inmates.**—65. Bankers, City Bank, Tottenham Court Road. Treasurers, T. F. Wilding, Esq., 2 Chesterfield Street, Euston Road, and J. T. Glazier, Esq., Mavis Bank, Park Hill Rise, Croydon; Hon. Sec., C. Worrell, Esq., Vestry Hall, Pancras Road, N.W.

HOME FOR FEMALE ORPHANS (1786), Grove Road, St. John's Wood, N.W.

Object.—'To provide an asylum for poor orphan girls who have lost both parents, and to clothe, board, and instruct them.' **Admission.**—By election of subscribers. Girls must be born in lawful wedlock, and be

between 6 and 11 years of age. Preference is given to those of respectable parentage. Certificate according to form (to be had of Hon. Secretary) required, also medical certificate as to general state of health, freedom from scrofulous or scorbutic disorder, fits, or disease, deformity, or infirmity, and certificate of birth and baptism, or satisfactory evidence of age. Those resident within 10 miles of London must be examined by the surgeon of the Institution. Marriage and burial of parents must be proved. Girls are kept until 16 years of age, unless constitutionally weak, when period *may* be extended, and, on leaving, they are supplied with an outfit, and, if possible, placed in reputable families. Guarantee required (except in cases of urgency or destitution) that in event of Committee being unable to find a situation the girl shall be no longer chargeable on the funds. Friends of children may visit them on first Monday in every month between 9 and 12 a.m., and 2 and 5 p.m. Children, being qualified as above, *may* be admitted without election on payment of not less than £70 at once or partly. The age of admission may in this case be extended on increased payment. Duly qualified candidates for election may be admitted *until elected* on payment of not less than £15 a year. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed annually at meeting by and from Governors, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887–8).—Charitable contributions, £1,022; invested funds, £422. **Inmates** (1887–8).—75. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, Frederic Harvey, Esq.; Hon. Sec., E. B. Randall, Esq., 4 Northwick Terrace, Maida Hill, N.W.; Matron, Miss Laver.

ORPHAN HOME, The Cottage, Mill Lane, Hampstead Heath, N.W.

THE ORPHANAGE, Gayton Road, Hampstead, N.W.
Hon. Sec., Miss MacInnes.

MOUNT HERMON GIRLS' ORPHAN HOME (1863), 47, 49, & 55 Cambridge Road, Kilburn, N.W., and 'Praise Cottage,' Mill Lane, West Hampstead, N.W.

Object.—To receive 'destitute orphan girls between 5 and 12 years of age, without election or charge, whenever there is a vacancy. . . . They are treated as a family, and at 15 years of age are placed in suitable situations.' **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. Orphans may also be admitted on payment of £14 a year each. Orphans who have relations able to provide for them are ineligible. Inmates are instructed in the elementary branches of English education, and receive industrial training in all kinds of housework and needlework. **Management.**—By Mrs. Parry. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £1,527; payments for children, £133; sale of fancy goods, £72. **Inmates.**—114. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank, Kilburn. Treasurer and Secretary, Mrs. Parry.

THE HOME (1888), 31 Windsor Terrace, City Road, N.

Object.—A home for girls over the age of 14 years, and resident within the parish of St. Mary's, Hoxton, where they will be fed, clothed, lodged, and instructed in domestic service, without charge. A few girls who are employed during the day can also be lodged upon payment of a small fee. **Admission.**—By application to Miss Kate Garton, 39 Fairbank Street, N. **Management.**—By the founders, Miss Meiggs and Miss N. Meiggs, 123 Cromwell Road, Kensington.

BRIXTON ORPHANAGE FOR FATHERLESS GIRLS (1876), 57 Barrington Road, Brixton, S.W.

Object.—‘To receive, maintain, clothe, and educate gratuitously female orphan children who, by the loss of both parents or of the father only, have been left without any means of support, and train them as domestic servants.’ **Admission.**—By application. Certificates required of marriage of parents, death of father, and birth of child. Children must be between 5 and 12 years of age. No payment required. Situations are obtained for them on attaining 14 to 16 years of age, and a suitable outfit provided. Those orphans whose conduct while in service has been good are received back temporarily when out of a situation. The ‘Family System’ is adopted, the children being under a head matron, assisted by two under-matrons, through whom the children derive all the advantages of home life. **Management.**—The general management and administration of the internal affairs of the Home are under the direction of the Hon. Superintendent. **Income** (1887).—From charitable contributions, £2,198. **Inmates.**—300. Bankers, Smith, Payne, & Smiths. Treasurer, E. C. Smith, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. E. Varco; Founder and Hon. Superintendent, Mrs. Montague.

GIRLS’ PROTECTIVE HOME (1884), 68 Vassall Road, North Brixton, S.W.

Object.—To receive girls in dangerous circumstances, but not fallen. **Admission.**—By application to the Lady Superintendent. (The Home was originally started as the Girls’ Preventive Home, at 62 Arthur Road, and thence removed to 225 Brixton Road.) Payment, 6s. per week. Each girl is expected to bring a plain outfit, and a medical certificate is required, stating that the girl is in good health, and free from any cutaneous disorder. The period of training varies according to circumstances, the girls being taught the ordinary branches of an English education, as well as singing, drilling, &c., and are examined annually by an educational inspector. When the training is completed, suitable situations are found for the inmates, and prizes are given to those who keep their situations for a specified period. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1887–88).—Charitable contributions, £82; payments for cases, £244; repayments for outfits, £22; Christmas sale, £57. **Inmates.**—25. Lady Superintendent, Miss Hurley.

INDUSTRIAL HOME, Acre Square, Clapham, S.W.

PERSEVERANCE ASSOCIATION: FREE REGISTRY OFFICE AND HOME FOR GIRLS (1877), Perseverance Lodge, St. John’s Road, South Norwood (close to Norwood Junction Station).

Object.—To befriend neglected girls, to gather them together for spiritual instruction, to help them to find situations, and to receive them in the Home for training, instruction, and discipline, and to prepare outfits for them. **Admission.**—By application to the Matron. Age, between 12 and 16. The Registry Office is open daily from 10.50 to 12.30. **Management.**—By Committee of ladies. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £72; fees for board and registry fees, £22; proceeds of bazaar, £73. **Inmates** (1887).—43 (accommodation for 5). Treasurer, T. Wickham Jones, Esq., Frocester Lodge, South Norwood, S.E.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Wickham Jones.

MRS. PARR'S ORPHANAGE, Tooting.

Hon. Sec., Mrs. Parr, The Cedars, Upper Tooting.

HOME FOR CHILDREN, 23 Ridley Road, Dalston, N.

Object.—A home for orphan or destitute little children. **Admission.**—Free. Superintendent, Mrs. Botting.

COBURG HOME (1853), 66 Thistle Grove, Brompton, S.W.

(*No recent information.*)

Object.—A home for orphan and destitute girls. **Admission.**—By application to Miss Beauchamp, 3 Cromwell Road, South Kensington, S.W. Age of admission, 4 to 10 years. Every child must be vaccinated, and bring complete change of clothing; two pairs of boots, brush and comb. Register of birth must be produced. Parents may visit children on first Monday of every month, friends, once in three months. Month's notice required before removal. A guarantee for the payment of £14 a year must be obtained. The children are sent to the Chelsea Board School for their education. Girls are kept till 15 years of age and upwards according to circumstances, and are then sent out to service. **Management.**—Ladies' Committee appointed by Mrs. F. A. Bevan, of 56 Princes Gate. **Income** (1882).—Charitable contributions, £359; payments for inmates, £189. 11s.; sale of work, &c., £3. **Inmates.**—21. Bankers, Messrs. Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, F. A. Bevan Esq.; Hon. Secretary, Miss Beauchamp, 3 Cromwell Road, S.W.; Matron, Miss Shinn, at the Home.

CHILDREN'S HOME (1877), Roehampton, S.W.

Object.—'To support, educate, and train for domestic service little girls who, from destitution or other reasons, are unable to be so trained in their own homes.' **Admission.**—By application to Mrs. J. Douglas Charrington, Fernside, Wimbledon Common, S.W., for form of application. Payments, £10. 10s. a year, in advance, and £2. 2s. towards purchase of outfit, when girl goes to service, must be guaranteed by some respectable householder, who will be held responsible for removal of child when necessary. Each child must be provided with a change of clothes, and two pairs of good boots. **Management.**—By Mrs. Charrington. **Income** (1888-89).—Charitable contributions, £403; children's earnings, £39; proceeds of bazaar, £53; loan by Mrs. Charrington, £100. **Inmates** (1888-89).—43.

HAMBRO' ORPHANAGE FOR GIRLS (1879), Roehampton, S.W.

Object.—To receive girls who are orphans or fatherless; to support, educate, and train them for domestic service. **Admission.**—By order of precedence as vacancies occur or by payment. Candidates must be between 4 and 11 years old; proposed by a subscriber of £1. 1s. or donor of £10. 10s., and furnish certificate of parents' marriage where either survive, and medical certificate. Payment monthly or quarterly in advance, £12 per annum. Admission by purchase, according to age; for a child of four or five years old, £90. A donor of £250 is entitled to a presentation for life. Inmates remain until 15 years of age. They may be retained as servants in the Orphanage at a salary as vacancies occur. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by subscribers annually. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £198; payments for inmates, £277. **Inmates.**—24. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank, Putney. Treasurer, Hugh C. Smith, Esq., Mount Clare, Roehampton; Hon. Sec., Ernest Alexander, Esq., Ashburton Cottage, Roehampton.

MISS SHARMAN'S ORPHAN HOMES (1867), Austral Street and 21 West Square, Southwark, S.E. Country Branches: The Cedars, Overcliff, Gravesend; Lynwood, Upper Grosvenor Road, Tunbridge Wells; and Coombe Denys, Newton Abbott.

Object.—To afford a home and industrial training to destitute orphan girls. **Admission.**—By application to Miss Sharman. To be eligible a child must be an orphan and destitute; if over 12 years of age, must give satisfactory reference as to character. All cases are strictly investigated, and, except in extreme cases, they are admitted in rotation. Admission is free, except for cases supported by special subscription. The cost of maintenance is £15 a year. There is no fixed age either for receiving orphans or for sending the girls out to service. Each case is considered individually. Inmates are carefully instructed in superior needlework, and receive a plain English education. **Management.**—By Miss Sharman. **Income (1887-8).**—£6,101 **Inmates (1887-8).**—About 300. Bankers, London and County Bank, Newington Butts, S.E. Hon. Superintendent and Treasurer, Miss Charlotte Sharman, 20 West Square, Southwark, S.E.

GIRLS' HOME, 22 Woodlands Park Road, E.; Greenwich, S.E.

Object.—A preventive home for friendless girls. **Admission.**—Payment, 5s. a week. Age, 14 to 20. Certificate of health required. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887).**—£170. **Inmates.**—10. Bankers, London and County Bank. Treasurer, Mrs. Wood; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Robson, 2 The Paragon, Blackheath, S.E.

PRINCESS LOUISE HOME AND NATIONAL SOCIETY FOR THE PROTECTION OF YOUNG GIRLS (1835), Woodhouse, Harrow Green, Leytonstone, Essex. Office, 32 Sackville Street, W.

Object.—To provide a home, education, and industrial training for young girls—not thieves—who are in danger of becoming abandoned. **Admission.**—By Committee, on the recommendation of a subscriber, and payment of 4s. a week. A few free cases are received. The Secretary has power in urgent cases to admit subject to approval of Committee at next meeting. Girls must be between 11 and 15 years of age, and must be in imminent and absolute danger of becoming 'abandoned.' No girl allowed to leave the Home until qualified for domestic service, unless under special circumstances. A suitable situation is found on their leaving, an outfit provided, and prizes awarded annually for continued good conduct in service. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by subscribers at annual meeting. **Income (1888).**—Charitable contributions, £931; inmates' payments, £404; bazaars, £220; laundry, £192. **Inmates.**—46 (accommodation for 100). Bankers, Consolidated Bank, Charing Cross, London. Sec., Mr. A. M. Gillham; Matron, Miss Skinner.

VILLAGE HOMES FOR ORPHAN, NEGLECTED, AND DESTITUTE GIRLS (1876), Barking Side, Ilford, Essex. Office, 18 and 26 Stepney Causeway, E.

Object.—'To rescue young girls from destitution or moral peril, to train them in domestic service, and bring them up in Christian ways.' **Admission.**—Free on proof of destitution or moral peril. The Village consists of 49 detached cottages, and five larger households, which

provide accommodation for 1,000 girls on the family plan, each cottage containing from 15 to 25 inmates. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Number benefited** (1887-8).—917. **Founder and Director**, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; **Sec.**, Mr. John Odling.

BROCKHAM ORPHAN INDUSTRIAL HOME (1859), Brockham, near Reigate.

Object.—To provide a home for orphans of good character who are dependent on the parish for support. **Admission.**—Girls are admitted between the ages of 3 and 12, and remain until 15. **Payment**, £12 a year and outfit. A subscriber of not less than £1. 1s. can place a girl in the Home for a yearly payment of £10. **Management.**—By Committee. Bankers, London and County Bank, Dorking Branch. **Treas.**, Lieut.-Col. Seymour; **Hon. Sec.**, Miss Chaldecott, The Holmwood, Dorking.

BRABAZON HOME OF COMFORT (1885), Reigate.

Object.—To receive members of the Girls' Friendly Society and others who, not being eligible for any hospital, would otherwise linger out their days in a workhouse infirmary. A certain number of G.F.S. members will be admitted for industrial training. **Admission.**—By payment. **Invalids**, G.F.S., 8s. per week; non-members, 10s. **Industrials**, 4s.; girls sent through C.W.O. department, 3s. No person suffering from any infectious disorder, chronic insanity, or epilepsy can be admitted. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £271; free beds, £212; patients' payments, £228; proceeds of flower show, £41. **Inmates** (1888).—34 invalids, 11 industrials. **Treasurer**, Rev. G. F. Slade; **Hon. Sec.**, Miss Annie Cazenove, Ravenleigh, Betchworth; **Lady Superintendent**, Miss Innes.

MISS MITTENDORFF'S HOME FOR DESTITUTE AND DESERTED CHILDREN (1868), Clayton House, Epsom (formerly of Kilburn, London).

Object.—To train 'destitute girls for domestic service.' **Admission.**—By application to Miss Mittendorff, at the Home. A stamped envelope should be enclosed for reply. No child admitted under 3 years. They remain until 16 or 17, when situations are found for them and an outfit provided. Admission is free. No payment demanded if the child is destitute of friends, but, if offered, money will be accepted for a case, and may probably facilitate admission. £15 a year is the cost of each child. Medical certificate required as to general good health on admission. Case thoroughly looked into as to whether really destitute or deserted. **Management.**—The management of the Home is vested in Miss Mittendorff, who has a Council of four gentlemen to advise her in any difficulty. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £993; payment for children, £86; sale of work, &c., £6. Bankers, London and County. **Inmates.**—75. **Lady Superintendent**, Miss Macgrath.

ORPHAN HOME FOR LITTLE GIRLS (1885), Bungos House, Sydenham Road, North Croydon.

Object.—To receive little girls over 4 years of age, who have lost one or both parents. **Admission.**—Payment, 5s. per week when possible. Medical certificate required. Outfit furnished for service. **Management.**—Private. **Income** (1887).—£210. **Inmates.**—30. **Treasurer and Hon. Sec.**, Mrs. Smith, Dalkeith Cottage, Wellesley Road, Croydon.

SURREY ORPHANAGE AND HOME FOR GIRLS (1874), Bensham Grove, New Thornton Heath, Surrey. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—‘The reception of respectable girls from any locality who have lost their parents, or who from other circumstances stand in need of home care and training, and to fit them to become good and useful servants.’

Admission.—By application in writing to the Superintendent at the Home. Annual payment of £12 made quarterly in advance and £1 admission money is required. The ordinary age of admission is from 8 to 12, but girls who have had some training may be admitted older. Clothing is provided at the Home. Every child must have been vaccinated. Girls are brought up as members of the Church of England, and receive a plain education. **Management.**—By Superintendent, Treasurer, and Lady Visitors. **Income** (1882).—Charitable contributions, £142. 5s. 6d.; payments for inmates, £148. 10s. **Inmates** (1881).—12. Hon. Treasurer, Miss J. Welch, Beaulieu, South Norwood Hill; Supt., Miss Beagley.

INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR FRIENDLESS GIRLS (1881), 1 Ordnance Terrace, Chatham.

Object.—To provide a home for orphan and other girls who are deprived of proper parental care. **Admission.**—Age, 9 to 16. Payment, 3s. 6d. per week when possible. After three months spent in the Home the charge is 2s. 6d. per week. Each girl to remain at least three months. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1886).—£227. Treasurer, Colonel H. F. Cooper; Hon. Sec., Rev. W. H. Duke.

HOUSE OF REFUGE AND INDUSTRIAL HOME (1856), Chatham Hill, Chatham.

Admission.—Age, 17 to 25. **Inmates.**—26. Hon. Sec., Rev. W. H. Duke, St. Mary's Vale, Chatham.

BRIGHTON FEMALE ORPHAN ASYLUM (1823), Eastern Road, Brighton.

Object.—‘To clothe, board, and instruct gratuitously, poor orphan girls who have lost both parents.’ **Admission.**—Age of admission, 6 to 10 years. They receive an ordinary elementary education, and instruction in household duties. No payment required. Each case must be nominated by a subscriber, who certifies to the truth of the particulars adduced. Inmates remain until 16, when they receive an outfit and are placed in service. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £362; collections, £70; invested funds, £75. **Inmates.**—27. Bankers, Hall, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Major-General Hoste, C.B., Havelock Lodge, Eastern Road; Hon. Sec., J. O. Thomas, Esq., 133 Marine Parade; Sec., Miss Bayley, 81 Marine Parade, Brighton.

CARDROSS HOME FOR TRAINING NEGLECTED GIRLS (1877), 17 Warleigh Road, Ditchling Road, Brighton.

Object.—To train girls in circumstances of difficulty or danger for domestic servants. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Secretary. Age of admission, 8 to 12 years, except in special cases. Medical certificate of good health required. Prison and penitentiary cases not received, nor girls with a confirmed habit of pilfering or thieving. The parents or guardians must consent to the girl remaining in the Home or under the control of the Committee for two years, or at the option of the Committee until she is 15 years of age. Any person paying £15 a year has the

right to have a girl trained in the Home. **Management.**—By Committee of ten ladies elected at the annual meeting, with four *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—£223. **Inmates.**—26 (accommodation for 27). Bankers, Hall, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Surgeon-General Clarke, 18 Vernon Terrace; Hon. Sec. and Assistant Treasurer, Mrs. Arthur Smith, Tirlmont, Preston Park, Brighton.

GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL HOME (1854), 12 Egremont Place, Brighton.

Object.—To provide a home for poor girls and orphans of good character. **Admission.**—Age, 8 to 16. Payment, £2. 10s. per quarter for Brighton girls; £3 if from other towns. Outfit and certificates of birth and health required. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1886).—£1,048. **Inmates.**—27. Treas. and Hon. Sec., Capt. Kirby, 20 Chesham Place.

INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR GIRLS, Lewes.

Hon. Sec., Miss Tursted, Lewes.

ST. JOHN'S ORPHANAGE (1872), Maze Hill, St. Leonards-on-Sea. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To receive orphans between the ages of 6 and 10 years, and to train them for domestic service. **Admission.**—By payment. Application must be made to Lady Superintendent, 8 Maze Hill, St. Leonards-on-Sea. Applicants must have lost both parents. Certificates are required of marriage of parents, death of both parents, and of baptism of child. Payment, £15 per annum. Clothing is provided. Inmates remain until 15 years, when they are sent to service, and an outfit is provided for them. **Management.**—By Lady Superintendent, appointed by the Chaplain. **Income.**— . **Inmates.**—20.

HOME FOR MOTHERLESS LITTLE GIRLS (1871), The Dale, Upperton Road, Eastbourne.

Object.—To provide maintenance and training for destitute children. **Admission.**—At discretion of the Superintendent. Girls are received between the ages of 4 and 12 years. Certificates and recommendations required according to the nature of the case. No payment is required if the case is destitute. Inmates are trained for domestic service, and leave when capable of taking situations, when outfits are provided. **Management.**—By Miss Lee. **Income** (1888).—£603. **Inmates** (1888).—40. Lady Superintendent, Miss Jane Lee.

ORPHANAGE OF THE SISTERS OF BETHANY (1873), Springbourne, Bournemouth.

Object.—For poor children from 2 years old. **Admission.**—5s. weekly; entrance fee, £3. 3s. Baptismal and medical certificates required. Outfit given on leaving for service. **Management.**—By the Community of the Sisters of Bethany, Lloyd Square, Clerkenwell, W.C. **Inmates.**—100. Hon. Sec., the Sister-in-charge.

ST. SWITHIN'S LAUNDRY TRAINING HOME (1885), Sherborne, Dorset.

Object.—To admit friendless girls, not fallen. **Admission.**—Age, 15 years old and upwards. Entrance fee, £1. Certificate of health and consent of friends required; also clothing. Outfit given on leaving for service. The Home is Church of England, and inmates are received as members of St. Swithin's Guild. **Management.**—Private. **Inmates.**—14. Hon. Sec., Mrs. E. M. Young, Schoolhouse, Sherborne.

ST. THOMAS'S INDUSTRIAL HOME AND ORPHANAGE, Oxford.

Object.—To train friendless girls for service and to rescue children from evil surroundings. **Admission.**—Payment, £3. 5s. per quarter. Some free cases. **Management.**—By the Sisterhood of St. Thomas the Martyr. **Inmates.**—80. Hon. Sec., the Mother Superior.

TEMPORARY AND TRAINING HOME FOR FRIENDLESS GIRLS (1883), 7 Church Street, St. Ebbes, Oxford.

Object.—To admit girls of any age requiring a temporary home or training for service. Destitute local cases are admitted free; payment of 3s. 6d. a week is required for girls whose parents are able to pay. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£151. **Inmates.**—8. Bankers, London and County Bank, Oxford. Treasurer, Mrs. Bourne; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Sanday, 12 Canterbury Road, Oxford.

ST. PETER LE BAILEY'S CHILDREN'S HOME, Oxford.

Object.—To train orphans or destitute children. **Admission.**—Free. Children of any age admitted. **Inmates.**—6.

ST. LUCY'S HOME OF CHARITY (1866), Hare Lane, Gloucester.

Object.—To provide a home for orphans. **Admission.**—Application should be made to the Sister Superior, at the Home. The age of admission is 12, and the payment £12 a year. Inmates receive a good training in laundry, house, and needle work. **Management.**—By the Sisterhood of St. John the Baptist, Clewer.

BRISTOL ASYLUM FOR POOR ORPHAN GIRLS (THE BLUE MAIDS) (1795), Hook's Mills, Ashley Hill, Bristol. Offices, Shannon Court, Bristol.

Object.—For poor orphan girls, 6 to 12 years of age, who have lost both parents. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Secretary for forms. Girls are trained for domestic service. On leaving the institution situations are found for them. Certificates or other satisfactory proof of parents' marriage, child's birth, and death of father and mother required, together with a medical certificate of the child's health. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions and collections, £190; invested funds and rent, £718; legacies, £1,100; needlework, £11. **Inmates.**—46. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England, Bristol. Treasurer, W. H. Harford, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mr. Henry Cooke.

BRISTOL INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR DESTITUTE GIRLS (1852), 11 Dowry Parade, Hotwells, Clifton, Bristol.

Object.—To receive destitute girls exposed to evil influences, and train them for domestic service. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Secretary at the Home. Children are received between the ages of 6 and 12 years. Certificates of health, baptism, and vaccination are required. Cases subject to fits are ineligible. Cases are received from any part of England. Payment, £10 per annum. Inmates remain until considered fit for service by the Committee. An outfit of clothing is given when a girl is placed in service, provided she has behaved well and been in the Home upwards of two years. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £90; invested funds,

£18; voluntary payments for inmates, £216. **Inmates.**—25. Bankers, Bank of England, Bristol Branch. Sec. and Treasurer, Miss Saunders, Sutton House, Clifton, Bristol.

CHELTENHAM FEMALE ORPHAN ASYLUM (1806), Cheltenham.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. Candidates must be recommended by life governors or subscribers, and the following certificates are required, with a declaration from the clergyman of the parish where parents resided of their respectability and the good conduct of the child: of parents' marriage and death; of birth and baptism, 'to prove the child not under 7, or more than 11 years old'; 'declaration from relieving officer of the parish where the child has resided that she has not been an inmate of the union or workhouse'; and a medical certificate of vaccination, and of freedom from infectious disorder, fits, and organic disease. No payment required. Inmates kept until about 18 years of age, when a good situation in service is provided. Elections take place twice a year (April and October). **Management.**—By Committees. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £332; invested funds, £533; other sources, £27. **Inmates** (1888).—39. Bankers, County and Gloucester Bank. Treasurer, J. S. Christie, Esq.; Hon. Sec., William Gardner, Esq.

HOLY CROSS HOME, Kennington Park, S.E. Under the direction of the Fathers of St. John, Cowley.

One part of this institution, called *St. Stephen's Home*, has for its **Object**—To provide a home and education for 30 girls. **Admission.**—Those recommended by the Sisters or the Associates of the Home are received free, the remainder on a payment of 5s. weekly. They are clothed, and trained, according to their ability and station, either for teaching, telegraph, and postal work, &c., or for domestic service. They are received at any age, and kept until they are 18. **Management.**—By the Chaplain and Sisters of the Holy Cross (Church of England). **Income.**—'Funds almost entirely from the Sisters' private property.' **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 30. Bankers, Messrs. Bosanquet, Salt, & Co. Secretary, the Assistant Superior.

GIRLS' TRAINING SCHOOL (1868), 169 Orts Road, New- town, Reading.

Object.—A training school for orphan girls. **Admission.**—By nomination. Free, except in special cases. Medical certificate required. Age of admission, 11 to 13 years. Outfit not required. Applications considered on Tuesdays from 11 to 1. Inmates are kept until 15 years of age. **Management.**—By Committee of Management (3 members). **Income.**—'Rather a private than a public charity.' **Inmates.**—12. Treas., Mrs. Moxhay; Secretary, Mr. G. Palmer, The Acacias, Reading.

GIRLS' HOME (1874), Friarne Street, Bridgwater.

Object.—To assist friendless girls of good character. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Endowment, £1,000; receipts, £161. **Inmates.**—15. Treasurer, Mrs. Thompson; Hon. Sec., Mrs. H. Brook.

CORNWALL HOME FOR DESTITUTE LITTLE GIRLS (1868), Bellevue Terrace, Falmouth.

Object.—To afford 'a home for those destitute little girls who, through the misconduct or inability of their natural guardians, have been thrown from their early years on the streets.' **Admission.**—Age of admission,

from 6 to 10 ; complete destitution being the sole claim for free admission. Should there be several candidates, the most helpless and neglected is, in all cases, selected, irrespective of parentage. Fatherless girls, whose mothers are dependent on their own earnings for subsistence, are eligible, the mother paying such sum per week as the Committee shall deem proper ; also motherless girls, by a payment of 2s. 6d. by the father. Further, any destitute girl whose friends can raise 2s. 6d. per week is admitted if room. Applications for admission must be made to the Committee through the Secretary. Doctor's certificate required, saying that the child has been vaccinated, and is not suffering from any infectious disease. **Management.**—By Committee of 16 ladies and five gentlemen, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £246 ; payments for inmates, £92. **Inmates.**—31. Bankers, Williams & Grylls. Treasurer, Mrs. Hugoe ; Hon. Sec., Miss Francis, Green Bank, Falmouth.

HOUSE OF MERCY (certified to receive pauper cases, 1882), Lostwithiel.

Object.—The reception of infant children under six years of age.

ST. ALBAN'S HOME AND ORPHANAGE FOR GIRLS (1859), Worcester. (Certified.)

Object.—To afford a home for any girls who need industrial training. **Admission.**—If from diocese, payment £12. 12s. per annum, and £1. 1s. entrance fee ; if beyond diocese, entrance fee £3. 3s. Orphans received free of charge. Certificate of baptism required. **Management.**—By Council. **Income** (1886).—£716. **Inmates.**—55. Treasurer, Rev. E. R. Dowdeswell, Bushley Parsonage, Tewkesbury ; Lady Superior, Miss C. S. Stillingfleet.

HOME FOR THE TRAINING AND EDUCATION OF ORPHAN AND DESTITUTE GIRLS (1871), Madres- field, Great Malvern. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 43.)

THE ORPHANAGE (1878), Holly Walk, Leamington. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Object.—To receive poor children, not necessarily orphans. **Admission.**—Age from 3 years. Payment, 5s. per week, paid quarterly ; this includes clothing. Outfit on entrance, and certificates of baptism and health required. **Management.**—Private. **Inmates.**—21. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Mrs. FitzGerald.

CROWLEY'S ORPHANAGE FOR POOR GIRLS (1869), 43 Lee Crescent, Edgbaston, Birmingham.

Object.—To maintain and educate poor orphan girls who were born in wedlock, and who have lost both parents, and afterwards to place them in situations. **Admission.**—By the Committee on a consideration of claims. A medical certificate is required, and certificates of the marriage and death of the parents, and of the age of the child. No child admitted under 6, or above 13, years of age. An outfit required with each child. The persons who apply for admission undertake to receive the child back in the event of the Trustees deeming it necessary from any cause to discharge her from the Asylum. **Inmates** are educated for domestic service. **Management.**—By Committee, consisting of the Mayor of Birmingham for the time being, and the ministers of certain Baptist and Independent chapels in Birmingham, with other elected members,

and by a Ladies' Committee. **Income** (1888).—Solely from invested funds, £272. 7s. 10d. **Inmates**.—10. Bankers, Lloyd's Banking Co. Treasurer, G. B. Lloyd, Esq., Edgbaston Grove, Birmingham; Sec. to Trustees, William T. Smedley, Esq., 57 Colmore Row, Birmingham; Sec. to Ladies' Committee, Mrs. Baker, Heath Green, Dudley Road, Birmingham.

ALSAGER BANK COTTAGE HOME FOR ORPHANS (1885), Newcastle-under-Lyme. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Object.—For the maintenance of the destitute orphans of respectable persons. **Admission**.—Age, not under 4 years. **Income** (1887).—£206. **Inmates**.—4. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Mrs. Edwards Heathcote.

THE FEMALE ASYLUM (1800), Newarke, Leicester.

Object.—Girls of respectable parentage who have lost one or both parents are eligible. **Admission**.—Age, not under 12. Free except a payment of £3. 15s. for clothing on admission, and help towards outfit on leaving. Medical certificates required, and references as to good character; 16 is the usual age for leaving. **Management**.—By Committee. **Inmates**.—17. Bankers, Pares' Bank. Treasurer, A. Malin, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Miss Bessie Green, 17 Highfield Street, Leicester.

THE ORPHANAGE (1875), Evans Cottage Home, Windmill Hill Lane, Derby.

Object.—For orphans from Derbyshire only; must have lost both parents. **Admission**.—Age, under 14. Free. The orphans remain till adopted. **Inmates**.—20. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Captain H. Feilden.

MIDLAND ORPHANAGE AND INDUSTRIAL TRAINING INSTITUTION (1861), Old Lenton, near Nottingham.

Object.—To afford a home to orphans and destitute children. **Admission**.—Payment various, according to circumstances. Some cases free. No girls admitted under the age of 8. Certificate of health required. **Management**.—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£735. **Inmates**.—35. Bankers, Wright & Co. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, Henry Taylor, Esq., jun., Alcester House, The Park, Nottingham.

NORTHAMPTONSHIRE ORPHANAGE FOR GIRLS (1868), St. Giles's Street, Northampton.

Object.—To receive destitute orphan girls. **Admission**.—Free, if elected by the subscribers, between the ages of 8 and 12. Orphan girls also taken on payment of £4 per quarter. **Management**.—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£596. **Inmates**.—30. Bankers, Northamptonshire Union Bank. Hon. Sec., Lieut.-Col. Rose.

ST. SAVIOUR'S ORPHANAGE (1873), Hitchin.

Object.—To train poor girls as servants. **Admission**.—Some free cases and some at payment of 5s. per week. **Management**.—By Trustees. **Income** (1887).—£300. **Inmates**.—24. Hon. Sec., Rev. G. Gainsford, Vicar of St. Saviour's, Hitchin.

ROSE COTTAGE (1880), and **LEE COTTAGE** (1883), Dickleburgh, Scole, Norfolk.

Object.—A certificated Home for orphan girls who would otherwise be brought up in the union. **Admission**.—Children are received mostly from neighbouring unions at the age of 4, and attend the parish school.

At 12 years of age they become industrial girls, attending the school on alternate weeks, and being trained at the Home to cook, wash, and do housework. At 14 or 15 they are placed out in service. The usual payment from the guardians is 3s. 6d. a week with each child. **Management.**—By Mrs. Brandreth, Dickleburgh Rectory, Scole, Norfolk; but the Homes are now vested in the Waifs and Strays' Society. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £168; payments by guardians and others, £356. **Inmates** (1887).—20 at Rose Cottage; 25 at Lee Cottage.

ORPHANS' HOME (1847), Chapel Field, Norwich. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Object.—To provide a home for destitute children, both parents being dead, taken from any part of the country. **Admission.**—Cases received in order of application if recommended by subscriber of £1. 1s. Payment, 2s. 6d. per week. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1886).—£381. **Inmates.**—21. Treasurer, Mrs. Oddin Taylor; Hon. Sec., Miss Cooke, Trinity Street, Unthinks Road, Norwich.

THE LITTLE ORPHANAGE, Honington. (Certified.)

Object.—To receive orphans who would otherwise be brought up in the workhouse. **Admission.**—Payment, 3s. per week for cases from Shipston Union; 3s. 6d. for other cases. **Management.**—Private. **Income** (1887).—£161. **Inmates.**—7. Treasurer, Mrs. Webb; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Townsend.

WORKING GIRLS' HOME (1886), 2 Friars Road, Ipswich.

Object.—A preventive home for factory girls. **Admission.**—Payment, 3s. 6d. per week until girl can support herself by stay-work, which is supplied from a factory in the town. Age, not under 12. Girls are taught stay-work or trained for service. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£196. **Inmates.**—19. Bankers, Gurneys, Alexanders, & Co. Treasurer, A. F. Nicolson, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Miss L. Bugg, Berners Street, Ipswich.

TRAINING SCHOOL AND ORPHANAGE (1886), St. Helen's, Ipswich.

Object.—To receive poor girls. **Admission.**—Payment, £11 per annum; £10 if recommended by subscriber. Age, 5 to 18; if over 18 years of age, may be admitted for seven months. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1885).—£367. **Inmates.**—30. Bankers, Alexander & Cobbold. Treas., Rev. J. U. Robson; Hon. Sec., Mrs. J. P. Cobbold.

GIRLS' HOME, Wolsey Street, Ipswich.

GIRLS' FRIENDLY SOCIETY HOME (1881, certified to receive pauper cases, 1882), 76 Newland, Lincoln.

Object.—To give young girls leaving the workhouse some months' training in household work before going to service, to place them in respectable situations, and to provide temporary lodging in order to prevent their return to the workhouse. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec. Girls are admitted at the age of 13, or earlier if they have passed the 4th standard, the guardians allowing 4s. a week towards their maintenance. **Management.**—By Committee of ladies. **Income** (1887).—£331. **Inmates** (1887).—31. Bankers, Lincoln & Lindsey Bank. Treasurer, Mrs. Jarvis, Doddington Hall, Lincoln; Hon. Sec., Miss Clements, Sub-Deanery, Lincoln.

TRAINING HOME FOR FRIENDLESS GIRLS (1883), Scarborough.

Object.—To admit girls between 13 and 15 who are in dangerous circumstances. **Admission.**—Scarborough cases free; from other places, 4s. per week and clothing. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£124. **Inmates.**—7. Hon. Secretary, Mrs. Faithfull, Holy Trinity Parsonage.

THE JUBILEE OR LADIES' CHARITY SCHOOL (1810), New Bridge Street, Strangeways, Manchester.

Object.—This School provides a home for girls, chiefly orphans—the children of poor parents of good character. **Admission.**—Every subscriber may nominate a candidate for election. The children (except in special cases) shall have been resident in Manchester or Salford for at least three months. Age of admission, between 9 and 12 only. Outfit required. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£981. **Inmates.**—36. Treasurer, Jonas Craven, Esq.; Secretary, Mr. Fred. Scott, 100 King Street, Manchester.

TOXTETH PARK GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1851), 24 Dingle Lane, Liverpool.

Object.—To receive girls of the poorer classes, and orphans, between the ages of 10 and 13, and train them for domestic service. **Admission.**—By application to the Committee. Liverpool cases are received according to circumstances, on payment of from 1s. 6d. a week to 6s. Non-Liverpool cases are received at 3s. a week. Clothing is provided. Inmates remain until 16. No girl allowed to leave until fitted for domestic service. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £195; invested funds, £257; payments for inmates, £138; girls' earnings, £13. **Inmates.**—53. Treasurer, C. G. Rowe, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. D. A. Bingham; Matron, Miss Fraser.

TRAINING HOME FOR GIRLS (1874, certified to receive pauper cases, 1882), Vale House, 135 Saint Domingo Vale, Liverpool.

Object.—For the shelter, protection, and training of young girls for domestic service, preference being given to orphans. **Admission.**—Girls are admitted from the age of 8 and upwards, payment being according to the ability of friends. Needy cases free. Outfits given when girls are placed in service, which is at the age of 16. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£872. **Inmates.**—54. Bankers, Union Bank. Treasurers, Rev. F. H. Robarts, Glasgow; E. B. Priestley, Esq., A 14 Exchange, Liverpool. Hon. Secs., Mrs. Robarts, Glasgow; Miss Cornelius, 22 Fern Grove, Sefton Park, Liverpool.

FEMALE ORPHAN ASYLUM, Liverpool.

Object.—A home for orphan girls who have lost both parents. **Admission.**—Age, 7 to 11 years. Must have been born within seven miles of Liverpool. No workhouse child admitted. Certificates of marriage, death of parents, and birth of child required. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£3,062. **Inmates.**—137. Treasurer, R. Brancker, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Horace Walker, Esq.

HEADINGLEY ORPHAN HOMES (1886), Leeds. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Object.—Homes for orphans of respectable poor people. **Admission.**—Payment, when possible. Ages, from 2 to 12. Medical certificate required. Outfit given on leaving for service. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£939. **Inmates.**—100, 25 being boys. Treasurer, W. H. Conyers, Esq., Ilkley; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Whiting, Regent Villas, Headingley, Leeds.

ST. SAVIOUR'S HOME, Knowsthorpe, Leeds.

Object.—To receive young orphan girls. **Admission.**—Age between 2 and 4 years. Payment, £12 per annum. The children are trained to become schoolmistresses or servants. Hon. Sec., Sister-in-charge.

THE TRAINING HOMES (1884), 3 Roundhay Terrace, Roundhay Road, Leeds, and TRAINING HOME (1887), Marshall Street, Leeds.

Object.—These Homes are intended for training young girls who are friendless. **Admission.**—Girls from Leeds are taken gratuitously, unless one parent is living and able to pay; 3s. 6d. per week for girls from other places. Ages, 12 to 16. **Management.**—By Committee, &c. **Income** (1886).—£239. **Inmates.**—12 in each Home. Bankers, Williams, Browne, & Co. Treasurer, Mrs. R. Benson Jowitt, Elmhurst, Leeds; Hon. Sec., Mrs. W. Cannon, Suffolk House, Cumberland Road, Leeds.

ILKLEY AND WHARFEDALE ORPHANAGE AND CHILDREN'S HOME (1884), 10 Richmond Place, Ilkley, near Leeds.

Object.—To train destitute children. **Admission.**—If age above 12 years, certificate of good character required. A payment of not less than £10 a year; if possible, also a decent outfit. On leaving for situation an outfit is provided. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£180. **Inmates.**—15. Bankers, Craven Bank, Limited. Treasurer, W. Beverley, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Goodall, 9 Easby Drive, Ilkley.

CHILDREN'S HOME (1867), North Ormesby, Middlesborough.

Object.—To train girls who are orphans, destitute, or have bad homes, for service. **Admission.**—Age, 10 years. Payment when possible. **Management.**—By the Sisterhood of the Holy Rood, North Ormesby. **Income** (1887).—£197. **Inmates.**—16. Hon. Sec., Sister-in-charge.

DINAS TRAINING HOME FOR ORPHAN GIRLS (1882) (certified to receive pauper cases, 1882), Dinas, Brecon. (In connection with the G.F.S.)

Object.—The reception and training of orphan girls. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec. **Management.**—By a Committee of ladies and gentlemen appointed by the Founder. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions and donations, £55; inmates' payments, £42; interest, £4. **Inmates.**—7 (accommodation for 8). Bankers, National Provincial Bank, Brecon. Treasurer, Colonel Lloyd, Dinas, Brecon; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Aveline Maybery, The Priory, Brecon; Superintendent, Miss de Winton, Buckingham Place, Brecon.

PAYING HOMES.

DUDLEY STUART HOME (1852), 77 Market Street, Edgware Road, W.

Object.—To provide a home 'for training girls of the class who, from their own fault, want of good home training, or other adverse circumstances, are placed in difficulty or danger.' **Admission.**—By application to the Lady Superintendent, at the Home, any week-day between 10 a.m. and 4 p.m. No prison or penitentiary cases received. Girls must be between 13 and 17 years of age. They are trained for domestic service, and receive secular and religious instruction, and, on leaving, situations are found for them. Payment required of 5s. a week in advance. The person upon whose application a girl is admitted is responsible for her maintenance money for not less than three months, if necessary. A clothing fee of £1 is payable for each girl on admission. **Management.**—Committee, appointed by the Founder, and elected by coöption. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £271; invested funds, £55; payments for inmates, £276; laundry work, £119. **Inmates** (1887).—26 admitted. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurer, the Hon. H. D. Ryder; Hon. Sec., S. H. Walrond, Esq., 65 Lancaster Gate, W.; Lady Superintendent, Miss Daw.

ORPHANAGE OF THE INFANT SAVIOUR (1866), Percy Road, Kilburn, N.W.

Object.—'To educate for domestic service girls who have lost one or both parents.' **Admission.**—By nomination and payment of £3. 5s. quarterly in advance, or £1. 19s. if nominated by an annual subscriber of £5. 5s. or donor of £50, or parish subscribing £20 per annum (which can nominate four children at a time). Entrance fee, £2; age of admission, between 2 and 7. Certificate of baptism required. Situations are found for girls on their leaving, and an outfit is given if conduct has been satisfactory. **Management.**—By Trustees (Rev. E. D. Cleaver, Rev. W. W. La Barte, T. F. Marson, Esq.). **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £208; payments for inmates, £788; profits from laundry, £28; Government grant, £59; visitors' board, £62. **Inmates.**—150 children, 20 adults. Treasurer, Miss C. P. Boyd; Sec., Miss J. Young, 39 Oxford Road, Kilburn, N.W.

INDUSTRIAL HOME (TRE-WINT) (1850), 190 Haverstock Hill, N.W.

Object.—To provide a home and industrial training for girls (14 years of age and upwards), who 'are naughty, tiresome, and unmanageable by their friends, and who are unable to keep small situations in which they have been placed, from having committed petty theft, proved themselves deceitful, or untrustworthy, untaught concerning the household duties they ought to be able to fulfil, or who are in danger from bad companions. Prison and penitentiary cases are strictly excluded.' **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec. Payment of 3s. 6d. a week—quarterly in advance—required from parents or patrons, of girls, under 17 years; 4s. a week must be paid for those under 14 or above 17, with suitable clothing. Certificate of health required. Girls are taught needlework, reading, writing, and the rudiments of arithmetic, laundry-work, and take part in cleaning the house. They are expected to remain at least one year. Suitable situations found for the girls when they leave. **Management.**—

Committee of ladies. Income (1888-9).—Charitable contributions, £264; payments for inmates, £467; industrial department, £353. **Inmates.**—39. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, Hon. Mrs. David Bevan, 4 Lower Berkeley Street, W.; Hon. Sec., Miss Roberts, East Heath, Willow Road, Hampstead, N.W.

ST. BARNABAS' ORPHANAGE, 6, 7, and 8 Bloomfield Place, Pimlico, S.W.; and at Chislehurst.

Object.—To receive and provide a home for the orphans of respectable parents, and to train them as laundry, kitchen, and house servants. A plain English education given, with instruction in good plain needlework. **Admission.**—By application to the Sister-in-charge. Payment, £12, and £2 entrance fee. Two children in ten received free. Medical certificate, copy of baptismal register, and marriage certificate of parents required before the admission of a child. Situation found, and outfit provided on leaving the home. When out of situation a girl may return temporarily to the Orphanage provided her conduct has been satisfactory. **Management.**—By Sisters of St. John the Baptist, Clewer. **Income.**—Voluntary subscriptions, payments for inmates, and receipts from laundry and needlework. **Inmates.**—45 children in Bloomfield Place, 25 at Chislehurst.

GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL HOME (1857), 57 Stockwell Road, S.W.

Object.—To receive and train for domestic service girls of good character who are motherless or exposed to bad influence at home. **Admission.**—Apply to Miss Freeman, the Lady Superintendent, at the Home. Girls are received between the ages of 13 and 15 on the payment of £2. 10s. quarterly in advance by some lady or gentleman, who guarantees this amount so long as the girl remains in the Home. The period of residence is two years. Every exertion is made to obtain good situations for the girls, and on leaving an outfit is provided for them. The instruction given comprises household work, cooking, and laundry work, in addition to needlework, reading, writing, and arithmetic. **Management.**—By a Committee of gentlemen and ladies. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £151; payments for inmates, £238; girls' earnings, £176; sales of work, £22; collections, £22. **Inmates (1887).**—Average 26 (accommodation for 30). Treasurer, J. M. Thorne, Esq., Burntwood Lodge, Upper Tooting, S.W.; Hon. Sec., A. G. Beebe, Esq.; Lady Superintendent, Miss S. Freeman.

ORPHANAGE OF THE INFANT SAVIOUR (opened originally in Kensington, 1866), 27 Barry Road, East Dulwich, S.E.

Object.—'To educate for domestic service girls who have lost one or both parents.' **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary, with certificates of baptism and health. Personal interviews on Mondays. Girls are admitted between the ages of 2 and 7. Payment, entrance fee, £2, and £3. 5s. quarterly, in advance; or £1. 19s. quarterly, if nominated by a subscriber of £5. 5s. per annum, or donor of £50; or parish subscribing £20 per annum. The latter can nominate four, the former one child at a time. A good outfit is given to every girl who remains until fit for service. **Management.**—By Committee of ladies appointed by the Superior. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £240; payments for inmates, £220; sales, £20. **Inmates.**—36. Bankers, Birkbeck Bank. Treasurer, Miss Sola; Sec., Miss Theobald; Manager, Miss J. de B. F. Phelps.

GIRLS' ORPHANAGE (1864), Elm Grove, Wimbledon (late 'Pimlico Orphanage').

Object.—'To train orphan girls between the ages of 10 and 16 for domestic service, or to render them able to manage at some future time a home of their own.' **Admission.**—By annual payment of £13. Candidates must have lost father or mother and be in want. Certificates of baptism and health, and security for payment, are required. Certain specified clothing must be provided. Situations are found for the girls on their leaving. **Management.**—By Superintendent. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £91; payments for inmates, £300; receipts for children's needlework, £5. **Inmates.**—24. Supt., Mrs. Fitzgerald.

GIRLS' ORPHAN HOME (1858), Lower Tottenham (a branch of the Evangelical Protestant Deaconesses' Institution).

Object.—To train orphan girls for domestic service. **Admission.**—At the discretion of the Hon. Director. Girls admitted from 2 years old, of the class of respectable poor artisans and tradesmen. Donors of 40 guineas have the right of nominating one girl. Clothes are provided. Inmates leave at 16 years of age. **Management.**—By the Founder, Hon. Director, and Matron, appointed by Hon. Director, and a Committee of gentlemen appointed by Founder. **Income** (1887-8).—£515. **Inmates.**—12. Hon. Director, M. Laseron, Esq., M.D.; Matron, Miss S. Wyatt Jefferies.

ST. MARY'S INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR GIRLS (1879), 31 Stepney Green, E.

Object.—The training of girls, destitute or homeless, principally for domestic service. **Admission.**—By selection of the Committee, or by payment of 5s. a week, according to exigencies. Age of admission, 10 to 16 years. Inmates are kept in the Home till fit for service, or otherwise provided for. **Management.**—By a Committee of three ladies. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £156; payments for inmates, £139. **Inmates.**—16. Bankers, Messrs. Smith, Payne, & Smiths. Treasurer, Hon. Mrs. Charles Fremantle, Royal Mint, E.; Hon. Sec., Miss Ellice, 8 Hobart Place, S.W.; Matron, Miss Angood.

GIRLS' HOME, Wilfrid Lawson Hotel, Woodford.

Management.—Private. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Mrs. Andrew Johnston.

CHRISTIAN HOME FOR ORPHAN GIRLS (1866), East-field House, Hoe Street, Walthamstow.

Object.—'To receive destitute orphan girls, to give them a real home, caring for their bodily wants, and seeking to bring them to a saving knowledge of the truth as it is in Jesus.' 'The further design is to train them, as far as possible, for domestic service, suitable situations being found for them at about 16 years of age.' **Admission.**—There are no elections. The only qualifications are orphanhood and real need. Such cases are admitted, when there are vacancies, at the discretion of the Resident Superintendent. An annual subscriber of £15 can place an orphan in the Home. Each child should, if possible, be provided on entrance with linen, boots, and brush and comb. Certificates are required of parents' marriage, of their death, of the child's birth, and state of health. **Management.**—By the Resident Superintendent. **Income** (1887).—£400. **Inmates.**—33. Bankers, London and County Bank. Resident Superintendent and Treasurer, Mrs. Parsons.

HODDESDON INDUSTRIAL HOME (1858), Hoddesdon, Herts.

Object.—To receive twelve girls, and provide them with board, lodging, and industrial training. **Admission.**—By application to the Lady Superintendents, or to the Matron, at the Home; and payment of 5s. 6d. per week. Children are received between the ages of 12 and 17 years. They must be of good character, healthy, and capable of becoming good servants. Girls with any bodily infirmity are ineligible. Inmates are expected to bring with them clothes, according to a list specified. They are trained for domestic service, and remain until they are fit for situations. **Management.**—This Home is a private school, entirely managed by the two ladies who founded it. Lady Superintendents and Treasurers, Miss Faithfull and Miss Ottey.

ST. AGATHA'S HOME FOR ORPHAN GIRLS (1884), Bartlow, Cambridgeshire.

Object.—‘To receive children who, through the loss of parents or other circumstances, require care, to educate, and to train them for domestic service.’ **Admission.**—Age of admission, 2 to 10 years. Relatives are expected to contribute £13 a year; patrons interested in a case, from £15 upwards. Medical certificate of freedom from disease, and (in cases which admit of it) certificate of baptism required. Every child must have been vaccinated, and must bring a complete change of clothing. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £75; payments for children, £135. **Inmates.**—14. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, Mrs. A. R. O. Stutfield, 5 Amen Court, St. Paul's, E.C.; Matron, Mrs. Derbridge.

CAMBRIDGE LADIES' ASSOCIATION IN AID OF YOUNG SERVANTS (1868), 61 King Street, Cam- bridge.

Object.—A free registry for young servants. A home for girls requiring training in household work—cleaning, washing, needlework, and the plainest cooking. Free lodgings for respectable friendless girls temporarily out of place, who pay for board 6d. a day. **Admission.**—A weekly payment of 3s. 6d. is required for girls received into the Home, whether from guardians or private persons, together with clothing according to list, and medical certificate of health. ‘No applicant who has lost her character is received either into the Home or on the free registry.’ **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £172; payments by guardians and friends, £92. **Benefited.**—Placed in service by Registry Office, 115; in Home during year, 17; in free lodgings, 13. Bankers, Mortlock, Cambridge. Treasurer, Mrs. Adams; Sec., Mrs. Cayley, Garden House; Matron, Miss Hanson.

FEMALE REFUGE (1838), 16 and 19 Church Street, Cam- bridge.

Object.—A preventive training home for girls. **Admission.**—Age, 15 to 22. **Inmates.**—25.

ST. MARY'S INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR THE TRAIN- ING OF PAUPER GIRLS, Reigate. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Admission.—Payment, if sent by guardians, £13 per annum.

GIRLS' TRAINING SCHOOL (1872), Tiltham's Cottage, near Godalming.

Object.—A home, and domestic training for girls. **Admission.**—‘Girls must be about 14 years of age, with excellent characters and good health, and without any bodily or mental drawback to their becoming first-class servants.’ Annual subscribers of £1. 1s. have power to nominate girls. £1. 1s. is paid on admission, and £2. 5s. quarterly in advance. ‘It is intended that admission to the School should be a reward for good conduct to the best girls from National schools.’ Outfit required on entry according to list. ‘Girls are kept for about two years, and when ready for service are placed, upon application, in the families of subscribers.’ ‘There are, in connection with the School, homes in the houses of respectable widows, where girls of any age under 14 may be placed at 5s. per week until they are old enough to be eligible for the training school. **Management.**—By Mrs. Chilton. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £130; payments for inmates, £96; earnings by needlework, &c., £9. **Inmates.**—14 in School, 12 boarded out. Bankers, Capital and Counties Bank, Guildford. Lady Supt. and Treasurer, Mrs. Chilton, Littleton, Guildford.

HOME FOR TRAINING YOUNG PAUPER GIRLS (1886), Byrde's Cottage, Willingdon, Sussex. Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118. (In connection with Chichester House, Hurstpierpoint.)

Object.—To admit little girls who are still attending school, and to pass them on to Chichester House. **Admission.**—Payment, £10. 8s. per annum if sent by guardians. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—6. Hon. Sec., Hon. Mrs. Campion.

LAVANT HOME FOR THE TRAINING OF ORPHAN GIRLS (1871). (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 43.)

Admission.—Age, 8 to 15. **Inmates.**—20. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Sturgis Jones, West Street, Chichester.

CORNBURY HOME FOR GIRLS (1882), 9 Lansdowne Street, Brighton.

Object.—To give a good education to 12 destitute or orphan girls, and to train them for domestic service. **Admission.**—Payment, £3 a quarter in advance, and £3 on entrance for outfit, but cases are sometimes admitted free. Age of admission, 6 to 10. Three months' notice required previous to removal. Certificates of baptism and (medical) of good health required. **Management.**—Private, by Miss Childers, 65 Brunswick Place, Brighton. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £9; inmates' payments, £79.

INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR GIRLS, East Hill, Colchester. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 43.)

Object.—For respectable but destitute girls from 12 to 16 years of age. **Admission.**—Payment, 4s. per week. Outfit required. Girls remain a year. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£178. **Inmates.**—10. Bankers, Mills, Bawtree, & Co. Treasurer, Mrs. Bill, 1 Trinity Street, Coldinton.

DIOCESAN INDUSTRIAL TRAINING HOME (1885),

Warren House, Victoria Street, St. Albans.

Object.—To train girls for service. **Admission.**—Age, 13 to 15. Payment, 4s. per week, and a good outfit required. Certificate required of baptism; also medical certificate. One year's training given. Outfit required on leaving. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£207. **Inmates.**—8. Bankers, Messrs. Smith, Marten, & Co. Treasurer, G. N. Marten, Esq.; Hon. Secretary, Miss Dods, The Laurels, St. Albans.

TRAINING HOME FOR SERVANTS (1884), Triangle, Hitchin.

Object.—To train respectable girls. **Admission.**—3s. 6d. per week for cases sent by subscribers; 4s. 6d. for others, and outfit. Medical certificate required. Not less than six months' training is given, but girls are kept longer if necessary. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£259. **Inmates.**—16. Bankers, Sharples & Co. Treasurer, Mrs. Tindall Lucas, Foxholes, Hitchin; Hon. Secretary, Mrs. Hill.

STANLEY HOME (1851), Peacock Street, St. Saviour's, Norwich. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Object.—A home for orphan and friendless girls of respectable character, and to prepare them for service. **Admission.**—Payment, 3s. to 5s. per week. Age, 8 to 13. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£219. **Inmates.**—16. Bankers, Gurney & Co. Treasurer, H. Birkbeck, Esq.; Hon. Secretary, Mrs. Evans, St. Catherine's Close, Norwich.

DAY NURSERY AND ORPHANAGE, Beeston, near Nottingham. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Admission.—Payment, £11. 14s. per annum, if sent by guardians.

DAY NURSERY AND ORPHANAGE, High Pavement, Nottingham. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Admission.—Payment, £11. 14s. per annum, if sent by guardians.

STAR VILLA ORPHAN HOME, Napier Road, New Brompton, Kent.

Hon. Lady Superintendent, Mrs. Willis.

GIRLS' TRAINING SCHOOL (1857), 19 Romney Place, Maidstone.

Object.—To admit respectable girls and train them for service. **Admission.**—Payment, £3. 5s. per quarter. Girls to remain at least 12 months. **Inmates.**—14. Treasurers, Messrs. Wigan, Mercer, & Co.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Whatman.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 45 Marsham Street, Maidstone. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 43.)

Hon. Sec., Mrs. Stewart, The Vicarage, Maidstone. (This establishment is in connection with the School for Girls, Bishopstone, near Herne Bay, particulars of which are given on the following page.)

SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, Bishopstone, near Herne Bay. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Object.—To train girls for service. (Is in connection with the Home for Girls, Marsham Street, Maidstone.) **Admission.**—Payment, if sent by guardians, £13 per annum.

ST. PETER'S ORPHAN AND CONVALESCENT HOMES (1870), St. Peter's, Thanet; Railway Station, Broadstairs.

Object.—To maintain and educate 80 orphan girls, preference being given to those from London and the diocese of Canterbury. **Admission.**—(a) For orphans. By application to Mrs. Randall Davidson, The Deanery, Windsor. Applications must be accompanied by a responsible recommendation, medical certificate, and certificate of parents' marriage are subsequently required if the candidate is considered suitable. Age of admission, between 3 and 10. Orphans pay £15 a year, for which some person must be responsible. Applications will, however, be received on behalf of orphans for whom no one has yet offered to provide payment. For such endeavours will be made, if possible, to find 'lady associates.' Under 13 years children are taught in the school; from 13 to 16 they are under industrial training as well as instruction. Each child is watched over by an 'associate,' who undertakes to become acquainted with her, and endeavours to take, in some degree, the place of the parent she has lost. (b) For convalescents (*see* p. 183). **Management.**—By Lady Superintendent and staff, subject to the control of the General Committee (Chairman, the Archbishop of Canterbury), and a committee of ladies. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £380; invested funds, £456; Government grant, £53; payments for children, £756. **Inmates.**—80. Bankers, Herries, Farquhar, & Co., London; Cobb & Co., Margate. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Rev. F. N. Style, Crockenhill Vicarage, Swanley Junction, Kent; Resident Lady Superintendent, Miss Gould.

TRAINING HOME FOR ORPHAN GIRLS (1865), Folkestone Road, Dover.

Object.—To receive poor children deprived of one or both parents, and who have no relative able to maintain them, and give them such an education as will fit them for domestic service. **Admission.**—By application to the Manager. Children under 7 years of age ineligible. Payment, £2. 5s. 6d. a quarter, and entrance fee £5. These must be guaranteed by two responsible persons. Girls are not expected to leave the Home until they finally leave for service, at the age of 15 or 16. **Management.**—By Miss Haddon. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £143; invested funds, £20; payments for inmates, £244; other sources, £14; **Inmates.**—32. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England, Dover. Treasurer and Manager, Miss E. Haddon, 17 Maison Dieu Road, Dover.

ST. JOHN'S HOME, ORPHAN, AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1855), Clewer, Berks.

Object.—To provide a home for orphan daughters of respectable parents, and train them for service. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Sister-in-charge. Applicants must be between the ages of 6 and 18 years. A medical certificate of health, and a copy of the baptismal register required. Payment, £12 per annum, payable quarterly in advance; £3 must also be paid on admission, for entrance fee. A plain education is given. When about 14 years of age, inmates pass into the Industrial School, where they learn house and laundry work, and cooking. A limited number are trained as teachers. Situations are found for the

girls when they leave the Home, and an outfit is provided for them.

Management.—By the Sisters of St. John Baptist. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £245; payments for inmates, £674; laundry work, £72; needlework, £70. **Inmates** (1887).—68. Secretary, the Sister-in-charge.

ST. MICHAEL'S HOME FOR MOTHERLESS GIRLS, Shalbourne, near Hungerford, Berks.

Object.—Specified in title. **Admission.**—At discretion of Lady Superintendent and Secretary. Application must be made to the Lady Superintendent. Applicants must be between the ages of 3 and 12, recommended by a subscriber or clergyman of the parish in which they reside. Payment, £15 per annum, quarterly in advance; £13 in the case of sisters; including food, board, clothing, and education. For girls whose payments are made or guaranteed by subscribers of £1. 1s. per annum, £12. 12s.; sisters, £12. Inmates are trained for service, and remain to the age of 15 before they are entitled to an outfit. It is a distinctly Church of England institution. The younger girls attend the National school. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by subscribers at annual meeting. **Income.**—**Inmates.**—Bankers, Bank of England, Western Branch; London and County Bank, Hungerford. Treas., S. Surrey, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Rev. T. H. Michell, Bagshot, Hungerford.

COTTAGE ORPHANAGE OF THE HOLY SPIRIT (1878), Ascot Priory, Bracknell, Berks.

Object.—To receive orphans to be trained for service. **Admission.**—By payment. Application must be made to the Mother Superior. Age of admission, 3 to 12 years. Payment, £12 per annum, including clothes. Some cases are taken free. **Management.**—By the Sisters of Charity. Bankers, Sir S. Scott & Co. Mother Superior, E. Bertha.

HAYLING ISLAND COTTAGE HOME (1886), Eastoke, South Hayling, Hants.

Object.—To train young girls for service who are exposed to bad influences. **Admission.**—Age, 9 to 14. Payment, 2s. 6d. to 5s. per week. Medical certificate required. Outfit given on leaving for service. **Inmates.**—8. **Income** (1887).—£110. **Management.**—Private. Hon. Sec., Miss Emily Markham.

HAMPSHIRE FEMALE ORPHAN ASYLUM, Bellevue, Southampton. (Founded 1837, certified 1880.)

Object.—A home for female orphans—of one or both parents—born in the county of Hampshire. **Admission.**—By election of subscribers in May and November every year. Payment required of £2 on entrance, and £5 per annum afterwards. Certificates required of birth and baptism of candidate, marriage of parents, and death of one or both, and medical certificate. No child to be less than 7 or more than 12 years of age on the day of nomination, and to be kept in the Asylum until about 16 years of age, when situations as domestic servants are obtained for them. **Management.**—By Committee, limited to 15 members, and by a Ladies' Sub-Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £346; invested funds, £60; payments for inmates, £273; offertories, sale of work, &c., £19; legacies, £688. **Inmates.**—53. Bankers, Maddison & Co., Southampton. Treasurer, Mr. O. R. Dawson, Bellevue, Southampton. Hon. Sec., Miss Hoddinott, 69 Park Place, Bedford Place, Southampton.

ST. JOHN BAPTIST'S HOME (ORPHAN AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL) (1862), 9 Rose Street, Greek Street, Soho, W., and All Saints' Home, Hawley, Farnborough, Hants.

Object.—'To provide a home for children of poor parents left orphans or exposed to evil influences, and to train them for service.' **Admission.**—By application to Sister Superior at St. John Baptist's Home, 9 Rose Street, Soho, W. **Payment**, £10 a year for girls above 15 years, 5s. a week for children. £2 also required, on admittance, for clothing. The School provides instruction in reading, writing, arithmetic, history, geography, and plain needlework. After the age of 14 the children pass into the Industrial School, and are taught housework, laundry-work, and cooking. **Inmates** wear the dress of the School, and remain in the Home not less than two years. Situations are found for them at a suitable age, and outfit provided. Girls who have behaved satisfactorily in service may apply to the Home if in need of another situation or temporary home. **Management.**—By the Sisters of St. John the Baptist, Clewer. **Inmates** (1887).—94. Bankers, Cocks, Biddulph, & Co.

ST. ANDREW'S HOME INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 8 Upper High Street, Winchester.

ST. MARY'S HOME, 19 St. Peter's Street, Winchester.

Object.—To train young women for domestic service who have been found dishonest. **Hon. Sec.**, the Rev. Ashton Wells.

ST. FAITH'S PREVENTIVE HOME (1882), Pellhurst Road, Ryde, Isle of Wight.

Object.—To rescue children from bad surroundings. **Admission.**—£13 per annum, with change of clothing, Age, 5 to 13. The children are educated at National schools. **Management.**—Private. **Income** (1887).—£203. **Inmates.**—11. **Treasurer and Hon. Sec.**, Mrs. S. Worsley, 5 Belvedere Street, Ryde.

ST. BONIFACE VILLAGE HOME FOR ORPHAN AND DESTITUTE GIRLS, Ventnor. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 43.)

Object.—To receive neglected children. **Admission.**—Age under 9 years. **Payment**, if sent by guardians, £18. 4s. per annum.

FEMALE ORPHAN'S HOME (1862), Grouville, Jersey.

Object.—To receive orphans of any age up to 15 years. **Admission.**—Payment, 3s. 6d. per week. Certificates of birth, parentage, and health required. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—150. Bankers, Channel Islands Bank. **Treasurer and Hon. Sec.**, P. Briard, Esq., 1 Westbourne Terrace, St. Saviour, Jersey.

PREVENTIVE BRANCH OF THE BRISTOL FEMALE MISSION (1859). Home, Royal Fort; Free Registry Offices, 86 St. Michael's Hill and 2 Stapleton Road.

Object.—To help young girls of the poorest class, especially those exposed to danger from neglect and bad influence of parents, and train them for domestic service. **Admission.**—Free to Bristol girls and those in the immediate neighbourhood; 3s. 6d. a week for others. Five girls are received at the age of 11 at 3s. a week. Application must be made to

the Hon. Secretary, at the Home, Royal Fort, or to any member of the Committee. Girls are received between the ages of 12 and 16 years. Girls who have lost character, or have been dishonest, and those unfitted by physical defect, are ineligible. Metropolitan cases are eligible. 'Clothing is not provided at first, unless in cases of extreme destitution, but as soon as girls begin to be useful in the house, or can be sent out for morning work in ladies' houses, and so begin to earn anything, they are given what is needed, and on being settled in service are provided with a good outfit.' Inmates remain until they are fitted for service, unless hopelessly disqualified. Those leaving for service are visited once a month, and when out of place they return to the free lodgings at the Registry Office, 86 St. Michael's Hill, Bristol. **Management.**—By Ladies' Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £829; invested funds, £21; payments for inmates, £50; sale of work, &c., £86; girls' earnings, &c., £121. **Inmates.**—103; number of girls occupying free lodgings, 247. Treasurer, Mrs. O. Sturge, 13 Cotham Gardens, Bristol; Sec. and Resident Supt., Miss Savill.

LONGMAN MEMORIAL HOME (1879), Fair Lawn, 4 Clifton Wood, Bristol.

Object.—To train girls for service who are in danger or temptation, between the ages of 14 and 17, for not less than 12 months. **Admission.**—Payment of 3s. 6d. per week is required for all girls from a distance. Medical certificate required. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£263. **Inmates.**—12. Bankers, National Provincial Bank. Treas., Mrs. Noble Pope. Hon. Secs., Mrs. Mark Whitwell, jun., Stoke Bishop, near Bristol; Mrs. May, Park House, Cotham Park, Bristol.

THE GUARDIAN HOUSE, 5 Berkeley Crescent, Bristol.

Object.—To train girls for service. Hon. Sec., Miss T. Seifferth.

HOME FOR GIRLS, 3 Leigh Road, Clifton, Bristol.

TRAINING INSTITUTION (1858), Winchcomb Street, Cheltenham.

Object.—To train girls of respectable character for domestic service. **Admission.**—Age, 12 and upwards. Girls are received for two years, and never for less than one. Payment, £12 per annum, in advance, quarterly. **Inmates.**—8 to 10. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Riddle, Leckhampton, Cheltenham.

CHILDREN'S HOME (1886), 2 Alexandra Villas, Hewlett's Road, Cheltenham. (A Branch of the Francis Owen Memorial Home.)

Object.—To protect and shelter children, and to train young girls for service. **Admission.**—Payment, 3s. 6d. per week. Small outfit required. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1886).—£216. **Inmates.**—9. Treasurer, Mrs. Sawyer.

COUNTESS OF DUCIE'S ORPHANAGE FOR TRAINING GIRLS, Tortworth, Falfield, Gloucester. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 43.)

Object.—To train girls for domestic service. **Admission.**—Payment, if sent by guardians, £13 per annum.

INDUSTRIAL HOME (1883), 1 and 2 College St., Stratford-on-Avon. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Object.—To train workhouse, destitute, or orphan girls. **Admission.**—Age, over 11 years. Payment, to subscribers, 4s. 6d. per week; other cases, 5s. Outfit required. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—13. Bankers, Lloyd's Banking Company. Treasurer, Mrs. Flower; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Sanders, Snitterfield, Stratford-on-Avon.

ST. VINCENT'S ORPHANAGE (1875), Berrington Street, Hereford. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Object.—To receive children under 8 years of age. **Admission.**—Payment, 4s. weekly. **Management.**—By the Sisters of Charity. **Inmates.**—50.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL AND ORPHANAGE (1871), 133 Owen Street, Hereford.

Object.—For children under 12 years of age. **Inmates.**—16. Hon. Sec., Miss Attlay, The Palace, Hereford.

INDUSTRIAL HOME AND ORPHANAGE, Tupsley, Herefordshire.

Admission.—Payment, £10 per annum.

HOUSE OF INDUSTRY (1857), St. Ann's Street, Salisbury.

Object.—To prepare poor girls for service, to receive invalid girls for a holiday, and to make a home for little children. **Admission.**—Girls from Salisbury, free; other cases, £12 per annum; children, £10. None received for less than two years. **Management.**—Private. Hon. Sec., Miss Beckingdale, 46 St. Ann's Street, Salisbury.

TRAINING HOME FOR GIRLS, Crane Street, Salisbury.

Object.—To train for domestic service.

BATH ORPHAN SCHOOL (1805), 12 Walcot Parade, Bath.

Object.—'For the maintenance and instruction of children (girls) of good character.' **Admission.**—(a) On free list, by ballot of subscribers, each subscriber of £1. 1s. having one vote. Children thus admitted, of whom there are 12, pay £3 on admission, which is the only expense devolving on their friends. (b) Children with one parent alive are received on payment of 4s. 6d. a week (and £3 at entrance) until 15 years of age, when they are placed on the free list. Age of admission, 8 to 12 years. Marriage certificate of parents must be produced. Children who have been in the union workhouse are ineligible. Inmates remain until 16 years of age, and are then provided with suitable situations. **Management.**—By Committee of ladies, self-appointed. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £68; invested funds and interest, £92; payments for children, £136. **Inmates.**—18. Bankers, Tugwell & Co., Bath. Treasurer and Sec., Mrs. Howell Paynter.

HATFIELD COTTAGE HOME (1870), Bath. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Object.—For children who have lost at least one parent. **Admission.**—Payment, £13 per annum. **Management.**—Private. **Inmates.**—6. Hon. Sec., Miss Gordon.

SCHOOL FOR THE TRAINING OF FRIENDLESS GIRLS,
Hadleigh Cottage, Devizes. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 43.)

Admission.—Payment, if sent by guardians, £13 per annum.

LADY CLINTON'S HOME (1884), Merton, Devon. (Certified.)

Object.—To train workhouse children chiefly. **Admission.**—Age, under 8 years. Payment, 4s. per week and 30s. entrance money for outfit. **Management.**—Private. **Income** (1887).—£151. **Inmates.**—12. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Lady Clinton, Heanton Satchville, Beaford, N. Devon.

PREVENTIVE HOME, 20 Holloway Street, Exeter.

Object.—To train friendless girls for service. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—5. Treasurer, Mrs. Pennell; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Ellis, Hartwell House, Exeter.

SCHOOL FOR THE TRAINING OF POOR GIRLS, Kenton, Exeter. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 43.)

ST. MARTHA'S ORPHANAGE AND NURSERY (1864), Exeter.

Object.—For children who have lost one or both parents. **Admission.**—Age, 5 years old and upwards. Payment, £10 per annum; £1 for outfit. Baptismal and medical certificates required. Outfit given on leaving for service. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£231. **Inmates.**—20. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Miss Woolcombe.

INDUSTRIAL AND ORPHAN HOME FOR GIRLS (1859), Warborough Mount, Babbacombe, Torquay. (Certified to receive pauper cases.)

Object.—To receive orphan girls from the age of 5 and upwards. **Admission.**—On payment of 5s. per week. Each child must come with a good outfit. Form of recommendation required. Every child is trained for domestic service, and on leaving (age 16) is sent to good service, and with a very good outfit. **Management.**—By the Rev. J. Gilbert Pearse, Chaplain, and Sister Harriet, of the Community of St. Wilfrid's, Exeter. **Income.**—**Inmates.**—16. Bankers, Vivian & Co., Torquay; Sanders & Co., Exeter. Hon. Sec., Sister Harriet.

TRAINING HOME GIRLS' AID SOCIETY, Bampfylde House, Torre, Devon.

Object.—To train girls for service who are in circumstances of danger. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—15. Treasurer, Miss Nankivell, Ashley Lodge, Torquay; Hon. Sec., Miss M. Philpotts, Hazlemere, Torquay.

HOME FOR ORPHAN OR HOMELESS GIRLS, Church Town, Madron, Cornwall. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 43.)

Admission.—Payment, if sent by guardians, £7. 16s. per annum.

ROSEWIN TRAINING SCHOOL (1883), Rosewin Row, Truro.

Object.—A preventive home to train girls in housework, &c. **Admission.**—Age, 12 to 16. Payment, 3s. 6d. a week. An outfit, value 35s., required on entrance. Good outfit supplied on leaving for service. **Management.**—By Ladies' Committee. The School is under the supervision of the Mother Superior of the Community of the Epiphany. **Inmates.**—12. Hon. Sec., the Mother Superior, Alverton, Truro.

LANHYDROCK ORPHANAGE (1869), Bodmin, Cornwall.

Hon. Sec., Lady Robartes.

ST. GURON'S HOME (1864), Bodmin, Cornwall. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Object.—For destitute orphan girls belonging to the Bodmin Union, and other cases. **Admission.**—2s. a week required for workhouse children, and £2 for outfit. Other cases, £10 a year and outfit. Children admitted from 8 years of age. Outfit for service given. **Management.**—Private. **Income** (1887).—£305. **Inmates.**—16. Bankers, East Cornwall Bank, Bodmin. Treasurer and Hon. Secretary, Mrs. Gilbert, The Priory, Bodmin.

PREVENTIVE HOME (1884), 67 Summer Hill, Birmingham.

Object.—Girls who are unruly, rough, and ignorant are admitted to the Home. **Admission.**—Age, 12 to 18. Payment, 3s. 6d. per week. No certificates required. Outfit given on leaving. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£465. **Inmates.**—16. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Bosanquets. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Miss Brooks, St. James's Road, Edgbaston.

WOLVERHAMPTON ORPHAN HOME (1863), St. Jude's Road, Tettenhall Road, Wolverhampton.

Object.—To receive destitute orphan children (girls only) who have lost one or both parents, and train them for domestic service. **Admission.**—By a yearly payment of £10, from friends or board of guardians. Application must be made to the Home or Secretary. Children are received between the ages of 6 and 10 years. No certificate required. Any destitute child received from Wolverhampton or other towns (when room), if money can be paid. Clothing is provided. Inmates remain until 14 years old, and are looked after when in service. **Management.**—By a Committee.

FREE REGISTER OFFICE AND HOME FOR YOUNG AND FRIENDLESS GIRLS (1862), 100 Tettenhall Road, Wolverhampton.

Object.—To receive and obtain situations for friendless girls between 12 and 18 years of age, and, when ignorant of service, to train them. To look after them when in service, visiting them every month. It is also a home for them between places. **Admission.**—Free. Application must be made to Miss Gilbert, Registrar, at the Home. Mistresses and girls can only be seen from 10 to 1 o'clock (except cases of destitution). All who are really destitute or in dangerous circumstances, after inquiry into character, are eligible. No dishonest or fallen girl can be placed out. Clothing is provided when necessary. Inmates remain as long as considered necessary; usually a few weeks or months. Only a few of the number who apply and have situations found for them are taken in. Girls leaving their situations and having no suitable place to go to, board and lodge gratuitously in the Home (at the discretion of the Superintendent) until other places be found for them. **Management.**—By Mrs. Mander. **Income.**—A private charity, entirely supported by the Mander family. **Inmates.**—511 girls. Registrar, Miss Sarah Gilbert; Hon. Superintendent, Miss Mander, Glen Bank, Tettenhall, Wolverhampton.

GIRLS' HOME, Barlaston Lea, Stoke-on-Trent. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Object.—To receive girls from the Stoke Workhouse. **Admission.**—By payment from guardians. **Management.**—Private. **Inmates.**—6. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Mrs. Wedgwood.

GIRLS' TRAINING HOME, Penrhyn Lodge, Halton, near Chester.

Payment.—5s. per week.

THE COTTAGE (1884), Moston, Chester. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 43.)

Object.—To train destitute girls for domestic service. **Admission.**—Payment, 4s. 6d. a week for cases sent by guardians. Certificate of health required. **Management.**—Private. **Inmates.**—10. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Mrs. Swetenham, Moston Hall, Chester.

CITY AND COUNTY OF CHESTER HOUSE OF REFUGE FOR FRIENDLESS AND DESTITUTE YOUNG WOMEN (1841), 2 Great Boughton, Chester. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To receive girls destitute of proper protection (not fallen) and liable to be exposed to temptation, and train them for domestic service. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Hon. Secretary. Girls are received between the ages of 14 and 18. Metropolitan cases are eligible. Payment, £5, £8, or £10 per annum. Clothing is provided. Inmates remain until fit for service. **Management.**—By Matron, appointed by the Committee of ladies. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 12. Hon. Sec., Miss Shelley, 131 Boughton, Chester; Bankers and Treasurers, Parr & Co., Chester; Superintendent, Miss Gilbert.

ST. MARGARET'S HOME AND ORPHANAGE, Upper Parliament Street, Liverpool.

Object.—To train orphan girls or children with only one parent. **Admission.**—Admitted at 4 years of age. Payment required, also certificates of birth and baptism. **Inmates.**—50. Hon. Sec., Rev. Bell Cox, Princes Road, Liverpool.

THE ORPHANAGE (1886), West Derby, near Liverpool. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Object.—To receive orphans between 8 and 12 years of age. **Admission.**—Payment, 4s. weekly. Medical certificate, but no outfit, required. Outfit given on leaving. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£427. **Inmates.**—25. Bankers, North-Western Bank. Treasurer, H. Wyatt, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Sherring, West Derby, Liverpool.

PREVENTIVE HOME FOR YOUNG GIRLS (1876), 49 Peel Street, Princes Park, Liverpool.

Object.—To save young girls under 15 years old who have not been guilty of vice. **Admission.**—Payment, 2s. 6d. per week. Girls hired out to work at subscribers' houses by week or month. Intended primarily for Liverpool girls. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£501. **Inmates.**—50. Treasurer, E. M. Fogo, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Herbert Rowe, Mossley Hill, Liverpool.

MISSION TO FRIENDLESS GIRLS AND FREE REGISTER (1862), 27 Bedford Street, Brownlow Hill, Liverpool.

Object.—To provide shelter and train for service poor honest girls, not fallen. **Admission.**—On application to the Lady Supt. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£364. **Inmates.**—12. Treasurer, George Melly, Esq.; Lady Supt., Miss St. John.

GIRLS' PREVENTIVE AND TRAINING HOME (1886), The Firs, Reddish, Stockport.

Object.—To train friendless and destitute girls. **Admission.**—Age from 13 to 21 years. Payment according to circumstances. The girls remain in the Home 6 to 12 months. **Management.**—By a Gentleman's Committee of the Board of the Manchester City Mission, 100 Corporation Street, Manchester. **Inmates.**—30. Matron and Sec., Miss B. Burns.

GIRLS' TRAINING HOME (1886), Sale, Manchester.

Object.—To train morally good young girls. **Admission.**—Payment, £10 per annum. A complete change of clothes required, also medical certificate. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£316. **Inmates.**—14. Banker, Sir Cunliffe Brooks. Treasurer, Mrs. Heathcote; Hon. Sec., Miss Renshaw, Lindenholme, Sale.

TRAINING HOME, Alderley Edge, Manchester. (Certified.)

Object.—To receive and train girls who have not committed any serious offence. **Admission.**—Age, between 12 and 15. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—6. Hon. Sec., Mrs. T. C. Horsfall, Bollin Tower, Alderley Edge, near Manchester.

GREENHILL ORPHANAGE FOR GIRLS, Upper Charlton Road, Manchester.

BRADFORD ORPHAN GIRLS' HOME (1865), Manningham Lane, Bradford.

Object.—To receive orphan and deserted girls, and train them for service, or other fitting employment. **Admission.**—Girls are received between the ages of 5 and 15 years. Certificates of health, and average intellect, are required. Fallen or depraved girls are ineligible. Metropolitan cases are eligible on payment of from 5s. to 7s. weekly. The usual payment for Bradford children is 3s. per week. In some instances the children are clothed by their friends. For some destitute children nothing is paid. Clothing is generally provided. Inmates remain until 15, or if sent at 14 or 15 for training, till qualified for service. **Management.**—By Ladies' Committee, appointed by public meeting of subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £223; invested funds, £22; payments for inmates, £220; miscellaneous receipts, £30. **Inmates.**—Bankers, The Old Bank, Bradford. Treasurer, Mrs. Lythall, Spring Bank, Bradford; Hon. Sec., Miss Henrietta Lambert.

RIPON INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR GIRLS (1862), Ripon.

Object.—To befriend poor children of good character, more especially those who are motherless, or in circumstances peculiarly requiring such aid, by training them in habits of industry, giving them instruction calculated to fit them for domestic service, or as mothers of a household of their own, and securing to them some religious teaching. **Admission.**—By application to either of the Hon. Secretaries. Preference given to those whose ordinary home has been in or within 50

miles of Ripon. No girl admitted under the age of 7, nor above 14 years, except by special permission. Payment, 4s. 6d. a week, or £11 a year. Nomination required from annual subscriber of £1. 1s., or donor of £10. 10s. Inmates receive an elementary education, and are trained in household work. Former inmates of the Home, if with good character, may be admitted during the intervals of service at a rate of payment to be fixed by the Ladies' Secretary. **Outfit Fund.**—Assists the girls to an outfit on leaving the Home. **Management.**—By a Committee of ladies, and a Finance Committee of gentlemen. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £103; payments for inmates, £364; work sold, and service of girls, &c., £92. **Inmates.**—35. Bankers, The Old Bank, Ripon. Hon. Treasurer, Captain A. Tupman. Hon. Secs., Captain Tupman, South Grange, Ripon; Mrs. Phillips, Green Royd, Ripon; and Mrs. W. Whitaker, South Lodge, Ripon.

TEMPORARY HOME (1883), Fern Villa, Alms House Lane, Wakefield.

Object.—To take young girls from dangerous surroundings and who are in destitute circumstances. **Admission.**—Ages, 13 to 16. Payment, 3s. a week. Certificates required, signed by parents and mistresses, to vouch for repayment of expenses. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£297. **Inmates.**—6. Bankers, Leatham, Tew & Co. Treasurer, Mrs. G. Webster, Linden Villas, Wakefield; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Dyson, 11 South Parade, Wakefield.

TRAINING HOME (1885), The Woodlands, Deighton, near Huddersfield.

Object.—To receive rough, untrained girls. **Admission.**—Payment, 3s. 6d. per week for cases from other towns; free to Huddersfield girls. Ages, 14 to 25. Inmates remain not less than six months. Outfit provided on leaving. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£440. **Inmates.**—16. Bankers, Halifax and Huddersfield Banking Co. Treasurer, Wright Mellor, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Kaye.

INDUSTRIAL HOME, Fitzwilliam Street, Huddersfield. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Woodhead.

ORPHAN HOME, Crookes, Sheffield. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Admission.—Annual payment, fixed by Board, £13.

HOME FOR FRIENDLESS GIRLS, Stanwix, Carlisle.

Object.—To train girls for service. **Management.**—By Committee. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Perez.

HOWARD ORPHAN HOME (1865), Kendal, Westmoreland. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 43.)

Object.—For girls who have lost their parents and are chargeable to some Poor Law Union in the county of Westmoreland. **Admission.**—Payment to be made by the Union, £5. 5s. per annum, and outfit to be given on the girl leaving the Home. The children attend a public elementary school until of sufficient age to be trained as domestic servants. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£510. **Inmates.**—40. Bankers, Wakefield, Crewdson & Co., Kendal. Treas., W. H. Wakefield, Esq.; Hon. Sec., James Cropper, Esq., Eller Green, near Kendal.

TRAINING HOMES FOR SERVANTS.

(See also the previous sections.)

GUILD OF AID IN HOME DUTIES (1875), Aid Home, Stourton, Bath.

Object.—To promote the study of domestic work, and to train therein; to give aid in domestic emergencies among the higher class, and sickness among the poor. 'The Guild has free registries for servants in every part of England. Chief Registrar, Miss F. Atthill, Stockton, Tenbury. Young women of the middle class, if bright, strong, and energetic, are received and trained at Zeals and Bourton under matrons.' Their salaries are at the rate of £12 first year, £16 second, £20 third. Probationers for aid work must be over 20 and under 30 years; a premium required. There is a laundry, in which middle-class women or ladies qualify as laundry matrons. Free training for parish and monthly nursing, with board and lodging, may be given to women of any class above servants willing to devote themselves to the work of the Guild.

Admission.—By application to the Sub-Warden, Superintendent, or Organising Secretary. Applicants must be Churchwomen of blameless character and abstainers. Subscription: From associates, any amount; from workers, none. 'A worker can never be out of work or without a home, and is therefore in a surer post than could be offered in a private family.'

Management.—By Lady Superintendent and Matron, appointed by the Rev. L. R. Henslow, Sub-Warden and Treasurer. **Income** (1887-8).—£362. **Associate Members.**—About 300. Organising Secretary, Mrs. Henslow, Zeals Rectory, Bath.

ST. JOHN'S TRAINING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS (1842), Great Western Road, Westbourne Park, W.

Object.—To educate and train children for domestic service. Also to educate a small number as teachers and nursery governesses. **Admission.**—By application to the Matron, and payment of (over 14 years of age) £14 a year; under 14, £15 a year; under 6, £16 a year, with £2 entrance fee. No outfit required. Quarter's notice required before removal, or a month's payment. Two securities required for payment and for removal in case of sickness or death. If unusual expenditure is required for medical attendance friends must pay extra expense. The following lump sums will secure admission:—For child under 5 years, £130; of 5 years, £120; of 7, £110; of 8, £100; of 9, £90; of 10, £70; of 11, £60, such children being educated, clothed, and boarded till 16 years of age, or fit for service. Time of training from three months upwards. A few young persons can be received over 14 years of age, on payment of £10 a year, who only need industrial training. Recommendation from subscriber or other person is not necessary. No free cases are received. **Management.**—Secretary and Managers, The Lady Kinnaird and the Hon. Misses Kinnaird, 2 Pall Mall East, S.W. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £200; payments for children, including charitable fund, £1,762; education grant, £118. **Inmates.**—107 girls were on the books in January 1888. Bankers, Ransom, Bouverie, & Co.; Treas., The Lord Kinnaird; Matron, Miss McEwen, at the School.

KENSINGTON GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL AND TRAINING SCHOOL (1858), 3 Church Street, Kensington, W.

Object.—To provide a home and industrial training, 'with such education as may fit them for domestic service,' for girls who, from 'evil example, extreme poverty, or death of parents, are exposed to temptation,'

from 12 to 15 years of age. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Secretary or Matron. Girls are received for a period of not less than two years, and no girl can leave the School until 16 years of age. They may remain after that age. Payment, required in advance, of 3s. 6d. a week for those living in St. Mary Abbott's parish, 5s. 6d. a week for those living without that parish, together with entrance fee of £1. 1s. Medical certificate as to general good health required. Girls are eventually placed out in service, in situations chosen by the Committee. **Management.**—Committee of ladies, appointed by the Vicar of Kensington. **Ordinary Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £207; invested funds and rent, £33; payments for inmates, £290; girls' earnings, £50; offertories, £62; repayments for outfits, £11. **Inmates.**—28. Bankers, London and County Bank. Treasurer, H. A. Whately, Esq., 14 Campden House Road, Kensington, W.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Macdougall, 9 Brunswick Gardens, Kensington, W.; Matron, Miss Whyte.

ST. MARY'S TRAINING HOME FOR GIRLS AND FREE REGISTRY OFFICE (1881), 8 and 9 Norland Gardens, Notting Hill, W.

Object.—To receive girls from the ages of 13 to 17 who are in circumstances of moral danger, or who are unfit to go to service without training. Girls can also lodge at the Home. **Admission.**—By payment of 5s. a week, or, if preferred, an entrance fee of £2, and a weekly payment of 3s. 6d. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—£503. **Inmates.**—14 (average). Situations found for 52. Bankers, National and Provincial. Treasurer, Mrs. C. Anderson, 113 Cromwell Road, S.W.; Hon. Sec., Miss A. Jamieson, 9 Ladbroke Square, Notting Hill, W.; Lady Superintendent, Miss Burnett.

ST. GABRIEL'S HOME, 12A Tavistock Crescent, Westbourne Park, W. (in connection with the London Diocesan Deaconess' Institution).

Object.—The training of destitute girls as domestic servants. **Inmates** (1888).—22.

LADY HASTINGS' FUND FEMALE SCHOOL, Chelsea Hospital.

Object.—For daughters of in- or out-pensioners (of the parishes of Chelsea and Battersea) of the Royal Hospital (children of in-pensioners have preference). They are sent to neighbouring schools and clothed until 12 or 13 years of age, when they are sent to industrial schools in order to be trained as domestic servants. If possible, parents or relations must pay part of cost of maintenance in industrial schools. **Admission.**—Application to be made to the Rev. Sydney Clarke, the Chaplain, Royal Hospital, Chelsea, S.W.

SERVANTS' TRAINING INSTITUTION (1850), Manor House, 63 High Street, Clapham, S.W.

Object.—To provide a home and domestic training for girls of respectable parents. School education is not provided. **Admission.**—By application to Hon. Secretary, a subscriber's nomination, and payment of £10 for the first year and £8 for the second. Girls are eligible between the age of 13½ and 17, provided they have not been in service. Bankers, London and South-Western. Treas., Herbert Stevenson, Esq., Nightingale Lane, Clapham; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Aggs, Hollywood, Clapham Common, S.W.

GROSVENOR HOUSE TRAINING HOME (1881), Chiswick
(in connection with the Metropolitan Association for
Befriending Young Servants).

Object.—The training of ignorant and troublesome girls who have failed in domestic service. **Admission.**—Age of admission, 13 to 18 ; length of time in Training Home, 1 year. **Management.**—By the Council of M.A.B.Y.S. and by a Committee of ladies. **Income (1888).**—Subscriptions and donations, £511 ; proceeds of laundry and needlework, £441 ; payments for girls, £77. **Inmates (1888).**—40, the full number. **Treasurer,** Mrs. Capper, 14 Nevern Square, S.W. ; **Superintendent,** Miss Whitworth.

HAMPDEN HOUSE LAUNDRY TRAINING HOME,
154 Battersea Park Road, S.W. (In connection with
the Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young
Servants.)

Object.—A training home for laundry maids. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1888).**—Donations, £106 ; proceeds of laundry, £176 ; payments for girls, £73. **Treasurer,** Mrs. Dickinson, Bramblebury, Wandsworth Common, S.W. ; **Hon. Sec.,** Mrs. Mylne, 122 Gloucester Terrace, Hyde Park, W. ; **Matron,** Miss Herbert. The girls work at special tables in the ironing-room of the Steam Laundry Company, and are under the care of their own matron.

SCHOOL OF INDUSTRY FOR THE PARISH OF RICHMOND,
Clarence Street, Kew Road, S.W.

Object.—(a) To train girls of good character for domestic service ; (b) The 'cooking of dinners for the sick and poor, and the making of beef tea, broth, &c. for invalids' ; (c) 'Making of soup during the winter months twice a week.' **Admission.**—(a) By payment, according to age and circumstances. Age of admission, 10 to 16 years. Preference given to girls educated in any of the National schools in Richmond. **Inmates** have every opportunity of gaining a practical acquaintance with all branches of housework, including laundry work, cooking, &c. Clothes are not provided. (b and c) Dinner and soup tickets are sold to District Visiting Societies, and to the charitably disposed. **Management.**—By Ladies' Committee. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions and offerings, £61 ; invested funds, £43. 10s. ; payments by inmates and recipients, £168 ; industrial receipts, £17 ; sale of tickets and receipts at kitchen, £23. **Inmates of the School (1887).**— Bankers, London and County Bank. **Treasurer,** Miss Procter ; **Matron,** Miss Buck.

SERVANT GIRLS' HOME (1874), Derby Lodge, 67 Dalston Lane, N.

Object.—'To rescue friendless or neglected young girls, who have not yet fallen into actual habits of theft or immorality, from the dangerous influences of bad homes and vicious neighbourhoods ; to give them such training as may fit them to become domestic servants ; to provide situations for them, and to watch over them while in service.' **Admission.**—The parochial mission women are the chief agents for the Home, and no girl is admitted without a form duly filled up by the lady superintendent of the mission district, or by some thoroughly trustworthy person. Age of admission, 12 to 20 years. Entrance fee, £1. **Inmates** generally remain from three to four weeks before being sent out to service, but in some

cases it is necessary to keep them longer. The intention is not to give a complete course of training, 'but to awaken in the girls a desire to gain their own living in honest service, to teach them the first rudiments of housework, with some ideas of order and personal cleanliness, to lay the foundation of religious habits,' and to find them places with mistresses who are willing to undertake the training themselves. Girls belonging to the Home are allowed to return to it during intervals between situations, on payment of 2s. 6d. a week; this rate being increased according to the frequency of their return. **Management.**—By Committee of four ladies, and a superintendent. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £491; payments for inmates, £66; lodging payments by former inmates, fees from mistress, &c., £12. **Inmates** (1887).—18. Bankers, London and County Bank. Treasurer, The Countess Waldegrave; Supt., Miss Challenger. Communications should be addressed to Mrs. Pole-Carew, 3 South Place, Rutland Gate, S.W. ('To be forwarded.')

HOME FOR TRAINING GIRLS, Harrow Cottage, Hampstead Heath, N.W. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict.)

Object.—To train girls for domestic service. **Admission.**—Payment, £15. 12s. per annum, if sent by guardians.

GIRLS' TRAINING HOME, 157 Adelaide Road, N.W.

Object.—To train poor girls for service. **Admission.**—Fatherless and orphan girls admitted free. Others cases, £2 per quarter, and 5s. entrance fee. Age, over 12 years. Medical certificate required. **Management.**—By Community of the Saving Name. Hon. Sec., the Mother Superior.

KIDBROOK HOME AND TRAINING SCHOOL, Old Dover Road, Blackheath.

Object.—To receive young girls and train them for service, or provide situations and supervision while in situations; only girls of good character are received. **Admission.**—By decision of Committee. Applicants must be 'perfectly respectable, clean, and physically fit for training.' Girls are received between the ages of 13 and 21 years. Payment, 5s. a week, or £12 per annum. A few cases free. Clothes are not provided, except on loan, to be repaid out of wages when they get a place. Inmates are trained for every branch of service, and remain until they get a situation. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1880).—£211. 11s. 4d. **Inmates.**—37. Treasurer, Rear-Admiral Whyte, 3 Hervey Road, Blackheath, S.E.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Whyte.

GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL HOME, 30 Longton Grove, Sydenham, S.E.

Inmates.—18. Hon. Sec., Miss Sack, 30 Longton Grove, Sydenham, S.E.

AUCKLAND HOUSE TRAINING HOME (1885), Auckland Hill, West Norwood, S.E.

Admission.—Girls admitted between the ages of 13 and 15. Payment, 5s. a week. Outfit and medical certificate required. Girls remain from one to two years. Outfit provided on leaving. **Management.**—Private. **Inmates.**—8. Hon. Sec., Miss E. J. Romanes.

SERVANTS' FREE REGISTRY AND HOME, Sturge House, 32 Bow Road, E.

Object.—A voluntary home providing domestic training for 40 girls, principally factory hands, and situations for young servants. **Admission.**—Free on application to Lady Superintendent. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Number benefited** (1887-8).—523. **Founder and Director**, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; **Sec.**, Mr. John Odling.

ST. JOHN'S HOME (1885), The Cedars, Stratford Green, E.

Object.—A training home for friendless girls from the age of 13 to 16. **Admission.**—On application. The girls are trained in laundry work and for domestic service for periods varying from 6 months to 2 years, according to circumstances. An outfit is provided on leaving for service, which is generally at the age of 18. **Management.**—By Ladies' Committee elected by ballot. The Home is a branch of the work of the Stratford and West Ham Association for the Care of Friendless Girls. **Income** (1887).—General Fund, £237; laundry receipts, £189. **Inmates** (1887).—46 (accommodation for 18). **Bankers**, London and County, Stratford Branch. **Treasurer**, Mrs. Rogers; **Hon. Sec.**, Mrs. Raymond P. Pelly, St. John's Vicarage, Stratford, E.

FREE REGISTRY OFFICE, St. Stephen's Lodge, Cedars Road, Water Lane, Stratford, E. (in connection with the Stratford and West Ham Association for the Care of Friendless Girls).

Hon. Sec., Mrs. Raymond Pelly, St. John's Vicarage, Stratford, E.

TRAINING HOME, Sutton, Surrey.

Object.—To train girls for service. **Admission.**—Payment, 5s. a week. **Hon. Sec.**, Miss Alexander, Strathearn, Sutton, Surrey.

TRAINING HOME FOR YOUNG SERVANTS, 2 Park Ter- race, Park Lane, Croydon.

Object.—To receive friendless, destitute girls from bad surroundings, not fallen or dishonest. **Admission.**—Payment, 3s. 6d. per week. **Age**, 11 to 17. Three months' training given. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—12. **Bankers**, Union Bank, Croydon. **Treasurer**, Mrs. Dawson, Halinghyrst, Warham Road, Croydon; **Hon. Sec.**, Miss Malleson, Fairholme, Park Lane, Croydon.

THE COTTAGE HOME FOR LITTLE GIRLS (1884), South Park, Reigate.

Object.—The training of poor fatherless children. **Admission.**—Ages, 6 to 15. **Income** (1886).—£170. **Inmates.**—8. **Bankers**, Alexanders, 24 Lombard Street. **Treasurer**, Rev. J. F. Kitto, The Vicarage, St. Martin's-in-the-Fields, W.C.; **Hon. Sec.**, Miss Smith.

TRAINING HOME, Redhill, Surrey.

Inmates.—12. **Hon. Sec.**, Mrs. A. Copsey, Outwood, near Redhill.

HOME FOR LITTLE GIRLS (1882), White Hall, Reigate.

Admission.—By Mrs. Alexander; cases not personally known to her not received. **Management.**—Private. **Inmates.**—12. **Treasurer and Hon. Sec.**, Mrs. Alexander, Aubrey House, Kensington.

ST. MARGARET'S ORPHANAGE FOR GIRLS (1857), East Grinstead.

Object.—For friendless or orphan girls of any age up to 14. **Admission.**—Payment, £14 per annum ; in some cases less is taken. Outfit not required. Certificates of birth and baptism required. Children sent to service at 16. **Management.**—By the Mother and the Sisters of St. Margaret's. **Inmates.**—80. Bankers, Whitfield, Molyneux, & Co. Treasurer, Miss A. J. Crocker (the Mother Superior) ; Hon. Sec., Miss Lantour (the Sister-in-charge of the Orphanage).

ST. MARY'S HOME FOR GIRLS, West Grinstead, Sussex.
(Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 43.)

GIRLS' TRAINING HOME (1870), Crawley, Sussex.

Object.—To train respectable girls for service. The Home is unsectarian. **Admission.**—Girls under 12 years of age preferred ; the younger ones attend the British School. Payment, £3 per quarter. Outfit required. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1886).—£299. **Inmates.**—18. Hon. Sec., Miss Robinson, Manor House, Crawley.

ST. JOHN'S TRAINING HOME, Mile Platt Road, Tunbridge Wells.

Object.—To benefit poor respectable children, mainly orphans. **Management.**—Private. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Allnutt.

TRAINING HOME FOR GIRLS, Chichester.

Hon. Sec., Hon. Mrs. Campion, Hurstpierpoint, Sussex.

PREVENTIVE HOME, East Hill Lodge, Tackleway, Hastings.

Object.—To train girls for service. **Admission.**—Age, 4 years old and upwards. Girls leave at 15. Payment, 2s. 6d. per week when possible. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£421. **Inmates.**—36. Treasurer, Mrs. Spalding ; Hon. Secs., Mrs. Porter, 8 Tillington Terrace, and Miss Langham, 19 Linton Terrace, Hastings.

HOME FOR TRAINING YOUNG SERVANTS (1886), Ashburnham Road, Clive Vale, Hastings.

Object.—To receive destitute girls and young women. **Admission.**—Payment when possible. Age, 11 to 17. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—20. Hon. Secs., Mrs. B. Woodd, Lickby, Hollington Park, and Miss Rivington, 1 Belgrave Terrace, Hastings.

COTTAGE TRAINING HOME (1882), Wrentham, Suffolk.
(Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Object.—To train girls for service. **Admission.**—Girls not admitted under 13 years old. Must have passed 4th standard, and bring medical certificate. A weekly payment to be made by guardians not exceeding cost of maintenance in the Union ; other cases, 5s. per week and outfit. Outfit given on leaving. **Management.**—By two Lady Managers. **Income** (1887).—£377. **Inmates.**—14. Bankers, Gurney & Co., Beccles. Treasurer, Miss A. Wale Browne ; Hon. Sec., Lady Constance Barne, Sotterley, Wangford, Suffolk.

TRAINING HOME FOR GIRLS, Warnil Hall, Mildenhall, Suffolk.

Object.—To train the daughters of poor respectable persons for service. **Admission.**—Each child must pay £12 a year, quarterly in advance; also £2 for outfit on leaving. Ages, 9 to 16. **Management.**—Private. **Inmates.**—14. Hon. Sec., Miss Lyell, 9 Cornwall Gardens, S. W.

ALLHALLOWS' INDUSTRIAL TRAINING SCHOOL (1857), Ditchingham, Bungay.

Object.—To train respectable girls of good character. **Admission.**—From 13 years old. Payment, £10 to £15 per annum. Outfit and baptismal certificate required. Outfit given on leaving. **Management.**—By the Sisterhood of Allhallows. **Inmates.**—12. Bankers, Gurney & Co., Bungay. Hon. Sec., the Sister-in-charge.

ST. FAITH'S COTTAGE HOME (1878), Woolpit, Bury St. Edmunds.

Object.—To train one or two orphan girls not younger than 13 for service. **Admission.**—No payment is required beyond entrance fee of not less than £2. 2s. Girls must be of good moral character. **Treasurer and Supt.,** Miss Emily Peacock.

ST. MICHAEL'S INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL, Wantage.

Object.—Girls trained for service. **Admission.**—All cases received on trial for one month. Payment, twelve guineas a year. Two guineas for clothing on admission. Outfit given on leaving.

MOULSOE TRAINING HOME (1888), Moulsoe, Newport Pagnell, Bucks.

Object.—To give a happy home-life and a thoroughly good training in domestic service to children of respectable birth and character. **Admission.**—On payment of 5s. a week. The younger girls attend the parish school; the elder ones receive training for service in the 'Home,' where they are taught to do the housework, washing, cooking, and needlework. **Management.**—By Committee of ladies. **Income** (Home only opened in September, 1888). **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 8. Bankers, Bassett & Co., Newport Pagnell. **Treasurer,** Mrs. Fraser, Tickford Park, Newport Pagnell; **Hon. Sec.,** Miss Nixon, Moulsoe Rectory, Newport Pagnell, Bucks.

SCHOOL FOR TRAINING GIRLS FOR DOMESTIC SERVICE (1888), Bampton-Aston, Oxon.

Object.—To train village girls to become good, useful servants. **Admission.**—Payment, £13 per annum. Girls to remain two years. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—10. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Clarke, The Cottage, Bampton-Aston, Faringdon, Oxon.

ORPHANAGE AND HOME, The Convent, St. Giles's Road, Oxford.

Object.—To train girls for domestic service. **Admission.**—Age, 10 years. Payment of £12 per annum. Some free cases. **Management.**—By the Sisterhood of the Holy Trinity.

BECKLEY GROVE TRAINING HOME, Forest Hill, near Oxford. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Object.—To train girls for service. Hon. Sec., Miss Cook.

HEADINGTON HILL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR SERVANTS, Oxford. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 43.)

Object.—To train girls for domestic service. **Admission.**—Age 12 or 13. Girls remain until 16 years old. Payment, £17 per annum. Some free cases. Clothing, 1s. per week. Preference given to Oxford girls. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Herbert Morrell.

DIOCESAN HOME FOR TRAINING GIRLS FOR SERVICE OR EMIGRATION, in connection with a Boarding Home for Ladies (1882), Connaught House, Winchester.

Object.—To rescue friendless girls from evil surroundings before they have fallen into degradation. **Admission.**—Age of admission, 12 to 17 years. The Home aims at giving the shortest training that will enable girls to keep a general servant's place. The training is directed to fit girls as well for emigration to the colonies as for service at home. The training of the girls is not confined to teaching them the duties of servants and laundry maids, religious instruction being given, and classes held for needlework and elementary schooling. **Management.**—By a Committee. The Home is in connection with the Waifs and Strays Society, London. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £268; payments by lady residents, £117; payments for girls in training, £216; receipts from laundry, £266; grant from Central Society, £144. **Inmates** (1888).—27. Bankers, London and County Bank. Treas., Rev. H. Martin; Sec. Miss Vibart; Lady Supt., Miss Atkinson.

NATIONAL HOUSEWIFERY ASSOCIATION, Training Home, Riverdale, Newnham-on-Severn.

Object.—To raise the tone of household work by promoting a wide and correct knowledge of its principles. The Training Home is intended to be a home school for reduced middle and upper class girls, who are trained to gain a livelihood, either as teachers of housewifery or as domestic workers. The system of instruction embraces (a) a domestic kindergarten for the little ones; (b) a junior course of practical housework for older girls; and (c) a senior course for imparting scientific knowledge in housewifery, hygiene and sanitary subjects. **Admission.**—By application to the Foundress. Terms, payable in advance: Board (from 7 to 14), £3. 3s. per quarter; above that age, £5. 5s. Instruction in English, £1. 1s. per quarter; music, 10s.; French, 10s.; type-setting, 10s.; dressmaking, 10s. **Management.**—By Miss M. E. Headdon, Foundress, assisted by a council of reference. Bankers, London and Westminster, St. James's Square, S. W. Hon. Sec., Treas., and Demonstrator, Miss M. E. Headdon.

TRAINING HOME (1882), Painswick, Gloucestershire.

Object.—A training home for young girls. **Admission.**—By application to Lady Superintendent. Girls are received between the ages of 13 and 16 on payment of 5s. (if with subscriber's letter, 3s. 6d.) a week. Situations are found when girls leave for service. Lady Superintendent, Miss Seddon. (For further particulars, see p. 214.)

'SERVANTS' TRAINING HOME (1870), 13 East Reach, Taunton.

Object.—To train young girls for service. **Admission.**—Payment, 3s. 6d. a week; local cases free, if funds permit. Age, 12 to 16. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£262. **Inmates.**—24. Treas., Miss Stephens; Hon. Sec., Miss Leake, Haines Hill, Taunton.

SANDWELL HALL TRAINING HOME (1857), near Birmingham.

Object.—To receive children, more especially the orphans of the respectable poor, and train them for domestic service. **Admission.**—By application to Superintendent. No children under 12 years of age can be received without special recommendation. Boys or girls from schools must be furnished with certificates of good conduct from the master or mistress of the school they have last attended. No children afflicted with any infectious disease, bodily infirmity, or subject to fits, can be received. A medical certificate must be sent before any child can be admitted. The payment required for children, 6s., for orphans and girls; above 12, 5s.; girls above 15, 2s. 6d. a week. Girls above 16 of good character (G.F.S. girls preferred) are admitted free to be trained at the Hall for twelve months. Those who require to learn dressmaking pay a premium of £3. Entrance fee for costume, £1 must in all cases be paid. No girl or boy entering under 18 can be removed before the expiration of two years from the time of admission, unless with the consent of the Managers of the institution. A subscriber of £10 annually has the privilege of always having one child in the Home. **Management.**—By Lady Superintendent, Presidents, the Earl and Countess of Dartmouth; Lady Superintendent, Mrs. Otley; Chaplain, Rev. M. M. Connor.

TRAINING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS (1862), 38 George Road, Birmingham.

Object.—To train girls for service. **Admission.**—Girls nominated by subscribers. Age, 12 to 16. Payment, £8. 8s. if sent from within five miles of Birmingham; £10 beyond. Outfit required, also medical certificate. Age of leaving, 15 or 16. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£342. **Inmates.**—21. Treasurer, J. D. Goodman, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Miss J. M. Simcox, 54 Calthorpe Road, Edgbaston.

ST. MARGARET'S HOME FOR TRAINING DESTITUTE GIRLS (1885), Penkridge, Staffordshire. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Object.—To receive destitute children between the ages of 5 and 14. **Admission.**—Payment, £13 a year, to be paid quarterly in advance. Three changes of linen and medical certificate required. Outfit provided by the Home when girl leaves for service. Girls of bad character not admitted. **Inmates.**—20. Bankers, Lloyds & Co., Stafford. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Hon. Mrs. C. J. Littleton, The Vicarage, Penkridge.

HOME FOR TRAINING GIRLS FOR DOMESTIC SERVICE, 6 The Inhedge, Dudley. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 118.)

Object.—For the training and education of workhouse children. **Admission.**—Payment, if sent by guardians, £13 per annum.

TRAINING HOME, 169 Howard Place, Shelton, Staffordshire.

Object.—To receive and train for domestic service girls of good character, usually taken from undesirable surroundings. **Admission.**—Four inmates are taken free. Payment for other girls, 3s. 6d. per week for those living in Staffordshire, 4s. 6d. for those coming from any other county. Age, 13 to 18. Certificate of good health required. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£500. **Inmates.**—13. Treas., Mrs. Clive, The Limes, Porthill; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Kitchener, School House, Newcastle-under-Lyme.

TRAINING HOME FOR GIRLS AND ORPHANAGE (1884),
53 Arbour Street, Southport.

Object.—To receive destitute girls without one or both parents. **Admission.**—No limit as to age for entering or leaving, but generally under 14 years at time of admission. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887).**—£413. **Inmates.**—16. **Treas.,** Mrs. Hodson, 2 Mornington Road, Southport; **Hon. Sec.,** Miss M. F. Sumner, Lansdowne House, Southport.

TRAINING LODGE, 17 Chambers Street, Little Gonerby,
Grantham. (Certified 25 & 26 Vict. c. 43.)

Object.—To train girls for service. **Admission.**—Age under 16. **Payment, 4s. a week.** Three girls from Grantham free on nomination of a subscriber of one guinea. Girls remain six months or one year. **Management.**—By Committee. **Hon. Sec.,** Miss F. Brooks, Welby Gardens, Grantham.

CHILDREN'S TRAINING HOME AND SERVANTS' HOME
(1882), 2 South Parade, Halifax.

Object.—Halifax children, if orphans and friendless, are admitted free. **Admission.**—Payment from other towns, 3s. to 5s. weekly. Ages from 9 to 15. Payment for older girls, 3s. to 7s. weekly. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887).**—£159. **Inmates.**—13. **Bankers,** Halifax and Huddersfield Union Bank. **Hon. Sec. and Treasurer,** Miss Rawson, Mill House, Halifax.

TRAINING HOME (1874), 15 Harold Street, Sunderland.

Object.—To train girls for service. **Admission.**—Payment according to circumstances. Age, 10 to 14. Outfit furnished on leaving. **Management.**—Private. **Inmates.**—14. **Hon. Sec.,** Miss Backhouse.

THE HOME, Brandling Place, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

Object.—To train young women for service. **Admission.**—Free. Applicants under 15 or over 25 rarely, though occasionally, admitted. Clothing provided. No certificates required. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887).**—£381. **Inmates.**—18. **Bankers,** Woods & Co., Newcastle. **Treasurer,** Richard Clayton, Esq.; **Hon. Secs.,** Rev. J. Collingwood Bruce, LL.D., and Thomas Pumphrey, Esq.

SERVANTS' SCHOOL (1856), Rose Tree Cottage, Kirkby
Lonsdale.

Object.—For respectable girls to be trained as servants. **Admission.**—Payment, £12 yearly, to be paid quarterly in advance. Girls not admitted under 11 years of age, except under special circumstances. Must be provided with outfit. Certificate required from the clergyman, doctor, and person responsible for payment. Outfit furnished for service. **Management.**—Private. **Income (1887).**—£99. **Inmates.**—6. **Bankers,** Lancaster Banking Company, Kirkby Lonsdale. **Treasurer and Hon. Sec.,** Miss Bickersteth.

GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL HOME, Kirkby Lonsdale.

ROMAN CATHOLIC HOMES FOR GIRLS.

ST. PATRICK'S ORPHANAGE FUND, Soho, W.

Object.—The Fund supports 6 or 7 orphan girls annually, who are chosen by the Rector of St. Patrick's, Soho, and are boarded out at the Norwood Convent.

HOME FOR YOUNG WOMEN IN BUSINESS, 9 Lower Seymour Street, W.

Object.—To provide a home for young apprentices who go to business during the day. **Management.**—By the Sisters of St. Vincent de Paul. Application to be made to the Sister Superior.

ST. ELIZABETH'S HOME (1868), The Franciscan Convent, Portobello Road, Bayswater, W.

Object.—The training of young girls as domestic servants. **Admission.**—Application should be made to the Mother Abbess. Girls are received between the ages of 6 and 16 years. Entrance fee, £2; pension, £16 per annum, including education, food, and clothing. Each child is kept to the work for which she is best suited. **Management.**—By the Religious of the Franciscan Convent. **Inmates** mostly chargeable to the poor rates. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank.

ST. VINCENT'S ORPHANAGE, 36 and 38 Church Street, Kensington, W.

Object.—To receive young girls between the ages of 7 and 18 years, train them for service, and provide them with situations. **Admission.**—Application must be made to Mdlle. Teulière. Payment, £12 yearly. Clothing is provided. **Management.**—Private, by Mdlle. Teulière.

ST. JOSEPH'S ORPHANAGE (1880), Kensington Hall, West Kensington, W. (Certified to receive paupers.)

Object.—The reception of orphan or destitute Catholic girls, between the ages of 3 and 15 years. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Superioress. Payment, £12 per annum, with entrance fee of £2, or 6s. weekly, for which board, lodging, clothing and education are provided. **Inmates** are trained for domestic service. **Management.**—By the Sisters of the Congregation of the Daughters of the Cross. **Income.**—Supported by the Westminster Diocesan Education Fund. **Inmates** (1887). —108. Treasurer and Administrator, Rev. Thomas Seddon, Archbishop's House, Westminster, S.W.; Superioress, Sister Mary Clotilde.

HOUSEHOLD TRAINING HOME FOR CATHOLIC GIRLS OF GOOD CHARACTER (1881), 37 Aynhoe Road, West Kensington Park, W. (Certified for reception of pauper children.)

Object.—'The reception of ten girls of good character, from 13 years of age upwards, who will be taught house and kitchen work, simple house-keeping and marketing, and to mend and make their own clothes.' **Admission.**—Application for admission must be made to the Hon. Mrs. A. Fraser, 91 Elm Park Gardens, S.W., or to the Matron, at the Home. Payment, 5s. a week in advance. A suitable outfit is expected. Those placing girls in the Home must undertake to remove them if unsuitable.

CONVENT OF THE ASSUMPTION, 23 Kensington Sq., W.

Object.—To provide a home for 16 poor girls, who (besides the usual education in the elementary day schools) are trained in house, laundry, and kitchen work, to fit them for service. Payment, £1 a month. Application to the Reverend Mother.

ST. MARY'S HOME, 41 Brook Green Rd., Hammersmith, W.

Object.—To receive orphan and destitute girls from 3 to 9 years old, who remain until able to earn their living. Payment, £10 a year. Application to Miss Fanny Wilson.

CATHOLIC GIRLS' SOCIETY, 3 Trafalgar Square, Chelsea, S.W.

Object.—Catholic servants can become members of this Society by a small annual subscription, and are then admitted to the Home at a reduced rate, and have free use of the registry attached to it. Non-members must bring good references from last place, or from some responsible person. Terms: For lodging, 2s. 6d. per week for members; 3s. non-members. Private bedroom, 3s. 6d. a week. Board can be provided at 5s., 6s., or 7s. a week. Sec., Lady Margaret Howard, 59 Cromwell Road, S.W. Application to the Matron, Miss King.

ST. ELIZABETH'S SOCIETY, Clapham, S.W.

Object.—To provide lodging, fire, linen, washing, and light at 2s. 6d. a week for 4 women or girls of good character (under 30 years of age), at 2 Park Place, Clapham Park Road. Application to be made to Miss Mahoney, 8 South Side, Clapham Common, S.W.

POOR SERVANTS OF THE MOTHER OF GOD INCARNATE. Convent, Brentford; Convent, 4 Percy Street, Tottenham Court Road, W.; Orphanage, Roehampton, S.W.

Object.—'The sisters visit the poor, and in certain cases nurse them; they instruct the ignorant, and have a night school. They have a mothers' meeting on Monday evenings.' The Orphanage is for Catholic orphans. **Admission** to the Orphanage.—No payment required except an admission fee to provide bedding. Children are trained chiefly for laundry maids. At the age of 16 they are paid wages and provide their own clothes, and later on they are placed out in service.

HARLEY HOUSE, Marylebone Road, N.W.

Object.—Home for servants (from 16 to 38 years of age) of good character; two references required. No training given, but inmates are expected to make their beds and do the household work of their rooms. Only servants seeking situations received. Terms, 7s. a week for board and lodging. Application to the Rev. Mother.

ST. EDWARD'S HOME, Little Union Place, Lisson Grove, N.W.

Object.—To receive servants while waiting for situations. Good character and health indispensable. Reference required from last situation before admission. Payment, 8s. a week in advance for board, lodging, and washing. Application to the Rev. Mother, St. Edward's Convent Blandford Square, N.W.

HOUSE OF MERCY, St. Edward's Convent, Blandford Square, N.W.

Object.—To protect and train girls of good character and sound health, from the age of 15 and upwards. They are employed in the laundry and at ordinary housework and needlework, and remain until they are able to obtain good situations. Any girl placed in service from the House of Mercy can return as to a home while unemployed, provided she keeps a good character. Entrance fee, £1. Each inmate is required to bring a black dress, jacket, hat, and boots for Sundays (or an extra £1). Uniform for working days is provided by the House; but each person must bring at least a change of underclothing, strong boots or shoes, and comb and brush. No outfit provided. Application to the Rev. Mother.

THE ORPHANAGE, Bartrams, Hampstead, N.W. (Certified for reception of pauper children, 1878.)

Object.—The reception and training of orphan girls chargeable to the Poor Law. **Admission.**—By application to the Treasurer. **Management, &c.**—By the Westminster Diocesan Education Fund. **Inmates** (1888).—118. Treasurer and Administrator, Rev. Thomas Seddon, Archbishop's House, Westminster, S.W.

ST. ANN'S ORPHANAGE, 8 Alpha Road, N.W.

Object.—To maintain and educate for domestic service poor orphan girls. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Treasurer. Girls are received between the ages of 2 and 14 years, and remain until 17 or 18, or until fit to go to service. Payment, £8 a year. Paupers are not admitted. **Management.**—By Matron. **Inmates.**—About 60. Treas., Hon. and Rev. Monsignor Talbot, 24 Golden Square, W.; Superintendent, Miss Moriarty.

ST. ANNE'S ORPHANAGE, Underwood Street, E.

Object.—To give girls between 5 and 17 years old a good religious education, and a practical knowledge of domestic work to fit them for service. Payment, £14 a year. **Inmates.**—35. Application to the Rev. Mother Superior, Marist Convent, Hunt Court, Spitalfields, E.

ST. MARY'S ORPHANAGE (1867), Walthamstow, Essex.

Object.—To receive girls chargeable to the poor rates only, and train them for domestic service. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Rev. Thomas Seddon, Archbishop's House, S.W. Age of admission, 2 to 16 years. Certificates of health required. Payment as per agreement. Clothing is provided. Inmates remain until fitted for service. **Management.**—By a religious community, appointed by Cardinal Manning. **Income.**—Supported by the Westminster Diocesan Education Fund. **Inmates** (1888).—126. Treasurer and Administrator, Rev. Thomas Seddon, Archbishop's House, Westminster, S.W.

THE ORPHANAGE, Convent of Mercy, Brentwood, Essex.

Object.—The education and industrial training of 30 orphan or homeless girls, from 4 to 14, who are usually placed in situations when about 14. No sickly or diseased children taken. Payment, 10s. 6d. entrance fee and £12 a year. Application to the Rev. Mother.

ST. MARY'S HOME FOR GIRLS, Southend. (Certified for reception of pauper children, 1878.)

Object.—The reception and training of orphan girls chargeable to the Poor Law. **Admission.**—By application to the Treasurer. **Management, &c.**—By the Westminster Diocesan Education Fund. **Inmates** (1888).—52. **Treasurer and Administrator,** Rev. Thomas Seddon, Archbishop's House, Westminster, S.W.

ST. EDWARD'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS (1887), Totteridge, Herts.

Inmates.—185 paupers. Application to the Rev. T. Seddon, Archbishop's House, Westminster, S.W.; or the Rev. Mother, as above.

CONVENT OF MERCY, Heatherside, Midhurst, Sussex.

Object.—The preservation and training for service of girls of good character (between the ages of 13 and 18). They learn house, kitchen, and laundry work, to make and mend their own clothes, and to be generally useful. **Payment,** 5s. a week with outfit, 6s. without. Application to the Rev. Mother.

ST. ELIZABETH'S HOME, 15 Upper Rock Gardens, Brighton.

Object.—To befriend girls between 13 and 19 years of age by assisting them with clothes to enable them to take respectable situations, or by placing them in the Home if in need of training in house, kitchen, and laundry work; needlework taught also. Girls, however rough and rude, received, but not fallen girls. **Payment,** 7s. a week. Brighton girls free. **Inmates.**—6. Application to Miss A. Jason Smith.

ST. MARY'S ORPHANAGE, The Convent, Ipswich.

Object.—To receive girls sent by guardians; also orphans and destitute girls (from the age of 3) paid for by benefactors. **Payments,** 4s. a week. Application to the Rev. Mother.

ST. MARY'S CONVENT, Radford, Enstone, Oxfordshire.

Object.—To educate poor girls from 2 years old, and train them for domestic service, or such other employments as they show aptitude for. Certificates of health and baptism required. Cases of infectious diseases or fits not admitted. **Payment,** £12 per annum. **Inmates.**—30. Application to the Rev. Mother, as above; or the Rev. Mother, St. Paul's Convent, Selly Oak, Birmingham.

ST. MARY'S INDUSTRIAL PREVENTIVE HOME, Eastleigh, Bishopstoke.

Object.—To receive 35 children under 14, who have been rescued from bad homes or evil surroundings, and train them for domestic service. **Payments for children,** £10 a year. Application to Miss Mary Simeon.

HOME FOR TRAINING GIRLS, Sisters of Peace, Convent of the Sacred Heart, Bluebell Hill, Nottingham.

Object.—To train young girls in domestic work. **Payment,** by arrangement with the Sister Superior, to whom application is to be made.

HOUSE OF MERCY, Convent of Mercy, College Street, Nottingham.

Object.—The reception of girls of 16 and upwards, who must be of good character, strong and healthy (not subject to fits), and of sufficient capacity to learn housework, laundry-work, and plain cooking. Payment, £1 entrance fee and outfit expected. Application to the Mother Superior.

THE ORPHANAGE, St. John's, Nottingham.

Object.—To receive and train orphan or destitute girls. When about 14 they are placed in suitable situations, returned to friends, or are transferred to the House of Mercy (*see above*). Payment, £10 a year. If possible, each girl should bring a change of clothing. **Inmates.**—15. Application to the Mother Superior, Convent of Mercy, College Street, Nottingham.

CONVENT OF MERCY, Dighton Street, Bristol.

Object.—To receive girls sent by guardians; also those (under 16 years of age) sent by friends and benefactors, who are trained for service. Payment, £12 a year. There is a large laundry, and if girls show a liking for this work they are allowed to remain on; and girls over 16 are taken in to learn laundry work, at £12 the first year, £10 the second; after that free, or they are provided with situations. **Inmates.**—16 by guardians, 36 voluntary cases. Application to the Rev. Mother Superior.

ST. JOSEPH'S SCHOOL, Franciscan Convent, Taunton.

Object.—The education and industrial training, to fit them for service, of girls of the poorer class, from 4 to 18 years old; taken younger if an urgent case. Payment, £12 a year and clothes; a few taken free. **Inmates.**—About 60. Application to Mrs. Jerningham.

ST. MARY'S ORPHANAGE, St. Marychurch, Torquay.

Object.—To educate girls between 3 and 15 years of age (but, under exceptional circumstances, received at 2 years old), and train them for service. They attend the elementary school up to 14 or 15, and are employed in house, kitchen, and laundry work. Payment, £12 per annum. **Inmates.**—About 60. Application to the Rev. Mother Prioress.

ST. TERESA'S ORPHANAGE, Gasking Street, Plymouth.

Object.—To receive girls sent by guardians; also orphan and destitute girls (from 2 to 16 years of age) sent by friends and benefactors. Payments, £10 a year if belonging to the diocese of Plymouth; £12 a year for others. **Inmates.**—40. Application to the Sister Superior.

ST. MICHAEL'S HOME, Treforest, Pontypridd, South Wales.

Object.—To receive children (of both sexes) sent by guardians; also those (from 2 years old) sent by friends. Girls receive industrial training. All attend the District Mission School daily, those who have passed the 4th standard being half-timers. Payment by guardians, £10 a year with clothes, or £13 a year without for voluntary cases; in either case outfit required to begin with. **Inmates.**—Certified for 46. Application to Sister M. Ilttydd Morgan.

CONVENT OF ST. ROSE, Stroud, Gloucestershire.

Object.—To educate and train children of the working class as pupil teachers or for domestic service. Payment, £10 a year. Application to the Rev. Mother Prioress.

FRANCISCAN CONVENT, Woodchester, Stroud.

Object.—Education and industrial training of girls; not taken over 12 years of age; by preference at 9 or 10. They are also taught to bake, and make butter (when old enough), to wash and do plain needlework. Payment, £10 per annum, paid quarterly. Each girl must bring a change of underclothing and of strong boots, hat, cloak, and jacket. **Inmates.**—40. Application to the Mother Abbess.

ST. ELIZABETH'S SCHOOL, Bullingham, Hereford.

Object.—Middle-class school, and orphanage for poor girls. Age, 4 to 18. Payments, middle-class school, £16 to £18; orphanage, £10 to £12 per annum. **Inmates.**—157. Application to the Sister Superior.

ST. CLARE'S ORPHANAGE, Pantasaph, Holywell, Flintshire.

Object.—To give household training to girls. No limit of age. Payments, £2. 2s. entrance fee and £10 a year. **Inmates.**—82 sent by guardians, 68 voluntary cases. Application to the Superior.

THE CONVENT, Avon Dassett, Leamington.

Object.—To train girls, from 3 to 18 years old, for pupil teachers or domestic industry. Payment, £14 a year. Application to the Rev. Mother.

THE CONVENT, Southam, Rugby.

Object.—To receive girls sent by guardians; also poor girls sent by relations or benefactors, to be trained for service. Payment, £10 a year. **Inmates.**—1 sent by guardians, 39 by friends. Application to the Superior, as above; or to the Rev. W. Grosvenor, St. Mary's Priory, Princethorpe, Rugby.

ST. JOSEPH'S HOME, Brougham Street, Birmingham.

Object.—To receive girls sent by guardians; also girls from 2 to 15 years of age placed by friends. **Inmates.**—66 sent by guardians, 4 voluntary cases. Application to the Mother Superior, St. Mary's Convent, Handsworth, Birmingham.

HOUSE OF MERCY, St. Mary's Convent, Handsworth, Birmingham.

Object.—To receive servants out of place, and young girls, of 16 and upwards, who require domestic training or religious instruction. They remain until provided with suitable situations, and support themselves chiefly by laundry work. Payment, £1 entrance fee. **Inmates.**—30. Application to the Rev. Mother.

MARYVALE ORPHANAGE, Perry Barr, Birmingham.

Object.—To receive girls sent by guardians; also those placed by friends and relations. Payment, £10 a year. **Inmates.**—10 sent by guardians, 50 voluntary cases. Application to the Rev. Mother.

HOUSE OF MERCY, The Convent, Wolverhampton.

Object.—To receive servants out of place, and young girls, of 16 and upwards, who require domestic training or religious instruction. They remain until provided with suitable situations, and support themselves while in the House chiefly by laundry work. Payment, £1 entrance fee. **Inmates.**—30. Application to the Rev. Mother.

THE ORPHANAGE, Presentation Convent, Livesey Street, Manchester.

Object.—To receive girls between 4 and 7 years old who belong to the towns of Manchester and Salford and have lost both parents. They attend the convent day-school and also receive industrial training. When about 14 they are provided with a suitable outfit and are placed in service. **Inmates.**—30. Application to the Rev. Mother, as above, or any priest of Manchester and Salford.

ST. PAUL'S CONVENT, Glossop, Manchester.

Object.—To train young girls, from 3 to 18 years of age, as pupil teachers, or in domestic industry. Payments, £16 to £20 a year. Application to the Rev. Mother.

HOME FOR GIRLS, 7 Victoria Street, Victoria Park, Rusholme, Manchester.

Object.—The reception and training for service of girls of good character (from 13 years upwards) at 4s. a week. **Inmates.**—15. Application to the Sister Superior.

ST. JOSEPH'S HOME, Goulden Street, Rochdale Road, Manchester.

Object.—To provide board and lodging and a little training for girls of 13 and upwards. Payment, 4s. 6d. a week. **Management.**—By Sisters of Charity of St. Vincent de Paul. Application to the Sister Superior.

HOUSE OF MERCY, Mount Vernon, Liverpool.

Object.—To receive girls of good character, from 16 to 20 years of age, and train them for service, mostly as laundry maids. They are employed in ordinary housework and laundry work. If out of place through no fault of their own, they can return to the Home. Outfit for situation provided by the Home, for which partial repayment out of wages is expected. Entrance fee, £1. **Inmates.**—About 60. Application to the Rev. Mother.

CATHOLIC ORPHANAGE, 65 Falkner Street, Liverpool.

Object.—To feed, clothe, educate, and train the destitute orphan daughters of respectable parents who have died in the city of Liverpool. Age, from 5 to 16. They are taught house, laundry, machine, and needle work, and the elder girls learn cookery from a certified mistress, besides the usual education. When possible £5 is asked from the person who places the girl in the house. No outfit asked. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 116. Hon. Sec., Donald Kennedy, Esq., India Buildings, Water Street, Liverpool.

ST. JOSEPH'S CONVENT, Theatre Street, Preston.

Object.—The reception and training of orphan and destitute girls from 2 years old and upwards. There is an endowment for 30, preference to be given to Prestonians. They generally remain until 14 or 15, some longer. They have a certificated schoolmistress, and also are taught housework. Some are trained for teachers, others are placed as servants, shop-girls, machinists, or in such other employments as they show most capacity for. Many go as servants in hospitals. Payment, £12 a year; some received for partial payment. **Inmates.**—60. Application to the Rev. Mother Superior.

ST. MARY'S ORPHANAGE, Richmond Hill, Leeds.

Object.—To receive girls sent by guardians ; also those (between the ages of 3 and 14) placed by friends and benefactors. They are trained for service, and are also employed in local industrial work. Payment, £12 a year. **Inmates** (December 1886).—43 paupers ; 17 sent by friends. Application to the Rev. Mother, as above ; or the Rev. J. R. Cowgill, Bishop's House, Leeds.

CONVENT OF SISTERS OF MERCY, Newcastle House of Mercy.

Object.—To receive girls of 16 years of age and upwards, in danger, to be trained as servants. Laundry-work done. Application to the Rev. Mother.

TUDHOE ORPHANAGE, Spennymoor, Durham.

Object.—To receive poor children, mostly those sent by guardians. Payment, 5s. a week. Each child to bring complete change of upper and under clothing. **Inmates.**—Sent by guardians, 45 ; voluntary case, 1. Application to the Very Rev. Canon Watson.

WIGTON ORPHANAGE (certified to receive pauper cases, 1882), Wigton, Cumberland.

Object.—To receive Roman Catholic girls sent by guardians ; also orphan, neglected, or destitute girls sent by others. **Admission.**—By application to the Mother Superior and payment of £12. 12s. per annum. **Inmates** (1887).—44 (5 sent by guardians, 39 by friends).

ORPHANAGE OF THE FAITHFUL VIRGIN (1848), The Convent, Norwood, S.E.

Object.—To receive Roman Catholic orphans and girls chargeable to the poor rates, and train them for domestic service. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Superioress. Age of admission, 2 to 16 years. Certificates of health required. Clothing is provided. **Inmates** remain until fit for service. **Management.**—By a religious community, appointed by ecclesiastical authority. Superioress, Madame St. C. de Marie.

SPECIAL HOMES FOR GIRLS.**WELSH GIRLS' SCHOOL OF THE SOCIETY OF ANCIENT BRITONS (1715 ; reorganised, 1882), Ashford, Middlesex (formerly Welsh Charity School).**

Object.—'To provide board and a high class education for girls, whose mother or father was born within the limits already prescribed by the Society's Act, viz., the Principality of Wales, the county of Monmouth, or the parishes of Oswestry, Selattyn, and Llanymynech, in the county of Salop—preference being given to children who have lost their father.' **Admission.**—Foundationers, free by the Governors, and on the nomination of subscribers at the rate of one child for every fifty guineas subscribed. Higher pay scholars, at £32 a year, by the House Committee. Intermediate pay scholars, at £16 a year by the Governors. **Management.**—By Committee, elected by donors and subscribers. **Income** (1887).—From charitable contributions, £899 ; invested funds, £1,485 ; scholars' payments, £4,137 ; other sources, £89. **Scholars** (1887).—153. Bankers, Hoares. Treasurer, Thomas Wood, Esq. ; Sec., Rev. J. S. Brownrigg, 127 St. George's Road, S.W.

ROYAL MASONIC INSTITUTION FOR GIRLS (1788), St. John's Hill, Battersea Rise, S.W. Office, 5 Freemasons' Hall, Great Queen Street, W.C.

Object.—To maintain, clothe, and educate the daughters of Freemasons of every religious denomination under the English constitution. **Admission.**—By election of subscribers or purchase (170 guineas). The daughters of Jewish parents, if elected, may, if desired, be educated out of the establishment. Candidates must be not less than 7 at the time of application, and than 8 at admission, and be under 11 at election. Petitions must be recommended by two subscribers, and accompanied by certificates (from the lodge to which the father belonged, if possible), that he was at initiation in a position justifying his enrolment, that his family are so reduced in circumstances that his daughter is a fit object for the benefits of the institution; (2) from the Grand Secretary that the father has been duly registered; (3) of parents' marriage; (4) of father's death, if deceased; (5) of birth; (6) of health. Petitions from a distance of more than six miles from Freemasons' Hall must be sent to the Secretary a week, and London petitions three days, before the meetings of the General Committee on the last Thursday in June and December. No petition is received from a girl who has a sister in the establishment unless the vacancies are more than the candidates. Guarantees of removal in due course are required. For the education of girls out of the establishment not more than £20 per annum is paid by Committee. **Management.**—By General Committee, consisting of all Life Governors (donors of £10. 10s.) and twelve subscribers elected annually, and House Committee elected by and from them. **Income** (1887).—From charitable contributions, £14,172; invested funds, £1,900; purchased admission, £150; other sources, £214. **Immates.**—242. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, Bloomsbury. Treasurer, Horace Brooks Marshall, Esq., J.P.; Secretary, F. R. W. Hedges, Esq., at the Office, 5 Freemasons' Hall, Great Queen Street, W.C.

SOLDIERS' DAUGHTERS' HOME (1855), Hampstead, N.W. Office, 5 Robert Street, Adelphi, W.C.

Object.—'To nurse, clothe, board, and educate the destitute female children, orphans or not, of soldiers, born during the service, or after the honourable discharge of their father; to instruct the girls so received in industrial habits, and fit them for domestic service; and to grant scholarships to the most industrious, with a view to their support while being trained as regimental or parochial schoolmistresses.' **Admission.**—By election or payment. Regiments making donations have votes for 21 years. Girls can be admitted on payments varying according to age, from £190 for a child under three, to £53 for one of 12 and under 13. The sums are less for purchase by regiments. Boarders, £19 per annum. Candidates must be nominated by a subscriber, and must furnish evidence of father's service, parents' marriage, of age, and medical certificate. Age of admission, from 6 to 11; of departure, 16. Guarantees for removal are required. **Management.**—By Committee elected annually by subscribers. Meetings held monthly. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £1,294; payments for boarders, £149; invested funds, £1,615; legacies, £707; church collections, £11. **Immates.**—166. Bankers, Messrs. Cox & Co., 16 and 17 Charing Cross, S.W.; Treasurer, Frederick Cox, Esq.; Chairman, Major-Gen. P. Ravenhill, C.B., R.E.; Chaplain, Rev. J. Kirkman, M.A., Vicar of St. Stephen's, Hampstead; Secretary, C. R. Low, Esq.

GUARDS' INDUSTRIAL HOME (1863), Francis Street, Vauxhall Bridge Road, S.W. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—'The education, clothing, and maintenance of the daughters of non-commissioned officers and men of the Brigade of Guards.' **Admission.**—'The daughters of non-commissioned officers and men of the Guards (married with leave), the daughters of pensioners born while their fathers were serving in the Guards, and the daughters of soldiers who die, having served in the Guards,' are eligible; daughters of soldiers serving having preference. Twenty-eight girls are admitted free, 24 on payment of £4 a year. Baptismal and medical certificates required in all cases. No girl admitted over 14 years, or kept after 17 years, except by special permission. Forms of application for admission can be obtained from the Battalion Orderly Rooms. The girls may be retained after the discharge of their fathers from the Army until situations are found for them. They are trained in all branches of household service, and at a proper age situations are found for them, and an outfit given. **Management.**—By Committee and Ladies' Committee, each Committee coöpting members. **Income** (1880).—Subscriptions, donations, and collections, £1,221. 2s. 3d.; invested funds, £15. 19s. 11d.; payments for children, £133. 8s. 2d.; earnings, £6. 10s. **Inmates.**—52. Bankers, Messrs. Cox & Co. Treasurer, Lieut.-Colonel Hon. F. Bridgeman; Hon. Secretary, Colonel G. H. Moncrieff; Superintendent, Miss Hillyard.

ROYAL VICTORIA PATRIOTIC ASYLUM, Wandsworth Common, S.W. Office, 53 Charing Cross, S.W. (*see also p. 278*).

Object.—For the orphan daughters of soldiers, sailors, and marines. **Admission.**—They are received from 7 to 11 years of age, retained until 16, and trained for domestic service. Preference is given to the children of men who have lost their lives in active service. **Management.**—By a Committee consisting of 12 members of the Executive and Finance Committee of the Patriotic Fund, assisted by 4 ladies appointed by the Royal Commissioners. **Income** (1887).—About £7,000. **Inmates** (1887).—261. Sec., Colonel Young.

SAILORS' ORPHAN GIRLS' SCHOOL AND HOME (1829), Greenhill Road, Hampstead, N.W. Office, 50 Bishopsgate Street Within, E.C.

Object.—'The gratuitous board, clothing, and education of the destitute orphan daughters of British sailors (of the Royal Navy and merchant service) and marines and British fishermen.' **Admission.**—By election. Subscribers of 5s. and donors of £5. 5s. have, the former one, the latter two, votes for as many candidates as there are vacancies; also by purchase, £50 to £100, or nomination by the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty; or payment. Applicants must be approved by Committee, have no sister standing, and not more than one in the Home, except under special circumstances. Guarantee for due removal is required, and certificates of father's service, parents' marriage, child's subsequent birth, age (between 5 and 12), and health. In special cases formal documents may be dispensed with. At 16, or earlier, situations are sought, outfits are given, and rewards for keeping situation. Ex-inmates are supervised as long as unmarried, and in approved cases are received when out of situation. **Management.**—By Committee composed of officers elected by subscribers and donors annually. **Income** (1887-88).—Charitable contributions, £1,318; invested funds, £147; payments for inmates by Admiralty, &c.,

£268; grant from Education Department, £49; sundries, £6. **Inmates** (1887-8).—100. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treas., R. C. L. Bevan, Esq., Lombard Street, E.C.; Secretary, Mr. Chas. Nash, at the Office.

ROYAL BRITISH FEMALE ORPHAN ASYLUM (1839), Devonport.

Object.—'1st. To rescue the female orphans of our sailors and soldiers from want, misery, and probable vice. 2nd. To train them as household servants.' **Admission.**—By election. No nomination, or canvassing. A presentation, by donation or collection, of £10 constitutes a life governor. A subscription of 10s., or a donation of £1, entitles to one vote, increased in proportion for each of as many children as are to be elected in one year. Boarders are also admitted by nomination of Lords Commissioners of Admiralty, the Secretary of State for War, and the Charitable Committee of the Royal Artillery. The Committee of Lloyd's Patriotic Fund have, by purchase, the right to nominate 30 orphans for admission. Age of admission from 7 to 13. Boarders are admitted on payment of at least £15 per annum. Certificates of health, of parents' marriage, and of father's services are required. The girls are sent into service at 16 years of age, thoroughly trained, with an excellent outfit, at not less than £7 wages. **Management.**—By Court of Directors, consisting of Managing Committee and Ladies' Committee, elected annually by subscribers. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £736; invested funds, £1,390; payments for inmates, £1,917; collections on H.M.'s ships, &c., £229. **Inmates.**—188. Bankers, Robarts, Lubbock, & Co., London; Hodge & Co., Devonport. Treasurer, Captain J. M. Wilson, R.N., 1 Somerset Place, Stoke, Devonport; Hon. Sec., L. P. Metham, Esq., The Elms, Stoke, Devonport.

ST. PETER'S ORPHANAGE (1862), Up. Kennington Lane, S.E.

Object.—To provide a home and education for orphan daughters of professional men, to be trained to become schoolmistresses in National schools. **Admission.**—By permission of Miss Gregory, who lives at the Orphanage, to whom applications must be made. Candidates must be the daughters of professional men, between the ages of 13 and 15. **Inmates** leave at the age of 19. **Management.**—By Miss Gregory. **Income.**—'Supported by the lady who has charge of it,' with 'some small payments from inmates.' **Inmates.**—14. Treasurer, Rev. Canon Gregory, 2 Amen Court, St. Paul's, E.C.

ÉCOLE DE CHARITÉ PROTESTANTE FRANÇAISE DE WESTMINSTER (1747), Bloomsbury Street, W.C.

Object.—To provide clothing, maintenance, and education for fifteen young girls, descendants of French Protestant Huguenot refugees. They are taught English and French. The religious principles recognised are those of the English Church. They also act as the choir in the French Protestant Episcopal Church of the Savoy. **Admission.**—By election. Each annual subscription of 10s., and each donation of £5, gives one vote at every election. Candidates must be between 7 and 11 years old, and be brought to the Committee with certificates of birth, baptism, and parents' marriage, and proof of Huguenot origin. The girls are trained for domestic work, and are kept in the School until 14½ years of age. **Management.**—By Directors appointed by an Annual General Assembly of subscribers and benefactors. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £123; invested funds, £286. **Inmates.**—15. Treasurer, R. St. A. Roumieu, Esq., 10 Lancaster Place, Strand, W.C.; Hon. Sec., W. M. Beaufort, Esq., 18 Piccadilly, W.

V.—EDUCATION.

The institutions comprised in the following section are divided as follows:—

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It is perhaps necessary to point out that the objects of some of the institutions contained in the first subdivision are of very extended character, including as they do those of the institutions described under the second heading. The section *Relief in Money* should also be consulted, it being a condition of some of the grants that the money is to be spent in education. Some of the institutions of which particulars are given under the head of 'Boarding Schools' are educational institutions with endowments. They can hardly, therefore, be classed as charities in the ordinary sense of that word. Yet information regarding them may be found useful in dealing with cases of distress.

Many of the *Homes for Children* (pp. 293 &c.) are in fact boarding schools in which children are wholly maintained and clothed, and should be referred to in order to obtain a complete knowledge of the subject, but any particular school, or a school suited to any particular class of children, may be most readily found by consulting the Index. Ragged Schools, Schools in connection with Missions, and Reformatory and Industrial Schools are dealt with in separate sections in a later portion of the volume. The legal powers of School Boards are explained in the Introduction.

EDUCATIONAL SOCIETIES, BOARDS OF EDUCATION, AND TRAINING COLLEGES.

LONDON DIOCESAN BOARD OF EDUCATION (1839).

Object.—To assist by means of grants, or loans without interest, weak and struggling Church schools, to promote the religious instruction of poor children in schools, and to improve the status of pupil teachers and others in religious subjects. Schools of the above-mentioned class are inspected by the diocesan inspectors, and pupil teachers are examined with regard to their proficiency in religious subjects. **Management.**—By Committee of clergy and laity. **Income** (1888).—Collections in church, subscriptions, and school fees, £1,219. Bankers, Messrs. Herries, Farquhar, & Co. Treasurer, Sir Walter Farquhar; Sec., Rev. Bernard Reynolds, 58 Elgin Crescent, Notting Hill, W.

NATIONAL SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING THE EDUCATION OF THE POOR IN THE PRINCIPLES OF THE ESTABLISHED CHURCH (Incorporated 1811), Sanctuary, Westminster, S.W.

Object.—To build and support schools, to maintain training colleges, to examine teachers, to provide educational appliances at a cheap rate, &c. The training colleges, St. Mark's, Chelsea, St. John's, Battersea, and White-lands (see pp. 388-9) receive collectively £1,287 annually; and £2,500 are granted towards the cost of maintaining diocesan training colleges.

Grants towards building schools to the amount of £4,101 were made in 1888. Diocesan boards and district societies are affiliated on professing adherence to its principles. Schools can be affiliated either directly or through diocesan or district societies, on managers signing a declaration that the children are to be instructed in the Holy Scriptures and in the Liturgy and Catechism of the Established Church, subject to superintendence of parochial clergymen, and to be assembled regularly for attendance at church, that the masters and mistresses are to be members of the Church of England, and the schools are to be annually inspected, and that disputes between managers and parochial clergy are to be decided by the bishop of the diocese. Books and materials may be obtained at reduced prices by members, also by members of Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge. Payment for books, &c., to be made to the Superintendent, Mr. Jno. Strugnell. **Management.**—By Committee, meeting monthly (with sub-committee). Donors of £10. 10s., and annual subscribers of £1. 1s., are members. The organisation throughout the country is managed by clerical organising secretaries. **Income** (1888).—Voluntary contributions and legacies, £12,611; invested funds, £303; sales, &c., £47,288. Affiliated schools, £12,000. Total amount of grants made, £1,219,767. Bankers, Drummonds. Treasurer, Rev. Canon Gregory; Sec., Rev. James Duncan.

ST. MARK'S COLLEGE (1841), Chelsea, S.W. (In connection with the National Society.)

Object.—To train schoolmasters for the work of popular education. **Admission.**—By competitive examination in the Bible and Prayer Book, arithmetic, Euclid, algebra, history, geography, and grammar. Application must be made to the Principal. Candidates must be 18 years of age. Certificates required (1) of health and (2) of character. Payment on admission is £17. 10s. This is the only payment made for two years' instruction, board, and residence. The course lasts two years. Examinations of each year's students for certificates of merit are conducted by the Government Education Department. Special examinations are held in divinity, mathematics, and science, also in music. **Management.**—By a Council composed of clergy and laity. **Income** (1887).—£7,681 (including Government grants, £5,815). **Students.**—116. Treasurers, John G. Talbot, Esq., M.P.; Rev. Canon W. Cooke, M.A.; Principal, Rev. G. W. Gent, M.A., Oxon, late Tutor of Keble College, Oxford.

BATTERSEA TRAINING COLLEGE (1842), Terrace House, Battersea, S.W. (In connection with the National Society.)

Object.—To educate and train young men to be teachers in elementary schools. **Admission.**—By examination. Application must be made to the Rev. the Principal. Applicants must be above 18, and must furnish certificates of good conduct and character. Payment, entrance fee of £17. 10s. The course lasts two years, at the expiration of which the students are engaged as head-masters or assistant-masters in elementary schools. **Management.**—By a Council, originally appointed by the National Society. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions, £60; students' fees and payments for books, £1,232; Government grant, £4,800; from Science and Art Department and National Society, £964; sundries, £99. **Students.**—110. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, William Evill, Esq.; Principal, Rev. Canon Evan Daniel.

WHITELANDS TRAINING COLLEGE FOR SCHOOL- MISTRESSES, King's Road, Chelsea, S.W. (In con- nection with the National Society.)

Object.—To educate young women for schoolmistresses in National and other elementary schools. **Admission.**—At discretion of Committee after examination. Admission fee, (a) for pupil teachers £12, 1st class; £15, 2nd; (b) non-pupil teachers, £20. Age from 18. On leaving situations are found for the students. Admission to the commercial, practising, and infant schools in connection with the College: Commercial school for girls above the first standard only, payment £2. 2s. a term, above Standard III.; £1. 17s. below; model and practising schools, for girls only, 9d. a week; infant school, for boys and girls under seven, 5d. **Management.**—By Council, elected by the present Council; three go out by alphabetical rotation annually, and there are three representative members of the National Society. No one is eligible who is not an habitual communicant of the Church. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £146; invested funds, £316; students' fees, £953; Government grant, £5,036; science grants, payment for books, school fees and grants, &c., £1,537. **Students.**—144; attendance (commercial school), 190; (practising school), 220; (infant school), 150. Bankers, Drummonds. Principal, Rev. J. P. Faunthorpe, M.A.; Treasurer, E. C. Johnson, Esq., J.P.; Superintendent, Mrs. Newton.

HOME AND COLONIAL SCHOOL SOCIETY (1836), 344 to 354 Gray's Inn Road, W.C.

Object.—The training of teachers, and the improvement and extension of education on Christian principles, as embodied in the Articles of the Church of England. The institution consists of two distinct branches, viz., a College under Government inspection for the training of elementary schoolmistresses; and a non-Government department, in which ladies are instructed and trained for the position of governesses in families and schools of a higher grade. The Government department includes a College for boarding, lodging, and instructing 140 candidates for the office of teacher in elementary schools (which is aided by the State in the same proportion as other training colleges), and Model and Practising Schools, containing 800 day scholars. The non-Government department includes classes for resident and non-resident students, the Mayo High School for 200 girls, and a depository for the sale of educational books and appliances. This department is self-supporting. **Admission.**—To the Training College by selection of Committee. Candidates must have previously passed the Government examination for Queen's scholarships. Their only payment is entrance fee of £12 for first class, and £15 for second class Queen's scholars who have been pupil teachers. Non-pupil teachers, £20. Books cost from £3 to £4; board, lodging, instruction, &c., are provided. Admission to the High School and Elementary Schools by application to the head mistresses, and payment of school fees, varying from 3d. per week to £2. 2s. per term. Non-Government students pay from £10 to £20 per annum. Board at the students' residence, £1. 1s. a week. **Management.**—By Committee, elected annually by annual subscribers of £1. 1s., or donors of £10. 10s. **Income** (1888).—Voluntary contributions, £776; students' payments and school fees, £3,701; Government grants, £5,506; legacy, £200; other sources, £154. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, John Deacon, Esq.; Hon. Secs., G. H. Sawtell, Esq., and Thos. Robertson, Esq.; Principal, Rev. W. Bromilow; Sec., Mr. W. S. Glover.

EDUCATION UNION, 27 Kilburn Park Road, N.W. (In connection with the Church Extension Association.)

Object.—To assist poor Church of England National Schools by making pecuniary grants, and to call public attention to the importance of religious education in public elementary schools. **Admission.**—Application should be made to Miss Frances Ashdown, as above. **Management.**—By the Sisters of the Church. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £90; sales of work, £105. **Schools assisted.**—24.

BISHOP OTTER MEMORIAL COLLEGE (1851, reopened 1873), Chichester.

Object.—For training ladies as elementary schoolmistresses. **Admission.**—By application to the Principal. (a) 'Queen's scholars' pay £20 a year (exclusive of books). They must be ladies over 18 'who have passed the Queen's scholarship examination in July, and will reside in the College two years.' They are admitted into the College in January. (b) Private students, paying £50 a year, are ladies who wish to obtain their certificates after two years' residence without passing the Queen's scholarship examination. They attend the same course as the Queen's scholars. The Committee give exhibitions of £10 to ladies who take first classes in the examinations for Queen's scholarships. Candidates must be over 17 years of age, the daughters of professional men, and recommended by the Principal. The charge for students entering the College to prepare for the Queen's scholarship examination held annually in July is £3 a month. **Management.**—By Committee composed of an equal number of laymen and clergymen. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions, £101; grants from Committee of Council on Education, Science and Art Department, and National Society, £842; students' payments, £770; other receipts, £3. **Students.**—36. Bankers, Coutts & Co., London; Hall, Bevan, & Co., Brighton; Dendy & Co., Chichester. **Treas.** C. T. Halsted, Esq.; **Chaplain** and **Sec.**, Rev. J. Fraser; **Principal**, Miss Trevor.

CHELTENHAM TRAINING COLLEGE (1847), Cheltenham.

Object.—To train masters and mistresses for elementary schools in connection with the Church of England. The education is strictly Scriptural, Evangelical, and Protestant, in accordance with the Articles and Liturgy. **Admission.**—*Male Department*: The course of study embraces Scripture, Liturgy, and Catechism of the Church of England, and the subjects of the Syllabus issued by the Committee of Council on Education. Classes are formed for students desiring to obtain teachers' certificates in science. An organ is provided for students who desire to become organists. Candidates must present themselves at the College at the appointed time for Queen's scholarship examination, sign a paper stating intention to remain two years in the College, and then to become a schoolmaster; produce a thoroughly satisfactory certificate of good health, and pay an entrance fee of £16. If not been a pupil teacher, must pay an entrance fee of £20. Students are provided with tuition, board, lodging, washing, and medical attendance. *Female Department*: The course of study embraces Scripture, Liturgy, and Catechism of the Church of England, and the subjects of the Syllabus issued by the Committee of Council on Education. Class for vocal music held weekly. Pianos and harmoniums are provided. All students are examined every year, in every subject taught. At end of each year, prizes are given to students of first and second year respectively, who stand well in examinations. Some of these prizes, and also special ones for needlework, are provided out of the Former Students' Subscription Fund. Candidates must pass the admission examination held by H.M.

inspector, sign a paper stating intention to remain two years in college, and then to become a schoolmistress; produce a thoroughly satisfactory certificate of good health; and pay an entrance fee of £14. Non-pupil teachers pay £15. Forms of admission may be had on application.

Management.—By Committee selected by the Governors at their annual meeting. 'The Principal, who must be in Holy Orders, manages the College, aided by a competent staff.' **Income** (1887).—Government grants, £5,722; Science and Art Department, £313; invested funds, £309; subscriptions, £195; grants from National Society, £240; entrance fees, £1,265; sale of books to students, £212; miscellaneous receipts, £4. **Students.**—Male, 90; female, 60. Principal, the Rev. R. M. Chamney; Chairman, Executive Committee, Rev. Canon Bell; Hon. Sec., Rev. E. Cornford, M.A.

ST. PETER'S ORPHANAGE, Upper Kennington Lane, S.E.

Object.—To train orphans of professional men as schoolmistresses. (See p. 386.)

WESTMINSTER DIOCESAN EDUCATION FUND (1866), Archbishop's House, Westminster, S.W.

Object.—To promote the religious and secular education of the Catholic poor children in the diocese of Westminster. **Admission.**—The fund is applicable to the erection and maintenance of diocesan schools, viz., reformatory, industrial, and Poor Law schools; non-certified orphanages, and parochial day-schools. To giving assistance in individual cases of orphans and destitute children; to giving gratuities for the encouragement of masters and pupil teachers; to protecting the faith of Catholic children who are chargeable to the poor rates, or who come under the operation of the Reformatory and Industrial Schools Acts; to providing chaplains for the diocesan schools. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £1,940; Quinquagesima Sunday collections, £443; emigration, £743; Kensington Hall, contribution towards rent, £490; Home for Destitute Children, £147; legacy, £325; miscellaneous receipts, £60. Bankers, London and Westminster, Stratford Place, W. Treas. and Sec., Rev. T. Seddon, Archbishop's House, Westminster, S.W.

CATHOLIC POOR SCHOOL COMMITTEE (1847).

Object.—'To further as far as possible the efficiency of Catholic elementary schools by educating a due supply of trained teachers,' 'through the medium of male and female training colleges.' The colleges are St. Mary's, Hammersmith, for masters; Notre Dame, Mount Pleasant, Liverpool, and the Sacred Heart, Wandsworth, for mistresses. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,272; collections in churches, £2,348; dividends, rent, and interest, £355; sale of medals, £37. In addition to these amounts the Government grants to the training colleges amounted for the year 1887 to £6,652; students' fees and books sold, £736; donations, £730. **Students in training** (1887).—170. Sec. and Treasurer, T. W. Allies, Esq., 82 Gloucester Place, Portman Square, W., to whom all communications should be addressed.

ST. MARY'S TRAINING COLLEGE (1854), Hammersmith, W.

Object.—To train young men to be teachers in Catholic elementary schools. **Admission.**—By passing the Queen's Scholarship Examination. Application must be made to the Rev. Dr. Graham. Applicants must be 18 years of age, and must furnish certificates of character and health, and undertake to fulfil the conditions prescribed by the Committee

of Council on Education. Payment, entrance fee, £5 for second class, £2. 10s. for first class. The course lasts two years. Subscriptions are received through the Poor School Committee (*see* p. 391). **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by the Poor School Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £609; students' payments, £77; Government grant, £1,611. **Students.**—39. Bankers, London Joint-Stock Bank. Principal, Treasurer, and Secretary, Rev. T. Graham, D.D.

SISTERS OF CHARITY, Red Hill, Sheffield.

Object.—The training as Roman Catholic schoolmistresses of young girls, who must be intelligent and of thoroughly respectable families, and over 13 years of age. Terms, £16 a year. **Immates.**—16. Application to the Sister Superior.

ST. AUGUSTINE'S SCHOOL, Darlington.

Object.—To train 20 Roman Catholic girls, over 13 years of age, for schoolmistresses. Applicants must be intelligent and of thoroughly respectable families. Terms, £16 to £20 a year. Application to the Sister Superior.

WESLEYAN COMMITTEE OF EDUCATION (1837), Westminster Training College (1851), 130 Horseferry Road, S.W.; Southlands Training College (1871), Battersea, S.W.

Object.—'1. To exercise a general supervision of the affairs of Wesleyan education; to connect and combine the Wesleyan School operations; to be a medium of communication for the Connexion, on educational subjects, whether with the Government of the country or with other public bodies; and to promote the adoption, in Wesleyan schools, of such regulations as shall tend to secure the greatest practical efficiency, and to preserve Connexional harmony. 2. To direct the application of any funds which may be entrusted to their care from any sources whatsoever. 3. To superintend the selection and training of teachers, and to recommend such teachers to schools, on application from local committees. 4. To collect information on matters relating to the general interests of education; to correspond with the local committees and friends of education on various questions connected with teachers, inspectors, &c.; to promote the formation of new schools, wherever practicable, as well as to encourage those already formed, especially by advice and friendly co-operation. 5. To prepare annual report of the general progress of Wesleyan education.' **Day Schools.**—Each day-school is under the management of a local committee, the constitution of which varies. It is prescribed for schools settled upon the School model trust deeds; other schools are required to conform to certain general regulations of the Conference, but are free to arrange several details in accordance with local convenience. **Admission.** Fees are fixed by local committees. **Training Colleges.**—1. Westminster, for training male teachers for public elementary schools. Admission fee, £15. 15s. 2. Southlands, Battersea, for training mistresses. Admission fee, £10. 10s. The Colleges are under the care of the Wesleyan Committee of Education. Terms of training, with information as to requirements, may be had on application to the Secretary. **Management.**—The Committee consists of 61 ministers (in addition to the President of the Conference) and 60 laymen, with one ministerial and two lay treasurers, and one ministerial secretary. **Income** (1887).—From all sources, £12,172. **Students in residence** (1887).—Westminster, 118; Southlands, 109. Bankers, the City Bank. Treasurers, Rev. Walford Green, Rev. F. Greeves, F. Howard, Esq., and W. Vanner,

Esq.; Secretary (Committee and Training Colleges), Rev. D. J. Waller, Wesleyan Training College, 130 Horseferry Road, Westminster S.W.; Secretary of Connexional Sunday School Union, Rev. C. H. Kelly, 2 Ludgate Circus Buildings, E.C.

CONGREGATIONAL BOARD OF EDUCATION (1842), Training College, Homerton, E.

Object.—The training of male and female teachers for elementary day-schools. The aiding of schools in poor districts by grants of money, school materials, or otherwise. The College is under Government inspection. **Admission.**—Application by letter to the Principal. Candidates must satisfactorily answer the printed questions on the form issued by the Board, and furnish testimonials as to their fitness for the work of teaching. They must pass the Government Admission Examination, held in July, not lower than the second division. Preference is given to those who have been pupil teachers. Only those can be admitted who engage to become teachers in elementary day-schools. Candidates are required to pay a fee of £20, and to purchase their own text-books, which cost about £3. Lodging, board, instruction, medical attendance, and laundry are provided. **Management.**—By Board chosen annually by donors and subscribers. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £159; invested funds, £24; Government grant, £2,226; students' payments, £676; fees of candidates and acting teachers, £50; grants from Science and Art Department, £63. **Students (1887).**—67. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, S. Hope Morley, Esq., 18 Wood Street, Cheapside, E.C. Principal, Mr. E. Liddell.

BRITISH AND FOREIGN SCHOOL SOCIETY (1808), Borough Road, S.E.

Object.—To secure the education of children of the labouring classes of every religious persuasion, without distinction of sect or party, and without the use of any text-book of religious instruction other than the Bible. Educational movements and legislation are carefully watched. Information and advice are freely given to Board and Voluntary Schools in case of change of teachers, or educational difficulties. Inspection can be arranged for on payment of a small fee. Grants of books, and other school materials, are made to new and needy schools, and to missionaries. The Society maintains five training colleges, viz.: (a) at Borough Road, London, and (b) Bangor, for young men; at (c) Stockwell, London, (d) Darlington, (e) Swansea, and (f) Saffron Walden, for young women. The Society manages and supports elementary schools at (g) Borough Road, for boys; at (h) Stockwell, for (1) girls, (2) boys and girls, and (3 and 4) infants; at (i) Drummond Road, Bermondsey, S.E., for (1) boys, (2) girls, (3) infants; at (k) Corby, (l) Northfleet, for (1) boys and girls, and (2) infants; at (m) Saffron Walden for infants (Kindergarten). **Admission.**—Application having reference to all branches of the operations may be addressed to the Secretary; a, b, c, d, e, and f are entered in January of each year by a competitive examination held in the previous July for pupil teachers and others who are over 18 years of age. Payment: Entrance fee, entitling to two years' residence, £20 at a, c and f; £15. 15s. at d and e; and £17. 10s. at b; g, h, i, k, l, are for boys and girls of the labouring classes between the ages of 3 and 14, the fees varying from 2d. to 9d. a week. **Management.**—By Committee elected annually by donors of £10. 10s. and upwards, and annual subscribers of £1. 1s. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £1,372; invested funds, £3,496; pupils' fees, £6,836; Government grant, £19,970.

Number.—(1) At the Colleges, (a) 130, (b) 60, (c) 130, (d) 75, (e) 70, (f) 50—total, 515. (2) At the Schools, (g) 235, (h) 775, (i) 551, (k) 219, (l) 112, (m) 38—total, 1,930. Bankers, Barnetts & Co. and Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treas., J. G. Barclay, Esq.; Sec., Mr. Alfred Bourne, B.A.

DATCHELOR TRAINING COLLEGE, The Grove, Camberwell, S.E. (In connection with the Datchelor Collegiate School for Girls.)

Admission.—By application to the Principal. The full course covers three years, but students may enter for the work of any year provided they comply with the conditions of entrance for that year. The first two years are given partly to teaching and to study of methods, partly to carrying forward the general education of the students; the last year is devoted entirely to the study of the theory, practice, and history of education, and to practical work in class-teaching, the Datchelor School for Girls forming a practising school. Fees, senior division, £20 per annum (ex-pupils, £15); middle division and junior division, £15 (pupils already connected with the school, £12). Principal, Miss Rigg.

EAST LONDON INSTITUTE FOR HOME AND FOREIGN MISSIONS (1873), [with which is incorporated the Upper Congo Balolo Mission], Harley House, Bow Road, E., and Hulme Cliff College, Curbar, Derbyshire.

Object.—To multiply earnest and efficient missionaries, and aid evangelists of proved suitability. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Director, with whom the selection rests. The instruction given is mainly biblical, but embraces the routine of an English education, together with the Greek of the New Testament, medical and scientific knowledge, and, where needed, modern languages. The Institute is entirely undenominational and catholic. Besides instruction, practical training is given by preaching in halls and in the open air; teaching in schools; house-to-house visiting, &c. **Management.**—By Director. **Income** (1887).—From voluntary contributions, £12,000. **Students.**—About 100. Hon. Director, H. Grattan Guinness, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. H. Grattan Guinness; Treasurer, Sir Arthur Blackwood.

NATIONAL UNION OF ELEMENTARY TEACHERS (1870), 30 Fleet Street, E.C.

Object.—To afford teachers in public elementary schools the opportunity of united action upon matters affecting their status, and to improve the system of national education. The Union holds an annual conference at Easter. **Admission.**—By payment of subscription of not less than 6s. a year. **Management.**—By Committee. **Members.**—14,000.

COMMITTEE OF REPRESENTATIVE MANAGERS OF LONDON BOARD SCHOOLS (1888).

Object.—To consider questions affecting the interests of the schools, and the powers and duties of the managers, and to be a means of communication between the managers of London Board Schools and the Board. **Management.**—The Representative Managers who form the Committee are elected by the Managers of the various Board Schools. **Income** (1887-8).—£24. Chairman, A. Rutson, Esq., J.P., 74 Eaton Square, S.W. Treasurer, J. A. J. Housden, 21 Canonbury Park Road, N.; Hon. Sec., R. S. E. Doll, 79 Sloane Street, S.W.

SCHOOL BOARD FOR LONDON (*see* p. 400).

EXHIBITIONS, SCHOLARSHIPS, AND GRANTS IN AID.**FISHMONGERS' COMPANY.** Clerk, W. B. Towse, Esq.

EXHIBITIONS.—There are 22 exhibitions of £20 tenable at Oxford or Cambridge, or by matriculated students of University College or King's College, London. The Company established in 1868, out of their own funds, 60 exhibitions of £20, £30, and £50 each, for the education of sons or daughters of freemen and liverymen of the Company, the average amount expended under this head being £1,600 per annum.

GROCERS' COMPANY, Grocers' Hall Court, E.C. Clerk, William Ruck, Esq.

BACKHOUSE CHARITY.—Eight exhibitions of £50 a year each, tenable for four years either at Oxford or Cambridge. Candidates are chosen by ballot from a select list.

ROBINSON CHARITY.—£25 a year to be divided among four exhibitioners at Jesus College, Oxford, who should be students in divinity.

The Company gives two exhibitions of £50 each, tenable for four years either at Oxford or Cambridge, to students proceeding from the City of London School, and two of £25 each for unattached students at Oxford.

CLOTHWORKERS' COMPANY, 41 Mincing Lane, E.C. Clerk, Sir Owen Roberts.

EXHIBITIONS.—The Company have 13 exhibitions of £20 a year each, tenable for six years, either at Oxford or Cambridge, with a bonus of £20 if the holder takes a first or second class in classics or mathematics at Oxford, or is a wrangler or first class classic at Cambridge. Five of these exhibitions proceed from the funds of the following charities: Pilsworth's (1603), Burnell's (1630), Heath's (1640), and Hewett's (1599), but augmented by the Company from other sources.

HITCHIN'S CHARITY (1680).—By a scheme dated November 20, 1880, the income of the charity, after the annual payment of £3. 9s. 9d. and the charges of administration, is to be divided into 40 parts, 28 of which are to be devoted to educational purposes—viz., £100 a year towards the education of the sons or daughters of freemen or freewomen of the Company, the remainder to provide exhibitions of not more than £30, tenable at any middle class or higher school to be approved by the governors of the charity. The exhibitions are to be competed for by girls who have for three years at least attended any public elementary school in the metropolis.

HOBBY'S CHARITY (1674).—By a scheme dated March 1, 1870, the sum of £108 is directed to be paid annually towards the support of schools in the parishes of Plumstead, Woolwich, Watford and Sutton Valence.

The Company also make 10 presentations for boys to the middle-class schools, Cowper Street, Finsbury, including the cost of education, day board, free railway pass, &c., and a like number to the North London Collegiate School for Girls, with similar privileges. In addition the Company make grants not exceeding half the total annual cost of education at schools, colleges, hospitals, &c., to be selected by parents or guardians subject to the approval of the Court, no grant to exceed £50, nor to be tenable for more than four years. Three junior and three senior scholarships, tenable for three years, of £30 and £50 per annum respectively, are given for competition by the sons or daughters of freemen or freewomen.

GOLDSMITHS' COMPANY, Foster Lane, E.C. Clerk, Walter Prideaux, Esq.

EXHIBITIONS AT OXFORD OR CAMBRIDGE.—Awarded by competitive examination for students in actual residence, or who have matriculated at Oxford or Cambridge. The income of the student, exclusive of the Goldsmiths' Exhibition, must not amount to more than £70 a year. The exhibitions (76 in number) are of the value of £50 each. Application should be made to the Clerk for forms of petition between the beginning of February and the 14th of April, at which latter date petitions have to be returned.

HABERDASHERS' COMPANY, 31 Gresham Street, E.C. Clerk, J. H. Townend, Esq.

EXHIBITIONS.—**CLARKE.**—Two of £10 each; one to Christ Church, Oxford, and the other to any college in Cambridge. **CULVERWELL.**—Two of £5 each; appointed by the Bishop of London. **GOURNAY.**—One of £5, to any college of Oxford or Cambridge. **OFFLEY.**—Two of £10 each, to any college of Oxford or Cambridge; one appointed by the Corporation of Chester, the other by the Company. **LADY ROMNEY.**—Four of £12 each; two to Emmanuel and two to Sidney Sussex College, Cambridge. **JESTON.**—Three of £6. 13s. 4d. each to Trinity College, Cambridge; appointed by the Master and Seniors of that College.

With the exception of Culverwell's and Jeston's, these exhibitions are tenable by the holders whilst studying at the Universities, subject to the production of certificates from the college tutors of good conduct, &c. They are awarded by the Court to the most deserving candidates, after a full consideration of all the circumstances of each case.

The Company also award, from its own funds, five scholarships of £50 a year each, tenable for three years, one to the scholar of their school who is considered to have most distinguished himself while at school, and four to children, grandchildren, and apprentices of liverymen who have distinguished themselves in different branches of study, to enable them to complete their education for the law, medicine, and other professions. The Company have also in their gift four exhibitions of £50 a year each, tenable for three years at the Universities by scholars of Monmouth School.

SKINNERS' COMPANY, 8 Dowgate Hill, E.C. Clerk, E. H. Draper, Esq.

LANCASTER AND LEWIS CHARITIES.—Four exhibitions of £16 a year each tenable at Oxford and Cambridge, and one of £5 a year tenable at Cambridge. **Admission.**—As vacancies occur, they are advertised in the Oxford and Cambridge papers.

In recent years the Company have established two scholarships of £60 a year each, tenable for four years by freemen of the Company and the sons or apprentices of freemen, and are intended to assist the exhibitioners in completing their education. They have also founded a scholarship of £50 a year to the Middle School, Cowper Street, tenable for four years; one of £30 a year to the School Board for London, tenable for four years; one of £50 to the City of London School, also tenable for four years; one of £40, given for a period of six years, to the National Training School for Music; and one of £50 to King's College School, tenable for four years at any place of continued education.

MERCERS' COMPANY, Cheapside, E.C. Clerk, J. Watney, Esq.

ROBINSON, WALTHALL, &c. CHARITIES.—Four exhibitions of £40, tenable at Cambridge; four of £20 per annum, tenable either at Oxford or Cambridge; one of £20, tenable at Magdalen College, Oxford; and £95. 13s. 4d., given in exhibitions of about £20.

LEATHERSELLERS' COMPANY, St. Helen's Place, Bishops-gate Within, E.C. Clerk, C. R. Vines, Esq.

ELLIOTT, HOLMDEN, HUMBLE, MOSELEY, and ROGERS' CHARITIES.—Provide about £250. 10s. a year, distributable in nine exhibitions at the Universities to scholars chosen by ballot of the Court of Associates. Founders' kin can claim a preference for the Elliott and Moseley Scholarships.

SALTERS' COMPANY, St. Swithin's Lane, E.C. Clerk, E. L. Scott, Esq.

ROBSON'S CHARITY.—Exhibitions of £5 each, two at St. John's College, Oxford, two at Jesus College, Cambridge. The Company have also founded two exhibitions of £80 each for the advancement of natural science, to be competed for at the City of London and King's College Schools, tenable for four years at Oxford, Cambridge, London, or Durham.

CARPENTERS' COMPANY, 68 London Wall, E.C. Clerk, Stanton W. Preston, Esq.

EXHIBITION.—Of £25 per annum, tenable at Cambridge for three years.

CHOLMONDELEY CHARITIES (*see* p. 271).

GOBERT'S CHARITY.

Object.—Provides two exhibitions of £30 each, one at Oxford, one at Cambridge; £4 to poor of South Kilworth, and Somerby, Leicestershire; £4 to poor of Hatfield Broad Oak, Essex. The residue of the income is for unbeneficed clergy, their widows, and children. **Income.**—The income is derived from agricultural rents and a small sum in Government stocks. Through the prevailing depression in agriculture, the amount available is not at present sufficient to fulfil the objects of the Trust. Solicitors to the Charity, Messrs. Acklands & Nockolds, Sawbridgeworth, Herts.

LORD CRAVEN'S CHARITY (1648).

Object.—Two fellowships at Oxford of £200 each, and six scholarships of £40 each, tenable for two years. One studentship at Cambridge of £200, tenable for one year, the holder of which may be re-elected for one year more. Six scholarships of £80 each tenable for seven years, and £40 a year to the support of two schools in Sussex, viz., Forest Row and Hartfield. **Management.**—By Trustees (present Trustees, Bishops of Winchester, St. Albans, and Gloucester, the Dean of St. Paul's, and the Dean of Westminster); Secretary, J. C. Thynne, Esq., Cloisters, Westminster, S.W.

LADY CAPEL'S CHARITY (1719).

Object.—For the benefit of certain schools at Kew, Mortlake, Richmond, Cheltenham, and other places in Surrey, Middlesex, Gloucester, Kent, and Northumberland. One-twelfth of income to each. **Income** (1837).—£400. Treasurer, A. E. Bateman, Esq., Board of Trade, S.W., and Woodhouse, Wimbledon Park, S.W.

FRITH, PHILIP (1844). (Taken from the 'Digest of Endowed Charities,' 1873-75.)

Object.—Towards the opening of new schools, and subscribing to those already opened in England, Ireland, Scotland, and elsewhere.
Income.—£183. 2s. 1d.

LONDON CLERICAL EDUCATION AID SOCIETY (1876).

Object.—To contribute towards the maintenance at Oxford, Cambridge, and theological colleges of candidates for holy orders. **Admission.**—At the discretion of the Committee. Application must be made to the Secretary. Candidates must state age, circumstances, religious sentiments, and motives in desiring to enter the Church. The latter points are carefully scrutinised. Candidates are not eligible who are already at a university or college, who have been promised assistance by other similar societies, who are under 19 years of age, or who are unable to construe a portion of the Greek Testament. 'In no case do the Committee undertake a candidate's whole expenses.' **Management.**—By Committee, with power to fill up vacancies. **Income (1887-8).**—Charitable contributions, £748; invested funds, £637; legacies, £390. **Persons assisted.**—23. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co.; Herries, Farquhar, & Co. Treasurer, R. C. L. Bevan, Esq.; Sec., Rev. S. Dyson, D.D., College House, College Street, Islington, N.

ORDINATION CANDIDATES' EXHIBITION FUND (1873),
Arundel House, Victoria Embankment, W.C.

Object.—To assist in supplying the necessary education to suitable candidates for holy orders, who would otherwise be unable to obtain it. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. Candidates must be not under 19 if proceeding to a university, not under 21 if proceeding to a theological college; as a rule, must not have entered on a university or college course; must satisfy the Committee that they will be able to pass the necessary examinations. The amount of assistance given is measured by the necessities of the applicant. It is not promised for more than one year, but is continued if the case is deserving. **Management.**—By Committee, which coopts members. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £854. **Students assisted.**—49. Bankers, London and Westminster, Temple Bar Branch. Treasurers, R. Foster, Esq., and Rev. Canon A. J. Ingram; Hon. Secretaries, Rev. J. G. Deed and Rev. C. Wyatt Smith.

DAVENPORT EDUCATION FUND (1836).

Object.—To assist the education and preparation of young men for taking holy orders in the Church of England. **Management.**—By seven Trustees, of whom the Vicar of St. Bartholomew's, Gray's Inn Road, W.C., shall be one, appointed by a scheme of the Court of Chancery, dated May 22, 1855. **Income.**—About £97, being the interest of £3,238, then invested in New £3 per Cent. Annuities.

MRS. DOBSON'S CHARITY (1695).

Object.—Provides for the education of two boys between 9 and 18 years of age, one the son of a clergyman, the other the son of a barrister. **Income.**—£172. 1s. 2d. All applications to be addressed to Lord Delamere, Vale Royal, Northwich, Cheshire.

DR. WARD'S TRUST (1754).

Object.—To assist two young men (or more), sons of Protestant Dissenters (preference given to Baptists), in completing their education in Latin, Greek, and Hebrew. **Admission.**—Candidates shall not be more than 21, and they shall not retain their exhibitions beyond the age of 25. Their studies shall be pursued at some established university or other educational institution in the United Kingdom, as determined by the Trustees. **Management.**—By five Trustees appointed under a scheme of the Charity Commissioners, July 1863. **Income.**—From the interest of £1,200 Bank stock. **Students assisted (1888).**—5. Trustee and Hon. Sec., Rev. S. H. Booth, D.D., 10 Furnival Street, E.C., and Oakley House, Beckenham, Kent.

COWARD'S TRUST.

Object.—For the education and training up of young men in order to qualify them for the ministry of the Gospel among the Protestant Dissenters; and for the support and service of the interest of Christ amongst Protestant Dissenters as the Trustees shall judge best. **Income.**—About £1,600. Trustees, Rev. J. Stoughton, D.D., Rev. J. C. Harrison, Rev. Josiah Viney, and John Dawson, Esq. (Treasurer), 88 New Park Road, Brixton Hill, S.W.

BUTTERWORTH, THOMAS (1741). (Taken from the 'Digest of Endowed Charities,' 1873-75.)

Object.—For educating students intending to become Protestant Dissenting ministers. **Income.**—£16.

SHAKESPEARE'S WALK EXHIBITION FUND.

One third of income is for exhibitions of not more than £20 a year each, tenable at any college maintained by the British and Foreign School Society for training male teachers, awarded to students who are being and have not for not less than one year been educated at such college. The residue of the income is for exhibitions of not more than £30 a year each, tenable at any college as above, 'or other place of higher education approved by the governors,' awarded to scholars or pupil teachers of three or more years' standing in Board Schools, or British Schools affiliated with the parent society, in the Tower Hamlets. Every exhibition is given as the reward of merit, and is freely 'and openly competed' for. **Management.**—Under a scheme of the Charity Commissioners, approved June 29, 1878, by 13 governors, appointed by the General Committee of the British and Foreign School Society. **Income (1887).**—Gross receivable, £206. Clerk, Mr. Alfred Bourne, B.A., the British and Foreign School Society, Borough Road, S.E.

NEALE EXHIBITION FUND (1853).

A sum of money was left in 1853 by Miss Neale for the education and training of one or more Welsh young men or young women at the Normal School of the British and Foreign School Society, with the view of such persons becoming teachers of British Schools in Wales, and is now awarded, under a scheme of the Charity Commissioners, dated 1885, by the Governors of the Shakespeare's Walk Exhibition Fund (see above) in two annual exhibitions of £20 a year each. **Income (1887).**—Gross receivable, £45.

SCHOOL BOARD FOR LONDON,* Victoria Embankment,
E.C. Clerk, G. H. Croad, Esq.

The following permanent scholarships, tenable for four years, have been placed at the disposal of the Board :—

MORTIMER MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIP.—For a boy; average annual value, £26. 10s.

LAWRENCE SCHOLARSHIPS.—One for a boy; one for a girl; average annual value, £28 each.

WATSON SCHOLARSHIP.—For a boy and a girl alternately; average annual value, £30.

NUMA HARTOG SCHOLARSHIP.—For a boy; average annual value, £25.

TABRUM SCHOLARSHIP.—For a boy from the public elementary schools in the Finsbury division; average annual value, £22.

FOX SCHOLARSHIPS.—One for a boy; one for a girl; average annual value, £30 each.

BENNETT SCHOLARSHIP.—For a boy from the London Board Schools; average annual value, £24. This scholarship must be held at the City of London School.

ALFRED TYLOR SCHOLARSHIP.—For a boy or girl who has attended the Graystoke Place School; or, in lieu thereof, a boy or a girl who has attended any London Board School; average annual value, £30.

LADY ALDERSON SCHOLARSHIP.—For a boy attending a school in the Marylebone division only; average annual value, £20 (about).

BLACKWELL SCHOLARSHIP.—For a boy who has attended a public elementary school in Westminster; average annual value, £30.

ORCHARD STREET ENDOWMENT.—For a boy and girl who have attended for five years the Orchard Street, Hackney, Board School; or, in lieu thereof, by scholars who have attended for five years any London Board School; average annual value, £20.

Generally the regulations under which the above-mentioned permanent scholarships are awarded are as follows :—(1) Each of the scholarships (with the exception of the Bennett Scholarship, which must be held in connection with the City of London School) 'may be held in connection with any public school within the limits of the metropolis, as defined by the "Elementary Education Act 1870," or any Act or Acts amending the same, of a higher class than public elementary schools, at which the scholar shall attend with the approval of the Board and of his or her parent.' The scholarships are applied, first, 'in the payment of the school fees and other sums, payable for the purpose of maintaining the scholars at the school, and the surplus income (if any) shall be applied for the general maintenance and education of the scholars, at the discretion of the Board.' They are awarded by competitive examinations held in December each year. Candidates must be boys or girls, as the case may be, of good character, under 13 years of age on the last day of the month of the examination (except in the case of the Lady Alderson Scholarship), and must during the four years immediately preceding the 1st of November have attended, within the district of the School Board for London, a public elementary school or schools not less than 250 times

* The legal powers of the School Board are dealt with in the Introduction. For names and addresses of local officers of the Board, *see under* LOCAL CHARITIES.

in each of such three years (with the exception of the Lady Alderson and the Orchard Street Endowment Scholarships). 'Half-time scholars must have attended such a school not less than 150 times in each of such three years.' If any candidate become a half-time scholar during such three years the number of attendances is varied accordingly. Candidates must also have passed the fifth standard, and have resided within the district of the School Board for London during a period of three years immediately preceding the 1st day of November. In one or two instances a longer period of residence is required. The School Board give notice to the metropolitan public elementary schools of each approaching examination, and the names of all boys and girls intending to offer themselves as candidates must be sent to the Clerk of the Board at least a fortnight before the day of examination, accompanied by certificates of age and good character. Each scholarship is, in the first instance, awarded for one year, but the scholar is, without further examination, eligible for re-election by the Board for periods of one year.

The Board, as a rule, have also the following scholarships for annual award during the pleasure of the donors:—

DRAPERS' COMPANY SCHOLARSHIPS.—Three scholarships for boys and two for girls, each of the average annual value of £30, and tenable for four years.

CLOTHWORKERS' COMPANY SCHOLARSHIPS.—One technical scholarship for a boy, of the average annual value of £26, and tenable for five years; one for a girl, of the average annual value of £30, and tenable for four years.

MITCHELL SCHOLARSHIPS.—Three scholarships for boys and three for girls, of the value of £30, and tenable for three years. Three scholarships for boys, of the value of £20, and tenable at the Cowper Street School for two years. (*See also* p. 403.)

ST. DUNSTAN'S.—Three scholarships for girls, of the value of £30, tenable for four years.

GARDNER'S TRUST SCHOLARSHIPS.—Two scholarships for blind children, of the annual value of £30, and tenable for four years.

Other scholarships are from time to time placed at the disposal of the London School Board, which are held for a term of three or four years only, and then lapse.

The examination (except in the case of the Gardner Scholarships) is held annually in December, and particulars relating to the examination are sent to all public elementary schools in the metropolis in the month of October preceding the examination.

The Board have also at their disposal a prize of £1 per annum to be awarded to the girl most proficient in needlework attending the 'Fox' Board School, Silver Street, Kensington, W.

The following prizes have been placed at the disposal of the Board for ex-pupil teachers:—

SHAKESPEARE'S WALK EXHIBITIONS.—These exhibitions are of the value of £10, and are awarded to the four female teachers in schools of the metropolis who stand highest in the Admission Examination of the Education Department, and who pursue their education in a training college, or any other place of training for elementary teachers approved by the School Management Committee on behalf of the Board. These exhibitions are for ex-pupil teachers

from either the schools of the Board or from any other metropolitan public elementary school.

WHITE PRIZES.—These prizes are of the value of about £6 to £7, and are awarded to the first two males and the first two females (next in order in the case of females to those who accept the Shakespeare's Walk Exhibitions) on the July scholarship examination list who enter a training college. The White Prizes are only for ex-pupil teachers from the schools of the Board.

TANCRED'S CHARITIES (1721).

Object.—Studentships for the education of 12 young persons 'in such professions as might not only advance their fortunes, but render them useful members of the community.' **Admission.**—Students must be natives of Great Britain (i.e., *actually born in* England, Scotland, or Wales), of the religion of the Church of England, and 'of such low abilities (meaning pecuniary ability) as not to be capable of obtaining the education' without the assistance of this or a like charity, and must not be married, and forfeit their studentships on marriage. Four to be educated in the study of Divinity at Christ's College, Cambridge; four in the study of Physic at Gonville and Caius College, Cambridge; four in the study of the Common Law at Lincoln's Inn, London. Each student receives a stipend not exceeding £100 a year, paid half-yearly at Whitsuntide and Martinmas, but it is doubtful whether, under the great reduction which has occurred in income derivable from land, the full amount can be maintained. **Divinity.**—No person can be elected a student who is below 16 or above 22 years of age. Petitions must be presented in prescribed form; and every candidate is required to declare, in his petition, that it is his *bond fide* intention to offer himself as a candidate for holy orders in the Church of England. **Physic.**—No person can be elected a student who is below 16 or above 22 years of age. Petitions must be presented in prescribed form; and every candidate is required to declare, in his petition, that it is his *bond fide* intention to pursue the study and practice of physic. **Common Law.**—No person can be elected a student who is below 19 or above 23 years of age. Petitions must be presented in prescribed form; and every candidate is required to declare, in his petition, that it is his *bond fide* intention to pursue the study of the Common Law, and to become a barrister-at-law of Lincoln's Inn. Elections take place at the Whitsuntide half-yearly meeting only. All candidates are examined at Cambridge by examiners appointed by the Masters of Christ's and Gonville and Caius Colleges, before their names are submitted for election, in order to ascertain whether they are qualified to benefit by the education provided by the Charity. **Management.**—By Governors and Trustees. Forms of petitions and such information as is necessary for candidates for these Charities, may be had of Mr. Bartle J. L. Frere, Clerk to the Governors and Trustees, 28 Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.

WHITWORTH SCHOLARSHIPS AND EXHIBITIONS (1868).

Object.—To aid and encourage the study of mechanical science. **Admission.**—Open for competition to all Her Majesty's subjects who are of sound bodily constitution, under 26 on May 1 of the year in which they compete, and who have been engaged in handicraft in the workshop of a mechanical engineer for at least three years, and have been at work at the vice and lathe, or the forge, or the bench during ordinary working hours for at least six months in each of those years. Scholarships are of the value of £125, tenable for three years; the exhibitions are of the value of

£100 and £50 each, tenable for one year only. The subjects of competition are practical geometry, machine drawing, building construction, naval architecture, mathematics, theoretical mechanics, applied mechanics, sound, light and heat, magnetism and electricity, inorganic chemistry, metallurgy, steam, freehand drawing. Candidates can take up such of these subjects only as are connected with the trades in which they are or intend to be engaged. The number of exhibitions or scholarships awarded in each class is proportioned to the number and ability of the candidates from each. No candidate can obtain an exhibition or scholarship who has not passed well in practical geometry, mathematics, theoretical mechanics, and freehand drawing. A candidate who has once qualified in these subjects need not be examined in them again. No candidate can obtain an exhibition or scholarship who has not attained sufficient handicraft power, which may be tested by requiring the candidate to make two 1-inch Whitworth screw-bolts alike within .001 in. The examinations in the theoretical subjects will be held under the superintendence of local Committees about the month of May. Applications to compete should be made in the early part of March. Ten £100 exhibitions, twenty £50 exhibitions tenable for one year, and four scholarships of £125 a year tenable for three years were competed for in 1889. In 1890 and subsequent years there will be four scholarships of £125 a year and about twenty-five exhibitions of £50 each. Full information is contained in the Whitworth Scholarship Prospectus, which may be obtained on application by letter, addressed to the Secretary, Science and Art Department, South Kensington, London, S.W., price 3d. **Management.**—By Science and Art Department, South Kensington, S.W.

CARPENTER'S CHARITY. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—Applicable in loans, without interest, to poor men carrying on business within the ward of Bread Street, City; in loans for providing apprentice fees for children or orphans; and for the education of six boys, sons of persons residing or who have resided in that ward. By scheme of Endowed Schools Commissioners a sum of £300 a year is to be applied to the advancement of education, by providing exhibitions for children of persons who shall have resided, or carried on business, or earned a livelihood in the ward of Bread Street. **Management.**—By Trustees appointed under a scheme of the Charity Commissioners in 1854. **Income.**—About £1,400. Sec., J. Mackrell, Esq., 21 Cannon Street, E.C.

DEATH, REV. ANTHONY (1679). (*No recent information.*)

Object.—After payment of £3 a year, the residue to be applied in educating boys whose parents shall reside, or may have resided, in the parish of All Hallows, Barking, St. Katharine, near the Tower, or the hamlet of East Smithfield. **Income.**—£548. 15s. 4d. Clerk to Trustees, W. Way Cooper, Esq., 2 New Inn, Strand, W.C.

MITCHELL'S CITY OF LONDON CHARITY (1884).

About £2,500 a year for relief of poor inhabitants of the City of London, and education or advancement of their children. There are 18 pensions of £26 a year each, and a number of scholarships are awarded in connection with the School Board for London, Cowper Street Middle Class School, Finsbury Technical College, and other educational institutions. Beneficiaries must be connected with the City of London. **Management.**—15 Trustees, the Right Hon. G. J. Goschen, M.P., being Chairman. Treasurer, The Bank of England; Sec., R. D. Roberts, Esq., M.A., D.Sc., Guildhall, E.C.

BUTLER'S CHARITY (1821).

Object.—For apprenticing and for providing scholarships for boys and girls of Limehouse, Covent Garden, Sandwich (Kent), Shadwell, Stepney, Wapping, Whitechapel, Bethnal Green, Shoreditch, Spitalfields, Bishopsgate, and Aldgate. The boys and girls of all the parishes can have either apprenticeship fees or scholarships. **Management.**—By Trustees appointed under a scheme of the Court of Chancery. **Income** (1887).—£213. Solicitors to the Trustees, Messrs. Kennedy, Hughes, & Kennedy, 1 Clement's Inn, W.C.

WHEBLE'S, REV. J. J., CHARITY.

Object.—Half of income is paid to the Roman Catholic Bishop acting in the county of Berks for educating two boys at the Roman Catholic School, Sedgley Park, Staffordshire; other half is paid to the Roman Catholic Bishop acting in the county of Middlesex for educating two boys at the Roman Catholic School of Old Hall Green, Herts. **Income.**—About £120.

BOARDING SCHOOLS FOR BOYS.

CHRIST'S HOSPITAL (1552), Newgate Street, E.C., and at Hertford. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To educate, maintain, and clothe boys and girls. **Admission.**—Chiefly by nomination of governors. Aldermen as *ex-officio* governors have a nomination annually; donation or private governors one about every third or fourth year. A list of those having presentations for the year is published about the middle of March, price 1s. Application should be made to the governors individually. Candidates must be between 8 and 10 years of age, free from disease or any physical defect which would render them unable to take care of themselves, and really needy; otherwise a nominee may be rejected by the Court or Committee, who make careful investigation. A written statement showing source and amount of income, total number of children in the family, and how many are still young and dependent, and any other relevant circumstances must be made in the petition on the form of presentation supplied by the governor. Certificates of parents' marriage and child's birth and baptism required. Admissions take place at the meetings of governors in February, March, April, May, June, July, September, October, and November. All children must be examined and approved by the Hospital's medical officers, and pass an examination as to their attainments. 'It is, however, particularly requested that parents who are in no real need of assistance from a charitable foundation like this Hospital, and have no fair ground of claim from reverse of circumstances, inadequacy of means, or the like, for aid from others in the maintenance and education of their children, will refrain from importuning the governors for presentations or seeking the admission of their children into the Hospital.' The boys are admitted first at Hertford, and subsequently removed to London. There are large sums available for apprenticing them, and many valuable exhibitions to the Universities. **Management.**—By Committee of Almoners chiefly. **Net Income.**—Varies considerably, being derived principally from rents of houses, farms, &c., about £56,000. **Inmates.**—Boys, about 1,100; girls, about 90. Bankers, The Bank of England. Treasurer, J. D. Allcroft, Esq.; Clerk, M. S. S. Dipnall Esq

The following charities are administered by the governors of Christ's Hospital :—

JOHN and FRANCES WEST.—About £3,660 for maintenance and education of children, about £120 for apprenticing, and £2,070 for pensions ; £2 to Pewterers' Company ; less cost of managing.

BOWERMAN.—About £500 a year available for pensions to widows aged 60 and residing in certain localities ; £10 to Bucknall, Lincolnshire.

DIXON.—About £316 for education, and £314 to Clothworkers' Company.

MILLINGTON.—About £208 in pensions to aged seamen and watermen in Wandsworth parish.

PENNOYER. — About £518. — Available, £308 for apprenticing ; £57. 4s. 4d. to Harvard University, United States ; £16 St. Leonard's, Bristol ; £25 St. Leonard's and St. Nicholas', Bristol, Schools ; £42 Whitechapel School ; £9 Pulham, Norfolk ; £14 Hay, Brecon ; £10 Bethlehem Hospital ; £10 Clothworkers' Company.

TRAVERS and HOLDITCH.—About £1,462. — Available for education.

HETHERINGTON and others.—About £7,670. — Available for pensions to aged blind (*see* p. 19).

ALLEYN'S COLLEGE (1619), Dulwich, S.E.

Object.—By scheme dated August 18, 1882—(a) 'To supply practical, liberal, and religious education for boys and girls by means of schools and otherwise, in the hamlet of Dulwich, and elsewhere, in the parish of St. Giles, Camberwell, and in or near the parishes of St. Saviour, Southwark, St. Botolph Without, Bishopsgate, St. Luke, Middlesex, and elsewhere, in or near London. (b) To provide for the relief of poor people.' (a) *Educational Branch.*—(1) A site within easy access of Camberwell is directed to be appropriated, as soon as may be 'after the date of the last General Meeting of the Estate Governors as hitherto constituted,' for 'Alleyn's School.' (2) A site within easy access of Camberwell is also directed to be appropriated for 'James Allen's Girls' School' 'as soon as may be after the date of the last General Meeting of the Estate Governors, as at present constituted, and the establishment of a scheme for the School.' (3) A sum of £1,700 a year is directed to be set aside for the Eleemosynary Branch of the College, £500 a year for the purposes of the Chapel Endowment, £4,000 a year for the purposes of the College, £1,000 a year (after the opening of the new building) for the purposes of Alleyn's School, together with such sum as may be necessary for the liquidation of any deficit that may occur until the new buildings are opened ; £300 a year for the College Picture Gallery ; £500 a year (after the opening of the new buildings) for James Allen's Girls' School ; £500 a year for the educational benefits of the parishes of St. Saviour, Southwark, St. Botolph Without, Bishopsgate, and St. Luke, Middlesex, respectively. The residue of the income of the College is directed by the scheme to be accumulated for the first ten years of the scheme, or such lesser time as the Charity Commissioners shall direct. Until the establishment of a further scheme, the sums applicable for education to the parishes above named

are to be applied in providing, as before, for boys from the parishes who were on December 31, 1880, on the foundation of the College, and, subject thereto, for the advancement of the education of boys and girls, in a manner not inconsistent with the Endowed Schools' Acts, by exhibitions at schools higher than elementary, in or within easy access of the parish for the educational benefit of which they are applied, such exhibitions to be the reward of merit. At the expiration of the first ten years, or lesser period, as before stated, a sum of £15,000 is to be set apart 'for the purposes of St. Saviour's Grammar School, Southwark, or of some other middle school or schools for the parish of St. Saviour, Southwark,' and a sum of £50,000 'for the purposes of a middle school, or middle schools, for the parishes of St. Botolph Without, Bishopsgate, and St. Luke, Middlesex,' and at the expiration of the same period the three sums of £500 a year before referred to are to be applied: £500 to the school or schools to be endowed as above in Southwark, and £1,000 to the school or schools to be endowed as above in St. Botolph Without, Bishopsgate, and St. Luke, Middlesex. Further, the income of the charity is to be ultimately applied: for the purposes of Alleyn's School and James Allen's Girls' School, after the establishment of a scheme for such school, for the purposes of St. Saviour's Grammar School, Southwark, or such other school or schools for the parish as may be endowed as above, and for the purposes of such school or schools for the parishes of St. Botolph Without, Bishopsgate, and St. Luke, Middlesex, as may be endowed as above, a sum by way of capitation money (total not to exceed £500 a year for Alleyn's School, James Allen's Girls' School, and St. Saviour's School or schools, respectively, and not to exceed £1,000 a year for St. Botolph's and St. Luke's School or schools) of not more than £2 a year for every scholar in average annual attendance at each such school. Subject to the distribution of income as above provided, £4,000 (to be raised on loan if necessary) is to be applied for the erection of a building for a School of Fine Art. Any further surplus income is to be applicable, in the first place, for a college or school of the highest class for girls in London south of the Thames. **DULWICH COLLEGE.**—Entrance fee, for both boarders and day scholars, to be not more than £3. Tuition fees to be not less than £20 or more than £30 a year. No difference in fees to be made between any scholars on account of place of birth or residence. Boarders' payments, for board, to be not exceeding £50 a year in a 'hostel,' or £70 in an assistant-master's house. No boy admitted under 10 years of age, or can remain after 19 years. The College is open to all boys of good character resident with their parents, guardians, or near relations, or in some boarding-house conducted under regulations made by the College Governors. Application for form should be made to the Master. If there is not room for all candidates, boys belonging to the parishes of St. Giles, Camberwell, St. Saviour, Southwark, St. Botolph, Bishopsgate, and St. Luke, Middlesex, are preferred, boys of Dulwich having preference over those of Camberwell. £1,000 a year, or as near that sum as the income of the College will allow, is to be applied in scholarships, tenable at Dulwich College, each of an annual value not greater than the highest tuition fee of the College. £1,000 a year is to be applied for exhibitions of not more than £75 a year each, tenable for not more than four years at Oxford or Cambridge, or any other place of higher education or professional training approved by the College Governors, to be awarded to boys who are being and have for not less than three years been educated at Dulwich College. Every scholarship and exhibition is awarded by competitive examination. **ALLEYN'S SCHOOL.**—Entrance fee, not more than £1; tuition fees, not less than £4, or more

than £8, a year. No boy admitted under 8 years of age, or can remain after 16. £200 a year is to be applied for scholarships awarded by competitive examination, tenable at the School, each of an annual value not greater than the highest tuition fee of the School, to be competed for, firstly by boys who are being, and have for not less than three years been, educated at any of the public elementary schools of Camberwell. £300 a year is to be applied in exhibitions, of not less than £20 or more than £30 a year each, tenable for not more than four years at Dulwich College, or at any other place of higher education or professional training approved by the College Governors, and to be awarded to boys who are being, and have for not less than three years been, educated at Alleyn's School. (b) *Eleemosynary Branch*.—(1) Residences are provided for 12 men and 12 women, who each receive a pension of £52 a year. Candidates must be respectable, either married or single, who have fallen from better circumstances into indigence, and 60 years of age or upwards. They are chosen from the four parishes already mentioned, one-fourth of the whole number of residents being appointed from each of the parishes. (2) Out-pensions are granted of £26 a year, and at present are for eight men and eight women. The qualifications for out-pensioners are practically the same as for residents in the almshouses, except that out-pensioners are eligible after the age of 50 years. The right of absolute appointment of the almspeople is vested in the Vestries of the above four parishes, provided that in lieu of the preference hitherto reserved in favour of persons resident in Dulwich every alternate person appointed by the Vestry of St. Giles, Camberwell, shall have been for at least the year immediately before the appointment resident in Dulwich. Power is reserved to the managing body, with the consent of the Vestry of any of the four parishes from which almspeople are appointed, and with the sanction of the Charity Commissioners, to apply not exceeding one-fourth of the income of the Eleemosynary Endowment for exhibitions, tenable by children attending, or having attended, public elementary schools of such parish, due regard being had in the case of the parish of Camberwell to the educational interests of residents of Dulwich. (c) *Ecclesiastical uses*.—Provision is made for providing from the property of the College a site for a new church or parsonage, or both, for the immediate or early formation of a new ecclesiastical district, for or to include Dulwich, and for the expenditure of not exceeding £2,500 (to be raised upon loan if necessary) for or towards the building of the church or parsonage-house, or both. *Management* (of the estates).—By eight elective governors (two being elected by the Vestries of each of the four parishes before referred to) and eleven non-elective governors, three appointed by the Charity Commission and eight by the 'College Governors' (of the Schools, &c.); by 19 'College Governors,' eleven nominated, three by the Charity Commissioners, and one each by the Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord Chancellor, and others, and eight coöptative. *Income* (1888).—Total income for the year 1888, £20,738, under Estates Governors; from endowment, £19,792; from investments, &c., £698; special and casual receipts, £248; Dulwich College fees, £12,069; do. from endowment, £4,000; Alleyn School fees, £3,407; do. from endowment, £1,000. *Persons benefited*.—Resident almspeople, 24; out-pensioners, 16. Scholars (Dulwich College), 584; Alleyn's School, 500. *Master* of Dulwich College, A. H. Gilker, Esq., M.A.; *Head Master* of Alleyn's School, Rev. J. Henry Smith, B.A.; *Secretary* to College Governors, J. Watchurst, Esq.; to Estates Governors, Colonel T. Taylor. *Bankers*, London and Westminster Bank, and London County Banking Co., Limited, and Imperial Bank, Limited.

BANCROFT'S HOSPITAL SCHOOL, Mile End Road, E.

Object.—To maintain and educate 100 poor boys. **Admission.**—By application to the Drapers' Company, in whom the charity is vested. Applications to be made to the Clerk, W. P. Sawyer, Esq., Drapers' Hall, 27 Throgmorton Street, E.C.

CLERGY ORPHAN CORPORATION (1749), Office, 50 Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C. Boys' School, St. Thomas' Hill, Canterbury; Girls' School, St. John's Wood, N.W.

Object.—The gratuitous maintenance and education of the necessitous orphans of clergymen in England and Wales. There is a special fund established to assist those orphans who desire such aid in obtaining suitable apprenticeships on their leaving the schools. There are in the boys' school several scholarships which lead to exhibitions at college, two of which are to Keble College, Oxford, and of the annual value of £100. They are tenable for four years. **Admission.**—By election in May and November. Candidates must produce a certificate from the minister of the parish where they have resided, specifying their exact ages, that they can read and write, and have been taught the Church Catechism, and that they are fit and proper objects of the charity; also a medical certificate as to their general health and freedom from physical defects. They must produce an engagement from some friend to receive them back on leaving. The age for admission is between 8 and 12. Boys remain, as a rule, till 15, but if they pass a good examination, an additional year is granted to them. Girls remain till 16. **Management.**—By a Committee elected by subscribers, and meeting monthly, assisted by a Committee of ladies. **Income** (1888).—Voluntary contributions, £5,314; invested funds, &c., £5,504. **Inmates.**—193—the full number. Bankers, Drummonds. Treasurer, Rev. Canon Elwyn, Charterhouse, E.C.; Sec., Rev. T. W. Gibson.

ST. JOHN'S FOUNDATION SCHOOL (1852), Leatherhead.

Object.—'To educate and maintain gratuitously, and in a manner suitable to their condition in life, the sons of poor clergymen of the Church of England.' **Admission.**—By election or presentation. Each donation of £5. 5s. gives one, each annual subscription of £1. 1s. two, votes at each election. Votes for unsuccessful candidates are carried to their credit at subsequent elections. Before admission, boys are subjected to such medical and other examination as the Committee think fit. Sons of clergymen actually engaged in parochial or scholastic work are the proper objects for the benefits; but others are admitted at the discretion of the Committee. Candidates must be between 9 and 11 years of age. Inmates leave as a rule at 15. The cases of applicants are confidentially but carefully investigated by the Committee. **Management.**—By Committee of clergymen and laymen elected by subscribers, and retiring by rotation, four each year. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £8,048; invested funds, £400. **Inmates.**—117. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank, Pall Mall, S.W.; Sir S. Scott & Co. Treasurers, E. H. Lushington, Esq., and A. Powell, Esq.; Sec., Rev. Sutton Patterson, M.A., The Sanctuary, Westminster Abbey, S.W.

HOME AND SCHOOL FOR THE SONS AND ORPHANS OF MISSIONARIES (1842), Blackheath, S.E. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To provide a home and education for the sons of missionaries connected with any British evangelical society. **Admission.**—Regulated.

by the condition of the Institution at the time. Application must be made to the Committee. Boys are received between the ages of 6 and 12. Certificates required of health. In selecting boys, preference is given to the missionary societies from among whose friends the school income is mainly derived. Payment, full fee, £11 per term, or £33 per annum. Foundation, £6 and £7 per term, or £18 and £21 per annum, according to age, including all charges for stationery and use of books. The pupils' fees are supplemented by benevolent contributions. **Inmates** are educated for commercial and professional life. **Management.**—By a Committee, appointed by annual meeting of subscribers. **Income** (1880–81).—Subscriptions, donations, &c., £1,134. 11s. 3d.; pupils' fees, £2,357. 2s. **Inmates.**—78. Hon. Secretaries, Rev. R. Wardlaw Thompson, London Mission House, Blomfield Street, London Wall, E.C.; Alfred H. Baynes, Esq., Baptist Mission House, Furnival Street, Holborn, E.C.

WELLINGTON COLLEGE (1853), near Wokingham, Berks.

Object.—'The education of the sons of deceased officers who have borne commissions in Her Majesty's army, or in the army of the Hon. East India Company.' Non-foundationers are also received. **Admission.**—To foundation, by election of Governors. Application must be made to the Secretary, from whom forms can be obtained. Candidates must be the sons of officers who, within five years of their death, had been either on full or half-pay. They must be at date of election between 9 and 12 years of age. The election is conditional on the boy's passing the entrance examination. The Royal Commissioners of the Patriotic Fund have the privilege of having always 18 boys of their nomination, sons of deceased officers, on the foundation. Payment for board and education, £10 a year. There are offered also annually for competition exhibitions for the sons of officers of the value of £50 a year during the school course. In 1888 there were six such exhibitions offered. The number will be increased after 1892 to twelve annually. Application for admission of non-foundationers to be made to the Master. **Management.**—By Board of Governors. **Income** (1887).—Students' fees, £30,780; invested funds and rents, £4,677; discounts, commissions, &c., £597. **Students** (1887, average).—Foundationers, 77; non-foundationers, 368. Bankers, Bank of England, Western Branch; Messrs. Simonds, Reading. Bursar, C. H. Lane, Esq.; Sec., J. F. Chance, Esq., Treasury, Whitehall, S.W.; Master, Rev. E. C. Wickham, M.A.

SIR ROGER CHOLMELEY'S SCHOOL (1565), Highgate, N.

Object.—To afford an education of the highest grade to boys. There are two exhibitions yearly, tenable for three years at either of the Universities of Oxford or Cambridge, and various scholarships. **Management.**—By a Corporate Body. **Scholars** (1887).—257. Head Master, Rev. C. McDowall, D.D.; Treasurer, Lieut.-Col. Leach, R.E., 6 Wetherby Gardens, South Kensington; Clerk, C. P. Wilmer, Esq., 11 New Court, Carey Street, Lincoln's Inn, W.C.

ROYAL NAVAL SCHOOL (1833), Chislehurst, S.E. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To provide a high-class education for the sons of naval and marine officers, of not lower than Ward-room rank. **Admission.**—By election of subscribers. Age of admission: Eight and upwards. Fifteen pupils are maintained gratuitously; seven at £7 per annum. Other pupils on the foundation pay £15 (elected by contributors) and £30, and

£35 (selected by Council), according to circumstances of parents. If, subsequent to election, the incomes of the parents materially increase, a higher rate for board and education is charged. Full terms, £42. 10s. per annum. A limited number of the sons of army officers, civil servants, clergymen, and gentlemen are received at rates varying from £48 to £58 per annum. Lloyd's Patriotic Fund Committee, 14 Cornhill, E.C., has the right of nominating gratuitous pupils. The Commissioners of the Royal Patriotic Fund, 3 St. Martin's Place, Trafalgar Square, W.C., have the right of nominating pupils on payment of £7 a year each. The Council nominate one gratuitous pupil, the son of a post-captain, being a scholarship founded by the late Sir C. Ogle. The Queen, the Prince of Wales, and the Duke of Edinburgh each have the right to nominate one gratuitous pupil. **Management.**—By Council elected by the members of the Corporation at the Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1882).—From all sources, £8,429. 17s. 5d. **Inmates.**—180. Bankers, London and County Bank; Messrs. Drummonds. Treasurer, E. A. Drummond, Esq.; Head Master and Chaplain, Rev. James White, M.A.; Secretary, A. Eames, Esq.

KELLY COLLEGE (1877), Tavistock.

Object.—'To promote the education of boys on a liberal scale, according to the main design of the Founder as expressed in his will, dated 29th September, 1866.' **Admission.**—The persons assisted are: (Class I.), Founder's kin. (Class II.) Sons of naval officers of the rank of lieutenant and upwards killed in actual service. (Class III.) Sons of other such deceased naval officers. (Class IV.) Other candidates. Foundationers (boarders) pay £7. 10s. a year; non-foundationers (day-boys), £15 a year; boarders, £66 a year. There are no extras. Age of admission, foundation boys, 10 to 14 years; others, 9 to 16 years. Candidates must pass an entrance examination. Boys who have been at other schools must produce a certificate of good moral character. The Trustees have power to provide exhibitions tenable at the College; or by persons educated at the College, at the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge, or other place of advanced professional and scientific instruction. **Management.**—By Trustees. The College is established and regulated by scheme under the Charity Commission, dated August 9, 1872. **Income.**—From endowment, about £1,500. **Pupils** (1887).—46. Bankers, Gill, Morshead, & Co., Tavistock. Hon. Clerk, William Kelly, Esq., M.D., Taunton; Head Master, Rev. W. H. David, M.A.

ST. SAVIOUR'S GRAMMAR SCHOOL (Ardingly College, 1858, in connection with St. Nicolas College, Lancing), Ardingly, near Hayward's Heath, Sussex.

Object.—'To meet the wants of persons of very small means (poor gentlemen, tradesmen, farmers, mechanics, and others of small incomes) whose sons may be boarded and educated in the subjects necessary for them at an expense little exceeding the cost of food.' **Admission.**—By application to the Head Master or to the Secretary. Boys admitted from the age of 8 years, if they can read and write fairly and work simple sums in arithmetic. If they have been at school before they must have a certificate of good conduct from their last school. The course of instruction includes divinity, English and Latin, reading, writing, arithmetic, mathematics (including Euclid, algebra, and mensuration), bookkeeping, geography, English and general history, and vocal music, drilling, and linear drawing. The rudiments of Greek are also taught if desired. Pianoforte, French, mechanical and advanced drawing are optional

extras. Payment, £15. 15s. a year. 'Parents wishing to place their sons more particularly under the care of the Head Master, and in one of his dormitories, can do so by paying from three to five guineas a year extra.' Extras, 17s. 2d. a term, together with books, stationery, and tradesmen's bills. Entrance fee, 10s. Caution money, £1; returned when boy leaves, or such portion of it as is not owing for his last term's bill. 'The entire account of a boy in the School-house need not on the average exceed or even reach £21 yearly.' Three months' notice, or a term's dues, required before removal. There are two vacations in the year of six weeks each. The charge made 'can only provide plain but substantial food.' A diet table can be had if desired. **SERVITORS' SCHOOL**, for eight boys above 12 years of age, who assist in the household work and receive regular instruction in School for not less than three hours a day. Terms, £5 a year. The College provides a portion of the servitors' clothing. Supernumeraries, who must be 11 years of age at least, are received at £10 a year, and succeed to full servitorships as vacancies occur. Extras in this department, 5s. 6d. a term (*see* 'St. Nicolas College Calendar,' published by Messrs. Parker, 6 Southampton Street, Strand, London, W.C.). The institution is self-supporting and has no endowment. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Head Master, Rev. F. M. D. Mertens; Secretary, Mr. R. Cunningham.

ST. ANDREW'S SCHOOL (1868), Barnet.

Object.—A Catholic boarding-school for the sons of the poorer classes. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Principal or the Head Master. Boys are received from the age of 8 years and upwards. Inmates who pass through the school with credit may be apprenticed to a trade if there is a vacancy. Boys trained for the priesthood or teaching. Payment, £13. 13s. per annum, or £17. 10s. with clothing. **Management.**—By the Fathers of the Institute of St. Andrew. **Inmates** (1887).—130. Principal, Rev. George Bampfild, B.A.

CONGREGATIONAL SCHOOL (1811), Caterham, Surrey.

Object.—Boarding and educating the sons of Congregational ministers. **Admission.**—By election in April and October. A limited number are also admitted on payment of £20 a year, or £80 in one sum. Candidates must be children of those who have been at least five years in the ministry, must have been on the preceding Lady Day, or Michaelmas Day, between 10 and 12 years of age, and must not be subject to fits or any constitutional complaint. Pupils pay £5 per annum and leave at not later than 16, when they are each presented with a Bible. **Management.**—By Committee elected annually by subscribers. **Income.**—President and Treasurer, Rev. Josiah Viney; Sec., Rev. S. Fisher, Memorial Hall, Farringdon St., E.C.; Head Master, Rev. T. Rudd, B.A.

BOARDING SCHOOLS FOR GIRLS.

CHRIST'S HOSPITAL (*see* p. 404).

THE PRINCESS HELENA COLLEGE AND HIGH SCHOOL FOR GIRLS (1820, incorporated by Royal Charter 1886), Eaton Rise, Ealing, W.

Hon. Secretary, Hon. Mrs. Francis Jeune.

CLERGY ORPHANS' SCHOOL, St. John's Wood, N.W. (*see* Clergy Orphan Corporation, p. 408).

ST. MARY'S HALL (1836), Kemp Town, Brighton.

Object.—‘Assisting clergymen in the education of their daughters.’

Admission.—By selection by trustees, or nomination. Applications should be sent to the Secretary before June 1 or December 1. Parents or guardians must give full particulars of the case, and state whether the candidate is designed for a governess. Father's income, size of family, and past services are points chiefly regarded. Preference given to orphans. Age of admission, between 9 and 14 years. Delicacy calling for special attention, or impeding studies, and inability to read, spell, and work sums, disqualify. Medical certificate required of freedom from organic and infectious disease, which must be confirmed by medical officer of the institution. Donors of £50 may nominate one eligible child, on usual terms, if there is a vacancy. The terms are £23 per annum in the upper school, and £21 in the lower school. There are six scholarships, two of £50, tenable for two years, one of about £35, one of £30, and two of £17. 10s., tenable for one year, awarded for character and proficiency.

Management.—By eight Trustees. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,037; church collections, £37; invested funds and rents, £778; pupils' payments, £2,616; sale of Consols, £1,016. **Inmates** (1887).—

Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co., London; Hall, Bevan, & Co., Brighton. Treas., Henry Hebbert, Esq., 4 Clarendon Terrace, Brighton; Sec., Rev. Prebendary R. Snowden Smith, 13 Norfolk Terrace, Brighton.

HASTINGS HOUSE, HOME FOR ORPHANS (1879),
Rusthall, near Tunbridge Wells. (Removed, 1888, from
113 High Street, Hastings.)

Object.—‘To give a liberal education to fatherless girls whose parents have formerly been in a good position.’

Admission.—No fixed payment is required, but relatives are expected to give according to their ability. All applications should be made in writing, and full particulars of the cases given. **Management.**—By Miss Sharman. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, including payments for children, £1,088. **Inmates.**—24. Bankers, London and County Bank, Hastings. Lady Supt., Miss Sharman, 20 West Square, Southwark, London, S.E.

CLERGY DAUGHTERS' SCHOOL (1831), Bristol.

Object.—To provide a good education for daughters of clergymen.

Admission.—By application to Hon. Secretary. Each case must be submitted to the Committee and approved by them. ‘There is no list of nominors to whom the applicant can apply, but any friend of the applicant can become a nominor by undertaking to pay a nomination subscription of £10 a year for so long as the pupil remains in the School.’ Donor of £50 may nominate a pupil for five years, the shortest period of education which the Committee contemplate, if such privilege is claimed at the time of making the donation. At the expiration of five years, an annual nomination must be obtained, until pupil's education is completed. A parent is accepted as nominor only under very special circumstances. The parent has to pay £20 a year. Deposit of £5 required on entrance, which is accounted for on leaving. Pupils are not admitted under the age of 10 years. Girls over 15 are only admitted under very exceptional circumstances. All applicants for admission, who are over 14 years of age, must pass an entrance examination. Parents must, prior to child's admission, state what diseases she has had, and furnish medical certificate that her health is not such as to require unusual attention. The pupils all appear in similar dress. They are required to bring a

supply of underclothing according to a list. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £184; invested funds and rent, £423; payments by parents, £2,405; payments by nominors, £810. **Pupils** (1888).—80. Bankers, Miles, Cave, & Co., Clifton. Treasurer, General Grove, 11 Worcester Terrace, Clifton; Hon. Sec., Rev. T. P. Richardson, 12 Royal York Crescent, Clifton, Bristol.

CLERGY DAUGHTERS' SCHOOL (1823), Casterton, Kirkby Lonsdale.

Object.—To provide a first-class education for the daughters of poor clergymen, to enable them to earn their living as teachers and governesses. **Admission.**—Half-yearly, in order of application, which must be made to the Lady Superintendent. No votes are required. Candidates must be daughters of clergymen, under 12 years. Certificates are required from two beneficed clergymen. Payment, £27 per annum, including complete English education, French and music. Inmates remain until they attain the age of 18 years. **Management.**—By the Lady Superintendent under supervision of, and appointed by, the Trustees. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £982; invested funds and interest, and educational charities, £1,380; payments for pupils, £1,983. **Inmates** (1887).—128. Bankers, Lancaster Banking Co. Treasurer, Venerable Archdeacon Cooper; Secretary, Rev. F. J. Armitage; Lady Supt., Miss Anne F. Vincent.

ST. ELPHIN'S CLERGY DAUGHTERS' SCHOOL, Warrington, Lancashire.

Object.—(1) 'To offer a good education on advantageous terms: (a) To the daughters of any clergyman who up to time of his death was labouring with the Bishop's licence in the Archdeaconries of Chester, Macclesfield, Liverpool, Manchester, Blackburn, and Warrington, and who has left a widow and children or motherless children in straitened circumstances; (b) To the daughters of the licensed clergy in the six Archdeaconries above-named. (2) To offer as long as there is room, the advantages of the School on moderate terms to the daughters of any clergyman of the Church of England.' **Admission.**—In admitting candidates preference is given: (1) To the orphans of clergymen qualified as above; (2) To the daughters of clergymen now officiating with the Bishop's licence within the prescribed limits. Candidates are taken in the order of their application, subject to the discretion of the Committee. **Payment:** Under class 1a, £20 per annum; under class 1b, £25 per annum; under class 2, £45 per annum. No extra charges for tuition. There are six first year exhibitions of the value of £5, tenable for one year, but renewable according to merit. Three school exhibitions of the value of £10, tenable for one year, but renewable, awarded according to pecuniary circumstances. The Greenall exhibition, of about £22, tenable for one year, granted to an orphan whose circumstances may seem specially to require it, and who is next in succession to those orphans provided for by the parent Society. The Powys exhibition. The Hamilton prize, given annually for proficiency in either music, drawing, or languages. For further information, and for forms of application for admission, reference should be made either to the Hon. Secretary, or to Head Mistress at the School. **Management.**—By Committee (same as that of Clergy Widows and Orphans' Fund, Warrington, see p. 453). **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £722; invested funds, £295; payments for pupils, £1,305; grant from Diocesan Funds, £100; grant from Widows and Orphans' Fund,

£270. **Pupils.**—62. Bankers, Parr's Banking Company, Warrington. Treasurer, Edward Greenall, Esq., Warrington; Hon. Sec., Rev. J. J. Langham, 20 Salisbury Street, Warrington.

MILTON MOUNT COLLEGE, Milton, near Gravesend. (*Information refused.*)

Object.—To provide a 'truly religious education' for the daughters of Congregational ministers. Payment, £15 a year. Lady Principal, Miss Selina Hadland.

INSTITUTION FOR THE EDUCATION OF THE DAUGHTERS OF MISSIONARIES (1838), Walthamstow Hall, Sevenoaks.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec. The School is unsectarian, and open to the children of all Christian missionaries. Candidates must be between 5 and 12 years of age. Certificate of health, and guarantee of payment and removal are required. Total charge to parents or guardians, 15 guineas per annum for girls under 12, and 20 guineas for those from 12 to 17; or, if clothing be included, £6 per annum extra under 12, and £9 above. 'The children are cared for during the holidays as well as at other times.' Inmates leave at the age of 17 years. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by annual meeting. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions, donations and collections, £1,855; school bills, £2,222; dividends and rent, £58; legacy, £250. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treas., T. Gardner, Esq., Oak Hill, Hampstead, N.W.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Pye-Smith, St. Katherine's, Sevenoaks; Lady Principal, Miss Unwin.

ST. STEPHEN'S COLLEGE (in connection with the Sisterhood of St. John the Baptist, Clewer) (1867), Clewer, Windsor.

Object.—Comprises schools of different grades: (a) College for young ladies and those training for governesses; terms £50 a year. (b) High school, with boarding-house for girls. (c) National schools for boys, girls, and infants. Application should be made to the Sister Superior at the College.

ST. JOHN BAPTIST'S SCHOOL, 33 Hamilton Terrace, St. John's Wood, N.W.

Payment, £60 a year. Reduction made when necessary for the daughters of the clergy. Application should be made to the Sister Superior. **Management.**—By the Sisters of the Community of St. John Baptist, Clewer. **Pupils.**—50.

ST. ANNE'S SCHOOL, Baltonsborough, Glastonbury.

Object.—School for young ladies. Payment, £30 per annum for board and English and French education (£25 if under 12 years of age). Day scholars, £4. Pianoforte, singing, German, and Latin extra. **Management.**—By the Sisters of the Community of St. John Baptist, Clewer. **Admission.**—By application to the Sister-in-charge at the School.

ROYAL SCHOOL FOR THE DAUGHTERS OF OFFICERS OF THE ARMY (1864), Lansdown, Bath. Office, 25 Cockspur Street, S.W.

Object.—To provide a good practical and religious education for daughters of all officers of H.M. army, inclusive of the Royal Marines and of officers who have retired from the service. **Admission.**—By election

of subscribers or by purchase (from £175 to £435), according to age. Claims for admission by election must be founded partly on the father's services, partly on limited means and circumstances. Applicants must be over 9 and under 15 on the 30th of June or 31st of December following the election. Pupils leave at 18 years of age (except under very special circumstances). Certificates are required of parents' marriage, and of applicant's age, health, vaccination; number, ages, and position of parents' children; of pecuniary circumstances; father's military services, and of education. Each pupil elected pays £12 per annum. A limited number of daughters of officers are admitted by election on payment of £40 per annum, and without election on payment of £80 per annum. **Management.**—By Committee, consisting of *ex-officio* members and 40 members elected from the subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £4,539; invested funds, £489; payments for inmates, £4,780; other sources, £1,866. **Inmates.**—117. Bankers and Treasurers, Cox & Co. Sec., G. W. Forster, Esq., at the Office.

ROYAL NAVAL FEMALE SCHOOL (1840), St. Margaret's, Twickenham. Office, 32 Sackville Street, W.

Object.—‘To bestow a good, sound, and religious education upon the daughters of naval and marine officers of and above ward-room rank.’ **Admission.**—By election of subscribers and payment of £12 a year, or purchase, or payment. Elections in July. A limited number are received at £50 per annum; also 16 girls at £25 per annum, whose means disqualify them for election at £12, but who cannot afford £50. Purchase, for single presentation, from £200 to £350, according to age. Life presentation, £700; perpetual presentation, £1,500. Age of admission from 11 to 15, except for those who pay £50, who may be received later. They leave at 18. The granddaughters of officers are admitted at £50, but preference is given to daughters. Candidates admitted must pass an examination. An extra sum of £1 is also paid as entrance fee. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by subscribers at the annual meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,522; invested funds, £741; payments for inmates, £1,678; other sources, £70. **Inmates.**—97. Bankers, Cocks, Biddulph, & Co. Treasurer, F. Cleeve, Esq., R.N., C.B.; Sec., S. Rayson, Esq., at the Office.

ST. MARY'S LOWER MIDDLE SCHOOL, Abbots Bromley, Rugeley (in connection with St. Chad's College, Denstone, and St. Anne's, Abbots Bromley).

Object.—‘To provide for the education of the daughters of clergymen, professional men, farmers, tradesmen, and others of limited means.’ **Admission.**—The School is a Church of England institution. ‘The standard aimed at should prepare girls desiring to become teachers for admission to a training school.’ ‘While they are trained in habits of domestic usefulness, and taught to be good accountants and needlewomen, it is hoped in time to develop a system of instruction in practical things like printing, telegraphy, or art embroidery.’ Payment for board and education, £21 a year. Entrance fee, 10s. 6d. Examiner's fee, 3s. a year. These charges include laundress and medical attendance, but not books, stationery, music pieces, &c. Extras: Harmonium, £2. 2s.; piano, £3. 3s.; French, £1. 1s.; Latin, £1. 1s. a year. Day-pupils pay 30s. a year. Entrance fee, 5s. Examiner's fee, 3s. a year. These may dine at the School for £4. 4s. a year. Summer holidays, six weeks; Christmas holidays, about five weeks. During the fortnight's holiday at the end of April pupils may remain at 7s. a week. Pupils must be provided with suitable

clothes and a good stock of under-linen. Those of more than 12 years of age must furnish satisfactory testimonials of character. For fuller information address the Lady Warden, St. Anne's, or Miss Corpe, St. Mary's, Abbots Bromley, Rugeley. **Management.**—Under the control of the Provost and Fellows of Denstone. **Pupils.**—60. Lady Warden, Miss A. M. Coleridge; Lady-in-charge, Miss Corpe.

GODOLPHIN LADIES' SCHOOL (1708), Salisbury. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—For educating young gentlewomen. **Admission.**—Applicants must be fatherless children of gentle birth belonging to the Church of England, nominated by the heir of the Founder, subject to approval of the Trustees. Marriage certificates of parents, and medical and baptismal certificates required. Forms of application forwarded after writing to the heir of the Founder. Candidates must not be under 12 years of age. Two friends must sign agreement to provide books, clothes, &c. Girls can remain until 19 years of age. They are educated in principles of the Church of England, and receive board, and instruction in English, French, music and dancing, free of charge. The mistress receives private pupils at her own rate of charge. **Management.**—By 7 Trustees. **Income.**—From invested funds, £445. **Pupils.**—Foundations, 7. Heir of the Founder, Miss Cobbe, 36 Norfolk Terrace, Brighton. Bankers, Wilts and Dorset Banking Co. Treasurer and Secretary, C. Radcliffe, Esq., Salisbury; Head Mistress, Miss Andrews.

DAY SCHOOLS FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

GODOLPHIN SCHOOL (1703), Ifley Rd., Hammersmith, W.

Object.—Grammar School for boys. **Admission.**—School fees, £12. 12s. a year. There are several scholarships tenable in the School, and a £40 exhibition to the University is awarded every year. The Head Master receives boarders. **Income.** from endowment (1887).—£450. Head Master, Rev. G. E. Mackie, M.A.

ST. PAUL'S SCHOOL (1508, removed 1880), Hammersmith, W.

Object.—The education of 1,000 boys, 500 on the classical and 500 on the modern side. **Management.**—By a governing body, constituted under schemes approved in 1876 and 1879, consisting of the Master and three Wardens of the Mercers' Company with other persons chosen by the Court of Assistants and by the Universities of Oxford, Cambridge, and London respectively. There are several scholarships and exhibitions tenable in the School and at the Universities. **Income.**—From endowments, which, in 1888, amounted to £13,266, and scholars' payments.

UNITED WESTMINSTER (ENDOWED) SCHOOLS (formerly Emanuel Hospital, 1594; St. Margaret's Hospital, 1663; Palmer's School, 1650; Hill's Grammar School, 1708. Reconstituted 1873; amended 1878).

DAY SCHOOL, Palace Street, Victoria Street, Westminster, S.W.—**Object.**—To supply a sound, practical education for 600 boys, from the age of 7 years and upwards, of whom 160 are wholly free. [The number in actual attendance is 830, of whom 190 are free.] **Admission.**—By application to the Clerk for forms. On the recommendation of the Head Master boys may remain in the School beyond the age of 15. Subject to their passing the entrance examination, which is graduated

according to age, boys are admitted according to date of application; but residents in the parishes of St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster, and St. Luke, Chelsea, take priority. The school year is divided into three terms. School fees: Registration, 1s.; entrance, 10s.; tuition fees (payable in advance), lower division, 26s. 8d., books, &c., 3s. 4d. a term; upper division, 35s., books, &c., 7s. a term. Before admission, certificate of good conduct and character of boy may be required from former teacher, and no boy can be admitted who has been expelled or removed for misconduct from any other school. Four or five scholarships of £5 a year each for three years, and four scholarships of £3 a year each for two years, open to the whole School, are awarded at the annual examination, and are tenable in the School only. A limited number of exhibitions of £30 a year each, tenable in Emanuel School, Wandsworth Common, S.W. (see below), are awarded by examination annually at Christmas to boys holding Elementary School Exhibitions in this School. All such boys under 13 years of age, who have been one term at least in this School, and whose general conduct and progress has been satisfactory to the Head Master, are eligible to compete for these exhibitions. A similar privilege may be extended to orphan and adversity exhibitioners connected with Westminster and Chelsea, and awarded in the same way. When the state of the School and Emanuel Boarding School and the funds admit, a sum of not less than £500 a year is to be expended in the two Schools, for the purpose of carrying on the education at some place adapted for the education of the older boys, of scholars elected by the Governors of the Schools, or for fitting such scholars by special education for some profession or calling. This provision is now in full operation in the Day School. The scholarships awarded usually amount to £30 a year for three years. Boys are prepared in the Schools for the University Local, for Matriculation, Civil Service, the Technical Institute, and other examinations. 'Miller' Prize Fund (£4. 15s. 6d.) awarded in four prizes for mathematics and science at the annual examination. Workshops for carpentry and turnery have been fitted up, and a new building will shortly be added for metal work. This branch of instruction will in part be supported from the *Westminster Technical Fund* of from £80 to £90 a year, derived from the benefactions of Sir John Cutler and Chas. Rampayne, Esq., for apprenticing boys. The 'Hunt' Scholarship of £10 a year for two years is awarded annually, and is tenable at the City and Guilds of London Technical Institute. There are 160 'exhibitions,' giving exemption from entrance, tuition, and book fees, two-thirds of which are reserved for boys attending, and who have attended for the space of three years, any public elementary school or schools in the parishes of St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster, and St. Luke, Chelsea, one-third being reserved for orphans and such cases of adversity as shall, in the opinion of the Governors, be proper objects of bounty. The former class are nominated immediately after the annual Government inspection by the managers and masters of such elementary schools in rotation, and are given as the reward of merit. The latter class are elected by the Governors of the United Westminster Schools, and forms of application may be had at the Secretary's office. Candidates must not be under 10 years of age.

EMANUEL (BOARDING) SCHOOL, Wandsworth Common, near Clapham Junction, S.W.—**Object.**—To supply a sound practical education for 300 boys, of whom 75 will be free, from the age of 7 years and upwards. **Admission.**—No boy over 13 years can be admitted. Boys may remain beyond the age of 15 upon Head Master's recommendation. Subject to passing the entrance examination, boys are admissible according

to dates of their applications ; but should there not be room for all, residents in the parishes of St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster, and St. Luke, Chelsea, take priority. The total expense for tuition and board, drill, books and stationery, carpentry shop, ordinary medical attendance, laundry, &c., is £30 per annum. Pianoforte £4. 4s. a year extra. A limited number of day boys are received at an inclusive fee of £9 a year. Day boys can be provided with dinners. Before admission of any boy, certificate of good conduct and character may be required from former teacher. No boy admitted who has been expelled or removed for misconduct from any other school. A limited number of exhibitions, giving total or partial exemption from payment of entrance, tuition, and boarding fees, are reserved (a) for exhibitioners in the Day School, Palace Street, Westminster (*see above*) ; and (b) 'for orphans, and such cases of adversity as should, in the opinion of the Governors, be proper objects of bounty.' Candidates for wholly free exhibitions must not be under 10 years of age.

Management.—By Governors ; two *ex-officio* ; 9 nominated for five years by the Court of Mayor and Aldermen ; 10 by the Westminster members of the School Board for London ; and Committees for Emanuel School and for Day School, and Finance and Estates Committee. **Income** (1887).—From endowment (gross), including incidentals, £7,279 ; school fees, &c., £8,060. **Scholars** (Christmas 1887).—At Westminster, 800 ; at Emanuel School, 255. **Head Master**, Day School, Robert E. H. Goffin, Esq. ; Emanuel School, Rev. A. Tomey, M.A. **Clerk and Receiver**, C. Spencer Smith, Esq. **Office**, Day School, Palace Street, Victoria Street, Westminster, S.W.

BLUE COAT SCHOOL (1688), Caxton Street, Westminster, S.W.

Object.—Free day school for 100 boys, principally sons of poor and mechanics. 100 boys are educated free of cost, the upper classes being also clothed. **Management.**—By Governors. **Income** (1887–8). Charitable contributions, £52 ; invested funds and rents, £324. **Treasurer**, G. A. Spottiswoode, Esq., 3 Cadogan Square, S.W. ; **Head Master**, Mr. James A. Sarsons.

GREYCOAT HOSPITAL. (Founded 1698 ; incorporated 1706 ; reconstituted 1873.) Day School for 300 girls, or thereabouts. Greycoat Place, Victoria Street, Westminster, S.W.

Object.—'To supply a practical education suitable to such children as purpose to continue their scholastic education up to the age of 15 years,' or beyond that age, in special cases, with the sanction of the Governors. **Admission.**—By application to the Head Mistress, or to the Clerk. **School fees** : Registration, 1s. ; entrance, 10s. ; tuition, £4. Pianoforte music, £4 extra. Before admission, certificate of good conduct and character required from former teacher. No girl can be admitted who has been expelled or removed for misconduct from any other school. **Age of admission**, 7 to 13 years. There are 100 exhibitions, giving partial or total exemption from all charges, two-thirds of which are reserved for girls who have been for at least three years at any public elementary school or schools (including infant schools), in the parishes of St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster, and have passed the Government inspector's examination in the standards suitable to their age and standing ; the remaining third are preferentially conferred upon poor girls, who, by reason of orphanage or other adversity, are, in the opinion of the Governors, proper objects of bounty. 'Kempson' prizes, £6. 10s. a year, awarded at annual examinations. When the state of the School

admits, the Governors may grant such scholarships as they think fit. £30 a year will be applied from 'The Westminster Technical Fund' (formerly the 'Cutler' and 'Rampayne' Apprentice Funds) in promoting the technical education of the girls of this school being exhibitioners. **Management.**—By Governors, nominated pursuant to Scheme dated 1873, with School Committee, and Finance and Estates Committee. **Income.**—Endowments and incidentals, £3,624; school fees, £1,101. **Scholars** (Christmas 1887).—320. Head Mistress, Miss Elsie Day; Clerk and Receiver, C. Spencer Smith, Esq., at the Hospital, of whom full particulars and forms may be obtained.

A Boarding School will shortly be established for not less than 60 boarders, nor more than 120, or thereabouts, of whom 40 shall be wholly free, and 20 wholly or partially free exhibitioners. Two-thirds of the exhibitioners are to be drawn from the elementary schools of St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster, the remaining third being reserved for cases of orphanage and adversity.

BURLINGTON MIDDLE CLASS SCHOOL FOR GIRLS (1876), Boyle Street, St. James's, W.

Object.—Affords to girls resident in the neighbourhood of the School an education of a higher order than is given in elementary schools.

Admission.—School year consists of three terms. Age of admission, 7 to 16 years. **Fees**—Pupils over 10 years, £1. 10s.; under 10, £1. 5s. per term. Entrance fee, 5s.; 2s. 6d. for each pupil beyond the first from the same family. Instrumental music, £1. 5s. per term extra. Dinners supplied at the School at moderate charges. The Governors may place as assistants or pupil teachers in the School girls not under 14 years of age, who have distinguished themselves by merit and proficiency in this or any other school. Board and lodging may also be provided in the School for girls distinguished for good conduct and proficiency, who are acting as pupil teachers in some elementary school for girls in the parish of St. James, Westminster; the latter pay not less than 5s. a week towards cost of board, lodging, and instruction. Other boarders may be appointed at 8s. a week, in addition to the tuition fee for day scholars. **Management.**—By Board of Governors, constituted under a scheme of the Charity Commissioners, dated 1875 (4 elected, 7 coöptative, and 1 *ex-officio*). **Income** (1887).—Endowment, £494; school fees and books sold, £1,473; boarders, &c., £335; miscellaneous receipts, £35. **Scholars.**—Limited to 280. Sec., Mr. J. Redman, St. James's Church Vestry, Piccadilly, W. Application for admission of pupils should be made to the Head Mistress, Miss Tattersall, at the School.

BIRKBECK AND OTHER SCHOOLS; Gospel Oak (St. Pancras) (1862), Kingsland (1852).

Object.—Schools founded by the late William Ellis, Esq., to provide education for the children of artisans and others of the lower middle class, the 'object of the Founder being that they should be models of the best and most advanced method of education known, specially including oral instruction by trained teachers in the laws of social conduct as a guide to wellbeing.' **Admission.**—Unrestricted on payment of school fees, which vary from 1s. per week to 15s. per quarter. **Management.**—Trustees appointed under the trust deed of 1864, who are empowered to fill up vacancies, and meet as often as may be necessary. **Income** (1887).—From investments, £779, in addition to income from school fees. **Scholars** (January 1887).—Boys, 352; girls, 187; infants, 150; total, 689. Application should be made to E. K. Blyth, Esq., 112 Gresham House, E.C., one of the trustees.

ST. KATHERINE'S HOSPITAL, Regent's Park, N.W. (*see* p. 238).

ARCHBISHOP TENISON'S SCHOOL (1685, re-constituted 1871), Leicester Square, W.C.

Object.—For boys. **Admission.**—Age of admission, 7 to 16. Entrance fee, 10s. 6d. School fees—boys under 10 years, £1. 15s.; over 10, £2. 5s. per term. The school year consists of three terms. There are 20 foundation scholarships tenable in the School, viz.: Six entrance scholarships open to all candidates, tenable so long as the boy remains in the School (two are competed for in December each year); six entrance scholarships, awarded to boys attending any elementary school in the parishes of St. Martin-in-the-Fields, and St. James's, Piccadilly; and eight School scholarships, awarded to boys distinguishing themselves in the School examinations. The holders of all these scholarships are entitled to free education, with use of books and stationery. **Income** (1887).—From payments for pupils, £1,320; rent of cellars, £50; endowment and interest, £220. **Scholars.**—250. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Lord Kinnaid; Head Master and Sec., Mr. J. F. Arnold.

SIR ROGER CHOLMELEY'S SCHOOL (1865), North Road, Highgate, N. (*see* p. 409).

ST. THOMAS'S CHARTERHOUSE INSTITUTION (1853), 42 and 44 Goswell Road, E.C.

Object.—The education of children of the lower middle classes, and the instruction of elementary teachers in science and art. **Admission.**—(a) Of children, by application at the school. Payment, special class, £1. 1s. per quarter; other fees varying from 12s. to 9s. per quarter. (b) Of teachers; anyone is eligible who is and has been engaged in teaching. Payment, £4 per year. Class meets only in the evening. **Management.**—By a duly appointed Committee nominated by the Vicar of St. Thomas Charterhouse. **Income** (1882).—Charitable contributions, about £66; payments for pupils, about £1,550; Government grant, about £1,200. **Attendance.**—Schools, 800; training classes, 80; science and art classes, 780 teachers. Treas., Rev. H. Swann; Sec., C. Smith, Esq.

OWEN'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS, Owen St., Clerkenwell, E.C.

Under the management of the Brewers' Company.

HACKNEY DOWNS SCHOOLS.

Under the management of the Brewers' Company.

SIR JOHN CASS'S SCHOOLS (1710), Jewry Street; Church Row; and Goodman's Yard, Aldgate, E.C.

Object.—These Schools were originally founded for 60 boys and 50 girls, who were to be educated, clothed, and partly fed, and, as the funds increased, the numbers were likewise to increase. At present there are on the foundation 130 boys, 100 girls in the School, and 8 trained for service in the House. **Admission.**—Children are admitted between the ages of 7 and 10 from the poor of the ward of Portsoken and the parish of St. Botolph, Aldgate. Some cases are admitted later if from the free school in Church Row. Certificates of birth and baptism required, the Jewry Street School being conducted on Church of England principles, whilst the Church Row and Goodman's Yard Schools are mixed. Two elections of foundationers are held annually to fill up vacancies. Children

leave soon after attaining the age of 14, except the House girls, who remain until 16, when outfits are provided and situations found for them. A gratuity is given after 12 months' satisfactory service. **Management.**—By 21 Trustees, who elect to vacancies by co-option. **Income** (1887-8).—Rents, £5,675; dividends, £176. **Scholars.**—Jewry Street, 238; Church Row, 250; Goodman's Yard (infants), 180. Bankers, Roberts, Lubbock & Co. Treasurer, Alfred Lyon, Esq., 6 Stowe Villas, Philip Lane, Tottenham; Registrar, R. Glynes, Esq.

MERCERS' SCHOOL (*temp.* Henry VIII), 20 College Hill, E.C.

Object.—The education of 150 boys. **Admission.**—By nomination of a member of the Court of Assistants of the Mercers' Company. Payment, £5 a year. Twenty-five boys are on the foundation, and are taught free. There are 9 scholarships on Rich's Foundation of £25 a year each, tenable for 3 years by boys who entered the School before their twelfth birthday and remained for 5 years. They may be held at any high school or university. The School authorities have power to pay £60 in one sum, instead of three annual payments of £25, should they think fit. **Income.**—From endowment and capitation fees, £750 (maximum).

STATIONERS' GRAMMAR SCHOOL (1858), Bolt Court, Fleet Street, E.C.

Object.—The education of 180 boys. **Admission.**—The recommendation of Court of Assistants. Applicants must be not under 7 years old. Failing sons of freemen and liverymen, others are admitted on recommendation of Court of Assistants. Payment, at least £8 per annum. Subjects taught are classics, mathematics, &c. Scholarships, one of £80; one of £40. Clerk, C. R. Rivington, Esq., Stationers' Hall Court, Ludgate Hill, E.C.

CORPORATION FOR MIDDLE CLASS EDUCATION (1866), New Buildings, Cowper Street, City Road, E.C.

Object.—To provide education for the children of clerks or other persons who are not in a position to expend the necessary amount. **Admission.**—By application to Head Master or Secretary. The fees payable are £5. 5s. per annum, not including books and stationery. **Management.**—By a Committee elected by the Governors. **Income** (1887).—Pupils' payments, £5,420. **Attendances** at Schools, average 1,000. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, Lothbury. Treasurer, Captain Gassiot, R.N.; Hon. Sec., Rev. William Rogers, M.A.; Head Master, Richard Wormell, D.Sc., M.A.; Sec. and Accountant, George Peake.

CITY OF LONDON SCHOOL (1834), Victoria Embankment, E.C.

Object.—'To furnish a liberal and useful education for the sons of respectable persons who are engaged in professional, commercial, or trading pursuits, without the necessity of removing them from the care and control of their parents.' **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary for form, which must be signed by the parent or guardian, and by some member of the Corporation, either Alderman or Common Councilman. Age of admission, 7 to 15 years. Pupils may remain until 19. School fees, £12. 12s. a year, payable £4. 4s. each term in advance, up to the age of 12, and after that age, £15. 15s. a year, payable £5. 5s. each term in advance. Printed books and drawing materials supplied at

reduced prices. Drawing, 14s. a term extra. 'Some knowledge of arithmetic, as well as reading and writing, is requisite for admission into the lowest class of the School.' There are numerous valuable prizes for proficiency and good conduct, and also numerous scholarships tenable at the School, and at the Universities. **Management.**—By the Court of Common Council. **Income** (1887).—Endowment, £900; scholars' fees, £11,400; other sources, £1,000. **Scholars** (1887).—737. Treasurer, the Chamberlain of London; Sec., George R. Renwick, Esq.

LADY HOLLES'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS (), Red Cross Street, Cripplegate, E.C.

HABERDASHERS' (ASKE'S) SCHOOLS (1698, reorganised 1873), Pitfield Street, Hoxton, N.; and Hatcham, New Cross, S.E.

Object.—The education of 600 boys and 500 girls. **Admission.**—Open to all, but preference given to children and grandchildren of freemen of the Haberdashers' Company, should the number of applicants be in excess of the vacancies. Children are required to pass a simple entrance examination. **Management.**—By the Haberdashers' Company. Applications to be made to R. J. Ellis, Esq., at the Schools.

COOPERS' COMPANY'S SCHOOLS, Stepney, E. (Boys), and 86 Bow Road, E. (Girls). Clerk, John Boyer, Esq., Coopers' Hall, 71 Basinghall Street, E.C.

RATOLIFF CHARITY.—Schools at Stepney for 300 boys; fee £2. 2s. a year, including books. Schools at 86 Bow Road for 150 girls; fee £6 a year (three terms), including books; piano £1. 6s. 8d. per term extra. **Admission.**—Forms of application for admission can be obtained at the Hall.

PARMITER'S FOUNDATION SCHOOL, Approach Road, Victoria Park, E. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—For the education of not less than 250 boys and 150 girls. **Admission.**—By application to Mr. H. Moss, School-house; or to R. Voss, Esq., Vestry Hall, Bethnal Green, E. Age of admission, 7 to 16. Elementary examination must be passed. A superior education is imparted; and, if funds permit, girls are to be taught practical cookery. The scholars may claim exemption from religious worship and religious teaching. There are 40 scholarships for boys, and 20 for girls, of not more than £10 a year each, for scholars who have been at least three years in public elementary schools in the parish of St. Matthew, Bethnal Green. Six exhibitions for boys of not more than £30 a year, and three for girls of not more than £25 a year, at places of higher education. The Governors may admit boys from anywhere, preference to be given to residents in the parish of Bethnal Green. **Management.**—The Governors are appointed by the Privy Council, the Governors of Bethnal Green Museum, by the School Board, and by the Vestry of St. Matthew, Bethnal Green. **Income** (1882).—£1,100. Head Master, Robert Piggott Scott, Esq., M.A.

BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF ST. PATRICK (1784), 61 Stamford Street, Blackfriars Road, S.E.

Object.—The educating, clothing, and apprenticing of poor children born of Irish parents in or near London. **Admission.**—By recommendation of three Governors. One parent at least must have been Irish.

Age of admission, between 7 and 10. The children receive in the schools an elementary education, and are instructed in the principles of the Christian faith. They are also provided with a substantial breakfast during the winter. In due course those who have behaved properly are apprenticed, if desired, at a fee of from £1 to £5, payable at discretion of Committee, or rewards of like amount are given to those who, having obtained respectable employment, are found to have behaved satisfactorily. An annual subscriber of £3. 3s., or donor of £21, is Governor, with right to recommend applicants. **Management**.—By Committee and officers elected annually by Governors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £675; Government grant, £375. **Scholars**.—Boys, 250; girls, 220. Bankers, National Bank, Charing Cross. Treasurer, C. Brinsley Marlay, Esq., St. Katherine's Lodge, Regent's Park, N.W.; Sec., F. Richard Stokes, Esq.

DATCHELOR COLLEGIATE SCHOOL FOR GIRLS (1877), The Grove, Camberwell, S.E.

Object.—To provide a liberal and useful education for girls. **Admission**.—By application to the Secretary. Girls whose parents or guardians are connected with the City will have the preference. Pupils are admitted to the Lower School from the age of 8. Fees, £2. 2s. per term, and for the Upper School £3. 3s. per term, and from 2s. 6d. to 6s. for stationery. **Management**.—By Trustees appointed under a scheme of the Charity Commissioners. **Pupils**.—500. Clerk to the Governing Body, C. R. Rivington, Esq., 1 Fenchurch Buildings, E.C.; Head Mistress, Miss Rigg; Sec., Miss Appleford.

ARCHBISHOP TENISON'S GIRLS' SCHOOL, 18 High Street, Lambeth, S.E.

DAY SCHOOLS (Jewish, Roman Catholic and Foreign).

JEWS' INFANT SCHOOLS (1841), Commercial Street, Spitalfields, and Tenter Street East, Tenter Ground, Goodman's Fields, E.

Object.—The education of the infant children of poor Jewish parents. **Admission**.—By application to the Head Mistress. Payment, weekly, 1d. to 3d., not enforced. Age, 2 to 7. Presents of boots, food, and clothing are frequently made to such as require them. **Management**.—By Committee and Ladies' Committee appointed by the subscribers. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions, £215; invested funds and rent, £447; Government grant, £856; proceeds of ball, £853; legacies, £1,104; children's pence, £174. **Attendance**.—1,572 on books. Treasurer, L. Van Oven, Esq.; Hon. Sec., W. Josephs, Esq.; Sec., Mr. A. Henry, Commercial Street, Spitalfields.

WESTMINSTER JEWS' FREE SCHOOL (1811), Hanway Place, Oxford Street, W.

Object.—(1) 'The instruction of Jewish children of both sexes in the usual branches of a religious and secular education; (2) the training of Jewish pupil teachers.' **Admission**.—By application to the Head Master any school-day. Pupils are admitted between 4 and 12 years of age, and remain until 14, or longer when fulfilling the duties of monitors or pupil teachers. Instruction is gratuitous for those whose

parents are unable to make any payment. Boots are provided for necessitous children ; also dinners for those in want. **Management.**—Committee of not more than 18, with *ex-officio* members elected annually by and from the Governors of the institution. Donors of £10. 10s., or annual subscribers of 12s., are Governors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,230 ; invested funds, £281 ; payments by scholars, £144 ; other sources, £394 ; legacies, £168. **Pupils.**—Boys, 273 ; girls, 239. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, Stratford Place, W. Treasurer, Julian Joseph, Esq. ; Hon. Sec., Leonard L. Cohen, Esq., 27 Sussex Square, W. ; Sec., Mr. Jacob Woolf, 2 Trinity Street, Southwark, S.E. ; Head Master, Mr. Jacob Woolf.

JEWISH SCHOOL FOR GIRLS (1845), Chenies Street, Tottenham Court Road, W.C. (*No recent information.*)

Management.—By Committee. **Income** (1882).—Charitable contributions, £487. 15s. ; invested funds, £43. 19s. 9d. ; school fees, £266. 15s. 7d. **Scholars.**—Treasurer, E. Montefiore Micholls, Esq. ; Hon. Secretary, A. L. Josepha, Esq.

JEWS' FREE SCHOOL (1817), Bell Lane, Spitalfields, E.

Object.—The education of poor Jewish children. **Admission.**—By application of parents to Head Master. Children received between the ages of 6 and 12. Certificate required of the birth. Pupils receive a general education. They leave at the age of 13. **Management.**—Committee appointed by subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £2,900 ; invested funds, £3,619 ; Government grant, £3,241. **Pupils** (1887).—3,500. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank. Treasurer, A. Rosenfeld, Esq., Bevis Marks, E.C. ; Sec., Mr. M. Duparc.

SPANISH AND PORTUGUESE JEWS' NATIONAL AND INFANT SCHOOLS, Heneage Lane, Bevis Marks, E.C. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—By application. Children received from 2 years of age. School fee, 1d. a week. About 30 scholars are clothed yearly, and occasionally some few are assisted when leaving the School, according to their merits. **Management.**—**Income** (1881).—£372. 10s. 5d. **Scholars.**—On register January 1, 1882, 211. Hon. Secretary, Miss Alice Y. de Pass, 23 Norfolk Square, W.

SPANISH AND PORTUGUESE CONGREGATIONAL SCHOOL (1664), Heneage Lane, Bevis Marks, E.C. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—'To provide religious education and partial clothing and apprenticeship for Spanish and Portuguese Jewish boys.' **Admission.**—By Committee. Application must be made to Secretary or Head Master. Boys are received between the ages of 7 and 14. No payment required. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by governors and subscribers. **Income** (1887).—From charitable contributions, £35 ; invested funds, £280. **Pupils.**—100. Bankers, National Bank. Treasurer, J. N. Castello, Esq. ; Sec., Mr. Samuel I. Cohen.

VILLAREAL GIRLS' SCHOOL, Heneage Lane, Bevis Marks, E.C.

Hon. Sec., E. H. Lindo, Esq., 11 Bevis Marks, E.C.

BOROUGH JEWISH SCHOOL (1868), Heygate Street, Walworth Road, S.E.

Object.—To give elementary instruction to poor Jewish children.

Admission.—By application to the Secretary. School fees in accordance with the position or means of the parents. Highest fees, 9d. a week. Majority of children free. Medical certificate (form for which should be applied for) prior to admission. **Management.**—By Committee, elected annually at general meeting of governors and subscribers. **Income.**—Pupils' fees, £51; subscriptions and donations, £583; invested funds, £26; Government grant, £126. **Scholars.**—170. Bankers, London and Westminster, Southwark. Treas., D. Davis, Esq.; Sec., B. Lelyveld, Esq.

GERMAN SCHOOL AT ISLINGTON (1872), 22 Cambridge Terrace, St. Peter's Street, N.

Object.—A day school for boys and girls. Fees, from 2d. to 6d. per week (many free scholars). **Management.**—By a Committee of gentlemen, appointed by co-optation. **Income** (1886-7).—Voluntary contributions, £350; school fees, £32; proceeds of concerts, £38. **Pupils** (1886-7).—90 (accommodation for 200). Treasurer, C. Westphal, Esq., 196 Upper Thames Street, E.C.; Sec. and Inspector, Rev. C. Wagner, The Pines, Sydenham, S.E.

ASSOCIATED CATHOLIC CHARITIES. SCHOOLS: Bunhill Row, E.C.; Gate Street, Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.; Marylebone, W.; and Shoreditch and elsewhere. (*No recent information.*)

Educate and apprentice Catholic children. Hon. Secretary, Rev. J. Bamber, Thorndon Hall, Brentwood, Essex.

ÉCOLE DE NOTRE DAME DE FRANCE, 16 Leicester Square, W.C.

Object.—A middle-class day school to provide French children with Catholic education. **Admission.**—Payment, 1s. per week. **Management.**—By the Sisters Servants of the Sacred Heart. **Scholars** (1888).—102.

VI.—DAY NURSERIES.

(A Day Nursery forms a part of nearly all the organisations described in the following Section under the head of *Missions*.)

PADDINGTON RAGGED SCHOOL INFANT NURSERY, 24 Church Place, W. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—'To take care of children whose mothers are engaged at work during the day.' **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Matron. Children must be under 3 years of age. Nursery open from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Payment, 2d. per day. **Management.**—By Mrs. Lester, appointed by Mr. Spink. **Income** (1881).—£8. 16s. 10d. **Attendances.**—1,054. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Spink, 52 Porchester Road, Bayswater, W.

TITCHBORNE INFANT NURSERY (1870), 26 Titchborne Street, Paddington, W. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To take care of children whose mothers are engaged at work during the day. **Admission.**—Application may be made to Matron any week-day. No recommendation required. Children must be between the ages of 1 month and 4 years. The Nursery is open from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. on week-days only. Payments, 4d. per day, or 3d. if more than one of a family, including all food of a farinaceous character.

Management.—By Matron appointed by Committee. **Income (1882).**—Charitable contributions, £99. 19s. 3d.; children's pence, £43. 17s. 1d. **Attendances.**—3,530. Treasurer, Mrs. Hanson; Matron, Mrs. Jones.

PORTMAN CHAPEL DAY NURSERY (1874), 42 East Street, Manchester Square, W.

Admission.—The Nursery is open daily from 7 a.m. to 8 p.m. Children are received from a fortnight old to 6 years of age, on payment of 4d. per day; after 2 o'clock, 2d. Two children of one family are charged 7d., three 10d., and four 1s. per day. School-children pay for dinner and tea, 3d. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887-8).**—Charitable contributions, £107; mothers' payments, £122; collection at Portman Chapel, £20; sale of clothes, £18. **Inmates.**—Daily average, 179; total attendances, 9,327. Bankers, London and Provincial Bank, Baker Street Branch, W. Treasurer, Mrs. Edward Blake, 29 Daleham Gardens, N.W.; Hon Sec., The Lady Lillias Sherbrooke, 40 Montagu Square, W.

DRURY LANE DAY NURSERY (1885), 78 Drury Lane, W.C.

Object.—The reception of the infants of women working in Covent Garden Market, at the theatres, factories, and as charwomen in chambers, and others. **Admission.**—On payment of 5d. per day, including food. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income (1888).**—Mothers' payments, £49. **Inmates (1888).**—88; attendances, 2,902. Bankers, Twinings. Treasurer, W. Fortescue Barratt, Esq.; Resident Lady Superintendent, Miss Powell.

WEST END CENTRAL MISSION CRÈCHE, 60 Greek Street, Soho, W.

Admission.—Children are received on payment of 4d. per day.

INFANT NURSERY OF THE HOLY REDEEMER (1889), Exmouth Street, Clerkenwell, E.C. (In connection with the Church of the Holy Redeemer, Exmouth Street, Clerkenwell. Vicar, Rev. E. V. Eyre.)

ST. MARK'S INFANT NURSERY, St. John Street Road, E.C.

ST. PETER'S CRÈCHE (1871), 71 Sydney St., Chelsea, S.W.

Object.—To provide a 'safe and comfortable home for babies whose mothers are obliged to go out to work.' **Admission.**—Applicants must be recommended by district visitor, or scripture reader, or clergy. Children must be between the ages of 1 month and 3 years. The Nursery is open every week-day from 7 a.m. till 8 p.m. Payment, 4d. for one, 6d. for two in a family, including three meals a day, and all care. No sick child received without medical certificate of non-infection. **Management.**—By Matron, and two nursery-maids. **Income (1887-8).**—Charitable contributions, £182; payments for inmates, £86; church offertories and rent of rooms, £95; miscellaneous receipts, £5. **Attendances.**—5,069; number of individual children, 150. Bankers, London and County Bank, Brompton. Hon. Sec. and Treas., Mrs. Pratt Barlow, 14 Onslow Sq., S.W.

DAY NURSERY, 214A Pavilion Road, Chelsea, S.W. (No recent information.)

Object.—To provide for the day for children whose mothers are obliged to go out to work. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Matron at the Nursery. Applicants must be recommended by a

respectable householder. Nursery open from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Payment, 4d. per day, including food and all needed care. Children are received between the ages of 2 weeks and 6 years. **Management.**—By a Matron, appointed by a Committee of ladies. **Income** (1882).—Charitable contributions, £154. 10s. 5d.; payments for inmates, £59. 9s. 4d.; drawing-room recital, £26. 3s. **Attendances.**—4,024. Treasurer and Hon. Secretary, Miss Stirling, 77 Cadogan Place, S.W.

DAY NURSERY, 53 Horseferry Road, S.W. (In connection with the Westminster Working Women's House.)

NORTH ST. PANCRAS DAY NURSERY (1881), 14 Marsden Street, N.W.

Object.—'To provide for the care during the day of the children of married women, in those cases where they cannot be properly cared for at home.' **Admission.**—Open from 7.30 a.m. to 8.30 p.m. (Saturday, 2 p.m.). Payment, 6d. (Saturday, 4d.). Other children of same family, half price. Children must be clean, healthy, under 4 years old, vaccinated, and not from infected house. Mothers may come once or twice in the day to nurse them, but not remain more than half an hour; 1d. per half hour is charged for children not fetched at closing time; if left till next day they are sent to the workhouse. **Management.**—By Committee, representing local places of worship and institutions. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions and proceeds of bazaar, £71; payments by and for children, £23. **Attendances.**—49 children made 1,053 attendances. Treasurer, G. Barham, Esq.; Hon. Superintendent, Miss Butt.

ISLINGTON DAY NURSERY (1882), 68 Colebrooke Row, N.

Object.—A Day Nursery or Crèche. **Admission.**—Nursery open every weekday from 7 a.m. to 8 p.m. Illegitimate children not admitted. Payment 4d. a day, 2d. an hour extra after 8 o'clock. Two children from the same family, 6d. per day. Children received from 1 month to 4 years of age from any district. No sick child admitted without medical certificate of non-infection. Children may be nursed by their mothers. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £93; payments for infants, £61. **Attendances** (1888).—4,054. Hon. Sec., Miss Eccles, 11 Highbury Hill, N.

DAY HOMES FOR CHILDREN OF WIDOWS AND WIDOWERS (1883). *Boys*, 49 Newton Street, Hoxton, N.; 40 Mortimer Road, De Beauvoir Town, N. *Girls*, 47 Hyde Road, Hoxton, N.; 49 Mortimer Road, N.

Object.—'To assist widows or widowers, who are the breadwinners of their families, by opening day homes where their young children will be cared for, and fed between school hours, during their parents' absence at work.' **Admission.**—By application to Secretary. Cases generally selected by St. Peter's sisters, clergy, and other workers in the parish. Payment, if more than two children, 1s. per head; if only two, 1s. 6d.; if but one, 2s. 'In cases where mothers are receiving a union loaf for a child, this is taken at the Home instead of 6d.' Age of admission, 2 to 13. 'All over 3 go regularly to day-school.' **Management.**—By Committee, who coopt members. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £657; payments for children, £361; legacy, £133. **Inmates** (1888).—200. Bankers, Brown, Janson, & Co. Treasurer, Arthur Janson, Esq., 60 Westbourne Terrace, W.; Sec., Miss P. M. Hadow, 21 Penn Street, Hoxton, N.

GEORGE YARD MISSION INFANT NURSERY, Angel Alley, High Street, Whitechapel, E.

Admission.—By payment of 3d. per day, including food. Children of widows are charged 2d. Age, between 1 month and 3 years. Open from 7.30 a.m. to 8 p.m. Sick children, or children coming from an infected house, are not admitted. **Management.**—By Committee of the George Yard Mission. **Inmates.**—About 40 daily.

THE CRÈCHE, INFANT INFIRMARY, and ORPHAN HOME (1871), 12, 14 and 16 Stepney Causeway, Commercial Road, E.; Convalescent and Training Home, The Limes, Feltham.

Object.—(a) To take care of children whose mothers are engaged at work during the day; (b) to receive and treat children who are too delicate for the ordinary day-nurseries; (c) to provide a temporary home for children whose mothers are in hospitals or convalescent homes, and those who are suddenly bereaved of parents; (d) to train the elder girls for domestic service; and (e) to give change of air to the children in the Orphan Home. **Admission.**—At discretion of Mrs. Hilton, to whom application must be made personally, between the hours of 12 and 5 any day except Saturday, or by letter at any time. Recommendations required from ministers of any denomination, heads of missions, or agents of Charity Organisation Society. (a) Children are admitted to the Crèche between the ages of 3 weeks and 5 years. It is open from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. Payment, 2d. a day, including food, clothing, and attendance. (b) Children are admitted to the Infirmary between the ages of 3 weeks and 5 years. Those suffering from complaints not serious enough to make them eligible for hospital treatment are received. Infectious cases are ineligible. Payment, 2d. a day, including food, clothing, and treatment. (c) Children are admitted to the Home between the ages of 1 year and 5 years. They must be healthy and quite destitute of other provision. Payment by relatives, from 1s. to 4s. a week, including food, clothing, and education. They are retained as long as it is impossible for their relatives to take charge of them. Many of the girls have been retained permanently, and are being trained as nursemaids. **Management.**—By the Founder. **Income (1886-7).**—Charitable contributions, £2,243; payments for inmates, £67; proceeds of bazaar, £174. **Attendances.**—At the Crèche, 80 to 100 daily; at the Infirmary, 12; inmates in the Home, 40; at Feltham, 24. Bankers, London and County Bank, Limehouse. Founder, Hon. Superintendent and Treas., Mrs. Hilton, Langvold House, 76 Bow Road, E.

INFANT NURSERY (1876), 127 Union Street, Borough, S.E.

Admission.—Application to be made to the Sister-in-charge at 127 Union Street, at the hours of 10 a.m., 2 p.m., and 6 p.m. Marriage certificate must be shown. Infants are received between the ages of 1 month and 4 years. Twenty-five can be accommodated. The Nursery is open from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Payment, 3d. per day, everything included. Clothing is provided when necessary. **Management.**—By a Sister, appointed by the Sister Superior. **Income (1887-8).**—Charitable contributions, £66; payments for inmates, £45. **Attendances.**—3,452. Bankers, Central Bank of London, Blackfriars; Sec., the Sister-in-charge.

LAMBETH INFANT NURSERY (1881), 124 East Street, Kennington Road, S.E.

V.—RELIEF IN DISTRESS (TEMPORARY).

THIS section is subdivided in the following manner:—

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I.—SHELTER.

The shelter afforded by the institutions contained in this sub-section is of a more or less temporary kind, as already pointed out in the introductory note to *Homes for the Employed*, on p. 281, and to that relating to *Homes for Children*, on p. 293. It will, however, be seen that many of the institutions also include the provision of a permanent home for those for whom employment can be found, or who are in a condition likely to benefit by a short course of industrial training. It has not always been found possible to classify organisations of this kind in a satisfactory manner, owing to the variety of objects embraced. In order, therefore, to obtain a complete view of this branch of philanthropic work, the sections mentioned above should also be consulted. Reference should, in addition, be made to the heading *Missions, Ragged Schools, &c.* (p. 468), some of which cover a large field. Houses of shelter for prostitutes desiring to escape from their evil surroundings are dealt with in the section relating to *Penitents* (p. 526).

HAM YARD (formerly **LEICESTER SQUARE**) **SOUP KITCHEN AND HOSPICE** (1846), Ham Yard, Great Windmill Street, W. (for the Soup Kitchen, see p. 471).

Object.—To provide a lodging for destitute persons. **Admission.**—Applicants (of either sex) must not be over 60 years of age, and must be mentally and physically qualified to earn their own livelihood. No person suffering from any offensive or contagious disease can be admitted. Applicants must present themselves for admission to the Hospice not later than 6.30 p.m. with letters of recommendation from a subscriber or from a responsible person taking a legitimate interest in them. Length of stay limited to 14 days, save in exceptional cases. All persons admitted are sent (as a rule) to the Charity Organisation Society for inquiry and advice on the day following. No person can be readmitted to the Hospice within six months. The Superintendent is empowered to use his discretion in admitting an applicant who, being an entire stranger to London, is unable to obtain a recommendation from a subscriber or responsible person. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income.**—See Soup

Kitchen (p. 471). **Number received** (1888).—263 (average stay 17½ nights), of whom 121 were permanently benefited. **Treas.**, W. Ash, Esq.; **Secretary and Superintendent**, Mr. W. Stevens.

HOUSE OF CHARITY (1846), 1 Greek Street, Soho, W.

Object.—To provide a temporary home for persons in distress, through no fault of their own, whose characters and antecedents will bear investigation. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Secretary. No payment required. **Types of cases:** Patients discharged from hospitals when they are sufficiently recovered to take situations; orphan or friendless girls, who have unadvisedly come to London in search of employment, or have accidentally lost their places; widows reduced to the necessity of seeking a subsistence; emigrants on breaking up their homes and while converting their effects into money; out-patients of hospitals, needing medical advice, food, and rest; 'in short, the House of Charity is a home for every kind of friendlessness and destitution which is not the manifest offspring of vice or idleness.' Every endeavour is made to find situations for those who are out of employment, and, in general, with success. **Management.**—Council, elected by the Associates. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions and collections, £1,555; invested funds, £13; legacies, £150; sundries, £26. **Inmates.**—488. **Bankers, Cocks, Biddulph, & Co.** **Treasurers**, G. T. Biddulph, Esq., and E. Wingfield Guilding, Esq.; **Chaplain**, Rev. J. J. Elkington; **Hon. Secs.**, F. Graves, Esq., and Warren Pugh, Esq.

NEWPORT MARKET REFUGE AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1863), Coburg Row, Westminster, S.W.

Object.—(a) 'To provide supper, night's lodging, and breakfast for destitute persons for seven consecutive nights, in order to enable them to seek employment; (b) To provide a home and industrial training for destitute boys.' **Admission.**—(a) To the Refuge, at discretion of Committee. Application must be made at the institution between the hours of 5 and 7 p.m. Closed during the summer months, except for special cases. No recommendation required. (b) To the School, at discretion of the Committee. Application must be made to the Superintendent at the institution. Boys are received between the ages of 10 and 13. They leave at about 14, when they may be apprenticed. Many are sent into the bands of Her Majesty's regiments. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by election. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions and legacy, £3,278; invested funds, £37; payments for inmates, £37; miscellaneous, £4. **Employment found** for 239 persons; meals given, 21,957; night's lodgings, 9,103, given to 1,331 persons. **School.**—75 boys, Dec. 31, 1887. **Bankers, Cocks, Biddulph, & Co.**; Glyn, Mills, & Co.; and Drummond & Co. **Treasurers**, J. H. A. Peebles-Chaplain, Esq., and Morrison Kirkwood, Esq.; **Hon. Sec.**, Ernest Barnard, Esq., 23 Portland Place; **Sec.**, Lieut.-Col. H. B. Buchanan.

FIELD LANE INSTITUTION: (a) RAGGED SCHOOLS, (b) NIGHT SCHOOLS, (c) REFUGES FOR THE DESERVING HOMELESS POOR, (d) SERVANTS' TRAINING HOME, (e) BOYS' AND GIRLS' CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS, (f) DAY NURSERY, &c. (1841), Vine Street, Clerkenwell Road, E.C.

Object.—The amelioration of the condition of the poor of London. **Admission.**—(a, b, c, d) By voluntary application at the Institution. In the Servants' Home girls are also received when sent by clergymen,

district visitors, city missionaries, the Charity Organisation Society, and others. The Home is for those out of employment, or desiring to be prepared for domestic service. Age preferred, 15 to 17. (e) For boys or girls in circumstances of difficulty or danger. They are received under the Industrial Schools' Act, and the boys are taught tailoring, shoe-making, and wood chopping; the girls washing, laundry work, plain needlework, and knitting. Age preferred, both boys and girls, under 10. The boys' school is situate at Hillfield Road, Fortune Green, Hampstead; the girls' at 9 Church Row, Hampstead. (f) For infants or young children, 9 months to 4 years of age. Payment, 3d. a day for food. The Institution provides accommodation for: in the Male Refuge, 25; Female Refuge, 25; Servants' Home, 20; Crèche, 20; Boys' Industrial School, 100; Girls' ditto, 80. Inmates of the Refuges are only admitted after proof of *respectability*. The *vagrant* class are rigorously excluded. The Institution also includes mothers' meeting, ladies' Dorcas society, dinners daily to poor children, maternal society, provident club, coal club, penny bank, Christmas dinner, and visiting and relief operations. **Management.**—Committee, appointed at annual subscribers' meeting, with Sub-Committees for departments of the work. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £2,577; Treasury grant, £2,056; School Board grant, £1,554; industrial departments, £925; legacy, £460. **Persons benefited.**—3,650 (weekly). Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, W. A. Bevan, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mr. Chadwick; Hon. Financial Sec., Mr. E. T. Hamilton; Sec., Mr. Peregrine Platt, at the Institution.

ASYLUM FOR THE HOUSELESS POOR (1819), Banner Street, St. Luke's, E.C. Office, 6 St. Benet Place, Gracechurch Street, E.C.

Object.—To afford shelter and assistance to those only who are really houseless and destitute during inclement winter seasons, and the consequent scarcity of outdoor work. **Admission.**—By application at the Asylum at any hour of the night. Applicants are examined by the admitting officer, and by the medical officer. Every care is taken to exclude professional beggars. The inmates can leave at any hour of the morning, thus giving them a chance of obtaining work. They are admitted for a limited number of nights only. The male and female wards are entirely separate. Half a pound of bread is given to each inmate on entering, and a like quantity on leaving the Asylum. The inmates can remain in on Sundays, and those doing so receive an extra ration of bread and a ration of cheese. Divine Service is performed morning and evening, by clergymen of the Established Church. To applicants who are in an exhausted condition, food and medicine, under medical supervision, are supplied. **Management.**—General Committee and Sub-Committee, the latter appointed annually. **Income** (1887-8).—£1,530. **Persons benefited.**—Nights' lodgings, 47,290; rations of bread, 104,395. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Co. Treasurer, E. B. Hoare, Esq.; Chairman, Edwin Gower, Esq.

PROVIDENCE (ROW) NIGHT REFUGE AND TEMPORARY HOME (1860), Crispin Street and Raven Row, Bishopsgate, E.

Object.—(1) To give night's lodgings, with suppers and breakfasts, to all *bond fide* applicants; (2) After investigation to allow deserving persons to remain in the Temporary Home for weeks, and sometimes for months, according to their merits, till work is procured, and to provide dinner in

special cases ; (3) To assist persons in difficulties in their homes, &c. ; (4) To start persons either in or out of the Refuge and Temporary Home with tools, or baskets of fruit, or old clothes, &c. Families are at times allowed 5s. or more per week during the illness of the father, or when in difficulties. Ladies and gentlemen in distress are sometimes allowed from 10s. to £1 a week. **Admission.**—Application must be made at the Refuge between 5 and 7 p.m. No recommendation or payment required. Admission cannot always be assured, but when the Refuge and Temporary Home are full, those applicants who are really deserving are provided with food and lodgings elsewhere. There is a home for twenty servants who are without means, and sometimes girls of promise are transferred from the Temporary Home to the Servants' Home, where they partly support themselves by work until situations are procured for them. **Management.**—The institution is under Catholic management, though often there are fewer Catholics than others. **Income (1887-8).**—Charitable contributions and collections, £3,833 ; legacies, £210 ; rents, £63. **Number relieved.**—Upwards of 2,100 nights' lodgings, with suppers and breakfasts, given every week. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank, Princes Street, E.C. Treasurer, Mr. Deputy Young, C.C., 35 King Street, Cheapside, E.C. ; Hon. Sec., W. F. Jones, Esq., 21 City Road, E.C.

HOUSE OF SHELTER (1887), Waterloo Street, Commercial Road, E.

Object.—To afford shelter to the houseless poor during the winter months, and to give them assistance in obtaining employment or to emigrate. **Admission.**—By application at the Shelter. **Management.**—By Messrs. Charles E. Bethune, 5 Seymour Street, W. ; and Harold E. Boulton, Oxford House, Bethnal Green, E. **Income (1888).**—Charitable contributions : House of Shelter, £519 ; Emigration Fund, £233 ; Special Fund, £39. **Persons benefited (1887-8, Nov. 8-May 8).**—Men, 7,829 ; women and children, 40. Hon. Sec., Mr. Eric Buchanan, 8 Fisher Street, Red Lion Square, W.C.

EAST GREENWICH RAGGED SCHOOL AND REFUGE (1861), Old Woolwich Road, S.E.

Object.—The reception of homeless boys from the streets, between the ages of 10 and 20, sometimes brought in by the police. They are employed in cutting firewood, and are taught in a night school. No payment is required, and situations are found for them as soon as possible. **Management.**—By Committees of ladies and gentlemen, chosen by subscribers at annual meeting. **Income (1887)**—Inmates' earnings, £96. **Persons benefited.**—235 boys received since the opening of the Refuge. Accommodation for 6. Treasurer, S. Saw, Esq., Maze Hill ; Sec., Mrs. C. G. Wood, 4 Talbot Place, Blackheath, S.E.

OPEN-ALL-NIGHT REFUGE FOR HOMELESS BOYS AND GIRLS, 8 and 10 Stepney Causeway, E.

Object.—An institution which has for many years been open night and day for the reception of houseless and wandering children of both sexes. 120 children can be lodged for the night in the Refuge. **Admission.**—Free on application. **Number benefited (1887-8).**—1,077 boys, and 314 girls. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E. ; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

DESTITUTE SAILORS' ASYLUM (1827), Well Street, London Docks, E.

Object.—‘To supply shelter, food, and clothing to distressed seamen of all nations, and to assist them in obtaining employment.’ **Admission.**—By application at the Asylum (open for all extreme cases of distress, from 8 a.m. to 11 p.m.), but under ordinary circumstances seamen should apply between 5 p.m. and 9 p.m. Clothing distributed to those very destitute, or whose deportment justifies the indulgence. On applying applicant must furnish some proof that he belongs to the calling of a sailor, and has not been on shore from last ship more than 12 months. The clothes and persons of applicants are carefully examined to guard against vermin. No inmate allowed to leave Asylum before 6 a.m., except to join a ship, or other equally pressing cause. No inmate allowed indoors after 9 a.m. except sick (for which medical attendance provided), or in very bad weather, when shipping movements are in abeyance. They are expected to be seeking employment from 9 to 5, at Mercantile Marine Office, on shipboard, or in docks, and as opportunities offer are sent to the Sailors’ Rest at Gravesend, with which is connected a steam-launch for shipping seamen at that port. If refusing to accept consistent employment provided, they forfeit claim to further relief; and every man must assist in the necessary work of the Asylum. **Management.**—Vested in the Directors of ‘The Sailors’ Home’ (see below). **Income** (1887–8).—Charitable contributions, £108; invested funds, £63; legacy, £451. **Inmates.**—1,745. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co., and Drummonds. Treasurer, Admiral J. C. Prevost; Manager and Sec., Thos. Balding, Esq.

THE SAILORS’ HOME (1830), Well Street and Dock Street, London Docks, E. Branch, Harmer Street, Gravesend.

Object.—‘To provide the officers and seamen who frequent the port of London with a well-appointed home or club, at moderate charges, medical attendance included. It is conducted on the principles of order and liberality, and can accommodate 500 boarders. Its advantages embrace protection, comfort, recreation, professional improvement, and religious instruction, together with banking and Post-office arrangements.’ **Admission.**—By personal application at the Home. Cards explaining the benefits of the Home are distributed by the agents of the Thames Church Mission Society to seamen on board homeward-bound ships in the river. Agents of the Home also attend ships on their arrival in the docks to ensure the safe transmission of the men’s clothes to the Home without charge. Terms for residence in the Home (as stated on the cards):—Board and separate cabin, 15s. a week or 2s. 3d. a day; extra accommodation for masters and mates, 18s. 6d. a week; breakfast (meat, fish, &c.), 8 to 9.30 a.m.; dinner, 1 to 2.30 p.m., with ale or porter; tea, 5.30 to 6.30 p.m. (meat, fish, &c.); supper, 9 to 9.30 p.m., with ale or porter. Boarders may bring shipmates to meals. Breakfast, 9d.; dinner, 1s.; tea, 9d.; supper, 6d.; sleeping cabin, 6d. a night (tickets at entry office). A bank is open for the care of wages and money, and to leave deposits in Seamen’s Savings Bank. Boarders can send money to friends to all parts of the United Kingdom. An agent assists them to get employment. Advance and allotment notes cashed free of charge. Refreshment rooms (open to all sailors) from 7 a.m. to 12 p.m. to supply wine, beer, tea, coffee, &c. Sailors, whether at home or abroad, may have letters addressed to them to the Home to await their arrival. Hot and cold baths always ready. Hair-cutting, shaving, &c. Navigation School to prepare officers and seamen for mercantile marine examinations.

Clothes washed at very moderate charges, and in a few hours when necessary. Clothing and outfits of best quality at moderate charges. Medical attendance and medicine daily free. Profits on clothing, refreshments, &c., go to provide additional comforts for boarders. **Management.**—By Directors. **Income** (1887–8).—Charitable contributions, £93; invested funds, £644; amount paid in by sailors, £48,787; ready money payments, £37,780; advance notes cashed, £4,292; legacies, £50; sale of old stores, &c., £179. **Inmates.**—6,936. Bankers, Messrs. Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, John Deacon, Esq.; Manager and Sec., Thomas Balding, Esq.; Assistant, Mr. C. Conrad, at the Home.

SCANDINAVIAN SAILORS' TEMPERANCE HOME (1888), West India Docks, E.

Object.—(a) Boarding and lodging merchant seamen (principally Scandinavians) at a fixed weekly rate; and assistance, with food, lodging, and clothing, given to poor, wrecked, and destitute seamen of all nationalities; and (b) receiving, banking, and remitting sailors' wages and savings to parents and relations in various parts of the world. **Management.**—By Committee of seven gentlemen. **Income** (1887).—Cash from sailors, £1,304; subscriptions and donations, £84; balance advanced by Miss Hedenström and friends, £308. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 150. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank (Eastern Branch). Hon. Manager, Miss Agnes Hedenström; Hon. Sec., Mr. Axel Welin.

STRANGERS' HOME FOR ASIATICS, AFRICANS, &c., (1857), West India Dock Road, Limehouse, London, E.

Object.—To offer to every class of Orientals, Africans, and Polyynesians who come to England, a comfortable and respectable lodging, with wholesome food, at a cost which shall render the institution self-supporting. **Admission.**—By application at the Home. The charge for officers and others on the first-class mess is 14s., and for the curry and rice mess, 10s. a week. Each inmate is provided with three meals a day, medical attendance, baths, washing, &c. Arrangements have been made to take charge of their money and other property; to make remittances to their families; to give them advice, and afford them information; to protect them from imposition; to procure employment in vessels; 'to present to all who can read, a portion of the Holy Scriptures in their own language, and to instruct them in the truths of the Gospel, and in the English language.' There are always a number of destitute cases provided for gratuitously in the Home. **Management.**—Board of Directors, appointed by the donors and subscribers at annual general meetings. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions and legacy, £452; payments for inmates, £619; from the Governments of India, British Guiana, Mauritius, Trinidad, &c., £284. **Inmates.**—Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, J. H. Fergusson, Esq.; Supt., Mr. J. Freeman; Missionary, Mr. Carly Haupt.

HOME FOR INDIAN AYAHS (1820), 6 Jewry Street, Aldgate, E.

Object.—To provide a home for Indian ayahs during their sojourn in England. **Admission.**—All the recommendations an ayah requires are want, truth, and a reasonably good character. 'No ayah is ever refused admission under whatever circumstances she may come.' Payment, entirely according to circumstances. **Management.**—Private, by the proprietor, Mr. C. Rogers. **Inmates** (1887).—100.

FEMALE STRANGERS' LODGING HOUSES (1877), Manchester. (For London Road Station, B 105, Piccadilly; for Victoria Station, 53 New Bridge Street, Strangeways.)

Object.—'For the protection and cheap accommodation of respectable women and girls passing through Manchester, or seeking employment there.' Lodgings, 6d., 8d., 1s., and 1s. 6d. per night, or from 2s. 6d. a week. **Admission.**—Personal application to be made to Housekeeper-matron, through railway officials and police. Reference expected after first night. Food provided at a cheap rate if desired. **Management.**—Each House by separate Committee. **Income** (1887) both Houses.—Subscriptions and donations, £160; from lodgers' payments, £188. **Lodgers.**—1,452; beds occupied, 6,607. Bankers, Manchester and County Bank, King Street, Manchester; and Union Bank of Manchester, Cheetham Hill. Hon. Treasurers and Correspondents, Miss Wright, 9 Addison Terrace, Victoria Park, Manchester, and Mrs. Solme, Melrose House, Higher Broughton, Manchester.

HOMES FOR SERVANTS (1870). In connection with the Servants' Mission. Men, 14 Sloane Terrace, S.W.; Women, 162 Warwick Street, Pimlico, S.W.

Object.—'To provide safe and comfortable lodgings for Protestant servants, while they are seeking employment in the families of the nobility and gentry.' **Admission.**—At discretion of Master or Matron, to whom application must be made. Applicants must be domestic servants of good character, and not too old for work. Payment, men, 4s. per week; women, 3s. 8d. Inmates stay till suited, if well conducted. **Management.**—By Mr. James Goodchild. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £113; payments for board and lodging and fees of inmates, £752. **Inmates.**—Men, 266; women, 210. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. **Matron**, Women's Home, Miss Freeman; Superintendent, Men's Home, Mr. J. Goodchild.

ST. PETER'S HOME AND SERVANTS' REGISTRY,
1 Sydney Street, Fulham Road, S.W.

Object.—For superior servants of good character. **Admission.**—By application personally, or by letter, to the Matron, at the Home. Beds, 9d. per night; 4s. and 3s. 6d. a week. Satisfactory references required. Price of board and further information may be had of the Matron. Registry hours—10 to 12, and 2 to 4; closed on Saturdays. No entrance fee to servants, but 2s. 6d. fee when suited if wages under £15; under £30, 3s. 6d.; over £30, 5s. No fee to lodgers. Families charged 1s. entry and 3s. 6d. to 7s. when suited, according to wages paid. **Management.**—Under supervision of Vicar and Clergy of St. Peter's, Cranley Gardens. Matron, Miss Jane Withers.

LODGING-HOUSE FOR YOUNG WOMEN, AND REGISTRY,
8 Star Street, Edgware Road, W. (In connection with the Dudley Stuart Home, *see* p. 350).

Object.—To provide a temporary home for servants or needlewomen waiting for situations. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Matron, 8 Star Street, W. Applicants must be able to give good references. Payment, 6d. a night, the inmates finding their own board. Inmates remain at longest about a month; time of stay not fixed. **Management.**—By the Matron, under the Committee of the Dudley Stuart Home. **Income.**—Included in Dudley Stuart Home (*see* p. 350). **Lodgers** (1887).—255. Treasurer, Hon. H. D. Ryder.

FEMALE SERVANTS' HOME SOCIETY (1836). Office, 79 Finsbury Pavement, E.C.

Object.—To provide (a) a safe home for female servants when out of place; and (b) a registry office. **Admission.**—By application at the Office, or at the Homes. Respectable servants and young women from the country seeking situations in London are received on producing satisfactory recommendations. Inmates pay from 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. a week for rent, fire, and candles, and board themselves. They are expected to be in the Home by 9.30 p.m. No inmate allowed to sleep out without special permission. Rewards are presented to those who obtain situations from the Homes and retain them for one year and upwards. Employers can register their names on paying 5s., for which servants (of one description) will be sent for engagement during one month. Annual subscribers of £1. 1s. may be supplied with servants in general. The Homes are at 21 Nutford Place, Edgware Road, W. (Superintendent, Miss Cook); 205 Great Portland Street, W. (Superintendent, Mrs. Clark); and 74 High Street, Camden Town, N. W. (Superintendent, Miss Emmins). **Management.**—Committee, self-appointed. **Income** (1887–8).—Charitable contributions, £29; inmates' payments, £367; registry fees, grants, &c., £506. **Average number of inmates.**—70; 1,197 lodged in the Homes in 1887–8. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, R. C. L. Bevan, Esq.; Sec., Mr. C. Stuart Thorpe.

OPERATIVE JEWISH CONVERTS' INSTITUTION (1831), Palestine Place, Cambridge Heath, E.

Object.—The spiritual and material welfare of believing Israelites. **Admission.**—Baptized or unbaptized adult Jews are admitted, but no unbaptized Jew is eligible 'unless he can afford satisfactory evidence of his belief in the Lord Jesus Christ as the true "Messiah."' Application must be made to the Principal. All inmates learn printing and book-binding in the Institution. No payment required. A part of inmates' earnings, if over a certain amount, is saved for their benefit on leaving. **Management.**—By Committee elected at general meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1888–9).—Charitable contributions, £717; invested funds, £143. **Inmates** (1889).—15. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Alfred R. Pite, Esq.; Principal, Rev. G. H. Ayerst; Sec., J. T. H. Cotsell, Esq.

WANDERERS' HOME (1852), 6 Cambridge Lodge Villas, Mare Street, Hackney, E.

Object.—To provide a temporary home for inquiring Jews, where they may study the Gospel. A home for those who, for the sake of the Gospel, have lost their employment, and are otherwise exposed to great hardships, privation, and want. To place the latter in a position to earn a livelihood, either by work or by learning a trade. To thoroughly test the sincerity of Jews desiring to receive religious instruction before their admittance into the Church by the sacrament of baptism. **Admission.**—By application at the Home. Single women or married couples, whether with families or not, not received; but, if considered advisable, lodgings are provided for them in the neighbourhood of the Home, and their religious instruction and spiritual welfare strictly attended to. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £843; invested funds, £113. **Inmates.**—49. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Co. Treas., B. T. Bosanquet, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Rev. J. M. Eppstein.

II.—RELIEF IN MONEY.

This sub-section is divided as follows:—

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It has already been pointed out in the introductory note to *Pensions* (p. 257) that these charities are not in all cases easily distinguishable from those included under that sub-section, to which reference should also be made. The main distinction is that pensions are more or less permanent, whilst the relief given by the following organisations is generally from year to year only. The work of many of the Benevolent Institutions described in the Appendix is almost entirely confined to the granting of relief in money.

GENERAL.

METROPOLITAN VISITING AND RELIEF ASSOCIATION (1843), 46A Pall Mall, S.W.

Object.—‘Relief of destitution in the metropolis and improvement of the condition of the poor, by means of parochial and district visiting, under the superintendence and direction of the Bishop and Clergy, through the agency of unpaid visitors, and without reference to religious persuasion.’ **Admission.**—(See Object.) Grants are made to local visiting societies on condition that they administer relief by gratuitous house-to-house visitation; that the grants be administered by a committee, meeting at least once a month, the clergyman presiding; that the relief be afforded at the house of the poor, as far as possible in kind, not money; that deserving objects be relieved irrespective of religious persuasion; that the grant be not employed in paying rent, or paying district visitors; that accounts be rendered periodically to General Committee of expenditure of grants; that in distributing grants care be taken not to interfere with legal relief. The local societies must also be consistent with the main principles of the Association, not merely administering aid in temporal matters, ‘but to improve the social, moral, and religious condition of the poor.’ **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887–8).—Charitable contributions, £4,799; invested funds, £135; legacy, £551; miscellaneous receipts, £43. **Parishes assisted** (1887–8).—162. **President**, Lord Bishop of London. **Bankers**, Herries, Farquhar, & Co. **Treas.**, Sir W. R. Farquhar; **Hon. Sec.**, Rev. M. S. A. Walrond, M.A.; **Sec.**, J. H. Allen, Esq., at the Office.

SOCIETY OF ST. VINCENT DE PAUL (established in England in 1844), 31 Queen Square, London, W.C.*

Object.—To visit the poor, and to assist personally at their homes by moral and material help as far as possible. The Society’s conferences undertake a variety of special works, of which the chief is that of befriending youths who have left school and obtained employment, but are without the advantages of a proper home or friends to care for them. In England, no schools are maintained by the Society, but the members assist in teaching in the schools of their congregations, and also at night

* As the lease of these premises will shortly expire, and will probably not be renewed, it is requested that all communications may be addressed to B. F. C. Costelloe, Esq., Secretary, 33 Chancery Lane, W.C.

schools. In some instances, instead of assisting by alms, they pay the school fees of children. Different conferences have organised clubs for boys and men, penny banks, loan funds, &c.; and they are also ready to assist in fitting cases of emigration. **Admission.**—Applications are made at the conference meetings, either through the clergy or by some member on behalf of persons stated to be in distress. The name and address of the applicant are entered on the books, and the case is visited within the week, if possible, by two members together. A report of the case is furnished at the next meeting, and, if considered deserving, assistance is granted. The assistance given is, almost invariably, of a temporary nature, and in the form of tickets for bread, meat, groceries, or coals. Money is sometimes given where it seems to be necessary. In all cases, the gifts, whether in tickets or money, are delivered to the applicants at their homes by the member in charge of the case, in person; and he is bound to take all reasonable precautions, and to report any change in the circumstances at the next conference meeting. **Management.**—Conferences, or branches of the Society, are established in connection with the congregations of various churches or chapels. (For addresses of local conferences in London, see under the several unions in Local Charities.) Each conference is in its ordinary work autonomous. It is frequently, though by no means necessarily, confined to its own parochial district. The officers are a president, one or more vice-presidents, treasurer, and secretary. In towns, where two or three conferences exist, it is usual to form a town council, which is presided over by a president, assisted by one or more vice-presidents, treasurer, and secretary, who, with other members of the council, are selected from the conferences in the town. Councils of this kind exist in Birmingham, Bristol, Carlisle, Liverpool, London, Manchester, Preston, and Sheffield. These councils, and the conferences under their supervision, are regulated by another council called the Provincial Council, which receives its instructions, and derives its authority, direct from the General Council of the Society at Paris, and is in direct communication with the Provincial Councils of the Society in all other countries. **Income.**—The conferences derive their funds from the secret offerings of active members at the weekly meetings, from annual payments of honorary members, and from subscriptions and donations. The town councils obtain a tithe on *all* sums received by the conferences under their supervision, and also derive support from subscriptions and donations. The Provincial Council derives its funds from subscriptions and donations. The funds of the town councils are applied to assisting the poorer conferences, and cases of exceptional character or more than ordinary distress. **Amount** (1888).—Entirely from charitable contributions, in England, £7,682; in London, £2,333. **Families visited**, weekly (1888).—In England, 7,945; in London, 335. **Orphans supported.**—In England, 130; in London, 25. The London Council maintains a Shoe-black Brigade. President, George Blount, Esq., 28 Old Burlington Street, W. Bankers, Messrs. Ransom, Bouverie, & Co. Treasurer, J. Trivick, Esq., Sunnyside, Harbut Road, New Wandsworth, S.W.; Secs., B. F. O. Costelloe, Esq., 33 Chancery Lane, W.C., and G. Whitlaw, Esq., 18 Argyll Road, Kensington, W.

SOCIETY FOR RELIEF OF DISTRESS (1860). Office, 15 Cockspur Street, Charing Cross, S.W.

Object.—The relief of the poor of the metropolis by voluntary almoners, 'who relieve after thorough investigation, without distinction of creed or nationality, and only undertake cases which are likely to be

permanently benefited by the assistance given.' **Admission.**—The following is an epitome of the 'Directions for the Guidance of Almoners.' The parochial divisions of London are adopted. A representative of the Society is appointed to one or more districts, who is called the almoner. On his appointment to a district, he places himself in communication with the clergy and ministers of religion, with district visitors and sisterhoods, the parochial authorities, and the District Committees of the Charity Organisation Society, and ascertains what system exists for the relief of the poor. The almoner is authorised to assist by a money grant, not exceeding £2. Should a larger sum be required for any special case, application must be made to the Committee. If a loan under the same conditions be considered preferable to a gift, the case is usually referred to the Charity Organisation Committee of the district, as the machinery of that Society gives it special facilities for carrying out 'loan transactions.' Relief is, as far as possible, confined to those cases of distress which the guardians or administrators of local charities are unable to assist. In certain cases relief is given in kind. 'Those suffering from a fatal illness, with probably but few weeks to live, are strongly recommended for ample relief.' 'Convalescent cases are frequently proper objects.' 'Young widows, especially those with children, are advised as to the best means of earning a living.' 'Although it is not well to relieve parents of their proper responsibilities, children may sometimes be helped with advantage where exceptional circumstances prevent their receiving, unassisted, a respectable start in life.' As a rule this Society cannot undertake chronic or wholly destitute cases. Cases of sickness, where no parish or other relief is received, take precedence of all others. Railway fares to a district where labour is in demand are, when desirable, offered to the ordinary 'out of work' case, provided the almoner has evidence that an employer is ready to give the man a trial; but otherwise no able-bodied male adult in good health is relieved, except to redeem tools from pawn, or to purchase clothes to enter service, unless overtaken by sudden or unforeseen misfortune. Almoners point out to the poor the utility of belonging to clubs and benefit societies, and encourage them as far as possible to exercise habits of thrift and prudence. As a general rule relief is not given in the following cases:—When either head of the family is of bad character or of idle or intemperate habits; persons in receipt of out-door parish relief; where the bedding or furniture is such that the 'home' is evidently not worth preserving; great caution is observed when the head of the family has deserted his home; single able-bodied men, except with the view of assisting them to obtain employment; where there are children or near relations in a position to give the necessary assistance; to pay arrears of rent or funeral expenses; where the distress is due to strikes; to persons who are afflicted with infectious or contagious disorders. 'In the above cases, and whenever charitable relief is for good reasons withheld, the applicants have poor-law relief to fall back upon.' **Management.**—By Guarantee Committee, 'by whom the entire working expenses of the Society are defrayed,' and Working Committee. **Income (1888).**—Charitable contributions, £2,761. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Hon. Sec., A. Dunn Gardner; Sec., C. H. Gosset, Esq.

BENEVOLENT OR STRANGERS' FRIEND SOCIETY (1785). Office, 52 Finsbury Pavement, E.C.

Object.—'To visit and relieve the destitute sick poor, without distinction of sect or country, at their own habitations throughout the metropolis and its vicinity, having regard chiefly to strangers not entitled to parochial relief.' **Admission.**—The metropolis is at present divided

into 30 districts, to each of which is appointed a district treasurer and two district secretaries. The voluntary visitors of the Society number nearly 240. Cases of distress brought to the notice of the Secretary at the Office, or the district treasurers, are inquired into. Every case of real 'distress will receive all the aid that the Society can afford.' **Management.**—General Committee elected at annual meeting of members. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £1,175; invested funds, £1,722; loan, £100. **Assisted** (1887-8).—3,661. Treasurer, Sir R. N. Fowler, Bart, M.P.; Hon. Sec., Mr. Clarence Smith, J.P.; Sec., Mr. B. H. Gerrans.

GENERAL BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION (1848), 22 Berners Street, Oxford Street, W. (*No recent information*).

Object.—'To afford timely assistance to persons in distress, with a view to aid and encourage them to have recourse to their own exertions.' **Admission.**—By recommendation of subscriber. Annual subscriber of 5s., or donor of £3. 3s., may recommend one case yearly. Grants are made only in cases where it appears clear that the assistance will be of permanent benefit in promoting a business or some remunerative occupation. **Management.**—Committee of not less than seven subscribers. Hon. Sec., A. Lindo Henry, Esq.

UNIVERSAL BENEFICENT SOCIETY (1866), 15 Soho Square, W.

Object.—'To assist in various ways those in necessity, of good character, without distinction of class, nationality or sect.' **Admission.**—By application to Secretary, in writing, specifying nature of assistance required. The Society gives (a) annuities of £15 to the infirm and afflicted; (b) grants of money or gifts of clothes, &c., to assist those who can obtain employment, or for purposes of emigration; (c) small loans on approved security without interest; (d) medical aid and surgical appliances; (e) payments for admission of orphans, and destitute, neglected, or ill-treated children, and those who are afflicted, into suitable homes and institutions. The Society's 'operations are not confined to the metropolis, but assistance is given wherever needed.' Annuitants are elected by votes of subscribers. Annual subscriber of 5s., or donor of £2, has one vote at all elections. No person can become a candidate for an annuity who is less than 60 years of age, or who has an income exceeding £15 a year. **Management.**—Council of not more than 13, elected by subscribers annually at general meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,370; invested funds, £120; other sources, £342. **Persons assisted.**—Annuitants, 47; temporarily, 190; orphans, &c., 2. Secretary, G. Stormont Murphy, Esq.

COMMERCIAL PHILANTHROPIC INSTITUTION (1821; revised, amended, and enrolled, 1874), 52 Banner Street, St. Luke's, E.C. (*No recent information*).

Object.—'To assist persons labouring under temporary distress by relieving former members with sums of from £3 to £5, and ordinary applicants with sums of from £1. 10s. to £3; and to relieve 'poor married women by the loan of boxes of linen and pecuniary assistance during their accouchement.' **Management.**—By Committee (eight persons), elected annually at general meeting. Treasurer, Mr. R. Beuttell, 52 Banner Street, St. Luke's, E.C.

THE QUEEN'S CHARITIES, Royal Almonry, 36 Spring Gardens, S.W.

Object.—These charities are distributed in course of the week before Christmas Day, and that preceding Good Friday, and consist of the following classes : (1) The common bounty, or dole, of 10s. per annum. (2) The Royal Gate Alms, which formerly were 6d. per week, given away at the gate of the palace, but now in two sums of 13s. each, at the Royal Almonry, which is situated on one extremity of the verge of the court. (3) The Royal Maundy is allotted to as many men and as many women as the Sovereign may be years of age, silver coins representing 1d., 2d., 3d., and 4d., and £2. 10s. in gold, £1. 10s. of which represents the value of provisions formerly given in kind ; money allowances in lieu of clothing. (4) Pensions to a limited few, who have belonged to a superior position in society. (5) Surplus fund which may remain after meeting the demands of the recipients whose names are on the prescribed lists is given away to the poor and needy not eligible for election to the established classes. **Admission.**—On recommendation of the incumbent of the parish in which the candidate resides, addressed to the Lord High Almoner, 36 Spring Gardens, S.W. **Relieved annually.**—Near upon 1,400 persons. **Officers of the Royal Almonry :** Lord High Almoner, the Bishop of Ely ; Sub-Almoner, Rev. Prebendary Eyton ; Sec., H. T. Bidwell.

WILKINSON'S CHARITY FUND.

Object.—The relief of poor pious persons, male or female, old or infirm, by grants of £5 to £15, as the Trustees see fit. **Management.**—‘The Trustees act under Chancery direction, and the accounts are periodically audited in Chancery.’ **Income** (1887).—£1,355. **Recipients** (1887).—184. **Sec.,** Rev. W. Farrer, Oakleigh, Arkwright Road, Hampstead, N.W.

LADY NEVILL'S CHARITY.

Object.—For apprenticing boys and girls from Holborn, Westminster, and Hammersmith. **Income.**—About £105. **Trustees,** Rev. J. E. Kempe, 197 Piccadilly, W. ; Rev. B. Compton, 10 Mansfield Street, Portland Place, W. ; Rev. R. E. Capel Cure, 15 Grosvenor Street, W. ; Fredk. Calvert, Esq., Q.C., 38 Upper Grosvenor Street, W. ; Rev. Henry G. S. Blunt, the Rectory, Holborn, W.C. ; Rev. J. F. Kitto, the Vicarage, St. Martin's Place, W.C. **Bankers,** Goslings & Sharpe.

PETYT'S CHARITY.

The funds of this Charity are applied as follows :—£20 for maintenance of a scholar or scholars at Christ's College, Cambridge ; £10 for the poor (not being persons in receipt of parochial relief) of the parish of St. Andrew's, Holborn ; £5 for maintaining the library at Skipton erected by the Founder ; £45 to Hazlewood Elementary School, Bolton Abbey ; £15 to Elementary School at Draughton, near Skipton ; £15 to Infant Schools at Skipton ; grants to poor relations of Founder, who at the date of the scheme were in receipt as such of any payment out of the income of the Charity ; £50 for exhibitions tenable by boys attending public elementary schools in the ancient parish of Skipton, or who, having for not less than three years attended one of such schools, should be attending a public school of higher grade ; £100 for exhibitions tenable by boys educated at the Grammar School at Skipton while attending such school, or afterwards, having for not less than three years attended such school, during attendance at any school of higher grade, or residence at a college

in either of the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge; £5 for books to be given as prizes for merit to boys attending Skipton Grammar School, conditionally upon an equal sum being applied from other sources; £100 to be applied in providing, or assisting to provide, technical or industrial training for girls attending public elementary schools in the ancient parish of Skipton. Ultimate residue (about £390) is applied towards the maintenance of a Girls' Middle School at Skipton. Relations of the Founder, in case of equality of merit, are given preference as regards admission to the several benefits of the Charity. **Income.**—About £860. Clerk to the Trustees, C. H. Charlesworth, Esq., Solicitor, Bank Buildings, Skipton.

BERMAN'S CHARITY, for various charitable gifts (regulated by scheme under Charity Commissioners). C. Booth, Esq., 41 Finsbury Circus, E.C.

BISHOP ANDREW'S CHARITY (1726).

Object.—The relief of poor, aged, and impotent persons, of good character, of aged widows, and of poor fatherless children. **Management.**—By trustees. **Income.**—About £881. Messrs. Baskett & Son, Evershot, Dorchester.

LEHEUP, CATHERINE.

Object.—Assisting persons reduced from better circumstances, especially women. **Income.**—£425. 14s. 3d.

LE BRETHON'S CHARITY.

Object.—For relief of sick and necessitous industrious persons of whatever country, colour, or religion. **Income.**—£128. 8s. 3d. Wm. Beck, Esq., Glebe Place, Stoke Newington, N.

BENNETT (1661). (Taken from the 'Digest of Endowed Charities,' 1873-75.)

Object.—For the maintenance and relief of such poor and needy persons as Trustees in their discretion should choose. **Income.**—£15.

ELMER (1711). (Taken from the 'Digest of Endowed Charities,' 1873-75.)

Object.—For distribution among poor families. **Income.**—£40.

REV. BARNABAS OLEY'S CHARITY (1685).

Object.—£40 for education in parish of Great Gransden, Huntingdonshire; remainder for charitable purposes at discretion of Trustees. **Income (1887).**—£131. Rev. E. Atkinson, Clare College Lodge, Cambridge.

MACHAM'S CHARITY (1692).

Object.—The relief of decayed hatmakers. **Admission.**—The larger portion of the funds are available only for members of the Feltnakers' Company; but thirteen non-members who have been hatmakers receive £2. 10s. per annum each. Application must be made to the Clerk of the Company, 17 Salisbury Square, E.C. **Total income.**—About £80.

LANE'S CHARITY.

Object.—For poor freemen of the Ward of Bread Street, and their widows. **Income.**—About £62. Sec., J. Mackrell, Esq., 21 Cannon Street, E.C.

POPLAR BENEVOLENT AND ACCIDENT RELIEF SOCIETY (1846), Town Hall, Newby Place, Poplar, E.

Object.—To afford relief in cases of sudden accident and calamity, and to the deserving poor during winter. **Admission.**—Donors of £5. 5s. shall be life members, and subscribers of £1. 1s. or 10s. 6d. shall be members of the Society, and shall be entitled to a proportionate number of relief tickets value 1s. each; extra tickets may be purchased at 1s. each. In case of accident, the Committee may make an immediate grant of such amount as they may deem advisable. **Management.**—By Committee and officers. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions and donations, £177; proceeds of garden party, £72; interest, £12. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank, East India Road. Treasurer, Mr. Bradshaw Brown; Sec., Mr. C. W. Raymond, 24 Lawrence Road, Bow, E.

HORN OF PLENTY PHILANTHROPIC SOCIETY (1862), 36 Globe Road, Mile End, E.

Object.—The relief of deserving indigent persons. **Admission.**—On recommendation of annual subscriber of 5s., or donor of £2. 2s. Candidates must reside within 1½ miles of the Committee Room, 36 Globe Road. The Committee elect in November 40 persons to receive 2s. 6d. a week each for 12 weeks. Relief is also given in sums from 7s. 6d. to 15s. per week. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £109; interest, £9; proceeds of entertainment, £6. **Persons relieved.**—166. Treas., Mr. P. W. Withers, 'Horn of Plenty,' Globe Road, Bow; Sec., Mr. John Campion, 43 St. Peter's Street.

RATCLIFF HOPE BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (1829), 'Queen's Head,' York Square, Stepney, E.

Object.—To relieve the necessitous and deserving poor of the locality during the winter months. **Admission.**—Subscribers of 5s. a year are entitled to recommend two cases, which may be relieved to the extent of 10s. each. **Management.**—By Chairman, Vice-Chairman, 3 Trustees and Secretary. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £21; proceeds of concert, £3. **Members.**—33. **Relieved.**—70 families. Bankers, East London. Treas., Mr. J. Myerscough; Sec., Mr. D. McNish, 23 Arbour Sq., E.

CALTHORPE INDUSTRIAL BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (1844).

Object.—To relieve at their own homes the suffering poor, especially, though not exclusively, those connected with Sabbath and Ragged Schools, without reference to age, sex, or creed. **Admission.**—Subscribers of 4s. a year may recommend cases for relief. Relief is granted in sums of not exceeding 4s. per week for a period of not more than 12 weeks, or by special grant not exceeding 50s. towards stock-in-trade, outfit, or in any other way likely to effect a permanent benefit. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £24. **Cases assisted.**—29. Treasurer, Mr. J. Deighton; Hon. Sec., Mr. H. Williams, North London Schools, Calthorpe Street, Gray's Inn Road, E.C.

KENSINGTON PHILANTHROPIC SOCIETY (1838).

Object.—The relief of aged or other distressed persons of good character residing within a certain prescribed area in Kensington. **Admission.**—By election, and payment of 10s. per annum. Cases for relief to be recommended by a member or subscriber of not less than 10s. per annum. The amount of relief not in any case to exceed £2 at one

time. The Society also grants pensions of 2s. 6d. per week, and issues relief tickets. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888-9).—Subscriptions and donations, £495; grant from Campden Charity Fund, £55. **Cases relieved.**—234. Bankers, London and County, Kensington. Treasurer, Mr. A. Chapman, 23 Church Street, Kensington, W.; Secretary, Mr. J. B. Cory, 26 Gloucester Road, South Kensington, S.W.

SOUTH KENSINGTON AND CHELSEA FRIENDLY AID SOCIETY (1874), 69 Sydney Street, Chelsea, S.W.

Object.—The relief of persons residing on the north side of the Thames within $1\frac{1}{2}$ miles of the place of meeting of the Society. **Admission.**—On recommendation of members, subscribers, or donors. **Management.**—By Committee of any number of male subscribers, 5 to form a quorum. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions and donations, £242; grants from finance committees of local benevolent societies, £130; proceeds of dinner, £17; offertory at St. Peter's, Cranley Gardens, £60. **Persons relieved.**—442. Bankers, Imperial Bank, South Kensington Branch. Treas., Mr. J. Browning; Sec., Mr. W. F. Turney, 14 Bishop's Terrace, Fulham, S.W.

JAMES PEEK TRUST FUNDS.

Object.—The benefit of persons of good character and repute needing support and assistance, preference being given to those reduced by misfortune from better circumstances. Preference given to descendants of Mr. James Peek, the Founder of the Charity, and to those of his father, Mr. John Peek, of Hazlewood, Loddiswell, Devonshire. **Admission.**—Assistance may be given for personal support, or for maintenance or education of children, by loans not exceeding £200, or in other ways, as the Trustees may deem fitting; and the husband or wife of any deceased kindred of Mr. James Peek may be treated as kindred, widows and orphans, and aged and infirm persons, all other circumstances being alike, having priority as objects of bounty. Assistance is limited to kindred of James Peek in each case to £200 a year for any one individual, and to those not of kindred to £50, in the latter case the assistance being confined to persons over 65 years of age, unless in special cases. **Management.**—By 11 Trustees, the first being appointed by a scheme of the Charity Commissioners. **Trustees.**—Sir Francis Peek, 4 Fenchurch St., E.C., and others.

LIMEHOUSE PHILANTHROPIC SOCIETY (1837), Eastern Hotel, Limehouse, E. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To visit and relieve the poor of the district during the winter months. **Admission.**—Application must be made to a subscriber, which is proposed and seconded, and carried by the Committee. The assistance is given to the poor of Limehouse, Poplar, and Shadwell, where the subscribers reside. The amount given is, on an average, 4s. 6d. to each case; the maximum being 5s., the minimum 2s. 6d. A very deserving case may be recommended and relieved a second time. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by subscribers at a specially summoned meeting.

DEPTFORD AND GREENWICH PHILANTHROPIC SOCIETY (1870), 133 High Street, Deptford, S.E. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To assist 'the fallen tradesman; also the necessitous poor, but not the habitual pauper.' **Admission.**—Application may be made to any member of the Society. Assistance is given according to the merits of the case. **Management.**—By a Committee appointed by the members.

LOAN CHARITIES.

ARNEWAY'S LOAN TRUST (1603).

Object.—To grant loans of not less than £50 or more than £200 to poor occupiers or traders 'resident within the district defined by the Metropolis Local Management Act 1855, preference being given to those resident within the City and Liberty of Westminster.' **Admission.**—By personal application for form, which must be filled up and signed. The consent of the proposed sureties at the foot of the application must be signed by them. No other form will be received. On application, 5s. must be paid to the charity fund. If loan granted the 5s. is allowed to borrower from cost of preparing bond. The repayment of loans, with 3 per cent. interest, must be secured by the joint and several bond of the borrower and two respectable and responsible persons, being householders. Trustees may take one such surety for a loan of not more than £100, but for a loan of more than £100 there must be two such sureties; or upon mortgage of freehold or long leasehold property; or under special circumstances a loan may be secured upon such other property as may be approved by the Court of Chancery. **Management.**—By Trustees. Clerk and Solicitor to the Trustees, J. C. F. W. Rogers, Esq., 17 Victoria Street, Westminster, S.W.

WILSON'S CHARITY (1766), Chamber of London, Guildhall, E.C.

Object.—To grant loans to young men for a period of five years at 2 per cent. per annum, in sums of £100 to £300 upon *unquestionable* personal security. **Admission.**—By personal application, bringing first account book and business card, between 10 and 3 (Saturdays 10 to 2) to the Clerk to the Trust. Three sureties required for £100, and four for £200 or £300. Applicant must be under the age of 40 years, set up in business (some trade or manufacture) one and not more than three years, and have, on the whole, gained and not lost since he has been in business; not owe more than he is able to pay, and not be an alehouse keeper, distiller, or vendor of distilled liquors. He must be a Protestant and reside (carry on business) in or within five miles of the City of London, and apply for the loan for his own use, and not for the benefit of his sureties or any other person. **Management.**—By five trustees, the Lord Mayor, the two senior Aldermen, and the Recorder and Chamberlain of London. **Income** (1887).—£5,897 (Capital Fund about £38,000). **Loans granted.**—20. Clerk of the Trust, William Payne, Esq., Chamber of London, Guildhall, E.C.

CARPENTER'S CHARITY. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—The granting of loans to persons carrying on business within the Ward of Bread Street. Sec., J. Mackrell, Esq., 21 Cannon St., E.C.

GROCERS' COMPANY, Poultry, E.C. Clerk, W. Ruck, Esq.

It appears from the *Report of the Royal Commission on the City Companies*, vol. iv., p. 104, that the Grocers' Company hold a sum of £4,220, the proceeds of a large number of charities, available for granting loans to members of the Company.

SOMERSETSHIRE SOCIETY (1811).

Object.—One of the objects of the Society consists in the granting of loans to persons connected with the county of Somerset (*see* p. 447).

RELIEF FOR WOMEN.

See also the following sub-section.

WIDOWS' FRIEND SOCIETY (1808), 27 King Street, Cheap-side, E.C.

Object.—'To afford help to such widows as are willing to labour and have health to do so.' In connection with the Society is a pension fund from which 32 necessitous Christian widows receive £5 each per annum. **Admission.**—By recommendation of a subscriber, or of some clergyman or minister of religion. The Committee meet monthly to consider applications. The Society makes small grants, varying from 10s. to £2, to assist in purchasing labour-saving machines, materials, or goods for sale, or for clothes to enable applicants to take domestic situations. In some instances small weekly allowances are made during a few weeks in pressing emergency, or temporary suspension of labour occasioned by illness. Assistance to supplement local or private benevolence is given. 'Sunday trading invariably excludes the applicant from participating in the Society's bounty.' The limit of the Society's work extends over a radius of about 3 miles from St. Paul's. **Subscribers'** recommendations are not strictly limited to the prescribed radius. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £310; invested funds, £50. **Cases** considered, 145; relieved, 104. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treas., John Deacon, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mr. H. Mathews, 37 Barnabury Street, N.; Sec., Mr. M. Kenchington; Hon. Sec. of Ladies' Auxiliary, Mrs. Cesar, 8 Hamilton Road, Highbury, N.

SOCIETY FOR THE RELIEF OF DISTRESSED WIDOWS (1823), 32 Sackville Street, Piccadilly, W.

Object.—To give relief to widows of character residing within four miles of the Office, except on the east, where Society's boundary is limited by Kingland Road, Shoreditch, Bishopsgate Street, Gracechurch Street, High Street, Borough, Kent Street, and Old Kent Road. **Admission.**—By application to the 'Official Visitor of the Widows' Society,' 32 Sackville Street, W., and recommendation of subscriber. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s., or donor of £10. 10s., may recommend one case yearly. Application must be made within first month of widowhood. Relief given does not exceed £2, unless sanctioned by Committee. Subscribers are requested to send their letters of recommendation by the widows for whom they are interested to the Society's Office on Wednesdays from 12 to 4, when official visitor attends. **Management.**—Committee of ladies and gentlemen elected by subscribers at annual meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £400; invested funds, £130. **Persons assisted.**—218. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treas., John Deacon, Esq.; Sec., Mr. S. Rayson; Visitor, Mrs. Aitken, 76 Theobald's Road, W.C., and at the Office.

INSTITUTION FOR THE EMPLOYMENT AND BENEFIT OF NEEDLEWOMEN (1860), 10 Bermondsey Square, S.E. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To assist needlewomen in distress, and to provide employment at fair prices for those requiring it. **Admission.**—Application for employment or assistance should be made to the Matron. **Management.**—By a Committee and Trustees. **Income** (1880).—£363. **Assisted.**—By work, 390; in other ways, 300. Treasurer, John Palmer, Esq., Market Street; Matron, Mrs. Northover.

SPECIAL RELIEF.

SOMERSETSHIRE SOCIETY (1811).

Object.—‘For the purpose of apprenticing the children of poor Somersetshire parents resident in London, and also for lending to such as shall have been apprenticed, if their conduct shall have been meritorious, a certain sum of money, without interest, to establish them in business.’

Admission.—By election of subscribers or presentation. Each donation of £10. 10s., or annual subscription of £1. 1s., gives one vote at every election. A donor of 100 guineas can have one apprentice always on the institution. Applications must be made to the Committee, with certificates that one parent is or was a native of Somersetshire, and has resided in London for a year, that applicant was born in wedlock, and will not exceed 15 years of age on the December 1st following. Elected candidates must be apprenticed within a year of the time of application. The premium given is not exceeding £25. A loan of not exceeding £60 may be made for four years to persons whose apprenticeship has expired.

Management.—By Committee of 12 members (including the Treasurer and Hon. Secretary), vacancies in which are filled by election of subscribers at annual meeting. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £41; invested funds, £113. **Apprenticed.**—9. Bankers, Messrs. Hoare & Co. Treasurer, Wyndham Slade, Esq., 70 St. George's Square, S.W.; Hon. Sec., Philip Evered, Esq., 2 Dr. Johnson's Buildings, Temple, E.C.

WILTSHIRE SOCIETY FOR APPRENTICING WILTSHIRE CHILDREN (*see* p. 324).SOCIETY FOR APPRENTICING CHILDREN (JEWISH),
&c. E. H. Lindo, Esq., 11 Bevis Marks, E.C.BENEVOLENT SOCIETY OF ST. PATRICK FOR APPRENTICING IRISH CHILDREN (*see* p. 422).

SOCIETY FOR ASSISTING TO APPRENTICE THE CHILDREN OF DISSENTING MINISTERS OF EVANGELICAL SENTIMENTS (1829), Memorial Hall, Farringdon Street, E.C.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary for forms. Premiums, or other expenses of apprenticeship, are not to exceed £20. No child eligible under 12 or over 16 years of age, or who is apprenticed at time of first application. Admission is by votes of contributors. Subscription of 5s. a year entitles to as many votes as there are candidates to be elected. Donation of £5. 5s. paid within one year entitles to double the number of votes as there are candidates to be elected. Elections in March and September. Votes of unsuccessful candidates are carried forward for not more than four elections. **Management.**—By Committee chosen from Governors and members. Bankers, Consolidated Bank. Treasurer, W. G. Spicer, Esq., ; Sec., Rev. J. Marchant.

EAST LONDON APPRENTICING FUND (1887).

Object.—To assist in apprenticing children of parents residing in the Tower Hamlets, Bethnal Green, or Hackney. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec. The premium paid to the master is repaid without interest by small instalments. Apprentices who are well-con-

ducted can attend certain evening classes at the Technical College, the fee being paid by the Council. **Management.**—By a Council. Hon. Sec., Mr. T. Catmur, 66 High Street, Whitechapel, E.

QUEEN ANNE'S BOUNTY (1704), 3A Dean's Yard, S.W.

Objects.—To augment poor livings, and assist the clergy by loans, on the security of the revenues of their benefices, to build, &c., residence, houses, &c. For information application must be made to the Secretary and Treasurer. **Management.**—By Governors, appointed by Royal Charter. **Grants** (1887).—£17,000. **Loans.**—£19,808. Secretary and Treasurer, J. K. Aston, Esq.; Chief Clerk, C. Holford, Esq.

MARSHALL'S CHARITY (1627, Incorporated 1855).

Object.—The augmentation of poor livings; or for assisting in the erection or endowment of new churches in England and Wales, the patronage of which must be vested in the Bishop of the diocese. £115 a year is set apart for a lectureship at All Saints', Stamford, and £200 a year for exhibitions to the Universities of Oxford or Cambridge, for boys, natives of the borough of Southwark, or who are scholars attending either of the grammar schools of St. Saviour's, Southwark, or St. Olave and St. John, Horselydown. **Admission.**—Grants are made annually on the 9th June, but applications, which must be on a printed form, must be sent in by the 10th May. All grants for augmentation of livings are subject to the condition that they are to be met by grants of equal amount by Queen Anne's Bounty. The Trustees do not apply the funds of the Charity in aid of livings in private patronage. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Income.**—About £6,000. Clerk to the Trustees, Ferdinand Grut, Esq., 9 Newcomen Street, Southwark, S.E.

PYNCOMBE'S CHARITY.

Object.—After payment of £45 a year to poor of seven parishes, and of £240 a year to schools in six parishes in the county of Devon, the residue of the income is applied in augmentation of small livings in England or Wales, and procuring Queen Anne's Bounty for them. **Admission.**—The grants to livings do not exceed £100 each. The income derived from such livings must not exceed £200. **Management.**—By seven Trustees appointed under the Charitable Trusts Act. **Income** (1887).—About £1,300. **Livings augmented.**—Yearly average, 10. Secretary, Richard Easton, Esq., Taunton.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND INCUMBENTS' SUSTENTATION FUND (1873), Arundel House, Victoria Embankment, W.C.

Object.—'To raise the income of every benefice in England and Wales to a minimum of £200 a year, either by permanent endowment or annual grant.' **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Hon. Secs. for forms. Ninety-five benefices have been augmented by endowment. At present benefices are being augmented by annual grants only, which when once made are not withdrawn except for special reasons; but grants are made to private patronage benefices only against a sum of equal amount raised locally from patron or otherwise. **Management.**—By Council and Committee, a representative from every diocese being on the Council. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions, donations, and offerings, £953. **Benefices augmented.**—28, with grants from £10 to £25

each. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Trustees, the Duke of Northumberland, Earl Selborne, Lord Egerton of Tatton, and the Dean of Lichfield; Hon. Secs., Rev. John T. Deed and H. Foard Harris, Esq.

CURATES' AUGMENTATION FUND (1866), 2 Dean's Yard, Westminster, S.W.

Object.—To augment the stipends of licensed parochial curates in England and Wales, not as eleemosynary pensions, but in recognition of faithful service. **Admission.**—All applications to be made, on form supplied by the Secretary, before October 1. All licensed curates who on July 15, 1868, or same day in any subsequent year, have served in England and Wales, without reproach for not less than 15 years, and have been during three preceding years in receipt of *bond fide* stipends of not less than £100 a year, or not less than £80 with residence, are eligible. Council have power to allow time passed in Colonies, or in a small incumbency, to form part of 15 years' service. Should a curate in receipt of a grant become disqualified by age, infirmity, or sickness from discharging active duties, Council have power to make such payments as they think fit. Candidates who have been masters in schools and at the same time curates, not deemed to have been employed as parochial curates during period they were also employed as masters. **Management.**—By a Council of 30 members of the Society, one-half laymen, being members of the Church of England, one-fifth retiring yearly but eligible for re-election at annual meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £5,319; invested funds, £996; church collections, £1,213; legacies, £797. **Persons benefited.**—167. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurers, John Boodle, Esq., and J. C. Thynne, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Rev. J. J. Halcombe, M.A.; Sec., Rev. J. R. Humble, B.A.

SOCIETY FOR THE RELIEF OF CLERGYMEN AND THE WIDOWS AND CHILDREN OF CLERGYMEN MINISTERING IN THE DIOCESE OF LONDON (1791).

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—Applicants in the first instance to communicate with the Treasurer. They must be either distressed clergymen of the diocese of London, or the widows or orphans of incumbents, curates, lecturers, or licensed preachers, whose *last* post of duty was within the diocese. No assistance granted when clergyman left the diocese before decease or last illness. Daughters of clergymen, being wives or widows of laymen, are ineligible. In special cases of widows of clergymen who have resided within sphere of Society's operations at least one year immediately previous to decease, performing duties of assistant or occasional curate, and where there can be no claim on other diocesan societies, relief may be given not exceeding £10 in one year. No widow or child eligible who possesses £50 a year. No child of a clergyman entitled between ages of 17 and 55, unless incapacitated by mental or bodily infirmity. Assistance is extended to children of *either sex* under 17 years, but only *unmarried orphan daughters* over 55 years are assisted. Letters of orders of deceased husband or father must, if possible, be produced before relief given. **Management.**—By a Committee consisting of the Bishop and other dignitaries of the diocese, the Treasurer, one clergyman from each rural deanery, and six gentlemen appointed at the annual general meeting of subscribers. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £434; invested funds, £508. Bankers, Union Bank of London. Treasurer, Rev. M. S. A. Walrond, Charterhouse, E.C.

CORPORATION OF THE SONS OF THE CLERGY (1655), 2 Bloomsbury Place, Bloomsbury Square, W.C.

Objects.—(1) To afford continuous or occasional aid to clergymen of the Established Church. (2) To grant pensions to widows of clergymen, and to maiden daughters of deceased clergymen 45 years of age or upwards. (3) To grant donations to clergy widows in temporary difficulty, ineligible for pensions, or unsuccessful in obtaining them; and also to single daughters under 45, who are incapacitated by want of health from earning their own maintenance; or, if 45 or upwards, are unsuccessful candidates for a pension. (4) To apprentice clergymen's sons and daughters between the ages of 14 and 18; to assist in their education, when over 14 years of age, and to provide outfits for them. Only those clergymen are eligible to apply who have, at some time or other, held a licensed cure of souls in England or Wales, and the same limitation is observed in donations to widows, maiden daughters, and children of clergymen. Stock's Charity (*see* Painter Stainers' Company, p. 20). **Admission.**—By the presentation to the Court of Assistants of a petition, printed forms of which may be obtained at the Office. **Management.**—By a Court of Assistants, elected by the Governors at the annual general meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £2,194; invested funds, £23,313. **Persons benefited.**—Clergymen, 313; widows and maiden daughters, 973 (712 being pensioners); children, 418 (130 being orphans). Bankers, Hoares. Treasurers, J. D. Allcroft, Esq., Mr. Alderman Stone, and the Rev. Sir E. Graham Moon, Bart. Registrar, W. Paget Bowman, Esq.

CLERGY DISTRESS FUND (1887).

Object.—The relief of clergy in the rural districts suffering from agricultural depression and loss of income due to the depreciation of tithes. **Management.**—By a Special Committee of the Corporation of the Sons of the Clergy (*see* above). The fund is not intended to be permanent. **Income.**—The amount raised between February 1887 and December 15, 1888, was £43,369, of which sum £31,794 had been expended.

POOR CLERGY RELIEF CORPORATION (1856), 36 Southampton Street, Strand, W.C.

Object.—To give 'immediate assistance in money and clothing to the poorer clergy of England, Wales, Ireland, and the Colonies, their widows and orphans, in times of sickness, bereavement, or other temporary distress.' **Admission.**—'The Committee meet the second and fourth Tuesday in each month to consider the cases brought before them, and to make grants. They are guided solely in their decision by the want and worth of the applicant.' **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £7,969; invested funds, £700; legacies, £2,005. **Benefited.**—671. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, St. James's Square, S.W. Treas., R. G. Clarke, Esq.; Sec., R. T. Pigott, Esq., D.C.L.

SMITH'S GIFTS (1627). Messrs. Warrens, 99 Great Russell Street, W.C.

Objects.—(a) The relief of the poor kindred of Alderman Smith, who died 1627. (b) The relief of the poor of about 200 parishes. (c) The relief of poor clergy in regular duty. **Admission.**—(a) Applicants must be poor kindred of the Founder, of whom pedigrees are kept. (b) The poor of the respective parishes are relieved through the parish officers. (c) A limited number of candidates receive donations at Christmas, and must

be recommended by the Bishop of the diocese. **Management.**—(a) Under a scheme approved by the Court of Chancery; (b) and (c) decree, deed of uses, and will of the Founder. **Gross Income.**—About £17,000.

BOYCE'S CHARITY (1790).

Object.—One half of the income is paid to poor householders, men or women, of the parish of Christ Church, Southwark, who do not receive parochial relief. The remaining half is paid to the relief of poor distressed clergymen of the Church of England at the discretion of the Trustees. **Admission.**—By application to the Rector and Churchwardens of Christ Church, Southwark. **Income.**—The dividends on £4,881. 13s. 4d. Consols, and £1,000 Reduced 3 per Cents. **Recipients** (1887–8).—310 poor householders, 26 distressed clergymen. Clerk to the Churchwardens, W. Archer Smith, Esq., 64 Holland Street, S.E.

SOCIETY FOR THE RELIEF OF POOR PIOUS CLERGYMEN RESIDING IN THE COUNTRY (1788).

Object.—Specified in title. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary for form. Applicants must be 'poor, pious, active ministers in the Establishment, of unexceptionable character, residing in the country, the tenor of whose preaching is literally and faithfully according to the Articles of the Church of England.' Single clergymen, whose total annual incomes do not exceed £100 in England, or £90 in Wales; married clergymen without children, whose total annual incomes do not exceed £140 in England, or £120 in Wales; married clergymen with at least two children dependent, whose total annual incomes do not exceed £170 in England, or £140 in Wales; and married clergymen having four children dependent, whose total annual incomes do not exceed £200 in England, or £160 in Wales; and so on in proportion (the income in each case to be after payment of house rent, or yearly interest due on any sum borrowed for building the parsonage house), are eligible to be relieved by the Society. The widow or family of any clergyman who has been relieved is eligible at any time within 12 months of his decease to be relieved once. In cases of extraordinary distress or necessity Committee have discretion to deviate from these conditions, and to relieve those whose incomes exceed the specified sums, or those who do not reside in the country, or who are not actively employed at time of application. **Management.**—By Committee of 24 members, chosen annually at general meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £195; legacies, £295; dividends, £1,033. **Cases relieved** (1887).—111. Treas. C. H. Bousfield, Esq., 40 Elvaston Pl., S.W.; Sec., Rev. S. D. Stubbs, 5 Mecklenburgh Sq., W.C.

PETER'S CHARITY.

Object.—For poor married clergymen whose livings or curacies do not exceed £30 a year (distributed in sums of £20 a year each). Nominations to vacancies are with the Bishops of London and Bath and Wells. **Income.**—£185. **Annuitants.**—6.

ASHTON'S CHARITY (1720).

Object.—Among other things, to provide a gratuity or gift for 30 poor clergymen and 30 clergymen's widows. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Receiver, upon a form which will be supplied on application, in the months of February, March, and April. The gifts are from £12 to £17 a year. The distribution takes place early in June. **Benefited** (1888).—60 at £12 each. Receiver, G. H. Edwards, Esq., Gresham House, Old Broad Street, E.C.

CROSSE'S CHARITY.

Object.—The relief of widows of clergymen of the Church of England. **Admission.**—Candidates must be deserving necessitous ladies. Preference to those who, from age, ill-health, accident, or infirmity, are unable to maintain themselves by their own exertions. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Income** (1887).—£86. **Recipients** (1887).—6. Clerks to Trustees, Messrs. Hinckley, Hodson & Co., Lichfield.

HON. MISS FRANCES HARLEY'S CHARITIES (1841).

Object.—The maintenance of the widows of clergymen. (*See* p. 20.)

LOCKINGTON. (Taken from 'Digest of Endowed Charities,' 1873-5.)

Object.—After payment of £50 to descendants of T. Iremonger, and of £20 each to incumbents of Dunstable and Leighton Buzzard, and of £10 to incumbent of Hockliffe, Beds, and of £10 to poor housekeepers of Dunstable, and £10 to poor housekeepers of Leighton Buzzard, residue in sums of £2 each to poor maids or widows, and £5 each to poor clergymen, or widows of clergymen, of the Church of England. **Income.**—£669. 1s. 6d.

W. H. K. GIBBON'S CHARITY (1874).

Object.—To relieve widows and children of clergymen of the Church of England, who have held livings or curacies in the county of Salop. **Admission.**—The Secretary annually, in December, issues a circular to each annuitant, inquiring whether she be still unmarried, and whether she has had any increase of income during the year. He reports the answers to the Trustees, who meet once a year, in January, to settle list of annuitants for current year. As a rule, annuitants are continued on the list, unless their circumstances are so far altered as to satisfy Trustees that aid is not required. **Management.**—By Trustees, six in number, three of them being *ex-officio*, appointed by an order of the Charity Commissioners, dated 1st January, 1875. The Archdeacons of Salop in the several dioceses of Hereford and Lichfield are *ex-officio* trustees. **Income.**—From endowment, £447. 11s. 2d. **Annuitants** (1887).—25. Secretary to Trustees, George M. Salt, Esq., Shrewsbury.

MILNE, RICHARD (1841).

Object.—For poor curates or other clergymen of the Church of England, being married men, and natives of the county of Lancaster, or officiating in any church or chapel within that county. **Income.**—£452. 11s. 2d. Trustee, R. Milne-Redhead, Esq., Springfield, Seedley, Manchester.

THOMSON HANKEY CHARITY (1854).

Object.—To provide yearly donations to widows, and orphans under 16 years of age, of clergymen of the Church of England. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. Certificates on the form of application must be signed by the clergyman and churchwardens of the parish where the applicant is residing. Forms for applying are supplied on application to the Trustees at the beginning of May in each year, and the distribution generally takes place in June; notices of intended distribution of funds are inserted in the *Times*, and one or two other newspapers. **Management.**—By three Trustees: George Hankey, Beaumont Hankey, and Richard Musgrave Harvey. **Income.**—Varies, about £400 per annum. **Recipients.**— . Sec., Richard Musgrave Harvey, 7 Mincing Lane, E.C.

ARNOLD FUND (1860), 57 Coleman Street, E.C.

Object.—The benefit of deserving widows and orphans of clergymen of the Established Church. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Trustees, care of Messrs. Markby, Stewart & Co., solicitors, 57 Coleman Street, E.C. **Management.**—By the Trustees for the time being of the will of the late Robert Arnold, Esq. **Income.**—About £540.

CLERGY WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' PENSION FUND (1697).

Object.—‘To provide pensions and gratuities to the widows, and to the orphan daughters (being unmarried) of clergymen, who have officiated in their last sphere of duty in the dioceses of Chester and Liverpool and the archdeaconries of Manchester or Blackburn’; and ‘to assist in providing a suitable education for such orphans or the daughters’ of those who are officiating within the above-named limits (see St. Elphin’s School, Warrington, p. 413). **Admission.**—By vote of Committee of Management. All applications must be made on forms of petition, which may be obtained from the Secretary. **Management.**—By a Committee, consisting of *ex-officio* members and elected members. The elected members are appointed by the subscribers. **Income (1887).**—Interest from investments, £711; offertories, £565; subscriptions, £848; donations, £60; unappropriated funds, Chester and Liverpool, £170. **Assisted (1888).**—60 widows, 33 orphans, and 6 free scholars at the Clergy Daughters’ School, Warrington. Hon. Sec., Rev. Canon Greenall, Grappenhall Rectory, Warrington.

‘A. F. D.’ SOCIETY.

Object.—‘To afford assistance to clergymen and clergymen’s families with limited incomes.’ Occasional help is sometimes given to other cases. **Income (1887–8, fifteen months).**—£4,492. **Benefited.**—171. **Manager,** Miss Hinton, 4 York Place, Clifton, Bristol.

CONGREGATIONAL FUND BOARD (1695), 117 Camberwell Road, S.E.

Object.—‘To assist ministers in the country whose congregations are unable to provide for them a competent maintenance; to support pious young men in going through course of study preparatory to entering on work of Gospel ministry; to render aid to colleges where such young men are trained; to grant annual exhibitions to aged and infirm ministers.’ **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary for form. The *beneficiaries* are ‘poor Congregational ministers, resident in any part of England and Wales, except counties of Cheshire, Cumberland, Derby, Durham, Lancashire, Northumberland, Westmoreland, and York, to which counties Lady Hewley’s Charity is restricted.’ All applications to be repeated annually and accompanied with recommendations of two Congregational ministers, one of whom should be Secretary of County or District Association in which place of worship is situated. **Income of ministers applying must not exceed (single persons) £70, (married) £100 a year.** They must have been two years settled as pastor over church at place from which application is made, except in very special circumstances. Ministers, on first application, must ‘give satisfaction that they are sound in the Assembly’s Confession of Faith and Catechism.’ Applications from England to be sent to Secretary before 1st April, from Wales before 1st November, yearly. Each member of the Board has right to recommend cases. The students are elected by the Committees of the

College. **Management.**—By Board composed of pastors and representatives of contributing churches. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £230; invested funds, £1,760. **Persons benefited.**—120 ministers, about 30 students, and 14 churches for the poor. Bankers, Consolidated Bank, 52 Threadneedle Street, E.C. Treasurer, Thos. Scrutton, Esq., 9 Gracechurch Street, E.C.; Secretary, Rev. Paul Jas. Turquand, 117 Camberwell Road, S.E.

HODGSON TRUST.

Object.—After payment of £5 to Poultry Chapel, and £2. 2s. to New College, the residue is distributed to Dissenting ministers whose income does not exceed £60, and in pensions to single poor pious women. **Admission.**—By application to John W. Bye, Esq., 18 De Beauvoir Square, N. **Income.**—About £250.

STONARD'S TRUSTS.

Object.—‘To assist ministers of pious character and evangelical sentiments of the Congregational or Independent denomination of Protestant Dissenters, to insure annuities for their widows in the Protestant Union, an especial regard being had in favour of ministers educated at Homerton College (New College).’ **Admission.**—By application to Trustees. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Income** (1887).—£296. **Assisted** (1887).—49. Sec., Alfred J. Shephard, Esq., 31 and 32 Finsbury Circus, E.C.

BALME'S CHARITY (1845).

Object.—‘The relief of aged or infirm ministers of the denomination of Protestant Dissenters of the Congregational Order commonly called Independents,’ and their widows and unmarried daughters. **Admission.**—The Charity is limited to ‘parties resident within the West Riding of the county of York.’ Preference is given to ‘ministers who have laboured in connection with churches within the same Riding, and to their widows or daughters.’ Ministers’ daughters must be unmarried and have attained the age of 45 years. Trustees meet at Bradford in the second or third week in January and July yearly to dispense the funds. Each applicant must give ‘written answers to the series of questions prepared by the Trustees,’ a copy of which may be had of the Business Trustee or Secretary. The attestation and recommendation of two Independent ministers of good standing, who are personally acquainted with the circumstances of the applicant, are required. All applications must be sent in on or before the 1st January or 1st July. Grants are, of not exceeding £20, and are made for one year only. If renewed grant required, application must be repeated. **Management.**—By Trustees appointed under the will of the Founder. **Income.**—The dividends on £12,000 Three per Cents. **Benefited** (1887).—22. Sec., Rev. W. Thomas, 38 College Road, Leeds.

MINISTERS' FRIEND OR ASSOCIATE FUND (1823), Memorial Hall, Farringdon Street, E.C. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To assist evangelical Dissenting ministers whose incomes are inadequate to their support. **Admission.**—By application to the Committee, through the Secretary. The limits within which applications are received do not include Wales, nor those northern counties in England which are within the range of ‘Lady Hewley’s Charity.’ **Management.**—By Committee appointed annually by subscribers. **Income** (1882).—Charitable contributions, £17. 15s.; invested funds, £1,064. 8s. 10d. **Persons assisted.**—103. Bankers, The Consolidated Bank. Treasurer,

W. R. Spicer, Esq. ; Hon. Secretary, Rev. Dr. Stoughton, 19 New Bridge Street, E.C. ; Secretary, Rev. S. Wardlaw McAll, M.A., Memorial Hall, Farringdon Street, E.C.

BURY STREET TRUST (1856).

Object.—This fund was originally created for the support of the minister for the time being at Bury Street Chapel, St. Mary Axe (Dr. Watts's). When the chapel was removed and the service given up, a new scheme was propounded by the Charity Commissioners, according to which the Trustees are to make grants out of the dividends to Congregational ministers in England or Wales, and to widows of such ministers, in such shares and proportions as the said Trustees may think proper. **Income.**—Interest of £1,914. 1s., 2½ per cent. Annuities, about £50 a year. **Recipients** (1882).—10. Trustees, Rev. J. C. Harrison, T. L. Devitt, Esq., Dr. Pye Smith, and S. Hope Morley, Esq. ; Treasurer, T. L. Devitt, Esq., 39 Fenchurch Street, E.C.

LADY HEWLEY'S CHARITY (1704).

Object.—To make grants to poor Independent, Presbyterian, and Baptist ministers in the North of England, active or retired, and their widows ; also to students for the ministry. **Admission.**—Application must be made on forms supplied by the Secretary, before March 15 or July 15. Applicants must be (a) poor ministers of the above denominations ; (b) widows of ditto ; (c) students for the ministry ; (d) poor chapels having no settled minister. The amount of grant made varies from £5 to £25, to the above-named classes, other than students, to whom grants of £40 are made. Grants may be renewed from year to year at the discretion of the Trustees. **Management.**—By Trustees. **Income** (1887).—£8,143. **Number benefited.**—393. Sec., Robert Calder, Esq., 4 Commercial Court, 17 Water Street, Liverpool.

WATKINSON'S TRUST (1811). (*No recent information.*)

Object.—The trust deed declares 'That the income of the Charity property shall be from time to time applied for and towards the relief, support, and maintenance of poor Protestant Dissenters, ministers of the Gospel, commonly called Baptists and Independents, within the county of Essex ; or for and towards the relief and support of poor widows of such poor ministers aforesaid as such of the major part of the trustees see fit.' **Admission.**—The distribution of the Charity takes place yearly in the month of July. **Management.**—By Trustees, who coöpt members when necessary. **Income.**—The interest of £1,518, 3 per cent. Consols. Sec., Mr. J. W. Theobald, Cressing, near Braintree.

ROBINSON'S RELIEF FUND (1837).

Object.—'To make grants to Calvinistic ministers resident in England and Wales of the Independent or Baptist persuasion.' **Admission.**—At discretion of Trustees. Application must be made to Treasurer, or either of the Trustees. Two-thirds of recipients must be Independents and one-third Baptists. The grants are £10 per annum. **Management.**—By Trustees, the same as for 'Robinson's Retreat' (see p. 256). **Recipients.**—46. Treasurer, Ebenezer Viney, Esq., Upgang, Upper Norwood, S.E.

ABRAHAM ATKINS'S CHARITIES. (*No recent information.*)

Objects.—(a) Clapham Trust : Maintenance of a chapel for Baptists at Clapham, Surrey, and for the benefit of the minister and poor of the congregation ; (b) Chimney Trust : Maintenance of chapels for Baptists

and the benefit of congregations, their ministers, and poor, at Kingston Lisle and Strathfieldsaye; and at Faringdon, Wokingham, and Buckland, Berks; Oxford, Coate, and Burford, Oxon; Lingfield, Surrey; Colnbrook, Bucks; Fairford and Cirencester, Gloucestershire; Stratton, Wilts; and Cambridge. (c) Unicorn Yard Trust: Part for benefit of minister and poor of New Maze Pond Chapel, Old Kent Road, S.E.; other part for educating children of Protestant Dissenters in Southwark and for advancing education at Kingston Lisle. (d) Aston Trust: For poor of Baptist congregations at Kingston Lisle, Buckland, and Coate. (e) Strathfieldsaye Trust: For benefit of Baptist congregation at Strathfieldsaye. (f) *East India Stock Trust: For benefit of ministers or teachers of the congregations mentioned under (b), and of the minister or teacher of the Baptist congregation formerly frequenting Unicorn Yard Chapel, St. Olave's, Southwark. (g) *Trust for benefit of minister or teacher of Baptist congregation formerly frequenting Unicorn Yard Chapel last mentioned. **Management.**—By Trustees appointed by order of the Charity Commission. **Income.**—(a) Rents of freehold and leasehold premises at Clapham; (b) dividends on £3,926. 9s. 6d. 3 per Cents.; (c) (for New Maze Pond Chapel) dividends on £402. 0s. 6d. 3 per Cents.; (for Southwark and Kingston Lisle), dividends on £1,401. 12s. 5d. 3 per Cents.; (f) dividends on £3,921. 11s. 4d. India 4 per Cents.; (g) dividends on £94. 18s. 5d. 3 per Cents. Correspondent, E. S. Pryce, Esq., Redhill.

DAVIS'S, OR MILL YARD, CHARITY.

Object.—For ministers, and teachers, and poor of congregations of Sabbatarian Protestant Dissenters. **Income.**—£636. 17s. 10d. (£576. 17s. 10d. for ministers and teachers; £60 for poor, distributed in money.) W. Pitman, Esq., Mansion House Chambers, 11 Queen Victoria Street, E.C.

DORSETT'S, JOHN, CHARITY (1762). (Taken from the 'Digest of Endowed Charities,' 1873-5.)

Object.—For the benefit of the ministers and poor of the following Congregational chapels, viz.:—Stepney Meeting House; Biahopegate Chapel; Arthur Street Chapel, King's Cross Road, W.C.; Brunswick Chapel, Mile End Road, E.; Trinity Street Chapel, Boro', S.E.; Park Chapel, Bethnal Green; Southgate Road Chapel, De Beauvoir Town; Bethnal Green Chapel, Bethnal Green Road; and Latimer Chapel, Bridge Street West, Mile End. **Income.**—£1,120. 9s. 8d.

SEWARD'S CHARITY (1753). (*No recent information.*)

Object.—Amongst other things provides a fund of £50 South Sea Annuities and £200 Bank Stock, to be applied towards relief of poor Dissenting ministers. **Management.**—By seven Trustees. **Income** (see Object). Trustees, Rev. J. W. Todd, D.D., Dartmouth Park, Forest Hill, S.E.; Rev. David Jones, B.A., Brixton; and others.

BROMLEY, NATHANIEL (1728).

Object.—For relief of necessitous Independent or Congregational ministers in the country. **Income.**—£114. 15s. 10d. Messrs. Francis & How, Chesham, Bucks.

* So much of these Trusts as were for the minister or teacher of congregation formerly frequenting Unicorn Yard Chapel, is now paid towards maintenance of minister or teacher of New Maze Pond Chapel, Old Kent Road.

COLE'S TRUST (about 1734). (Taken from the 'Digest of Endowed Charities,' 1873-5.)

Object.—For distressed Protestant ministers. **Income.**—£43. 2s. 1d.

BUSWELL (1829). (Taken from the 'Digest of Endowed Charities,' 1873-5.)

Object.—For poor Dissenting ministers. **Income.**—£32. 13s. 10d.

KENT UNION SOCIETY (*see* p. 272).

SOCIETY FOR RELIEF OF NECESSITOUS WIDOWS AND CHILDREN OF PROTESTANT DISSENTING MINISTERS (*see* p. 279).

'EVANGELICAL MAGAZINE' FUND (1793).

Object.—Relief of widows of Evangelical ministers when in distress.

Admission.—By application to the Treasurer. Annual grants are made

in January and July. **Management.**—By Trustees: Revs. Dr. Reynolds, A. McMillan, W. Roberts, and Josiah Viney. **Income** (1887).—£900. **Persons benefited.**—110. Treasurer, Rev. Josiah Viney, Caterham Valley.

'CHRISTIAN WITNESS' FUND (1843), 13 Blomfield Street, London Wall, E.C.

Object.—Providing grants to aged ministers, and to such as have been thrown into unavoidable temporary difficulties by failure of health, &c. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary. Candidates must be accredited Congregational ministers in England or Wales, not less than 60 years of age, engaged in ministry not less than 25 years, and not during that time have followed any trade or profession for profit, except that of schoolmaster. Certificates required as to these conditions from officers of Association to which candidate belongs. *Special grants may be made to pastors and home missionaries of any age, bona fide members of Congregational Union for five years, in distress through affliction or adverse circumstances. These grants do not exceed £25 in any one case, and are not repeated except under peculiar circumstances. Further grants may be made to ministerial bona fide members of the Congregational Union who are, through disease or infirmity, obliged to relinquish the ministry, at whatever period of life. Distributors meet in May, on the day preceding the assembly of the Congregational Union.* **Management.**—By 48 Trustees, part resident in town and part in country. **Income** (1887).—From invested funds, £341. **Recipients.**—34. Secretary, Rev. R. S. Ashton, at the Office.

THE PRESBYTERIAN FUND (about 1688), administered at Dr. Williams's Library, 16 Grafton Street East, Tottenham Court Road, W.C.

Object.—For the purpose of aiding congregations, assisting ministers, and educating students for the ministry. **Income.**—£1,238. 8s. 7d. Treasurer, W. D. Jeremy, Esq., 10 New Square, Lincoln's Inn, W.C.

TOMPKINS, SARAH (1850). (Taken from the 'Digest of Endowed Charities,' 1873-5.)

Object.—Applicable among three poor deserving Baptist ministers. **Income.**—£18.

SOLOMON BATES (1711).

Object.—For ministers of congregations of believers baptized upon the profession of their faith. **Income.**—£40. Trustees, Mr. G. Ballard, farmer, Tenterden, Kent; Mr. T. E. Slaughter, farmer, Sandhurst, and others.

STUDENTS' AND MINISTERS' AID FUND OF THE NEW CHURCH.

Object.—To provide for the support of young men for the ministry, and to aid in the support of such ministers as cannot be adequately maintained by their congregations. **Admission.**—By application first to its Secretary, by passing the prescribed examination, and finally obtaining the favourable vote of the General Conference of the New Church. The amount of the grant made for maintenance is £54. 12s. annually. Free education is provided to all who are adopted as students by the New Church College. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by Conference. **Income** (1887-8).—£93. **Number assisted.**—1. Treas., R. Gunton, 205 Tufnell Park, N.; Sec., James Speirs, 36 Bloomsbury Street, W.C.

LLOYD'S PATRIOTIC FUND (1803), County Chambers, 14 Cornhill, E.C.

Object.—To assist officers and others, and their widows, orphans, and dependent relatives, having special regard to sufferings and losses arising during services in action. **Admission.**—Claimants should apply by letter or otherwise to the Secretary. **Management.**—By Trustees appointed with sanction of Charity Commissioners. **Income** (1887).—From invested funds, £2,277. **Persons assisted.**—141. Bankers, Messrs. Smith, Payne, & Smiths. Secretary, Mr. James Millington.

ARMY MEDICAL OFFICERS' BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (1820).

Object.—To relieve the orphans of medical officers of the army. Relief is given according to the recommendation of the Committee, confirmed at the annual general meeting, which obtains information about the particular cases from all sources. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. 21 years is the limit of age. Applications can be made at any time, but usually in January or February, for the consideration of claims. **Management.**—By a Committee, elected by annual general meeting. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £96; invested funds, £624. **Relieved** (1887-8).—106 orphans. Bankers and Treasurers, Sir C. R. McGrigor, Bart., & Co. Secretary, Thos. Ligertwood, Esq., M.D., Royal Hospital, Chelsea, S.W.

COMPASSIONATE FUND, Admiralty, S.W.

Object.—Allowances on the Compassionate List to the legitimate children of deceased commissioned officers may be given in those cases in which the rank of the officer would render his widow eligible to be placed on the pension list. **Admission.**—It must be shown that the children have no other allowance from the Government (except in the case of boys under the age of 18, who may be serving as subordinate officers of the navy), and that the circumstances of the family are so limited as to require assistance from the Compassionate Fund. Children who were born after their fathers commuted their retired pay are not eligible to be placed on the Fund. The allowances are continued to sons of officers till they reach the age of 18 or are otherwise provided for, to daughters until they marry or attain the age of 21; no exceptions are made to the rule unless it can be

shown that the children are afflicted with some mental or bodily infirmity incapacitating them from supporting themselves. Any person who may be in receipt of £30 per annum from other sources, or whose mothers have been refused pensions on account of their private income, are considered ineligible for Compassionate allowances under ordinary circumstances. Children who are being educated at Greenwich Hospital may be granted the minimum Compassionate allowance applicable to the father's rank, provided that real poverty can be shown to exist. Allowances may also be granted to boys serving as naval cadets, &c., provided that neither they nor their mothers have any private income. Should a widow re-marry, her children by the first marriage are still eligible to receive allowances, provided they are otherwise qualified to receive them. The allowances are granted for the year commencing January 1, but are not payable till after the following 1st of April. The aggregate amount of the allowances to the family of any officer must not exceed, in ordinary cases, the amount of the half-pay of his rank and seniority at the time of his death; but in the case of an officer whose death is attributable to the service, the aggregate allowance does not exceed £100 per annum more than the amount of half-pay of his rank and seniority at his death. Applications should be made to the Secretary of the Admiralty, Whitehall, S.W.

QUEEN ADELAIDE NAVAL FUND (1850), Admiralty, Spring Gardens, S.W.

Object.—Relief of unmarried orphan daughters of officers of Royal Navy and Royal Marines of ward-room rank, by grants towards education of the young, maintenance of the aged, and casual assistance of those in temporary difficulty. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Secretary. Grants are distributed half-yearly, after investigation by members of the Ladies' Committee. The education of three pupils already elected on the reduced list of the Royal Naval Female School is provided for by this Fund. The grants range in amount from £3 to £10. **Management.**—By General Committee and Ladies' Committee, appointed by coöption. **Income (1886-7).**—Charitable contributions, £150; invested funds, £107. **Persons benefited.**—40. Bankers, Messrs. Stilwell & Sons. Treasurer, J. P. Stilwell, Esq., 21 Great George Street, Westminster, S.W.; Hon. Secretary, W. A. Moore, Esq., at the Office; Hon. Secretary to Ladies' Committee, Miss J. E. Lewin, Blackheath, S.E.

MARINE SOCIETY (1756), 54½ Bishopsgate St. Within, E.C.

Object.—Among others, to make grants of £10 each to 43 widows of captains and lieutenants in the Royal Navy. **Admission.**—Application should be made to the Secretary in the early part of January for the requisite forms. The grants are made annually in June. **Management.**—By Committee (see p. 299). Sec., H. W. Andrews, Esq., R.N.

RIFLEMEN'S AID SOCIETY (1884), Rifle Depôt, Winchester.

Object.—The relief of old and infirm Riflemen, and their wives, widows, and children. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income (1887-8).**—£436. **Persons benefited.**—61. Bankers, Cox & Co., London; London and County, Winchester. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, Captain J. Markland, Carisbrooke Castle, I.W.

ROYAL ENGINEERS' CHARITABLE FUND.

Object.—The temporary relief of non-commissioned officers and men formerly belonging to the Royal Engineers, and their widows and families. Secretary, J. Beatty, Esq., Land Commissioners' Office, 3 St. James's Square, S.W.

CAMBRIDGE FUND FOR OLD AND DISABLED SOLDIERS (1882).

Object.—For the benefit of wounded, disabled, and decayed soldiers of the British army. **Admission.**—All soldiers late of H.M. army, of good character, are eligible for relief 'so far as the very limited income of the Fund will allow.' Preference is given to those who have been wounded or disabled in the service. Applications should be accompanied by candidate's discharge and pension certificates, together with a letter of recommendation from the clergyman of his parish, or some person of position, stating that from his personal knowledge the case is deserving of assistance. **Management.**—The Fund is administered by the Commander-in-Chief for the time being. **Benefited.**—Upwards of 300 cases were relieved in 1887, at an outlay of £1,019. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Sec., W. Sheean, Esq., Horse Guards, Pall Mall, S.W.; Chairman of Committee, Field-Marshal Lord Wm. Paulet, G.C.B., 16 St. James's Square, S.W.

WOODMAN'S CHARITY (1861).

Administered, with the same object as the 'Cambridge Fund' above, by the Commander-in-Chief for the time being. **Income.**—£298. Sec., W. Sheean, Esq., Horse Guards, Pall Mall, S.W.

SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' FAMILIES' ASSOCIATION (1885; Officers' Branch, 1886), 7 Knaresborough Place, South Kensington, S.W.

Objects.—(a) To relieve the wives and families of all branches of the land and sea forces of the United Kingdom in times of peace, as well as the widows and orphans of men who may die or have died in the service since the Association was founded. (b) *Officers' Branch.*—To educate officers' children, either by payment or purchase into existing schools and institutions, and by temporarily aiding with small grants necessitous officers' widows. **Admission.**—Assistance to qualified applicants is given after the strictest investigation, by finding employment for those ready and willing to help themselves, special attention being paid to the welfare of the children. Temporary grants are made under special circumstances. **Management.**—By a Committee of ladies in London, and by presidents, treasurers, &c., and committees representing each petty sessional division throughout the country. The work of the Association is entirely voluntary, there being no paid officers. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £721; dividends, £363; Officers' Branch, £82. **Cases relieved.**—Women, 304; children, 779; Officers' Branch, 1. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Chairman and Treasurer, Lieut.-Col. James Gildea.

TAYLOR, JAMES. (Taken from the 'Digest of Endowed Charities,' 1873-5.)

Object.—For the benefit of poor shipwrights and their widows and children, and others. **Income.**—£216. 8s.

JOHN HARRISON'S CHARITY FOR POOR KINDRED.

Income.—About £700. Scholesfield & Son, Dewsbury, Yorks.

SIGNOR PASQUALE FAVALL'S CHARITY (1882).

Object.—A bequest of a tragic opera to the Queen, to be performed for the benefit of the poor of London.. Also, a bequest to the Municipality of London for 'endowing, on their marriages, three poor but honest girls between 16 and 25, to be drawn by lot.'

KENTISH, OR THE CAMPTON CHARITY (1851). (Taken from the 'Digest of Endowed Charities,' 1873-5.)

Object.—For the maintenance, education, schooling, teaching, bringing up, and binding out apprentices, four boys whose names are Kentish. **Income.**—£158. 4s.

PROWDE (1717).

Object.—Dole to such persons as should from time to time become poor, necessitous, and fit objects of charity, and who should be descended from William Barnard, Robert Barnard, or their sisters, who were uncles and aunts of the founder, Francis Prowde; or from Ralph Sutton or William Prowde; and for the education of the children of such persons. The Trustees are possessed of the advowson of the Rectory of Oake, Somersetshire. **Income.**—£254. Solicitors to the Trustees, Messrs. Lee & Pemberton, 44 Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.

HAYWARD'S CHARITY.

Object.—For the assistance of members of the Society of Friends only. **Admission.**—Applicants may reside anywhere, at home or abroad. Not more than 42s. can be given to any one recipient in one year. **Management.**—By Trustees, who coöpt members. **Income** (1887).—£225. **Recipients** now on books.—102. Trustee, William Allen, Sunnyside, Falkland Road, Dorking, and others.

JEWISH CHARITIES.

(See also Relief in Kind, Jewish, p. 494.)

JEWISH BOARD OF GUARDIANS (1859), 13 Devonshire Square, E.

Object.—Relief of the Jewish poor—pecuniary, in kind, and medical; by assistance to emigrate, to apprentice, and grants and loans of tools and machines, and generally. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. Office hours:—Sunday, 10 to 1; open for general business, but no application received unless urgent. Monday, Wednesday, Friday, 9 to 11, for general applications for relief. Tuesday, 10 to 1, applications for loans and repayments thereon. Thursday, 9 to 11, for payment of weekly allowances. First Tuesday in each month, 9 to 11, for payment of monthly allowances. Relief Committee sits Tuesday and Thursday evenings, at 5 o'clock. Section of Investigating Committee meets once a month to investigate cases for regular allowances, previously visited. Loan Committee and Emigration Committee meet every alternate Wednesday, at 5 p.m. Committee for conducting workrooms meets third Tuesday in every month. Industrial Committee meets every third Tuesday in the month for general business. On Monday a section of the Committee meets to consider applications for apprenticeship, tools, and machines, at 4.30 p.m. Payment of tickets to tradespeople takes place on first Monday every month, at 2 p.m. **Management.**—By Committees (Executive, Investigating, Loan, Emigration, Legislative and Parochial Affairs, Visiting, Ladies' Visiting, Industrial, Apprentices' Exhibition and Workrooms), appointed by General Board. **Income** (1888).—Contributions from United and West London Synagogues, £1,376; donations and subscriptions (including special), £10,409; donations to be funded, £723; legacies, £484; repayments of loans, &c., £2,865; invested funds and rent, £1,265; Mansion House Russian Relief Fund for Russian Refugees, £1,505; sales of stock, &c., £12,105. **Persons**

assisted.—Cases relieved, 3,513; periodical, 178; by tools, or money for trade purposes, 421; emigration, 701; wife desertion, 46; loans, 616; apprenticed, 103. Bankers, Robarts, Lubbock, & Co. Treasurers, F. A. Lucas and Leopold de Rothschild, Esqrs.; Hon. Sec., Lionel L. Alexander, Esq.; Sec., Mr. M. Stephany, at the Office.

BOARD OF GUARDIANS FOR THE RELIEF OF THE POOR OF THE SPANISH AND PORTUGUESE JEWS' CONGREGATION (1837, reconstituted 1878). Office, 12 Bevis Marks, E.C.

Object.—To organise and administer in a beneficial manner existing charities for the poor of the congregation, and administer new subscriptions for their benefit. **Admission.**—Open to the poor of the Spanish and Portuguese Jews' congregation. Application must be made to the Clerk at the Office. Cases are inquired into by a special officer. A register is kept of the names, occupations, earnings, and families of all recipients of relief. From the old charitable funds provision is made for giving marriage portions to fatherless girls; for granting help to lying-in women and persons during mourning; for apprenticing youths and assisting boys and others in emigrating; for advancing money free of interest; for rewarding well-conducted domestic servants; for giving doles of money to indigent persons, also coals and Passover cakes; and for paying passage-money to send away the foreign poor. **Management.**—The Board is composed of the Mahamad *ex-officio*, of twelve Yehidim, and of two representatives from each of the old charities. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £352; invested funds, £43; grant from synagogue, £1,100; trust gifts, £986; bequests, £263; other sources, £65. **Number assisted.**—Casually, 1,000; loans, 10; medically, 349 (home visits); £1,005 granted in weekly and monthly allowances, and £501 in special relief. Bankers, London and County Bank, Lombard Street, E.C. Treasurer, S. N. Carvalho, Esq.; Hon. Sec., C. A. Mocatta, Esq.

EXCELSIOR RELIEF FUND (1861).

Objects.—'To dispense certain proportions of its funds in the relief of urgent cases of distress, and to render substantial assistance to such persons, irrespective of religious creed, who, after careful consideration, may be deemed worthy of aid; and also to give relief for Passover to such poor persons of the Jewish faith as the Committee shall think proper.' **Admission.**—Application must be made to any member of the society, or to the Treasurer or Secretary, between 10 a.m. and 1 p.m. The relief given is in money, weekly grants or otherwise, coals, and also potatoes and grocery for Passover. The largest amount given to one case is about £4. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by members at General Meeting. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £84. **Number benefited.**—232. Treas., Mrs. Keyzor, 107 Elgin Avenue, Maida Vale, W.; Hon. Sec., Miss Levi, 6 Kilburn Park Road, Maida Vale, W.

JEWISH LADIES' WEST END CHARITY (1842). (*No recent information.*)

Object.—'To provide, in some measure, for the wants of the really deserving (Jews) in the West and West Central districts.' **Admission.**—Application for assistance must be made, by letter, to the Countess d'Avigdor, 98 Harley Street, W. Assistance is given both in cash and in kind. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1880).—£234. 5s. 6d.

Number benefited.—At least 58 families, representing more than 280 persons on the list. Hon. Sec., the Countess d'Avigdor, 98 Harley St., W.

EAST LONDON JEWISH BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (1869), Stepney Jewish Schoolrooms, 71 Stepney Green, E.

Object.—'To assist in procuring the admission of indigent orphan children into an asylum; to disburse relief to poor women in confinement, to needy persons in sickness, and to individuals or families in confined mourning; to lend sums of money, without interest, to persons requiring assistance in obtaining a livelihood, or to meet unforeseen circumstances of difficulty and distress; also to alleviate, or to assist in alleviating, all further cases of want or need beyond those mentioned.'

Admission.—By application to the Hon. Secretary. Petitions must be countersigned by two subscribers. Committee inquire into and investigate the position, and the religious and moral character of each applicant. In cases of emergency the Committee may grant relief without such cases having gone through the hands of the Investigation Committee. **Management.**—By Committee of 20 subscribers, appointed by annual general meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £54. **Number assisted.**—28. Treasurer, H. Abendana, Esq.; Hon. Secretary, Joel Levy, Esq., 22 Smith Street, Stepney, E.

CITY OF LONDON BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (JEWISH) (1871), The 'Sir Walter Raleigh,' New Street, Houndsditch, E. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To assist the necessitous poor during the winter months. **Admission.**—Application must be made to subscribers, and they recommend. Applicants must be of Jewish persuasion. The benefits are according to the merits of the case. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by the body of members. **Income** (1882).—Charitable contributions, £40. 18s.; payments by recipients, £30. **Members** (1880).—90. **Assisted.**—60. Secretary, Mr. E. Levy, 18 Victoria Cottages, Albert Street, Mile End New Town, E.

CITY OF LONDON BENEVOLENT SOCIETY FOR ASSISTING JEWISH WIDOWS IN DISTRESS (1867). (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To provide pensions to aged widows, and widows with children, in distress. **Admission.**—By election. Application must be made to the Committee, special meetings being held for that purpose. Applicants must be of the Jewish persuasion, and must furnish evidence of their legal marriage according to Jewish rites, and must have resided, for eighteen months at least, in or within six miles of London. The pensions are of the value of 5s. per week for 12 weeks, and the thirteenth week £1. 5s. is given to each widow, after which the recipients have to wait four years before fresh application can be made. **Management.**—By Committee, elected at general meetings yearly. **Income** (1882).—Charitable contributions, £138. 7s. 6d. **Assisted.**—Varying, according to the state of the funds, from 20 to 32 per annum. Secretary, Mr. A. Prins, 17 St. Mark Street, Goodman's Fields, E.

JEWISH LADIES' BENEVOLENT LOAN SOCIETY (1844), 5 Duke Street, Aldgate, E. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To assist the indigent and deserving Jewish poor by granting them loans without interest. Application must be made to the Secretary at the Office. Two sureties for the punctual repayment of the instalments

are required. The usual rate of repayment is about 6d. in the pound per week. The largest sum granted as one loan is £10. **Management.**—By a Ladies' Committee. **Income.**—**Loans.**—Treasurers, Mrs. A. Strauss, 32 Woburn Square, W.C., and Mrs. Symons, 10 Endsleigh Gardens, N.W.; Sec., Mr. Henry H. Hyams.

SPANISH AND PORTUGUESE LOAN SOCIETY. E. H. Lindo, Esq., 11 Bevis Marks, E.C.

ARNOLD'S MARRIAGE GIFT (1830). Office of the United Synagogue, 2 Charlotte Street, Portland Place, W.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Secretary of the United Synagogue, at the above address. 'The bride and bridegroom to be born in wedlock, to be of good character, and to be approved of by the Bequests and Trusts Committee of the United Synagogue. They must be already affianced at the date of application, and the bride must belong to either of the German congregations in London. **Management.**—By the Bequests and Trusts Committee of the United Synagogue. **Income.**—The marriage portion is £52, bestowed annually. Sec., Philip Ornstien, Esq.

MARRIAGE-PORTION SOCIETY (1844). Office of the United Synagogue, 2 Charlotte Street, Portland Place, W.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Secretary of the United Synagogue, at the above address. The bride and bridegroom to be born in wedlock, to be of good character, and to be approved of by the Bequests and Trusts Committee of the United Synagogue. They must be already affianced at the date of application, and the bride must belong to either of the German congregations in London. **Management.**—By the Bequests and Trusts Committee of the United Synagogue. **Income.**—The marriage portion is £40, bestowed biennially, and the wedding fees are defrayed by the Society. Sec., Philip Ornstien, Esq.

SPANISH AND PORTUGUESE MARRIAGE-PORTION SOCIETY. J. Sebag, Esq., 40 Westbourne Terrace, W.

FRANKS (1734). (Taken from the 'Digest of Endowed Charities,' 1873-5.)

Object.—For application in the purchase of coals, clothing, &c., to be distributed among German Jews and their families resident in England. **Income.**—£78. 19s. 2d.

SOCIETY FOR RELIEVING THE POOR ON THE INITIATION OF THEIR CHILDREN INTO THE HOLY COVENANT OF ABRAHAM (1745). (*No recent information.*)

Object.—The relief of the poor on the initiation of their children into the Covenant of Abraham and the providing of an operator and a god-father on the occasion. **Admission.**—Applicant must give due notice to the Secretary within three days after the birth of the infant. The contract of marriage must be produced. The amount of benefits is regulated by the state of the Society's funds, but is usually £1 in each case. This amount is not payable until the circumcision has actually taken

place. Subscriptions of 10s. 6d. constitute membership. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income.**—£361. 18s. 8d. **Benefited.**—149. **Treasurers.** S. Montagu, Esq., and R. Hailbut, Esq.; **Sec.,** Mr. Mordecai Abrahams, 149 Houndsditch, E.C.

TEMPORAL RELIEF FUND OF LONDON SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING CHRISTIANITY AMONG THE JEWS, 16 Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.

Object.—Assists 'baptized and inquiring Jews.' **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £269. **Bankers,** Williams, Deacon, & Co.

FOREIGN.

Pecuniary relief is granted by the Association of German Governesses in England, and by the Aborigines Protection Society. (*See* those institutions. *See also* 'Relief in Kind, Foreign,' p. 492.)

SOCIETY OF FRIENDS OF FOREIGNERS IN DISTRESS (1806), 20 New Broad Street, E.C.

Object.—To grant pensions to aged and infirm, and relief to indigent, foreigners in London, 'without distinction of country or religion,' and to furnish to such as are desirous of returning to their own countries the means of doing so. **Admission.**—By subscriber's letter of recommendation. Pensioners are elected by votes of subscribers. Application may be made any day between 11 a.m. and 1 p.m. (Saturdays excepted). **Management.**—By Board of Directors, who appoint members to their body as vacancies occur. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £3,330; invested funds, £840; legacies, £150. **Recipients.**—3,806. **Bankers,** Williams, Deacon, & Co. **Treasurer,** John Deacon, Esq.; **Sec.,** Rudolph Frentzel, Esq.

SOCIÉTÉ FRANÇAISE DE BIENFAISANCE (1842), 10 Poland Street, Oxford Street, W.

Object.—To assist poor natives of France by procuring them employment, facilitating their return to France, giving assistance to the sick, infirm, and aged, and pensions to the aged and infirm. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary, for urgent cases, between 4 and 6 p.m. on any week-day (except holidays), at the Office. Applications for less urgent cases should be made in writing to the Administrative Committee, which meets on Thursdays at 8 o'clock. Pensions are of 4s. a week, and subscribers to the Society elect the applicants. Applicants must have resided for at least 12 months in England, and not be in receipt of charitable relief from any other institution. This rule is not always enforced. No recommendation wanted, except legal proof of nationality of applicants. **Management.**—By Committee of 21, seven retiring annually, but eligible for re-election by subscribers at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £680; invested funds, £70; special donation, proceeds of concert, bazaar, lottery, &c., £671; Sisters of St. Vincent de Paul, £235; grants from French Government, £51. **Persons assisted.**—40 pensioners, and about 1,000 others helped in various ways. **Bankers,** Sir S. Scott & Co. **Treasurer,** M. J. Thierry, 292 Regent Street, W.; **Hon. Sec.,** M. L. H. Lefevre, 1A King Street, St. James's, S.W.; **Sec.,** M. V. Lormier.

SOCIÉTÉ BELGE DE BIENFAISANCE (1866), 9 London Street, E.C.

Object.—To relieve Belgians in distress—temporarily and by pensions—and to send back to Belgium those who cannot make a living in London. **Admission.**—By application by letter to Hon. Secretary, at 9 London Street, E.C., or personally to Committee, on Thursdays at 12 noon, at 2 Mitre Street, Aldgate, E.C. Old Belgian poor, unwilling to return to Belgium, if respectable and over 60, are placed with the Little Sisters of the Poor. Pensions, 5s. to 20s. monthly; temporary assistance, 2s. 6d. and upwards. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by the General Meeting of Belgian subscribers of £2. 2s. and upwards. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £149; invested funds, £87; nett proceeds of banquet, £1,039. **Persons assisted.**—995. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank. Treasurers, M. F. Van Den Brande, 28 Montagu Place, W.C.; M. J. E. Reindorp, 120 Cannon Street, E.C. Hon. Sec., M. E. Cauderlier, 131 Fenchurch Street, E.C.

FONDS DE SECOURS POUR LES SUISSES PAUVRES À LONDRES (1870), 25 Old Broad Street, E.C.

Object.—To assist destitute Swiss residing permanently or temporarily in England, without regard to creed. **Admission.**—Applicants must prove their nationality. Application can be made either at the Swiss Consulate, Old Broad Street, or on Sundays, at the Swiss Church, Endell Street. The cases are adjudicated upon by the Committee. A small number of aged persons receive weekly allowances, and young persons who have come to England in search of work are either assisted casually or enabled to return to their own country. **Management.**—By a Committee elected by the subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £231; invested funds, £3; legacy, £162. **Number assisted** (1887).—578. Treasurer, M. G. Forrer; Sec., M. J. L. Pingeon, 25 Fitzroy Street, Fitzroy Square, W.

NETHERLAND BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (founded in London 1875), 40 Finsbury Circus, E.C.

Object.—To assist (principally by small loans) respectable persons who still have prospects in life. **Admission.**—Those applying must be of Dutch origin. No difference is made as to either political or religious creed. The loans are repaid by small instalments, fortnightly or monthly. **Management.**—By Committee, elected annually. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £2,286; invested funds, £55. **Persons benefited** (1887).—About 500. Bankers, the Alliance Bank. Treasurer, Mr. H. S. J. Maas; Hon. Sec., Rev. A. D. Adama Van Scheltema.

GERMAN SOCIETY OF BENEVOLENCE (1817, reorganised 1882), 14 South Street, Finsbury, E.C.

Object.—Relief of distressed Germans and Austrians resident in London, by pensions, and by temporary assistance. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary for form, and recommendation of member of the Society. Committee meets Wednesdays at 5.30 p.m. Grants range from 3s. to £5, according to merits of case. No person can be relieved for the second time until after the expiration of three months. **Management.**—By General Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Annual subscriptions, £634; proceeds of dinner, £827; invested funds, £140. **Persons assisted.**—Pensioners, 29; temporarily, 3,125. Bankers, National Provincial Bank, Piccadilly. Treasurer, W. Klingenstein, Esq.; Sec., Mr. G. J. Ostermoor.

LONDON HUNGARIAN ASSOCIATION OF BENEVOLENCE (1867), 66A Great Russell Street, W.C.

Object.—To assist distressed Hungarians, and all other subjects of the Austro-Hungarian monarchy, in finding employment; to provide imple-
ments for the following of their trades; to grant pecuniary assistance and
relief in cases of sickness or accident; and to *facilitate the return to their*
country of those unable to obtain employment, or who are without means
in this country. A reading-room is provided, and in some cases tempo-
rary lodging in the Home. There is an hon. medical officer to attend sick
Hungarian poor. **Admission.**—Application should be made at the Home
on Thursdays, at 8 p.m. Applicants must produce their passports, certi-
ficates of birth, of employment, &c. No letters of recommendation required.
Management.—Committee of 20 members, elected annually at General
Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions and grants returned,
£58; invested funds, £13. **Assisted.**—366. Bankers, Imperial Bank, Loth-
bury, E.C. Treas., J. Pillischer, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Louis Felbermann, Esq.

LITERARY ASSOCIATION OF THE FRIENDS OF POLAND (1832), 10 Duke Street, St. James's, S.W.

Object.—To diffuse information upon the actual state of Poland, in
order to preserve in the public mind of Great Britain a lively interest in
the condition of that country, and to assist Polish political refugees.
Admission.—By application in writing to the Secretary. No recommen-
dation needed, but character of applicants is inquired into. Relief granted
monthly to those (irrespective of age) suffering from illness (medical cer-
tificate required), and to the aged, infirm, or incapacitated. Money grants
vary from 1s. 6d. to 5s. or more per week. **Management.**—By Council
appointed by General Meeting annually. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable
contributions, £404; proceeds of ball, £53; members' subscriptions, £64.
Persons assisted.—234. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Sec., Edmond S.
Naganowski.

ITALIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (1861), 30 Brooke Street, Holborn, E.C.

Object.—To assist indigent poor and aged Italians generally, by food
and lodging; passage money to return to native country; medical and
surgical relief; weekly or monthly allowances; employment, and in
other ways according to circumstances. **Admission.**—By application at
the Office, 30 Brooke Street, Holborn, on Wednesday or Saturday, be-
tween 11 and 1. A book is opened at the Office, and also at the Italian
Consulate, 31 Old Jewry, E.C., to register particulars with regard to
Italians requiring employment. Applicants must give satisfactory evi-
dence of their wants. If aid required through illness they must produce
medical certificate. Pensioners receive 2s. 6d. to 10s. a week, besides
tickets for bread. Casual relief ranges from 2s. or 3s. to £10, according to
circumstances. Those wanting clerks with knowledge of foreign lan-
guages, teachers of languages, music, &c., translators, waiters, inter-
preters, &c., should apply to the Society, who have always many in want
of employment. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by General
Committee once a year. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions,
£662; invested funds, £110; grant of Italian Government, £158; grant
from Italian Chamber of Commerce, £58; proceeds of balls, festival, and
concert, £99; legacy, £1,600. **Persons assisted.**—3,785. Bankers,
Roberts, Lubbock, & Co. Treasurer, H. B. Heath, Esq.; Secretary,
Signor P. F. Righetti, to whom all communications should be addressed
at the Italian Consulate, 31 Old Jewry, E.C.

III.—RELIEF IN KIND.

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(See note on p. 437.)

MISSIONS, SOUP KITCHENS, AND RAGGED SCHOOLS.

RAGGED SCHOOL UNION (1844), Exeter Hall, Strand, W.C.

Objects.—(a) 'To encourage and assist those who teach in ragged school missions for the destitute poor; to help such by periodical and special grants of money where advisable; to collect and diffuse information respecting schools now in existence, and promote the formation of new ones; to suggest plans for the more efficient management of such missions, and for the instruction of the poor in general; to visit the various schools occasionally, and to observe their progress; to encourage teachers' meetings and Bible classes; and to assist the old as well as the young in the study of the word of God.' Other agencies for the social, moral, and spiritual benefit of the very poor are likewise fostered, such as Gospel services and prayer meetings, bands of hope and temperance meetings, clothing, boot and shoe clubs, penny banks, mothers' meetings, country excursions and tea meetings, lending libraries, lectures and entertainments, industrial and technical classes, flower shows, gymnasia, scholars' prizes, &c., &c. (b) *Benevolent and Holiday Homes Fund.*—The provision of free meals, clothing, boots, &c., for destitute children and adults attending the affiliated Ragged School Missions. The Union also sends children for a day into the country, and provides accommodation either in small Holiday Homes or in carefully selected cottages for a fortnight's holiday. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. Schools in town and country are now eligible for assistance, but it is mainly limited to London and the home counties. Night schools, recreation classes, and lads' institutes are assisted. No denomination of Evangelical Christians is excluded. **Management.**—By Committee and officers elected annually by members (all teachers and superintendents representing Ragged Schools, and subscribers of 10s. per annum). **Income** (1887–8).—*General Fund:* Charitable contributions, £3,021; invested and trust funds, £2,040; other sources, £372. *Benevolent and Holiday Homes Fund:* Charitable contributions, £1,583; local schools for part payment, £558; dividends, £80. *Shaftesbury Fund:* £2,775. **Institutions assisted** (1887–8).—208. **Persons benefited** (1887–8).—75,000 meals and over 5,000 garments distributed; 4,000 children taken in small parties for a day in the country; 2,302 children boarded out for a fortnight in the country. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. President, the Earl of Aberdeen; Treas., R. C. L. Bevan, Esq.; Sec., Mr. John Kirk.

LANGFORD'S CHARITY FOR RAGGED SCHOOLS (1858).

Object.—For 12 ragged schools in London, within six miles of St. Paul's Cathedral. **Income.**—£76, being the interest on £2,400. Trustees, the Rev. C. J. Phipps Eyre, late Rector of St. Marylebone; Canon Cadman, Rector of Holy Trinity, Marylebone. Sec., H. S. Waddington, Esq., Cavenham Hall, Soham, Cambridgeshire.

DESTITUTE CHILDREN'S DINNERS SOCIETY (1866).

Object.—To provide dining-rooms in the poorer parts of London, where dinners are served once a week to destitute children attending schools. **Admission.**—The children on application at the dining-rooms receive a good hot dinner on payment of $\frac{1}{4}$ d.; those who assist in preparing and serving the meal receiving it gratuitously. The dining-rooms are regularly visited and reported on by members of the Committee. **Management.**—Committee meets fortnightly to investigate applications and to make grants to the local managers of dining-rooms. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £1,554; collections and offertories, £52; proceeds of concert, £40; sale of work, £20; invested funds, £55. Dining-rooms opened, 64; dinners given, 343,301. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurers, Lord Kinnaid, and W. Fuller, Esq., Stoughton Grange, Stoke, next Guildford; Sec., H. Morton Carr, Esq., 89 St. George's Square, S.W.

CONVALESCENT DINNERS SOCIETY (1882), 114 Queen's Gate, S.W.

Object.—To provide 'wholesome, well-cooked food, through the agency of coffee taverns, for deserving poor convalescents.' **Admission.**—Careful inquiry is made into each case by some member of the Committee, who endeavour to assist only cases where it appears probable that extra nourishment for a limited period (as a rule, 14 days) will conduce to convalescence. Orders are given on the nearest coffee-tavern for a certain quantity of daily food. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £150. **Assisted** (1887).—285 persons received an order for 14 dinners. Bankers, London and County Bank, Sussex Place, S.W. Treasurer, Lord Chelmsford, 5 Knarborough Place, S.W.; Hon. Sec., Miss Carbonell, 114 Queen's Gate, S.W.

BOARD SCHOOL CHILDREN'S FREE DINNER FUND.

Object.—To give food to destitute children actually in attendance at Board schools. **Admission.**—The children are, for the most part, recommended by the teachers. Their cases are investigated by the best means at hand. Only children of widows, or of parents ill or out of work, are admitted to free dinners. **Management.**—By a Committee of ladies and gentlemen. **Income** (1887-8).—Voluntary contributions, £732. **Dinners given** (1887-8).—Treas., Mr. H. E. Allen, 44 Marlborough Hill, N.W.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Pennington, 5 Alexandra Road, N.W.

RAGGED SCHOOL (1858), St. James's Place, Notting Hill, W.

Object.—Includes (a) Sunday and Night Schools; (b) Penny Bank; (c) Library; (d) Sick and Relief Fund; (e) Shoeblack Brigade Club, and club for elder lads, supplied with games, papers, and fife and drum band. Open five nights a week. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £46; other contributions, £32. **Benefited.**—(a) Average attendance, 280; (b) depositors, 257, deposited, £181; (c) books lent, 242; (d) income, £3. Treasurer, Miss Halse, 15 Clarendon Road, Notting Hill, W.; Hon. Sec., A. Derry, Esq., 20 St. James's Square, Notting Hill, W.

LATYMER ROAD MISSION (1862), Blechynden Street, Notting Hill, W.

Objects.—(a) Religious services and schools; separate services for adults and children are held on Sunday. (b) Mothers' meetings on Mondays at 2.30. (c) Night schools, on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday for girls, and on Monday and Wednesday for boys, at 7 p.m.

(d) Farthing bank, on Tuesday at 5 p.m. (e) Band of Hope, on Thursday at 6.30 p.m. (f) Cocoa concerts on alternate Saturdays at 8 p.m.; payment 1d., returned in refreshment. (g) Laundry-women's dining-room, open four days a week during winter from 12 to 2 p.m. (h) Soup kitchen, open four days a week during winter at 12; books of 15 or 30 tickets can be purchased for 1s. 3d. or 2s. 6d. (i) Free dinners to hungry children four days a week from 12 to 2 p.m. during winter. (j) Infant day nursery, open between 7.30 a.m. and 8 p.m., except Sunday; payment 6d. per child, 9d. for 2, and 1s. for 3. (k) Boys' evening shelter, for boys above the age of 6, open every evening from 6 to 10 p.m. Admission free. (l) Seaside Homes at Bexhill-on-Sea (girls) and Ramsgate (boys) for Convalescent Children (*see* p. 192). Gospel Temperance meetings are held on Mondays at 8.15 p.m., the average attendance being 50. There is also a smoking-room, which is open every evening from 6 to 10; average attendance, 6. The gymnasium is open for girls on Mondays from 6 to 7, and for boys on Tuesdays from 7 to 9. The Sick Benefit Club has 200 members. **Management.**—By Matron and Secretary, appointed by Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—General Fund, from charitable contributions and miscellaneous sources, £819; Seaside Home, £512. **Average attendance.**—(a) 690; (b) 55; (c) 50; (d) 452 depositors; (e) 70; (f) 100; (g) 6; (h) average sale, 30 gallons; (i) 250; (j) 20; (k) 200; (l) 35 beds. Bankers, National Bank, Notting Hill Branch. Treas., Edward Blair, Esq., Fretherne House, 29 York Place, Portman Sq., W.; Hon. Sec., Miss Gladstone, 17 Pembridge Sq., W.; Sec., Mr. Charles Smallman, at the Mission.

THE LILY (ST. AGNES') MISSION (1878), 48 and 50 Latimer Road, Notting Hill, W.

Object.—To befriend the young women and girls of St. Clement's, Notting Hill, by (1) A lodging-house, providing respectable lodgings for girls, at 4d. per night. (2) A dining-room, open from 12 noon to 2 p.m. (3) Sunday schools and classes for religious instruction. (4) A lending library, open on Wednesday from 1 to 2 p.m. (5) Public entertainments on bank holidays. (6) A clubroom for girls, open every night from 8 to 10. (7) Mothers' meetings, Monday at 2.30; Friday at 2. (8) Reading in laundries, on Thursdays. **Management.**—Under the direction of the Diocesan Deaconess' Institution, 12 Tavistock Crescent, W. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £280; lodgers' payments, £31; dining-room receipts, £292; old clothes sold, £32. **Inmates** of lodging-house.—The house has 10 beds. Hon. Treasurer, Mrs. Drake, 23 Upper Phillimore Gardens, W.; Sister in charge of the Mission, Sister Janet, Deaconess.

INDUSTRIAL KITCHEN (1857), 14 Oxford Mews, Cambridge Square, W.

Object.—To instruct the girls of the St. John's and St. Michael's National Schools in economical cookery, and to fit them for domestic service. To help the sick and distressed among the neighbouring poor, by supplying them with well-cooked provisions at a cheap rate. **Admission.**—By subscriber's ticket. Application must be made at the Kitchen any week-day, between 12 and 1 o'clock. Subscribers may give their tickets to the poor out of St. John's and St. Michael's parishes. Recipients pay from 1d. to 2d. on each ticket, according to the food given. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £183; paid by recipients and provisions sold, £89. **Tickets issued.**—10,618. Treasurer, Mrs. Prescott; Hon. Sec., Miss Prescott, 13 Oxford Square, W.

HAM YARD (FORMERLY LEICESTER SQUARE) SOUP KITCHEN AND HOSPICE (1846), Ham Yard, Great Windmill Street, W. (For the Hospice, see p. 429.)

Object.—The relief of the destitute. **Admission.**—Forms of recommendation are supplied to subscribers; donors of £10. 10s. or annual subscribers of £1. 1s. being entitled to six such forms, each entitling an applicant to relief three times a week for period stated by subscriber. Applicants must present form at 12.30 p.m. for registration at the Hospice. 'The Committee reserve to themselves the right of sending any doubtful case for inquiry to the Charity Organisation Society, or of taking such other steps as may seem to them desirable.' In cases of urgent need the Superintendent is empowered to give relief for one day to *bond fide* wayfarers and travellers, 'but no further relief will be granted without investigation.' Relief to a family consists of two quarts of soup and 2 lbs. of bread. Surplus supply of food is distributed by Superintendent among resident poor at 7 p.m., 'all such persons to be registered as in cases of recommended applicants.' Kitchen open daily (Sundays excepted) from 12 to 2 o'clock for distribution of relief. **Management.**—By Committee, and Superintendent appointed by Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £1,219; receipts from penny dinners, £294; miscellaneous, £4. **Number relieved** (1888).—220,354. Bankers, Union Bank of London, Charing Cross; Barnett, Hoares, & Co. Treasurer, W. Ash, Esq.; Sec. and Superintendent, Mr. W. Stevens.

METROPOLITAN DESTITUTE WORKMEN'S AID SOCIETY (1887), 5 Westminster Chambers, Victoria Street, S.W.

Object.—To supply temporarily the deserving poor (not worthless vagrants), during sickness or slackness of trade, with free meals and lodgings, by a system of tickets which can be bought by the philanthropic, and are honoured all over the metropolis. **Management.**—By Committee of gentlemen appointed by election. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions, £408; sale of tickets, £217. **Persons benefited** (1887-8).—24,000. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Co. Sec. and Treas., General C. Collingwood.

SAMARITAN FUND FOR ST. GEORGE'S UNION (1888).

Object.—The relief of such deserving cases coming before the Guardians of St. George's Union as cannot be relieved under the Poor Law. **Management.**—By a Committee chosen from the Guardians. Chairman and Treasurer, Hon. Sydney Holland, 21 Queen Street, Mayfair, W.

POOR CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY (1887), 34 and 36 Piccadilly, W.

Object.—To provide, both by co-operating with existing societies and on its own responsibility, (1) food for destitute children; (2) crèches; (3) clothing for specially deserving cases; (4) change of air for a period; and (5) medical attendance for destitute children. **Admission.**—Necessity is the only recommendation needed. **Management.**—By Committee appointed at annual general meeting. **Income** (1887).—£1,357. Bankers, Herries, Farquhar, & Co., and Williams, Deacon, & Co. Assistant Sec., Mr. Wilfred Praeger; Hon. Lady Superintendent, Miss Winkfield.

CHILDREN AND INVALIDS' DINNER TABLE AND SOUP KITCHEN (1866), 60 Paddington Street, W.

Object.—To provide hot meat dinners and soup, as in title. **Admission.**—By ticket from subscriber. Books of 10 dinner tickets sold at 5s. each, and 12 soup tickets at 1s., can be had of Thomas & Co., 21 Great Marylebone Street, W., or at the dinner room, at the above address. Free tickets are sent to neighbouring dispensaries and schools. Dinners take place Wednesday and Saturday, at noon, from November to May. Children only dine at the rooms, adults' dinners are sent home. Soup kitchen, open Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday, 12 to 1.30, from November to April. Sick children unable to come to the dinner room have their dinners sent to them at their homes. Recipients pay 1d. for each dinner; soup is sold at 2d. per quart, either by money or tickets, each ticket being worth 1d. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1886-7).—Tickets sold and contributions, £179. Dinners &c. given, 1,660; soup sold, 621 gallons. Bankers, Sir S. Scott & Co. Treas., Lady Thompson, 35 Wimpole St., W.; Sec., Miss Thompson, 35 Wimpole St., W.

OGLE MEWS RAGGED SCHOOLS (1843), Upper Ogle Street, Foley Street, St. Marylebone, N.W.

Object.—The training of children, and general welfare of the poor. **Admission.**—(a) Week-day school, for boys, girls, and infants; application must be made to the teachers. (b) Infants' nursery, providing a place of safety for infants while mothers are at work. Open from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m.; payment of 3d. per day towards cost of food. (c) Penny dinners take place during the winter months at 12 o'clock daily; admission by recommendation of the teachers. (d) Library, open at 12 on Tuesdays; books lent to the scholars in attendance and their companions. (e) Savings bank, open to scholars and anyone desiring to deposit sums not exceeding 1s. at a time. (f) Clothing fund, to provide the scholars with serviceable clothing, and boots under cost price. To the very poor gifts of clothing are also made. (g) Mothers' meetings, Wednesday evening; books are read while work is done. The mothers' clothing club provides 2d. in the 1s. on all articles made by mothers in the school. (h) There is also a Christmas dinner club, a coal club which supplies coals at 2d. per $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt. under cost price to the members in regular attendance, and a maternity society, providing boxes of linen for mother and child. (i) Band of hope, meetings held monthly; no child is allowed to join without parents' consent. (j) Youths' institute, providing papers, magazines, games, cricket club, &c. Applications to be made to Committee. Payment, 1d. a week. Tea, coffee, bread and butter, &c., supplied to members at cost price. **Management.**—By Committee and Ladies' Committee, appointed by subscribers. **Income** (1886).—Charitable contributions, £323. **Attendances.**—At the schools, day 95, Sunday (afternoon) 195, (evening) 205; at nursery, 32 per day; at dinners, 30; at mothers' meetings, 71; at institute, 20 nightly. Treasurer, Robert Hepburn, Esq.; Hon. Superintendent, Mr. F. D. Blennerhassett, 13 Duke Street, Manchester Square, W.; Hon. Secs., Mr. Wm. Unitt, 7 Maitland Park Road, Haverstock Hill, N.W., and Mr. F. Pitts, 29 Bolsover Street, W.

GRAY'S YARD RAGGED CHURCH AND SCHOOLS (1835), Gray's Yard, James Street, Oxford Street, W.

Object.—To provide religious teaching for destitute persons and poor children, and otherwise benefit them. Among the operations are boys', girls', and infants' schools, free library and penny bank, working lads'

club, band of hope, fife and drum band, popular lectures, girls' sewing class, and free breakfasts. **Admission to the Schools.**—By application, free. The lads' club is open during the winter months. Free breakfasts and teas, at 11 o'clock and 3 o'clock, are given on Sundays, and occasional free dinners to very poor children on Tuesday evenings. 'Ragged Church' service is held on Sunday at 11 o'clock and 3 o'clock, at the close of which bread and tea are given to each person. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £653. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, G. Hanbury, Esq., 21 Portman Square; Hon. Sec., A. G. Fraser, Esq., 30 Onslow Gardens, S.W.

ALL SAINTS' HOME (1851), 82 Margaret Street, W.

Object.—The Sisters visit the sick and poor of the parish of All Saints, under direction of the clergy. They have a pharmacy whence medicines are dispensed to the sick; a mortuary chapel for the district, where bodies of the dead are received, free of charge, until the funeral. Plain needlework is taken in, and fancy and ecclesiastical work, at the customary charges. The Sisters illuminate texts, markers, &c., and receive cast-off clothing of all kinds for distribution amongst the poor, and books for their lending libraries in the different homes. The following are the different works in which the Sisters are engaged :—

ORPHANAGE, 74 Margaret Street.—For the accommodation of thirty-six orphans, from 6 to 14, at which age they are passed on to the Training School. The orphans call at the houses of the rich for their broken victuals, wherever they have permission to do so. Terms, £12. 12s. per annum, with one guinea entrance fee.

TRAINING SCHOOL, 77 Margaret Street.—For the accommodation of twenty-five girls, from 14 to 18 years of age, who are trained for service in the laundry, kitchen, house, and workroom of the Home. Terms, £12. 12s. per annum, and one guinea entrance fee.

CONFRATERNITY OF THE HOLY FAMILY, FOR MARRIED WOMEN.—To help wives and mothers to persevere in leading a Christian life, and to train up their children in the love and fear of God. Ladies living in the world are also associated with this Confraternity.

CONFRATERNITY OF ALL SAINTS, FOR GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN, 34 Mortimer Street.—To provide for its members a means of intercourse for mutual encouragement and sympathy; a lodging-house, with recreation rooms, for young women in business. (*See St. Gabriel's Home, p. 287.*) Ladies in the world are also associated with it.

CONFRATERNITY OF THE HOLY CHILDHOOD, for children from 8 to 16 years old.

ST. ELIZABETH'S HOME FOR INCURABLE WOMEN AND CHILDREN, 57, 59, 61 Mortimer Street.—Terms, £16 per annum, paid quarterly in advance.

NURSES' HOME, AND PENSION FUND, 3 Fitzroy Street, W.—Trained nurses are sent out from here into private families of both the rich and the poor. Application to be made to the Sister Superior of University College Hospital, Gower Street. It is also a Home for those nurses who, through illness or old age, are no longer able to work.

ST. AGNES' HOSPITAL FOR FALLEN WOMEN, 3 Margaret Street (*see p. 126*).

HOSPITAL FOR LITTLE INCURABLE BOYS, 4 Margaret Street.—Terms, £14 per annum.

ALL SAINTS' BOYS' ORPHANAGE, Lewisham, S.E.—130 beds. Terms, £15. 15s., and a Hostel for the elder boys, who go out to work.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST HOSPITAL, Cowley St. John, Oxford.

ST. SAVIOUR'S ORPHANAGE, Knowsthorpe, Leeds.—Chaplain, the Rev. J. Wyld. Also Bible Classes at the Men's Institute. (*See* p. 349).

ST. MARGARET'S HOME, Liverpool (*see* p. 363).

ST. JOHN'S HOUSE, Norfolk Street (*see* p. 227).

CONVALESCENT HOMES, Eastbourne (*see* p. 166); **St. Leonards** (*see* p. 181); **Beckenham** (*see* p. 207).

The Sisters also have charge of the nursing at University College Hospital, and at the Metropolitan Hospital, Kingsland, and they carry on general mission work under the clergy at All Saints', Lewisham; St. Matthew's, Westminster; St. John's, Hammersmith; St. Thomas's, Finsbury Park, and in various parishes in the country. They have also branch Homes in America, Bombay, and at Cape Town. Bankers, Dimsdale, Fowler, & Co. Treasurer, H. Barnard, Esq.; Chaplain, Rev. R. M. Benson; Sub-Chaplain, Rev. A. Brinckman.

ST. ANDREW'S SICK KITCHEN (1867), 21 Upper Rathbone Place, W.

Object.—To supply the sick and convalescent poor with good food.

Admission.—By ticket from weekly meeting of clergy and district visitors. Application must be made to the Sisters of Mercy working in the parish. Sick and convalescent poor, living in the parish, or members of the parochial Confraternities, are eligible. The Kitchen is open every day from 12 to 1 p.m. The dinners are carried out, in hot plates, to the homes of the sick. **Management.**—By the Sister of Mercy in charge of the Mission House, appointed by the Vicar of St. Andrew's, Wells Street. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £108. In 1887 about 600 dinners and about 400 pints of beef tea were sent out, besides puddings and jellies. Hon. Sec., Rev. W. T. Houldsworth.

ST. MARY'S KITCHEN (1864), 6 Market Street, Edgware Road, W.

Object.—To provide 'with suitable food outdoor patients of St. Mary's Hospital, and patients of the Western General Dispensary,' and other convalescents. **Admission.**—By order, filled up and signed by medical officer of St. Mary's Hospital or Western General Dispensary; also for a limited number of cases of the New Hospital for Women, 222 Marylebone Road, and on recommendation of Charity Organisation Society. Applicants receive meat and potatoes, beef tea or pudding. Patients are visited by the Matron, and a register of their circumstances is kept. Each order is for one week only, but food is given for four weeks if the doctor or Charity Organisation Society renew orders; in surgical cases, or on doctor's special request, six or seven weeks. In order to keep away chronic cases, patients who have received four weeks' food are not readmitted for six months. A small room is attached where patients may rest or dine. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £332. **Recipients.**—1,024; dinners, 9,727. Treasurer, Mrs. P. Francis, 36 Gloster Terrace, W.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. E. Y. Western, 27 Craven Hill Gardens, W.

LEIGHTON ROAD SOUP AND COAL KITCHEN (1866),

Leighton Road, Kentish Town, N.W.

Object.—To distribute soup, bread, and coals to the poor; to give free breakfasts to poor children after strict inquiry; and to give sick children a holiday in the country. **Management.**—By a Committee.

Income (1887-8).—Subscriptions, £264; collections at churches and chapels, £43; cash taken over the counter, £44. **Work done.**—10,506 meals sold; 62,928 distributed by ticket; 30,000 free breakfasts given to children; 1,026 supplies of coal given; 100 invalid children sent to the Chislehurst Holiday Home for a fortnight. **Treasurer**, F. D. Poulter, Esq., 35 Basinghall Street, E.C.; **Hon. Sec.**, A. Croil Falconer, Esq., 9 Dalmeny Road, Tufnell Park, N.

PORTLAND TOWN ASSOCIATION FOR UNITED WORK AMONGST THE POOR, 12 Henry St., St. John's Wood.

Object.—‘To establish in Portland Town an office where all workers in the parishes of St. Stephen, All Saints, and St. Mark may exchange information, and thus render mutual help in cases of distress, as well as more effectually carry out wider schemes of benevolence needing combined action.’ There is a relief fund for cases of urgent need; but, where possible, cases are passed on to members and associates for direct personal aid. A workroom is attached for giving employment and supplying clothes, also a free registry for needlewomen, charwomen, young servants, &c. **Office hours**, 10 to 1; **Saturdays**, 10 to 12. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—General Fund, £631; St. John's Wood Youths' Institute, £35; Workroom Account, £50; Children's Penny Dinners, £30; Coal Club, £9. **Treasurer**, A. K. Connell, Esq., 20 Elm Tree Road; **Hon. Sec.**, Miss Ridley, 19 Belsize Park; **Sec.**, Miss E. A. Townsend, 25 Church Row, Hampstead, N.W.

CHURCH EXTENSION RAGGED SCHOOLS AND BREAK-FAST FUND (1869), 27 Kilburn Park Road, N.W.

Object.—‘To reach some of the most ignorant and neglected of the youthful population of our great cities.’ **Admission.**—Free breakfast, followed by Sunday school, is held on Sunday, at the Mission House, New Nichol Street, Shoreditch, E.; at Edgware Road, W.; and at Kilburn. Application must be made at the Schools. No introduction required. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £2,523. **Attendance at the Breakfasts.**—Bankers, London and County Bank. **Treasurer**, W. H. Campbell, Esq.; **Assistant Secs.**, Miss F. Ashdown and Miss Wetherell.

WORKMEN'S RESTAURANT AND FOOD TRUCKS, 42A Dock Street, E.

Object.—To provide for a moderate sum a good plain meal in comfort and cleanliness. The restaurant and food trucks, which are sent into the docks, and also to the unemployed men outside the docks, are in connection with the Church Extension Association, and under the management of the Sisters of the Church.

LONDON BIBLE AND DOMESTIC FEMALE MISSION (1857), 2 Adelphi Terrace, Strand, W.C.

Object.—The spiritual welfare of the poor by the sale of Bibles through Bible-women, and by invitation to attend mothers' meetings. Also the promotion of their temporal good by training nurses at hospitals and engaging them to nurse the destitute sick in very poor districts; the

duty of both Bible-women and nurses being to inculcate self-help in those they visit, and to assist them to improve their homes and personal condition. Mothers' meetings are conducted in each district by the local lady superintendent of the Bible-women. Clothing clubs are held in connection with the mothers' meeting. **Admission.**—Nurses are sent on application to attend to any poor person, irrespective of creed or sect, residing in any district supplied with such an agent. All services are rendered gratuitously, and only to the very poor. Candidates for admission, as Bible-women or nurses, must be able-bodied women who can bring testimonials from those who have long known them, as to their Christian character and suitability for district or nursing work. Agents of all denominations are employed. The nurses are also superintended by a lady residing in the district, and both nurses and Bible-women are responsible to the central superintendence, at 2 Adelphi Terrace. **Management.**—By the General Superintendent, Hon. Secretary and Council. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £15,280; payments for Bibles, clothing, &c., £3,300. **Benefited.**—6,548 cases nursed; 150 Bible-women and 76 nurses employed in London, and 43 Bible-women and two nurses employed abroad. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Lord Kinnaird; Hon. Sec., Mrs. H. Selfe Leonard.

PAROCHIAL MISSION WOMEN FUND (1860), 11 Buckingham Street, Strand, W.C.

Object.—To promote the spiritual and material welfare of the poor, by means of female agents of their own class, working under the supervision of the parochial clergy. The charitable agencies at work are: (a) mothers' meetings; (b) collection of deposits, without bonus; (c) general visitation, nursing and kind offices. **Management.**—By Lady Managers. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions and other small receipts, £4,980; invested funds, £174; grants from Diocesan Societies, £802; legacies, £150; deposits collected, £14,825. **Number employed.**—About 200. Bankers, London & Westminster Bank. Treasurer, Hon. H. G. Campbell; Sec., Miss Noble.

MODEL SOUP KITCHEN (1846), 357 Euston Road, N.W.

Object.—To supply the labouring classes with suitable and nourishing food at cost price, and to provide food gratis for the poor when in temporary distress. **Admission.**—The Kitchen is open from October to March each year. Hours of serving, from 11 a.m. Applicants may either eat their food on the premises or carry it away. Subscribers may purchase, at the Kitchen only, 24 tickets, each entitling to one quart of soup and bread, or 2 lbs. of rice-milk and bread, for 4s.; or a like number of tickets, each entitling to half the above, for 2s. Subscribers of £1. 1s. are entitled to 6s. worth of tickets, and of half-a-guinea to 3s. worth. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—£613. **Benefited.**—18,000 gallons of soup distributed. Hon. Sec., Mr. R. Farquharson, 25 Gordon Street, Gordon Square, W.C.

SERMON LANE MISSION (1849), Liverpool Rd., Islington, N.

Object.—The spiritual and material welfare of the poor. The material agencies are: (a) visitation and relief of sick and distressed; (b) mothers' meetings; (c) sewing class; (d) coal club; (e) maternity society; (f) band of hope; (g) penny bank; (h) temperance meetings; (i) free soup distribution in winter; (k) Christmas dinner. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£640. **Benefited.**—(a) 143; (e) 54; (g) 800. President and Treasurer, W. D. Lewis, Esq., 68 Highbury Park, N.; Hon. Sec., Mr. Daniel Cooksey, 52 Amwell Street, N.

ROSEMARY MISSION AND RAGGED SCHOOLS (1852),

Rosemary Street, Shepperton Road, N.

Object.—The spiritual and material welfare of the poor. The material agencies are : (a) night schools three nights a week ; (b) benevolent fund ; (c) mothers' meetings, including clothing funds, coal clubs, &c. ; (d) bands of hope ; (e) penny bank ; (f) free lending library of 1,000 books for depositors in bank ; (g) children's clothing fund ; (h) district visitors' society—'all deserving cases are relieved as far as funds will allow' ; Dorcas bags and blankets are lent when needed ; (i) infants' and night schools ; (j) men's institute Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, at 8 p.m. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£195. **Treasurer**, W. Harrison, Esq., J.P., Highbury Quadrant ; **Hon. Sec.**, E. Austin, Esq., 22 Highbury Quadrant, N. ; **Hon. Superintendent**, F. Warman, Esq., 1 Alwyne Road, N.

MILTON'S YARD RAGGED SCHOOLS AND MISSION

(1856), Cloudeasley Place, Liverpool Road, Islington, N.

Object.—The spiritual and material welfare of the poor. **Admission.**—Week-night schools for boys and girls, held at 8.0 p.m. Application must be made to superintendents at Schools. In connection with the Mission there is a penny bank, and lending library. These benefits are in addition to religious services and Sunday school. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £36 ; rents, £11 ; grant from Ragged School Union, £19. **Number benefited.**—By schools, 250 ; by penny bank, over 750. **Bankers**, Bank of England. **Treasurer**, A. Turner, Esq., 150 Hemingford Road, N. ; **Hon. Sec.**, Ernest M. Anderson, Esq., 11 Milner Square, N.

MILDMAY MISSION (1866), Conference Hall, Mildmay Park, N.

Object.—The spiritual and material welfare of the poor. The following are the Institutions for the promotion of the latter object : (a) Ball's Pond Penny Bank ; (b) Brighton Convalescent Home ; (c) Brixton Deaconess' House ; (d) Cabmen's Mission ; (e) Conference Hall ; (f) Cottage Memorial Hospital, Mildmay Park, N. ; (g) Deaconess' House, Mildmay Park, N. ; (h) Infirmary ; (i) Invalid Home for Ladies ; (j) Invalid Kitchen ; (k) Medical Mission (Hospital, Turville Street, Bethnal Green, E.) ; (l) Men's Night School ; (m) Mildmay Coffee and Lodging House ; (n) Nursing House ; (o) Orphanage for Girls, Newington Green ; (p) Probation House ; (q) Servants' Home ; (r) Servants' Registry ; (s) Training Home ; (t) Convalescent Home at Barnet. Twenty-four branch missions in N., E., and S.E., London. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Superintendent. **Management.**—By Superintendent. **Income** (1888).—Total, £27,498 ; (d) £37 ; (g) £1,976 ; (m) £159 ; (n) £4,416 ; (o) £526 ; (s) £1,366. **Persons benefited.**—'Not known.' **Bankers**, London & Provincial Bank, Limited, Kingsland ; Fuller, Banbury, Nix, & Co. **Directress of Deaconess' Work**, Mrs. Pennefather, 68 Mildmay Park ; **Hon. Superintendent and Treasurer**, James E. Mathieson, Esq.

HOLLOWAY RAGGED SCHOOL, MISSION, AND INFANTS' NURSERY (1825), 15 & 17 Hornsey Road, N.

Object.—To enable City missionaries to hold religious and temperance services, and singing classes for adults, and Bible classes for men ; and provides Sunday-school classes for children, also band of hope, girls' sewing class, girls' club, boys' club, with classes for gymnastics and swim-

ming, penny bank, and fortnightly concerts for the people on Saturday evenings. The crèche is open daily (except Saturday) from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Children taken from 3 weeks to 3 years of age. Payment, 3d. per per child per day, or 5d. for two children from one family. **Management.**—By Committee of ladies and gentlemen appointed at Annual Meeting in April. **Income** (1888-9).—Charitable contributions, £48; payments at crèche, £44; rent of house, £16. Attendance at crèche, 3,783. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Hon. Treasurer, Mr. W. J. Jecks, 30 Hilldrop Road, Camden Road, N.; Hon. Sec., Mr. W. M. Blyth, 35 Hilldrop Road, Camden Road, N.

NORTH EAST LONDON GOSPEL MISSION (1865).

Object.—Includes (a) evangelistic work at Earls Hall, Ball's Pond, N.; Kingsland Gospel Hall, Tottenham Square, Kingsland; Assembly Hall, Glengall Road, Cubitt Town, E.; the People's Hall, Charles Street; Chepstow Hall, Mellish Street, Millwall, E.; Nevill Road Hall, Walford Road, Stoke Newington, N.; and Somerset Hall, Bow Common Lane. (b) Factory Girls' Institutes at 55 Ball's Pond Road, and 205 Devon's Road, Bow, E. (c) Temperance Carriage, Dock Gates, Millwall, E. (self-supporting). (d) Free Evening Ragged Schools. (e) Benevolent Fund 'for proved need amongst the poor.' (f) Country Home for Ailing Mothers with infants, Children, and Young Persons, Southend House, near Southend. **Admission.**—Application should be made to W. Chorley, Esq., 2 Marquess Grove, Canonbury, N. (b) Superintendents, Mrs. Davis and Miss Gadsden; open (free) from 7.30 p.m. (d) For youths, Gospel Hall, Kingsland, E.; open four nights a week, 7.30 to 9.30 p.m. Also at Pier Street Hall, Cubitt Town, E., for lads; open three evenings a week. Relief to proved cases of deserving character is given mostly by ticket, where destitution exists. About 500 free meals to destitute dock labourers, eaten on the premises, are given weekly during the winter months. Letters for surgical aid societies and hospitals for the afflicted poor are given. Clothing and boots for adults, and more largely for children, are received or purchased and distributed. Orphan and destitute children, and preventive cases (girls) and fallen women, are temporarily cared for and admission obtained to suitable institutions. Employment is found, as far as possible, both for men and women, boys and girls. The latter have been supplied with clothes to enable them to undertake respectable situations. **Management.**—By Director and Chairman, assisted by a Committee of five members. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £2,340; other sources, £113. **Recipients.**—Unascertained. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, F. A. Bevan, Esq., 54 Lombard Street, E.C.; Director, W. Chorley, Esq., Marquess Grove, Canonbury, N.

HOMERTON RAGGED SCHOOL AND GOSPEL MISSION (1877), John Street, Homerton, E.

Object.—The promotion of the spiritual and temporal welfare of the neighbouring poor by means of religious services, Sunday schools, week-night schools, youths' institute, boys' club, library, mothers' meetings, working meeting for girls, penny bank, and temperance society. **Admission.**—(a) To the week-night school by application to superintendent, held on Tuesdays at 7.30 p.m. (b) To the institute by application to superintendent. Open nearly every evening. Refreshments at little above cost price. Lectures and entertainments are given at intervals. Employment is sought for members. Payment, only small contribution by those belonging to drum and fife band to defray expenses of band-

master. (c) The library; books are lent out to scholars and adults. (d) Boys' club, for boys from 12 to 17 years old, Tuesday evening. (e) Mothers' meetings on Monday afternoons; a short address is given and books are read. In connection with this is a deposit club. (f) The working meetings; the children make clothes for themselves (materials provided at cost price), while books are read to them. (g) The penny bank is held on Saturday from 6.30 to 8 p.m. (h) Invalids' kitchen once a week, during winter months, for the sick poor. Tickets at 6d. each bought and given away by subscribers. Band of Hope every Tuesday night. Drum and fife band at institute, &c. **Management.**—By officers and Working Committee, in harmony with Reference Committee. **Income** (1887).—£193. Dinners given, 833; members of temperance society and band of hope, 102. Chairman of Committee, Mr. J. W. Morgan; Treasurer, F. A. Bevan, Esq., 54 Lombard Street, E.C.; Hon. Sec., Mr. Henry E. Shaw, 15 Muston Road, Mount Pleasant Lane, Upper Clapton, E.

RATCLIFF MEETING HOUSE, Brook Street, E. (In connection with the Home Mission Association, *see* p. 491.)

Object.—In addition to religious services and schools, a mothers' meeting is held on Tuesdays and Thursdays, at 3 p.m.; Band of Hope, Monday, 7 p.m.; Good Templar Lodge, Thursday, 8 p.m.; juvenile Templars, Wednesday, 7.30 p.m. **Income** (1887).—Granted by General Committee of the Association, £275. Sec., Mrs. Hilton, Langvold House, 76 Bow Road, E.

ST. GILES' CHRISTIAN INSTITUTE (1855), 13a Smart's Buildings, High Holborn, W.C.

Object.—To provide for the spiritual and temporal benefit of the inhabitants of the locality by means of (a) Sunday Bible classes, (b) free teas, (c) Tuesday evening services and lectures, (d) soup-kitchen, Tuesday and Friday at 12 noon during the winter months, (e) temperance meetings, (f) mothers' meetings, (g) free lodgings for homeless and destitute men, and (h) workmen's club (6.30 p.m. Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Saturday). (i) A penny bank (7 p.m., Thursday and Saturday) is also held on the premises. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1887).—£410. **Benefited.**—(b) Average attendance, 250; (d) 70 to 80 families provided with meals twice a week; (i) depositors 416, deposited £829. Treasurer, C. Ernest Tritton, Esq.; Hon. Sec., A. Williams, Esq.

ST. GILES' CHRISTIAN MISSION, Seven Dials, W.C. (*see* p. 522).

ST. ALBAN'S MISSION (1869), 26 Baldwin's Gdns., Holborn.

Object.—'To visit the poor of the district, house to house, and room to room; to become acquainted with each individual, if possible, and help everywhere and in every way, with the definite object of encouraging the respectable, and not the bad, whilst using every effort to reclaim those who are willing to be reclaimed.' The Mission, as far as possible, co-operates with every separate machinery or organ which affects the poor. **Admission.**—Help is given by clothing, sending children to school, fitting out servants or charwomen for places, and finding work. There are mothers' meetings, Bible classes, work societies, temperance society, Bands of Hope, recreation societies. A woman is often provided to take up a sick case far out of the parish, but the Mission has no trained nurses, save the lady parochial nurse, who nurses in the parish, closely

in union with the Mission, aided and supplemented by the Sisters. Relief is given as far as funds allow to the sick, who are personally and thoroughly nursed. The usual medical and surgical appliances are kept and lent out. The nurse of the Mission works under the several parochial medical officers. The Mission also provides for the laying out of the dead, providing them with shrouds, looking after their decent burial, disinfecting, cleansing, &c., of clothes and rooms, and keeps up intercourse with people in hospitals, infirmaries, &c. The Mission has largely to do with fallen women; and cases of distress in a higher walk of life often have recourse to it. The work, 'though supposed to be maintained for the parish, often leads far beyond it.' There is a crèche for children under 4 years, who are received from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. for 3d. per day. Five servant girls are trained and placed out when ready. There are ten Sisters, who are supported by the Mother house at Clewer.

FOX COURT RAGGED SCHOOL (1846), 5 Fox Court, Gray's Inn Road, W.C.

Object.—The religious and secular education and the assistance of poor children and others. The agencies at work include Sunday schools (afternoon and evening), prayer meetings, infant day schools, evening schools (conducted by voluntary teachers), week evening Bible class for older scholars, singing class, lectures and entertainments, free lending library, poor children's breakfasts (daily) and dinners (twice a week during winter), clothing, blanket, and coal clubs; penny bank, mothers' meeting, ladies' Dorcas society, visiting and relief association, City missionary's meeting, and Sunday morning service for children, and Sunday evening services for adults, also a branch of Juvenile Sabbath Union, Band of Hope, Christian Band, and Convalescent Fund. **Admission.**—By application at the Schools, without payment. The subscription to the clubs is according to the means of the members. The library is open for boys and girls on Thursday evenings. The penny bank is open on Monday, from 8 to 9 p.m. Day schools from 9.30 to 12, and from 2 to 4.30. **Management.**—By Committee, with separate officers for the different departments, with the exception of the day school. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, &c., £381; grants from Ragged School Union, £28. Treasurer, Mr. H. W. Elcum, 13 Bedford Row, W.C.; Hon. Sec., Mr. Thomas Fagg, 136 Pentonville Road, N.

HATFIELD STREET RAGGED SCHOOL AND MISSION (1827), 5 Hatfield Street, St. Luke's, E.C.

Objects.—(a) To impart instruction to the young, to inculcate right principles, and to assist them to become industrious and useful citizens; (b) to visit the sick and distressed, affording relief to the extent of funds at disposal; (c) to prevent pauperism, by such agencies as Sunday and week evening schools, mission services, coal club, savings bank, children's dinners (at a nominal charge), sewing classes, temperance work, &c., &c. **Management.**—By Committee of gentlemen, appointed by vote. **Income (1887).**—Voluntary contributions, £140. **Persons benefited.**—Adults, 8,372; children, 30,576. Treasurer, J. Beament, Esq.; Hon. Sec., G. A. Robottom, 115 Winston Road, N.

PEEL MEETING HOUSE, 65 St. John's St., Smithfield, E.C.; and 32 St. John's Lane, Clerkenwell, E.C. (In connection with the Home Mission Association, see p. 491.)

Object.—In addition to religious services and schools, mothers' meeting, Wednesday, 2 p.m.; Good Templars lodge, Tuesday, 8.30 p.m.;

Band of Hope, Tuesday and Thursday, 8 p.m. ; temperance meeting, Saturday, 8.30 p.m. Income (1887).—Granted by General Committee of the Association, £140. Sec., J. D. Appleton, 7 St. John's Terrace, St. John's Street Road, E.C.

BRITISH WORKMAN (part of Peel Branch), 31 St. John's Lane, Clerkenwell, E.C. (In connection with the Home Mission Association, see p. 491.)

Object.—Reading-room, open every day from 9 a.m. ; penny bank, Saturday, 8 to 9 p.m. ; sick fund, Saturday, 8 to 10 p.m. ; loan fund, Saturday, 7 to 9 p.m. ; Board school-room, Eagle Court, St. John's Lane (part of Peel Branch), is rented for school ; children's services on Sunday, and Bible class, Friday, 8 p.m.

LONDON CONGREGATIONAL UNION (OUTCAST LONDON FUND), Memorial Hall, Farringdon Street, E.C.

Object.—To provide free breakfasts for poor children ; shelter and food for night wanderers ; clothing for poor (about 30,000 garments annually) ; coals, bread, and groceries, distributed through ministers, district visitors, &c. **Management.**—By Council of London Congregational Union. **Income (1887-8).**—Voluntary contributions, £2,618. **Persons benefited.**—About 20,000. Bankers, Smith, Payne, & Smiths. Treasurer, W. Holborn, Esq. ; Sec., Rev. A. Mearns.

BUNHILL FIELDS MEMORIAL BUILDINGS, Roscoe Street, Bunhill Row, E.C. (In connection with the Home Mission Association, see p. 491.)

Object.—In addition to religious services and schools, a mothers' meeting is held on Tuesday at 2.30 p.m. ; evening schools are held for men on Thursday and Friday, 8 p.m. ; for girls, Thursday, 8 p.m. ; Bands of Hope, Tuesday, 6.30 and 8.30 p.m. ; penny bank, Saturday evening. **Income (1887).**—Granted by the General Committee of the Association, £359. Sec., J. Allen Baker, 58 City Road, E.C.

HOPE MISSION (1819), Banner Street, Golden Lane, E.C.

Object.—To preach the Gospel ; to teach the young by Sunday and week-night schools ; to hold mothers' meetings ; to give winter evening entertainments ; to support a crèche for little children ; to hold Bible classes and Bands of Hope ; and to supply cheap dinners during winter. **Admission.**—To the mothers' meetings free ; to the crèche by payment of 3d. per day for each child. **Management.**—By Committee appointed partly by subscribers at annual meeting, and partly elected by teachers. **Income (1888).**—£224. Average attendance at the crèche, about 24 ; 2,914 quarts soup distributed ; 3,846 halfpenny dinners and 3,477 farthing dinners provided. Treasurer, R. J. Moser, Esq., 23 Maresfield Gardens, Hampstead, N.W. ; Sec., Thomas Ness, Esq., 36 Highbury Place, N.

RAHERE ALMONRIE (1123, revived 1881), Chapter House, 62 Long Lane, E.C.

Object.—To provide for the relief, both in money and in kind, of the respectable poor 'residing in or otherwise connected with the parish of St. Bartholomew the Great and its immediately surrounding neighbourhoods,' who might otherwise become chargeable to the rates. **Admission.**—All relieved if suitable. Cases are usually reported through the clergy. Application must be made to Warden or other official present at Chapter

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House ; in cases of more immediate necessity, to any member. Applicants must be necessitous poor residing (except in special cases) within the limits of the parish of St. Bartholomew the Great or its immediate neighbourhood. Poverty is the only necessary claim to relief. **Management.**—By Grand Council. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £147. **Persons assisted.**—Not accurately known. Bankers, Lacy, Son, & Hartland, West Smithfield. Treasurer, Mr. Joseph Young, 52 Long Lane, E.C.

FOX AND KNOT SCHOOLS AND MISSION (1840),
Charterhouse Street, West Smithfield, E.C.

LONDON PHILANTHROPIC SOCIETY (1841), Moira
Chambers, 17 Ironmonger Lane, E.C.

Object.—To relieve 'the poor with bread and coals in all parts of the metropolis and its suburbs.' **Admission.**—The Society issues tickets, representing each 2 lbs. of bread or $\frac{1}{2}$ cwt. of coals. Persons subscribing and willing to dispense their own relief receive bread and coal tickets to the full amount of their subscription. The tickets are available in any part of London and its suburbs, and have printed on them the names and addresses of tradesmen with whom the Society has made arrangements for supplying bread and coals. When funds permit, gratuitous grants of tickets are made to the clergy, dissenting ministers, and others in parts of London where distress most prevails. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £1,846; interest, £25. **Tickets issued.**—Bread, 77,154 lbs.; coals, 18,979 cwt. Bankers, Prescott & Co. Treasurer, Sir A. Lusk, Bart., M.P.; Hon. Sec., J. W. Heeps, Esq.; Secretary and Collector, Mr. Chas. Goodwin.

**ASSOCIATION FOR THE RELIEF OF THE POOR OF
THE CITY OF LONDON AND PARTS ADJACENT**
(1799). Dépôt, Burgon Street, Ludgate Hill; Secretary's Office, 24 Knight-rider Street, E.C.

Present Object.—Relief of the poor as in title by supplying coal during winter for a small payment. **Admission.**—By ticket from subscriber. Annual subscriber or donor entitled to tickets yearly, according to amount of subscription or donation, and the state of the funds of the Society, each ticket representing one cwt. of coal. The recipients pay at present 3d. for each cwt. of coal, which is delivered at their dwellings free, if resident within a radius of half a mile beyond the City boundary. Residents beyond radius pay an additional halfpenny for each quarter of a mile beyond the radius. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by annual general meeting of subscribers. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £870; invested funds, £82; payments by recipients, £223; other sources, £67. **Coal supplied** (1887-8).—895 tons. Bankers, Messrs. Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Alderman Sir Robert N. Fowler, Bart., M.P.; Sec., J. R. Fyde Rogers, Esq.

**GOLDEN LANE AND HOXTON COSTERMONGERS'
CHRISTIAN MISSION** (1861), Costers' Hall, 234-242
Hoxton Street, N.

Object.—In addition to religious services, schools, and classes, the Mission comprises (a) costers' and street-traders' sick and burial societies; (b) mutual loan and friends of labour societies; annual donkey shows; the 'Shaftesbury' memorial fund; convalescent cottage for females;

Irish-stew soup dinners ; free cocoa breakfasts for poorest children of four Board schools ; sick-visiting, maternity and medical aid ; cheap clothing sales ; children's holidays ; Christian Workers' Association ; temperance and band of hope societies ; and (proposed) seaside home for poor men and women. **Admission.**—Free by application. **Management.**—By Hon. Superintendent and 114 helpers. **Income** (1887).—General expenses fund, £456 ; benevolent funds, £688. (a) Subscriptions, &c., £213 ; (b) £2,223, temporary loans. Bankers, Messrs. Barclay, Bevan, & Co., and City and Finsbury Savings Bank. Treasurer, F. A. Bevan, Esq. ; Hon. Superintendent, Mr. W. J. Oraman, Milton House, Shacklewell Green, E.

ST. SAVIOUR'S PRIORY (1866), Great Cambridge Street, Hackney Road, E.

Object.—To provide workers among the poor and sick, and for the spiritual and temporal relief of the inhabitants of Haggerston. The charities connected with the Priory are : a kitchen for providing dinners for the sick and needy, open Wednesday and Friday, tickets 4d. each ; workroom for aged and indigent women ; societies for young women. Application must be made to the Mother.

FRIENDS' HALL, Hart's Lane, Bethnal Green Road, E. (In connection with the Home Mission Association, *see* p. 491.)

Object.—In addition to religious services and schools, an adult school for men is held on Sunday, 9.30 a.m. ; a mothers' meeting on Monday, 3.0 p.m. ; night school for men, Tuesday, 8 p.m. ; bands of hope, Thursday, 7.30 and 8.30 p.m. ; penny bank, Monday, 8 p.m. ; sick club, first and third Tuesday, 8 p.m. **Income** (1887).—Granted by General Committee of the Association, £243. Sec., George Armatage, at the Hall.

SISTERS OF CHARITY AND MISSION (1849), 5 Pedley Street, Bethnal Green, E.

Object.—To visit, relieve, and nurse the sick and destitute poor. **Admission.**—By application to the Sisters or by recommendation of clergyman. Application should be made at the Mission between 10 a.m. and 2 p.m. Dinners are given to sick cases, which the Sisters visit whenever they think it desirable to do so. **Management.**—By the Sisters of Charity. **Income.**—Private funds. **Benefited.**—Visited and relieved, 2,184. Bankers, Sir S. Scott & Co. Mother Superior, E. Bertha.

GEORGE YARD MISSION (1854), High Street, Whitechapel, E.

Object.—To afford ragged schools and church to the poor, on the principles of the Ragged School Union. Free day-school. Shelter, Angel Alley, for outcast boys and homeless girls. Boys under 13 years of age are sheltered and cared for, while admission is obtained for them in a refuge or home. Application must be made to the Superintendent or the Matron. Girls from 13 years are received, pending admission into a training home, or domestic service. They are employed in the nursery, or housework, and children are also sheltered when sickness (not contagious) is in their home, and when death has entered a family occupying one room. A soup dinner is given during the winter twice a week to children at the school. They are also assisted with clothing. A bath-room attached. Mothers' meetings on Tuesday at 2.30 and 6 p.m. ; also a coal club and clothing club. Materials are made up on the premises,

and clothes made at sewing class sold at low prices. Temperance meeting on Monday evenings, 8 p.m. to 10 p.m. Working men's benefit society for relief in cases of sickness and death; weekly payment, 7d.; sharing at Christmas. Emily Loan Fund: Poor girls, &c., can borrow from 5s. to 20s., as the funds will permit, without interest, upon finding security. Meals occasionally are supplied in the winter, when the weather is severe, two or three times a week to men and women out of employment, consisting of soup, or cocoa and bread. Application to be made to the Superintendent. Classes (evening) for girls under 13 years. Sewing and knitting, Thursdays at 6 p.m.; for elder girls and young women on Mondays at 2.30 and Thursdays at 8 p.m. Boot club. The mutual industrial classes for lads are for carpentering, turning, fretwork, and printing; tools, lathe, and printing machine with type, on the premises; and, as opportunities offer, other useful pursuits are carried on. Dinners are given once a week to invalid children, generally in the winter months. There is also a mutual labour loan society. Mission to inebriate women, conducted by Miss Dodd and ladies. A room-to-room visitation by the City missionary and Bible-woman. The sick are visited by a nurse. A junior band of hope. A senior band of hope. There is also a library, refreshments, and reading room for girls and young women; tea, coffee, and cocoa, &c., are supplied at a nominal charge. The Homes, near Croydon, are for children, adults, and mothers with their infants, in need of rest and change of air. Infant nursery, *see* p. 428. **Management.**—By a Committee appointed by the subscribers. **Income** (1886-7).—Charitable contributions, £2,515; invested funds, £70. **Attendances.**—Children, about 376,000; shelter to boys and girls, 5,000; rations of food given, 31,600. Treasurer, Mr. R. L. Lankaster, 2 High Street, Whitechapel, E.; Secretary and Superintendent, Mr. G. Holland.

LONDON DOMESTIC MISSION SOCIETY (1835). Stations: George's Row, Lever Street, City Road, E.C.; Rhyl Street, Weedington Road, Kentish Town, N.W.; and North Street, Edgware Road.

Object.—'The spiritual, moral, and social welfare of the poor, by the employment of missionaries.' In addition to religious services and home visitation, the Mission comprises day and Sunday schools, evening classes, mothers' meetings, bands of hope, libraries, savings banks, and similar agencies, for instruction and recreation. Charitable assistance is given by relief from the poor's purse in cases specially investigated by the missionaries, and by convalescent retreats at Hampstead, Newington, Epping Forest, and Eastbourne. **Management.**—By Committees appointed by subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,107; invested funds, £73; legacies, £210; rent £31. **Benefited.**—Bankers, Robarts, Lubbock, & Co. Treasurer, P. M. Martineau, Esq., Christian Street, Commercial Road, E.; Hon. Sec., Rev. J. E. Carpenter, Leathes House, Fitzjohn's Avenue, N.W.

KING EDWARD RAGGED SCHOOLS, CHRISTIAN MISSION, AND INSTITUTE FOR WORKING LADS AND WORKING GIRLS (1846), King Edward Street and Albert Street, Spitalfields.

Object.—To provide Sunday evening school for children; mission services for adults; week-night school for boys and girls above 13 years of age; teaching in dressmaking, cutting-out, sewing, knitting, darning, wool-work, cookery, &c., for elder girls engaged in business during the day;

drawing, carpentry, fretwork, turning, &c., for boys ; popular lectures, free circulating library ; Bible classes ; maternal society, for the free loan and distribution of linen, &c., to well known needy cases ; savings bank ; bedding and clothing clubs ; 25 per cent. given towards material made up by the girls ; drum-and-fife band ; band of hope ; Christian instruction society, for the loan and distribution of pure literature ; a benevolent society for helping the sick, the aged and destitute ; free hot dinners given to very poor children during the winter months ; reading-rooms for lads ; reading-rooms for poor men of the district ; mothers' meetings ; country homes for weak and convalescent children and adults ; visitation of the sick ; and an annual industrial exhibition of cabinet work, models of machinery and buildings, needlework, knitting, darning, dressmaking, &c., executed by the boys, girls, and people of the Mission.

Admission.—Free. **Management.**—By voluntary teachers and Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,205 ; sale of materials at mothers' meetings and industrial classes, £80 ; parents' and scholars' contributions, £53 ; grant from Ragged School Union, £50 ; Poor Children's Aid Society, £5 ; sale of books, £8. **Attendances.**—Sunday evening school, 628 ; week-night school and industrial classes, 246 ; adults, 456. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. President, the Earl of Aberdeen ; Treasurer, H. R. Williams, Esq., The Priory, Hornsey ; Hon. Sec., Charles Montague, 4 Bedford Square, E.

ST. ANN'S GOSPEL HALL, Limehouse, E. (close to the 'Edinburgh Castle').

Object.—An iron hall used for the purposes of a children's church and a vast variety of meetings among children and adults. It seats 600.

Management.—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E. ; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

DORCAS HOUSE, Carr Street, Limehouse, E.

Object.—A mission hall among the poorest folk, carried on chiefly by ladies, with the usual Sunday and week-day services. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Attendances.**—772 weekly. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E. ; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

THE PEOPLE'S MISSION CHURCH, Limehouse, E.

Object.—The chief centre of Dr. Barnardo's evangelistic agencies. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Attendances.**—5,000 weekly average ; accommodation for 3,000. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E. ; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

SALMON'S LANE RAGGED SCHOOLS, Salmon's Lane, E.

Object.—The religious education of children of the poorest class. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Attendances.**—About 300 weekly. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E. ; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

FREE RAGGED DAY AND SUNDAY SCHOOLS, Copperfield Road, E.

Object.—As in title. **Admission.**—On application. A free breakfast and dinner table is open during the winter season, chiefly for children attending these Free Schools. 36,158 breakfasts have been given, and 18,290 dinners, making a total of 54,438 hot nourishing meals during the four winter months—December 1887 to March 1888. **Management.**

By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Attendances.**—About 1,900 weekly. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

EVANGELICAL DEACONESS' INSTITUTE, 1 and 2 Oliver's Terrace, Bow Road, E.

Object.—A house in which are resident, with a Lady Superintendent, 20 deaconesses, who are constantly engaged in a vast variety of operations for the social, mental, and spiritual welfare of the poor of the East End, as well as in conducting classes in the homes. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. Visits paid to the homes of the poor by resident ladies during 1887-8, 19,741. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

TOWER HAMLETS MISSION (1869). Office, Great Assembly Hall, Mile End Road, E.

Object.—For the general welfare of the poor of the Tower Hamlets. Its central hall, which is a large building known as the Great Assembly Hall, Mile End Road, and accommodates 5,000 persons, has several branches, including a boys' home, rescue home for fallen girls, and coffee-palace, and a hall for young men; Y.M.C.A. and Y.W.C.A. provident and sick benefit clubs, building societies, Phoenix Order of temperance, mothers' meetings, musical association, singing, shorthand, elocution, Bible classes, &c., &c. **Management.**—By Mr. Charrington. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £3,728; collections, lectures, concerts, &c., £1,751; sale of excursion tickets, hymn-books, &c., £198; other sources, £140. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, R. C. L. Bevan, Esq.; Hon. Superintendent, F. N. Charrington, Esq.; Sec., E. H. Kerwin, Esq.

SOUTH LONDON SCHOOLS' DINNER FUND (1886).

Object.—To give good dinners during the winter to the poorest children in the Board and voluntary schools of the South London School Board division, on the ground alone of poverty and hunger. **Management.**—By Committee consisting of all the members of the School Board for London representing South London divisions, except the member who act as auditor. Sub-committees for each division, composed of teachers, managers of schools, and other persons interested (ladies and gentlemen). **Income** (1887-8).—Voluntary contributions, £796. **Dinners given** (1887-8).—41,135. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank, 28 Borough High Street, S.E. Treasurer, G. Crispe Whiteley, M.L.S.B., The Chestnuts, Dulwich Common, S.E.; Hon. Sec., Edric Bayley, M.L.S.B., 36 Queen's Gate Terrace, S.W.

BLACKFRIARS MISSION (1879), 33 New Cut, Blackfriars Road, S.E.

Object.—To promote the intellectual, moral, and religious improvement of the working classes and their children, resident in the neighbourhood, by means of evening and Sunday schools, evening classes for children and elder scholars, lectures and religious services, sale and distribution of tracts and books, missionary and domestic visits, and such other methods as may appear to be desirable. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £539; legacy, £100; dividends and interest, £35; rent, £74; sundry receipts, £5. Bankers, Cripplegate Bank, Limited. Treasurer, C. F. Pearson, Esq., 6 Red Cross Street, E.C.; Superintendent, Rev. W. Copeland Bowie, 31 Bennett Street, Stamford Street, S.E.

ALL HALLOWS' MISSION, SOUTHWARK (1876), 127 Union Street, Borough, S.E.; a Branch of St. John Baptist Community, Clewer.

Object.—To visit, relieve, and teach the poor in the parish of All Hallows', Southwark. It has a soup kitchen; provides dinners, relief in sickness, coals, clothing, lends blankets, maternity bags, &c. It has several provident clubs, Sunday schools (over 1,100 children), Bible classes, and guilds for adults. **Management.**—By Rev. G. W. Berkeley, Vicar, and the Sister Superior. **Income** (1887-8).—General account, £1,491. Bankers, Central Bank of London, Blackfriars. Treasurer and Secretary, Sister-in-charge.

SOUTHWARK FEMALE SOCIETY (1813).

Object.—To afford relief principally in cases of sickness and extreme want and lying-in (without distinction of creed), by providing food or clothing as required, and by the loan of boxes of linen. To endeavour to raise the condition of recipients physically and morally, to find work where distress appears to arise from want of employment, and to bring urgent cases under the notice of other charitable institutions. The Society does not give relief in money. **Admission.**—By recommendation of subscriber. Printed forms are supplied, which, when filled in with the name and address of the applicant, are sent to the visitor of the district in which applicant resides. The recommendation entitles to relief during one month, after which a fresh recommendation is required. No case continued longer than three months. The visitors have power to withhold relief if they consider the case undeserving. **Management.**—By Committee of 20 or more members, of whom a certain number act as visitors. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £218; invested funds, £85. **Persons assisted.**—524. Bankers, London and Westminster, Borough. Treasurer, Miss Tabor, Heathfield Lodge, Queen's Road, Clapham Park, S.W.; Sec., Miss Lattey, Silwood, Alleyn Park, West Dulwich, S.E.

STEPHEN THE YEOMAN RAGGED SCHOOL AND MISSION (1859), Marigold Place, Bermondsey, S.E.

Objects.—To provide a free day school under Government inspection, a youths' institute and gymnasium, a penny bank, weekly entertainments for the people, band of hope, maternity society, a nurse to visit the sick, Sunday schools, &c. **Management.**—By a Committee of gentlemen and sub-committees, on some of which ladies only serve. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £182; grants from Education Department and Ragged School Union, £115. **Number benefited** (1887).—Schools, 500; youths' institute, 40 to 60; depositors in penny bank, about 100 weekly; weekly entertainments, 200 to 300. Bankers, Messrs. Prescotts & Co. Hon. Treasurer, H. A. Lawrence, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mr. Geo. Hodges. Communications should be addressed to the Sub-Treasurer, Mr. J. J. Vezey, 55 Lewisham High Road, S.E.

BERMONDSEY RAGGED SCHOOL (1847), Wellington Street, Neckinger Road, S.E.

Object.—The spiritual and temporal welfare of the neighbouring poor. In addition to Sunday school for children, and Sunday evening unsectarian services for the parents, there are mothers' meetings held. **Admission.**—To the meetings by application to Mrs. Chester. They are held on Mondays from 2.30 p.m. to 4 p.m. On every Monday evening

a temperance meeting is held. The payment from the mothers is made weekly and is laid out for boots and shoes, clothing and coals. Orders are received from mothers and distributed when paid for. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £46. **Attendance.**—At the school, 140 per meeting; at the mothers' meetings, 140 members; weekly, 90. **Treasurer**, S. B. Bevington, Esq., Neckinger Mills; **Hon. Sec.**, Mr. H. Oxford, 136 Bermondsey Street, S.E.

SEAMEN'S AND BOATMEN'S FRIEND SOCIETY (1846), Derrick Street, Rotherhithe, S.E.

Object.—To promote the social, moral, and religious welfare of seamen, canal boatmen, and their families, by holding religious services and temperance meetings, distribution of books and tracts, establishment of coffee rooms, schools, visiting and relief of the sick, &c. District organizations, each with a Mission house, have been established at Birmingham (Boatman's Hall, Bridge Street, Worcester Wharf); Hednesford (Boatmen's Mission Hall, Canal Basin); Liverpool (Flatmen's Bethel, St. George's Dock); Seacombe (New Bethel); Bristol (Bethel, Guinea Street); Plymouth (Bethel, Newport Street, Stonehouse Quay); and Glasgow (Boatmen's Mission Hall, Port Dundas). The work of the London branch is carried on at the Seamen's Chapel, Derrick Street, Rotherhithe, S.E. **Local Sec.**, Mr. T. Minett, Portland House, Plough Road, S.E. **Management.**—By a Committee, and local committees for each of the branches. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £2,078; sale of *Waterman*, £76; sundries, £84. **Treasurer**, J. Schofield, Esq., 7 Oakfield Road, Hackney Downs, E.; **Sec.**, Mr. R. W. Cusworth, 32 Lee Crescent, Birmingham.

LAMBETH RAGGED SCHOOL SOCIETY (1845), Newport Street, Lambeth Walk, S.E.

Object.—The moral, material, and religious welfare of the poor. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£325. **Number benefited** (1887).—About 1,500. **President**, Hon. Lionel Ashley; **Hon. Sec.**, Mr. E. Nicholls, 106 Leathwaite Road, Clapham Common, S.W.

CAMBERWELL MISSION AND RAGGED SCHOOLS (late Nelson Street Ragged School Mission), Foulon Street, Wyndham Road, Camberwell, S.E.

Object.—To benefit the poor of the district. **Admission.**—The school is open on Sunday and each day of the week for children's service, Sunday school, Gospel services, mothers' meeting, night school, penny bank, and clothing club; open-air preaching, tract distribution, and domiciliary visitation; free breakfasts for the destitute and children's dinners in winter, &c., &c. The Mission is unsectarian. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £150; clothing fund, £7. **Benefited.**—Free breakfasts and dinners, 10,000; Sunday school attendance, 500; other agencies (say) weekly, 1,000. **Bankers**, Messrs. Barclay, Bevan, & Co. **Treasurer**, Lord Kinnaird; **Hon. Sec.**, Mr. John Kirk, 28 Burton Road, Brixton, S.W.

'GOOD SHEPHERD' CHRISTIAN MISSION AND RAGGED SCHOOLS (1868), Wagner Street, White Post Lane, Hatcham, S.E.

Object.—To promote the spiritual and temporal well-being of the poor of New Hatcham. The Mission includes Sunday schools, prayer meetings, distribution of tracts and books, free ragged school, penny bank, clothing

club, singing class, dinners for destitute children, relief society, band of love, flower mission, &c. **Admission.**—By application to Superintendent. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £108; grant from Ragged School Union, £29. **Assisted.**—About 6,500. Bankers, Birkbeck Bank. Treasurer, Mr. James Halse, 119 Linden Grove, Nunhead, S.E.; Manager, Mr. F. Blayney; Hon. Sec., Mrs. F. Blayney, 17 Tustin Street, Old Kent Road, S.E.

DEPTFORD MEETING HOUSE, High Street, Deptford, S.E. (In connection with the Home Mission Association, see p. 491.)

Object.—In addition to religious services on Sunday evening, a temperance meeting is held, Wednesday, 8 p.m. **Income** (1887).—Granted by General Committee of Association, £40. Sec., Philip Crawshaw, 115 Lewisham High Road, S.E.

ST. MARY'S HOSPITAL (1855), 2 Queen Square, Brighton. (*No recent information.*)

Objects.—(a) The reformation of fallen women; (b) a nursery for orphan or destitute children; (c) an industrial school for training young girls for domestic service; (d) a school for girls too old for the nursery, eventually provided for as servants, &c.; (e) a school for boys when too old for the nursery; (f) an infirmary for aged or disabled women, and a home for old ladies; (g) a dispensary for the poor of the district; (h) a district society for visiting and relieving the poor; a relief room with 600 blankets for lending to the poor, linen, &c., necessary in sickness; a coal club, and needlework society; (k) a room for church embroidery; (l) lending library; (m) guild for young women and girls; (n) a middle school for the daughters of gentlemen of small means. 'The institution is essentially not a local work.' **Admission.**—(a) Application must be made to the Lady Superior. No payment required. (b) Children are received between the ages of 2½ and 7 years. Payment, 5s. a week. (c) Payment, £10 a year. (e) Payment, £15 a year. (f) Payment varies according to the case; cases of epilepsy, consumption, infectious disease, or unsound mind are ineligible. (m) Application must be made to Miss Milner, 2 Queen Square, Brighton. Members must be confirmed, and communicants of the Church of England, well instructed and respectable. No subscription. The benefits are, weekly Bible class, periodical tea at the Home, summer day's excursion, and winter treat. (n) Terms, boarders, £25 per annum; day scholars, £1. 1s. per quarter. **Management.**—By Sisters, assisted by associates and other ladies. **Income.**—**Number benefited.**—Treasurer, Rev. A. D. Wagner; Lady Superior, Sister Harriot Rout.

SPECIAL MISSIONS.

ST. ANDREW'S WATERSIDE CHURCH MISSION (1864), City Chambers, 65 Fenchurch Street, E.C.

Object.—'To encourage the worship of God at sea, and to advance the influence and teaching of the Church of England among sailors, fishermen, and emigrants on board ship or elsewhere, through the agency of the parochial clergy at home, and the responsible clergy abroad.' About 7,000 ships have been supplied with free libraries. The Mission also gives books, magazines, tracts, &c.; these are supplied to the foreign stations, and to the fishing fleets, coasting vessels, &c., and large

quantities of reading and service books to emigrants. Foreign hospitals at the stations have been provided with books for English sailors, and some Sailors' Homes have been supplied. At Liverpool, in direct connection with the parish church, and in co-operation with the S.P.C.K., this Mission provides for the visitation of emigrants on board ship. Bibles, prayer, and hymn books also supplied free, for divine service on board ship. **Management.**—By a General Council and standing committee, with local committees. **Income** (1888).—£3,215. Bankers, London and County Bank. Treasurer, C. E. Hunt, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Rev. Canon Scarth; Sec., Mr. W. E. Franks.

MISSION TO DEEP-SEA FISHERMEN, Bridge House, 181 Queen Victoria Street, E.C.

Object.—To carry on mission work amongst the North Sea fishermen, and to mitigate their hard lot by supplying medical relief and surgical appliances, books, mufflers, mittens, &c. For these purposes medical mission vessels are stationed with eight fishing fleets, and the smacksmen have been visited by clerical and lay agents. **Management.**—By the members of the Association. **Income** (1887-8).—Voluntary contributions, £15,041 for general purposes, £8,339 for other purposes; other sources, £9,064. Bankers, Lloyds & Co., Lombard Street, E.C.; Gurneys & Co., Great Yarmouth. Treasurer, Thomas B. Miller, Esq.; Founder and Director, Mr. E. J. Mather; Sec., Mr. A. Gordon.

DOCK LABOURERS' MISSION (1862), 26 and 32 Chamber Street, London Docks, E.

Object.—To provide food, lodging, clothing, and spiritual instruction among the casual dock labourers, their widows and children. **Admission.**—Tickets are issued which entitle the holder to food or free lodging. Application should be made to Charles Coleman, at the Mission. **Management.**—By Charles Coleman. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £756. **Number benefited.**—4,200. Gospel services, 547; and daily visits and relief among dock labourers seeking employment at dock gates. Treasurers and Secretaries, J. H. Grasham, Esq., 23 Ringstead Road, S.E., Charles Coleman, and a private gentleman. Part of the Mission, not included in above, is supported by two ladies.

WATERCRESS AND FLOWER GIRLS' MISSION (1866), 12 Clerkenwell Close, Clerkenwell Green, E.C.

Object.—To take the very young before they have been exposed to the streets long enough to get influenced by them, and to train those suitable and willing for domestic service; to teach others the artificial flower business; to alleviate distress; to provide suitable work for the most distressed in winter; to give spiritual and temporal benefits by means of religious services and Sunday school, and free evening school, clothing club, penny bank, sewing class, and girls' institute; club and breakfast-room at Covent Garden market, for the flower women attending the early morning flower market; breakfast for poor children selected by the head teachers of the Board schools, and visits at home by Bible-women and helpers. **Admission.**—Cases are sought by missionaries, Bible-women, and helpers, who visit markets, streets, railway stations, theatres, music halls, &c. During the winter the hall is open, and hot meat dinners are given every Wednesday and Thursday to children; charge $\frac{1}{4}$ d. All children who attend any day-school may have the dinner. Christmas dinners are also given to poor families. Loans are made, by means of the 'Emily Loan Fund,' of potato ovens, coffee stalls, barrows,

boards for the sale of wheelks, &c., for which a weekly charge is made, until the value of the article has been paid, when it becomes the hirer's property. Full security is required. The Flower Girls' Brigade is a branch of the Mission. The Brigade encourages young flower girls taken from the streets to enter domestic service, and also teaches them the trade of artificial flower-making. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** of the Mission, 1888.—Charitable contributions, £2,131; collections, £96; sale of dinner tickets, £27. **Persons benefited.**—Young girls, 42; loans from 'Emily Loan Fund,' 250; dinners given, 15,000. Bankers, London and County Bank, Holborn Branch. Treasurer, Thomas Johnson, Esq., Granville Road, Finsbury Park, N.; Hon. Superintendent, Mr. John A. Groom, 8 Sekforde Street, Clerkenwell, E.C.

THEATRICAL MISSION (1873), Macready House, Henrietta Street, Covent Garden, W.C.

Object.—Primarily religious; unsectarian and evangelical. Secondly philanthropic—to interest and instruct morally and intellectually theatrical employes, of all ages and both sexes, in spare hours. **Admission.**—To reading and club rooms, lending library, &c., for adults and children, or to the youths' institute and gymnasium, on application to Secretary. Open all the year round from 12 to 9 for free use between rehearsal and performance. Evangelistic, social, and temperance meetings; sewing, singing, and kindergarten classes; provident bank; clothing, employment, 'holiday,' and emigration funds. **Management.**—By President, Vice-Presidents, Committee, and Superintendents. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £2,750. **Attendances.**—Christmas season, 18,000; 36,000 during remainder of year. Book Loans: Yearly, about 5,000. Letter Mission: 1,300 ladies, writing to 4,000 monthly. Bankers, Fuller, Nix, & Co.; London and County, Covent Garden. Patron, H.R.H. Princess Christian; Director, Mr. Courthope Todd.

BEDFORD INSTITUTE FIRST DAY SCHOOL AND HOME MISSION ASSOCIATION (SOCIETY OF FRIENDS) (1866), Wheeler Street, Spitalfields, E. (See Friends' Hall, Hart's Lane, Bethnal Green, p. 483; Ratcliff Meeting House, Brook Street, E., p. 479; Friends' Mission Institute, Commercial Road, E.; Peel Meeting House, 65 St. John's Street, Smithfield, and 32 St. John's Lane, p. 480; British Workman, 31 St. John's Lane, Clerkenwell, p. 481; Bunhill Fields Memorial Buildings, Roscoe Street, Bunhill Row, E.C., p. 481; Deptford Meeting House, High Street, S.E., p. 489.)

Object.—In addition to religious services and schools, breakfast meetings are held on Sunday, at 10.30 a.m.; temperance meetings, lectures, &c., Monday, 8.30 p.m.; mothers' meeting, Monday, 2.30 and 6 p.m.; evening school in winter, Tuesday and Thursday, 7.30 p.m.; bands of hope, Wednesday, junior 7.15 p.m., senior 8.30 p.m.; clothing and boot store, and sewing society, Friday, 11 a.m. to 2 p.m.; invalid kitchen in winter, Tuesday and Friday, 12 noon; cookery class, penny bank, bookstall; sick fund, second and fourth Wednesdays, 8 p.m.; library, reading room, daily, 5 p.m. to 10.30 p.m. **Management.**—Of the Association: by General Committee, consisting of representatives from the trustees and from the various branches and meeting

monthly. Local Committees at the Institution and at each branch. **Income** (1887).—Of the Institute: granted by General Committee of the Association, £638. General: charitable contributions, £1,815; invested funds, £116. An estimated aggregate weekly attendance in the winter season of not less than 1,500 persons, from children to men and women, is represented in these various agencies; many, of course, coming two, three, or more times in the week. Relief in food, coals, money, clothing, &c., and breakfasts (Bedford Institute only), £132. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Charles Hoyland, 12 Bishopsgate Street Without, E.C.; Hon. Sec., Alfred T. Alexander; Sec., George Armatage.

FOREIGN.

MAISON DES ÉTRANGERS (1870), 6 Frith Street, Soho, W.

Objects.—(1) To evangelise the foreign residents in the neighbourhood by holding religious services; (2) to give information and advice to foreigners in difficulty. All applications should be made to the Missionary. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £120. Treasurer, Robert Miller, Esq.; Missionary and Secretary, Mr. F. J. Cantwell.

MISSION OF THE FRENCH PROTESTANT EVANGELICAL CHURCH IN BAYSWATER TO THE FRENCH IN LONDON AND GREAT BRITAIN (1862), Bedford Passage, Charlotte Street, Fitzroy Square, W.

Object.—‘To evangelise the French-speaking population in this country, and, through them . . . to send the Gospel to the continent;’ and to promote their general welfare. **Admission.**—(a) Day School, French Mission House, Bedford Passage, Charlotte Street, Fitzroy Square, W. Open to all foreign children speaking French from 4 years of age. Payment, 3d. a week, or 2d. each for members of one family. Subjects taught: (obligatory) religion, reading, writing, French, arithmetic, history, geography, book-keeping, drawing, music, &c.; (optional) mathematics, science, &c. (b) Free Dispensary, 9 Oxford Mansions, Oxford Circus, W., open every day, except Friday, from 1 p.m. to 3 p.m.; medical advice and medicine given gratuitously, but a box is placed at the door to receive offerings. (c) French Reading Room, 9 Oxford Mansions, Oxford Circus, W., open for men only; French and foreign newspapers; evening classes for adults; useful recreations; admission free. (d) Foreign Governesses’ Home and Agency, 3 Colville Houses, Talbot Road, W. (e) Société Protestante Française de Placement: French Church, Monmouth Road, Westbourne Grove, Bayswater, W. For foreign tutors, daily and resident (recognised duly qualified for their work). Fees: Registration, 2s. 6d.; engagement concluded, 8s. 6d. Open daily from 10 a.m. to 1 p.m., except Saturday. All letters to be addressed to the Lady Secretary. A register also is kept for well-recommended foreign servants of both sexes. Fees: Registration, 2s. 6d.; engagement concluded, 5s. Persons obtaining situations through this Society pay only the half of the above fees for engagements concluded, but they must give 1s. to have their names entered on the books of the Society. (f) Circulating Library, Bayswater, Vestry of the Church; open to the public after the services. Subscription for two vols. at a time, 5s. a year, 6d. for one month, 1s. 6d. for three months, 3d. monthly for each additional vol. (g) Window Gardening Mission and Society for Promoting Order and Cleanliness among the Poor. **Management.**—By separate Committees and officers self-constituted at the request, and acting under the supervision, of the

Rev. J. M. H. Du Pontet de la Harpe, the Pasteur of the Church. **Income** (1887-8).—£1,961 (including Church, General Fund of Mission, and Servants' Agency). **Attendance at the Schools**.—148 at day school and 107 at Sunday school. **Number of Patients**.—1,433 (17 nationalities). **Persons assisted**.—Several hundreds. Superintendent, the Rev. Jules M. H. Du Pontet de la Harpe, B.D., French Parsonage, 16 Kildare Gardens, Bayswater, W. Hon. Sec. of Day School, Louis Parrot, Esq., Ph.D., Bartica, Alleyne Park, Dulwich, S.E.; Hon. Sec. of Dispensary, Charles Zundel, Esq.; Sec. of Société de Placement, Madame Matthey.

FRENCH PROTESTANT CHURCH CHARITIES (founded by special charter of Edward VI., 1550), St. Martin's-le-Grand, E.C. (*No recent information.*)

Income.—Church Fund, £823. 10s.; School Fund, £611. 6s. 10d. (no school, income accumulating); Poor's Fund (Fournier's, Basse's, Coqueau's), £180. 11s. 5d. The Basse and Coqueau Funds are distributed by the clerk, the selection of recipients being made by the Consistoire, descendants of Dames Basse and Coqueau having the preference. Clerk, W. H. Van Baerle, 8 Richmond Terrace, Whitehall, S.W.; Chairman of Trustees, Rev. Septimus Hansard, Rectory, Bethnal Green, E.

SALLE ÉVANGÉLIQUE, 11 Portland Street, Soho, W., and Collier Street, Pentonville Road, N.

Object.—The evangelisation of the poor French in London. The means employed include, relief of the sick poor, Gospel preaching, Sunday school, day school, reading-room, open-air preaching, sewing class, &c. **Income** (1887-8).—£260. Missionary, M. G. Barbier.

ITALIANS' SALA EVANGELICA (1870), 2 Frith Street, Soho, W. (In connection with the Mission to Foreigners of the London City Mission.)

Object.—To assist the Italian poor. **Admission**.—Application must be made to Missionary, at 2 Frith Street, Soho, on Tuesdays and Thursdays between 2 and 5 p.m. No pretence is made of assisting the poor (which is not the object of the Mission), 'except so far as it is unavoidable, more or less, with all religious works, more so with foreigners, who may not know where to appeal in immediate need of a meal or a night's lodging.' Cases assisted are brought under the notice of friends of the Mission, who personally assist, or not, as they please. It is endeavoured to benefit cases more by procuring employment (*gratis*) than pecuniary aid. **Management**.—By Missionary, appointed by London City Mission. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £56. Treasurer, W. Ellice, Esq.; Missionary, Mr. J. M. Travers, 12 Frith Street, Soho, W.

MISSION AMONG THE GERMAN POOR AND SEAMEN IN LONDON (1849). School, 17 Leman Street, E.

Object.—The spiritual, moral, and social welfare of the German poor. In addition to religious services and schools, the following charitable agencies are employed: (a) Day school for boys and girls (instruction both in German and English); (b) Two missionaries visit the poor and seamen, to distribute Bibles and tracts, and to hold prayer meetings. **Admission to School**.—Application must be made to schoolmaster.

Payment, 2d. per week ; if more than one child of the same family, 1d.
Management.—By Committee, appointed by annual court of subscribers. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £392 ; invested funds, £25 ; books sold and school money, £24. **Benefited.**—93 children. Treasurer, Baron von Schröder ; Sec., Rev. C. Schoell, Ph.D.

JEWISH.

CHARITIES OF THE UNITED SYNAGOGUE. Office of the Council, 2 Charlotte Street, Portland Place, W.

Object.—The following charities are distributed in the manner stated. The figures show the income for 1888 of each bequest or trust. Catherine Samuel (coals) £26 ; Hindelah Salomons (coals) £15. 3s. ; Hannah Benjamin (coals) £6. 3s. ; Benjamin Isaacs (coals and cash) £68. 8s. 5d. ; Asher Goldsmid (coals, clothing, and cash) £91. 8s. ; Samuel Simons (coals) £5. 14s. 8d. ; Abraham Mitchell (coals) £2. 19s. 4d. ; Levy Salomons, Abraham Levy, and Lawrence Myers (coals) £96. 17s. 11d. ; Jacob Solomons (coals) £57 ; Abraham Salomons (coals) £87. 16s. ; Isaac Franks (coals and cash) £94. 16s. 3d. ; Israel Elkin (coals and bread) £129. 16s. 6d. ; Abraham Lyon Moses (coals and blankets) £64 ; Abraham Lyon Moses (cash) £16. 3s. ; Jacob Henry Moses (coals, cash, and blankets) £38. 6s. 9d. ; Solomon Abrahams (overcoats) £10. 16s. 1d. ; Solomon Arnold (cash) £25. 9s. 8d. ; Isaac Cohen (cash) £72 ; Mrs. Isaac Cohen (cash, subject to repair of tomb) £21. 15s. ; Miss Matilda Cohen (cash, subject to repair of tomb) £15 ; John Davis (tombstone repairs) £1. 10s. 7d. ; Benjamin Elias (tombstone repairs) 5s. ; Benjamin Elias (to the poor) £12. 5s. ; Dr. Falcke (cash) £126. 5s. 2d. ; John Jacobs (to soup kitchen) £2. 8s. 11d. ; Mrs. C. Joseph (clothing and cash) £79. 15s. 2d. ; Moses Samuel (clothing and cash) £54 ; Levy and Bilah Samuel (clothing) £26. 15s. 1d. ; Moses Schiff (cash, among not less than 10 men) £13. 6s. 5d. ; Lazarus Simons (clothing and cash) £79. 18s. ; Lazarus Simons (cash) £31. 11s. 0d. ; Mrs. Sarah Solomon (clothing) £9. 15s. ; Ellis Woolf (cash) £57. 3s. 5d. ; Maurice B. Worms (cash) £144 ; Gabriel B. Worms (cash) £116 ; Louis Cohen (cash) £174 ; Members' Benevolent Fund, £392. 5s. 4d. ; Talmud Torah Fund, £28. 11s. 3d.
Admission.—Members of the United Synagogue who may be desirous of participating in these charities should apply for forms at the Office. As the dividends of the bequests become due, notices of the date of distribution are exhibited at the Synagogue doors. The cases of applicants are embodied in a list and submitted to the Jewish Board of Guardians (see p. 461) for investigation prior to allotment. **Management.**—By the Council of the United Synagogue. Bankers, the Bank of England. Treasurers, Noah Davis, Esq., and Maurice Hart, Esq. ; Sec., Philip Ornstien, Esq.

LADIES' BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION.

Object.—'Clothing and otherwise relieving Jewish lying-in married women at their own houses.' **Admission.**—By application to the Committee through Mrs. Salomons, 13 Spital Square, on Sundays between the hours of 9 and 11, three months prior to their confinement, with a ticket signed by a subscriber, and a certificate of marriage from the secretary of synagogue in which such persons may have been married. Subscribers of £1. 1s. or more have the power of recommendation. Women entitled to benefits must have their tickets signed by one of the ladies of the Committee, and delivered, countersigned by the midwife, to Mrs. Salomons, at the time of actual necessity. The benefits to be re-

ceived are, a complete set of clothes necessary for the mother, a pair of sheets, a blanket in winter, two sets of clothing for the child, 1 lb. of soap, and 5s. a week for the first fortnight. The Committee meet at the residence of the Baroness de Rothschild, on the first Tuesday of each month, at 3 o'clock, for the purpose of receiving applications, and for the general business of the Institution. No person can obtain the benefits of this charity unless they have been inhabitants of England during one whole year. **Management.**—By a Committee of ladies. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £211; invested funds, £665; donations and legacies, £86. **Benefited.**—Bankers, Rothschilds. Treasurer, Lady Rothschild; Hon. Sec., Mrs. L. Lucas, 11 Westbourne Terrace, W.

TRADESMEN'S BENEVOLENT SOCIETY. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To provide tickets for bread, grocery, meat, or coals for the poor, irrespective of creed. **Admission.**—Application must be made to individual members of the Committee. Tickets are as a rule given to reduced respectable people who are known; if not, reference is required. The Jewish Board of Guardians, 13 Devonshire Square, make the necessary inquiries for members. Each member of Committee is bound to bring £20 into the funds, either by donations or by sale of theatrical tickets. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income, net** (1882).—Charitable contributions, £791. 11s. 6d.; invested funds, £10. 10s. **Benefited.**—12,746 tickets issued. Bankers, London and County Bank. Treasurer, H. Lazarus, Esq., 55 Mildmay Park, N.; Hon. Secretary, Mr. H. L. Harris, 22 Great Prescott Street, E.

SOCIETY FOR PROVIDING JEWISH STRANGERS WITH MEALS ON SABBATHS AND HOLY DAYS (1869), 'Camperdown House,' Half Moon Passage, Whitechapel, E.

Object.—Specified in title. **Admission.**—Applicants must apply personally at the Society's Rooms, on Thursdays, from 8 to 10 p.m. **Management.**—By Committee, elected annually. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £310. **Meals.**—7,172 to 1,790 persons. Bankers, Moorfields Savings Bank. Treasurer, J. Webber, Esq.; Sec., Mr. H. Shmith, 30 Arbour Square, Stepney, E.

BREAD, MEAT, AND COAL CHARITY (1780). (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To distribute 'bread, meat, and coals amongst the Jewish poor during the winter season.' **Admission.**—By application. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1878-79).—£1,778. 6s. 9d. **Benefited.**—17,768 tickets issued at 1s. 9d. Hon. Secretary, Isaac A. Joseph, Esq., 6 Randolph Road, W.; Secretary, Mr. Henry H. Hyams, 5 Duke Street, Aldgate, E.C.

ROMAN CATHOLIC.

SISTERS OF CHARITY OF ST. VINCENT DE PAUL, (established in London in 1859), Carlisle Place, Victoria Street, Westminster, S.W.

Object.—An orphanage, workroom, and a day middle school for girls; classes of preparation for first Communion; an infant asylum nursery; a night school for men and boys; a soup kitchen; and the daily visiting and relieving of the poor and sick of the two parishes of Westminster.

Admission.—Application must be made to the Sister Superior. Girls are received into the orphanage from infancy to 14 years. They are entirely provided with a suitable education; are taught needlework in every branch, and trained for service. Payment, £10 to £12 per year. They remain until fit for a situation. Girls are received to the middle school between the ages of 2 and 15 years. They are taught according to Government requirements, at a payment of 3d. and 6d. per week. Admission to the soup kitchen by ticket and free; application must be made at the House of Charity. The soup kitchen is opened at 12.30 p.m.

Management.—By the Sisters of Charity of St. Vincent de Paul.

Inmates.—190.

SISTERS OF CHARITY, SOCIETY OF ST. VINCENT DE PAUL, 9 Lower Seymour Street, W.

POOR SERVANTS OF THE MOTHER OF GOD INCARNATE (*see p. 377*).

SISTERS SERVANTS OF THE SACRED HEART OF JESUS (1866), Hassett Road, Homerton, E. (London branch of the Mother-house at Argenteuil, near Paris.)

Object.—To provide a girls' orphanage, and an evening sewing class in winter, and to visit the poor and sick. The Sisters teach the schools at Mile End, Kingsland, Homerton, Clapton, and have charge of the French Hospital and Dispensary, Leicester Place (*see p. 96*), and of the Ecole de Notre Dame de France, Leicester Square (*see p. 425*). They have houses also at Chidcock, near Bridport, at Llanarth, Raglan, and at Blackmore Park, Worcester, and have charge of the Aberdare Hospital, in Treys Row, Aberdare. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Sister-in-charge. Girls are received into the orphanage from the age of 7 years. They are retained until they are 21. Payment, £1 or 15s. per month. **Management.**—By the Sisters of the Sacred Heart. Sec., the Rev. Mother Provincial.

SOCIETY OF ST. ELIZABETH OF HUNGARY (District of St. Mary, Clapham) (1883), St. Elizabeth's House, Clapham Park Road, S.W.

Object.—Visits at the homes of the Catholic poor, maternity cases, young widows, young single women, and other persons, sick or in want, as are not visited by the Society of St. Vincent de Paul; befriends young servants; collects cast-off linen and clothing for the use of the poor, and makes and repairs clothing for the poor; manages school banks and women's penny savings banks. Relief given in money, food, clothing, coal, surgical appliances, railway fares, employment in needlework; also convalescent assistance, help to emigrate, &c. Place and time of meeting, 55 Clapham Park Road, S.W.; Tuesday, 10.30 a.m. **Management.**—By Council of eight ladies elected triennially by members. **Income (1887).**—Voluntary contributions, £95; coal and clothing clubs, &c., £71. **Persons benefited (1887).**—60, exclusive of relief given at Christmas. Bankers, London and South-Western; Treasurer, Miss C. Lambert; Hon. Sec., Miss Dell, 8 South Side, Clapham Common, S.W.

VI.—REFORMATORY RELIEF.

The institutions comprised in this section are arranged as follows:—

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This section contains all the Reformatories, Certified Industrial Schools, and Truant Industrial Schools in England and Wales. Those institutions which have furnished full particulars of the class of cases taken, &c., will be found on pp. 498, 503, 505, 514, whilst the remainder appear in a shorter form on pp. 502, 504, 510, 517. The information as regards the latter is mostly taken from the Inspector's Annual Report. The number of inmates is, unless otherwise stated, the average number maintained during the year. The figures in parenthesis denote the date of the certificate. Where two dates are given, the second indicates the date of a new certificate. The name given at the end of each entry is that of the Corresponding Manager, or Secretary.

I.—REFORMATORIES.

GENERAL.

REFORMATORY AND REFUGE UNION (1856), 32 and 33 Charing Cross, S.W.

Object.—To be 'a centre of information and encouragement for reformatories, refuges, industrial schools, and other similar institutions, for the purpose of (a) collecting and diffusing information as to such institutions; (b) facilitating the establishment of new institutions, the training of efficient masters, matrons, and assistants, the procurement of materials for educational and industrial work, and the ultimate provision for inmates by emigration or situations of permanent employment; (c) promoting the religious, intellectual, and industrial education of the inmates of such institutions.' (a) Information is published in the Union's 'Classified List,' and particulars can be obtained at the office. Conferences of managers and officers of institutions are convened. (b) Grants are made to refuges, homes, penitentiaries, training ships, &c. (c) Beadles are employed to seek out and find homes or employment for children. Female missionaries are employed to distribute tracts and seek out fallen women in the streets, hospitals, and workhouses, and endeavour to restore to their friends, or find situations or homes for, those desiring to reform. **Admission.**—All destitute children and fallen women who are willing to be benefited, and are found by the employés of the Union to be deserving, are eligible. To women found by the missionaries temporary shelter and board are given pending inquiries for their

disposal. **Management.**—By Council and Sub-Committee. **Income** (1888-9).—(1) Of General Fund: charitable contributions, £2,171; invested funds, £492; sale of publications, £64. (2) Of Children's Aid and Refuge Fund: charitable contributions, £2,713. (3) Of Female Mission Fund: charitable contributions, £3,716; invested funds, £264. **Persons benefited.**—Children, 1,328, by 'beadles'; women, 777; many assisted several times. In addition, 106 were temporarily helped. Grants to institutions, £1,208. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co., and Smith, Payne, & Smiths. Bankers of Female Mission, Prescott, & Co. Treasurer, R. Smith, Esq., 1 Lombard Street, E.C.; Sec., A. J. S. Maddison, Esq.

WESTMINSTER DIOCESAN EDUCATION FUND (1866), Archbishop's House, Westminster, S.W.

Objects.—The erection and maintenance of reformatory, industrial, and poor law schools in the diocese of Westminster, and the protection of the faith of Roman Catholic children who come under the operation of the Reformatory or Industrial School Acts. Treasurer and Secretary, Rev. Thomas Seddon, Archbishop's House, Westminster, S.W. (See further, p. 391).

BOYS' REFORMATORIES.

BOYS' HOME AND SURREY REFORMATORY (1852, certified 1858), Wandsworth Common, S.W.

Object.—To receive criminal and other boys, and to instruct them in some useful industrial occupation. Most of the boys are received on magistrate's order. **Admission.**—By application to the Superintendent at the Home. Inmates are received between the ages of 10 and 14 years, and are taught a trade and well instructed. They are discharged on the expiration of sentence, when situations are found for them. **Management.**—By Committee and officers. **Expenditure** (1887).—£4,019. **Inmates** (1887).—168. Manager, Mr. J. F. Newland; Superintendent, Mr. W. S. Jackson.

PHILANTHROPIC SOCIETY (Instituted 1788, incorporated 1806) FARM SCHOOL (1849), Redhill, Surrey.

Object.—The reformation of criminal boys. **Admission.**—At discretion of the Committee, on application to the Secretary. Admission is confined to children who have been guilty of criminal practices, especially such as are sentenced under the Reformatory Schools Act. Boys must be between 12 and 15 years old, 'of sound bodily health, and capable of receiving mental instruction and industrial training. Any constitutional infirmity, loss of limb or eyesight, disqualifies.' Boys are employed chiefly in garden and farm work. Payment is made partly by Treasury, partly by counties and boroughs. The School is also dependent upon the profits of its industrial work, and on subscriptions and donations. Inmates are detained from three to five years, according to sentence. On leaving they are mostly sent to employment found by the School authorities or their own friends at home, and some are sent to Canada and other colonies. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by annual meeting of members of the Society. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £1,084; invested funds, rents, &c., £487; Government and counties and boroughs, £6,354. **Inmates** (Dec. 31, 1888).—299. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Co. Treasurer, F. H. Beaumont, Esq.; Secretary, John Trevanthen, Esq.; Warden and Resident Chaplain, Rev. Marshall George Vine.

HERTS REFORMATORY SCHOOL FOR BOYS (1857), Chapmore End, Ware.

Object.—To receive 50 boys of the Protestant faith, who have been previously convicted, and sentenced to at least three years' detention, and train them for a life of honest industry. **Admission.**—By application, which must be made to John B. Brandram, Esq., Ware. Age of admission, 12 to 16 years. Certificates of conviction and good health required. Boys having any constitutional infirmity, or suffering from loss of limb or eyesight, or incapable of receiving mental instruction and industrial training, are ineligible. Payment, 2s. per week. Clothing is provided. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1887).—Payments for inmates, £163; industrial earnings, £158; Government grant, £700. **Inmates** (1887).—46. Bankers, London and County Bank, Hertford. Treasurer, Robert Smith, Esq.; Governor, Mr. J. Arthur Fish; Hon. Sec., John B. Brandram, Esq.

'KERRISON' REFORMATORY SCHOOL (1856), Thorndon, Eye, Suffolk.

Object.—To receive criminal boys, and to educate and train them for agricultural labourers, railway servants, grocers' or drapers' porters, waiters or servants in hotels, or any work requiring little tact and quickness. **Admission.**—Age of admission, 12 to 15 years, or younger boys, upon second or third conviction, from any county, upon payment of 1s. per week during detention. Good clothes provided on leaving the School upon license, or upon expiration of sentence. Boys must be healthy, strong, and able to do ordinary work. Scrofulous cases ineligible. Doctor's certificate required in every case. Inmates remain three or four years out of five, according to standard of education or merit. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Payments for inmates, £155; industrial earnings, £478; Government grant, £1,353. **Inmates.**—84. Bankers, London and Provincial Bank, Eye; Supt., Mr. F. W. Gill.

BEDFORDSHIRE REFORMATORY (1856), Turvey, Bedford; postal address, Carlton, Bedford.

Object.—For boys only. **Admission.**—Boys are admitted between the ages of 10 and 15, but (except under special circumstances) are not received, upon a first conviction, under the age of 12, nor for a shorter period than four years. They are trained in industrial work, chiefly in farm and garden work, but also in tailoring, shoemaking, baking, &c. The payment for each boy is £1 on admission, and 2s. per week from the prison authority liable for maintenance. **Management.**—By a Committee of managers, originally appointed by the Court of Quarter Sessions, and subsequently, as vacancies have occurred, by the Committee itself. **Income** (1887).—Invested funds, £22; payments for inmates, £351; industrial earnings, £70; Government grant, £952. **Inmates.**—64. Bankers and Treasurers, Barnard & Co., The Bank, Bedford. Hon. Sec., Rev. W. H. Denison, Carlton Rectory, Bedford; Superintendent, Mr. John Jones; Matron, Mrs. Jones.

SALTLEY REFORMATORY INSTITUTION (1853, certified 1854), Smallheath, near Birmingham.

Object.—To receive, educate, maintain, employ, and reform criminal boys from all parts of the kingdom, and train them to habits of regular industry. **Admission.**—By magistrates' order of detention after conviction. Age of admission, 12 to 16 years. Certificates of prison authorities

and medical officers are required. Metropolitan cases are eligible. Payment, 2s. per week, in addition to allowance from Treasury. Clothing is provided. **Management.**—By voluntary Committee appointed by subscribers. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £71; Treasury grant, £1,650; county and borough payments, £441; labour, £116. **Inmates.**—103. Bankers, Birmingham and Midland Bank. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., W. Morgan, Esq.; Superintendent, H. F. Fish.

STOKE FARM REFORMATORY (1853), near Bromsgrove, Worcestershire.

Object.—To receive boys convicted under the Reformatory Schools Act. **Admission.**—By commitment. Application must be made to Joseph Sturge, Birmingham. Age of admission, 11 to 15 years. Certificates of freedom from infectious disease are required. Metropolitan cases are eligible. Clothing is provided. Inmates remain until the managers deem it suitable to license them. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates** (1887).—Average number maintained, 78; total cost, £1,402. Bankers, Lloyd's Bank, Birmingham. Governor, John McGilchrist; Sec., Joseph Sturge, Birmingham.

MONMOUTHSHIRE REFORMATORY FOR BOYS (1859), Little Mill, Pontypool.

Object.—To receive juvenile offenders sentenced at assizes or quarter petty sessions to imprisonment and detention from two to five years. **Admission.**—By formal commitment according to Reformatory Act. Application must be made to the Hon. Secretary. Age of admission, 10 to 14 years. A certificate as to state of health is required. Metropolitan cases are not eligible as a rule. Payment, 2s. 6d. a week from other counties, or 2s. for Monmouth boy. Clothing is provided. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed originally by Monmouth Quarter Sessions, but filling up own vacancies. **Income** (1887).—Payments for inmates, Co. Mon., £206; industrial earnings, £419; Government grant, £476. **Inmates.**—35. Bankers, Capital and Counties, Usk. Superintendent and Bailiff, Mr. Samuel Arnold; Hon. Sec., Rev. S. Cattley Baker, The Vicarage, Usk, Monmouthshire.

LEEDS REFORMATORY SCHOOL (1857), Adel, near Leeds.

Object.—To receive criminal boys. **Admission.**—By committal of magistrates. Age of admission, 12 to 16 years. Metropolitan cases are eligible. Payment, 1s. 6d. per week, in addition to Government allowance. Clothing is provided. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by Secretary of State. **Income** (1887).—From charitable contributions, £125; grant from Government, £2,413; from prison authorities, £603. **Inmates.**—239. Bankers, Beckett & Co., Leeds. Treasurer, George W. Brown, Esq., Westwood, Leeds; Superintendent, C. G. Twigg.

BRADWALL REFORMATORY SCHOOL (1855), Sandbach, Cheshire.

Object.—To receive criminal boys after the expiration of their sentence of imprisonment, and train them in habits of honest industry. **Admission.**—By committal. Age of admission, 12 to 16. Certificate of health and freedom from fits is required. Cases from all parts of England are received on payment from county or borough rates of 2s. per week; preference to Cheshire boys; payment from the Treasury, as per order, varying according to age and period of detention. Clothing is

provided. Inmates remain, if possible, for five years, but the average stay of a lad is about three years, after which time he is sent out on license. **Management.**—By a voluntary sole manager. **Expenditure** (1887).—£1,122. **Inmates** (1887).—54. Treasurer and Manager, A. M. Latham; Superintendent, Mr. Shaw.

CASTLE HOWARD REFORMATORY (1856), Welburn, near York.

Object.—To receive boys sentenced to detention, having been previously more than once convicted, and train them in boot and shoe making, tailoring, farm and garden work, and basket making. **Admission.**—Boys received between the ages of 12 and 14 years. Metropolitan cases are eligible. Payment, 2s. a week for cases from North and East Ridings of Yorkshire and City of York, 2s. 6d. from other places. Period of detention not less than five years. **Expenditure** (1887).—£1,685. **Inmates** (1887).—81. Superintendent, Rev. R. G. Fish.

CALDER FARM REFORMATORY SCHOOL (1855), Mirfield, Normanton.

Object.—To receive criminal boys. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the head master, who consults some of the acting managers on the application. Age of admission 10 to 16 years, but very rarely under 12 years of age on first conviction. Certificates of health and conviction before Justices are required. Boys unfit for industrial employment are ineligible. Metropolitan cases are eligible; but boys are chiefly received from the West Riding of Yorks. Payment as may be agreed on. Clothing is provided. Most of the inmates are committed for five years' detention, but are sent out on license to situations long before their terms expire. The terms of detention average a little more than three years. **Management.**—By Committee of managers appointed by the General Committee, most of the members of which are neighbouring Justices of the Peace. **Expenditure** (1887).—£2,148. **Inmates** (1887).—114. Hon. Secs., Messrs. Tennant and Rayner, Dewsbury; Superintendent, Mr. Hepple.

LIVERPOOL FARM SCHOOL (1859), Newton-le-Willows, near Warrington. Office, 8 Fenwick Street, Liverpool.

Object.—To receive cases after committal, and train them for trades, &c. **Admission.**—By warrant. Age of admission, 12 to 16 years. Metropolitan cases are eligible. Payment, 2s. per week, in addition to the Treasury allowance. Clothing is provided. **Management.**—By the Committee of the Liverpool Juvenile Reformatory Association, appointed by subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Treasury allowance, £2,035; payments from boroughs and counties, £713; industrial profit, £250. **Inmates.**—170—143 in school, 27 on license. Bankers, Bank of Liverpool (Heywood's Branch). Treasurer, E. W. Cropper, Esq.; Superintendent, Mr. R. H. Atty; Sec., Mr. Robt. S. Blease, at the Office.

'AKBAR' REFORMATORY SCHOOL SHIP (1856), Rock Ferry, Birkenhead. Office, 8 Fenwick Street, Liverpool.

Object.—To receive cases (boys) after committal, and train them for sea principally. **Admission.**—By warrant. Application must be made to the Captain-Superintendent. Age of admission, 12 to 16 years. Metropolitan cases are eligible. Payment, 2s. per week, in addition to the Treasury allowance. Clothing is provided. **Management.**—By the Committee of the Liverpool Juvenile Reformatory Association,

appointed by the subscribers. **Income** (1887).—Treasury allowance, £2,322; payments from boroughs and counties, £755; industrial profits, £137. **Inmates**.—225. Bankers, Bank of Liverpool (Heywood's Branch). Treasurer, E. W. Cropper, Esq.; Captain-Superintendent, Captain Hicks, R.N.; Sec., Mr. R. S. Blease, at the Office.

SCHOOL SHIP SOCIETY (1859), 'The Cornwall,' off Purfleet, Essex.

Object.—To reform boys and train them for the sea. **Admission**.—By committal. As a rule a boy is not admitted unless sentenced to at least three years' detention, between the ages of 13 and 15, and certified sound and healthy. **Management**.—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £215; Government grant, £4,041 (including payments by parents). **Inmates**.—238. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Hon. Treasurer, John S. Gilliat, Esq.; Captain-Superintendent, Captain A. Morrell, R.N.; Sec., Mr. Walter Millachip, 4 Mincing Lane, E.C.

ST. EDWARD'S REFORMATORY (1870), Boleyn Castle, Green Street, East Ham, E.

Object.—The reformation of criminal Catholic boys. **Admission**.—By committal of magistrate. Boys are received between the ages of 12 and 16, and are trained for agricultural employment, gardening, tailoring, and shoemaking. Payment by Government grant. **Management**.—By the Brothers of Mercy, appointed by His Eminence the Cardinal Archbishop of Westminster. **Income** (1887).—Government grant, £2,648; industrial profits, £527; payments for inmates, £1,134. **Inmates**.—160. Treasurer, Rev. W. A. Johnson, Archbishop's House, Westminster. Director, Rev. D. C. Kemp; Chaplain, Rev. J. Zsilky.

BIRKENHEAD, 'CLARENCE' (Roman Catholic) **REFORMATORY SCHOOL SHIP** (1864, 1885), New Ferry, Liverpool, for 250 boys. Age preferred, 11 to 15. 2s. 6d. per week from county, and £1 for outfit. **Inmates** (1887).—163. R. Yates, Esq., 20 The Temple, Dale Street, Liverpool.

BUXTON REFORMATORY (1855), Buxton, Norwich, for 50 boys under the Act, chiefly from Norfolk. Age preferred, 11 to 13. 1s. per week from counties and boroughs, and £2 for outfit. **Inmates** (1887).—60. P. E. Sewell, Esq., St. Clement's Hill, Norwich.

DEVON AND EXETER REFORMATORY FARM SCHOOL (1855), Bramford Wood, Exeter (three miles from St. David's, Exeter), for 30 boys, sentenced to detention for not less than two years. Age preferred, 11 to 15. 2s. per week, and £4. 4s. entrance fee. **Inmates** (1887).—27. Dyer Knott, Esq., Alphington, near Exeter.

GLAMORGANSHIRE REFORMATORY 1858, New School certified 1875), Ty Segur, near Neath, for 60 boys. Age preferred, 12 to 14. 2s. per week. **Inmates** (1887).—52. Mr. David J. Rhys, Neath.

GLOUCESTER, HARDWICKE REFORMATORY (1854), for boys above 13, sentenced to not less than three years. 2s. per week, and £1. 10s. for outfit. **Inmates** (1887).—70. Granville Ll. Baker, Esq., Hardwicke Court, Gloucester.

HAMPSHIRE REFORMATORY (1855), Eling, Southampton, for 80 boys. Age preferred, 12 to 15. Non-local cases received. **Inmates** (1887).—89. Rev. John Compton, Minstead Parsonage, Lyndhurst.

- KINGSWOOD REFORMATORY SCHOOL** (1854), Kingswood, near Bristol, for 150 boys, sentenced to not less than three years. Age preferred, 12 to 16. 2s. 3d. per week. *Inmates* (1887).—70. A. J. Stanton, Esq., 5 Percival Road, Clifton, Bristol.
- MANCHESTER AND SALFORD REFORMATORY** (1857), Blackley, near Manchester, for 70 boys, sentenced for not less than four years. Age preferred, 10 to 15. 2s. 6d. per week. *Inmates* (1887).—82. Herbert Phillips, Esq., Blackley, Manchester.
- NORTH-EASTERN REFORMATORY** (1857), Netherton, near Morpeth, for 200 boys, chiefly from Northumberland, Durham, Newcastle, and Berwick-on-Tweed. *Inmates* (1887).—188. R. R. Redmayne Esq., Infirmary, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
- NORTH LANCASHIRE REFORMATORY** (1857), Bleasdale, near Garstang, for 120 boys, from Lancashire, Yorkshire, Cheshire, Westmoreland, and Cumberland, sentenced for not less than five years. *Inmates* (1887).—132. Age preferred, 12 to 15. William Garnett, Esq., Quernmore Park, Lancaster.
- SOUTHPORT, BIRKDALE FARM SCHOOL (Roman Catholic) REFORMATORY** (1871), Ainsdale, near Southport, Lancashire, for the reception of 200 boys, sentenced to detention for not less than three years. Age preferred, 11 to 15. County payment, 2s. 6d. per week, and £1 for outfit. *Inmates* (1887).—198. R. Yates, Esq., 20 The Temple, Dale Street, Liverpool.
- TIFFIELD REFORMATORY SCHOOL FOR BOYS** (1856), Tiffield, near Towcester, for 54 boys, sentenced for not less than three years. Age preferred, 10 to 15. 1s. per week, and £2. 10s. for outfit. *Inmates* (1887).—43. C. M. E. Grant, Esq., Lichborough, Weedon.
- WARWICKSHIRE REFORMATORY FOR BOYS** (1856), Weston-under-Weatherley, Leamington, for 70 boys, mostly local cases. Age preferred, 12 to 15. *Inmates* (1887).—75. G. C. Lake, Esq., Bank, Leamington.
- WILTS REFORMATORY SCHOOL** (1856), Warminster, Wilts (two miles from station), for 60 boys, sentenced for not less than two years. Age preferred, 12 to 15. 2s. per week, and £2 for clothing. *Inmates* (1887).—60. Rev. E. Eliot, The Vicarage, Norton Bavant, Warminster.
- WOODBURY HILL REFORMATORY** (1856), Shelsley, Worcester, for 45 boys, sentenced for not less than four years. Age preferred, 12 to 14. From Worcestershire, free; from other places, 2s. per week. *Inmates* (1887).—58. Rev. T. N. Flintoff, Shelsley, Worcester.
- YORKSHIRE (Roman Catholic) REFORMATORY** (1856), near Market Weighton, Yorkshire, for 220 boys. Preference to Yorkshire cases, between 10 and 16 years of age. *Inmates* (1887).—232. Director, Rev. P. Castellano.

GIRLS' REFORMATORIES.

HAMPSTEAD REFORMATORY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS (1860, 1876), Heathfield, Lower East Road, Hampstead, N.W.

Object.—To reform and train criminal girls. *Inmates* receive a sound education, undenominational religious instruction, and industrial training in housework, cooking, sewing, and laundry. **Admission.**—By committal; age from 12 to 16. **Management.**—By Committee. **Expenditure** (1887).—£2,654. *Inmates* (1887).—102. Treasurer, H. M. Matheson, Esq.; Superintendent, Miss Christian Nicoll.

SURREY REFORMATORY FOR GIRLS (1870), Netherton House, Clapham Old Town, S.W.

Object.—To receive criminal girls from the age of 10 to 15. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the lady superintendent at the Home. Applicants are retained for terms of three, four, and five years. Payment, 3s. per week. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Expenditure (1887).**—£1,173. **Inmates (1887).**—37. Superintendent, Miss Bewley.

DEVON AND EXETER REFORMATORY AND REFUGE FOR GIRLS (1858), Polsloe Road, Exeter.

Object.—To receive girls and train them for domestic service. **Admission.**—By a Committee of managers. Application must be made to the Secretary. Age of admission, 12 to 16 years. Certificates of health required. Metropolitan cases are eligible. Payment, 2s. per week. Clothing is provided. Inmates remain from two to five years. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by members at the Annual Meeting. **Expenditure (1887).**—£703. **Inmates (1887).**—32. Sec., Mr. Wm. Townsend, 3 Lower Summerlands, Exeter; Supt., Miss Grindon.

ARNO'S COURT (Roman Catholic) GIRLS' REFORMATORY (1856), Brislington Road, near Bristol.

Object.—To receive girls sent by magistrates for reformation, and train them for domestic service or employment in laundries; also to provide a refuge in a separate building for penitent girls and women who enter voluntarily. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Mother Priorress, Convent of the Good Shepherd. Girls for the Reformatory are received between the ages of 10 and 16 years. Certificate of health, signed by medical officer, is required. Those subject to fits or cutaneous disorders are ineligible. Metropolitan cases are eligible. Payment by Government, according to age, including £1 entrance for clothing. Outfit is provided on leaving according to conduct. The penitents are received from the age of 16 years. They are partially supported by their laundry and needlework. **Management.**—By the Community of the Order of the Good Shepherd. **Expenditure (1887).**—£1,027. **Inmates (1887).**—Reformatory, 63; Refuge, 150. Bankers, Mills, Cave, & Co., Old Bank, Bristol. Superioress, Miss L. S. Horne.

BRISTOL, RED LODGE GIRLS' REFORMATORY (1854), Red Lodge, Park Row, for 50 girls, sentenced for not less than four years. Age preferred 10 to 14. 2s. per week. **Inmates (1887).**—52. Herbert Thomas, Esq., Red Lodge House, Bristol.

DURHAM AND NORTHUMBERLAND GIRLS' REFORMATORY SCHOOL (1860), 6 Tatham Street, Sunderland, for 50 girls, sentenced for not less than four years. Age preferred, 12 to 14. Payment for cases from other counties, 1s. 6d. per week. **Inmates (1887).**—45. T. E. Pumphrey, Esq., 3 Clifton Villas, Sunderland.

INDUSTRIAL HOME REFORMATORY FOR GIRLS, Black Horse Lane, St. Matthew's, Ipswich (1858). **Inmates (1887).**—39. Miss Julia T. Taylor, Ipswich.

LANCASHIRE REFORMATORY FOR ROMAN CATHOLIC GIRLS (1869; new school certified, 1876), May Place, Old Swan, near Liverpool, for 80 girls, sentenced to not less than three years. Preference to cases from Liverpool and vicinity, between ages of 10 and 15. £1 for outfit. **Inmates (1887).**—62. R. Yates, Esq., 20 The Temple, Dale Street, Liverpool.

LONDON FEMALE PREVENTIVE INSTITUTION REFORMATORY (1877), 5 Parson's Green, Fulham, S. W. *Inmates* (1887).—35. Mr. E. W. Thomas, 200 Euston Road, N. W.

LIMPLEY STOKE REFORMATORY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS (1861), Manor House, Limpley Stoke, near Bath, for 60 girls under 16, sentenced to full term. 2s. per week. *Inmates* (1887).—50. Miss E. M. Sheppard, 26 Marlborough Buildings, Bath.

LIVERPOOL GIRLS' REFORMATORY (1857), 6 Mount Vernon Green, Liverpool, for 80 girls, sentenced for not less than five years, from any locality. Age preferred, 12 to 15. 1s. per week, and £1 for outfit. *Inmates* (1887).—78. E. W. Cropper, Esq., Liverpool Juvenile Reformatory Association, 8 Fenwick Street, Liverpool.

LIVERPOOL, TOXTETH PARK GIRLS' REFORMATORY SCHOOL (1856), 9 Park Hill Road, for 60 girls, chiefly sentenced for not less than three years, on payment of 2s. per week, or 1s. 6d. per week, and £1 entrance fee. Age preferred, 10 to 14. Voluntary cases on payment of 4s. per week. *Inmates* (1887).—51. Mrs. L. J. Campbell, Dingle Mount, 43 South Hill Road, Toxteth Park, Liverpool.

WARWICKSHIRE REFORMATORY FOR GIRLS (1869), 61 Little Park Street, Coventry, for 45 girls. Age preferred, 9 to 13. Non-local cases admitted. *Inmates* (1887).—27. G. C. Lake, Esq., Bank, Leamington.

WEST RIDING REFORMATORY FOR GIRLS (1861), Balby Road, Doncaster, for 60 girls under 15, sentenced for not less than three years. 2s. per week. *Inmates* (1887).—52. C. E. Palmer, Esq., 6 St. George's Gate, Doncaster.

II.—CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

BOYS.

LONDON SCHOOL BOARD TRUANT INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1878, 1885), Upton House, Urswick Road, Homerton, E.

Object.—The reception of boys who are sent by a magistrate at the instance of the School Board for London, under the provisions of the Industrial Schools Act, 1866. It is, however, distinctly understood that the school is to be applied to the reception of cases sent under the Elementary Education Act, 1876, section 12. **Admission.**—By a magistrate's order, at the instance of the School Board for London. Age of admission 6 to 14 years. Parents' payments are made to the Home Office according to a magistrate's order. Clothes are provided. *Inmates* are employed in wood-chopping, gardening, and housework. Detention, on the average, ten weeks, upon first admission. **Management.**—By a Committee appointed by the School Board for London. **Income** (1887–8).—Government grant, £572; industrial earnings, £306; School Board for London, £1,846. *Inmates*.—112; accommodation for 140. Sec., J. C. Whiddington, Esq., School Board for London, Victoria Embankment, W. C.; Governor, Mr. A. J. Walker.

MIDDLESEX INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1868), Feltham.

Object.—The rescue of destitute and disorderly boys from the criminal classes. **Admission.**—By order from magistrates in county of Middlesex only. Age, 10 to 14. Accommodation for 800 boys. **Management.**—By Committee of Visitors appointed by the Court of Quarter

Sessions. **Income** (1886).—Industrial earnings, £608; collected from parents of boys, £144 (local Act only); Government grant, £7,895; from School Board, £108; from county rate, £10,486. **Inmates.**—763. Supt., Capt. J. Rowland Brookes; Chaplain, Rev. W. A. Newton; Clerk, Mr. John Mason; Treas., County Treas., Sessions' House, Clerkenwell.

THE BOYS' HOME, Regent's Park Road, N.W.

Object.—Prevention of crime. **Admission.**—'The class contemplated is that of destitute boys, not convicted of crime, but likely to fall into it.' The family system is observed, and there is careful religious and secular education. Half the day is spent in learning carpentering, or bread-making, or tailoring, or shoemaking, and in domestic work. There is also a band, from which boys are drafted into military bands; and wood-chopping is carried on. A certain number of those who leave are lodged at St. George's Home (see p. 282). Some are sent to Canada. Communication with old boys is largely kept up. Boys under 10 years of age are not admitted. There is no voting system; cases are admitted in the order of their destitution. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Donations, subscriptions, and legacies, £2,032; Treasury and School Board allowance, &c., £1,957; contributions by Truro Trustees, £400; by Reformatory and Refuge Union, £18; profits of industrial department, £334. **Inmates.**—150. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treas., G. W. Bell, Esq., 11 St. Edmund's Terrace, North Gate, N.W.; Chaplain, Rev. James Street.

THE TRURO FUND (1865).

Object.—Paid to institutions for promoting the education and industrial training and advancement of poor and friendless boys of the Metropolis in any certified Industrial School, who have not been convicted of crime. **Income** (1887).—£625. Sec., G. F. Engelbach, Esq., 59 Strand, W.C.

EAST LONDON INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR HOMELESS AND DESTITUTE BOYS (certified 1856), Porson Street, Lewisham, S.E. (late 86 Leman Street, Whitechapel, E.).

Object.—To rescue destitute and disorderly boys from the criminal classes. **Admission.**—By a magistrate's order, under the three sections of the Industrial Schools Acts, 1866 and 1876. Age, 7 to 14 years; they are detained until 16 years, unless otherwise expressed in the order. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £134; grants from Government and School Boards, £2,211; grant from Truro Fund, £300; industrial earnings, £243. **Inmates.**—120. Bankers, London and Provincial Bank, Lewisham. Treasurer, J. S. Sequeira, Esq., M.R.C.S.; Sec. and Superintendent, Mr. A. J. Gillbee; Matron, Mrs. Gillbee.

ST. JOHN'S INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (certified 1871), Shern Hall Street, Walthamstow.

Object.—The reformation and training of sons of Catholic parents. **Admission.**—All inmates are committed cases. Age from 6 to 13 years. Inmates are trained for industrial pursuits. **Management.**—By a Visiting Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Government grant, £1,472; School Board and county rates, &c., £1,182. **Inmates** (1887-8).—150. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank, Pall Mall. Treasurer, Canon Johnson, Archbishop's House, Westminster; Sec. and Supt., Mr. J. Webb.

NORTH LONDON TRUANT INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1884), High Street, Walthamstow.

Object.—The reception of boys sent by a magistrate at the instance of the School Board under the provisions of the Industrial Schools Act, 1866. **Management.**—By the Tottenham, Hornsey, and Edmonton School Boards jointly. **Inmates** (1887).—92. Sec., Mr. J. F. Adams, Clerk to the School Board, Tottenham, N.

ST. NICHOLAS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1868), Manor House, Little Ilford, E.

Object.—The industrial training of destitute Catholic boys. **Admission.**—By committal, under Industrial Schools' Act, or Elementary Education Act. Boys are received from 7 to 14 years of age, on condition that any School Board or local authority will pay such weekly sums as, with the Treasury allowance, will make up the total sum of 7s. per week. It is desirable that the warrant of commitment clearly states the reason of the child's being sent to the School, and the section to which he belongs. Admission obtained at once. Everything provided. **Inmates** are trained for industrial pursuits. They leave at the age of 16. **Management.**—By the Brothers of Our Lady of Mercy, appointed by Cardinal Manning. **Income** (1888).—Government grant, £2,341; county rates, £205; London School Board, £957; sundries, £135. **Inmates.**—217. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank. Treasurer, Canon Johnson; Director, Rev. Br. Polycarp; Chaplain, Rev. J. Lanigan.

WEST HAM SCHOOL BOARD TRUANT INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1885), Fyfield, Ongar, Essex.

Object.—The reception of boys sent by a magistrate at the instance of the School Board, under the provisions of the Industrial Schools Act, 1866. **Inmates** (1887).—74. Sec., Clerk to the West Ham School Board, Stratford, E.

BRENTWOOD INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS (1874), Prospect House, Brentwood.

Object.—The industrial training of boys. **Admission.**—By committal under the Industrial Schools Act 1866, and Elementary Education Acts 1870 and 1876, at instance of London School Board. Boys are received from 6 to 14 years old, and are fed, clothed, and educated. Payments from parents are fixed by the magistrates, under section 40 of the Industrial Schools Act. **Inmates** are trained for tailors, shoemakers, and for military and naval bands. They leave at the age of 16, unless previously provided with a situation. **Management.**—By a Committee appointed by the School Board for London. **Income** (1887-8).—Treasury allowance, £890; industrial earnings, £374; School Board, £1,724. **Inmates.**—100. Bankers and Treasurers, The Bank of England. Clerk to the Managers, J. C. Whiddington, Esq., Victoria Embankment, London, W.C.; Governor, Mr. H. Hartland.

BOYS' FARM HOME (1860), Church Farm, East Barnet, Herts.

Object.—'The training, maintenance, and education of destitute boys not convicted of crime.' **Admission.**—From 6 to 16 years, and from any part of England, for boys who have never been convicted. The cases are in part such as are sent with a magistrate's order, under the

Industrial Schools' Act, and in part such as are provided for by voluntary subscriptions. An annual allowance is made for School Board cases; for others no payment is taken. Clothing is provided. Applications should be addressed to the Hon. Superintendent. The eligibility of a case is decided upon by the Committee. Cases must be sufficiently healthy to be trained to agricultural labour, or other useful pursuits. Boys receive school instruction, and also training in farm work, domestic work, and tailoring and shoemaking. **Management**.—By Committee appointed by the founders of the institution, with power to add to their number. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £1,223; Government and School Board grants, £486; Reformatory and Refuge Union grant, £27. **Inmates**.—Act cases, 24; voluntary cases, 62. Bankers, Sharples & Co., New Barnet. Hon. Superintendent and Treasurer, Lieut.-Colonel W. J. Gillum, Church Hill House, East Barnet; Master, Mr. John Bowden.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR CATHOLIC BOYS (1872, 1878), St. Vincent's, Dartford, Kent.

Object.—The maintenance and education of Catholic boys. **Admission**.—By committal of magistrates. Boys are brought up for trade or service. On leaving, situations are sought for them. Some are assisted to emigrate. Age of admission, 9 to 13 years; of leaving, 16. **Management**.—By resident and honorary managers, the former being Brothers of the Presentation Order. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £3,397; industrial earnings, £260. **Inmates**.—200, full number. Superior, Brother J. S. Cogan; Chaplain, Rev. R. V. Collinson.

SURREY COUNTY INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1887), Mayford, Woking.

Object.—The education and industrial training of boys committed by magistrates for the County of Surrey, under the Industrial Schools Act (1866) and the Education Acts. Boys are received between the ages of 8 and 14 years, who are fit for industrial training, and they are clothed, boarded, and trained as tailors, shoemakers, carpenters, gardeners, and farm-labourers. They are detained in the school until the age of 16, unless, by good conduct and progress, they are considered fit to be sooner discharged on license. **Management**.—By Committee of Magistrates, the school being supported by the grant from Government, supplemented by payments from the Surrey county rates. **Inmates** (1887).—147. Superintendent and Matron, Mr. and Mrs. Ridpath; Corresponding Manager, the Clerk of the Peace, Sessions House, Newington, S.E.

MANCHESTER CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS (1846), Ardwick Green (established 1859); and Barnes Home, Heaton Mersey (established 1871). (For the Girls' School see p. 519.)

Object.—To receive boys under the Industrial Schools Act, 1866, and the Elementary Education Act, 1876, and train them for various industrial pursuits. **Admission**.—By magistrate's order. Payment, under 14th or 15th sections of the Industrial Schools Act, 1866, under 10 years of age, 3s.; over 10, 2s. per week; under 16th section of that Act, any age, 5s. per week. Under 12th section of the Elementary Education Act, 1876: 1st sub-section, 5s.; 2nd sub-section, 3s. 6d. per week; together with, in each case, £1. 5s. on entering, and £2. 10s. on leaving the Schools, for clothing. No child can be received, unless committed until 16 years of age. **Management**.—By Committee. **Income**

(1888).—Ardwick Green School: charitable contributions, £121; Government grants, £2,373; School Boards and county grants, &c., £1,267; invested funds, £208; profits on industrial work, £640. Barnes Home: charitable contributions, £269; Government grants, £3,113; School Boards and Union grants, £1,641; payments for voluntary cases, £15. **Inmates.**—Ardwick Green, 200; Barnes Home, 275. Bankers, Union Bank of Manchester, Limited. Treasurer, J. F. Roberts, Esq., J.P.; Hon. Sec., John T. Anderson, Esq., 10 Swinton Avenue, Plymouth Grove, Manchester.

TRAINING SHIPS.

(See also Explanatory Note on p. 299.)

‘SHAFTESBURY’ TRAINING SHIP (1878), off Grays, Essex.

Object.—To receive boys between the ages of 12 and 14, sent at the instance of the School Board for London under the Industrial Schools Act, 1866, and Elementary Education Acts, 1870 and 1876, and train them for sea service as seamen, cooks, stewards, tailors, or band boys for army or navy. **Admission.**—By warrant signed by a London magistrate. Boys are received between the ages of 12 and 14 years. Metropolitan cases only are eligible. Payment is made from School Board rate, including Treasury grant and contributions from boys' parents. Clothing is provided. **Inmates** remain until 16 years of age (unless previously licensed out). **Management.**—By Industrial Schools' Committee appointed by the School Board for London. **Income** (1887-8).—Government grant, £2,930; industrial earnings, £7; School Board for London, £6,729; sundries, £14. Accommodation for 500. Clerk to Managers, J. C. Whiddington, Esq., School Board for London, Victoria Embankment, W.C.; Captain-Superintendent, William Scriven, Grays, Essex.

HUMBER INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL SHIP ‘SOUTHAMPTON’ (1868), Hull.

Object.—To receive boys of 11 years of age and upwards, under the Industrial Schools Act, 1866, and train them for a seafaring life. **Admission.**—By magistrate's warrant or order. Application must be made to T. Heaton Haller, Secretary, 26 Scale Lane, Hull. Boys are received between the ages of 11 and 14 years. Certificates of age are required. Schedules, setting forth the full particulars of the case, are provided. Metropolitan cases are eligible. Payment of 7s. per week required, including Home Office allowance, and sending Authority's contribution. Clothing is provided. **Inmates** remain until 16 years of age. **Management.**—By a Committee appointed at Annual Meeting of subscribers and donors. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £143; Home Office allowance, £3,356; payments from School Boards and Unions, &c., for boys, £889; industrial earnings, £855; miscellaneous, £265. **Inmates.**—221. Bankers, Samuel Smith Brothers & Co., Hull. Treasurer, Dudley R. Smith, Esq.; Captain-Superintendent, Admiral George D. Broad; Sec., T. Heaton Haller.

‘HAVANNAH’ CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL AND RAGGED SCHOOL SHIP (1855), Grange Road, Cardiff.

Object.—To receive boys, committed by magistrates, under the Industrial Schools Acts, as boarders, and train them for a life of honest industry, at sea or on shore. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Secretary or Superintendent on board. Age of admission, 8 to 14 years. Certificates of health, mental and bodily, are required, and an under-

taking, from some responsible person, that the maintenance capitation shall be punctually paid. Boys who are diseased in mind or body are ineligible. Metropolitan cases are eligible. Payment, 7s. per week each, including Treasury allowance. Clothing is provided. *Management*.—By Treasurer and Secretary, under direction of a Committee. *Income* (1887).—Charitable contributions, £63; Treasury allowance, £688; contributions from counties, £748; industrial earnings, £222. *Inmates*.—84. Bankers, Wilkins & Co., Cardiff. Treasurer, David Roberts, Esq., Cardiff; Superintendent, Mr. James Colman; Hon. Sec., Jonas Watson, Esq., The Lodge, Llandaff.

BEDFORD, ST. FRANCIS' HOME (Roman Catholic) INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1870), Shefford, near Bedford (certified also under Education of Pauper Children Act). *Inmates* (1887).—66. Rev. Wm. Canon Collis.

BIRKENHEAD ALBERT INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS (1866), Corporation Road, for 100 boys and girls; between 8 and 14 preferred. Voluntary cases on payment, according to circumstances; some free. *Inmates* (1887).—Boys, 85; girls, 32. John Lamb, Esq., County Court Offices, Birkenhead.

BIRMINGHAM CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1868), Gem Street, Birmingham, for 150 boys. Age preferred, 10 to 14. If committed under sections 14 or 15, 1s. 6d. per week; if under section 16, 4s. 6d. per week. *Inmates* (1887).—147. Mr. E. M. Sharp, 120 Colmore Row, Birmingham.

BIRMINGHAM, PENN STREET INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1863), Penn Street, Deritend, Birmingham, for 60 boys. Age preferred, 10 to 12. *Inmates* (1887).—61. W. A. Smith, Esq., 84 Moseley Street, Birmingham.

BIRMINGHAM TOWN COUNCIL INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1868), Shustoke, Coleshill, for 150 boys. Age preferred, 8 to 16. From Birmingham, free. *Inmates* (1887).—144. E. Orford Smith, Esq., Town Clerk, Birmingham.

BLANDFORD INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1881), Milborne St. Andrew, near Blandford. *Inmates* (1887).—59. J. C. Mansell Pleydell, Esq., Whatcombe, Blandford.

BOLTON AND COUNTY OF LANCASTER CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1870), Lostock Junction, near Bolton, for 180 boys. Age preferred, 7 to 13. *Inmates* (1887).—190. William Nicholson, Esq., Market Street, Bolton.

BRIGHTON SCHOOL BOARD INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1875), Chailey, near Lewes, for 60 boys, chiefly sent by Brighton School Board, and East Sussex Magistrates. Age preferred, 8 to 14. *Inmates* (1887).—54. Clerk to the School Board, 54 Old Steine, Brighton.

BRIGHTON AND PRESTON SCHOOL BOARD TRUANT INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1882), Purley Lodge, Patcham. *Inmates* (1887).—32. Clerk to the School Board, 54 Old Steine, Brighton.

BRISTOL, PARK ROW CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1859), Park Row, for 70 boys. Age preferred, 10 to 14. Payment to be made up to 7s. per week. *Inmates* (1887).—85. Edward Leonard, Esq.

BRISTOL SCHOOL BOARD TRUANT INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1883), 9 Southwell Street, Bristol. *Inmates* (1887).—37. Clerk to the School Board, Bristol.

- BRISTOL**, TRAINING SHIP 'FORMIDABLE' (with her tender the 'Polly') (1869), Portishead, near Bristol, for 350 boys. Age preferred, 11 to 14. Voluntary cases are taken at £18 per annum. *Inmates* (1887).—339. Henry Fedden, Esq., 5 Royal Insurance Buildings, Bristol.
- CANNINGTON INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1868), near Bridgwater (Roman Catholic). *Inmates* (1887).—102. Canon Clarke, Bishop's House, Clifton, Bristol.
- CHESTER CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1863), Boughton, Chester, for 30 boys and 30 girls, committed for not less than two years; those between 10 and 14 preferred. *Inmates* (1887).—126. A. O. Walker, Esq., Lead Works, Chester.
- CLIFTON CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1866), Clifton Wood, Bristol, for 180 boys. Over 9 years of age preferred. *Inmates* (1887).—188. W. R. Garrett, Esq., 15 Beaconsfield Road, Clifton.
- CORNWALL INDUSTRIAL TRAINING SHIP 'MOUNT EDGCOMBE'** (1877), off Saltash, for 250 boys. Age preferred, 12 to 16. For committed cases. *Inmates* (1887).—208. Thos. Pitts, jun., Esq.
- CUMBERLAND COUNTY INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL**, Cockermouth (1881). *Inmates* (1887).—158. J. H. Hodgson, Esq., Clerk of the Peace, Carlisle.
- DEVON AND EXETER BOYS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1869), Exminster, near Exeter, for 70 boys. Age preferred, 9 to 14. *Inmates* (1887).—66. B. J. Ford, Esq., Exeter.
- DURHAM COUNTY INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS** (1885), Earl's House, Wotton Gilbert, near Durham. *Inmates* (1887).—125. Clerk of the Peace, Durham.
- ESSEX INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL AND HOME FOR DESTITUTE BOYS** (1873), Primrose Hill, Chelmsford, for 150 boys. Age preferred, 7 to 10. Voluntary cases, fatherless and destitute, £15 per annum. *Inmates* (1887).—150. J. Brittain Pash, Esq., Chelmsford.
- FIELD LANE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1870), Hillfield Road, West Hampstead, N.W. *Inmates* (1887).—105. Mr. P. Platt, Field Lane Refuge, Vine Street, Clerkenwell Road, E.C. (*See also* p. 430.)
- GATESHEAD-ON-TYNE, ABBOT MEMORIAL INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1869), Durham Road, for 150 boys and girls; between 8 and 13 preferred; voluntary cases on payment. *Inmates* (1887).—148. J. G. Angus, Esq., Fell Cottage, Low Fell, Gateshead-on-Tyne.
- HEREFORDSHIRE AND DISTRICT WORKING BOYS' HOME, AND CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1877), Bath Street, Hereford, for 50 boys, either committed or voluntary cases. The latter must be destitute. Preference given to orphans between 9 and 14 years of age. *Inmates* (1887).—81. A. G. Levason, Esq., 12 Bridge Street, Hereford.
- HULL SCHOOL BOARD TRUANT INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1884), Marlborough Terrace, Hull. *Inmates* (1887).—84. Clerk to the School Board, Hull.
- JERSEY INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1867), Gouray, Jersey (certified under Local Act), for 136 boys. Between the ages of 7 and 14 preferred. Non-local cases admitted. Payment for voluntary cases, 4s. 1d. to 5s. per week.

- KENT COUNTY INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS FOR BOYS (1875)**, Kingsnorth, near Ashford. *Inmates* (1887).—166. Chairman of Committee of Visitors, Earl Stanhope.
- LEEDS SCHOOL BOARD INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS (1862)**, Shadwell Lane, Moortown, Leeds, for 150 boys from Leeds. Age preferred, 7 to 16. *Inmates* (1887).—179. Clerk to the School Board, St. Andrew's Chambers, Park Row, Leeds.
- LEICESTER SCHOOL BOARD INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR BOYS (1881)**, Deaford, near Leicester. *Inmates* (1887).—197. Clerk to the School Board, Leicester.
- LIVERPOOL SCHOOL BOARD TRUANT SCHOOL (1878)**, High Town, near Liverpool, for 136 boys under sections 11 and 12 of the Elementary Education Act of 1876. Age preferred, 7 to 13. *Inmates* (1887).—102. Clerk to the School Board, Liverpool.
- LIVERPOOL CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS (1864)**, Everton Terrace, Liverpool, for 200 boys. Age preferred, 6 to 13. *Inmates* (1887).—204. Thomas Higgin, Esq., Tower Buildings West, Water Street, Liverpool.
- LIVERPOOL, HOLY TRINITY CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS (1870)**, 77 Grafton Street, Toxteth Park, Liverpool, for 200 boys. Age 7 to 14. Voluntary cases on payment of 6s. per week. *Inmates* (1887).—204. Rev. Canon H. Postance.
- LIVERPOOL, BOYS' REFUGE (Roman Catholic) INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1869)**, 62 St. Anne Street, Liverpool, for 150 boys. Committed and voluntary destitute cases, free. Age preferred, 9 to 11. *Inmates* (1887).—128. Rev. James Nugent.
- LIVERPOOL, BOYS' ORPHANAGE (Roman Catholic) INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1868)**, Beacon Lane, Everton, Liverpool, for 200 boys. Voluntary cases admitted. Age preferred, 8 to 11. *Inmates* (1887).—227. Sister Superior, Sister Vincent Morrogh.
- LIVERPOOL, ST. GEORGE'S (Roman Catholic) BOYS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1861)**, 137A West Derby Road, Liverpool, for 275 boys. Age preferred, 10 to 14. Payment from authorities, 1s. per week and upwards, according to section of commitment. *Inmates* (1887).—273. John Jump, Esq., 11 Drury Lane, Liverpool.
- MACCLESFIELD RAGGED AND CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS (1866)**, Brook Street, Macclesfield, for 134 Protestant boys. Age preferred, 8 to 12. Payment to be made up to 6s. per week. Admission fee, £1. 5s.; discharge, £2. 10s. *Inmates* (1887).—147. John Smale, Esq., Bollin Mill, Brook Street, Manchester.
- MANCHESTER, ST. JOSEPH'S (Roman Catholic) BOYS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1871)**, 8 Richmond Grove, Longsight, Manchester, for 300 boys. Age preferred, 10. *Inmates* (1887).—405. The Brother Director.
- MANCHESTER, ST. JOSEPH'S WORKING BOYS' HOME (1882)**. *Inmates* (1887).—25. The Brother Director.
- MIDDLESBOROUGH SCHOOL BOARD INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1874)**, Linthorpe, Middlesborough, for 55 boys. Age preferred, 10 to 12. From Middlesborough, free. *Inmates* (1887).—50. Clerk to the School Board, Middlesborough.
- MILTON INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1875)**, Parrock Hall, Milton, near Gravesend. *Inmates* (1887).—160. Rev. Dr. Stephenson, 5 Church Terrace, Victoria Park, E.

- NEWCASTLE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS** (1859), New Road, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, for 160 boys and girls from the locality; between 8 and 12 preferred. Utterly destitute voluntary cases, free. *Inmates* (1887).—182. R. S. Watson, Esq., 101 Pilgrim St., Newcastle-on-Tyne.
- NEWCASTLE, CHADWICK MEMORIAL INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR ROMAN CATHOLIC BOYS** (1882), Town Moor, Newcastle-on-Tyne. *Inmates* (1887).—138. Edward Leadbitter, Esq., St. John's Chambers, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
- NORTH WALES, CITY OF CHESTER, AND BORDER COUNTIES TRAINING SHIP SOCIETY** (1877), 'Clio' Training Ship, off Bangor, for 250 boys. Age preferred, 12 to 15. Destitute and poor respectable, voluntary cases, £20 per annum. *Inmates* (1887).—254. H. T. Brown, Esq., Northgate Street, Chester.
- PLYMOUTH, SCHOOL BOARD TRUANT INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1882), Laira House, Plymouth. *Inmates* (1887).—27. The Clerk to the School Board.
- PURBROOK INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1868), Cosham, Hants, for 70 boys. Age preferred, 10 to 14. *Inmates* (1887).—66. W. H. Deverell, Esq., Purbrook Park, Cosham.
- SHEFFIELD SCHOOL BOARD TRUANT INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1879), Hollow Meadows, near Sheffield. *Inmates* (1887).—64. Clerk to the School Board, Sheffield.
- SHIBDEN (Roman Catholic) INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1877), Shibden, near Halifax, for 130 boys. Age preferred, 8. Payment, at least, 2s. per week. *Inmates* (1887).—148. J. L. Lister, Esq., Shibden Hall, near Halifax.
- SOMERSET HOME FOR BOYS AND CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1866), Twerton-on-Avon, Bath, for 180 boys. Age preferred, 10 to 14. Payment for committed cases to be made up to 7s. per week; voluntary, 7s. per week. *Inmates* (1887).—164. Miss Sheppard, 26 Marlborough Buildings, Bath.
- SOMERSET WORKING BOY'S HOME (Auxiliary Branch)** (1882), 16 Albert Buildings, Bath. Miss Coots.
- SOUTH SHIELDS, 'WELLESLEY' TRAINING SHIP INSTITUTION** (1868, 1874), Certified also under Education of Pauper Children Act, for 300 boys unconvicted of crime. Age preferred, 12 to 14. Committed cases received from all parts. Voluntary, on payment of £20 per annum. *Inmates* (1887).—290. Mr. Hugh Panton, 38 Side, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
- SOUTH SHIELDS, GREEN'S HOME INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1884), Mile End Road, South Shields. A branch of the 'Wellesley' Training Ship (*see above*), where the boys are sent on attaining the age of 12. *Inmates* (1887).—51. Mr. Hugh Panton, 38 Side, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
- STAFFORD COUNTY INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1868), Werrington, near Stoke-on-Trent, for 120 boys from the county. Age, over 10 preferred. *Inmates* (1887).—130. M. F. Blakiston, Esq., Clerk of the Peace, Stafford.
- STANDON BRIDGE, BOYS' FARM HOME** (1885), Standon Bridge, near Eccleshall, Staffordshire. Established by the Church of England Waifs and Strays Society. *Inmates* (1887).—49. E. de M. Rudolf, Esq., 32 Charing Cross, S.W.

STOCKPORT, BISHOP BROWN MEMORIAL INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1885), for Roman Catholic boys. **Inmates (1887).**—27. Rev. James Robinson, St. Joseph's, Stockport.

STOCKPORT CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1866), Town End House, Stockport, for 150 boys. Age preferred, 9 to 12. **Inmates (1887).**—140. Rev. E. Hedley, Banks Lane, Stockport.

SUNDERLAND BOYS' CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1865), Silver Street, Sunderland, for 100 boys. Age preferred, 10 to 13. Cases committed at Sunderland, 1s. per week. **Inmates (1887).**—84. William Tone, Esq., Sunderland.

SWANSEA SCHOOL BOARD TRUANT INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1882), Bonymaen, near Swansea. **Inmates (1887).**—36. Clerk to the School Board, 7 Rutland Street, Swansea.

WINCHESTER, ST. SWITHIN'S INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR BOYS (1872), Upper Brook Street, Winchester, for 80 boys. Age preferred, 8 to 14. **Inmates (1887).**—82. Rev. George Seymour.

YORK CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL RAGGED SCHOOL (1858), Marygate, Bootham, York, for 120 boys. Age preferred, 10 to 14. Payment, 1s. to 4s. per week, according to the section under which committed. **Inmates (1887).**—122. C. M. Luden, Esq., 4 Bootham Terrace, York.

GIRLS' CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

(See Note on p. 497.)

MIDDLESEX INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS (1881), Bedfont, Feltham.

Object.—To rescue young girls, and train them on Church of England principles for domestic service. **Admission.**—By committal, or by order of magistrates, under the provisions of the 29 and 30 Vict., c. 118. Girls are received between the ages of 11 and 14 years. Parents must be living in Middlesex. Penitentiary cases ineligible. No payment required. Girls must be of a sound constitution, and free from any mental or physical defect, such as loss of limb, eyesight, lameness, fit for industrial training, and must be ordered such a term of detention as will ensure their reaching the full age of 16 years before its expiration. Clothes are provided. Inmates are taught up to Standard VI. Cooking, and all kinds of domestic work. They remain until the age of 16, unless the time is lessened by the Home Secretary. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by subscribers. **Expenditure (1887).**—£259. **Inmates.**—13. Bankers, Ransom, Bouverie, & Co. Treasurer, Lord Saye and Sele, Castle Hill, Reading; Lady Superintendent, Miss Bellamy.

SCHOOL OF DISCIPLINE (1825, certified 1859), 2 Queen's Road West, Chelsea, S.W.

Object.—'The reformation of dishonest, neglected, or destitute female children,' and their preparation for domestic service. **Admission.**—Between 8 and 13 years of age; if sent by a magistrate's order, or in exceptional cases, under 14. Girls are not received for less than two years. They are taught reading, writing, arithmetic, needlework, knitting, and household and laundry work. The lowest terms are 5s. per week for children whose parents live in London, or within eight miles, except in special cases. A small number of girls are received from more

remote places at 6s. weekly. Payments to be made in advance. Cases sent by magistrates pay 7s. per week. All cases must furnish security from householders, and certificates of health and birth, and if possible baptism. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £129; payments for inmates, £652; industrial earnings, £36; grant from Refuge and Reformatory Union, £8. **Inmates.**—44. Bankers, London and County Bank (Westminster Branch). Treasurer, E. B. Savill, Esq., 30 St. George's Road, S.W.; Hon. Secretaries, Miss Deacon, Miss Kennedy.

INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR GIRLS (1852), 125 Sloane Street, S.W.

Object.—'To receive young girls who, through loss of their parents, bad examples at their homes, or other unhappy circumstances, are peculiarly exposed to temptation.' **Admission.**—(a) By order of magistrates; (b) By application to the Hon. Secretary or to the Committee, which meets every month at the Home, and payment. Girls must be between 8 and 14 years of age. The parents or patrons of each child are expected to contribute towards her maintenance the sum of 5s. a week. Medical certificate and, if possible, baptismal certificate required. Inmates remain at least two years, after which, when their age, &c., permits, places of service are sought for them. **Management.**—Committee of ladies. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £196; invested funds, £81; industrial earnings, £45; payments for inmates, £816; sale of work, £22. **Inmates.**—52. Bankers, Drummonds. Treasurer, A. Stirling, Esq.; Sub-Treasurer, Miss Barney, 16 Lupus Street, S.W.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Hopwood, 11 Cadogan Place, S.W.

ST. JUDE'S HOME AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1864), 9 Franklin's Row, Chelsea, S.W. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—The industrial training of destitute girls. **Admission.**—By committal, or at discretion of the manager. Girls are received between the ages of 7 and 12 years. Girls suffering from fits, idiocy, or scrofula are ineligible. Cases may be admitted at once if there is a vacancy. Payment, £16 per annum, due three or six months in advance, including board, lodging, schooling, industrial training, and clothing. A uniform is worn. Inmates are trained for domestic service. They leave at the age of about 16 years. **Management.**—By the Hon. Mrs. H. R. Farrer and the matron, who is appointed by and acts under her. **Income** (1882).—Charitable contributions, £139. 16s. 6d.; payments for inmates, £309. 7s. 2d.; industrial earnings, £18. 15s.; Government and School Board grant, £255. 18s. 9d.; parish authorities, &c., £20. 15s.; Reformatory and Refuge Union grant; £42. 2s. 1d. **Inmates** (1887).—40. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurer, Hon. Sec., and Supt., Hon. Mrs. H. R. Farrer.

THE GIRLS' HOME (1866), 22 and 41 Charlotte Street, Portland Place, W.

Object.—'To receive destitute girls of any age (average 12 years) and from any part of England, provided they have not been convicted of crime; and to develop habits of order, cleanliness, and industry, as a preparation for domestic service or some other useful calling in life.' **Admission.**—Forms of application can be obtained from the superintendent; these, when filled up, should be returned to her to be laid before the Committee. There is no voting system in connection with this Institution; every application is considered by the Committee simply on

its own merits. The Home is expressly for the homeless. Young women, old pupils, are sometimes admitted into the Home while out of service, on payment. The girls are employed in house-work and cookery; in making and mending their own clothes; in washing, &c. They are all clothed, fed, and lodged in the Institution; and are brought up in the principles of the Church of England. They are also instructed in reading, writing, arithmetic, and singing, in school for about three hours daily. The Committee provide an outfit for each one who leaves the Home with a good character. Inmates are sent to the seaside in the summer. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £694; invested funds, £34; industrial profits, £84. **Inmates** (1887).—42. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England, Baker Street. Treasurer, W. R. Moberly, Esq., 32 Upper Hamilton Terrace, N.W.; Superintendent, Mrs. Pearson.

THE GOOD SHEPHERD CHILDREN'S HOME (1865), Leytonstone, E. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—A certified industrial school for 40 girls under 13 years, rescued under the Industrial Schools Act Amendment Act, from persons or houses of ill-fame. **Admission.**—For voluntary cases, by application to the 'Mother' and payment in advance of £3. 10s. a quarter, and £2 admission fee for clothing. No outfit required. Forms of medical certificate of freedom from disease, and promise of removal if required, must be obtained from the Mother. **Management.**—'Arrangements are being made for a regular constitution.' **Income** (1882).—Charitable contributions, £99. 12s. 9d.; inmates' payments (voluntary), £165. 3s. 6d. Treasury and School Board, £490; laundry, £300. 'Mainly the Foundress's private property.' **Inmates.**—'Always full.' Bankers, Bank of England. Foundress, Miss Cotton.

ST. MARGARET'S INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1871), Holcombe House, Mill Hill, Hendon, N.W.

Object.—The industrial training of destitute Catholic girls. **Admission.**—By committal, or at discretion of lady superintendent. Girls are received between the ages of 6 and 16. Children with any bodily or mental disease, bad eyes, or skin affection, are ineligible as a rule, but are sometimes received. Admission can be obtained at once, on committal, or if the payment of a pension is guaranteed. Payment, £14 a year, including everything. Inmates are trained for domestic service, and needlework. They leave at the age of 16, but are sometimes kept longer. **Management.**—By a Superioress and Sisters appointed by the Cardinal Archbishop of Westminster. **Total cost** (1887).—£1,653; industrial profits, £164. **Inmates** (1887).—96. Hon. Sec., Rev. Thos. Seddon; Corresponding Manager, Miss Mary H. Porter.

KING EDWARD REFUGE AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1846), Andrews' Road, Cambridge Heath, E.

Object.—'The reception, education, and training for domestic service of young girls dealt with by the magistrates under the Industrial Schools' Act, and for other helpless, destitute, or neglected cases.' **Admission.**—By committal, or at discretion of the Committee. Age from 6 to 13. Beds are reserved for voluntary cases, who pay according to necessities. Besides schoolwork and drill, girls are taught housework, cooking, sewing, knitting, and laundrywork. Marks are given for efficiency, which are exchangeable for money placed to their credit in the savings bank. Girls leave at 16. Girls who have earned a good character are sent to service,

with an outfit worth about £5. 5s. Others are sent to their friends.

Management.—Board, appointed by Annual Meeting of subscribers.
Income (1887).—Charitable contributions, £197; dividend and legacy, £35; Government grant, £1,729; School Boards, £1,387. **Inmates.**—174. Bankers, Smith, Payne, & Smiths. Treasurer, H. N. Williams, Esq., Highgate; Hon. Sec., Mr. J. H. Lloyd, 6 Lime Street, E.C.

PRINCESS MARY VILLAGE HOMES FOR LITTLE GIRLS (1870), Addlestone, Surrey. Offices, 143 Clapham Road, S.W.

Object.—The maintenance and education of female children—(1) who shall have had a parent convicted of crime; (2) who have no home; (3) who are otherwise circumstanced as to be particularly exposed to demoralising influences. **Admission.**—By order of magistrates, or justices of the peace, under the Industrial Schools Act, or other Act; also gratuitously, or by payment, according to circumstances, at discretion of the hon. lady managers, preference being given to such children as have had a parent convicted of crime. The inmates are divided into groups of not more than twenty, living in separate houses under the care of a suitable person. The religious teaching is evangelical. Girls are taught washing, baking, needlework, and housework. **Management.**—By the ladies of the C. W. M. Association (see pp. 523-4). **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £783; invested funds, £12; payments for inmates, £365; industrial earnings, £605; Government and county grant, £2,274. **Inmates.**—234. Bankers, Union Bank, Charing Cross. Hon. Managers, Ladies of the C. W. M. Association. Treasurer, Right Hon. Sir Henry Selwin Ibbetson, Bart., M.P.; Trustees' Secretary, John Ellerton, Esq.

NORTHUMBERLAND VILLAGE HOMES (1880), Whitley-by-the-Sea, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

Object.—'For the reception of homeless and destitute girls, unconvicted of crime.' **Admission.**—Cases are admitted either under magistrates' order or voluntarily. Application should be made to the Secretary. Age of admission, 6 to 11 years, except under special circumstances. Inmates are received from any part of England. Payment both for cases sent by magistrates and for voluntary cases, according to such terms as may be agreed upon. The industrial training comprises washing, sewing, cooking, dress-making, and all domestic duties. Girls remain until 16 years of age, when, on leaving, situations are found for them, and they are provided with an outfit. Each home contains 12 to 16 children. **Management.**—By a Committee of ladies and gentlemen. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £440; legacy, £150; payments for voluntary inmates, £71; Treasury allowance, £885; payment by School Boards and Boards of Guardians, £547. **Inmates** (on June 30, 1888).—112. Bankers, Woods & Co., Newcastle-on-Tyne. Treasurer, James Hall, Esq.; Secretary, Mr. Hugh Panton, 38 Side, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

BATH INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (1870), 17 Walcot Parade, Bath, for 60 girls. Age preferred, 8 to 14. Payment to be made up to 6s. per week. **Inmates** (1887).—84. Miss E. M. Sheppard, 26 Marlboro' Buildings, Bath.

BIRKENHEAD, ALBERT INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL (see p. 510).

- BOWDON GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL HOME** (1884), Peel's Causeway, Bowdon, near Altrincham, Cheshire. *Inmates* (1887).—28. Mrs. Crossley, Fairlie, Bowdon.
- BRISTOL CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1867), Stanhope House, Somerset Street, Kingsdown, Bristol, for 50 girls. Age preferred, 10 to 16. *Inmates* (1887).—60. Mrs. C. Croggan, Beaufort Road, Clifton.
- BRISTOL CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL BOARD SCHOOL** (1874), Carlton House, Southwell Street, Bristol, for 50 girls. Age preferred, under 14. School Board cases only. *Inmates* (1887).—57. Clerk to the School Board, Guildhall, Bristol.
- CHESTER CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (*see* p. 511).
- COSHAM, PORTSMOUTH, AND SOUTH HANTS GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1881), Sydenham House, Waterloo, Cosham. *Inmates* (1887).—29. Major-Gen. J. W. Younghusband, Southsea.
- COVENTRY, GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL HOME** (1863), 43 Leicester Street, Coventry, for 24 girls. Age preferred, 10 to 14. Voluntary cases—orphans, children of criminals, and unruly children—5s. per week. *Inmates* (1887).—19. Rev. F. M. Beaumont, Holy Trinity Vicarage, Coventry.
- CROYDON, ST. MARY'S INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1871, 1886), Wellealey Road, West Croydon (Roman Catholic). Age preferred, 5 to 10. Voluntary cases, £13 per annum. *Inmates* (1887).—71. Superioress, Catherine Dempsey.
- DORSET HOME AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1872), West Street, Poole, Dorset, for 70 girls. Age preferred, 7 to 12. Dorset cases, committed or voluntary, 3s. per week. *Inmates* (1887).—105. Rev. Carr J. Glyn, Stanbridge Rectory, Wimborne.
- FAKENHAM INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1868), Fakenham, Norfolk (certified also under Education of Pauper Children Act), for 65 girls. Above 14 years old preferred. County cases, 2s. per week; voluntary cases, trained for service, from 3s. 6d. to 6s. 6d. per week. *Inmates* (1887).—60. Miss Hamond, Fakenham.
- FIELD LANE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1876), 9 Church Row, Hampstead, N.W. *Inmates* (1887).—81. Mr. P. Platt. (*See* p. 430).
- GATESHEAD, ABBOT MEMORIAL INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (*see* p. 511).
- HALSTEAD CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1869), Halstead, Essex, for 60 girls. Age preferred, 6 to 12. Payment for voluntary cases according to arrangement. *Inmates* (1887).—60. Miss Lucy Greenwood, Halstead.
- HEMEL HEMPSTEAD, GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL HOME** (1884), George Street, Hemel Hempstead. Established by the Church of England Waifs and Strays Society. A junior school, only receiving cases under the Industrial Schools Act, 1880. *Inmates* (1887).—19. E. de M. Rudolf, Esq., 32 Charing Cross, S.W.
- HULL SCHOOL BOARD INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS** (1884), Elmfield House, Providence Row, Beverley Road, Hull. *Inmates* (1887).—22. Clerk to the School Board, Hull.
- LANGLEY GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1882), Langley Furze, near Slough. *Inmates* (1887).—19. Miss Lucy Charlton, 6 Eaton Terrace, S.W.

- LEEDS, BECKETT HOME FOR GIRLS** (1887), Meanwood, Leeds. Established by the Church of England Waifs and Strays Society for the reception of children under the Industrial Schools Act, 1880. **Inmates** (1887).—14. E. de M. Rudolf, Esq., 32 Charing Cross, S.W.
- LEEDS INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR GIRLS** (1870), Windsor House, Windsor Street, Burmantofts, Leeds, for 78 girls. Age preferred, 7 to 15. Unmanageable girls also received as voluntary cases. **Inmates** (1887).—88. Mrs. Schunck, Gledhow Wood, Leeds.
- LIVERPOOL INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1878), 27 Northumberland Terrace, Everton, Liverpool, for 100 girls. Age preferred, 6 to 14. Payment for voluntary cases, 6s. per week. **Inmates** (1887).—105. T. Higgin, Esq.
- LIVERPOOL (Roman Catholic) FEMALE ORPHANAGE** (1868), 47A Falkner Street, Liverpool, for 120 destitute orphans. Age preferred, 5 to 11. **Inmates** (1887).—108. Donald Kennedy, Esq., 3 India Buildings, Water Street, Liverpool.
- LIVERPOOL, ST. ANNE'S (Roman Catholic) INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1867, 1886), Freshfield, near Formby, Liverpool, for 120 girls. Under 10 years old preferred. **Inmates** (1887).—156. Sister-Superior, Cécile Robinson.
- LIVERPOOL, ST. MARY'S CERTIFIED GIRLS' HOME** (1861, 1878), Walton Road, Kirkdale, for 50 girls. Age preferred, 8 to 13. **Inmates** (1887).—94. Rev. Canon T. Major Lester, 284 Netherfield Road, Everton, Liverpool.
- LIVERPOOL, ST. ELIZABETH'S (Roman Catholic) CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1861), 64 Breckfield Road South, Liverpool, for 100 girls. Between 9 and 13, and the most destitute, preferred. Terms by arrangement. **Inmates** (1887).—93. Rev. H. Finch.
- LIVERPOOL INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS** (1885), 13 Nile Street. **Inmates** (1887).—44. Rev. Canon Postance.
- MANCHESTER, CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1877), Sale, near Manchester, for 100 girls, from any locality. Between 8 and 14 preferred. Payment, for Manchester cases, to be made up to 6s. 6d. per week; for others, to 7s. **Inmates** (1887).—100. J. T. Anderson, Esq., 62 King Street, Manchester. (*See also* p. 508).
- MANCHESTER, ST. JOSEPH'S (Roman Catholic) GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1871), Victoria Road, Victoria Park, Manchester, for 100 girls; 10 years of age preferred. **Inmates** (1887).—126. Sister-Superior, Mary Gunning.
- NEWBURY, GIRLS' HOME INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1885), Hill House, Cold Ash, Newbury, Berks. Established by the Church of England Waifs and Strays Society, intended principally for children sent under the Industrial Schools Amendment Act, 1880. **Inmates** (1887).—26. E. de M. Rudolf, Esq., 32 Charing Cross.
- NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE, ASHBURTON HOUSE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1884), for Roman Catholic girls, Gosforth, Newcastle-on-Tyne. **Inmates** (1887).—63. The Sister-Superior.
- NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS** (1859), New Road, Newcastle-on-Tyne. **Inmates** (1887).—48. R. S. Watson, Esq., 101 Pilgrim Street, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

- NORTHUMBERLAND ASSOCIATION'S INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR GIRLS** (1885), Plain Mellor, Haltwhistle. *Inmates* (1887).—13. R. R. Carr, Esq., 42 Pilgrim Street, Newcastle-on-Tyne.
- PLYMOUTH, GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL HOME** (1883), 1 Marina Place, Mutley, Plymouth. *Inmates* (1887).—39. H. Greenway, Esq., 18 Frankfort Street, Plymouth.
- PRESTON LADIES' INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR GIRLS** (1884), Yarrow Cottage, Croston, near Preston. *Inmates* (1887).—24. Mrs. Master, Rectory, Croston.
- SALISBURY, ST. ELIZABETH'S (Roman Catholic) INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1870), Exeter Street, Salisbury (certified also under Education of Pauper Children Act), for 60 girls. Between 6 and 14 preferred. Payment, 5s. per week over 10; 3s. under. *Inmates* (1887).—83. Sister-Superior, G. Chatelain.
- STOCKPORT GIRLS' CERTIFIED INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1877, 1888), 58 Churchgate, Stockport, for 50 girls, from any locality. Between 8 and 12 preferred. *Inmates* (1887).—46.
- SUNDERLAND GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1869), 17 Tatham Street, Sunderland, for 60 girls. Between 10 and 14, and from Durham or Northumberland preferred. *Inmates* (1887).—54. T. E. Pumphrey, Esq., 3 Clifton Villas, Sunderland.
- SWANSEA GIRLS' HOME** (1885), Mountview, The Mumbles, Swansea. Established by the Church of England Waifs and Strays Society, and only intended for the reception of children under the Industrial Schools Act, 1880. *Inmates* (1887).—20. E. de M. Rudolf, Esq., 32 Charing Cross, S. W.
- TUNBRIDGE WELLS, GIRLS' HOME** (1884), Ashurst, Groombridge, near Tunbridge Wells. Established by the Church of England Waifs and Strays Society, and is intended only for the reception of senior girls sent under the Industrial Schools Act, 1880. *Inmates* (1887).—15. E. de M. Rudolf, Esq., 32 Charing Cross, S. W.
- WILTON INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR GIRLS** (1883), Stoford House, South Newton, near Salisbury. *Inmates* (1887).—13. The Countess of Pembroke.
- YORK INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS** (1877), Lowther Street, York. For 30 girls. Age preferred, 10 to 14. Payment, from 1s. to 4s., according to the section. *Inmates* (1887).—49. R. H. Feltoe, Esq., Heworth Green, York.
- YORKSHIRE CATHOLIC GIRLS' INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL** (1875, 1887), Howard Hill, Sheffield (formerly Kirkedge Industrial School). *Inmates* (1887).—100. Sister-Superior, Stephanie Crawford.

III.—PRISONERS' AID SOCIETIES.

METROPOLITAN DISCHARGED PRISONERS' AID SOCIETY (1864), 15 Buckingham Street, Strand, W.C.

Object.—'To procure honest employment and an opportunity of reformation for short term prisoners on their discharge from prison.'
Eligible for Assistance.—Prisoners discharged from H.M. Pentonville Prison, and cases referred to the Society by Metropolitan Police Court Magistrates, and all discharged prisoners as far as possible. After learning from prisoner (through the authorities) whether he will require assistance

on discharge, the Committee's agent verifies the statements. On discharge, prisoner is taken to the Secretary and is provided by the agent (so far as the means of the Society allow) with tools and clothing, and, in some cases, maintenance and lodging until employment is found. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £321; Government grant, £191; payments by prisoners and friends, £148. **Assisted.**—404. Bankers, Messrs. Drummond, 49 Charing Cross. Sec., T. Ralph Price; Agent, Mr. William Langmaid, 15 Buckingham Street, W.C., and 22 Stock Orchard Crescent, N. The 'Home' is situate at the latter address; during 1887, 106 persons were lodged in it for periods ranging from 2 to 6 days.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF DISCHARGED PRISONERS' AID SOCIETIES (1877), 32 Charing Cross, S.W.

Object.—To promote combined action amongst Discharged Prisoners' Aid Societies, the establishment of such a society in connection with every gaol, and to further the efficiency of Discharged Prisoners' Aid Societies and Refuges. **Management.**—By Council of Reformatory and Refuge Union and managers of Discharged Prisoners' Aid Societies. **Income.**—The working expenses are chiefly met by the Reformatory and Refuge Union. Hon. Sec., A. J. S. Maddison, Esq.

ROYAL SOCIETY FOR THE ASSISTANCE OF DISCHARGED PRISONERS (1857), 32 Charing Cross, S.W.

Object.—'The assistance by restoration to friends or the provision of employment for discharged male and female convicts, and soldiers discharged from the Army for misconduct.' **Admission.**—By recommendation of the Governor of the prison in which the applicant has been confined. The prisoner, on discharge, is taken to the office and is questioned as to his future prospects. If he has respectable friends, or means of employment in the country, he is sent away at once, and placed under the supervision of the police. The railway ticket is provided. He receives the instalments of his gratuity through the Society to whom he has authorised the Governor of his prison to pay it. Those who remain in the Metropolitan district are under surveillance of the Society's officers and of the Metropolitan police. They are placed in decent lodgings, and employment is sought for them. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888), exclusive of amounts received on account of prisoners.—£1,080. **Assisted.**—596. Treasurer, C. T. Murdoch, Esq., M.P.; Sec., Lieut.-Col. H. B. Buchanan.

SHERIFFS' FUND SOCIETY (1808), Old Bailey, E.C.

Object.—(1) The temporary relief of the distressed families of prisoners. (2) To afford temporary provision to persons who, upon being discharged from prison, have no means of present subsistence. (3) To purchase tools, implements, and materials for prisoners upon their discharge, to enable them to earn a living. (4) The pecuniary aid of other objects of distress, who come under the official cognizance of the Sheriffs of London and Middlesex. **Management.**—By Committee composed of ten gentlemen elected from the subscribers at the Annual Meeting. **Income** (1886-7).—From charitable contributions, £60; invested funds, £490. **Persons benefited.**—883. Bankers, Bank of England. Treasurer, Richard K. Causton, Esq., M.P.; Hon. Sec., Rev. Geo. Plaford, Chaplain of H.M. Prison, Holloway, N.

SURREY SOCIETY FOR THE EMPLOYMENT AND REFORMATION OF DISCHARGED PRISONERS (1824).

Object.—To render assistance to prisoners on discharge from prison, by (1) seeking their restoration to parents, friends, or employers, and furnishing them with the means of returning home; (2) providing a refuge at the various reformatory institutions in and about the Metropolis, and paying, when necessary, for their maintenance; (3) by giving them stock to sell, purchasing tools or clothes for them, or redeeming their goods from pledge; thus promoting and assisting, as far as possible, the efforts of discharged prisoners towards getting employment; (4) by facilitating the emigration of such as are willing to go abroad. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Secretaries. **Management.**—By a Committee, consisting of *ex-officio* and coöpted members. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £353; invested funds, £6; Government grant, £237; prisoners' friends, £13; trustees of Bishop Andrews' Charity, £75. **Persons assisted.**—929. Bankers, Dimsdale & Co. Hon. Sec., Captain Colvill, H.M. Prison, Wandsworth; Treasurer, Colonel J. S. Ross, Woodseat, West Dulwich.

ST. GILES' CHRISTIAN MISSION, HOME AND SUPPERS, Little Wild Street, Drury Lane, W.C., and 28 & 29 Brooke Street, Holborn, E.C. (Mission established 1860; work amongst discharged prisoners in 1877.)

Object.—To assist the reformation of prisoners discharged from all convict prisons. **Admission.**—Prisoners are met daily at 9 a.m., at the gates of Holloway, Pentonville, Millbank, and Wandsworth gaols, and invited, by a paper slipped into their hands, to come and take breakfast free of charge at the Mission Rooms near the prison gates. Those who are thought by the Secretary to be desirous of earning an honest living are assisted, if possible, to obtain employment. Some, at the discretion of the Superintendent or Secretary, are admitted to live in the Home, to which they are expected to pay when employment has been found for them. Application may also be made for admission by the governors and chaplains of prisons. Free suppers for thieves are also occasionally held, admission to which is obtained by special ticket. There is also a coal club, a savings bank, and a temperance society connected with the Mission, the advantages of which, together with spiritual advice, are offered by house-to-house visitors. **Management.**—By superintendent and other officers, and Committee. **Income** (1888).—General fund, £4,312; discharged prisoners, £2,695; Room for 40 inmates in the Home. Persons entertained at breakfast, 14,270; assisted with employment, money, tools, &c., 6,274. Superintendent, Mr. George Hatton, 4 Ampton Street, Regent Square, W.C.; Treasurer, F. A. Bevan, Esq., 54 Lombard Street, E.C.; Secretary, Mr. W. Wheatley, 13 Duncan Terrace, Islington, N.

BRITISH LADIES' SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING THE REFORMATION OF FEMALE PRISONERS (1821).

Admission.—Prisoners are visited in prison, and, on the recommendation of Chaplains and Magistrates, are placed on their discharge in the 'Elizabeth Fry' or some other refuge. **Management.**—By Committee and officers meeting as required. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £30; invested funds, £56. 'The objects of the British Ladies' Society and the Elizabeth Fry Refuge are now so united, that the number of prisoners assisted must be referred to those dealt with by the Elizabeth

Fry Refuge' (see below). Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurers, Miss Buxton, Miss Fowler; Sec., Miss J. A. Fry, Elizabeth Fry Refuge, Mare Street, Hackney, E.

ELIZABETH FRY REFUGE (1849), 195 Mare Street, Hackney, E.

Object.—'The reception of female prisoners on their discharge from prison.' **Admission.**—Papers of queries to be answered, and medical certificates must be obtained from the matron, and filled up and signed before admission. No cases received unless coming direct from prison under care of a warder. No confirmed drunken case, nor one who has been admitted before, can be received. Cases from metropolitan prisons free; from the country pay 4s. per week. Age, from 16 to 40. No case unsuitable for domestic service is admitted. Inmates are occupied in laundry work, &c., and are also taught to read, &c., if necessary. They remain from 3 to 12 months, according as suitable situations can be found for them. Those who remain in their situations a year, and can bring statement of good conduct from their mistress, receive a dress as reward. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £129; invested funds and interest, £47; payments for inmates, £11; industrial earnings, £230; Government grant, £44. **Inmates.**—86. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, J. G. Barclay, Esq.; Secretaries, Miss J. A. Fry, Miss A. Nutter.

REFUGE FOR THE DESTITUTE (1805), Manor House, Dalston Lane, E.

Object.—'To provide an asylum for young persons discharged from prisons, or otherwise unable from loss of character, and extreme indigence and want of friends, to procure an honest maintenance in domestic service or other useful and reputable employment.' 'Designed to serve two main purposes—(1) As a Reformatory; (2) An Industrial School.' **Admission.**—Applications are received through the Secretary of State for cases under conditional pardon; through chaplains and governors of gaols, upon release of prisoners; from the Elizabeth Fry Refuge; and on recommendation of magistrates and others interested in the rescue of juvenile offenders. Committee meets to see applicants every Thursday at half-past three. Age between 15 and 25. Applicants must show real desire of reformation, be in good health, and be willing to remain from 15 to 18 months. Private cases pay about 5s. a week. *Penitentiary* cases not admitted. After 18 months' industrial training, with daily secular and religious instruction, inmates are sent to service, with an adequate outfit, and obtain certain after rewards and gratuities, if deserved, by good conduct in their situations. **Management.**—By Committee and officers, elected annually by donors of £10. 10s. or annual subscribers of £1. 1s. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions and grants, £103; legacy, £225; laundry receipts, £882; invested funds, £577; Government paid cases, £325; other paid cases, £50; rent, £10. **Inmates** (Jan. 1, 1887).—49. Treasurer, Samuel Hoare, Esq., M.P.; Chaplain and Secretary, Rev. J. H. Hodges; Lady Superintendent, Miss Wale.

MRS. MEREDITH'S INSTITUTIONS. Offices: 143 Clapham Road, S.W.

Object.—The benefit of discharged female prisoners. The following agencies are employed: *Prison Gate Mission*, commenced in 1866; *The Marble Laundry*, Clapham Road, was opened at Nine Elms in 1867, for

the employment of Women Discharged from Prison; *Washing Charity*, washing for the poor and sick, 1867; *Princess Mary Village Homes* was begun in 1871, for the rescue of the children of prisoners, and others in dangerous circumstances (see p. 517); *Conference Hall*, Clapham Road, S.W., opened in 1883. **Management, &c.**—By Mrs. Meredith. **Persons benefited.**—857 women employed in laundry; 14,714 days' work given them; 489,202 articles washed by them for the public; 48,558 articles washed by them for the sick poor; 3,135 breakfasts given to women at prison gate; 928 gospel meetings held.

ST. KATHARINE'S SISTERHOOD (1879), Normand House, North End, Fulham.

Object.—The rescue and restoration of female discharged prisoners. Young women of good moral character, but convicted of a first theft, are saved from prison, trained for one year, and placed out in service when they have regained their character. The Sisters execute orders for Church embroidery of every description, and laundry work. **Income** (1887).—From all sources, £920, including £317 from laundry. Warden, Rev. William Purton, St. Clements, Bournemouth; Mother Superior, Paulina B. Granville.

ST. HELENA'S HOME (1884), Drayton Green, Ealing Dean, W.

Object.—Primarily for young women on their discharge from Millbank Prison after conviction, who are received free of charge. **Admission.**—If sent from other prisons, a payment of £5 is expected; or for unconvicted cases, sent privately, 5s. per week. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—17. **Income** (1887).—£951. Treasurer, Mrs. Metcalfe; Hon. Sec., Miss A. Beal, 5 Warwick Crescent, W.

ROYAL FEMALE PHILANTHROPIC SOCIETY (1822), Manor Hall, Great Church Lane, Hammersmith, W. Office, 23 Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.

Object.—'The reformation and restoration to society of young women imprisoned for a first offence, discharged from service for dishonesty, ignorant or destitute, through the vice or loss of parents.' **Admission.**—Age 15 and upwards. Application must be made to the Superintendent. Persons recommending a young woman must ascertain her parish, or in what way, if necessary, she can be disposed of. Clothes must be provided on entrance. Payment, generally 4s. a week. Cases for penitentiaries are not admissible, nor those addicted to intemperance. **Inmates** are expected to remain two years. On leaving they are provided with situations as domestic servants. **Management.**—By a joint Committee of ladies and gentlemen. Officers appointed by the Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £312; invested funds and rents, £75; payments for inmates, £268; industrial earnings, £294. **Inmates.**—40. Bankers, Barnetts, Hoares, & Co. Treasurer, Charles Hoare, Esq.; Supt., Mrs. Macartney; Sec., Mr. Samuel Vaughan, at the Office.

REFUGE OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD (1866), East End, Finchley, N.W.

Object.—To receive Roman Catholic female convicts; also penitent fallen women. **Admission.**—At discretion of Superior, to whom application must be made. Women are received from prison for the last nine months of detention. Penitents are retained for various periods; when

they are considered fit they are placed in service or returned to friends. **Management.**—By Sisters of the Good Shepherd. **Inmates.**—60 convicts; 170 penitents. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, St. James's Square. Lady Superioress, Mrs. A. Parrish.

GUILD OF SS. PAUL AND SILAS (1881).

Object.—An intercessory prayer union for prisoners and prison work, and union of workers in prison and rescue work. **Management.**—By Council of ladies and gentlemen elected by members at annual meeting. **Income.**—About £30. No subscriptions, but a few freewill offerings received, from which grants are made to deserving cases, or to Homes connected with prison work. Hon. Sec., Rev. H. G. Duffield, H.M. Prison, Newgate; Warden, Rev. J. W. Horsley, 32 Charing Cross.

ST. THOMAS'S HOSPICE FOR DISCHARGED FEMALE PRISONERS, St. Thomas's Street, Wells, Somerset.

PARK ROW ASYLUM (1855), Park Row, Bristol.

Object.—To aid hopeful discharged female prisoners; also some cases (not prosecuted) who have been guilty of dishonesty. Penitentiary cases not received. **Admission.**—Applicants must be over 16 years of age. Donation of £5 each year required with girls from other places than Bristol. Inmates remain two years. Outfit provided on leaving for service. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—19. **Income** (1886).—£412. Bankers, Miles & Co., Clifton. Treasurer, W. H. Harford, Esq., Oldown, Almondsbury; Hon. Sec., Miss Ware, Pen Avor House, Clifton.

INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR DISCHARGED FEMALE PRISONERS AND FRIENDLESS WOMEN (1880), Stafford.

Object.—To receive discharged prisoners. **Admission.**—By payment of £5 for the two years. Certificate of good health required. Outfit provided on leaving. **Management.**—By Committee of gentlemen. **Inmates.**—50. **Income** (1886).—£1,326. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Bosanquets. Treasurer, G. Meakins, Esq; Hon. Sec., Rev. A. H. Talbot, Upton Warren Rectory, Bromsgrove; Lady Supt., Miss Bush.

MANCHESTER AND SALFORD REFUGES, Frances Street, Strangeways, Manchester.

Object.—The rescue and reformation of discharged prisoners (*see* p. 317).

HOME FOR DISCHARGED FEMALE PRISONERS, 18 Marlborough Road, Cheetham, Manchester.

LANCASHIRE FEMALE REFUGE (1823), Mount Vernon, Liverpool.

Object.—The reception of discharged female prisoners and other destitute women of whose reform there is reasonable hope. **Admission.**—Discharged prisoners are admitted on the recommendation of the chaplain of the gaol from which the prisoner comes; others on the recommendation of the Committee. **Management.**—By Committees, one consisting of gentlemen, the other of ladies. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £104; inmates' payments, £46; dividends and rents, £55; pro-

ceeds of laundry, £497. **Inmates** (1887).—24. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., R. Gladstone, Esq., 9 Harrington Street; Sec., R. D. Wilson, Esq., 1 Harrington Street, Liverpool.

WEST RIDING INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR DISCHARGED FEMALE PRISONERS (1847), St. John's, Wakefield.

Object.—To receive discharged women prisoners, and a limited number of other cases, and train them for domestic service (usually).

Admission.—Application must be made to the Hon. Superintendent, Mrs. G. Armytage, The Home, St. John's, Wakefield. Age of admission, 15 to 40 years. Certificates of health are required. Immoral persons are ineligible. Metropolitan cases are eligible under certain circumstances. Payment, 4s. a week or £5 on entry. Clothing is provided. Inmates remain until provided with situations or employment. **Management.**—By Hon. Superintendent appointed by trustees and Committee.

Income (1887).—Charitable contributions, £306; rents, £77; payments for inmates, £113; industrial earnings, £823. **Inmates** (average).—35. Bankers, Leatham, Tew, & Co. Hon. Superintendent, Mrs. G. Armytage; Treasurer, Capt. Godfrey Armytage; Hon. Sec., Claude Leatham, Esq.,

IV.—PENITENTS.

The Institutions comprised in the following section are arranged as follows:—

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1. Societies	527
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4. Metropolitan Refuges	551
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6. Roman Catholic Homes and Refuges	565

The Metropolitan Homes and Refuges are arranged according to the postal districts in which they are situated, and the Provincial Institutions, which include Scotland and Ireland, in alphabetical order.

Wherever possible, information has been given as to the distance from the nearest railway station and the means of conveyance. The letters 'C.P.A.' indicate that the Home is in union with the Church Penitentiary Association.

To save the trouble of a long search, it may be noted here that the following institutions, which also appear in their proper places, undertake to receive confinement cases:—

The Anchorage House, 10 Loudoun Road, St. John's Wood, N.W. (p. 529).

Homes of Hope, 4 Regent Square, Gray's Inn Road, W.C. (p. 531).

Home for Deserted Mothers, 49 Burton Crescent, W.C. (p. 532).

St. Mary Magdalene's Home, 14 Ranelagh Road, Paddington, W. (p. 532).

Rescue Home, Charcroft House, Roseford Road, Shepherd's Bush, W. (p. 533).

Home of Compassion, 63 Sutherland Street, Pimlico, S.W. (p. 534).

Home for Mothers and Babies, 9 Stansfield Road, Brixton, S.W. (p. 534).

Mrs. Hampson's Home, 2 Wray Crescent, Tollington Park, N. (p. 536).

St. Cyprian's Bethesda, 7 Allsopp Mews, Dorset Square, N.W. (p. 536).

The Home, 1 and 2 Snowden Villas, Carlton Road, Kilburn, N.W. (p. 536).

Cambridge Road Home, 41 Cambridge Road, Kilburn, N.W. (p. 536).

St. Marylebone Female Protection Society, 157 Marylebone Road, N.W. (p. 536).

Hope House, Bath (p. 537).

St. Mary's Home, Long Cross, Chertsey (p. 541).

Temporary Home, Newcastle-on-Tyne (p. 546).

In urgent cases, where the Secretary lives at some distance from the Home, it is recommended that application be made direct to the Lady Superintendent or Sister-in-Charge, at the Home.

1. SOCIETIES.

CHURCH PENITENTIARY ASSOCIATION (1852). Office,
14 York Buildings, Adelphi, W.C.

Object.—‘For promoting and aiding the establishment and maintenance of penitentiaries and houses of refuge.’ There are now (June 1889) in union with the Association, 40 penitentiaries, with accommodation for 1,250; and 35 houses of refuge, with accommodation for 247 penitents.

Management.—By a Council. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £1,320; invested funds, £1,097. Four new houses received into union during the year. Bankers, Herries, Farquhar, & Co.; Lloyds, Barnetts, & Co.; and Twinings. Treasurers, Lord Addington, E. H. Palmer, Esq., and Admiral D. Robertson-Macdonald; Hon. Secs., Rev. G. C. Campbell, E. L. Birkett, M.D., Rev. T. Wodehouse; Assist. Sec., C. H. Baker, Esq.

LADIES’ COUNCIL OF THE CHURCH PENITENTIARY
ASSOCIATION, 14 York Buildings, Adelphi, W.C.

Objects.—(a) Collecting alms (1) for the support of the Homes and Refuges in union with the Church Penitentiary Association; or (2), for the expenses involved in carrying on the following works :—(b) Gathering and communicating information, and circulating tracts and papers; (c) Finding work to be done by inmates of penitentiaries; (d) Furthering the sale of their work; (e) Finding means of honest livelihood for reformed penitents, e.g., employing them as domestic servants; (f) Making and procuring clothing, and materials for the clothing and work of the inmates of penitentiaries; (g) Giving either constantly or occasionally personal assistance in the penitentiaries; (h) Visiting fallen women in their houses in the daylight; also visiting them in hospitals and work-houses, addressing them in the streets, and watching over them after they leave the penitentiaries; (i) Assisting at special mission services and meetings for the fallen; (k) Obtaining sermons and offertories for the Association; (l) Finding vacancies for penitents in Homes; (m) Keeping a register of such vacancies; (n) Meeting at railway stations penitents sent up from the country, and finding homes for them; (o) Composing and publishing tracts; (p) Visiting police courts and prison cases. Committees for rescue work have been affiliated in various parts of the country. Advice and information on any subject connected with rescue or penitentiary work will be gladly given to all who may apply personally or by letter. Chairman, C. H. Baker, Esq.; Hon. Secs., Mrs. K. J. Berkeley and Mrs. A. Giraud.

CHURCH MISSION TO THE FALLEN (1880), 14 York
Buildings, Adelphi, W.C.

Object.—To carry on direct missionary work amongst the fallen and unchaste by the employment of women to seek out fallen women, to hold mission services, &c., and to employ efforts of a preventive nature. The Mission does not propose to establish refuges or penitentiaries. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £290; dividends, £5. **Work done** (1888).—Sent to Homes, 113; placed under care of clergy, 12; placed in situations, 40; restored to friends, 15; preventive cures, 17; married, 3; hospital, 23; unsatisfactory or unknown, 123; in hand, 7: total, 353. Treasurer, Algernon Strickland, Esq.; Hon. Secs., J. W. B. Riddell, Esq., Rev. V. G. Borradaile.

FEMALE MISSION TO THE FALLEN, 32 Charing Cross, S.W. (In connection with the Reformatory and Refuge Union.)

Object.—This is an institution that seeks by the aid of paid female missionaries to protect those in danger and to reclaim the fallen. The missionaries work in the streets at night. They visit hospitals and work-houses, and endeavour to find situations, or place in Homes, or restore to their friends those who appear desirous of forsaking a sinful life. The addresses of the Refuges are as follows:—Anchorage Mission House, 10 Loudoun Road, St. John's Wood, N.W.; 21 Althorpe Road, Upper Tooting, S.W.; 9 & 11 Westbury Road, Paddington, W.; 14 Prior Street, Greenwich, S.E.; 95 Ledbury Road, Notting Hill, W.; 160 Dalston Lane, N. Hon. Sec., A. J. S. Maddison, Esq.

CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY, 32 Charing Cross, S.W. (In connection with the Reformatory and Refuge Union.)

Object.—To rescue destitute and neglected children. Special officers are engaged to put in force the Industrial Schools Act Amendment Act of 1880. **Management.**—By Committee of the Reformatory and Refuge Union. **Summary of Results** (to April 1889).—1,560 children placed in industrial schools, in voluntary homes, under the care of respectable friends by magistrate's order, or voluntarily removed from their former evil surroundings.

LONDON FEMALE PREVENTIVE AND REFORMATORY INSTITUTION (1857). Central Home, 200 Euston Road, N.W.; Milton House, 1 Maude Grove, Fulham, S.W.; 35 Eden Grove, Holloway, N.; 459 Holloway Road, N; 5 Parson's Green, Fulham, S.W.; 195 Hampstead Road, N.W. (for friendless young women and servants of good character); 7 Parson's Green, Fulham, S.W. (for training friendless young girls of good character for domestic service); 37 Manchester Street, Euston Road, N.W. (night reception house, open all night for those who have fallen into or are exposed to sin). Office, 200 Euston Road, N.W.

Object.—'To seek the destitute and fallen by voluntary missionary effort; to afford temporary protection to friendless young women whose circumstances expose them to danger; to rescue fallen females, especially those decoyed from the country; to restore, when practicable, the wanderer to her family and friends, whether in town or country.'

Admission.—By voluntary application at the office, 200 Euston Road, N.W., where the necessary inquiries are made as to eligibility of candidates, and, if suitable, they are admitted—at once, if possible—and sent to the Home best adapted for them. Inmates should not leave any of the Homes without first communicating with the Secretary at 200 Euston Road. Inmates do housework, needlework, washing, &c., till 7 p.m., at discretion of matron. Time is allowed for self-improvement, e.g., writing, reading, &c. **Management.**—Committee of not less than four or more than twenty gentlemen members, one-fourth retiring annually, but eligible for re-election by General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1888-89).—Charitable contributions, £5,312; payments for inmates, £204; industrial earnings, £861; rents, legacies, &c.,

£1,995. **Persons benefited.**—By the Homes, 920; the Refuge, 1,090. Bankers, Bosanquet, Salt, & Co. Treasurer, Thomas Salt, Esq., M.P.; Secretary, Mr. Edward W. Thomas, at the Office.

MIDNIGHT MEETING MOVEMENT (1859), 8A Red Lion Square, W.C.

Object.—The reclamation of fallen women by means of meetings held for them in London and throughout the United Kingdom, and the distribution of papers and cards of invitation to the Office of the Society, or to some friends in the locality. **Admission.**—An agent is employed to distribute tracts and to induce women to attend the meetings. Open to all fallen women desirous of reformation. Such as wish to forsake their mode of life at once are conducted after the meeting to the Night Reception House, whence they are, if possible, transferred to Reformatory Homes. £3 will pay the capitation grant to Reformatory Homes for cases reclaimed through midnight meetings. Temporary help is sometimes given to destitute young women, to save them from falling. **Management.**—By Committee, appointed by Annual Meeting of subscribers. **Income** (1887–8).—Charitable contributions, £636; rents, £251. Gross meetings held.—1,271. **Gross attendance.**—74,807. Bankers, Union Bank, Chancery Lane. Treasurer, J. J. Drysdale, 31 John St., W.C.; Organising Supt., J. H. L. Christien; Sec., C. Wilson McCree.

‘ANCHORAGE’ MISSION (1878), ‘The Anchorage House,’ 10 Loudoun Road, St. John’s Wood, N.W. Office, 32 Charing Cross, S.W.

Object.—The reclamation of young women, otherwise respectable (lately fallen), whether or not about to become mothers. A special annexe has been built for the reception of young women of a better class, who have private rooms, and for whom special arrangements are made. The spiritual benefit of the inmates is earnestly aimed at, endeavours are made to bring about a reconciliation between the young women and their friends, and also to obtain from the father of the child a guarantee for its future maintenance. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary, Female Mission to the Fallen, 32 Charing Cross, S.W., where all communications should be addressed. **Management.**—By Committee of the Female Mission to the Fallen (see p. 528). **Inmates.**—43. †

SOCIETY FOR THE RESCUE OF YOUNG WOMEN AND CHILDREN (1853). Homes: * Red House, Buckhurst Hill; * Astral House, Buckhurst Hill; * Knighton Girls’ Home, Woodford Wells; * Ashburnham House, Shacklewell Lane, Dalston; † Victoria House, Central Hill, Upper Norwood; † Cuba House, 76 Junction Road, Holloway; † Almond House, Upper Fore Street, Edmonton; † 79 Finsbury Pavement, E.C. Offices, 79 Finsbury Pavement, E.C.

Objects.—The reformation of openly immoral women, and the guardianship and training of young girls exposed to danger. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary, at the Offices. Applicants are eligible from all parts of the country, and are admitted any day between the hours of 10 and 5. Those subject to temptation and danger in their situations are protected. Fallen girls are received into the Homes from 13 years of age upwards; ‘unfallen girls, who are in circumstances of

* For Girls.

† For Young Women.

‡ Temporary Home.

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danger,' from 14 to 18 years of age. The former are kept quite separate from the latter, a proper classification being a distinct characteristic of this Society. Inmates are instructed in every department of household work, knitting, sewing, laundry work, &c. Young girls are eligible for the Homes who have lost one or both parents, or who have both parents living, should those parents be of loose character. Friendless girls from the country are peculiarly eligible. Girls of good character not able to go to situations for want of clothing are sometimes provided with outfits, and situations are procured for them. Clothing is sometimes given to friendless servants who have recovered from illness in hospitals, and have been compelled to pawn their wearing apparel. Others less destitute, of good character, eligible for advantages of free registry at a servants' home; and, if necessary, admitted into the Society's homes for a few weeks' domestic training, preparatory to going to situations. Young persons are eligible who have been placed in service from other institutions, whose rules do not allow of their re-admittance. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £3,089; payments for inmates, £592; repayments by former inmates, £200; industrial earnings, &c., £962; legacies, £790. **Inmates.**—308 fallen; 292 unfallen. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, W. S. Gard, Esq.; Sec., C. Stuart Thorpe, Esq.

ST. PANCRAS WORKHOUSE GIRLS' AID COMMITTEE (1885).

Object.—To assist girls in St. Pancras Workhouse, previously respectable, in regaining their characters after becoming mothers of illegitimate children. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £110; repayments by girls, £80. **Persons benefited.**—Two girls married; 13 placed in situations and clothing provided; 13 helped in other ways; 11 sent to Homes; 14 infants clothed and put out to nurse. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Windham Baring, 3 Cambridge Pl., Regent's Pk., N.W.

KENSINGTON WORKHOUSE GIRLS' AID COMMITTEE (1880). (The Committee meets in the Board Room of the Kensington Workhouse.)

Object.—'To consider cases of unmarried girls in the Kensington Workhouse or Infirmary who have had one illegitimate child, with a view to providing them on their leaving the workhouse with situations, and finding trustworthy nurses for their infants. Cases referred to them by the Charity Organisation Society of the Kensington district, or any cases well recommended, are also assisted by the Committee if considered eligible.' **Management.**—By a Committee of ladies, assisted when required by three members of the Board of Guardians, who have undertaken to act as Referees. **Income** (1887).—£32. **Number benefited** (1887).—Three girls sent to Homes; in 12 cases work or situation found; 14 girls returned to friends; 4 girls assisted pecuniarily; 4 infants placed out to nurse. Treasurer, W. Bousfield, Esq., 33 Stanhope Gardens, Queen's Gate, S.W.; Hon. Sec., Miss A. G. Hyett, 29 Pembroke Gardens, W.

ST. GILES'S WORKHOUSE GIRLS' AID COMMITTEE (1887).

Object.—To assist girls in St. Giles's Workhouse, previously respectable, in regaining their characters after becoming mothers of illegitimate children. **Income** (1887-88).—Charitable contributions, £21; girls' payments, £18. **Persons benefited.**—14. Treasurer, Mrs. Nisbet, 16 Bedford Square, W.C.; Hon. Sec., Miss N. Bell.

LONDON FEMALE PENITENTIARY AND GUARDIAN SOCIETY (founded respectively 1807 and 1812: amalgamated 1888), 191 High Street, Stoke Newington, N.; and 21 Old Ford Road, Bethnal Green, E.

Object.—The rescue, reclamation, and protection of betrayed and fallen women desirous of forsaking their evil ways. **Admission.**—By application at the Probation Home, 21 Old Ford Road, Bethnal Green, E. Pregnant women and prison cases are not admitted. The merits and necessities of each case are inquired into by a Committee of ladies. There is no payment, but inmates are occupied in laundry and needlework for the benefit of the Institution, and are awarded premiums on good behaviour, tidiness, and industry. The training occupies 18 months. Inmates who conduct themselves with credit are provided with situations. Those who remain 12 months with one mistress receive a reward of £1. 1s., which is repeated for the second year. **Management.**—By a Committee of 18 Gentlemen and 2 Hon. Secretaries appointed by subscribers at Annual Meeting. One half of the Committee must be members of the Church of England, and the remaining half members of other Protestant denominations. A Committee of married ladies, appointed by the Committee, for internal management. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £1,728; invested funds, £8; industrial earnings, £1,058. **Inmates.**—100. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, Ransom, Bouverie, & Co., and Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurers, R. C. L. Bevan, Esq., and John Deacon, Esq.; Sec., Mr. W. Edwin Page, at the Training Home, 191 High Street, Stoke Newington, N.

SOUTHWARK GIRLS' RESCUE SOCIETY (1880), 6 Dockley Road, Spa Road, Bermondsey, S.E.

Object.—To help girls to escape from bad lives. The means employed are two or three female missionaries, either to find girls or to receive those sent in by the clergy or others; to keep them for a short time until they can be disposed of in some satisfactory way, penitentiary or otherwise. **Admission.**—Free at any time on application, when there is room. **Management.**—By Committee of clergy and laity, appointed by the clergy of the Rural Deanery of Southwark. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £144; offertories, £7; Rochester Diocesan Society, £30; payments for inmates, £2. 13s. **Inmates.**—83. Treasurer, N. Pott, Esq., 22 Southwark Bridge Road, S.E.; Hon. Sec., Rev. W. J. Stobart, St. Augustine's, Bermondsey; Lady Superintendent, Miss Hewitt.

2.—METROPOLITAN HOMES, arranged according to the Postal Districts.

TEMPORARY HOME, 79 Finsbury Pavement, E.C. (In connection with the Society for the Rescue of Young Women and Children, *see* p. 529).

HOMES OF HOPE, 4, 5, and 6 Regent Square, Gray's Inn Road, W.C.

Object.—‘To bring the inmates to repentance; to form in them habits of sobriety, industry, and obedience; to provide them with the means of earning a livelihood when restored to society.’ **Admission.**—By application to the secretary at the Homes. Young women are admitted on any.

day. Special efforts are made on behalf of young women with infants. Inmates can leave by their own desire after 24 hours' notice. The household work is taken by the inmates in turn. A Home has been opened for the reception of such young women *before* they become mothers, as are unfitted, from their previous good character and position, to mix with others. There is no regular payment. Inmates in the industrial training Home do laundry work for the benefit of the Institution, and there is a children's fund to which mothers or their friends are expected, if possible, to subscribe. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income.**—(1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £2,414; other sources, £208. 2s. 3d. **Inmates.**—Treasurer, H. Thompson, Esq., 38 Mincing Lane, E.C.; Secretary, W. Hornibrook, Esq.

HOME FOR DESERTED MOTHERS AND THEIR INFANTS (1863), 49 Burton Crescent, W.C.

Object.—To help young women (who, being otherwise of respectable character, have, for the first time, become or are about to become mothers of illegitimate children), by getting them into service, in order that they may maintain their children out at nurse. **Admission.**—By application at the Home on Mondays and Fridays between 2 and 6 p.m. A payment required varying with the circumstances of the applicants, but not less than 5s. a week. **Management.**—By Council. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £582; legacies, £250; payments for inmates and from mothers at service, £593. **Inmates.**—129. Bankers, Fuller, Banbury, & Co. Treasurer, Robert Main, Esq., Dalhousie, Woodville Road, Ealing, W.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Russell Gurney, 3 Orme Square, Bayswater, W.; Sec., Mrs. Andrew.

HOME OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD (1883), Aldine House, Uxbridge Road, W. [C.P.A.]

Object.—‘A temporary refuge for girls who have gone astray but desire to return to an honest and industrious life.’ **Admission.**—By application to the resident lady superintendent, free, ‘but it is hoped that ladies sending girls will make a donation or subscribe to the Home.’ Girls are kept two years. They have ‘a thorough industrial training,’ and are employed in needlework and dressmaking, and in laundry. Accommodation is reserved for any special case of a better class. **Management.**—By Lady Superintendent, ‘advised by the Council when there is need.’ **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £652; industrial earnings, £477. **Inmates** (1888).—30, the full number. Bankers, Lloyds, Limited. Lady Superintendent, Dowager Lady Wilson; Lady-in-charge, Mrs. Littler.

ST. MARY MAGDALENE HOME FOR PENITENTS (1865), 14 Ranelagh Road, Paddington, W., near Royal Oak Station. [C.P.A.]

Object.—The reception of single women under 30, before and after the birth of their first child. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Sister-in-charge. Payment, £13. Child must also be supported. Recommendation required from clergyman or respectable householder, and a medical certificate of health. Every effort is made to procure suitable employment for the inmates. Inmates always remain 12 months. **Management.**—By Sisters of St. Mary's, Wantage. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £403; payments for inmates, £311; industrial earnings, £84; offertories, &c., £23. **Inmates.**—56. Bankers, Glyn, Mills, & Co. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Lieut.-General C. W. Trementheere.

COUNTESS DOWAGER OF ABERDEEN'S HOME (1881), 28 Foubert's Place, Regent Street, W.

Object.—‘The rescue of fallen young women, especially of those who have not long led a sinful life and who may be considered hopeful cases.’

Admission.—By payment of 7s. a week ‘for special cases brought by ladies,’ otherwise free. Inmates are trained for domestic service and suitable situations found for them. Outfits are provided, for which they are expected to pay half the expense from their wages. Application to be made to the superintendent. **Management.**—By the Countess Dowager of Aberdeen. **Income.**—‘No subscribers.’ **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 6.

RESCUE HOME (1885), Charcroft House, Roseford Terrace, Shepherd's Bush, W. (Uxbridge Road Station). (Connected with Jewish Ladies' Association for Preventive and Rescue Work.)

Object.—To reclaim the fallen. **Admission.**—Any Jewish girl or woman admitted on application, or mother with first illegitimate child. Age up to 25 years. Provincial cases pay £12 a year. Free to those living in London. Uniform provided by Institution. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1886).—£963. **Inmates.**—18. Bankers, London and County Bank. Treasurer, Mrs. F. B. Halford. Hon. Secs., Mrs. Cyril Flower, 7 Hyde Park Place, W.; Mrs. J. L. Jacobs, 14 Holland Park, W.

LOCK ASYLUM, Westbourne Green, Harrow Road, W.

Admission.—By application to the Lady Superintendent, limited to females discharged from the Lock Hospital and willing to remain a year in the Asylum. Cases of relapse into vice are not entertained. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 80.

SAINT JAMES'S DIOCESAN HOME (1856), Fulham, S.W. (Putney Bridge or Hammersmith Stations, $\frac{3}{4}$ mile— cab.) [C.P.A.]

Object.—To receive ‘female penitents, chiefly of a higher class than that which supplies most penitentiaries.’ **Admission.**—By application to the Sister-Superior, St. James's Home, Fulham. ‘First-class penitents live apart from the others, and do no menial work—£1 per week. The second-class penitents do the work of the house and the laundry—10s. per week. Third-class, 3s. 6d. a week for first two months. Diocesan cases in the third-class are received free at discretion. The three classes are kept distinct.’ **Management.**—By Council. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £978; industrial earnings, £1,783. **Inmates** (Jan. 1, 1889).—55. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurer, R. Ruthven Pym, Esq.; Hon. Secs., Hon. and Rev. F. E. C. Byng, St. Peter's Vicarage, Onslow Gardens, S.W.; Rev. Edgar Hoskins; Asst. Sec., Mr. Redman, St. James's Church Vestry, Piccadilly, W.

MAGDALEN HOSPITAL (1758), Streatham, S.W.

Object.—The reformation of fallen women, especially such as are not yet deeply degraded. **Admission.**—The friends of fallen but penitent women may apply at any time, either in person or by letter to the warden or head matron. The only recommendation necessary is a sincere sorrow for the past, and a determination to work honestly and diligently for the future. Penitents remain in the Institution about

20 months, during which time they are prepared for such occupations or services as appear most suitable to their strength and abilities.

Management.—By Committee appointed by General Court. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £120; invested funds and interest, £3,353; women's earnings, £1,171; offertories, £230. **Inmates.**—91. Bankers, Drummonds. Treas., S. T. Fisher, Esq.; Warden and Chaplain, Rev. W. Watkins, Streatham, S.W.; Head Matron, Miss Robins.

ST. KATHERINE'S HOMES FOR DRESSMAKING (1884)
40 Gloucester Street, Belgrave Road, S.W.; 29 St.
George's Road, Warwick Square, S.W.; and 7 Bouverie
Road East, Folkestone (1886). [C.P.A.]

Object.—To receive fallen women, who are taught dressmaking.

Management.—By Council. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £406; payments for inmates, £126; interest, £8; receipts for dressmaking, £550. Treasurer, Rev. J. Studholme Brownrigg; Hon. Sec., J. W. B. Riddell, Esq.; Lady Superintendent, Miss M. Worsley.

ST. PETER'S HOME (1889), 31 Cumberland Street, Pimlico, S.W.

Object.—The reclamation of young girls who have recently gone astray. **Management.**—A Committee of ladies. **Inmates.**—10. Hon. Sec., Miss Hampton.

HOME OF COMPASSION (1882), 63 Sutherland Street, Pimlico, S.W. [C.P.A.]

Object.—To befriend young girls after a first fall about to become mothers. **Admission.**—Payment 5s. weekly (a few cases free). Kept in the Home for six months or a year. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £528; payments for inmates, £106; needlework, £6. **Inmates** (1888).—9, the full number. Treasurer, Mrs. Seymour Grenfell, 46 Pont Street, S.W.

HOME FOR MOTHERS AND BABIES (1885), 9 Stansfield Road, Brixton, S.W. (3 minutes' walk from station).

Object.—To receive young women of otherwise good character before or after confinement, and restore them, if possible, to their former position. The religious teaching is undenominational; the child boarded-out at mother's expense. **Admission.**—Payment, where it can be made, of 6s. per week for residence in Home. **Management.**—Private. **Income** (1887).—£155. **Inmates.**—7. Apply, The Hon. Superintendent.

HOME FOR DESTITUTE GIRLS, 139 Upper Kennington Lane, Vauxhall, S.E. [C.P.A.]

Object.—To receive girls fallen from virtue, and train them for honest employment. Application must be made to the Treasurer, and full particulars stated. No payment is required, but those able to contribute are asked to do so. **Inmates** remain six months at least. **Income** (1888).—£430. **Inmates.**—12. Treasurer, Mrs. Herbert, the Parsonage, Vauxhall, S.E.

HOME FOR YOUNG WOMEN, Victoria House, Central Hill, Upper Norwood, S.E. (In connection with the Society for the Rescue of Young Women and Children, see p. 529.)

HOUSE OF MERCY, 1 Blyth Hill, Catford, S.E. [C.P.A.]

Object.—To benefit girls who have fallen once, and are anxious to regain their character. Age preferred, between 16 and 22. **Admission.**—Entrance fee of 10s. 6d., and 2s. 6d. a week required for six months, when possible. **Management.**—By the two ladies who founded it. **Income** (1887).—£253. **Inmates.**—6. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Hon. Mrs. Augustus Legge.

CHILDREN'S HOME, The Pastures, Leytonstone, E. [C.P.A.]

Object.—The reformation of fallen children. **Management.**—Sister Agnes Cotton. **Inmates.**—55.

THE LATE MRS. WALSHAM HOW'S INDUSTRIAL HOME (1884), Hoe Street, Walthamstow (1½ mile from station, G.E.R.) [C.P.A.]

Object.—To receive girls under 20 years of age from refuges, and train them for service. **Admission.**—From London refuges free, but a fee of £5 for each case from the country. An outfit given on leaving. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£1,383. **Inmates.**—21. Bankers, London & Provincial Bank, Sussex Place, Queen's Gate, S.W. Treasurer, Thomas E. T. Ripley, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Ripley, 37 Stanhope Gardens, Queen's Gate, S.W.

LONDON DIOCESAN PENITENTIARY (1855), Park House, Highgate, N. [C.P.A.]

Admission.—By application to the Warden. There is no regular payment. **Inmates** are occupied in laundry and needlework for the benefit of the Institution. Satisfactory cases are ultimately sent to friends or to service. **Management.**—By the Warden and Lady Principal, appointed by the Bishop of the diocese and the Council. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £507; grant from Church Penitentiary Association, £100; laundry and needlework, £1,197; repayments for outfits, £33; sale of work, &c., £33. **Inmates** (average, 1887).—60. Bankers, Twinings. Treasurer, R. Twining, Esq., 215 Strand, W.O.; Warden and Hon. Sec., Rev. J. H. Amps.

HOME FOR YOUNG WOMEN, Almond House, Upper Fore Street, Edmonton, N. (In connection with the Society for the Rescue of Young Women and Children, see p. 529.)**HOME FOR YOUNG WOMEN, Cuba House, 76 Junction Road, Holloway, N. (In connection with the Society for the Rescue of Young Women and Children, see p. 529.)****HOME FOR GIRLS, Ashburnham House, Shacklewell Lane, Dalston, N. (In connection with the Society for the Rescue of Young Women and Children, see p. 529.)****LONDON FEMALE PENITENTIARY, 191 High Street, Stoke Newington, N. (see p. 531).**

MRS. HAMPSON'S HOME (1876), Winifred House, 2 Wray Crescent, Tollington Park, N. (Hornsey Road Station.)

This Home was closed at the end of 1888 in consequence of Mrs. Hampson's continued ill-health, but arrangements are pending for the appointment of a Committee under whom the work will be continued. [June 1889.]

LONDON FEMALE PREVENTIVE AND REFORMATORY INSTITUTION, 200 Euston Road, N.W. (*see* p. 528).

ST. CYPRIAN'S BETH-ESDA (1870), 7 & 8 Allsopp Mews, Dorset Square, N.W.

Object.—'The shelter and reformation of girls (chiefly under 18) who, though fallen, are not deeply sunk in sin, but are anxious to redeem their character and give promise of amendment of life.' **Admission.**—Application must be made to lady superintendent or chaplain. Whenever the friends of applicant can afford it, payment of at least 5s. weekly in advance is required; if she is about to become a mother, they must give a written promise to provide for the infant at least until she is able to do so. Utterly friendless cases are received. Inmates are employed in needlework and household duties, and kept under teaching until they can be trusted, when they are sent to service. **Management.**—By Chaplain and Lady Superintendent. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £107; payments for inmates, £158; industrial earnings, £261. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 20. Bankers, Union Bank. Treasurer and Chaplain, Rev. Charles Gutch.

THE HOME, 1 & 2 Snowden Villas, Carlton Road, Kilburn, N.W.

Object.—To receive destitute fallen women, previously of good character, who would otherwise be forced to enter the workhouse for their confinement, and to provide them with an outfit and to find them situations. The women are helped to service, and the children boarded-out. **Admission.**—By application. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £325; proceeds of concert, £279; laundry, £520; repayments, £97. Hon. Sec. and Manager, Mrs. Francis Jeune, 37 Wimpole Street, W.

CAMBRIDGE ROAD HOME, 41 Cambridge Road, Kilburn, N.W.

Object.—To receive women about to become mothers for the first time. Dressmakers and shop girls who have fallen are received.

ST. MARYLEBONE FEMALE PROTECTION SOCIETY (1838), 157-9 Marylebone Road, N.W. (5 minutes' walk from Baker Street Station).

Object.—'Affording a home for young women between 14 and 27 years of age, who have fallen from the paths of virtue, but who, up to the time of their fall, bore a good character.' **Admission.**—By application at the Home. No applicant is admitted whose previous character does not satisfy the Committee. Suitable arrangements are made for those who are about to become mothers. Inmates are employed in needlework and household work. None are received who are not willing to remain six months, if required. After proper training, situations are found for them, or they are restored to their friends. A donation of £10,

where possible, is expected for cases. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £833; invested funds, £87; payments for inmates, £71; needlework, £15; legacy, £19. **Inmates.**—92 women; 71 infants. Bankers, Sir S. Scott & Co. Treasurer, John Deacon, Esq., 20 Birchinn Lane, E.C.; Sec., George Scudamore, Esq.

QUEEN CHARLOTTE'S HOSPITAL (1752), 191 Marylebone Road, N.W.

Object.—For the delivery of deserving unmarried women with their first child. (*See further*, p. 107).

3.—PROVINCIAL HOMES. (Arranged Alphabetically.)

LAUNDRY HOME, Alverton (Truro, 1 mile).

Object.—The reception of girls after their first fall. **Admission.**—By payment of £5. **Inmates.**—20. Hon. Sec., Miss Dalrymple.

INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR WOMEN (1879), Tulketh Cottage, Ashton-on-Ribble, near Preston (1½ miles from Preston Station).

Object.—The rescue of fallen women. **Admission.**—Free to Preston girls or from other Homes; otherwise 2s. 6d. per week. Remain 18 months. Outfit provided. Age 16 to 20. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£479. **Inmates.**—11. Bankers, Manchester & County Bank, Preston. Treas., Mrs. Wiseman, The Vicarage, Ashton, Preston; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Swainson, West Bank, Ashton, Preston.

HOME OF HOPE, 167 Park Road, Barnsley, Yorkshire.

Admission.—Local cases free; others 5s. a week. **Inmates.**—10. Hon. Sec., Miss E. Guest, 14 Victoria Road, Barnsley.

ST. THOMAS'S HOME, Basingstoke, Cottage Home Penitentiary (¼ mile from station). [C.P.A.]

Admission.—Free, on application to the Warden. From the diocese of Winchester only. **Management.**—A Council of 15 clergy and 15 laymen. There are Refuges at Southsea, Southampton, Gosport, Guildford, and Aldershot connected with this Penitentiary. **Income.**—£2,945. **Inmates.**—60. Warden, Rev. Reginald F. Bigg Wither.

BATH FEMALE HOME AND PENITENTIARY (1805), Walcot Street, Bath (½ mile from station).

Admission.—Local cases free; others on payment of £5. Hon. Sec., Rev. F. A. Rodd, 14 Portland Street, Bath.

HOPE HOUSE (1885), 15 Lambridge Place, Bath (½ mile from station).

Object.—To receive fallen girls and young women for confinement with first child. **Admission.**—By application to Miss Dickson, 19 Kensington, Bath. Payment, £10 and outfit. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—9 girls and 4 infants.

ST. FAITH'S HOME, Bexhill (2½ miles from station; cab at station).

Admission.—4s. 6d. a week; for the servant class who are from 15 to 24 years of age. Apply to the Matron.

JACKSON HALL HOME, Newtownards Road, Ballymacarret, Belfast.

Admission.—Free. **Inmates.**—14. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Hutchinson, at the Home.

ULSTER FEMALE PENITENTIARY, 14 Brunswick Street, Belfast (near the station).

Admission.—Free. **Inmates.**—30. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Hutchinson.

ULSTER MAGDALENE ASYLUM, Donegal Pass, Belfast ($\frac{1}{4}$ mile Great Northern Station).

Admission.—Free. **Inmates.**—60. Hon. Sec., Rev. W. Riddall, Derryoolgie Avenue, Belfast.

MRS. ROGERS' MEMORIAL HOME FOR FRIENDLESS GIRLS (1879), 47 Bristol Street, Birmingham.

Object.—To admit young girls who have recently fallen or servants from bad houses. **Admission.**—Age 20 and under. Payment, if from a distance, 6s. a week. No specified time for remaining in the Home. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£676. **Inmates.**—25. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Bosanquets. Treasurer, Miss Bottomley, 9 Edgbaston Road; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Bishop, 31 Wheleys Rd., Edgbaston.

MAGDALENE HOME AND REFUGE FOR BIRMINGHAM AND MIDLAND COUNTIES, Clarendon Road, Edgbaston ($2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from station).

Object.—To provide a temporary home for fallen women. **Admission.**—Application to be made at the Home. Payment when possible. Outfits provided for those leaving with good character. **Management.**—By Committee of ladies and gentlemen. **Income** (1887).—£2,421. **Inmates.**—45. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Bosanquets. Treasurer, S. S. Lloyd, Esq.; Hon. Sec., J. H. Shosbotham, Esq.

INDUSTRIAL HOME (1882), Wensley Fold, Blackburn.

Object.—For training girls who have fallen and are in difficulty and danger. **Admission.**—Age under 22 years. Outfit given when sent to service. Girls trained for two years or more. Local cases free, others 2s. 6d. a week. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£543. **Inmates.**—16. Bankers, Cunliffe Brooks & Co. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., W. Tattersall, Esq., 34 King William Street, Blackburn.

HOUSE OF MERCY (1863), Bovey Tracey, Newton Abbott, Devon. (In connection with the Sisterhood of St. John the Baptist, Clewer.) [C.P.A.]

Object.—‘To reclaim those who have fallen.’ **Admission.**—By application to the Warden or Sister Superior. Applicants must be of sound mind, willing to reform, and free from infection of any kind. Medical certificate required. ‘£5 a year should be paid towards the maintenance of each case.’ **Management.**—By Council and Warden. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions and collections, £1,096 (including £20 from Royal Albert Hospital, and £100 from Church Penitentiary Association); payments for inmates, £202; sisters’ payments, £140; industrial earnings, £840. **Inmates.**—146. Bankers, National Provincial Bank, Exeter. Treasurers, W. Cotton, Esq., Rev. W. Smith; Hon. Sec., Rev. Prebendary Tudor.

THE REFUGE (1885), Skinner Lane, Manningham, Bradford
($\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Manningham Station).

Object.—For fallen women under the age of 24. **Admission.**—Payment 5s. per week, if possible, or free; remain for one year. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887).**—£135. **Inmates.**—10. Bankers, Bradford Old Bank. Treasurer, John Priestman, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. J. Priestman, 37 Skinner Lane, Manningham, Bradford.

BRIGHTON HOME FOR PENITENTS (1851), Albion Hill,
Finsbury Road, Brighton (1 mile from station).

Admission.—By application to Lady Superintendent. Local cases free, others 5s. a week.

ST. MARY'S HOSPITAL (1855), 2 Queen's Square, Brighton.

Object.—The reformation of fallen women. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Sister Superior. **Inmates.**—45.

ST. MONICA'S HOME (1885), 89 Buckingham Road, Brighton.

[C.P.A.]

Object.—(a) To receive lady penitents on payment; (b) girls to be trained for service; (c) local rescue cases, which are passed on to other Homes; (d) convalescent cases during summer. **Admission.**—Payment when possible. **Management.**—By Chaplain and Lady Superintendent. **Income (1887).**—£297. **Inmates.**—8. Bankers, Messrs. Hall, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Miss Harcourt; Hon. Sec., Miss Prickett.

HOME OF COMPASSION, Brighton.

Object.—For a superior class of fallen women. **Management.**—By Committee. Hon. Sec., Miss Cooke, 73 Queen's Park Road, Brighton.

BRISTOL TEMPORARY HOME (1865), Southwell House,
Southwell Street, Kingsdown, Bristol.

Admission.—Bristol cases free, others 3s. 6d. a week. **Income (1887).**—Charitable contributions, £241; sale of work, and proceeds of laundry, £113; legacy, £290; payment for inmates' board, £5. **Inmates (1887).**—97; accommodation for 22. Treasurer, Mrs. Pease; Hon. Sec., Mrs. S. Thomas; Matron, Mrs. Walker.

THE REFUGE, Marlborough House, Marlborough Hill, Bristol
(1 mile from station). (In connection with L.A.C.F.G.)

Object.—To provide a home for fallen women. **Admission.**—Prison cases not knowingly taken, or those who have been in other Homes. Payment, when possible, 3s. 6d. a week; some free. Hon. Sec., Mrs. May, Park House, Cotham Park, Bristol.

BRISTOL OLD PARK HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN. (In
connection with L.A.C.F.G.)

FEMALE PENITENTIARY (1800), Magdalen House, 50
Upper Mandlin Street, Bristol ($1\frac{1}{2}$ miles from station).

Admission.—Local cases free, others on payment of £10. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1886).**—£905. **Inmates.**—40. Bankers, Stuckey & Co. Treasurer, J. C. Aitken, Esq.; Hon. Secs., Rev. O. Poynder, 13 Westfield Park; Major-General H. L. Grove, 11 Worcester Terrace, Clifton.

BRISTOL FEMALE REFUGE SOCIETY (1815), Marlborough Hill ($1\frac{1}{2}$ miles from station).

Admission.—Local cases free, others on payment. **Inmates.**—35. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Capper, 5 Cotham New Road, Bristol.

HOMES FOR GIRLS, Red House, and Astral House, Buckhurst Hill. (In connection with the Society for the Rescue of Young Women and Children, *see* p. 529.)

HOUSE OF MERCY (1851), Bussage, Stroud ($\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Brinscombe Station, G.W.R.). [C.P.A.]

Object.—The reformation of fallen women of any class. **Admission.**—Payment of £5 if possible with each candidate. Certificate of health required. Outfit furnished at the expiration of two years. **Management.**—By the Sisterhood of St. Michael, Bussage. **Income** (1888).—£650. **Inmates.**—24. Bankers, County of Gloucester Bank, Gloucester. Treasurer, Rev. T. Keble; Hon. Sec., Rev. Sir Geo. Prevost.

FEMALE REFUGE (1838), 19 Church Street, Cambridge.

Admission.—Local cases free, others on payment of £5. No outfit required. Medical certificate required. Inmates stay two years. Outfit provided on leaving. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£707. **Inmates.**—24. Bankers, Mortlock & Co. Treasurer, J. Hough, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Rev. John Martin, 11 Park Terrace, Cambridge.

UNDERGRADUATES' HOUSE OF RESCUE (1886), Rock End, Histon Road, Cambridge ($2\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Cambridge Station; cab).

Object.—A rescue home for fallen women, irrespective of age. **Admission.**—Cases from a distance pay 5s. per week. Girls remain six to eight months. **Management.**—By Ladies' Committee, the Undergraduates being responsible for the funds alone. **Income** (1887).—£338. **Inmates.**—7. Bankers, Foster & Co. Treasurer, F. C. Bland, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Ladies' Committee, Mrs. L. de L. Gwatkin; Matron, Miss Way.

ST. MARY'S HOME FOR PENITENTS, Carlisle (2 miles from station). [C.P.A.]

Object.—The reception of fallen women. **Management.**—By Council. **Income** (1888).—£802. **Inmates.**—26. Treasurer, J. H. Gadding, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Rev. H. Whitmore.

HOUSE OF REFUGE, Chatham Hill, Chatham ($\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Station).

Admission.—Local cases free; must stay one year. **Inmates.**—26. Hon. Sec., Rev. W. H. Duke, Longfield Rectory, Dartford.

REFUGE AND HOME (1846), North Parade House, Winchcombe Street, Cheltenham ($\frac{1}{2}$ mile from station).

Object.—To receive the fallen and penitent, and to train for domestic service. **Admission.**—Local cases free, others on payment of £5 per annum. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—23. Chaplain, Rev. Percival Smith; Hon. Sec., Thos. F. Rolt, Esq., Oakhurst, Cheltenham.

ST. MARY'S HOME (1886), Long Cross, Chertsey, Surrey.

Object.—To receive fallen young women of respectable character between the ages of 17 and 22, and more especially mothers of first children. **Admission.**—Cases are received previous to confinement, and sent to Queen Charlotte's Lying-in Hospital, on payment of £5. The infants are boarded out at a charge of 4s. 6d. per week. For ordinary cases an entrance fee of £3 is, where possible, required. The inmates are trained in laundry and house work, and are kept for 18 months or two years, when situations are found and an outfit provided for them. **Management.**—By Lady Superintendent and Chaplain, with matrons working under their direction. **Income (1888).**—Charitable contributions, £124; inmates' payments, £15; inmates' earnings, £549. **Inmates (1887).**—30; accommodation for 14. Bankers, London & County. Foundress and Superintendent, Mrs. Ellen M. Mason, Long Cross Vicarage, Chertsey, Surrey.

DIOCESAN HOUSE OF MERCY (1886), Lache Lane, Chester.

Admission.—Local cases on payment of £1; others £5. Ages, 14 to 24. **Inmates.**—18. Apply to the Sister-in-charge.

HOUSE OF MERCY (1849), Clewer, Windsor. [C.P.A.]

Object.—A penitentiary. Inmates are employed in laundry and needlework. When fit for service, after a period of not less than two years, places are found for them, and an outfit given them on leaving the Institution. 'Penitents desirous of remaining during the rest of their life under the sisters' care may do so, and are known as Magdalens.' **Management.**—By the Sisterhood of St. John the Baptist, Clewer. **Income (1888-9).**—Charitable contributions, £1,030; dividends and rents, £180; legacy, £97; farm and garden produce, £354; sisters' and visitors' payments, £408; penitents' and Magdalens' payments, £423; washing, £1,431; receipts from work, £433. Average number of penitents, 88. **Inmates (received in 1888-9).**—56. Treasurers, A. Arthur, Esq., 9 St. Peter's Buildings, Bournemouth; Capt. Johnson, King's Mead, Winkfield, Windsor Forest; Warden, Rev. T. T. Carter, St. John's Lodge, Clewer; Sub-Warden, Rev. G. S. Cuthbert, The Warden's Lodge, Clewer.

THE REFUGE, Sawmill Street, South Terrace, Cork.

Object.—The rescue of fallen women of the lower class. **Admission.**—Free. **Inmates.**—26. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Shade.

HOME FOR PENITENT FEMALES (1857), Bass Street, Ashbourne Road, Derby ($\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Midland station).

Object.—To provide a home for females who have deviated from the paths of virtue. **Admission.**—Local cases free, others on small payment. Age, under 21. **Management.**—By Committee of gentlemen. **Inmates.**—24. Hon. Secs., Rev. J. Chancellor, St. John's Vicarage, Derby; John Ratcliff, Esq., Ashbourne Road.

HOUSE OF MERCY (1859), Ditchingham, Bungay (1 mile from station). [C.P.A.]

Object.—For the admission of fallen women. **Admission.**—No payment compulsory. Certificate required of freedom from infectious disease. Training given in laundry and house work, for not less than two years. Outfit and recommendation given at the end of that time on condition of good conduct. **Management.**—By the Sisters of All Hallows. **Income (1888).**—£803. **Inmates.**—30. Bankers, Gurneys & Co. Treasurer, Miss Caroline Latter.

MAGDALENE SOCIETY, 8 Lower Leeson Street, Dublin (Westland Row Station).

Object.—The rescue of first fall cases only. **Admission.**—Free. **Inmates.**—70. Hon. Sec., Miss Hall.

ASYLUM FOR PENITENT FEMALES, 54 Upper Baggot Street, Dublin.

Admission.—Free. **Inmates.**—36. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Robertson.

THE HOME, Ballsbridge Terrace, Dublin ($\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Lansdowne Road Station).

Admission.—Of those under 30, free. **Inmates.**—70. Hon. Sec., Rev. J. S. Fletcher, 30 Great Charles Street, Dublin.

RESCUE MISSION HOME, 3 Cowley Place, North Circular Road, Dublin.

Admission.—Free. **Inmates.**—20. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Nelson, 4 Eglinton Terrace, Ranelagh, Dublin.

ST. ANDREW'S HOME, Duddingstone, Midlothian ($\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Joppa Station). [C.P.A.]

Inmates.—29. Apply to the Mother Superior.

COUNTY PENITENTIARY, Durham.

Admission.—Free. **Inmates.**—25. Hon. Sec., Rev. H. J. Richmond, Sherburne Vicarage.

HOME FOR FALLEN WOMEN, Alwiche Hill, Liberton, Edinburgh (3 miles from Waverley Station).

Admission.—Free. **Inmates.**—30. Hon. Sec., J. F. Moncrieff, Esq., 15 Hill Street, Edinburgh.

MAGDALENE ASYLUM, Georgie Road, Edinburgh ($\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Haymarket Station).

Admission.—Free. **Inmates.**—90. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Milne.

SPRINGWELL HOUSE RESCUE HOME, 7 Henderson Terrace, Dalry Road, Haymarket, Edinburgh.

Admission.—Free, if under 30.

DEVON AND EXETER FEMALE PENITENTIARY (1819), Holloway Street, Exeter ($\frac{1}{2}$ mile from station).

Admission.—3s. 6d. a week, or £6 to £9 down if possible. Age 15 to 25. **Inmates.**—50. Sec., W. Townsend, Esq., Exeter.

HOME FOR FALLEN GIRLS, 44 Bartholomew Street, Exeter.

Admission.—Free, on application to Miss E. Leakey, 26 East Southernhay, Exeter. **Inmates.**—7.

HOME FOR DRESSMAKERS, 7 Bouverie Road East, Folkestone (see St. Katharine's Homes, p. 534). (Shorncliffe Station.) [C.P.A.]

DIOCESAN HOME (1886), Frieston, Lincolnshire (3 miles from Boston; carriage at Peacock's Hotel). [C.P.A.]

Object.—To receive penitents. **Admission.**—Cases outside the diocese pay an entrance fee of £5. No case over 25 years of age admitted. Medical certificate required. Training given by Sisters from Horbury. Inmates remain two years. **Management.**—By Committee of gentlemen. **Income (1888).**—£389. **Inmates.**—20. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., W. Lane-Clayton, Esq., Boston, Lincolnshire.

MAGDALEN INSTITUTION (1859), Industrial Home, Lochburn, Maryhill, Glasgow (by tram-car).

Admission.—Free. No woman taken over 25 years of age. **Inmates.**—120.

HOUSE OF REFUGE, Greenock ($\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Lynedoch Street Station).

Admission.—Free. **Inmates.**—40. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Oakden.

HOME OF HOPE, London Road, Gloucester.

Object.—To train friendless girls and very young fallen women. **Admission.**—£10 for cases from a distance. Girls remain two years. **Management.**—Private. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Sessims.

MAGDALEN ASYLUM (1828), Gloucester.

Object.—A temporary refuge for fallen women of any age. **Admission.**—Free. **Management.**—By Committee of gentlemen. **Income (1887).**—£145. **Inmates.**—6. Bankers, National Provincial Bank. Treasurer, H. Hatherley, Esq. Hon. Sec., Major Knox, Gloucester.

LAUNDRY HOME AND REFUGE (1886), 161 Mount Pleasant Road, Hastings.

Object.—To receive girls if in need or through loss of character. **Admission.**—Free; payment when ladies recommend cases. Girls of all ages received. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887).**—£391. **Inmates.**—8. Treasurer, Miss Rivington, 1 Belgrave Terrace, Hastings; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Mackay.

ST. MARTIN'S HOME, Hereford (1 mile from Midland Station; cab or omnibus). [C.P.A.]

Admission.—Local cases free; others on payment of £5. **Inmates.**—20.

HOUSE OF MERCY (1859), Horbury, Wakefield. [C.P.A.]

Admission.—£5 entrance fee, or weekly payment when possible. Age from 16 to 25 years. No outfit required. Certificate of health required. Two years' training given. **Management.**—By the Sisterhood of St. Peter, Horbury, and a Council of clergy and laymen. **Income (1887).**—£1,722. **Inmates.**—70. Bankers, Leatham, Tew, & Co., Wakefield. Treasurer, Rev. A. J. Micklethwaite; Hon. Sec., The Mother Superior.

TRAINING HOME, The Woodlands, Deighton, Huddersfield (Deighton Station).

Object.—The reception of women after their first fall. **Admission.**—Local cases free; others on payment of 3s. 6d. a week. **Inmates.**—15. Hon. Sec., Miss Kaye, New North House, Huddersfield.

LINDEN PENITENTIARY, 25 Nile Street, Hull (5 minutes' walk from Paragon Station; trams, omnibus, &c.).

Admission.—Free. Married women not received. Penitents remain from six months to two years, according to circumstances. Apply to the Matron.

HULL AND EAST RIDING FEMALE PENITENTIARY, Anlaby Road, Hull ($\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Paragon Station).

Object.—To receive fallen women. **Admission.**—Age 15 and upwards admitted on application. Payment, when possible, according to means of friends. Clothed while in the Home, and an outfit given when placed out. **Inmates.**—27. Hon. Sec., Miss E. S. Linford.

ST. MICHAEL'S LAUNDRY, Shepton Beauchamp, Ilminster (4 miles from station; carts sent to station as ordered).

Object.—For girls under 18 only. **Admission.**—Free in some cases, others 4s. a week. **Inmates.**—8. Hon. Sec., Miss Coles, Shepton Beauchamp, Ilminster, Somerset.

ST. MICHAEL'S HOME AND PENITENTIARY, Leamington. (In connection with the Clewer Sisterhood of St. John the Baptist.) [C.P.A.]

Admission.—Free for destitute cases; others 3s. 6d. a week. **Inmates.**—25.

GUARDIAN HOME AND GENERAL PENITENTIARY (1821), St. James's Street, Leeds.

Object.—To reclaim and assist the fallen. **Admission.**—No payment required except when cases are transferred from other institutions, when £5 per year must be paid. Medical certificate required. Outfit supplied on leaving. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income.**—£760. **Inmates.**—40. Bankers and Treasurers, Beckett & Co. Hon. Sec., J. Burnes, Esq., 6 Hanover Square, Leeds.

HOME FOR FALLEN WOMEN, Leicester.

Hon. Sec., Rev. M. Reed, Holy Trinity Parsonage, Leicester.

THE HOME (1846), Stonegate Road, Leicester ($1\frac{1}{2}$ miles from station).

Object.—To receive fallen women. **Admission.**—Local cases free; others 2s. per week. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income.**—£1,241. **Inmates.**—37. Bankers, Pares's Banking Company. Treasurer, M. Maxfield, Esq.; Hon. Sec., H. Billson, Esq.; Supt., Miss Harrison.

PENITENT FEMALES' HOME (1847), Carlina Road, Above Hill, Lincoln ($\frac{3}{4}$ mile from station).

Object.—To provide a temporary home in which females who have deviated from the paths of virtue may be restored to a reputable position in society. **Admission.**—Age not over 25. Destitute cases free; others £3. A medical certificate necessary. The girls remain in the Home from one to two years. An outfit is supplied to those who leave for service. Applications to be made to the Matron. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£1,046. **Inmates.**—25. Bankers, Smith, Ellison, & Co. Treasurer, C. Scorer, Esq.; Lady President, Mrs. Moss.

BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION, 56 South Hill Road, Torteth Park, Liverpool (2 miles from Lime Street station; tram).

Admission.—Local cases free. **Inmates.**—40. Hon. Sec., Miss Gilpin, 31 South Hill Road, Torteth Park, Liverpool.

MIDNIGHT MISSION, 6 Belmont Grove, West Derby Road, Liverpool.

Admission.—Free. **Inmates.**—55. Hon. Sec., E. Cleaton, Esq., 3 Chapel Street, Liverpool.

THE REFUGE, 4 Everton Terrace, Liverpool ($\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Lime Street station; omnibus).

Admission.—By application to Mrs. Cawkitt. Applicants should be under 30 years of age. **Inmates.**—90.

MAGDALEN INSTITUTION (1855), 8 Mount Vernon Green, Liverpool (Edgell station).

Admission.—Free. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—50. Treasurer, E. W. Davidson, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Lister, Basil Grange, West Derby, Liverpool.

FEMALE PENITENTIARY (1811), 67 Falkner Street, Liverpool (1 mile from Lime Street station).

Admission.—Free. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1886).—£1,655. **Inmates.**—59. Treasurer, A. M. Sing, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. E. Crosfield.

ULSTER FEMALE PENITENTIARY, Londonderry.

Admission.—Free. **Inmates.**—20. Hon. Sec., Miss Palmer.

ST. FAITH'S HOUSE OF MERCY (1864), Lostwithiel ($\frac{1}{4}$ mile from station). [C.P.A.]

Admission.—Free. Medical certificate required before admission. **Management.**—By Council. **Income** (1888).—£610. **Inmates.**—23. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Rev. W. F. Everest, 76 Durnford Street, Stonehouse, Plymouth.

HOME OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD (1879), Malvern Link ($\frac{1}{4}$ mile from station). [C.P.A.]

Admission.—Free. Age, 16 to 25. **Management.**—By Council and Mother Superior, Community of the Holy Name. **Income** (1888).—£1,194. **Inmates.**—30. Treasurer, J. Swinton Isaac, Esq.

ST. MARY'S HOME (1865), Rusholme, Manchester ($1\frac{1}{2}$ miles from Central station). [C.P.A.]

Object.—For the reformation of fallen women who have been servants or others. **Admission.**—Free on application to the Lady Superior. **Inmates.**—27.

ASYLUM FOR FEMALE PENITENTS (1822), 99 Emden Street, Greenhays, Manchester ($1\frac{1}{2}$ miles from London Road station).

Admission.—Local cases free; others to pay what is needed. **Inmates.**—90. Hon. Sec., Miss Walker.

MANCHESTER CITY MISSION, Oak Hill, Halliwell Lane,
Cheetham Hill, Manchester.

Admission.—Local cases free; others on payment of £2. 2s. **Inmates.**
—25. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Milne.

DIOCESAN HOME OF MERCY (1868), Great Maplestead,
Essex (Halstead, 3 miles). [C.P.A.]

Admission.—Age 15 to 25. Payment, £5 a year; £1. 1s. entrance fee. Certificates of soundness of mind and bodily health required. Two years' training given. Those received must undertake to remain the full time. Outfit given on leaving for service. **Management.**—By Council and the Sisters of the Name of Jesus. **Income** (1887).—£1,226. **Inmates.**
—30. Bankers, Sparrow, Tufnell, & Co., Halstead; London & County Bank, Hertford. Treasurer, T. F. Miller, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Rev. H. A. Lake, The Vicarage, Castle Hedingham.

ST. MILDRED'S HOME, Upper Grove, Margate. [C.P.A.]
(In connection with the Kent Penitentiary, Stone, *see*
p. 550.)

COTTAGE HOME, Mary Tavy, near Tavistock. [C.P.A.]

Admission.—By application to the Lady Superior. **Inmates.**—7.

WENDBECK HOME (1831), Diana Street, Newcastle-on-Tyne
(1 mile from Central station; trams).

Admission.—All classes received; no payment required; no limit of age. **Inmates.**—40. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Story, Winchester Terrace, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

RESCUE HOME, Wansbeck House, Elswick Road, Newcastle-on-Tyne (1 mile from Central station).

Admission.—Free. **Inmates.**—40. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Story, Winchester Terrace, Newcastle-on-Tyne.

TEMPORARY HOME, and Free Registry Office, 6 Ravensworth Terrace, Newcastle-on-Tyne. [C.P.A.]

Object.—The reception of women about to become mothers for the first time. President, The Lord Bishop of Newcastle. Treasurer, Mrs. Wilberforce; Hon. Secs., Rev. S. Pennefather; Mrs. Percy Westmacott.

CHILDREN'S REFUGE (1877), Newport, Mon.

Object.—A preventive or rescue home for children under 12 years. **Admission.**—Free, or, when possible, by payment according to circumstances. Application to be made to the Sister-in-charge. **Management.**—By the Community of St. John Baptist, Clewer. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £639; payments for inmates, £34; other sources, £119. **Inmates** (1887).—40; accommodation for 50.

FEMALE MISSION HOME (1877), 16 St. Stephen Square, Norwich.

Admission.—Age 15 to 25. **Inmates.**—6. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Dawson, Prince of Wales Road, Norwich.

NORFOLK AND NORWICH MAGDALEN HOME (1827),
York Villa, Chapel Field Road, Norwich ($\frac{1}{4}$ mile from
Victoria station).

Object.—To receive young women, fallen or otherwise. **Admission.**
—Age under 20 preferred. Payment according to means. Outfit pro-
vided on leaving. Doctor's certificate required. **Management.**—By
Committee. **Income** (1887).—£163. **Inmates.**—12. Bankers, Gurneys.
Treasurer, S. Gurney Buxton, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Miss Scott, Poringland,
near Norwich.

HOUSE OF REFUGE FOR FEMALES (1839), 28 Chaucer
Street, Nottingham.

Object.—To receive the fallen and destitute. **Admission.**—Each
inmate must consent to remain two years. No special age, but generally
admitted over 16. Most cases free. Outfit provided on leaving for
service. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£686. **In-**
mates.—24. Bankers, Smith & Co. Hon. Sec., Mrs. F. C. Smith,
Bramcote Hall, Nottingham.

OXFORD FEMALE PENITENTIARY (1839), Manor House,
Holywell, Oxford. (In connection with the Sisterhood
of St. John the Baptist, Clewer.) [C.P.A.]

Object.—The restoration of fallen women. **Admission.**—By payment,
if possible, of £5 a year. Medical certificate of health required. Length of
stay not less than two years. **Management.**—By Committee of nine clergy-
men and nine laymen, with six *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—
Charitable contributions, £164; sisters' contributions, £120; payments
for inmates, £7; industrial earnings, £834. **Inmates.**—43. Bankers
and Treasurers, Parsons & Co. Sec., Rev. S. R. Wigram, Ingle Dene,
Banbury Road, Oxford.

HOUSE OF MERCY, Penarth ($\frac{1}{2}$ mile from station). [C.P.A.]

Admission.—Payment £5, if possible. **Inmates.**—40. Hon. Sec.,
Rev. C. Griffith, Blaenavon, Penarth.

PLYMOUTH, DEVONPORT, AND STONEHOUSE FEMALE
PENITENTIARY (1832), Hampton House, Ham Street,
Plymouth ($\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Plymouth station).

Admission.—Age under 30. Local cases free; others on payment.
Inmates.—35.

HOUSE OF PEACE, 157 North Road, Plymouth ($\frac{1}{2}$ mile from
Milbay station, G.W.R., and North Road station,
S.W.R.). [C.P.A.]

Object.—A home for fallen women. **Admission.**—Free. **Mane-**
ment.—By the Sisters of the Devonport Society. **Income** (1888).—£801.
Inmates.—26. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Charles Norrington, Esq.

THE REFUGE, 1 Market Square, Stonehouse. (In connection
with the House of Peace, *see above*.) [C.P.A.]

PORTSMOUTH, PORTSEA, AND GOSPORT FEMALE
PENITENTIARY (1831), 4 Brunswick Rd., Portsmouth.

Admission.—Local cases free; age 15 to 25. **Inmates.**—38.

ST. MARY'S HOME, 53 Baker Street, Reading ($\frac{3}{4}$ mile from station; cab or omnibus). [C.P.A.]

Admission.—Free, on application to Sister Cordelia. **Inmates.**—20.

THE REFUGE (1878), 59 Castle Street, Reading.

Object.—(a) For fallen women; (b) for destitute, friendless, but not fallen girls. **Admission.**—No limit of age, but young women preferred. Free to Reading and neighbourhood; other cases 5s. a week. Certificate of good health required, and one full set of clothes. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1886).**—£214. **Inmates.**—5. Bankers, The London & County Banking Company. Hon. Sec., Rev. M. F. Friend, H.M. Prison, Reading.

RESCUE HOME, Norwood House, King's Road, Reading.

Admission.—Free. **Management.**—By Mr. and Mrs. Day, Ivy House, Reading. **Inmates.**—50.

REDLANDS VILLA (1871), Southern Hill, Reading ($\frac{1}{4}$ mile from station).

Object.—To afford temporary shelter to fallen women willing to leave their sinful life. **Admission.**—Free to girls from Reading, also others destitute of friends. Age, under 20 preferred. Medical certificate required. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887).**—£319. **Inmates.**—16. Treasurer, Mrs. A. Sutton. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Shettle, 73 London Street, Reading.

RESCUE HOME (1885), 3 Clarence Villas, St. Mary's Grove, Richmond ($\frac{3}{4}$ mile from station).

Object.—To save those who have been led into sin from sinking lower, and to train those who need it for service. **Admission.**—Payment received if the girl has any friends. Only women under 30 received. Girls stay six months. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887).**—£167. **Inmates.**—6. Treasurer, Mrs. Heath; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Flint.

ST. MARGARET'S HOUSE OF MERCY, Roath, Cardiff (2 miles from station; cab). [C.P.A.]

Admission.—Free on application to the Sister Superior. **Inmates.**—20.

SHELTER AND TRAINING HOME FOR FRIENDLESS GIRLS (1882), St. Michael's, Salisbury. (In connection with L.A.C.F.G.)

Object.—To save young girls from bad surroundings, and to rescue the fallen. **Admission.**—Payment 5s. per week; a few diocesan cases received free. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1886).**—£576. **Inmates.**—14. Bankers, Pinckney & Co., Salisbury. Treasurer, Miss Moberly, The Hall, Salisbury; Hon. Sec., Deaconess E. Scott, St. Michael's, Salisbury.

DIOCESAN HOUSE OF MERCY (1831), Salisbury. [C.P.A.]

Object.—To receive young women wishing to retrieve their character. **Admission.**—Payment, entrance fee £5. Age, 15 to 20. Outfit given on leaving. Time in Home, two years. Medical certificate required. **Management.**—By Committee of gentlemen. **Income (1887).**—£583. **Inmates.**—12. Bankers, Pinckney & Co., Salisbury. Chaplain, Rev. H. W. Carpenter.

HOME OF HOPE (1871), Falsgrave, Scarborough ($\frac{1}{2}$ mile from station).

Object.—To assist servants and others not of the lowest class who desire to do better. No restriction is made as to age. **Admission.**—Payments are only asked for cases from a long distance or out of the county. No outfit required. Medical certificate needful. Inmates must remain two years. A valuable outfit given on leaving and situations found. **Management.**—Private, by Lady Sitwell. **Inmates.**—14.

FEMALE REFUGE, 287 Western Road, Sheffield.

Admission.—Local cases free; others by arrangement. **Inmates.**—20. Hon. Sec., Miss Keeting, 267 Glossop Road, Sheffield.

CHILDREN'S HOME, 16 Montague Place, Belle Vue, Shrewsbury.

Object.—The rescue of children under 14 years of age. **Admission.**—By payment of £10 per annum. **Inmates.**—14. Hon. Sec., Miss Butler, Wildenhope House, Shrewsbury.

THE SALOP HOME (1844), St. Julian's Friars, Shrewsbury.

Object.—For girls who have (certainly or probably) fallen. **Admission.**—Free to those belonging to county of Salop; to others on payment of not less than £5 a year. Age from 14 upwards. Certificate of good health required. Two years' training given. Outfit furnished on leaving, for which part payment is made from first year's wages. Application to be made to matron. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£413. **Inmates.**—16. Bankers, Salop Old Bank, Shrewsbury. Treasurer, T. Maynard How, Esq.; Hon. Secs., Rev. C. E. L. Wightman, St. Alkmund's Vicarage, Shrewsbury; Rev. T. Auden, St. Julian's Vicarage.

COTTAGE RESCUE HOME (1886), 229 Shirley Road, Southampton.

Object.—To rescue fallen women. **Admission.**—No woman is refused who is in earnest to reform. No payment. Clothing whilst in Home provided. Evangelical teaching. Outfit furnished on leaving for a situation. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£105. **Inmates.**—11. Bankers, Capital & Counties Banking Co., Limited. Treasurer, George Downing, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Tilling, 19 Carlton Crescent, Southampton.

ST. ANDREW'S HOME FOR CHILDREN (1880), Victoria Road North, Southsea.

Object.—The rescue of little girls under the age of 12. **Admission.**—By payment of an entrance fee of £1 10s. if belonging to the Diocese of Winchester, and £2 10s. in other cases. **Management.**—By Sister Emma. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £603; offertories, £23; grant from Education Department, £22. All communications to be addressed to Sister Emma at the Home.

PROTESTANT HOME FOR FALLEN WOMEN (1863), Brunswick Road, Southsea (close to Portsmouth Town station; trams).

Object.—To shelter and help fallen women. **Admission.**—By payment according to circumstances. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—45. Treasurer, W. Grant, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Colebrook.

COUNTY INDUSTRIAL HOME, Stafford (1 mile from Stafford station; 'bus or cab).

Admission.—Local cases free; others on payment of £5. All classes received. Address, The Lady Superintendent.

KENT PENITENTIARY (1860), St. Mary's, Stone, near Dartford, with St. Mildred's Home, Upper Grove, Margate. [C.P.A.]

Object.—'The rescue of women, often, indeed, of almost children, from vice and misery, with a view to their reformation and ultimate safe establishment in honest callings.' **Admission.**—Free on application. No restriction as regards age. Penitents are received from any part of the kingdom, but preference is given to those belonging to the county of Kent. They may remain two years, if willing to stay, and are placed in service with an outfit. With a large number of former inmates a correspondence is still kept up by the ladies at the Home. **Management.**—By Council appointed by subscribers every five years. The Council select an Executive Committee every year. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £1,377; invested funds and rent, £13; industrial earnings, £1,722; payments for inmates and visitors, £117. **Inmates.**—68. Bankers, Wigan & Co., Maidstone. Treasurer, Rev. Canon Moore; Hon. Secs., J. G. Talbot, Esq., M.P., Henry Tasker, Esq., and Rev. E. F. Dyke, The Vicarage, Maidstone.

ST. WINIFRED'S HOME (1883), Tenby, South Wales (House of Mercy for the Diocese of St. David's). [C.P.A.]

Object.—The rescue of fallen women under 25 years of age. **Admission.**—Free for diocesan cases, with £3 entrance fee, unless nominated by annual subscribers of one guinea. Extra-diocesan cases pay £5 entrance fee. Time for training in the Home, not less than two years. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£552. **Inmates.**—13. Bankers, National Provincial Bank, Tenby. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Miss Sara Statham.

DOOR OF HOPE (1887), 3 Lympington Terrace, Upton Road, Torquay.

Object.—To assist fallen women wishing to lead a better life. Also to shelter friendless girls who are in danger of adopting a downward career. **Admission.**—Local cases free; others on payment of 3s. a week. No limits as to age. Each case dealt with according to its special requirements. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£45. **Inmates.**—13. Treasurer, Rev. N. S. Taylor, 5 Sydenham Terr., Babba-combe, Torquay; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Cudlip, Shrublands House, Torquay.

ST. MARY'S HOME, Wantage, Berks (2 miles from Wantage Road station, G.W.R.; tram). [C.P.A.]

Admission.—Free. **Inmates.**—33.

FEMALE REFUGE, Grosvenor House, Wadham's Hill, Wolverhampton ($\frac{1}{4}$ mile from station).

Admission.—Destitute cases free, but where friends can contribute payment not exceeding 5s. Inmates remain two years. Medical certificate required. Outfit given if placed in service. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£556. **Inmates.**—25. Bankers, Wolverhampton Banking Company. Treasurer, F. J. Langley, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Miss Hicklin.

KNIGHTON GIRLS' HOME, Woodford Wells. (In connection with the Society for the Rescue of Young Women and Children, *see* p. 529.)

THE PENITENTIARY, Bishophill, York.

Admission.—Free, on application to Miss Bridden. **Inmates.**—20.

4.—METROPOLITAN REFUGES (arranged according to Postal Districts).

ST. GILES'S RESCUE HOME (1885), 46 Neal Street, W.C. [C.P.A.]

Object.—To receive fallen girls and to help them to lead a better life. Most cases are passed on to more permanent Homes. **Management.**—By Mrs. Nisbet and the St. Giles's Workhouse Girls' Aid Committee (*see* p. 530). **Income** (1887–8).—Charitable contributions, £181; repayments from mothers, £16; sale of work, £22. **Inmates.**—7. Bankers, London & Westminster Bank, Holborn. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Mrs. Nisbet, 16 Bedford Square, W.C.

OPEN-ALL-NIGHT REFUGE, 37 Manchester Street, King's Cross, W.C. (In connection with London Female Preventive and Reformatory Institution, *see* p. 528).

THE REFUGE (1883), 15 Heathcote Street, W.C.

Admission.—Free; open all night. **Inmates.**—2. Apply to Miss Buckle.

ST. GILES'S CHRISTIAN MISSION, 25 Drury Lane, W.C.

Admission.—Free.

ST. GILES'S CHRISTIAN MISSION, 26 Great Earl Street, Seven Dials, W.C.

Admission.—Free.

THE REFUGE, 301 Gray's Inn Road, W.C. (In connection with the Church Mission to the Fallen).

Object.—To rescue fallen women. Apply to Mrs. Dix.

THE REFUGE (1888), 28 Brewer Street, Golden Square, W.

Admission.—Free. Applicants must be under 30. **Inmates.**—4.

ST. GEORGE'S, HANOVER SQUARE, DIOCESAN SHELTER AND TRAINING HOME FOR GIRLS, Bourdon Street, Davies Street, Berkeley Square, W. [C.P.A.]

Object.—A shelter for girls of the better class in difficulty or danger, who are sent on to other Homes and helped in various ways. **Management.**—A Council of ladies. **Income** (1888).—£150 in subscriptions. Visitor, The Lord Bishop of London. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Miss Duncombe, 49 Berkeley Square, W. All communications should be addressed to the Sister-in-charge.

ST. AGNES' HOSPITAL, 3 Margaret Street, Cavendish Square, W. (*see* p. 126).

Object.—The reception of sick women who have been leading an immoral life.

THE REFUGE (1885), 3 Durham Place, Campden Hill Rd., W.

Object.—A temporary shelter for girls who have fallen or who are in danger of falling. **Admission.**—Payment 1s. a day, or free if quite friendless. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887).**—£270. **Inmates.**—7. Bankers, National Bank, Limited, Notting Hill Branch. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Mrs. W. C. Alexander, Aubrey House, Aubrey Road, W.

RESCUE HOME, 95 Ledbury Road, Notting Hill, W. ($\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Notting Hill Gate railway station).

All classes received. Payment according to circumstances. (In connection with Reformatory and Refuge Union, 32 Charing Cross, S.W., where communications should be addressed.)

REFUGE, 86 Portobello Road, Notting Hill, W. (In connection with L.A.C.F.G.)

President, Hon. and Rev. E. Carr Glyn, The Vicarage, Kensington, W.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. W. C. Alexander, Aubrey House, Aubrey Road, W.

MISSION HOUSE (1882), 9 and 11 Westbury Road, Paddington, W. (3 minutes' walk from Royal Oak station).

Admission.—5s. a week, but in some cases no payment is required. No limitation as to class. Cases over 30 are rarely received. Apply to Miss Rye, Lady Supt. (In connection with the Reformatory and Refuge Union.)

HOUSE OF REST AND NIGHT REFUGE, 39 Earl Street, Edgware Road, Paddington, N.W. ($\frac{1}{2}$ mile from Paddington, G.W.R. station; $\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Edgware Road station). (In connection with L.A.C.F.G.)

Admission.—Women brought by workers of the local branch of the L.A.C.F.G. are received free; others are received only when there is room at a charge of from 5s. to 7s. 6d. per week. Application to be made to the matron, as above. President, Lady Bayley, 14 Hyde Park Street, W.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Rawlins, 13 Harewood Square, N.W.

THE REFUGE OR HOUSE OF PROBATION, 23 Agate Road, Hammersmith, W. (In connection with St. James's Home, Fulham.) [C.P.A.]

Object.—To benefit girls of immoral character who wish to lead better lives. **Admission.**—Girls may remain a fortnight or month, according to circumstances. Payment, 3s. 6d. per week. Application to be made to Sister Superior, St. James's Home, Fulham. **Inmates.**—6. Hon. Sec., Sister Superior, St. James's Home, Fulham, S.W.

HOUSE OF REFUGE, 15 & 17 Commercial Road, Pimlico, S.W. [C.P.A.]

Object.—To receive fallen women and girls, and provide for them in Homes and service, or restore them to parents. The Home at No. 17 is set apart for the reception of penitents of a higher class than those

ordinarily to be found in Refuges. **Admission.**—By application, by letter or personally, to the Sister in Charge. Applicants must be willing to reform and gain a character. Those in bad health are ineligible. Clothes are given. Payment according to the means of sender. Free admissions are also granted. Inmates remain at longest three months, with exceptions, when they are sent to penitentiaries. **Management.**—By a Committee and Sister in Charge. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £413; needlework, &c., £77; payments for penitents, £120. **Inmates** (Dec. 31, 1888).—11. Hon. Sec., Arthur Liddell, Esq.

ST. FAITH'S HOME (1880), 259 Vauxhall Bridge Road, S.W. [C.P.A.]

Object.—A home for fallen girls. **Admission.**—Free, on application to the Lady in Charge. Inmates 'are admitted for a longer or shorter period in order to test the sincerity of their intentions, after which they are mostly passed on to other Homes or penitentiaries.' **Management.**—By Lady in Charge, under supervision of St. Faith's Mission Association. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £274; legacy, £30. **Inmates** (Dec. 31, 1888).—8. Bankers, London & County Bank, Victoria Street, S.W. Treasurer, F. W. Fane, Esq., 42 Chester Square, S.W.; Sec., Mrs. Edwin Price, 2 The Cloisters, Westminster Abbey, S.W.; Lady in Charge, Miss Crace.

WESTMINSTER FEMALE REFUGE (1856), 14 Great College Street, S.W. [C.P.A.]

Object.—To afford a temporary home to fallen women wishing to reform. **Admission.**—By application at the Refuge. Cases received are sent to Homes and penitentiaries, or hospitals, or restored to friends, or sent to service. There is no regular payment. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions, donations, and church collections, £426; grant from Church Penitentiary Association, £51; grant from Commissioners of Westminster Prison, £14; grant from Prisoners' Aid Society, £20; grant from Church Mission to the Fallen, £4; payments for board, &c., of inmates, £18; sale of work, £140; needlework, £5. **Inmates.**—211. Bankers, Herries & Co. Treasurer, J. C. Thynne, Esq., Cloisters, Westminster Abbey; Chaplain, Rev. W. B. Trevelyan; Lady Superintendent, Mrs. Williams.

HOUSE OF SHELTER, 40 Chapel Place, Brompton Road, S.W. (10 minutes' walk from South Kensington station; omnibus).

Admission.—Free, on application to the matron. Women received under 30 years of age. **Inmates.**—5.

MILTON HOUSE RESCUE HOME, 1 Maude Grove, Fulham Road, S.W. (In connection with the London Female Preventive and Reformatory Institution, *see* p. 528.) Lady Visitors, Mrs. Parr; Miss Wilkinson.

HOLT-YATES MEMORIAL HOME, 5 Parsons Green, Ful- ham, S.W. (In connection with the London Female Preventive and Reformatory Institution, *see* p. 528.) Lady Visitor, Miss Oxley.

NEWPORT MARKET REFUGE, Coburg Row, Westminster, S.W. [C.P.A.]

Object.—To rescue fallen women. **Admission.**—Free, on application to the Sister-in-charge.

FAMILY HOME FOR FRIENDLESS GIRLS (1886), 35 Oakley Crescent, Chelsea, S.W.

Object.—To admit girls who have no other refuge left them but the streets, whether they be fallen or only in dangerous circumstances.

Management.—By Committee. **Income (1887).**—£370. **Inmates.**—11. Bankers, Alliance Bank. Treasurer, Mrs. J. Sheddon Scrimgeour; Hon. Sec., Miss Elizabeth A. Tournier.

RESCUE HOME (1886), 28 Margaretta Terrace, Chelsea, S.W. ($\frac{3}{4}$ mile from Sloane Square station).

Admission.—Free, on application to Miss Hugill.

RESCUE HOME (1887), 143 Brixton Hill, S.W.

Management.—Private.

HOUSE OF REST (1885), 1 Sistova Road, Balham, S.W. [C.P.A.]

Object.—To assist girls who wish to lead a virtuous life. **Ages,** 16 to 26. **Admission.**—Annual subscribers of £1. 1s. entitled to a letter available for three weeks for convalescent cases. Non-subscribers' cases, 10s. weekly; girls from other institutions at reduced payment. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887).**—£490. **Inmates.**—8. Bankers, Drummond & Co. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Mrs. Thynne, Cloisters, Westminster Abbey; Chaplain, Rev. T. Bates, Balham.

ST. MARY'S REFUGE, 21 Althorpe Road, Wandsworth Common, S.W. (3 minutes' walk from the railway station).

Admission.—All classes of fallen women received. Payment according to circumstances; not in all cases. (In connection with the Reformatory and Refuge Union, 32 Charing Cross, S.W., where communications should be addressed.)

TEMPORARY HAVEN FOR HOMELESS GIRLS, 6A Trinity Street, Borough, S.E.

Admission.—Girls of various ages received. Payment according to circumstances. **Management.**—By Mildmay Deaconesses, Conference Hall, Mildmay Park, N. **Inmates.**—6.

SHELTER FOR GIRLS, 27 West Square, Borough, S.E.

Hon. Sec., Miss Light.

THE REFUGE, 98 Kennington Road, S.E. (1 mile from Waterloo station).

Admission.—6s. a week; but free cases are frequently received. **Ages** from 16 to 25. **Inmates.**—6. Apply to Mrs. Absalom.

THE REFUGE, 211 Camberwell Road, S.E. (seven minutes' walk from Camberwell Road station; Westminster and New Cross trams pass the door).

Admission.—Free. None over 30 are admitted. Apply to the Lady in Charge. **Inmates.**—10.

THE REFUGE, 1 Bournemouth Road, Peckham, S.E. ($\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Rye Lane station).

Object.—A temporary shelter for fallen women. **Inmates.**—3.

EAST DULWICH AND PECKHAM SHELTER HOME (1887), 28 Buchan Road, East Dulwich, S.E. (three minutes' walk from Peckham Rye station). (Connected with National Vigilance Association.)

Object.—To shelter any homeless fallen woman or girl desirous of leading a new life. **Admission.**—Free. The shelter is open day and night. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—2. Treasurer, Benjamin Lamb, Esq. Hon. Sec., Charles W. Vincent, Esq., 17 Oakhurst Grove, East Dulwich Green.

THE HOUSE OF REST, 50 Palace Road, Norwood, S.E.

Admission.—Free on application to the Lady in Charge.

THE REFUGE, 6 Dockley Road, Bermondsey, S.E. [C.P.A.]
(See Southwark Girls' Rescue Society, p. 531).

RESCUE HOME, 4 St. Germain's Villas, Lewisham (close to Lewisham Junction station, S.E.R.).

Admission.—Application to be made to Miss Dale, matron. Payment required only in exceptional cases.

TEMPORARY REFUGE (1857), 14 Prior Street, Greenwich, S.E. (three minutes' walk from Greenwich station).

Object.—To admit fallen and friendless girls and women, not young children. Women under 35 are preferred. **Admission.**—Free, unless when payments by the inmates are made voluntarily, or where friends can pay. Outfit given when necessary. Inmates remain about three weeks, and are transferred to rescue homes. (In connection with the Reformatory and Refuge Union.) **Management.**—By Committee of gentlemen. **Income** (1887).—£147. **Inmates.**—5. Treasurer, Thos. Garnett, Esq.

TEMPORARY HOME (1864), 10 Wood Street, Woolwich, S.E.

Object.—To shelter fallen women and girls till vacancies occur in other Homes. **Admission.**—Application to be made to the matron. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1886).—£213. **Inmates.**—6. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Colonel Grubb, Marlborough Lodge, Charlton.

ST. JOHN'S REFUGE (1884), Linden House, Stratford Green, E. [C.P.A.]

Object.—To receive fallen girls and young women for a short period of a month or so before passing them on to Homes, penitentiaries, or to service. **Admission.**—By application at the Refuge. **Management.**—By the Vicar of the parish, Rev. Raymond P. Pelly (Warden), and a Committee of ladies elected by ballot. (The Refuge is a branch of the work of the Stratford and West Ham Association for the Care of Friendless Girls.) **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £447; laundry receipts at the 'Cedars,' £189; grant from Bishop of St. Alban's Fund, £50; grant from Church Penitentiary Association, £32; offertories, £32; proceeds of drawing-room meetings and concert, £43. **Inmates** (1887).

—172; accommodation for 16. Bankers, London & County, Stratford Branch. Treasurer, Mrs. Rogers; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Raymond P. Pelly, St. John's Vicarage, Stratford, E.

MANOR COTTAGE (1878), 4 Kerbey Street, Poplar, E. [C.P.A.]

Object.—To assist helpless and fallen women to a new start in life.

Admission.—By application to Mrs. Wilkes.

RESCUE HOME FOR WORKING GIRLS, 31 Mile End Road, E.

Hon. Sec., E. Kerwin, Esq.

HARLOW HOUSE, 34 Mile End Road, E.

Admission.—Free.

THE REFUGE HOME (1887), 33 Mile End Road, E.

Admission.—Free for fallen women under 20 of the lowest class.
Inmates.—13.

‘BRIDGE OF HOPE’ MISSION AND RATCLIFF HIGHWAY REFUGE (1880), Betts Street, St. George's East, E.; Training Homes, Redhill and Crouch End.

Object.—A refuge for fallen women, a preventive home for young girls in dangerous surroundings, and a night shelter and mission for the very poor. **Admission.**—Applicants come of their own accord, and are admitted if they are penitent and desire a better life. The training homes are for young unfallen girls. **Management.**—By Council or Finance Committee of gentlemen. **Income (1887-8).**—Charitable contributions, £1,426; payments for inmates, and repayments for outfits, £142; proceeds of laundry and sale of needlework, £252; rent, £11. **Inmates (1887-8).**—Refuge, 204; preventive homes, 93; shelter, 1,027. Bankers, Dimsdale, Fowler, & Co. Treasurer, Alderman Sir Robert N. Fowler, M.P.; Hon. Superintendent, Miss Steer.

ALL HALLOWS SHELTER (1887), 47 Athol Street, Abbott Road, East India Docks, E.

Admission.—Free, on application to Mrs. Cooper. **Inmates.**—3.

RESCUE HOME (1886), Mitre House, 8 Three Colt Street, Limehouse, E. (adjoining Limehouse station, G.E.R.).

Admission.—Girls are received from 13 to 17 years of age at 6s. per week. Application to be made to Mrs. Forsaith.

COMMERCIAL ROAD REFUGE (1887), 31 Arbour Square, Commercial Road, E. (Stepney station).

Admission.—Free. **Inmates.**—8.

TEMPORARY REFUGE, 29 Stepney Green, E.

Admission.—Free.

SHELTER FOR GIRLS (1884), 2 Kenmure Road, Amburst Road, Hackney, E. [C.P.A.]

Object.—A small shelter or refuge for fallen women when they are first willing to give up their bad life. After a short time and as much enquiry as possible made about them, they are passed on to Homes, into

situations, or restored to their friends. When brought from the infirmary a certificate of health is required. No payment or outfit required.

Management.—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£82. **Inmates.**—3. **Treasurer**, Mrs. Puttock; **Hon. Sec.**, Mrs. S. Blair, 53 Eaton Place, S.W.

RESCUE HOME (1886), 259 Mare Street, Hackney, E. (Connected with the Salvation Army.)

Object.—This Home is a central office which receives all who apply personally or by letter, for admission before they are passed on into the six London Homes of the Salvation Army. A limited number of mothers and infants are also received. **Management.**—Head of the Rescue Work, Mrs. Bramwell Booth. **Inmates.**—30.

DRESSMAKERS' HOME, 1 Freegrove Road, Holloway, N. (Connected with the Female Mission to the Fallen.)

RESCUE HOME, 35 Eden Grove, Holloway, N. (In connection with the London Female Preventive and Reformatory Institution, *see* p. 528.)

ST. GEORGE'S RESCUE HOME, 26 Union Road, Holloway, N. (10 minutes' walk from Kentish Town, Midland station).

Object.—To shelter girls who wish to leave an evil life. **Admission.**—Better class of fallen women penitents. No limitation as to age, but preference is given to those not over 35. **Payment**, 5s. or 7s. 6d. a week. **Lady Superintendent**, Miss Rosa Hill.

THE MISSION REFUGE, 160 Dalston Lane, N. (8 minutes' walk from Dalston Junction).

There is no limitation as to the class of penitent received. **Payment** according to circumstances. (In connection with Reformatory and Refuge Union, 32 Charing Cross, S.W., where all communications should be addressed.)

HOME FOR GIRLS (1887), Alpha House, 43 Hanley Road, Finsbury Park, N.

Object.—To be a shelter, open night and day, for girls wishing to leave a life of sin. **Admission.**—No limit as to age. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£226. **Inmates.**—15. **Treasurer**, S. Pewtress, Esq.; **Hon. Sec.**, Mrs. Bailhache.

RESCUE HOME, 37 Manchester Street, Euston Road, N.W. (In connection with the London Female Preventive and Reformatory Institution, *see* p. 528).

Object.—Night reception house, open all night, for those who have fallen into or are exposed to sin.

RESCUE HOME, 195 Hampstead Road, N.W. (In connection with the London Female Preventive and Reformatory Institution, *see* p. 528).

Object.—For friendless young women and servants.

ST. MARGARET'S HOME (1888), 71 William Street, Albany Street, Regent's Park, N.W. [C.P.A.]

Object.—For fallen women who wish to return to a respectable life. **Admission.**—Applicants must bring a recommendation from clergyman or householder, and certificate of health. If admitted before confinement, must bring an in-patient's letter for Queen Charlotte's Hospital; their friends must arrange to take charge of the child when it is a fortnight old. Payment, 5s. per week in advance. **Income** (March-Dec. 1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £198; payments for girls, £33; sale of work, £5. **Inmates.**—21. Treasurer, Miss H. W. Hunt, 28 Chester Terrace, N.W.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Windham Baring, 3 Cambridge Place, N.W.; Lady Supt., Miss M. H. Hunt, 28 Chester Terrace, N.W.; Matron, Miss Bamford.

ST. GILES'S CHRISTIAN MISSION, 32 Leighton Road, Kentish Town, N.W.

Admission.—Free.

CENTRAL HOME, 200 Euston Road, N.W. (In connection with the London Female Preventive and Reformatory Institution, see p. 528.)

FEMALE TEMPORARY HOME, 218 Marylebone Road, N.W.

Object.—For the reception of the better class of fallen women. **Admission.**—There are separate apartments for governesses and companions. **Management.**—Private. **Inmates.**—30. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co., and Drummond & Co.

ANCHORAGE MISSION HOUSE, 10 Loudoun Road, St. John's Wood, N.W., five minutes' walk from railway station (see p. 529).

5.—PROVINCIAL REFUGES. (Arranged Alphabetically.)

HOUSE OF REFUGE (1874), near South Camp, Aldershot. [C.P.A.]

Object.—Home for fallen women. **Inmates.**—9. Chaplain, Rev. A. G. Haden.

TEMPORARY HOME, ALDERSHOT MISSION FOR WOMEN AND GIRLS, 3 Elizabeth Cottages, Wolseley Road, Aldershot ($\frac{1}{4}$ mile from Aldershot station).

Object.—To form a temporary home for ruined or endangered women and girls until they can be returned to their friends or sent to a permanent Home. **Admission.**—By application to Miss Tummon. **Inmates.**—2. Treasurer, Rev. J. P. Gledstone, 63 Upper Tulse Hill, S.W.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Edgar Straker.

HOME FOR GIRLS, 63 Great George Street, Belfast. (In connection with the Salvation Army.)

RESCUE HOME (1886), 205 Oliver Street, Birkenhead. (In connection with L.A.C.F.G.)

Admission.—Local cases free ; those from a distance pay an entrance fee of 10s. 6d. Unmarried women under 30. Girls remain a few days or weeks. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887).**—£253. **Inmates.**—7. Bankers, North & South Wales Bank. Treasurer, Mrs. Lloyd Jones ; Hon. Sec., Miss Fripp, 40 Balls Road, Birkenhead.

GIRLS' NIGHT REFUGE (1883), Chapel House, Deritend, Birmingham.

Object.—A receiving house, from which the girls are drafted into suitable Homes or situations. **Admission.**—Free to destitute girls under 20 years of age. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887).**—£140. **Inmates.**—12. Hon. Sec., Major Fordyce, Moseley, Birmingham.

HOUSE OF SHELTER (1886), 90 Manchester Road, Bolton
(five minutes' walk from station).

Object.—To admit girls, fallen or otherwise, who are in distress and in need of a temporary shelter. **Admission.**—According to means, by application to Mrs. W. A. Harper. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—8. Bankers, Bank of Bolton, Limited. Treasurer, A. H. Lee, Esq. ; Hon. Sec., W. A. Posnett, Esq.

THE NIGHT REFUGE, Church Lane, St. Michael's, Bristol.

Object.—To provide a shelter open night and day.

HOME FOR WOMEN, 6 Maria Terrace, Cardiff. (In connection with Salvation Army.)

THE SHELTER, 13 Nelson Road, Chatham. [C.P.A.]

Object.—A temporary home for fallen women whilst arrangements are made for their reception in Houses of Mercy. **Admission.**—Free. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1886).**—£113. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Burrows.

REFUGE, 5 Greville Terrace, Cheltenham. (In connection with L.A.C.F.G.)

Hon. Sec., Mrs. Gunning Campbell, 2 Cloverdale Lawn, Cheltenham.

HOUSE OF SHELTER (1883), 36 Tarwin Street, Chester.
[C.P.A.]

Object.—To receive any fallen girls and women who apply, and who are not above 25 years of age. They are sent on to Homes for training. **Admission.**—If sent by friends, payment of 2s. 6d. per week. **Management.** By Committee. **Income (1887).**—£185. **Inmates.**—9. Bankers, Parrs. Treasurer, Mrs. Birch ; Hon. Sec., Hon. Mrs. Parker.

THE REFUGE, Wellesley Home, Clewer, Windsor. [C.P.A.]

Object.—A refuge for fallen women of all ages, from Windsor and the neighbourhood. **Admission.**—No limit as to length of stay. They are sent to other Homes as vacancies can be found. Cases from a distance must be paid for. **Inmates.**—12.

RESCUE HOME, Milton House, Milton Road, Croydon.

Object.—To receive fallen women desirous to leave their evil life.
Admission.—Local cases free ; others pay £1. 1s. Placed after a few weeks or months in other Homes or in service. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—7. Bankers, Chasemore & Robinson. Treasurer, Hon. Mrs. Dawson, Halinghyrst, Warham Road, Croydon ; Hon. Sec., Miss Malleeson, Fairholme, Park Lane, Croydon.

TEMPORARY HOME (1882), 54 Henry Street, Derby
 (½ mile from Great Northern station, and 1½ miles from Midland station).

Object.—To receive fallen girls till arrangements can be made for them to be sent to Homes by the Derby Association for the Help of Girls. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—3. Treasurer, Mrs. Woodroffe ; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Knight, All Saints' Vicarage, Derby.

TEMPORARY HOME, 9 Cross Street, Durham.

Hon. Sec., Mrs. Walter, Bon Lane.

THE MISSION HOME (1886), Carleton Road, Eastbourne.

Object.—To help fallen girls under 25 years of age. **Admission.**—Payment, 5s. 6d. per week, and needful clothes. Medical certificate required. **Management.**—Private. **Income (1887).**—£277. **Inmates.**—14. Bankers, Molineux & Co., Lewes Old Bank. Treasurer, Miss O'Malley ; Hon. Sec., Miss Bell, Merlin, Eastbourne.

RESCUE HOME, 8 Melbourne Place, Holy Trinity, Exeter.

Object.—A temporary home for fallen girls, or those in danger of falling. They are sent on to other Institutions. **Management.**—By Committee. Treasurer, Mrs. Pennel ; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Ellis, Hartwel House, Exeter.

HOME FOR GIRLS, 5 St. Vincent Place, Glasgow. (In connection with the Salvation Army.)**REFUGE, 17 Stirling Road, Glasgow.**

Admission.—Fallen women under 25 only received. Application to be made to Miss Burrell. **Inmates.**—62.

ST. THOMAS'S REFUGE, Forton, Gosport. [C.P.A.] (In connection with St. Thomas's Home, Basingstoke.)

Object.—A temporary home for the friendless and fallen. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—5. Hon. Sec., Sister in Charge.

HOME FOR FRIENDLESS WOMEN (1877), West Marsh Grimsby.

Object.—To receive girls who have lost character, and to pass them on to other Homes. **Admission.**—Free. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1886).**—£174. **Inmates.**—4. Treasurer, Mrs. Bannister ; Hon. Sec., Rev. J. P. Young, The Vicarage, Grimsby.

ST. MARY'S REFUGE (1882), 52 Chertsey Street, Guildford.
 (Affiliated to St. Thomas's Home, Basingstoke.) [C.P.A.]

Object.—To receive friendless and fallen women, who are sent on to service or penitentiaries. **Admission.**—Free. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—5. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Mrs. H. B. Clark.

TEMPORARY REFUGE (1886), 12 Launceston Street, Hanson Lane, Halifax ($\frac{1}{2}$ mile from the station. Bible-women will meet any girl).

Object.—A Home for fallen girls or women wishing to reform, who are received any hour of day or night, and kept till arrangements can be made for them. The religious teaching is entirely unsectarian. **Admission.**—If necessary, without payment. **Management.**—Private. **Inmates.**—2. **Treasurer and Hon. Sec.,** Mrs. Hodgson Wright, 8 Park Road, Halifax.

SHELTERING HOME FOR GIRLS (1885), 2 Mason St., Hull.

Object.—A temporary refuge for fallen girls, age 15 to 28, until they can be sent to other Homes. **Admission.**—Free. Outfit provided. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£376. **Inmates.**—8. **Treasurer, Mrs. H. W. Kemp**; **Hon. Secs., Mrs. F. Pearson**, 42 Albany Street, Spring Bank; **Mrs. Rowsell**, St. Paul's Vicarage, Hull.

LODGE OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD, Ipswich. [C.P.A.]

Object.—To rescue fallen women. **Admission.**—Free. **Management.**—Community of All Hallows, Ditchingham. **Inmates.**—7. Apply to the Lady in Charge.

FEMALE REFUGE (1886), Jersey. (Affiliated to St. Thomas's Home, Basingstoke.)

Object.—To provide a temporary refuge for girls and women. **Admission.**—Free; no restrictions as to age. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income.**—£154. **Inmates.**—5. **Treasurer, Mrs. Gruchy**; **Hon. Sec., Mrs. Braithwaite**, Terrace House, Jersey.

TEMPORARY REFUGE FOR WOMEN, Mission House, Elm Crescent, Kingston-on-Thames.

Object.—A temporary refuge for fallen women. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—3. **Hon. Sec., Mrs. Dalison**, Hampton Court Palace, Kingston-on-Thames.

ST. MARY MAGDALENE'S REFUGE, Newarke, Leicester. [C.P.A.]

Admission.—Free. **Inmates.**—22. Apply to Sister in Charge.

RESCUE HOME, Lichfield (1 mile from station; omnibus meets all trains).

Admission.—All classes of fallen women are received free. Only two can be received at once. They are kept for a few days till they can be sent to a Home or restored to their friends. **Hon. Sec., Mrs. Lonsdale.**

THE REFUGE, Parchment Cottage, Lichfield. (In connection with L.A.C.F.G.)

Object.—The reception of fallen women where they may be received and forwarded afterwards to a permanent Home. It is a purely local institution. **Hon. Sec., Mrs. H. Bridgeman**, The Close, Lichfield.

THE REFUGE (1883), Trinity Lane, Louth, Lincolnshire. [C.P.A.]

Object.—A temporary shelter for any friendless or fallen girl. **Admission.**—Free. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£58. **Inmates.**—2. **Hon. Sec., Miss Streatfeild**, Trinity Vicarage, Louth, Lincolnshire.

PREVENTIVE HOME AND REFUGE, 53 & 54 Hardy Street, Maidstone.

Object.—To afford temporary shelter to girls in Maidstone. **Admission.**—Application to be made to Matron. **Management.**—By the Church Deaconesses, Maidstone. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Higgin.

THE MISSION REFUGE (1877), 27 Byrom St., Manchester.

Object.—To receive fallen women and to pass them on to other Homes. **Admission.**—Free. Applicants should be under 26 years of age. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1877).**—£224. **Inmates.**—10. Bankers, Manchester & County Bank, King Street. **Treasurer,** E. N. Galloway, Esq.; **Hon. Sec.,** Miss E. H. Robson.

HOME FOR GIRLS, Blue Hall, Lenthorpe, Middlesborough.
(In connection with the Salvation Army.)

THE REFUGE (1888), Ravensworth Terrace, Newcastle-on-Tyne. [C.P.A.]

Admission.—Free.

GREYFRIARS REFUGE (1886), King's St., Norwich. [C.P.A.]

Admission.—Free. Apply to the Sister in Charge. **Management.**—Community of All Hallows, Ditchingham. **Inmates.**—9.

RESCUE HOSPITAL (1871), Carnarvon Road, Heigham, Norwich (1 mile from Victoria Thorpe station). [C.P.A.]

Object.—To receive lock cases only, and prepare them for admission to Homes. **Admission.**—Destitute cases free. **Management.**—By the Sisterhood of All Hallows, Ditchingham. **Income (1887).**—£246. **Inmates.**—9. Bankers, Gurney & Co., Norwich. **Hon. Sec.,** Sister in Charge.

TEMPORARY RESCUE HOME (1885), Southwell House, North Street, Nottingham.

Management.—By Committee. **Inmates.**—8. **Treas.,** Mrs. Morse; **Hon. Sec.,** Mrs. MacCallan, The Gables, Sherwood Rise, Nottingham.

HOUSE OF REFUGE (1877), Floyd's Row, St. Aldate's, Oxford. [C.P.A.]

Object.—To shelter fallen women and to pass them to other Homes, or restore them to their friends; also to help 'rescue cases.' **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1886).**—£198. **Chaplain,** Rev. S. B. Benson; **Hon. Sec.,** Sir Geo. Dashwood, Bart.

THREEFOLD CORD SOCIETY REFUGE, 2 Octagon Street, Plymouth. [C.P.A.]

THE REFUGE, 2 The Octagon, Plymouth. (In connection with the Salvation Army.)

THE REFUGE (1881), Gascoigne Place, Plymouth. (In connection with L.A.C.F.G.)

Object.—A temporary refuge for fallen women, or anyone without character, who may need help. **Admission.**—Free. This is not a mere night refuge, but the women are expected to be willing to enter a Home,

or undertake any respectable situation that may be found. No limit as to age. The religious teaching is undenominational. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—8. Treasurer, Mrs. Anthony; Hon. Sec., Miss Speaman, 12 Stafford Terrace, Plymouth.

THE REFUGE, 1 Market Street, Stonehouse, Plymouth.
(In connection with the House of Peace, 157 North Road, Plymouth.) [C.P.A.]

ST. MARGARET'S REFUGE (1888), 39 Cecil Street, Broadway, Roath. [C.P.A.]

Object.—To rescue fallen women and girls, a preference being given to those under 25. **Admission.**—Free. **Management.**—By the Sisters of St. Margaret's, East Grinstead. **Inmates.**—6.

ST. FAITH'S HOME OF REFUGE (1881), Pellhurst Road, Ryde, Isle of Wight. [C.P.A.]

Object.—To shelter fallen and friendless girls, and to pass them on to Homes, where they will remain two years. **Management.**—Private. **Income** (1887).—£284. **Inmates.**—6. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Mrs. S. Worsley, 5 Belvedere Street, Ryde.

ST. MICHAEL'S REFUGE, Endless Street, Salisbury.

ST. MARTIN'S RESCUE HOME (1884), 7 Greenfield Terrace, Ramshill Road, Scarborough. [C.P.A.]

Object.—To shelter any homeless and friendless girl or woman over 15 years of age. **Admission.**—Payment, 3s. 6d. per week, if possible. **Management.**—Private. **Income** (1887).—£102. **Inmates.**—7. Bankers, York City & County Bank, Scarborough. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Mrs. Waterhouse, 6 Esplanade, Scarborough.

HOUSE OF HELP (1886), 1 Paradise Square, Sheffield.

Object.—To receive destitute cases and to pass them on to other Homes. **Admission.**—Free. Medical certificate required. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£468. **Inmates.**—12. Bankers, Union Bank. Treasurer, A. Davey, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. W. T. Flather, Endcliffe Mount, Sheffield.

THE REFUGE (1883), Cross Street, Kingsland, Southampton.
(In connection with St. Thomas's Home, Basingstoke.)
[C.P.A.]

Object.—To afford a temporary refuge to fallen girls. **Admission.**—Free. No girl remains more than one week. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—6. Bankers, Maddison & Hankinson. Treasurer, Rev. W. W. Perrin; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Ramsey, Cleveland, Bassett, Southampton.

COTTAGE RESCUE HOME (1886), 229 Shirley Road, Southampton.

Admission.—No woman is refused who is earnest to reform, local cases being as a rule only received. No payment is expected, and clothing is provided, an outfit being furnished on leaving for a situation. The religious teaching is evangelical. **Management.**—By the Southampton Gospel Rescue Society. **Income** (1887).—£105. **Inmates.**—11. Bankers, Capital & Counties Banking Company. Treasurer, George Downing, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Tilling, 19 Carlton Crescent, Southampton.

THE REFUGE, 34 Somers Road, Southsea (10 minutes' walk from Portsmouth Town station). (In connection with St. Thomas's Home, Basingstoke.) [C.P.A.]

Object.—To afford a temporary refuge for fallen girls. **Admission.**—Free. Women must be from the Diocese of Winchester, and under 30 years of age. **Inmates.**—5.

TEMPORARY HOME FOR GIRLS, Nile Street, Sunderland.

Object.—To shelter poor fallen girls for a few days, and to send them on to penitentiaries.

CHURCH REFUGE HOME (1888), 2 Beaufort Cott., Avenue Rd., Torre, Torquay (5 minutes' walk from Torre station).

Admission.—By application to Miss Leigh, as above. Payment, 3s. 6d. per week for local cases, 5s. for others. **Management.**—By Committee of ten incumbents of Torquay and the neighbourhood. **Income** (1888, July 9-December 31).—Offeratories and donations, £34. **Inmates.**—Accommodation for 2. Hon. Sec., Lieut.-Col. Hole, Kilcorran, Torre; Lady Supt., Miss Leigh.

THE SHELTER, Weymouth ($\frac{1}{2}$ mile from station).

Object.—To shelter girls previous to their being sent to training homes or penitentiaries away from Weymouth. **Admission.**—Local cases only received. Payment, 7s. a week. Application to be made to Miss Voss, Fairlight, Westham, Weymouth. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—2. Treasurer, G. Eliot, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Peto, Fleet House, Weymouth.

THE REFUGE, Wigan ($\frac{1}{2}$ mile from station; cab).

Admission.—By application to Mrs. Bell, 39 New Market Street, Wigan. Board must, if possible, be paid for.

THE REFUGE (1845), 1 North Walls, Winchester ($\frac{1}{4}$ mile from the station). [C.P.A.]

Object.—For fallen women. No limit of age, but young women preferred. **Admission.**—Fee of £1 to be sent with case. Outfit given on leaving for service. Certificate of health required. No fixed time for leaving; sent out when considered fit. **Management.**—By Committee of ladies and gentlemen. **Income** (1887).—£372. **Inmates.**—9. Bankers, Dean & Co. Treasurer, W. B. Croft, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Col. F. A. Dickens, Blackbridge House, Winchester.

THE REFUGE, Bridge House, Witham, Essex. [C.P.A.]

Object.—To rescue fallen women of the lower class. **Admission.**—Free. **Management.**—By Sisters from the House of Mercy, Maplestead. **Inmates.**—5. Apply to the Lady in Charge.

HOUSE OF REFUGE, 1 Melrose Cottages, Worcester. [C.P.A.]

Object.—To receive fallen women of any age, and to pass them to other Homes. **Management.**—By Chaplain and Mother Superior of the Community of the Holy Name. **Income** (1888).—£263.

THE REFUGE (1884), Hope Cottage, Yarmouth. (In connection with L.A.C.F.G.)

Object.—A temporary rescue home for girls living in Yarmouth. **Management.**—By Committee. **Inmates.**—4. Hon. Sec., Mrs. H. E. Buxton.

RESCUE HOME (1884), 1 Aldwark, York (1 mile from station).

Object.—A temporary refuge. **Admission.**—All who apply for help are admitted free. Applications to be made to the superintendent, Miss Child, Grove House, Huntingdon Road, York. **Management.**—By Committee. Bankers, City & County Bank, York. Treasurer, Miss Colbim, 3 Beetham Terrace; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Ball, Mille Crux House.

RESCUE HOME (1881), Grove House, Huntingdon Rd., York.

Object.—The reception of fallen women under 30. **Inmates.**—6.

6. ROMAN CATHOLIC REFUGES AND HOMES.

ST. MARY'S HOME, 28 Drayton Gardens, S.W.

Object.—To receive (for a year at least) penitent women and girls, of 16 years of age and upwards; afterwards to find suitable situations or employment for them, or place them in other Homes, hospitals, &c. **Inmates.**—26. Payment, 7s. a week. Application to Miss Parker, Lady Superintendent.

CONVENT OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD, East Finchley, N.

Object.—(1) To receive penitent women and girls for reformation; also those in danger from bad homes or associates. These are retained for various periods; when fit they are placed in service (a suitable outfit being provided). (2) To receive Catholic female convicts for the last 9 months of their sentence. Those who wish to remain after their sentence has expired, or who, having left, wish to return, are permitted to do so when it is expedient. Many of these are afterwards placed as servants. These two classes live in separate houses, and never see each other. Girls under 15 admitted only by exception. **Inmates.**—170 at Refuge, 20 convicts under detention, 40 free. Application to the Mother Provincial. Bankers, London & Westminster Bank, St. James's Square.

CONVENT OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD, Hammersmith, W.

Object.—To receive penitents; also girls in danger. **Inmates.**—190. Application to the Mother Prioress. Bankers, London & Westminster Bank, Stratford Place, W.

ST. PELAGIUS' HOME, 2 Church Road, Limehouse, E.

Object.—To receive penitent women of the fallen class, or those in great danger from evil surroundings, &c. **Inmates.**—30. No limit of age. Application to the Sister Superior.

REFUGE OF OUR LADY OF PITY, 4 Percy Street, Tottenham Court Road, W.

Object.—To receive at once any women or girls desirous of forsaking a life of sin, with the intention of passing them on (after a short time at the Refuge) to other Homes or hospitals, or of restoring them to their friends, &c. Application to the Rev. Mother.

ST. MARY OF EGYPT'S HOME, Water Lane, Stratford, E.

Object.—To receive the most outcast and destitute women of the fallen class. Application to S. Ingersole.

ST. MAGDALEN'S REFUGE, Russell House, Streatham, S.W.

Object.—The reception of from 30 to 40 penitent women and girls, who will be employed in laundry and needlework. Application to the Superior.

CONVENT OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD, Blackley, Manchester.

Object.—To receive penitents, also innocent girls in danger. **Inmates.**—115. Application to the Mother Prioress. Bankers, Union Bank of Manchester.

CONVENT OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD, Benton Grange, Newcastle.

Application to the Mother Prioress.

CONVENT OF OUR LADY OF CHARITY AND REFUGE, St. Michael's, Waterlooville, Portsmouth.

Object.—The reception of penitents and the preservation of young girls in danger of falling. Entrance fee £2 expected. Application to the Mother Superior. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank, 69 Pall Mall, London.

ST. MARY'S HOME, Eastleigh, Bishopstoke (five minutes' walk from station).**CONVENT OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD, Dalkent House, Glasgow.****THE REFUGE, 3 Green's Court, Little Pulteney Street, W.****CONVENT OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD, Arno's Court, Bristol.**

Object.—The reformation of penitents, and preservation of girls of 16 and upwards from vice or danger. **Inmates.**—158. Application to the Mother Prioress. Bankers, Miles, Cave, & Co., Old Bank, Bristol.

CONVENT OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD, Pen-y-lan, Cardiff.

Object.—To receive penitents for reformation; also innocent girls who are in danger. **Inmates.**—167. Application to the Mother Prioress. Bankers, Provincial Bank of England, Cardiff.

CONVENT OF OUR LADY OF CHARITY AND REFUGE, Bartestree, Hereford.

Object.—The reception of penitents and the preservation of young women and girls in danger of falling. Entrance fee of £2 expected. Application to the Rev. Mother.

CONVENT OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD, Ford, Seaforth, Liverpool.

Object.—To receive penitents; also young women in danger. **Inmates.**—190. Application to the Mother Prioress. Bankers, Liverpool Union Bank.

CONVENT OF THE GOOD SHEPHERD, Dalbeth, Glasgow.

Object, rules, &c., as at Arno's Court, Bristol, *see above*.

VII. MISCELLANEOUS.

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I.—SOCIAL AND PHYSICAL IMPROVEMENT.

CHARITY VOTING REFORM ASSOCIATION, 30 Charing Cross, S.W.

Object.—‘To amend the mode of selecting from amongst the many applicants for admission to charitable institutions, and thus to promote the election of the most necessitous and most deserving.’ The association suggests that canvassing, trafficking in votes, and public polling days should be put a stop to, thus avoiding the excessive labour and expense at present entailed on candidates and their friends whether successful or not. **Management.**—By a Committee appointed by the members at the Annual Meeting. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £174. Bankers, Drummond & Co. Treasurers, Rev. R. J. Simpson; J. Hogg, Esq.; Secretary, J. A. Dow, Esq.

SOCIETY FOR THE DISCHARGE AND RELIEF OF PERSONS IMPRISONED FOR SMALL DEBTS (1772), 4 The Sanctuary, S.W.

Object.—To make grants under the Imprisoned Debtors Discharge Society’s Act, 1856, out of the surplus income, and, with the sanction of the Court of Chancery, to charitable institutions selected annually by the Governors.

SOCIETY FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF MENDICITY (1818), 8 Fisher Street, Red Lion Square, W.C.

Object.—(a) Apprehending impostors, vagrants and children found begging in the streets: the children, when convicted, are sent to Industrial Schools, where they are taught a trade; (b) the investigation of begging letters. The reports of this special department enable the subscriber to give appropriate and timely relief to the deserving poor; (c) the distribution of food tickets for cases of distress met with in the streets, and (d) to discourage money relief to street beggars. **Management.**—By a Board elected by subscribers at the Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £864; invested funds, £494; begging-letter poundage, £17; legacy, £45. **Work done** (1887).—Begging letters inquired into, 1,412 (total from the commencement, 208,459); food

tickets presented, 1,311; vagrants apprehended, 742, of which number 44 were under 14 (total from the commencement, 63,901). Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Bosanquets, St. James's Street. Treasurer, S. C. Bosanquet, Esq.; Assistant Manager, E. A. Buchanan, Esq.

NATIONAL PROVIDENCE LEAGUE (1880-81), 4 Lancaster House, The Savoy, Strand, W.C.

Object.—For promoting universal insurance against destitution in sickness, infirmity, and old age, by means of public meetings, lectures, and gratuitous circulation of literature on the subject, and by branch societies in various counties. **Admission.**—By subscription of 1s. and upwards. **Management.**—By Executive Committee and Council, appointed by Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1888-9).—Subscriptions and donations, £473. Bankers, Ransom, Bouverie, & Co. Hon. Treasurer, James Rankin, Esq., M.P. Hon. Sec., John Lloyd, Esq., J.P.

GUILD OF CO-OPERATORS (1878), 35 Russell Street, Covent Garden, W.C.

Object.—To encourage the formation of industrial and provident co-operative associations, distributive and productive, under the Industrial and Provident Societies Act, 1876. **Management.**—By Council and Committee of ladies and gentlemen appointed at annual meeting of subscribers. **Income** (1888-9).—Voluntary contributions, £89. Treasurer, W. Minet, Esq.; Secretary, Mr. C. Cooper.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE DEFENCE OF PERSONAL RIGHTS (1870), 3 Victoria Street, S.W.

Object.—To uphold the principle of the perfect equality of all persons before the law in the exercise and enjoyment of their individual liberty and personal rights. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £469; sales of pamphlets and subscriptions to the *Personal Rights Journal*, £9. Bankers, The Consolidated Bank, Charing Cross. Hon. Sec., Mr. R. Hampson.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND TEMPERANCE SOCIETY (1862), 9 Bridge Street, Westminster, S.W.

Objects.—(a) The promotion of temperance; (b) the reformation of the intemperate; and (c) the removal of the causes which lead to intemperance. The basis of the Society is union and co-operation, on perfectly equal terms, between those who use and those who abstain from intoxicating drinks. The Society has 32 Diocesan Branches, and about 4,000 Parochial Branches. Agents are employed in the army, amongst cabmen, and those charged at the police courts. A Home for Inebriate Women has been established at 99 Southam Street, Westbourne Park (see p. 73). There is also a Women's Union and a Juvenile Union, whilst the United Kingdom Railway Temperance Union, the Church of England Temperance Benefit Society, and the United Committee for the Protection of Native Races, though independent as to management, owe their origin to the Church of England Temperance Society. The official organs of the Society are *The Temperance Chronicle* (weekly) and *On the Line* (monthly), the latter being issued by the Railway Temperance Union. The Society also aims at reform by legislation, by memorialising Parliament, educating the young, and directing the public mind to existing evils arising from drink, as well as the provision of entertainments to serve as a counter-attraction to the public-house. **Admission.**—All applications to be made

to the Secretary. **Management.**—By Council elected by dioceses in affiliation with the parent Society, and by elected representatives, together with an Executive Committee elected by the Council, with diocesan representatives. **Income** (1888).— . Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, C. E. Tritton, Esq.; Hon. Supt., Rev. G. Howard Wright; London Diocesan Sec., Rev. J. Dennis Hird, at the Office.

NATIONAL TEMPERANCE LEAGUE (1856), 33 Paternoster Row, E.C.

Object.—‘The promotion of temperance by the practice and advocacy of total abstinence from intoxicating beverages.’ The work is carried on by means of meetings, deputations, and publications. There are branches in the Army, Navy, and Coastguard, and training ships. Connected with these there are lending libraries. **Admission.**—Persons of both sexes are eligible by subscribing their names to a pledge or declaration of abstinence from all intoxicating beverages, and who contribute to the funds of the League 2s. 6d. and upwards per annum. Application must be made to the secretary. **Management.**—By Committee, of whom six retire annually, elected by members at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1888-9).—Subscriptions and donations, £2,761; invested funds, £61; collections, fête, &c., £164; legacies, £73. Bankers, City Bank, Ludgate Hill, E.C. Treasurer, S. G. Sheppard, Esq.; Sec., Robert Rae, Esq.

BRITISH WOMEN'S TEMPERANCE ASSOCIATION (1876), 16 Memorial Hall, Farringdon Street, E.C.

Object.—The union and increase of Women's Temperance Societies. **Admission.**—Societies can be federated to the Association by annual payment of 5s. for 50 members and under, 10s. for 100, and so on. Only such societies can be received as are conducted on the following principles: Members must be total abstainers, and pledge themselves to use every endeavour to suppress intemperance. Assistance is given to the foundation of new societies, by sending deputations from Central Society to organise and suggest modes of working suited to various localities. **Management.**—By Executive Committee appointed by General Council, which meets annually. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions, donations, affiliation fees, &c., £633. **Members.**—27,000. Treasurer, Mrs. Stewart; Hon. Sec., Miss J. A. Fowler; Gen. Sec., Miss Holland.

UNITED KINGDOM BAND OF HOPE UNION (1855), 4 Ludgate Hill, E.C.

Object.—The promotion of total abstinence among the young by assisting in the formation of Bands of Hope. **Admission.**—Bands of Hope in the metropolis are affiliated by joining the Metropolitan Auxiliary within whose area of operations they are situated; in the provinces by joining the county, town, district, or denominational union within whose area of operations they are situated, provided it be in association with the United Kingdom Band of Hope Union; outside the sphere of any union by payment of not less than 5s. annually. Members are admitted on signing a promise to abstain from the use of intoxicating liquors. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by a Council elected by the subscribers and the associated unions throughout the kingdom. **Income** (1888-9).—Charitable contributions, £1,470; from other sources, £518. **Corresponding Societies.**—7,508. **Members.**—1,013,580. Bankers, City Bank, Ludgate Hill, E.C. Treasurer, Ebenezer Clarke, Esq.; Gen. Sec., Mr. Charles Wakely; Editorial Sec., Mr. Frederic T. Smith.

YOUNG ABSTAINERS' UNION (1879), 23 Exeter Hall, W.C.

Object.—The promotion of total abstinence from intoxicating liquors among the sons and daughters of the upper and middle classes. **Admission.**—Entrance fee for members, 6d. Subscription, half yearly, under 12 years, 6d. ; 12 to 16, 9d. ; 16 and upwards, 1s. and upwards. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888-9).—£451. **Members.**—7,826. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Hugh Matheson, Esq. ; Secs., Miss L. E. Andrews, Mr. H. W. Marriott.

MARYLEBONE BAND OF HOPE UNION (1876).

Object.—The spread of total abstinence principles amongst the young, by the promotion, establishment, and sustentation of bands of hope, honorary deputations, conferences, lectures, demonstrations, &c. **Admission.**—Societies become associated with the union by payment of subscription of 5s. and upwards annually. Application must be made to the Secretary. **Management.**—By an Executive Committee, appointed by a General Council consisting of three representatives from each associated society, and all subscribers (abstainers) of 5s. and upwards per annum. **Income.**—(1888-9).—£88. **Members** (90 societies).—12,500. Sec., Mr. G. A. Burton, 49 Huddleston Road, Tufnell Park, N.

UNITED KINGDOM ALLIANCE (1853). London Offices, 15 Great George Street, Westminster, S.W.

Object.—The legislative suppression of the liquor traffic. **Admission.**—By payment of a subscription of at least 1s. Subscribers of 10s. and upwards receive a free copy of the *Alliance News*, the weekly organ of the society. **Management.**—By Executive Council. **Income** (1887-8).—£11,583. Bankers, Manchester & County Bank (Limited). Treasurer W. J. Crossley, Esq., Manchester.

CENTRAL ASSOCIATION FOR STOPPING THE SALE OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS ON SUNDAY (1866), 14 Brown Street, Manchester.

Object.—As in title. **Management.**—By an Executive Committee. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £2,150. Bankers, Manchester & Liverpool District Banking Co. Treasurer, G. C. Haworth, Esq., J. P. ; Sec., Rev. J. Woodford Causer.

THE GENERAL COMMITTEE OF THE GOSPEL TEMPERANCE MOVEMENT (1878), 134 Hoxton St., N.

Object.—To promote aggressive temperance work (a) at the headquarters, Hoxton Hall, by nightly meetings, societies, and agencies, and (b) in London and the provinces by missions, deputations, literature, and advice. **Income** (1888-9).—Subscriptions and donations, £1,015 ; collections and tickets at Hoxton meetings, £169 ; literature and deputations, £160. Bankers, London & County Bank. Treasurer, W. P. Goulding, Esq., 41 Moorgate Street, E.C. ; Secretary, Mr. J. T. Rae.

LONDON TEMPERANCE ASSOCIATION AND OPEN-AIR MISSION (1871) (late North London Open-Air Temperance Mission), Shoreditch Town Hall, E.

Object.—To hold open-air and indoor meetings to advocate the cause of temperance, distribute temperance literature, &c. **Income** (1888).—£28. Treasurer, Mr. R. Bragg, 253 New North Road, N. ; Hon. Sec., Mr. R. Montford, 111 London Wall, E.C.

'EDINBURGH CASTLE' COFFEE PALACE (1873), Rhodeswell Road, Limehouse, E.

Object.—'To provide the advantages of a public-house without the sale of intoxicating liquors, and to form a centre of philanthropic agencies.'

Admission.—Open to all purchasers. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

'DUBLIN CASTLE' COFFEE PALACE (1876), Mile End Road, E.

Object.—'To provide the advantages of a public-house without the sale of intoxicating liquors, and to form a centre of philanthropic agencies.'

Admission.—Open to all purchasers. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

ROYAL VICTORIA HALL (1880), 131 Waterloo Road, S.E.

Object.—'To provide a place where cheap amusement may be had every night free from the temptation to drink and other evils common in ordinary music halls.' Variety entertainment on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays; admission, 2d. to 1s. Thursdays, ballad concert; Fridays, temperance meetings; Tuesdays, science lecture; admission, 1d. to 6d. Saturday entertainment for children during winter; admission, 1d. and 2d. Admission generally, pit 4d., gallery 2d. **Management.**—By Trustees' Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Donations, £1,012; music-hall receipts, £1,825; rents and advertisements, £837. Bankers, London & County Bank, Lambeth. Hon. Sec. and Manager, Miss Cons.

COMMERCIAL COMPANIES engaged in the erection of Coffee Taverns :—

COFFEE TAVERN COMPANY, LIMITED, 27 Soho Square, W. (about 17 taverns).—Secretary, Mr. C. Leonard.

KIOSK AND COFFEE STALL COMPANY, LIMITED, 36 Bow Street, Covent Garden, W.C.—Manager, Mr. Percival Austin.

BUNHILL FIELDS COFFEE TAVERN COMPANY, Roscoe Street, Bunhill Row, and 86 Old Street, E.C.—Sec., Mr. Joseph B. Braithwaite, jun.

SOCIAL PURITY ALLIANCE (1873).

Object.—'To promote the practical recognition of the principle that the law of purity is of universal obligation on all, men and women alike.' The alliance consists of all persons who signify in writing their acceptance of the above principle, and their wish to join the alliance.

Management.—By Central Executive Committee in London, and as many branch local committees as are expedient. All committees elected annually by and from the members. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions and donations, £171; sale of publications, £17. **Members.**—3,523. Bankers, Union Bank. Treasurer, A. O'F. Shaen, Esq., 8 Bedford Row, W.C.; Hon. Sec., Rev. R. A. Bullen; General Sec., C. P. Edwards, Esq., 33 Vincent Square, S.W.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND PURITY SOCIETY (1883), 7 Dean's Yard, Westminster Abbey, S.W.

Objects.—The promotion of (a) purity among men; (b) a chivalrous respect for womanhood; (c) the preservation of the young from contamination; (d) rescue work; and (e) a higher tone of public opinion.

The Society aims at securing liberty for decent men and women to walk about the streets without molestation, and to read our newspapers without being defiled with indecent reports and advertisements. Membership of the Central Society is open to men over 18 years of age, who undertake to promote the objects of the Society and to subscribe at least 5s. per annum. **Management.**—By a Council, who appoint an executive committee. **Income (1888).**—Subscriptions and donations, £800; offertories and collections, £30; sale of publications, £150; deputational expenses, £32. **Members.**—1,300. **Parochial Associations.**—120. **Diocesan Branches.**—19. Bankers, Drummonds. Sec., Lieut.-Col. H. Everitt.

GOSPEL PURITY ASSOCIATION, 31 Paternoster Sq., E.C.

Object.—To advocate social purity upon a Christian basis; to bring about the abolition of regulated and licensed vice in India and other British possessions; and the suppression of immoral publications. It also carries on preventive work amongst young workwomen and factory girls, and promotes legislation for the further protection of girls. **Admission.**—Subscribing members pay not less than 5s. per annum. **Management.**—By Committee appointed at the Annual Meeting. **Income (1888-9).**—£1,172. Treasurer, T. L. Boyd, Esq., Wellington Chambers, London Bridge, E.C.; Sec., Mr. Joseph Joyce.

WHITE CROSS SOCIETY (1883), Museum Close, Oxford.

Object.—The promotion of (a) purity among men; (b) a chivalrous respect for womanhood; and (c) a higher tone of public opinion in the matter of purity. Membership is open to all men over the age of 16. **Management.**—By an Executive Council of men only, appointed by the General Committee. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Lord Kinnaid; Sec., G. S. Vidal, Esq., Museum Close, Oxford.

MORAL REFORM UNION (1881), 2 Leinster Place, Porchester Terrace, W.

Objects.—(a) To study and confer upon all subjects which especially affect the moral welfare of the young; (b) to collect, sell, distribute, or publish literature for moral education; and (c) to consider how best to carry out practical measures for the reform of public opinion, law, and custom on questions of sexual morality. **Admission.**—No person under the age of 25 is eligible for full membership. **Management.**—By Executive Committee, consisting of the Chairman, Treasurer, Secretary, and Hon. Sec., together with any members of the union who may choose to attend the weekly meetings. **Income (1886-7).**—Charitable contributions, £126; sale of literature, £20. Treasurer, Miss Lucy Johnson, 2 Leinster Place, W.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. S. W. Browne, 58 Porchester Terrace, W.; Sec., Miss F. E. Albert.

LADIES' NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ABOLITION OF GOVERNMENT REGULATION OF VICE (1869).

Object.—To promote 'the repeal of the Contagious Diseases Acts, 1866-69, and to elevate the moral tone of society in regard to the vice of prostitution.' The means employed are public meetings and drawing-room conferences, petitions to both Houses of Parliament, memorials to members of Parliament and the Government, distribution of pamphlets and papers. **Management.**—By a Committee of ladies appointed by the Association. **Income.**—From voluntary contributions, about £1,000 a year. Treasurer, Mrs. Arthur Tanner, 9 Durdham Park, Clifton, Bristol; Hon. Secretary, Mrs. Josephine E. Butler, The Close, Winchester.

BRITISH, CONTINENTAL, AND GENERAL FEDERATION FOR THE ABOLITION OF STATE-REGULATED VICE (1875).

Object.—To promote 'the abolition of State-licensed prostitution.' The means employed are the dissemination of pamphlets, periodicals, and literature generally bearing on the question. **Management.**—By an Executive Committee appointed by the General Council, which is appointed at the Annual Meeting. **Income** (1886-7, two years).—£1,673. Bankers, Mortlock & Co., Cambridge. Treasurer, Professor Stuart, M.P., Trinity College, Cambridge; Secretaries, Mrs. Josephine E. Butler, The Close, Winchester; M. H. Minod, Geneva.

CENTRAL VIGILANCE COMMITTEE FOR THE REPRESSION OF IMMORALITY (1883), 15 York Buildings, Adelphi, W.C.

Objects.—(a) To repress immorality; (b) to promote enforcement and amendment of the law against immoral offences; (c) to assist in the protection and reclamation of women and young girls; and (d) to arouse public opinion and to form local committees. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—£460. **Work done** (1888).—Suspected houses watched, and tenants of such houses prosecuted; cases of criminal assaults dealt with. Bankers, Barclay, Ransom, & Co. Treasurer, Lord Kinnaird; Sec., Mr. R. C. Ashby.

NATIONAL VIGILANCE ASSOCIATION (1885), 267 Strand.

Object.—To enforce and improve the laws for the repression of criminal vice and public immorality, to check the causes of vice, and to protect minors. The Association recognises the principle that the moral law is the same for all men and all women. The crimes which the Association will, in the first instance, especially aim at suppressing are: (a) the outrage of children under thirteen; (b) the corruption and prostitution of girls under sixteen; (c) the abduction of girls under eighteen; (d) the procuration of the seduction of girls under twenty-one; (e) the fraudulent seduction of women or girls; (f) the entrapping or inveigling of women or girls into brothels; (g) the procuring of women or girls for foreign brothels; and (h) the detention of women or girls in houses of ill-fame. **Management.**—By Committees of ladies and gentlemen. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions and donations, £1,232; sale of publications, £52; legacy, £450; interest, £7. Bankers, Cocks, Biddulph, & Co. Treasurer, Francis Peek, Esq.; Sec., Mr. W. A. Coote.

MANSION HOUSE COUNCIL ON THE DWELLINGS OF THE POOR (1883), 31 Imperial Buildings, Ludgate Circus, E.C.

Objects.—The sanitary improvement of the dwellings of the poor, and, in addition to voluntary work performed by local committees, the employment of trained inspectors. The Council has been instrumental in obtaining Government inquiries in several of our worst parishes as regards sanitary neglect, and much sanitary reform has been the result thereof. Lectures are delivered, and literature distributed gratis on sanitary subjects. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—£254. **Work done** (1888).—3,000 cases of insanitation dealt with, exclusive of local committees' work; also inquiry obtained into neglect in the parish of Rotherhithe. Bankers, Dimsdale & Fowler. Treasurer, Alderman Sir R. N. Fowler, M.P.; Hon. Sec., John Hamer, Esq.

COMMERCIAL COMPANIES AND OTHER AGENCIES

which are employed in the Metropolis in improving the dwellings of the weekly wage-earning class.*

METROPOLITAN ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE DWELLINGS OF THE INDUSTRIOUS CLASSES (1841). Tenements 1,432 ; families accommodated 1,432 ; individuals 6,325 ; class of occupants, in all, 230 different occupations. 8 Finsbury Circus, E.C. Secretary, Charles Gatliff, Esq.

STRAND BUILDINGS COMPANY (incorporated under 'Labourers' Dwellings Act, 1857'), Eagle Court, Strand, W.C. Tenements 38 ; families accommodated 38 ; individuals 185 ; class of occupants, shoemakers, blacksmiths, compositors, commissionaires, &c. 33 Norfolk Street, Strand, W.C. Secretary, Charles Belton, Esq.

IMPROVED INDUSTRIAL DWELLINGS COMPANY, LIMITED (1863). Improvements in operation in all parts of the Metropolis. Families accommodated at June 30, 1889, 5,090 ; individuals, about 26,000 ; accommodation in process of being provided for 216 families, or about 1,000 persons ; class of occupants, carmen, carpenters, policemen, warehousemen, labourers, &c. 34 Finsbury Circus, E.C. Secretary, James Moore, Esq.

CORPORATION OF CITY OF LONDON (1864). CORPORATION BUILDINGS AND FARRINGDON ROAD (1880). VIADUCT BUILDINGS (1875). Tenements 238 ; families accommodated 238 ; individuals about 998 ; improvements in operation at Farringdon Road and Holborn Viaduct ; class of occupants, artisans and labourers. Guildhall, E.C. Officer, the Town Clerk.

VICTORIA DWELLINGS ASSOCIATION (1875). Tenements 906 ; families accommodated 750 ; individuals 3,750 ; accommodation for 156 additional families ; improvements in operation at Battersea Park Road, Stroud Vale, King's Cross, and Red Cross Street, Southwark ; class of occupants, artisans and labourers of all trades, including railwaymen and costermongers. 9 Victoria Chambers, Westminster Abbey, S.W. Secretary, Mr. George Henniker.

ARTISANS, LABOURERS AND GENERAL DWELLINGS COMPANY, LIMITED (1867). Shaftesbury Park, near Clapham Junction, S.W., 1,200 houses ; Queen's Park, Harrow Road, W., 2,250 houses ; Noel Park, Wood Green, N. (now in progress), 2,600 houses ; Portman Buildings, Lisson Grove, 287 tenements ; Gray's Inn Buildings, 150 tenements ; Coldbath Buildings, 91 tenements ; Shepherd's Place Buildings and Carpenter Street Buildings, 68 tenements. Other block-buildings in progress in Seymour Place and East Street, Marylebone, and Rosoman Street, Clerkenwell. Average occupancy, 1.50 persons to a room. Average occupancy shown by census, 6.50 persons to a house. 16 Great George Street, Westminster, S.W. Secretary, Walter Jackson.

COLUMBIA SQUARE MODEL DWELLINGS. Tenements 190 ; families accommodated 190 ; individuals 792. Estate and General Offices (Baroness Burdett Coutts), Columbia Market, E. Agent, L. A. Harrison, Esq.

* There are various other dwellings managed on lines suggested by Miss Octavia Hill. These are generally in the hands of private persons, and not of public associations.

ST. GEORGE'S (Hanover Square) MODEL DWELLINGS ASSOCIATION ; FOR IMPROVING THE DWELLINGS OF THE LABOURING CLASSES, BY DONATIONS (1849). 333 Oxford Street, W. Surveyor and Hon. Secretary, R. H. Burden, Esq.

PEABODY DONATION FUND. Tenements 5,071 ; individuals accommodated (31 Dec. 1888), 20,403. Income (1888), £29,611 ; (net), £20,403. Applications for rooms are received by the resident superintendents. Secretary, J. Crouch, Esq., 64 Queen Street, Cheapside, E.C.

INCORPORATED SOCIETY FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE LABOURING CLASSES (1844). Individuals accommodated 682 ; class of occupants, the poorest labouring classes, a few artisans. 8 Southampton Row, Holborn, W.C. Secretary, Alfred Humphreys, Esq.

SOUTH LONDON DWELLINGS COMPANY, LIMITED. Improvements in operation at Lambeth and Kennington Road. 15 six-roomed cottages, 20 two-roomed tenements, 123 rooms which can be let as 1, 2, 3, or 4-roomed tenements, 15 shops having 21 rooms attached, and 18 bedrooms in coffee tavern. Managing Director, Miss Cons, Surrey Lodge, Lambeth Road, S.E. ; Hon. Sec., W. Blyth, Esq.

MARYLEBONE ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE DWELLINGS OF THE INDUSTRIOUS CLASSES (1854). Tenements 405. 65 Marylebone Road, W. Secretary, C. R. Stokes, Esq.

CENTRAL LONDON DWELLINGS IMPROVEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED (1861). Properties near Drury Lane and Holborn. Tenements 187 ; families accommodated 177 ; individuals, about 800 ; class of occupants, porters, street sellers, labourers, journeymen tailors, &c. Mr. Betts, 2 Gray's Inn Place, W.C. Hon. Secretary, R. W. Monro, Esq.

BELL STREET BUILDINGS (1871). Tenements 32 ; families accommodated 32 ; individuals about 131 ; class of occupants, builders or plasterers, labourers, shoemakers, &c. 1 Clifton Place, Sussex Square, W. Miss O. A. Martineau.

The MISSES SHAEN (Freshwater Place, and 207 Marylebone Road, W.). Bought by Mr. Ruskin, 1866. Tenements 6 ; families accommodated 21 ; individuals 82 ; class of occupants (Marylebone Road), dressmakers, old servants, &c. (Freshwater Place), 'a poorer and rougher class.' 15 Upper Phillimore Gardens, W.

NATIONAL DWELLINGS SOCIETY, LD. (1875). Campden Houses, Peel Street and Silver Street, Notting Hill, W., 7 blocks, 134 separate dwellings. Chichester Houses and Derby Houses, Great Eastern Street, E., 2 blocks, 59 dwellings. St. Agatha's Square, Shoreditch, E.C., 48 dwellings. Waterloo Square, Camberwell Green, S.E., 13 blocks, 600 rooms. 22 Budge Row, Cannon Street, E.C. Sec., Mr. F. Thomas.

A. G. CROWDER, Esq. (George Yard Buildings, Whitechapel, E.). 1876. Tenements 45, and large room used as a club-room and for mothers' meetings ; families accommodated 45 ; individuals 200. **E. BOND, Esq. (3 & 4 Angel Alley).** Tenements 6 ; families accommodated 6 ; individuals 27. **E. BOND, Esq. (92 to 94 ; Wentworth Street, E.).** Tenements 13 ; families accommodated 13 ; individuals 47. **The EARL of PEMBROKE (75 to 83 Wentworth Street, 1, 2, 5, 6, 7, 8, Angel Alley).** Tenements 68 ; families accommodated 64 ; individuals 248. Office to which communications should be sent as to these dwellings, 9 George Yard Buildings, Whitechapel ; F. Hewitt, Superintendent.

THE MISSES STERLING, 1871 (Walmer Street and Walmer Place, Marylebone). Tenements 70; families accommodated, about 80; individuals, about 330; class of occupants, charwomen, labourers, painters, carpenters, &c. Miss Sterling, The Crag, Falmouth.

TRUSTEES of the WELLS & CAMPDEN CHARITY (Wells Buildings, Wells Cottages). Tenements 36; families accommodated (6th Jan. 1881) 27; individuals 142. Improvements in operation at Hampstead. Class of occupants, policemen, labourers, carpenters, bricklayers, &c. F. J. Munro, 22 Thurloe Road, Hampstead, N.W.

DRAPERS' PLACE DWELLINGS Co., LD. Houses, 31, in Brantome Place, formerly Drapers' Place, Burton Street, W.C. Class of occupants, costermongers, bricklayers, labourers, charwomen, laundresses, &c. Hon. Sec., Miss E. S. Lidgett, 40 Gordon Square, W.C.

LEVER-STREET BUILDINGS (1879), City Road, E.C. Tenements 6; families accommodated 6; individuals 34; class of occupants, cabinet-makers, surgical instrument makers, printers, &c. Miss Sharpe, 1 Highbury Terrace, N.

W. S. SETON-KARR, Esq. (67 Lowndes Square). Rooms 18; families accommodated 9; class of occupants, bricklayers, shoemakers, labourers, &c. Eight small cottages at Little Blenheim Street, King's Road, Chelsea. Miss Cons, Surrey Lodge, Kennington Road, S.E.

LANDLORDS' AND TENANTS' WELFARE SOCIETY (1879) (in connection with the London Small Property Trust, Limited), 62 Gresham Street, E.C.

Object.—To establish the mutual confidence and good understanding which should subsist between landlord and tenant; to promote moral and intellectual culture; to encourage habits of temperance, cleanliness, self-help, and thrift, &c. The work is done by means of lady visitors, under the Committee, and through the local agencies, as far as possible, in co-operation with the clergy and other ministers of religion. The visitors are not allowed to give relief (except in great emergency) without the cases are brought before and approved by the Committee. Pecuniary relief is not, as a rule, afforded otherwise than as a loan, to be repaid by instalments. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-88).—Voluntary subscriptions, £30; loans repaid, £5. Treasurer, Robert Willan, Esq.; Hon. Sec., E. L. Agar, Esq.

MINISTERING CHILDREN'S LEAGUE (1885), 83 Lancaster Gate, W.

Objects.—(a) To promote kindness, unselfishness, and the habit of usefulness amongst children, and to create in their minds an earnest desire to help the needy and suffering; and (b) to aid the necessities of the poor by supplying them with warm clothing, comforts, &c. There is a Home for 15 poor boys at Ottershaw, Surrey, supported by branch collections and children's offertories (see p. 296). **Admission.**—Children of all ages are invited to join, and members must try to do at least one kind deed every day. Parents and others are invited to become associates, paying a subscription of 2s. per annum. **Management.**—By the Countess of Meath and a Committee of ladies. **Income** (1887-8, 18 months).—£243. **Members and Associates.**—11,660. Hon. Central Sec., The Countess of Meath, 83 Lancaster Gate; Hon. Organising Sec., Miss Blanche Medhurst, Craven Hill Lodge, Craven Hill, W.

KYRLE SOCIETY (1875), 14 Nottingham Place, W.

Object.—'For bringing beauty home to the people.' The means employed are (a) The decoration of working men's clubs, hospitals, parish rooms, &c., by mural paintings, pictures, &c.; (b) by laying out, as gardens or recreation grounds, any available strips of waste land; to distribute cut-flowers and plants to workhouses, hospitals, &c.; (c) by a voluntary choir of singers, who give oratorios and concerts to the poor; (d) to grant books and periodicals to clubs, workhouses, hospitals and libraries for the benefit of the poor. **Income** (1888).—From subscriptions and donations, £1,301. **Treasurers**, Miss Octavia Hill, Lieut.-General McLeod Innes, V.C.; Hon. Secs., T. Slingsby Tanner, Esq., Miss Lilian James.

METROPOLITAN PUBLIC GARDENS ASSOCIATION (1882), 83 Lancaster Gate, W.

Object.—'To provide breathing and resting places for the old, and playgrounds for the young, in the midst of densely populated localities.' **Management.**—By Committee, meeting monthly, to which all members are invited. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £9,200. **Bankers**, Coutts & Co. **Chairman and Treasurer**, The Earl of Meath, 83 Lancaster Gate, W.; **Hon. Sec.**, Mrs. Basil Holmes, 5 Freeland Road, Ealing, W.

NATIONAL FOOTPATH PRESERVATION SOCIETY (1884), 42 Essex Street, Strand, W.C.

Object.—As in title. **Management.**—By Committee. **Members enrolled** (to December 31, 1888).—552. **Bankers**, London Joint Stock Bank, Chancery Lane, W.C.; **Secretary and Surveyor**, Mr. H. Allnutt.

SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING THE DUE OBSERVANCE OF THE LORD'S DAY (1831), 20 Bedford Street, Strand, W.C.

Objects.—(a) To diffuse information as widely as possible on the subject, by the publication and circulation of books and tracts on the Divine authority of the institution, on the objections raised against it, on its practical duties, its unnumbered benefits, the prevailing violations of it, the new inroads made on its sanctity, the best means of abating or preventing those evils, and promoting the sanctification of the day, and on similar topics; (b) to adopt all such measures, consistent with Scriptural principles, as may appear best adapted to lead to a due observance of the Lord's day in the metropolis and throughout the Empire; (c) to open a correspondence throughout the British Empire, and if possible on the continent of Europe, and wherever else suitable opportunities may occur, for the purpose of forming local associations, and for maintaining a friendly intercourse with societies already existing, or that may be established, with the view of promoting the due observance of the Lord's day; (d) to aid, as far as the funds of the Society may allow, the local associations which may most stand in need of their support; (e) to promote, by all proper measures, petitions to the legislature throughout the country, for the enactment of such laws as may be necessary for repressing the open violation of the Lord's day, and for protecting the Christian worshipper in the peaceful exercise of his duties; and (f) generally to form a point of union, if God should be pleased to bless the design, for the efforts which may be made in every part of the world towards this great object. **Admission.**—The members' subscription is

10s. 6d. per annum. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions and donations, £725; associations and collections, £264; invested funds, £129; sale of publications, £8; legacies, £40. **Work done** (1887-8).—Publications distributed, 114,400; sermons, meetings, lectures, debates, &c., 108. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan & Co. Treasurer, F. A. Bevan, Esq.; Clerical Secretary, Rev. J. Gritton, D.D.; Clerk, Mr. John Tucker.

SUNDAY REST ASSOCIATION (1858), 22 Charing Cross, S.W.

Object.—To reduce to the minimum all unlawful and unnecessary Sunday labour, as a preliminary and preparatory to its total abolition. The agents visit from shop to shop and from stall to stall, seeking by earnest personal solicitation and by the distribution of tracts and hand-bills, to induce the owners to desist from their traffic. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £229; legacy, £90. Bankers, Herries, Farquhar & Co. Treasurer, H. B. Hooper, Esq.; Sec., Mr. John Whitehead.

WORKING MEN'S LORD'S DAY REST ASSOCIATION (1857), 13 Bedford Row, W.C.

Object.—The promotion of Sunday observance, the closing of public-houses and places of entertainment on Sundays, &c. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—£1,646. Secretary, Mr. Charles Hill.

SUNDAY SOCIETY (1875), 9 Conduit Street, W.

Object.—To promote the opening of museums, art galleries, libraries, and gardens on Sundays. Means employed: meetings, publication of a quarterly journal (*Sunday Review*), transactions, and other papers, organising exhibitions to be open on Sundays, action in Parliament. **Management.**—By a Committee appointed by the members in March each year. **Income** (1887).—£561. **Members.**—Over 1,000. Bankers, London and South Western Bank. Treasurer, Frederick Long, Esq., 4 Adelaide Place, E.C. Hon. Sec., Mark H. Judge, Esq., 8 Park Place Villas, W.

NATIONAL SUNDAY LEAGUE (1855), 8 Theobalds Road, W.C.

Object.—The opening of the National museums, galleries, and libraries on Sunday afternoons, maintaining the 'Sunday Evenings for the People,' Sunday excursions, the bands in the parks, and generally to promote intellectual and elevating recreation on that day. **Management.**—By Council of not exceeding 36 members, 18 retiring annually by rotation, but eligible for re-election. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and contributions, £228; other sources, £199. Bankers, The Birkbeck Bank. Treasurer, George Elcock, Esq.; Sec., Mr. Henry Mills.

EARLY CLOSING ASSOCIATION AND TRADERS' PARLIAMENTARY ALLIANCE (1842), 100 Fleet Street, E.C.

Object.—To promote an abridgment of the hours of labour in all departments of industrial life wherever they are unduly prolonged, especially on Saturday nights; the adoption of a Saturday half-holiday where practicable; the early payment of wages, the rescue of shop-keepers and their assistants from the drudgery of Sunday trading, and the promotion as far as practicable of a profitable application of the

leisure thus gained. Assistants become members of the Association and are entitled to medical advice on payment of 5s. per annum. **Management.**—By Board, retiring by rotation. Vacancies are filled by election at the Annual Meeting. **Income** (1888).—Donations and subscriptions, £1,393. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, G. Williams, Esq., 72 St. Paul's Churchyard, E.C.; Sec., Mr. James A. Stacey; Assistant Sec., Mr. Albert Larking.

PEOPLE'S ENTERTAINMENT SOCIETY, 10a Kensington Square, W.

Objects.—To cultivate a taste for good high-class amusement among the poorer classes during the winter, in the hope of withdrawing them from lower places of resort; to employ usefully the talents of those who have leisure, and are willing to devote a little time for the benefit of others who have few opportunities of rational amusement; to establish a better feeling between different classes by bringing them into closer contact one with the other. **Means employed.**—Free concerts in the poorer districts of London. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £277; benefit concerts, &c., £115. Bankers, Ransom, Bouverie, & Co. Treasurer, W. H. Lealie, Esq.; Sec., J. Maude Crament, Esq.

POPULAR MUSICAL UNION (late Popular Ballad Concert Committee) (1882).

Object.—‘To provide the industrial population of London with a high class of musical entertainments, and to give thorough musical instruction, both vocal and instrumental, to the working classes, with the object of ultimately forming choirs and orchestras to take part in the concerts.’ **Admission.**—To the concerts, by payment of fees, ranging from 3d. to 1s.; to the classes, by payment of fees ranging from 1s. 6d. to 3s. 6d. a quarter. Annual examinations are held and prizes given. **Management.**—By Executive Committee, in which all classes are represented, meeting monthly. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £264; concert receipts, £122; class fees, £87; sundry receipts, £17. Concerts given, 16; attendance at the classes, 1,194. Bankers, Union Bank, Baywater. Treasurer, Rev. S. A. Barnett; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Ernest Hart, 38 Wimpole Street, W.; Sec., Mr. J. S. Redmayne, 15 St. Mary's Square, Paddington, W.

RECREATIVE EVENING SCHOOLS ASSOCIATION (1886), 37 Norfolk Street, Strand, W.C.

Object.—To continue the education of the youth of either sex after leaving the day school. **Admission.**—Free, except in case of a few classes in summer, when small fees of 1d. a week are charged. **Management.**—By Council annually appointed at public meeting, and by Executive Committee of ladies and gentlemen appointed by Council. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £1,739; sundry receipts, £74. Bankers, London and County, Covent Garden. Treasurer, Cyril Flower, Esq., M.P.; Hon. Secs., Rev. Dr. Paton, Nottingham, and R. Yerburgh, Esq., M.P.; Sec., J. Edward Flower, Esq.

NATIONAL PHYSICAL RECREATION SOCIETY (1886), Northumberland Chambers, Charing Cross, S.W.

Object.—To give physical recreation to the working classes by voluntary teaching and assistance, and by promoting the establishment of gymnasia. Prizes are offered for annual competition. **Management.**

—By Council of gentlemen. **Income** (1887-8).—Voluntary contributions, £100; other sources, about £90. **Pupils** (1887-8).—20,000. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Lord Kinnaird; Hon. Sec., A. Alexander, Esq., The Gymnasium, Liverpool.

ART FOR SCHOOLS ASSOCIATION (1883), 29 Queen Square, Bloomsbury, W.C.

Object.—To cultivate taste and stimulate a love of the beautiful by supplying schools, and especially elementary schools, with good reproductions of works of art. **Management.**—By a Committee of ladies and gentlemen. **Income** (1888).—Voluntary contributions, £163. **Pictures sold** (1888).—1,702. Treasurer, Lionel G. Robinson, Esq., 19 Kensington Square, W.; Hon. Secs., Miss Mary Christie, Kingston House, Kew, and Lionel Cust, Esq., 43 Park Lane, W.; Sec., Miss M. L. Cooper.

HOME ARTS AND INDUSTRIES ASSOCIATION (instituted 1884 as a larger development of the Cottage Arts Association), Royal Albert Hall, S.W.

Object.—Teaching the minor arts to the working classes, chiefly to boys and girls. Help is given to affiliated classes by the loan of models, designs, &c. **Management.**—A Council of ladies and gentlemen. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £268; students' fees, £76; proceeds of exhibition, £28; interest, £12. **Pupils** (1888).—Over 4,000, taught chiefly by voluntary teachers of the Association in classes in England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales. Bankers, London & County. Treasurer, Walter Besant, Esq.; Sec., Miss Dymes.

SCHOOL OF HANDICRAFT (1887), 34 Commercial Street, Whitechapel, E.

Object.—The basis of the scheme is a guild of workmen (The Guild of Handicraft) working out original designs for sale. The instructors at the evening classes, where boys are trained in various branches of art work, are selected from the workmen of the Guild. The object of the whole Institution is to show that technical education is best carried on where a school and a trade-workshop are mutually dependent on each other. **Admission.**—Admission into the school is free, but determined by the ability of the candidate. Vacancies in the guild are filled up from the school. **Management.**—By the Hon. Director, Hon. Secretary, and a School Committee. **Pupils.**—Accommodation for 70. Bankers, London & Westminster, Eastern Branch. Treasurer, E. R. Debenham, Esq., 126 Upper Hamilton Terrace, N.W.; Hon. Director, C. R. Ashbee, Esq.; Hon. Sec., H. Llewellyn Smith, Esq.

SOUTH LONDON FINE ART GALLERY AND FREE LIBRARY (1868), 207 Camberwell Road, S.E.

Object.—The reading room is open to men and women free of charge, but 'visitors are expected to contribute according to their means.' **Management.**—By Council. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £264; given by visitors, £14. **Attendance.**—At the lectures, 2,113; art gallery, 86,503; reading room, 4,414. Bankers, Robarts, Lubbock, & Co. Treasurer, W. Rossiter, Esq.; Librarian, Miss Olver.

BETHNAL GREEN FREE LIBRARY (1876), London Street, Bethnal Green, E.

Object.—A free public library. **Admission.**—Library open every week day from 10 to 5 and 6 to 10 (except Sundays and Bank and public holidays). **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—

Charitable contributions, £529. **Books in Library.**—20,000. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, F. A. Bevan, Esq.; Sec. and Librarian, Mr. G. F. Hilcken.

NATIONAL HEALTH SOCIETY (1872), 44 Berners Street, W.

Object.—‘To unite and organise voluntary efforts for the collection and diffusion of well-established sanitary knowledge which bears on the physical and moral welfare of all classes of society,’ and ‘to give support to practical efforts for carrying out the laws of health in daily life’; to form voluntary branch societies, to enter into friendly relations with the existing sanitary authorities; and specially ‘to promote sanitary knowledge in families and households.’ **Admission.**—(a) Lectures are delivered on health, prevention of disease, diet, vaccination, sanitary arrangements, dress, nursing, first aid to the injured, &c., in a familiar and practical manner, at working men’s clubs, mothers’ meetings, and elsewhere. (b) Cheap sanitary leaflets and tracts are published, sold, and distributed by the Society. (c) Prizes are given to School Board and high school children for examinations in the laws of health, &c. (d) The Society exerts its influence with the local authorities for the removal of nuisances, the erection of seats, &c. **Management.**—By Committee, elected annually. Subscribers of £1. 1s. annually are members of the Society; of £10. 10s. are life members. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £341; proceeds of lectures, £381; sale of publications, £79; invested funds and rent, £10; advertisements, £40. Bankers, London & Westminster Bank, Bloomsbury. Hon. Treasurer, H. W. Lawrence, Esq., 19 St. Dunstan’s Hill, E.C.; Sec., Miss Lankester; Assist. Sec., Miss A. Robins.

SANITARY INSTITUTE AND PARKES’ MUSEUM, 74A Margaret Street, W.

Object.—‘The advancement of sanitary science and the diffusion of knowledge relating thereto.’ The Institute grants certificates of competence to local surveyors and inspectors of nuisances and to persons desirous of becoming such or of obtaining the certificate. Examinations, for which fees are charged, are usually held in June and November. A congress for the consideration of subjects relating to hygiene and an exhibition of sanitary apparatus and appliances are held annually by the Institute. Sessional meetings of the Institute are held in London from time to time for the reading of papers and discussions upon subjects connected with sanitary science. During the autumn and winter public lectures are given relating to health and sanitation. Classes and demonstrations are held in May and October for the instruction of sanitary inspectors and others. There is a library in connection with the Institute and a museum of sanitary appliances, which is open from 10 a.m. to 6 p.m. each day in the week, and on Mondays 10 a.m. to 8 p.m. Membership, annual, £2. 2s.; life, £21; admission fee, £3. 3s. Associates, annual, £1. 1s.; life, £10. 10s.; admission fee, £2. 2s. Chairman, Sir Douglas Galton, K.C.B., F.R.S.; Registrar, G. J. Symons, Esq., F.R.S.; Sec., E. White Wallis, Esq.

SANITARY ASSURANCE ASSOCIATION (founded 1880, incorporated 1881), 5 Argyle Place, Regent Street, W.

Object.—To promote good sanitary arrangements in the houses of all classes of the community, so that the public health may be guarded and improved. **Admission.**—Any person may have the sanitary condition of his house reported upon by an expert for a fee varying according to

the rateable value of the house. **Management.**—By Executive Council, half the members being medical men and architects. **Income** (1887).—Entrance fees and subscriptions, £70; fees for reports, certificates, &c., £356. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank. Sanitary Surveyor, Mark H. Judge, Esq.; Sec., J. Hadley, Esq.

LONDON SANITARY PROTECTION ASSOCIATION (1880), 1 Adam Street, Adelphi, W.C.

Object.—(a) To provide its members, at moderate cost, with such advice and supervision as shall insure the proper sanitary condition of their own dwellings. (b) To enable members to procure practical advice, on moderate terms, as to the best means of remedying defects in houses of the poorer class, in which they are interested. The first inspection is followed by a detailed report making specific recommendations, if any improvements are thought necessary. The subsequent annual inspection will, so long as the sanitary arrangements remain in working order, entail no expense beyond the annual subscription. **Admission.**—Members comprise any person, corporation, or firm who shall be admitted by the Council, and who shall pay an entrance fee of one guinea and an annual subscription varying according to the rating and distance from London of the premises. **Subscribers** are such persons as are interested in the promotion or study of sanitary science, and who pay an annual subscription of not less than one guinea. They pay no entrance fee, and are not members of the association; but they may become members at any time on payment of the entrance fee and balance (if any) of the annual subscription for the current year. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Entrance fees and subscriptions, £2,268; special inspection fees, £274. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurer, Lieut.-Gen. Innes, V.C.; Sec., Mr. Wm. Smith.

WEST MARYLEBONE SANITARY AID AND DWELLINGS COMMITTEE (1886).

Object.—To receive complaints of unsanitary conditions in the houses of artisans and labourers, and to send them to the local authorities. The committee report continuously to the latter on every case until satisfactory action has been taken. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, Miss Toynbee, 25 Boscobel Gardens, N.W.

WESTMINSTER SANITARY AID ASSOCIATION (1882), 48 Buckingham Palace Road, S.W.

Object.—To prevent the spread of infection, and to promote sanitary measures in general by providing female sanitary visitors, encouraging the declaration of infectious diseases, and obtaining the co-operation of all public bodies. **Admission.**—Relief is only given in cases where the presence of infectious disease renders the sufferers unable to struggle with it unassisted. A sanitary home is provided for the reception of persons who have either had an infectious disease, or who have been in contact with it. Payment, from 7s. 6d. to 10s. a week. Poor people in Westminster are housed free of charge whilst their rooms are being disinfected. **Management.**—By General Committee of clergy and medical men, by Managing Committee of ladies, and by a Reference Committee. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £135; sundry receipts, £8. Bankers, London and County, Victoria Street, S.W. Treasurer, Major Fitz-Roy, 48 Buckingham Palace Road; Lady Manager, Miss Stephenson, 8 Edward Street, Vauxhall Bridge Road.

LADIES' SANITARY ASSOCIATION (1857). Office, 22
Berners Street, W.

Object.—'To spread a knowledge of the laws of health, and to dispel the ignorance which exists concerning sanitary science as bearing upon the individual and the home life.' **Admission.**—Members' subscription, 10s. a year and upwards. **Management.**—By Committee, Treasurers, and Editing Staff. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £267; sale of publications, &c., £75; interest, £11. Number of publications distributed, 13,900. Bankers, Sir S. Scott & Co., and Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurers, The Lady Leigh, Mrs. Sutherland; Hon. Sec., Lady Mount-Temple; Sec., Miss Rose Adams.

**CHURCH OF ENGLAND BURIAL, FUNERAL, AND
MOURNING REFORM ASSOCIATION (1878),**
16 King Street, Cheapside, E.C.

Objects.—(a) To promote a fuller appreciation of the idea of Christian burial; (b) to encourage timely interment in perishable coffins in earth sufficient and suitable; and (c) to simplify and cheapen funeral and mourning ceremonial. **Management.**—By Council elected at Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £99. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England. Treasurer, F. G. Munby, Esq., York; Hon. Sec., Rev. F. Lawrence, Westow Vicarage, York.

BREAD AND FOOD REFORM LEAGUE (1880).

Object.—A purely uncommercial association, organised to promote the healthy nutrition of the people. **Management.**—By a Council. **Income** (1887-8).—Donations and subscriptions, £82; sale of publications, admission to meetings, &c., £32. Bankers, City Bank, Knightsbridge. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Miss Yates, 182 Regent's Park Road.

SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING FEMALE WELFARE (1866),
22A Devonshire Street, Harley Street, W.

Object.—The Society was formed 'as a centre of union for institutions for girls and young women of good character. Its work embraces all charitable agencies, industrial, educational, benevolent, and missionary (reformatory institutions alone excepted), which are designed to promote the welfare of women.' **Admission.**—'No Home can be admitted into union with the Society unless conducted upon Scriptural and Protestant principles.' Member's annual subscription, £1. 1s. Specimens of work from affiliated institutions may be sent to the office for sale, and no percentage is charged unless more than £10 worth be sold in a year, when 10 per cent. is deducted. **Registry.**—This is free to members. Non-members pay 1s. registration fee and 2s. 6d. on obtaining a servant. Servants, apprentices, governesses, matrons, teachers, &c., if not inmates of affiliated institutions, may register their names on payment of 1s., a small fee being paid on obtaining a situation. All applicants for registration for situations must be introduced by a clergyman or member. The Society furnishes information to subscribers and the public as to working, terms of admission, vacancies, &c., in affiliated institutions, and informs the institutions of applicants desiring admission; receives contributions for the Homes or for cases of distress in them. Arrangements are made, on the application of members, for the safe transit through London of young servants or inmates of the affiliated Homes, and for their protection whilst in town waiting for engagement. **Management.**—Ladies' Committee and Gentlemen's Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—

Members' contributions, £151; invested funds (reserve fund), £105; rent of apartments, £175; annual sale, &c., £63. Bankers, National Provincial Bank, Baker Street, W. Treasurer, Thos. Greer, Esq.; Hon. Secs. (Ladies' Committee), Mrs. Whatton, Miss E. E. White; (Gentlemen's Committee) Rev. W. Fleming; Resident Sec., Miss Hutchinson.

METROPOLITAN ASSOCIATION FOR BEFRIENDING YOUNG SERVANTS (1875). Central Office, 15 Buckingham Street, Strand, W.C.

Object.—To befriend young girls who are in or entering domestic service, and who are exposed to peculiar dangers and difficulties from the want of home protection, with the view of improving their general condition. Those coming within the scope of the Society are girls belonging to the London districts, from 13 to 20 years of age, and of good character. (1) Referred by Guardians as coming from District (Workhouse) Schools. (2) Without a situation, or otherwise in need of help. Such assistance as is necessary is freely given, but every effort is made to develop self-help, and to obtain aid from those on whom the girls have a claim. The Association provides Homes for lodging the girls when out of place, and for giving them, when necessary, a short period of training and opportunity of re-establishing their character. The principal Homes belonging to the Association are the Training Homes at Grosvenor House, Turnham Green, W. (see p. 368), and Hampden House, 154 Battersea Park Road, S.W. (see p. 368); in addition to which the following lodging-houses have been established in connection with the various branches. The name given in each case is that of the lady to whom application for admission should be made:—

CAMBERWELL.—78 Choumert Road, Rye Lane, Peckham, S.E. Station—Peckham Rye. Girls belonging to Camberwell Branch, 4s.; all others, 5s. per week. Miss C. S. Witts, 13 Homefield Road, Wimbledon.

CHELSEA.—20 Markham Street, Chelsea, S.W. Station—Sloane Square. Girls belonging to the Chelsea Branch, 8d.; others, 1s. a day. Miss Robertson, 1 Selwood Place, Onslow Gardens, S.W.

FULHAM AND HAMMERSMITH.—Apply to Miss Whitworth, Grosvenor House, Chiswick Lane, W.

GREENWICH.—22 Woodlands Park Road, near Maze Hill Station and Trams. Girls living in the District, and for District School Girls, 3s. 6d.; others, 5s. a week. Mrs. Robson, 2 The Paragon, Blackheath.

HACKNEY.—26 Manor Place, Amhurst Road. Station—Hackney Downs. Charge, 1s. a day. Miss Robarts, East Heath, Hampstead, N.W.

ISLINGTON.—268 Liverpool Road, N. Station—Highbury, N.L.R., and blue tram from 'Angel.' Charge, 1s. a day. Miss Smith, 10 Highbury Place, N.

LAMBETH.—151 Upper Kennington Lane, Vauxhall, S.E. Station—Vauxhall. Mrs. Rogers, Matron.

ST. MARYLEBONE.—151 Marylebone Road. Station—Edgware Road. Terms, 7s. a week. Apply to the Matron.

NORWOOD.—Thurlow Park Road, West Norwood, S.E. Mrs. Voules, 9 Lancaster Road, West Norwood.

WANDSWORTH AND BATTERSEA.—8 Cambridge Road, Battersea, S.W.
Trams from Clapham Junction and Battersea Park Station.
5s. a week to girls in the Battersea Branch; 7s. a week to those
from other Branches. Miss Lawford, 8 Cambridge Road.

WESTMINSTER.—65 Charlwood Street, St. George's Road, Pimlico.
Station—Victoria. Girls belonging to the Westminster Branch,
4s.; others, 5s. a week. Mrs. Stenning, at the Home.

St. SAVIOUR'S, SOUTHWARK.—58 Bartholomew Close, E.C. Miss
Anstruther.

About 30 branch free registry offices have been established in various parts of London, the addresses of which are given under the respective Poor Law districts in the section relating to Local Charities. When ill, the girls are sent to hospitals or convalescent homes, and, in cases where a long period of discipline is found needful, they are placed by the Association in some suitable Home. **Admission.**—Girls come under the care of the Association in two ways. (1) Girls brought up in the Metropolitan District Schools are placed by the Guardians under the care of the Association when they leave the schools for service. Each of these is given into the charge of some lady, who visits her from time to time in her place of service, and undertakes to befriend and care for her. (2) Girls applying at the Branch Free Registries. Any girl applying at one of these offices is (if a suitable case) helped to obtain a situation, and is afterwards kept in sight and befriended in various ways. **Management.**—By a General Council, which appoints Committees to deal with the different departments of the work and manage the Homes. **Income** (1888).—Central Office, £831; Training Homes, £1,390; Branch Committees (28 in number), £2,574. **Number assisted.**—Girls from District Schools, 2,657; situations found by branch offices, 6,569; total number of applications, 12,040. Bankers, Ransom, Bouverie, & Co. Hon. Treasurer, The Hon. Mrs. Fraser; Sec., Miss Poole.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF THE FRIENDS OF YOUNG WOMEN (1877), 316 Regent Street, W.

Object.—To protect and befriend by united international action young women of all creeds and nationalities. The central office of the Union is at Neuchatel, but each country has its own national offices, with correspondents or local committees in all the towns, who will give information as to safe 'homes' or registries. There is a registry for foreign girls at this office. **Admission.**—No payment is asked from girls needing assistance, but ladies may become members of the association either as workers or honorary members on payment of not less than 2s. 6d. per annum. **Management.**—By a Committee of ladies responsible to the Central Council at Neuchatel. **Income.**—Voluntary contributions, £61; other sources, £4. **Persons benefited.**—About 3,000. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Miss Beauchamp; Hon. Sec., Miss Manning.

YOUNG WOMEN'S INSTITUTE UNION, AND CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION (1857), Central Institute and Office, 17 Old Cavendish Street, W.

Object.—'To promote the religious, social, and physical welfare of young women, and to offer facilities for Christian teaching and intercourse, mental improvement and social enjoyment, and recreation.' **Admission.**—Application must be made to the Resident Superintendent of any of the

institutions. All young women of good character are admitted to membership. No precise limit as to age. Members pay a fee of 1s., and extra for secular classes. The benefits are: Bible and secular classes, use of Institute reading rooms, boarding houses, social teas, circulating libraries, penny bank, sick and benefit club, registries, and restaurants. **Management.**—By Resident and Visiting Superintendents, appointed by the Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £6,560; members and associates' subscriptions and payments, £349; rent of premises let off, £310. **Members** (1887).—14,810. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurers, The Lord Kinnaird and W. Irving Hare, Esq.; Sec., Miss Weitbrecht; Association Secretary, Miss A. Ely.

The following is a list of the Institutes carried on by the Association, arranged according to Postal Districts:—

CAVENDISH SQUARE.—Central Institutes, 17 Old Cavendish Street, W. Visiting Superintendent, Miss Amy Manson; Resident Superintendent, Miss Ely.

BAYSWATER.—Evening Home, 100 Campden Hill Road, W. Hon. Sec., Miss F. Jameson; Resident Superintendent, Miss Andrews.

EDGWARE ROAD.—Evening Rooms, 421 Edgware Road, W. Miss Seth-Smith.

KENSAL GREEN.—Institute, Britannia Terrace, 25 Kensal Road, W. Miss Buchanan.

PIMLICO.—Belgravian Institute, 2 St. George's Road, S.W. Visiting Superintendent, Miss A. St. G. Nugent; Resident Superintendent, Miss Maunsell.

PIMLICO.—Belgravian Branch, 9 Cambridge Terrace, S.W. Mrs. F. Paget.

BRIXTON.—Aberdeen House, 6 Tunstall Road, Brixton, S.W. Miss M. E. Garrett and Miss New.

PUTNEY.—Rooms, 127 High Street, Putney, S.W. Miss Allen.

TURNHAM GREEN.—Rooms, 360 High Road, Turnham Green, S.W. Hon. Sec., Miss Bird.

KING'S CROSS.—Percy Institute, 18 Percy Circus, King's Cross Road, W.C. Visiting Superintendent, Miss Morley; Resident Superintendent, Miss Malden.

HOLBORN.—Morley Rooms, 14 John Street, Bedford Row, W.C. Visiting Superintendent, Miss Morley; Visitor, Miss Gough.

KENTISH TOWN.—Kinnaird House, 33 Patchull Road, Kentish Town Road. Visiting Superintendent, Mrs. Weatherley; Resident Superintendent, Miss Varney.

HAMPSTEAD.—Y.W.C.A., 70 High Street, Hampstead, N.W. Mrs. W. H. Cooke.

KILBURN.—Institute, 103 High Road, Kilburn, N.W. Mrs. Joshua Baker.

FINSBURY.—Finsbury Institute, 14 Finsbury Square, E.C. Visiting Superintendent, Mrs. Fotherby; Resident Superintendent, Miss Baldwin.

BETHNAL GREEN.—Institute, 42 St. Peter's Street, Hackney Road, E. Miss E. Holland.

MILE END.—Y.W.C.A., Tower Hamlets Mission, Mile End, E. Hon. Sec., Miss M. Turner, 34 St. Nicholas Street.

WALWORTH.—Rochester Institute, 211 Walworth Road, S.E.

CAMBERWELL.—Camberwell Hall, 45 Grove Lane, S.E. Miss Steinitz.

GIPSY HILL.—Upper Norwood and Anerley Institute, Grosvenor House,
10 Gipsy Hill, S.E. Mrs. Johnston.

SYDENHAM AND FOREST HILL.—Institute, Eastbourne House, Sydenham Hill Road, S.E. Mrs. Cohen.

BLACKHEATH.—Rooms, 14 Royal Parade, Blackheath Village, S.E.

The Association also carries on the following Boarding Houses and Restaurants :—

REGENT STREET.—Welbeck House, 101 Mortimer Street, W. Hon. Sec.,
Miss Beauchamp.

Servants' Home, Y.W.C.A., 316 Regent Street, W.,
entrance 11 Little Portland Street, W. Resident Superintendent,
Miss Ditmas.

WESTBOURNE PARK.—Servants' Home, 215 Harrow Road, W. Miss Herring.

EALING.—Institute and Boarding House, Spring Lodge, Spring Bridge,
W. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Tulloch.

BROMPTON.—Princess House, Restaurant and Boarding House, 106 and 108 Brompton Road, S. W.

CHELSEA.—Tryon House, 8 Durham Place, Smith Street, Chelsea, S.W.
Hon. Superintendents, Miss Ellis and Miss Bamber.

KENSINGTON.—Katherine House, 19 Hollywood Road, South Kensington, S.W. Hon. Superintendent, Mrs. Bezly Thorne; Resident Superintendent, Miss Manning.

CLAPHAM.—Institute and Home, 355 Clapham Road. Hon. Sec., Miss Dunbar; Resident Superintendent, Miss Cowan.

WIMBLEDON.—Gordon Lodge, Lancaster Road, High Street, Wimbledon.
Miss Parker.

STOKE NEWINGTON.—Mildmay Institute, 41 and 41A Pyrland Road,
Highbury New Park, N. Miss Lankester.

ISLINGTON.—Cloudealey Institute and Home, 34 Barnsbury Street, N.
Hon. Sec., Mrs. W. T. Paton.

**HIGHBURY.—Y.W.C.A. Institute, 8 Park Place, Blackstock Road, N.
Mrs. G. D. Wyatt.**

HOLLOWAY.—Cambridge Institute and Home, 463 Holloway Road, N.
Hon. Sec., Miss Freeman.

ST. JOHN'S WOOD.—Institute, 12 Portland Terrace, Regent's Park, N.W.
Miss Price.

CLAPTON.—Seymour House, Portland Place, Lower Clapton, E. Resident Superintendent, Mrs. Hurry.

WALWORTH.—Rochester Restaurant, 209 Walworth Road, S.E.

WOOLWICH.—Home, 100 Wellington Street, Woolwich. Sec., Mrs. Mandeville.

GREENWICH. — Grosvenor House, 139 Greenwich Road, S.E. Lady
Principal, Miss Stone.

LEE.—Cairns House, 42 Brandram Road, Lee, S.E.

CITY.—The Welcome Restaurant, 6 Jewin Street, E.C. Resident Superintendent, Miss Birtill.

There is also a Convalescent Sick-Aid and Holiday Department for sending girls into the country or to the seaside.

TRAVELLERS' AID SOCIETY (1885), 16A Old Cavendish Street, W. (Under the auspices of the Young Women's Christian Association, *see* p. 585.)

Object.—To give protection to respectable country girls coming to large towns in search of employment, at the moment of their arrival at their destination. Ladies called Station Visitors attend at the principal railway stations and docks to meet girls whose friends in the country have asked the Society to take care of them, and also to offer advice or assistance to any other girls appearing to be in need of help. **Management.**—By a Committee of ladies and gentlemen. **Income (1888).**—Subscriptions and donations, £350; repayment of expenses for girls, £39; sale of reports and papers, £3. **Sec.,** Miss M. E. Dimock.

FACTORY HELPERS' UNION (1887), 16A Old Cavendish Street, W. (Under the auspices of the Young Women's Christian Association, *see* p. 585.)

Objects.—(a) To arouse public sympathy on behalf of factory and working girls, by calling attention to the enormous number employed in London and the provinces, and to their unprotected condition after work hours; (b) to arouse and strengthen those agencies which are already established for the moral and spiritual welfare of this class, and to facilitate communication between their superintendents, in order that girls removing from the neighbourhood of one mission may be transferred to the care of another; and (c) to organise and sustain factory, laundry, and workroom visitation during the dinner and tea hours; Bible classes, infant schools, temperance societies, and similar moral and religious agencies. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income (1888).**—Subscriptions and donations, £444; grant from Recreative Evening Schools Association, £10. **Treasurer,** Miss Morley, 47 Grosvenor Street, W.; **Hon. Sec.,** Miss Skirrow, 2 Queensberry Place, Cromwell Road, S.W.

THE GIRLS' FRIENDLY SOCIETY (1875). Central Office, 3 Victoria Mansions, Victoria Street, S.W.

Objects.—'(1) To band together in one Society ladies as Associates, and girls and young women as Members, for mutual help (religious and secular), for sympathy, and prayer; (2) to encourage purity of life, dutifulness to parents, faithfulness to employers, and thrift; (3) to provide the privileges of the Society for its members wherever they may be, by giving them an introduction from one branch to another.' **Admission.**—Application must be made to a working associate. **Central rules:**—1. Associates to be of the Church of England (no such restriction being made as to members), and the organisation of the Society to follow as much as possible that of the Church, being diocesan, rural-decaneal, and parochial. 2. Associates (working and honorary) and members to contribute annually to the funds, the former not less than 2s. 6d. a year, the latter not less than 6d. a year. Every member of a Branch pays 1s. a year, of which 6d. is paid to the Central Fund and the other 6d. is retained for the expenses of the Branch. Members' payments to go to the central fund. 3. No girl who has not borne a virtuous character to be admitted as a member; such character being lost, the member to forfeit

her card. The Society has now 15 lodges in London and 40 in the provinces, containing in all 486 beds, which are used as temporary homes by Girls' Friendly Society members, and in most cases serve as centres of G.F.S. work in the district. A registry office for servants and young women in business is in operation at nearly every lodge, and Bible-classes and other classes for imparting religious instruction are frequently held, as well as classes for needlework, sewing, singing, &c. The following is a list of the lodges :—

METROPOLITAN LODGES, arranged according to Postal Districts.

EALING, 56 The Grove, W.—Nine beds, 6 on an average occupied per night; board and lodging, 1s. per day; non-G.F.S. applicants only admitted with a good reason, 6d. per week extra. Recreation-room for members only. A weekly open evening for business members for recreation only.

BAYSWATER, 4 Colville Square Terrace, W.—Six beds, 5 on an average occupied per night; lodgings, 10d. per night, 2s. 6d. per week; do not board the inmates; non-G.F.S. applicants admitted with a good reference. Recreation-room open to non-resident members, who pay 1s. a quarter.

EDGWARE ROAD, 62 Market Street, W.—Four beds, 2 extra can be added. 1 on an average occupied per week; lodgings, 2s. 4d. to 3s. 6d. per week, according to room, or 4d. to 6d. per night. Food can be ordered from the landlady. Associates can be admitted. Non-G.F.S. applicants are admitted at same rate.

KENSINGTON, 7 Upper Phillimore Place, W.—Twenty beds, 15 on an average occupied per night, 6 being reserved for country members, who may be met at the station by arrangement; lodgings, 5d. per night, 2s. 6d. per week, 6d. for laundry; 1s. 3d. one night and breakfast; board, 1s. per day; non-G.F.S. applicants are admitted, stay limited to one month.

BERKELEY SQUARE, Bourdon Street, W.—Twenty-six beds, 21 on an average occupied per night; lodgings, 8d. per night, 3s. to 5s. per week; non-G.F.S. applicants admitted for a month and charged extra. Recreation-room open only to G.F.S. members, or candidates, or members of St. George's Guild. An open evening held monthly. Two recreation-rooms, the outside club-room open to non-G.F.S. members as well.

WESTMINSTER, 4 Greycoat Buildings, Horseferry Road, S.W.—Nine beds, 3 cots; average per night, 9; lodgings per week, 2s. 6d. to 3s. 6d.; non-G.F.S. applicants admitted.

CHELSEA, 19 Sloane Terrace, S.W.

PIMLICO, 146 Warwick Street, S.W.

BRIXTON HILL, S.W. (Diocesan Lodge).—Twenty-seven beds; lodgings, 3d. per night, 1s. to 2s. per week; rooms, 1s. per night, 5s. per week; cubicles, 9d. per night, 3s. to 4s. per week; board, 8s. per week. Non-G.F.S. applicants, 6d. per week extra, lodging only; stay limited to a week. Recreation-room open to non-resident members. Monthly open evening.

HOLBORN, 11 Red Lion Square, W.C. (for members in business).—Twenty-six beds; lodgings, 3s. to 7s. 6d. per week; board, 8s. per week, or by tariff; non-G.F.S. applicants charged at same rate; stay limited to one month.

HIGHGATE, 26 Southwood Lane, N.—Two beds.

COMMERCIAL ROAD, 20 Grosvenor Street, E.—Two beds ; lodgings, 4d. per night ; 2s. per week ; non-G.F.S. applicants charged at same rate ; stay not limited. Recreation-room open to non-resident members.

WHITECHAPEL, 17 Turner Street, E.—Four beds, 3 on an average occupied per night ; lodgings, 4d. per night, 2s. per week ; non-G.F.S. applicants admitted with a good reference, allowed to stay as long as there is a vacancy ; not charged extra. Recreation-room open to non-resident members. Open evening first Monday in month.

DEPTFORD, 36 Evelyn Street, S.E.

WALWORTH, 10 Lorrimore Square, S.E.

PROVINCIAL LODGES, arranged Alphabetically.

BIRKENHEAD, 113 Sandon Terrace, Oxtou Road.—Ten beds, 6 on an average occupied per night ; lodgings, 3d. per night, or 1s. per week for first week, 1s. 6d. afterwards ; board, 8s. 2d. first week, 11s. 8d. afterwards ; non-G.F.S. applicants are admitted on the same terms. The recreation-room is open to them also. An open tea on Thursday evenings to all who attend classes.

BIRMINGHAM, 48 Hockley Hill.—Fifteen beds, average 10 a night ; 5s. 6d. inclusive ; none are lodged without board ; non-G.F.S. applicants admitted at the same rate, but their stay is limited.

” 2 Upper Priory, Old Square.—Thirteen beds, usually full ; beds, 2s. 6d. a week ; board, 5s. 6d. ; non-F.G.S. applicants admitted, stay limited to six weeks.

” 27 Park Road, Harborne.—Three beds ; beds, 2s. 6d. per week, 9d. per night ; board and lodgings, 8s. per week ; non-G.F.S. applicants are admitted.

BOURNEMOUTH, 8 Lansdowne Road (Lodge and Home of Rest).—Fourteen beds ; board and lodging per week, from 9s. 6d. ; when necessary girls are taken in for less, even 7s.

BRADFORD, 11 Belle Vue.

BRIGHTON, 11 Mighell Street.—Eight beds ; average number occupied, 7 ; lodgings, 2s. 6d. a week, 6d. a night ; board and lodging, 8s. a week.

CARDIFF, 69 Partridge Road, Roath.—Recreation-room open to non-G.F.S. members once a month.

CARLISLE, 12 Fisher Street.—Eleven beds, 9 permanent lodgers the greater part of the year ; lodgings, 1s. the first night, 4d. each succeeding night, or from 2s. to 3s. 6d. per week ; lodgers board themselves, or make a special arrangement with the Matron ; non-G.F.S. applicants are admitted at a slightly higher rate of charges, and only for a short period. Recreation-room open to non-resident members. The Diocesan Registry and Diocesan Library are established in the Lodge. Monthly Tea, to which members may invite a friend.

CHESTER, 27 Nicholas Street.—Fourteen beds, 11 occupied ; lodgings, 3d. per night, 1s. per week ; board, 7s. per week ; non-G.F.S. applicants, 4d. per night, or 1s. 6d. per week ; Associate taken in if notice is given beforehand ; stay not limited. Recreation-room open to non-resident members.

DERBY, 31 Friar Gate.

EXETER, 44 Magdalene Street.—Eight beds, 5 on an average occupied per night; board and lodging, 6s. 6d. per week, 1s. per day for members in business; 5s. 6d. per week, 10d. per day for members in service; 7s. charged for servants staying longer than four weeks; non-G.F.S. applicants received on higher terms. Young women in business are not allowed to stay more than six weeks without becoming G.F.S. members. Recreation-room open every evening, free to non-resident members. Open also on Sunday afternoons.

GLOUCESTER, 1 Nettleton Road.—Eight beds, average occupied per night, 6; lodgings, 3d. per night, 1s. per week; board, 6s. per week; non-G.F.S. applicants charged extra; ladies also taken at a higher rate.

HALIFAX, 9 Corporation Street, North Parade.

LEAMINGTON, 15 George Street.—Two beds; bed, weekly, 2s. 6d., or 6d. per night; board, per week, 7s.

LINCOLN, 1 Monks Road.—Five beds, 3 occupied on an average per night; lodgings, per week, 2s. to 3s. 6d.; per night, 4d. and 6d.; board and lodging, prepaid, 6s. 6d. to 7s. 6d. per week; non-G.F.S. applicants are admitted, stay unlimited, but they are charged 1d. per night, or 6d. per week extra. Recreation-room open to non-resident members; subscription, 2s. a year. Friendly helpers of the G.F.S. (Lincoln) and non-G.F.S. members may also be admitted; subscription, 5s. a year.

LIVERPOOL, 19 St. James's Road.—Ten beds, 4 on an average occupied per night; lodgings—servants, 4d. a night, or 1s. per week; business members, 6d. per night, or 2s. per week; board, 7s. per week; non-G.F.S. applicants admitted; they are charged 1s. extra per week, and their stay is limited. Recreation-room open to non-resident members.

MALVERN, Wells Road.—Twenty-two beds, 1 reserved for Lodge purposes; 3 full in summer, 9 in winter. Board and lodging, 7s. per week; 10s. to non-members.

MANCHESTER, 12 Park Place, Cheetham (Diocesan Lodge).—Fifteen beds, 10 on an average occupied per night; lodgings, 2s. to 3s. 6d. per week, or 4d. to 7d. per night; board, 7s. 6d. per week; non-G.F.S. applicants admitted at same rate. Associates can be received, £1. 1s. per week board and lodging. Recreation-room open to non-residents.

NEWBURY, Kennet Road.—Non-members received with respectable reference. There is a recreation-room. Girls are trained for service in all branches of domestic work.

NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE, 23 Ridley Place, Northumberland Street (Diocesan Lodge).—Seven beds; lodgings from 2s., or 4d. per night; board from 1s. 6d. per week.

NEWCASTLE-UNDER-LYME, St. George's Rooms, Liverpool Road.—One bed; board and lodging, 7s. per week; bed one night, 3d.; G.F.S. applicants only admitted. Members have an open evening two or three times during the winter. A weekly and special monthly class, with tea, during the winter months.

- NEWPORT**, Salop, Avenue Road.—Six beds occasionally used ; lodgings, 3d. per night, 1s. 6d. per week ; board, 5s. 6d. per week ; non-G.F.S. applicants, board and lodging, 8s. per week, stay not limited. Recreation-room open to non-resident members.
- NORWICH**, 25 St. Andrew's, Broad Street.—Twelve beds, 9 on an average occupied per night ; lodgings, 1s., 1s. 6d., and 2s. 6d. per week, 4d. and 6d. per night ; non-G.F.S. applicants admitted, their stay being limited, and the charge higher. A monthly open evening, object being chiefly social.
- OSWESTRY**, 13 Willow Street.—Seven beds ; average occupied per night, 5 ; G.F.S. members pay 1s. per week, or 3d. per night lodging ; board is charged according to requirements ; non-G.F.S. applicants are admitted at 4d. per night. Five girls have been trained for service. There is a recreation-room open to all G.F.S. members ; charge, 2d. per month.
- PARKSTONE**, near Poole, Dorset.—One bed.
- PLYMOUTH**, 2 St. Andrew's Place.—Three beds ; lodgings per week, 3s. 6d., 6d. per day ; non-G.F.S. applicants are admitted at the same rate. Recreation-room open to non-resident G.F.S. members.
- PRESTON**, 89 Fishergate Hill.—Ten beds ; average occupied per night, 2 ; lodgings, 6d. per night, 2s. to 3s. 6d. per week ; non-G.F.S. applicants admitted at same rate, stay not limited. Recreation-room open to non-residents.
- READING**, 10 Church Street.—Ten beds ; lodgings, 3d. per night, 1s. per week ; non-G.F.S. applicants, 4d. per night, 1s. 6d. per week ; single bedrooms, 6d. per night, 2s. 6d. per week ; weekly board, 7s., if all the meals are taken.
- REIGATE**, Birkhead's Road.
- ST. LEONARD'S-ON-SEA**, 43 Southwater Road.—Twelve beds, in summer full ; in winter 5 occupied as a rule. Board and lodging, 10s. and 8s. a week, according to accommodation ; non-members at advanced charge of 2s. a week. Monthly social evenings, open to members in professions and business and their friends.
- SHEFFIELD**, 33 Havelock Street.
- SOUTHAMPTON**, 26 Hanover Buildings (Diocesan Lodge).—Ten beds ; 1 bed for lady lodger. Five girls have been trained, one of them a workhouse girl. Recreation-room for business members during winter.
- SOUTHPORT**, 19 Derby Road.—Twenty beds ; lodgings and board, 8s. 6d. ; non-members, 10s. Recreation-room open to non-resident members.
- SOUTHSEA**, Marmion Road.—Five beds ; lodgings per week for members in business, 3s. 6d., 6d. per night ; board, 10s. 6d. per week. During the summer the Lodge is always full.
- STOCKPORT**, 56 Church Gate.—Four beds ; lodgings, 2s. per week, 5d. per night ; board, 1s. per day ; non-G.F.S. applicants admitted at 2s. 6d. per week, 6d. per night. Recreation-room open to all members of the Branch or any commended to it. Members may bring their friends once before joining.

SWANSEA, 3 Page Street.—Four beds ; lodgings, 1s. 9d. per week, or 4d. per night to non-G.F.S. members ; non-G.F.S. applicants admitted. Recreation-room open three times a week for reading, sewing, and other occupations.

TROWBRIDGE, 1 Market Place.—Eight beds. Extra charge made to non-members. Members all belong to factories.

WEYMOUTH, Bridge Cottage, Commercial Road.—Two beds ; board and lodging per week, 8s. ; to Branches that subscribe, 7s. ; 1s. 2d. per night with food ; non-G.F.S. applicants, 9s. per week, stay not limited.

WOLVERHAMPTON, 45 Waterloo Road South.—Six beds, 6 on an average occupied per night ; lodgings, 2s. 6d. per week ; lodgings per night, 6d. ; board, 7s. 6d. per week ; 5s. per week for orphans. non-G.F.S. applicants are admitted when there are vacancies. Recreation-room open to non-resident members.

Two hundred and fourteen clubs and recreation rooms for young women employed in shops, warehouses, factories, &c., have been opened, of which 67 are in London, and 147 in provincial towns, 'and an extensive work is being done through Girls' Friendly Society Registries, both in London and in the country.' There are 9 Homes of Rest opened to members needing change of air. The Central Home is at Sunninghill (see p. 208). **Management**.—By Council, and Committee appointed by it. Council consists of elected members, presidents of diocesan councils, and diocesan representatives. **Income** (1888).—Central Fund, £3,112. **Associates**.—27,174. **Members**.—121,263. Bankers, The Imperial Bank, Victoria Mansions, S.W. President of Council, The Hon. Lady Grey ; Hon. Treasurer, R. C. A. Beck, Esq. ; Secretary, Miss Wright.

LADIES' ASSOCIATIONS FOR THE CARE OF FRIENDLESS GIRLS.

Object.—To prevent the degradation of women and children by—(1) *Preventive work* : (a) Establishing free registry offices, clothing clubs, careful visitation, and training homes on the Bristol plan ; (b) receiving children in dangerous circumstances by enforcing the Industrial Schools Act Amendment Act (1880), and providing special certified industrial schools, and by voluntary means ; (c) emigration of young girls. (2) *Educational work* : (a) Lectures on the training of girls and boys, and utilising existing mothers' meetings, schoolmasters and schoolmistresses ; (b) distributing suitable publications ; (c) influencing our own social circles, and endeavouring to form a higher public opinion. (3) *Curative work* : (a) Rescue work and the establishment of refuges ; (b) visitation of the workhouse Magdalene ward, and helping girls to regain their character ; (c) visitation of lock wards. The following is a list of the existing Associations, with addresses of the Homes, &c., corrected to July 1889 (except the Rescue Homes and Refuges for fallen girls, which are all included in the section relating to Penitents on pp. 526, *et seq.*):—

LONDON AND NEIGHBOURHOOD.

BATTERSEA.—Sec., Mrs. F. Welsby, Fernside, Wandsworth Common, S.W.

BROMPTON.—Sec., Mrs. Jenner, 45 Beaufort Gardens, S.W.

HAMPTON COURT.—Treasurer, Miss Fitzroy, St. George's Bank, East Molesey.

KENSINGTON.—Sec., Mrs. W. Alexander, Aubrey House, Kensington, W.

P F

PADDINGTON and MARYLEBONE.—Sec., Mrs. Rawlins, 13 Harewood Square, W.

PIMLICO.—Sec., Miss B. Allen, 5 Durham Place, Chelsea, S.W.

RICHMOND.—Sec., Mrs. Flint, 4 Queen's Park Gardens, Streatham Common, S.W.

„ Training Home and Free Registry, The Green, Richmond.

ST. MARTIN's and ST. GILES's.—Sec., Mrs. M. Dalison, 28 Eaton Terrace, S.W.

SOUTH KENSINGTON.—Sec., Mrs. Montgomerie, 1 Cromwell Place, S.W.

STEPNEY.—Sec., Mrs. Vatcher, St. Philip's Vicarage, Stepney, E.

STRATFORD AND WEST HAM.—Sec., Mrs. Raymond Pelly, St. John's Vicarage, Stratford, E.

SURBITON.—Sec., Mrs. Arnold.

WIMBLEDON.—Sec., Miss C. Witts.

„ Training Home, Francis Grove.

THE PROVINCES.

ABERDEEN.—Free Registry, 23 Market Street.

BARNSELY.—Free Registry and Training Home, 4 North Pavement.

BARNSTAPLE.—Sec., Mrs. Lauder.

BATH.—Preventive Home, 3 Spencer's Belle Vue.

„ Shelter and Servants' Home, 24 St. James's Parade.

BEDFORD.—Training Home, Tavistock Place, Bedford.

BELPER.—Sec., Mrs. J. Hunter, Northfield, Belper.

BERWICK-ON-TWEED.—Sec., Miss A. Henderson.

BIRKENHEAD.—Rescue Home. Sec., Miss Gaman, Lennox Lodge, Oxtou Road.

BIRKDALE.—Sec., Mrs. E. Parry, Gorsefields.

BIRMINGHAM.—Secs., Mrs. Bishop, 30 Wheeley's Road; Mrs. A. Phillp, Clyro House, Islington Row.

BLACKBURN.—Training Home. Sec., Miss Lund.

BOURNEMOUTH.—Free Registry, 8 Lansdowne Road. Sec., Miss J. L. Powys, Brierley, Bournemouth.

BRADFORD.—Home and Female Refuge, 11 Belle Vue. Sec., Miss Lambert, 11 St. Paul's Road.

„ Temporary Rescue Home. Sec., Mrs. F. Howson, Wordsworth House, Manningham.

„ Factory Girls' Classes. Miss Byles, 13 Old Ashfield.

BRIGHTON.—Sec., Miss Mary Jeaffreson, 22 Bloomsbury Place.

„ Training Home and Free Registry, 103 Edward Street.

„ Refuge, 133 Queen's Park Road.

BRISTOL and CLIFTON.—Pres., Mrs. Pease, Cote Bank, Westbury-on-Trym.

BURNLEY.—Sec., Mrs. John Brown, Bank Parade.

„ Free Registry Office and Training Home, Bank Parade.

BURTON-ON-TRENT.—Sec., Mrs. Bridgeman, Bridge-Street.

- CAMBRIDGE.—Sec., Mrs. Humphrey, Grove Lodge.
 „ Training Home, Free Registry and Girls' Club, Surrey Cottage, Coronation Street.
- CARDIFF.—Sec., Miss Bird, 20 Charles Street.
 „ Training Home, 12 Parade, Cardiff.
- CARLISLE.—Hon. Sec., Mrs. Henry Ware, The Abbey, Carlisle
 „ Free Registry and Training Home, 42 Abbey Street.
- CARNARVON.—Sec., Mrs. Parry, Plasgwyn, Carnarvon.
- CHELTENHAM.—Preventive and Rescue Home, Belleville, Hewlett Street.
 „ Refuge, 5 Greville Terrace.
- CHESTER.—President, Hon. Mrs. Parker.
- CHESTERFIELD.—Sec., Mrs. Naish, Highfield Road.
- COLCHESTER.—Free Registry, Mrs. Diggen's, St. Botolph Street.
- COVENTRY.—Sec., Miss Sargeant, 3 Hertford Terrace.
- CROYDON.—Sec., Miss Malleson, Park Lane.
- DERBY.—Sec., Miss Wilkinson, Bridgwater Villas.
 „ Free Registry and Training Home, 50 Bridge Street.
 „ Industrial Schools for Girls and Women, Cavendish Square, Bridge Street.
 „ Temporary Rescue Home. Hon. Sec., Mrs. Knight, All Saints' Vicarage.
- DEVIZES.—Sec., Mrs. Martin, Poulshot Vicarage.
- DORCHESTER.—Sec., Mrs. Hemming, Frome House.
- DORKING.—Sec., Miss D. Wyllie, 5 Cliftonville Terrace.
 „ Free Registry, 52 South Street.
- DOVER.—Sec., Mrs. Osborne ; Sec. for Preventive Work, Mrs. Everard, Ch. Ch. Vicarage.
- DUNDEE.—Sec., Mrs. Watson, 7 William Street.
- DURHAM.—Sec., Mrs. Walter, Bon Lane.
 „ Training Home, 9 Cross Street.
- EASTBOURNE.—Mrs. Usill, Fulbourne Lodge.
- EDINBURGH.—Sec., Mrs. Veitch Hunter, 3 Palmerston Place.
 „ Home for Girls, 10 Laureston Lane.
 „ House of Charity, 7 Johnston Terrace.
- EXETER.—Sec., Mrs. W. Harton Ellis, Home for Friendless Girls (14), The Friars.
 „ Home of Branch for Befriending Young Servants, 20 Holloway Street.
- FOLKESTONE.—Sec., Miss Bass, Victoria Grove.
 „ Servants' Home, Free Registry and Girls' Clubs.
- GATESHEAD-ON-TYNE.—Sec., Mrs. N. Spence Watson, Bensham Grove.
 „ „ Free Registry and Temperance Lodge, Hardwick Terrace, Jackson Street.
- GLASGOW.—Sec., Mrs. A. Somerville, Granby Terrace, Hillhead.
 „ Training Home and Free Registry, Temperance Home for Young Servants.
- GLOUCESTER.—Sec., Mrs. Parker, Cathedral House.
 „ Free Registry and Training Home, 5 Priory Place.

- GODALMING.—Sec., Mrs. Benson, Farncombe Rectory.
 „ Free Registry, Miss Smith, High Street.
- GRANTHAM.—Sec., Miss F. Brooks, Welby Gardens.
 „ Training Home and Free Registry, 2 Chambers Street,
 Little Gonerby.
- GRIMSBY.—Sec., Miss Leppington.
 „ Temperance Home and Free Registry.
- HALIFAX.—Pres., Miss Rawson, Mill House.
 „ Free Registry and Training Home, 12 Corporation Street.
- HASTINGS.—Mrs. Basil Woodd, 18 Dane Road, St. Leonard's.
- HITCHIN.—Sec., Mrs. Tindall Lucas, Fox Holes.
- HOVE.—Sec., Mrs. Peacey, Hove Vicarage.
 „ Training Home and Free Registry, near West Brighton Station.
- HUDDERSFIELD.—Sec., Mrs. Kaye, New North House.
- HULL.—Sec., Mrs. E. Woodmaney, 3 Morpeth Street.
- HYTHE.—Sec., Mrs. Deedes, Saltwood Castle.
- ILFRACOMBE.—Sec., Mrs. Hanbury, SS. Philip and James' Vicarage,
 Barnes.
- JERSEY.—Sec., Mrs. Braithwaite, Terrace House, St. Heliers.
- KING'S LYNN.—Mrs. C. B. Plowright, 7 King Street.
- LEEDS.—Sec., Mrs. Connon.
 „ Training Home and Free Registry, 3 Roundhay Terrace.
- LICHFIELD.—Sec., Mrs. Henry Bridgeman, The Close.
- LIVERPOOL.—Sec., Hon. Mrs. McNeill, 15 Wellealey Terrace, Prince's
 Park.
 „ Laundry and Training Home, Rose Bank, Laurel Road,
 Fairfield.
- LOUTH.—Sec., Miss Streatfeild.
- MACCLESFIELD.—Sec., Mrs. Henderson, Upton.
- MAIDSTONE.—Sec., Miss F. C. Balston, Maidstone.
- MALVERN.—Sec., Mrs. Lewis Knight, Glencairn.
- MANCHESTER.—Sec., Mrs. Cheetham, 23 Lime Grove.
 „ Free Registry and Girls' Lodging Home, 215 Waterloo
 Road, Cheetham.
 „ Free Registry and Girls' Lodging House, 476 Stockport
 Road.
 „ Training Home, Withington.
 „ Rescue Home, Reddish.
- NEWCASTLE-ON-TYNE.—Diocesan Society. Sec., Mrs. Percy Westmacott.
 „ „ Temporary Refuge, 42 Pilgrim Street.
- NEWCASTLE-UNDER-LYME.—Sec., Mrs. Kitchener, School House, New-
 castle, Staffs.
 „ „ Free Registry and Training Home, Pall Mall,
 Hanley.
- NORWICH.—Pres., Mrs. Petre, Westwick, Norwich.
 „ Training Home and Free Registry, Clarendon Road.
 „ Girls' Club and Lodging Home.

- NOTTINGHAM.—Sec., Miss Morley, Sherwood Rise.
 „ Servants' Home and Registry, and Cottage Home for Friendless Girls.
- OXFORD.—Sec., Mrs. Spooner, 11 Keble Terrace.
 „ Free Registry and Training Home, 31 Gloucester Green.
- PENZANCE.—Sec., Mrs. Sturge, 28 North Parade.
- PLYMOUTH.—Sec., Miss James, Woodside.
 „ Free Registry and Training Home, Staddon House, Regent Street.
- POOLE.—Sec., Mrs. Bengough, Upton House.
- PORTSMOUTH and SOUTHSEA.—Sec., Mrs. J. Breton, Crescent House, Southsea.
 „ „ Industrial School, Sydenham House, Waterloo.
- PRESTON.—Sec., Mrs. Price, St. Luke's Vicarage.
 „ Free Registry and Shelter, 18 Cross Street.
 „ Industrial School, Croston.
- RAMSGATE and ST. LAWRENCE.—Sec., Lady Rose Weigall.
 „ „ Free Registry, 24 Artillery Hill.
 „ „ Refuge, 26 Adelaide Gardens.
- REDHILL.—Sec., Mrs. Hill, West Hill House.
- RHYL.—Sec., Mrs. Murray Browne, 47 West Parade.
- ROCHESTER.—Sec., Miss M. Cobb, Mockbeggar.
- ROTTERHAM.—President, Mrs. Quirk, The Vicarage.
- SALISBURY DIOCESE.—Sec., Miss Moberley.
- SCARBOROUGH.—Sec., Miss Hopkins, 21 North Marine Road.
 „ Free Registry, 11 Elders Street.
 „ Training Home, 19 West Bank, Seamen Road.
- SHEFFIELD.—Sec., Mrs. C. A. Winder, Pitsmoor. This Union affiliates sister associations for the help of women and girls.
- SHERBORNE.—Sec., Mrs. Edward Young, Schoolhouse.
- SHERWSBURY.—Sec., Mrs. Butler Lloyd, Belmont.
 „ Training Home, Dogpole.
- SOUTHAMPTON.—Sec., Mrs. Ramsay, Cleavelands, Bassett.
 „ Refuge, 11 Cross Street, Kingsland.
- SOUTHPORT.—Sec., Miss Greenwood, 19 Hawkshead Street.
- SUNDERLAND.—Sec., Mrs. F. Corder, 1 Ashbrook Terrace.
- SWANSEA.—Sec., Miss Cawker, Devon Terrace, Swansea.
- TORQUAY.—Sec., Miss M. Phillpotts.
- TRURO.—Sec., Miss Dalrymple, Gluth, Truro.
- TUNBRIDGE WELLS.—Sec., Miss C. Hall, 21 St. James's Road.
- WAKEFIELD.—Sec., Mrs. Binks, Burton Street.
 „ Free Registry and Training Home, George Street.
- WALSALL.—Sec., Miss Kirkpatrick, Dundrennan House.
- WELLINGTON (Somerset).—Sec., Mrs. Dilworth Fox, Woodlands.
- WESTON-SUPER-MARE.—Sec., Mrs. Crewe Townsend.
 „ „ Free Registry and Lodging Home, 62 Orchard Street.

WEYMOUTH.—Sec., Mrs. Peto, Fleet House.

WIGAN.—Sec., Mrs. R. A. Ffarington.

WINCHESTER.—V.-P., Hon. Mrs. Joyce, St. John's Croft.
 „ Temperance Home, Colebrook House.

WISBECH.—Sec., Mrs. Metcalfe, Mote House.

„ Free Registry, 24 Hill Street.

„ Training Home and Servants' Free Lodging, 74 Walsoken Road.

WORTHING.—Sec., Miss E. A. Green, Sunnyside.

YARMOUTH.—Sec., Mrs. H. E. Buxton, Fitton Decoy.

„ Free Registry and Training Home, 56 North Quay.

YORK.—Sec., Miss Cockin, 3 Bootham Terrace, York.

„ Lodge and Free Registry, 97 High Petergate.

„ Home for Friendless Girls, Skeldergate.

Management.—The above Associations are distinct and separate bodies managed by local committees. **Income.**—There is no central committee, office, fund, or subscription list. Hon. Organising Secs., Miss Ellice Hopkins, Percy House, Brighton; Miss Janes, Two Waters, Hemel Hempstead.

GIRLS' CLUB AND INSTITUTE UNION, 59 Greek Street, Soho, W.

Object.—To link together all clubs, evening and recreation rooms for girls and young women throughout England. The following is a list of the London federated clubs, the name being that of the Hon. Sec., unless otherwise specified :—

SOHO CLUB AND HOME FOR WORKING GIRLS, 59 Greek Street, Soho Square, W. Hon. Maude Stanley, 40 Dover Street, Piccadilly, W.

LILY CLUB, 22 Marlborough Street, Harrow Road, W. Mrs. T. Gillilan.

ST. LUKE'S GIRLS' CLUB, 38 Newnham Street, Edgware Road, W. Miss A. Gurney, 7 Mandeville Place.

HOLY INNOCENTS' GIRLS' CLUB, 262 Goldhawk Road, Hammersmith, W. Sister in Charge. President, Mrs. Burnaby, The Vicarage, Hampstead.

ST. GILES'S EVENING CLUB FOR WORKING GIRLS, 26 Great Russell Street, W.C. (originally started in St. Ann's, Soho). Mrs. Edward Drummond.

CLUB FOR WORKING GIRLS, The Cedars, Battersea, S.W. Hon. Mrs. Adamson Parker, 60 Elm Park Gardens, South Kensington, S.W.

CHELSEA GIRLS' CLUB, 5 Christchurch Street, Chelsea, S.W. Mrs. Philip Daniell, 45 Beaufort Gardens, S.W.

ST. CATHERINE'S ROOMS, CATHOLIC NIGHT SCHOOL, AND PLACE OF RECREATION, 30 Hans Road, Brompton Road, S.W. Miss Capes.

TRINITY CLUB AND HOME FOR GIRLS, 137 Camberwell Road, S.E. President, Mrs. Arthur James; Superintendent, Mrs. Bastable.

CLUB AND WORKING GIRLS' HOME, All Hallows, Southwark, Surrey Row, Victoria Place, S.E. Sister Superior, All Hallows' Mission, 127 Union Street, Borough, S.E.

ST. CLEMENT'S GIRLS' CLUB, City Road, E.C. Rev. Fr. Downman, Eagle Dwellings, City Road.

CLERKENWELL GIRLS' CLUB, 55 Compton Street, Clerkenwell, E.C. Mrs. Moody.

ARCH GUILD OF ST. MICHAEL AND ALL ANGELS, St. Saviour's Priory, Great Cambridge Street, Hackney Road, E. Sister Helen.

GIRLS' CLUB, 28 Commercial Street, Whitechapel, E. Miss Agnes Gardiner.

ARLINGTON GIRLS' CLUB, 97 Arlington Road, Camden Town, N.W. Miss M. B. Harrison.

ST. JOHN'S GIRLS' CLUB, Hampstead, N.W. The Hon. Maude Stanley, 40 Dover Street, Piccadilly, W.

GIRLS' GUILD OF GOOD LIFE, Hoxton Hall, Hoxton, N. Mrs. Rae, 7 Westop Villas, Canonbury Square, N.

GIRLS' MISSION (1873), Leyton Road, Stratford, E.

Object.—To benefit young girls employed in factories. The means employed are : club room (open Mondays) for social intercourse ; working party (Tuesdays), materials may be paid for by small instalments. Free library and savings bank (Wednesdays) ; lecture, &c. (Thursdays), together with religious services. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887–8).—Charitable contributions, £79 ; **Attendances** (1887–8).—Over 30,000. Hon. Superintendent, Mr. J. Dowding Sansom, Hazelmere, Atherstone Road, Forest Gate, E.

FACTORY GIRLS' CLUB AND INSTITUTE, Copperfield Road, E.

Object.—To influence for good the numerous factory girls of the East-End. Educational, clothing, and sewing classes are carried on, a reading-room provided, and frequent Bible Classes conducted by ladies, who acquire influence over the girls. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E. ; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

WOMEN'S UNIVERSITY SETTLEMENT (1887), 44 Nelson Square, Southwark, S.E.

Object.—Work in the poorer parts of London in co-operation with existing agencies. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888–9).—Voluntary subscriptions, £271. **Members.**—550. **Residents.**—40. **Treasurer**, Miss M. E. Benson, Lambeth Palace, S.E. ; **Head Worker**, Miss Argles ; **Hon. Sec.**, Miss Jane Sharp.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND WOMEN'S HELP SOCIETY (1880), 29 Queen Square, W.C.

Object.—To promote the religious, moral, and social welfare of young women of the working classes, by providing classes of religious and secular instruction, recreation rooms, lodging-houses, registries, lending libraries, sick and burial clubs, and by the encouragement of temperance and thrift. The Society is intended to form a part of the existing parochial organisation, and to supplement the Sunday school by affording opportunities to adults for a continuance of instruction in Christian truths and distinctive Church doctrines. Each branch must be under the direction of the parochial clergy, and form its own rules in conformity with the rules of the constitution. **Admission.**—Members must be of good character, and,

in order to secure the carrying out of this qualification, they must first be enrolled for not less than six months as associates. Married women as well as single are eligible for admission. Both members and associates receive a card on admission, bearing a simple rule of life. Guardian members are those who are desirous of assisting the work, and may be selected from among the forewomen, heads of rooms in warehouses and factories, and those in positions of trust. Workers must be subscribers, and, with other subscribers of not less than 5s., are honorary members. Guardian members and workers must be communicants. Young women of doubtful character are not admitted to membership, but may share the benefits provided by the Society. **Management.**—A Central Council consisting of the Presidents, Vice-Presidents, Diocesan Secretaries, the President and Secretary of each branch, and elected members, from which body an Executive Committee is elected annually. **Income** (1888).—Central fund: subscriptions, donations, &c., £278; London Diocese fund, £483. 18s. 10d.; of such branches of the Society as report their receipts to the Central Office, £1,748; of South London Home, £286. **Benefited.**—Nearly 6,000. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, H. P. Okeden, Esq.; Hon. Secs., Mrs. Papillon and Miss Arbuthnot; General Sec., Miss Alice Dimock.

THE OXFORD HOUSE (1884), Bethnal Green, E.

Object.—Educational, social, and religious work amongst the working classes, chiefly by means of men's and boys' clubs and institutes, carried on by graduates and under-graduates of Oxford University resident in Bethnal Green. **Admission.**—To the clubs by subscription of 1d. or 1½d. per week, and election by the Committee of the club. No religious or political test. **Management.**—Executive Committee in Oxford, elected by coöption, the immediate control being in the resident head of the House. The clubs are managed by their own elected officers and Committee. **Income** (1888).—Voluntary contributions, general fund, £730; special purposes, £1,050; residents' payments, £400; payments of club members, £94. **Members.**—Men's clubs, 1,200; boys' clubs, 350. Bankers, Old Bank, Oxford. Treasurer, H. O. Wakeman, Esq., All Souls' College, Oxford; Head of the House, Rev. A. F. W. Ingram.

TOYNBEE HALL (1884), 28 Commercial Street, E.

Object.—To educate citizens in the knowledge of one another, to provide teaching for those willing to learn, and recreation to those who are weary. **Admission.**—Open to any who have become acquainted with the residents of Toynbee Hall. **Management.**—By Council elected by members of the Universities Settlement Association, and by Committees of the residents. **Income** (1888-9).—Voluntary contributions, £1,078; Estimated annual expenditure required for the public work of the Settlement, £1,200. **Residents.**—13. Bankers, London & Westminster Bank. Treasurer, P. M. Martineau, Esq.; Warden, Rev. S. A. Barnett; Hon. Sec., Ernest Aves, Esq.

WORKING MEN'S COLLEGE (1854), 46 Great Ormond Street, Bloomsbury, W.C.

Object.—The students are for the most part working men, and the teachers are in general members of the universities and of the different professions, or those who have themselves been students of the College. Its purpose is to unite those classes together by associating them in the common work of teaching and learning. It provides instruction at the smallest possible cost (the teaching being almost wholly unpaid) in the

subjects with which it most concerns English citizens to be acquainted, and thus tries to place a liberal education within the reach of working men.'

Admission.—By application to the Secretary at the College. 'No one who is not ashamed to be called a "working man" is refused.' The fees for the different classes vary from 2s. 6d. to 5s. a term or course. Lectures are delivered every Saturday evening during the winter, admission to which is free. **Management.**—By Council of past and present teachers of the College, and Executive Committee elected from the Council. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £111; invested funds, £123; from students, £278; rent, £93. **Attendance.**—956. Bankers, London & County Bank, Oxford Street. Treasurer, R. B. Litchfield, Esq.; Principal, Sir John Lubbock, Bart.; Sec., H. R. Jennings, Esq.

MEN AND WOMEN'S COLLEGE (1864), 29 Queen Square, W.C.

Object.—To promote the intellectual improvement of working people. **Admission.**—By application to Lady Superintendent. Applicants must be 'working people employed during the day.' Classes are held in English grammar, literature, history, drawing, Greek, Latin, French, German, Italian, and natural science, from 7 to 10 o'clock p.m. The fees for the different classes vary from 1s. to 4s. a term. When students are out of employment efforts are made to obtain it for them. Lady Superintendent keeps a free registry for employers and workers, and only recommends from personal knowledge. **Management.**—By Council, appointed by election. Teachers are all voluntary. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £198; students' fees, £80; rooms let for classes, £135; proceeds of entertainment and bazaar, £22. **Attendance.**—Total number of entries for classes, 814. Bankers, London & County. Treasurers, Miss C. Scott, F. M. Malleon, Esq.; Lady Superintendent, Miss Goold; Hon. Sec., Hawes Turner, Esq.

COLLEGE FOR WORKING WOMEN (established 1874, incorporated 1880), 7 Fitzroy Street, W.

Object.—To provide women occupied during the day with the means of improving and carrying on their education; also to promote mutual help and fellowship between students, teachers, and members of the college. **Admission.**—By payment of membership and class fees. Application must be made to the Lady Resident. Applicants must be at least 15 years of age. Open from 7 p.m. to 10 p.m. Payment, all English subjects, 1s. 3d. each term; languages, 2s. to 4s.; also 1s. each term for membership. **Management.**—By Council, elected in accordance with deed of incorporation. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £214; class and other fees, £161; donations to entertainment fund, &c., £15. **Number benefited.**—409 college members. Bankers, London & Westminster Bank. Treasurer, Alex. Macmillan, Esq., 29 Bedford Street, W.C.; Hon. Sec., Miss Frances Martin.

THE PEOPLE'S PALACE (Beaumont Trust) (1887), Mile End Road, E.

Objects.—The intellectual improvement and recreation of the inhabitants of East London, the promotion of technical education among the poorer classes, and the provision of a great central recreative and educational institution in the East End. Extensive buildings have been erected upon a site of five acres in the Mile End Road, comprising, at present, the Queen's Hall (a great central concert-room), a large free library, complete technical schools (the gift of the Drapers' Company),

and a swimming bath (given by the Earl of Rosebery). There are also a large gymnasium, refreshment rooms, and exhibition buildings erected temporarily of iron, besides a number of rooms in an old building devoted to social purposes. All these it is proposed to erect permanently, as well as an efficient cookery school and a music-room, and funds are being appealed for. It is proposed to erect at once large buildings in the front (by the further munificence of the Drapers' Company), to contain a newspaper room, manager's house, &c.; a large winter garden (given by Sir Edward Cecil Guinness, at a cost of £14,000), and a handsome clock tower and drinking fountain (the gift of Mr. Herbert Stern in memory of his father, the late Baron de Stern) adjacent to the main road. Concerts, fêtes, shows, exhibitions, &c., are held from time to time, the prices of admission being from one penny to threepence. **Pupils** (1888-9).—Evening classes, 5,380; day technical school, 400. **Income**.—Consists principally of an amount of £3,500 a year from the City Parochial Charities granted by the Charity Commissioners, a payment of £2,000 a year for ten years by the Drapers' Company, and at the end of that time the interest upon a sum of £20,000 funded by the same Company. Bankers, London & Westminster Bank, Whitechapel Branch. Chairman of the governing body of Trustees, Sir Edmund Hay Currie, People's Palace, Mile End, E. Treasurer, Spencer Charrington, Esq., M.P., The Brewery, Mile End Road, E.

JENKINS (1849).

Object.—For the purchase or hire of halls or rooms, to be called 'Jenkins' Institution,' or 'Institutions,' to be used for a school for working men's children during the daytime, and for a reading room for working men in the evening. **Income**.—

CHURCH OF ENGLAND YOUNG MEN'S SOCIETY (1843), 3 St. Bride Street, Ludgate Circus, E.C.

Object.—'To promote the spiritual, moral, and intellectual advancement of young men, and afford them the opportunity of associating with right-minded companions, and directing their active personal labours for the good of others. There are many branches and affiliated societies in London and the provinces' (18 metropolitan, 36 provincial). **Admission**.—Member's subscription, 10s. 6d. per annum. The benefits are—free admission to Bible and literary classes, lectures and entertainments, gymnasium, use of comfortable reading-room and library, club and bagatelle rooms, and also free admission to the various branches. A limited number of bedrooms is at the disposal of members and young men coming to London. **Management**.—By Committee appointed by members. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions and donations, £726; class fees, £4; rent, £170; bedrooms, £141. **Members**.—15,000. Bankers, Dimsdale, Fowler & Co. Treasurer, Alderman Sir R. N. Fowler, Bart., M.P.; General Secretary, Mr. Joseph H. Rhodes; Clerical Organising Secretary, Rev. J. Stephen Barrass.

POLYTECHNIC YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN INSTITUTE (1882), 309 Regent Street, W.

Object.—To provide an outlet for all the energies of young men, whether physical, intellectual, social, or religious. **Admission**.—Young men between the ages of 16 and 25 are eligible as members, the subscription being 3s. per quarter or 10s. 6d. per annum, for which they are entitled to the free use of the library, reading rooms, gymnasium, swimming bath, &c., and also to the privilege of joining any of the classes at

greatly reduced rates. The classes, of which there are about 200 every week, are open to all, without limit of age or sex, the fees ranging from 1s. 6d. to 10s. 6d. There is a branch for young women in a separate building. **Management.**—The Polytechnic was purchased, fitted up, and enlarged by Mr. Quintin Hogg at a cost of over £60,000, and has since been maintained at his expense. An effort is now being made to place it on a permanent footing so as to ensure the continuance of the Institute in the event of Mr. Hogg's death. For this purpose a sum of £35,000 is required, which has now (July 1889) been nearly raised. **Income.**—From fees, about £9,000, the balance, about £6,000, being paid by Mr. Hogg. **Attendances** (1888-9).—Members, 4,200; students, 7,300; day pupils, 620; young women's branch, 945. Sec., Mr. Robert Mitchell.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION (1854), Exeter Hall, Strand, W.C.

Object.—'To endeavour to bring young men from a life of sin to a life of righteousness.' Evangelistic services are held every night in the year, to which 'young men are gathered in frequently off the streets and from every quarter.' This is the main work of the Association, which is supposed to consist of commercial young men. There are educational classes at cheap rates, a gymnasium, &c. **Income** (1887-8).—£13,261. **Members** (1888).—1,318. **Attendance.**—At educational classes, about 1,466. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, George Williams, Esq.; Secretary, Cameron Churchill, Esq., B.A.

YOUNG MEN'S FRIENDLY SOCIETY (1880), Northumberland Chambers, Northumberland Avenue, S.W.

Object.—To help young men both spiritually and temporally, by promoting purity, temperance, general morality, thrift, and a healthy tone of literature and amusement, and by befriending them when leaving home and moving from one place to another. **Mode of Work.**—By establishing branches, and by the personal influence of the Associates exercised over the members in these branches for their well-being. **Management.**—By Central Council and Finance Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £430; associates' subscriptions, £176; members' payments, £129; sale of leaflets, £30. **Number of Members** (1887).—Associates, 3,687; members, 22,582; total, 26,269. Bankers, Hoares. Treasurer, Gerald Buxton, Esq., Knighton, Buckhurst Hill; Central Sec., W. R. Arbuthnot, Esq.

LONDON DIOCESAN COUNCIL FOR THE WELFARE OF YOUNG MEN (1884), Northumberland Chambers, Charing Cross, W.C.

Objects.—(1) To promote the formation and development of local institutes for young men and lads in the diocese, including branches of the Church of England Young Men's Society, Young Men's Friendly Society, and Young Men's Christian Association—(a) by grants of money and books, (b) by providing teachers for classes and lecturers, (c) by information and advice. (2) To provide a central office, where all who need the Council's help may apply to the Secretary, and where young men and lads coming from the country may obtain information as to lodgings and introductions. (3) To maintain a seaside holiday camp for poor boys at Sandhills, Deal (forms of application to be had from the Secretary). The Council is not a young men's society *itself*, but a central body appointed by the Bishop to promote and encourage *all* that may

tend to the welfare of young men and lads in the diocese. **Management.**—By Council of 22 clergy and 17 laymen, appointed by the Bishop of London. Bankers, Cocks, Biddulph, & Co. Treasurer, The Right Hon. W. H. Smith, M.P., 3 Grosvenor Place, S.W.; Hon. Sec., Mosse Macdonald, Esq.; Camp Commandant at Deal, Major Charles Urquhart.

BIRKBECK LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INSTITUTION (1823), Bream's Buildings, Chancery Lane, E.C.

Object.—To provide evening education for those engaged in occupations during the day. Students under the age of 15 are not admitted. **Management.**—By a Committee of gentlemen, elected annually by the members, and an Educational Council, elected by the Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Payments by members and students, £4,857; grants on the results of the Science and Art Department examinations, £937; donations for prizes, lettings, &c., £500. **Students** (1888).—About 5,000; accommodation for 6,000. Bankers, Smith, Payne, & Smiths, Lombard Street. Treasurer, James C. N. White, Esq.; Sec., Mr. Wm. H. Congreve.

WORKING LADS' INSTITUTE, Copperfield Road, E.

Object.—To secure the welfare of working boys and lads, and save them from the temptations to street lives and vicious amusements. Open nightly. Supplies reading and recreation rooms, classes, gymnasium, &c. **Admission.**—By nominal fee. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

WORKING LADS' INSTITUTES (1876), Whitechapel Road, E. Office, 38 Bow Lane, E.C.

Object.—'The main object of the Association is to promote the welfare of the working lads of the Metropolis, by establishing in those neighbourhoods where large numbers are employed, or reside, Institutes where such youths may profitably spend the evening hours.' 'A further aim is to assist any friends, desirous of forming an Institute in their locality, by information, and also, under certain conditions, by pecuniary grants.' **Admission.**—To the Institute, Whitechapel, 'all working lads are invited to become members.' Entrance fee, 6d.; subscription, 6d. a month, in advance. Open every evening, except Sunday, from 6 to 10 p.m. Reading-room with papers and magazines, library, and games. Lending library open to depositors of 2s. 6d. in savings bank. Classes in reading, writing, arithmetic, grammar, history, book-keeping, singing, drawing, and French; wood carving, carpentry, modelling, metal work, wood turning, &c. Lectures or entertainments every Saturday, at 8 p.m., admission free. Temperance meetings are held. There is a drum and fife band, savings bank (interest on amounts of 5s.), register of situations wanted, cricket, clothing, and chess clubs, swimming bath, large gymnasium, 2 large dormitories with accommodation for 30 lads, large lecture-hall, 2 mechanical workshops, &c. Tea, coffee, cocoa, &c., at very moderate prices. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by the subscribers. **Income** (1888).—Members' subscriptions, £153; Maintenance Fund, £695; Building Fund, £886. **Members.**—Weekly attendance about 300. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Frank A. Bevan, Esq., 54 Lombard Street; Hon. Sec., Henry Hill, Esq., 38 Bow Lane, E.C.; Manager of Institute, Mr. George Day.

ST. BRIDE'S YOUTHS' INSTITUTE AND READING ROOM (1882), 11 Shoe Lane, Fleet Street, E.C.

Object.—Similar to that of the Working Lads' Institute (*see* p. 604, with which this Institute is in connection). **Income (1888).**—St. Bride's Trustees' contributions, £150; donations and subscriptions, £137; members' subscriptions and payments, £180; rent of ground floor, £62; miscellaneous, £4. **Attendance.**—Monthly average, 200. Hon. Financial Secretary, Thomas Williamson, Esq.; Secretary and Manager, Mr. Henry W. Hart.

FEDERATION OF LONDON WORKING BOYS' CLUBS AND INSTITUTES (1888).

Objects.—(a) To enable all interested in the management of Working Boys' Clubs to interchange opinions as to the best means of conducting them. (b) To promote competitions between the several clubs in both outdoor and indoor games, and as far as possible to provide entertainments. (c) To furnish the Federated Clubs with lectures, to help in the formation of classes, and to encourage the members in whatever may seem to be desirable to the Council of the Federation. **Management.**—By a Council, consisting of one representative Manager of each of the Federated Clubs, and of such others as may be elected by the Council of the Federation. Hon. Sec., Arthur L. Baxter, Esq., 37 Bromfelde Road, Clapham, S.W.

The following is a list of Federated Clubs, the names being those of the representative members of the Council :—

ALEXANDER INSTITUTE, Carter Street, Walworth. H. J. Hope, Esq., 19 Portland Place, W.

ALL HALLOWS, East India Docks. Rev. P. Barnes, 411 East India Dock Road, E.

BROAD STREET CLUB, Ratcliff. F. C. Mills, Esq., 38 Albert Square, Commercial Road, E.

CHRIST CHURCH (Oxford) MISSION BOYS' CLUB. H. Rodney, Esq., 89 St. Leonard's Road, Bromley, E.

CYPRUS BOYS' CLUB, Wyndham Road, Camberwell. Rev. J. E. Denison, St. John's Vicarage, 125 Vassall Road, S.W.

DEVAS INSTITUTE, Battersea, 117 Stewart's Road. A. L. Baxter, Esq., 37 Bromfelde Road, Clapham.

ETON MISSION BOYS' CLUB, Hackney Wick, E. Rev. W. M. Carter, The Eton Mission, Hackney Wick, E.

HARROW MISSION BOYS' CLUB, Latimer Road, W. Rev. W. Law, 15 Maxilla Gardens, Notting Hill, W.

HOLY INNOCENTS' MISSION BOYS' CLUB, Dalling Road, Hammersmith. Rev. H. C. Eden, 2 Dorville Road, Hammersmith.

JUNIOR POLYTECHNIC, Endell Street. Hon. T. H. W. Pelham, 25 Brechin Place, South Kensington, S.W.

KENSINGTON BOYS' CLUB. W. D. Campbell, Esq., 50 Ladbroke Road, W.

PEMBROKE COLLEGE CLUB. Rev. M. C. Sturges, 207A East Street, Walworth.

PHOENIX BOYS' CLUB, Medland Street, Ratcliff, E. E. H. Murray, Esq., 37 Elm Park Gardens, S.W.

- ST. ANDREW'S HOME AND CLUB FOR WORKING BOYS, Great Peter Street, Westminster. G. T. Biddulph, Esq., 43 Charing Cross, S.W.
- ST. AUGUSTINE'S, HAGGERSTON, CONFRATERNITY OF THE HOLY CHILDHOOD. W. P. Sheffield, Esq., 54 Southboro' Road, South Hackney, E.
- ST. BRIDE'S YOUTHS' INSTITUTE. H. W. Hart, Esq., 11 Shoe Lane, Fleet Street, E.C.
- ST. CLEMENT'S WORKING LADS' CLUB, Notting Hill. Rev. A. E. Oldfield, Clergy House, Stoneleigh Street, Notting Hill, W.
- ST. DUNSTAN'S, STEPNEY, OLD BOYS' BIBLE CLASS AND SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION. Rev. Neville Dundas, 53 Beaumont Square, Stepney, E.
- ST. GEORGE'S-IN-THE-EAST PARISH CHURCH YOUTHS' INSTITUTE. Rev. H. W. Goodhart, 220 Cable Street, St. George's-in-the-East, E.
- ST. JOHN'S GUILD CLUB, Bethnal Green. Rev. A. B. Winter, 3 The Terrace, Victoria Park Square, E.
- ST. JOHN'S BOYS' CLUB, 54 Tottenham Court Road. E. C. Green, Esq., 76 Charlotte Street, Fitzroy Square, W.
- ST. JOHN'S YOUTHS' INSTITUTE, Westminster. Rev. B. Wilkinson, 21 Great College Street, Westminster.
- ST. LUKE'S BOYS' INSTITUTE, Old Street. Rev. W. Hildyard, 17 Helmet Row, Old Street, E.C.
- ST. MARK'S BOYS' CLUB, Upper Hamilton Terrace. Rev. H. R. Gamble, 184 Portsdown Road, W.
- ST. SAVIOUR'S YOUTHS' CLUB, Poplar. Rev. E. Hartley, 55 Giraud Street, Poplar.
- ST. SAVIOUR'S WORKING LADS' CLUB, Shepherd's Bush. Rev. A. Long, 104 Gayford Road, Shepherd's Bush, W.
- ST. SIMON'S ZELOTES CLUB, W. John Dean, Esq., 34 Sebert Road, Forest Gate.
- TRINITY AND ST. GEORGE'S WORKING LADS' CLUB. Rev. J. Tetley-Rowe, St. George's Clergy House, Wells Street, Camberwell.
- TRINITY MISSION BOYS' CLUB. Rev. A. Appleton, 113 Wells Street, Camberwell, S.E.
- WALMER WORKING BOYS' CLUB, Walmer Road, Notting Hill, W. A. Walrond, Esq., 65 Lancaster Gate, W.
- WEBBE INSTITUTE FOR WORKING LADS, Bethnal Green.

CABMEN'S SHELTER FUND (1875), 185 Victoria Street, S.W.

Object.—To provide shelter in the streets for cabmen when on the stands. **Admission.**—The shelters are open to all cab drivers at all hours of the day (some being open day and night). Each shelter will seat about 12, and is fitted with American cooking stove, and cooking is done by the attendant for the drivers at a charge of 1d., who also supplies them with tea, coffee, and bread and butter, at a tariff exhibited. The shelters are supplied with newspapers and small libraries. Each shelter costs from £140 to £200, including internal fittings. **Management.**—Committee. **Income** (1888).—Payments by attendants at

shelters, £378 towards maintenance, and £170 for gas; charitable contributions, £312; invested funds, £55; other sources, £6. **Shelters erected.**—40. Bankers, Barclay, Ransom, & Co. Treasurer, Capt. G. C. Armstrong; Hon. Sec., Walter H. Macnamara, Esq.; General Supt., B. H. Morris, Esq.

'EDINBURGH CASTLE' CABMEN'S SHELTER (1876),
Burdett Road, E.

Object.—'To provide shelter and refreshments for cabmen on the stand.' **Admission.**—Open to all cabmen. Refreshments can be purchased at a low price. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

LONDON SOLDIERS' HOME (1877), 170 Buckingham
Palace Road, S.W.

Object.—To provide an Institute which includes a library and reading room, where soldiers may profitably pass the time when off duty. Light refreshments are sold, and Gospel meetings held. There are two beds available for soldiers passing through London. **Management.**—The Home is affiliated to the Aldershot Mission Hall and Soldiers' Home, founded by the late Mrs. Daniell in 1862, and now carried on by her daughter. Miss Daniell is building a new Home in James Street, which will probably be opened towards the end of 1889. **Income.**—Home maintained during the last year out of the general funds of Miss Daniell's seven Homes. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co.

PORTSMOUTH SOLDIERS' INSTITUTE (1874), High
Street, Portsmouth.

Object.—The Institute comprises reception rooms, coffee and smoking rooms, refreshment bar (prices moderate; no intoxicants), lecture hall, billiard rooms, reading-room, lending library, writing tables, bedrooms, hot or cold baths, &c. 'Soldiers' friends can be lodged at the Institute. Persons received from the troopships, or while waiting embarkation.' Widows, wives, orphans, &c., of soldiers may be received for temporary shelter until they can be forwarded to their destination, or permanently provided for. **Admission.**—Free to all soldiers and sailors. In connection with the Institute, Miss Robinson also has 'The Sailors' Welcome,' 88 Queen Street, Portsea, making up 250 beds for men only, with refreshment bar, lavatories, baths, billiards, reading-room, &c. Coffee shed on the embarkation jetty in the dockyard; mission room at Eastney; coffee tavern, free laundry, soup kitchen, &c., in Nobbs' Lane, Portsmouth, and a large Institute for soldiers and sailors at Alexandria, Egypt, opened in 1885. The Soldiers and Sailors' Wives Aid, an important branch of this work, has been established 13 years. A large coffee palace and Gospel hall is now being built at Landport as a branch house. **Management.**—Solely by Miss Robinson. The property of the Institute is vested in nine trustees. **Income** (1887-8, 16 months).—Charitable contributions, £5,407; invested funds, £37; receipts at bar, for beds, sales, bazaars, &c., £2,896. **Benefited.**—These Institutes are used by about 600 persons daily. Bankers, Grant, Gillman, & Long; Portsmouth and Portsea Bank. Founder and Lady Supt., Miss Robinson.

II.—EMPLOYMENT.

SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING THE EMPLOYMENT OF WOMEN (1859), 22 Berners Street, W.

Object.—‘Promoting the training of women and their employment in industrial pursuits,’ such as decorative art, painting on glass and china, wood-carving and engraving, plan tracing, the use of the telephone; as clerks, book-keepers, shorthand writers, printers, hairdressers, upholsteresses, waitresses, hospital nurses, &c. A free register is kept at the office. **Admission.**—Persons desirous of entering their names on the register must bring letters of recommendation and testimonials from employers or last school reports. Evening classes for book-keeping, fee 6d. weekly, are held at the Office of the Society. Evening Classes are also held at the College for Working Women, 7 Fitzroy Street, Fitzroy Square (see p. 601), and at the College for Men and Women, 29 Queen Square, Bloomsbury (see p. 601). Woodcarving is taught at the National School of Art Woodcarving, City and Guilds of London Technical Institute, Exhibition Road, Kensington. There are twelve free studentships. Wood engraving may be learnt at the City and Guilds of London Technical Art Schools, 122 Kennington Park Road. Plan-tracing for engineers and architects is learnt at the Ladies’ Plan-tracing Office, 8 Great Queen Street, S.W. None of the above institutions are under the management of the Society. A certain number of boarding houses are also recommended by the Society, particulars of which may be obtained by application to the Secretary. **Management.**—By a Committee elected annually by donors of £5 or annual subscribers of 10s. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £317; students’ and class fees, £44. Number of persons for whom technical training and permanent work was procured, 147; temporary work, 469. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurer, Hon. Victoria Grosvenor; Sec., Miss King.

WORKING LADIES’ GUILD (1877), 251 Brompton Rd., S.W.

Object.—‘To give practical aid and sympathy to gentlewomen requiring assistance,’ by obtaining employment of all kinds, instructing workers, disposing of work, obtaining medical aid in sickness, procuring recreation, and admission to convalescent homes, homes of rest, &c., finding suitable lodgings, obtaining articles of dress, &c., through the exertions of its own members and associates, and interchange of work with kindred societies. **Admission.**—By personal recommendation of an associate, or by the Charity Organisation Society. **Management.**—By Council, with Committees. **Income** (1887).—Voluntary contributions, £2,156; other sources, £109; industrial departments, £2,665. **Assisted.**—With employment, 296; otherwise, 180. **Associates.**—1,254 (exclusive of branches). Bankers, London & County Bank. Treasurer, Malcolm Low, Esq., 22 Roland Gardens, S.W.; Sec., Miss Mackenzie.

WESTMINSTER WORKING WOMEN’S HOUSE (1881), 53 Horseferry Road, Westminster, S.W.

Object.—‘To give employment to needlewomen while out of work, to provide a home for young children while their mothers are at work, and respectable sleeping accommodation, at a moderate charge, for women while seeking employment.’ A registry office for charwomen and servants has also been opened. **Admission.**—By application to any member of the Committee; to the St. George’s (Hanover Square) Com-

mittee of the Charity Organisation Society, 48 Buckingham Palace Road, S.W. ; to any of the local clergy or other ministers, or to any district visitor known to the Committee, &c. Payment for dormitory, 7s. a week ; for nursery, 4d. for whole day, or 3d. for children going to school, 2d. with dinner only. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £293 ; payments by recipients, £138 ; registry receipts, £13. **Persons assisted**.—Women, 64 ; charwomen and servants, 109 ; children in nursery, 130. Treasurer, J. Treacher, Esq., 64 Carlisle Mansions, Victoria, S.W. ; Hon. Sec., Miss R. Talbot.

LADIES' TRACING OFFICE, 8 Great Queen Street, Westminster, S.W. (*Information refused.*)

Principal, Miss E. J. Long.

INSTITUTION FOR THE EMPLOYMENT AND BENEFIT OF NEEDLEWOMEN, 10 Bermondsey Square (*see* p. 446).

THIMBLE LEAGUE (1885), 28 Fulham Road, S.W.

Object.—To assist poor needlewomen and wives of men out of employment, paying fair wages for work done. **Admission**.—By recommendation of clergyman or other responsible person. **Management**.—By Presidents and Executive and General Committees, consisting of ladies elected yearly. **Income** (1887-8, 6 months).—Subscriptions and donations, £608 ; rent, £10 ; sales, £352. **Persons benefited** (1888).—350 women employed for about 24 weeks in the winter. Bankers, Hoares. President, Dowager Countess of Winchelsea ; Treas., Frank A. Battenfield, Esq.

LONDON NEEDLEWORK GUILD (1883).

Object.—To send clothing to the hospitals, homes, prisons, refuges, poor parishes, and charitable institutions of London through the clergyman or the manager of the institution or some responsible person belonging to it. **Management**.—By Committee of the Presidents. **Income** (1888-9).—Presidents' subscriptions of 5s. each, £19. **Number of Members**.—About 7,000. Hon. Sec., Hon. Mrs. Halford ; 50 Prince's Gate, S.W.

CATHOLIC NEEDLEWORK GUILD (1886).

Object.—To provide articles of clothing for the poor, and to offer to girls and women of all classes the means of exercising charity. The clothing is distributed to parishes, homes, orphanages and societies for the relief of the poor, &c. **Admission**.—By application to a Branch Secretary. Entrance fee, 1s. from those disposed to pay it. Members undertake to make two articles of clothing yearly. Associates are not required to make any articles of clothing, but pay an annual subscription of 6d. upwards, and undertake to make the Guild known and to increase the number of members. **Management**.—By a General Council and by Diocesan Committees (16). President, The Dowager Duchess of Buccleuch ; Asst. Hon. Sec., Miss Lambert, Milford House, Elms Road, Clapham Common, S.W.

ST. PAUL'S NEEDLEWOMEN'S SOCIETY (1872), Infant Schoolroom, Waverley Terrace, Harrow Road, W.

Object.—To afford work for needlewomen. **Admission**.—Subscribers of £1 receive twelve 'work tickets,' each representing work of the value of 1s. 6d., which entitle the recipient to receive work of a corresponding value. Clothing sold at price of material with one quarter the cost of

making added. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions, £87; work sold, £110; tickets sold, £3. **Treas.**, Miss Bell, 11 Sussex Square, W.; **Hon. Sec.**, Mrs. Furlonger, 7 Gloucester Crescent, Hyde Park, W.

TELEGON SCHOOL OF NEEDLEWORK (), 2 Vere Street, Oxford Street, W.

Object.—To provide employment, as aid to subsistence, for gentlewomen with narrow means, who cannot find work in the open market. Not, however, strictly confined to that class alone. **Admission.**—Application for work, without fees, but with reasonable proof of capacity, and willingness to learn, received, provided there is a vacancy, on a basis of industrial co-operation. **Manager**, Miss R. Read.

LADIES' WORK SOCIETY (1870), 31 Sloane Street, S.W.
(*No recent information.*)

Object.—‘To provide useful and remunerative employment for gentlewomen whose circumstances make them desirous of benefiting by its privileges.’ Orders for plain and decorative needlework are executed, and stalls are furnished at fancy bazaars. **Admission.**—Ladies must bring specimen of needlework, with written references, stating they are obliged to work for their living. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1883).—Subscriptions, £55. **Members.**—400. **Bankers**, Cheque Bank, and Union Bank. **Treasurer**, Mrs. T. Allen; **Hon. Sec.**, Miss Nattali.

GENTLEWOMEN'S SELF-HELP INSTITUTE (1866), 15 Baker Street, Portman Square, W. (Amalgamated with the Dressmaking, Millinery, and Needlework Club, 7c Lower Belgrave Street, S.W.)

Object.—‘To place within the reach of educated ladies who have been reduced to narrow means an opportunity of turning their natural or acquired abilities to account.’ The institution endeavours to sell their needlework or other productions, to give them employment, to afford instruction in needlework, photographic colouring, and other arts; and provides a registry for governesses, companions, &c. The work of members is always on sale at the institution, where orders are taken. **Admission.**—By application to the **Hon. Sec.**, stating circumstances and income, bringing two letters of recommendation (one, if possible, from a clergyman, testifying to birth, character, and poverty), and specimens of work. A nomination from a subscriber of £1. 1s. a year is required. Each such subscription entitles to have one working member's name on the books. A lady wishing to have her name placed on the registry must bring two satisfactory letters of recommendation. She pays 2s. 6d. on entering her name and 2s. 6d. on obtaining a situation. Application personally between 10 and 12.30, at the Institute, or by letter to the Secretary at the Office (marked ‘Governess Registry’). Letters respecting work must be sent to the superintendent. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions, £325; registry and other fees, £6; sale of goods and work, &c., £454; rent, &c., £106. **Members.**—About 200. **Treasurer**, Major-General the Hon. A. Stewart; **Hon. Sec.**, Miss M. G. Lupton.

LADIES' INDUSTRIAL SOCIETY (1867), 11 Lower Porchester Street, Connaught Square, W.

Object.—To enable poor ladies to dispose of their work, and to receive orders for the same. **Admission.**—Application must be made to the manager. A subscription of 5s. entitles to membership for one year, and

a discount of 1d. in the 1s. ; and to send twelve articles of work for sale, which can be replaced as sold. Applicants must send specimens of plain work before being admitted. **Management.**—By Mrs. Roberts.

CORPS OF COMMISSIONAIRES (1859), London Division. Exchange Court, 419 Strand, W.C.

Object.—To provide non-commissioned officers and privates of every branch of H.M. naval and military forces, if discharged with good character, with such employment as may be suited to their qualifications. Out-quarter divisions have been established at Liverpool, Manchester, Leeds, and Nottingham. **Admission.**—Men wishing to join must, if pensioners, be under 43 years of age, but if belonging to the reserve, must apply within two months of obtaining their discharge. Every candidate for admission must apply in person or by letter in his own handwriting, and not through any intermediary. The regimental discharge is the only certificate of character required. **Management.**—By the Founder, Trustees, and Executive Committee. **Gross Income** (1888).—£2,847. **Members.**—2,007. Bankers, Cox & Co. Founder and Commanding Officer, Captain Sir Edward Walter, K.C.B. ; Adjutant, Captain W. G. Swinhoe ; Assist.-Adjutant, Colonel McN. Rind ; D.A. Adjutant, Major S. H. Staniland ; Commanding London Division, Lieut.-Colonel Wilkinson.

ARMY AND NAVY PENSIONERS' EMPLOYMENT SOCIETY (1855), 20 Charing Cross, S.W.

Object.—'Registering the names; addresses, characters, &c., of military and naval pensioners from H.M. service, and procuring employment for them.' Branches have also been established at Dublin, Glasgow, and Manchester. **Admission.**—By recommendation of subscribers of £1. 1s. annually, or donors of £5. 5s., or of officers commanding regiments or corps donors of £10. 10s. **Management.**—By Council consisting of *ex-officio* members and of 18 members elected by subscribers, and regiments subscribing £2. 2s. annually, or making a donation of £10. 10s. One third of Council retire annually by seniority, but are eligible for re-election. No officer can serve on the Council who has not been five years in H.M. service. **Income** (1888).—Donations and subscriptions, £835 ; invested funds, £58. **Number registered** (1888).—931. **Employed.**—2,358. Bankers, Cox & Co. Sec., Lieut.-Col. E. P. Newman.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE EMPLOYMENT OF RESERVE AND DISCHARGED SOLDIERS (1884), 12 Buckingham Street, Strand, W.C.

Object.—To establish throughout the United Kingdom agencies where soldiers of good character may learn what situations are available, and where employers may obtain reliable men. **Admission.**—Applicants for registration must attend in person, bringing with them their discharge certificates and references since leaving the army. No fee for registration. **Management.**—By a working Committee of not less than 10 members, four of whom retire annually. **Income** (1888-9).—Subscriptions and donations, £482 ; Government grant, £200. **Number assisted** (1888, 9 months).—Registered, 129 ; situations found, 291. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Sec., Lieut.-Col. W. J. Boyes.

SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' FAMILIES ASSOCIATION (see p. 460).

THE CITY MESSENGER BRIGADE. Office, 18 to 26 Stepney Causeway, E.

Object.—‘To give employment to poor lads, for whom a uniform is provided and situations found in a vast variety of outdoor and indoor employments in the City.’ **Admission.**—On application to the inspector, Mr. J. P. Dawbarn. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Number employed** (during 1887–8).—208. **Founder and Director**, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

III.—EMIGRATION.

The following information is taken from the circulars issued by the Government Emigrants' Information Office, 31 Broadway, Westminster, S.W., where further information can be obtained, either personally or by letter addressed to the Chief Clerk.

Circulars are issued by the office respecting the different colonies quarterly, and these can be obtained gratis. Handbooks with maps and fuller information will be sent, post free, for 1d. each.

In view of these facilities for obtaining reliable information corrected to date, it has been thought advisable to omit the detailed accounts of the various colonies which have appeared in previous editions of the *Register*.

In addition to the Societies mentioned in the following pages, it should be pointed out that emigration forms a part of the work of the *House of Shelter* (p. 432), the *Society of St. Vincent de Paul* (p. 437), the *Universal Beneficent Society* (p. 440), and the *Ladies' Association for the Care of Friendless Girls* (p. 593). The *Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge*, Northumberland Avenue, Charing Cross, S.W., provides chaplains who either accompany emigrants on their voyage or see them before leaving port.

COLONIAL REPRESENTATIVES IN ENGLAND.

Canada.—High Commissioner, 9 Victoria Chambers, Victoria Street, Westminster, S.W.

New South Wales.—Agent-General, 5 Westminster Chambers, Victoria Street, S.W.

Victoria.—Agent-General, 8 Victoria Chambers, Victoria Street, S.W.

South Australia.—Agent-General, 8 Victoria Chambers, Victoria Street, S.W.

Queensland.—Agent-General, 1 Westminster Chambers, Victoria Street, S.W.

Western Australia.—The Crown Agents for the Colonies, Downing Street, S.W.

New Zealand.—Agent-General, 7 Westminster Chambers, Victoria Street, S.W.

Tasmania.—Agent-General, 3 Westminster Chambers, Victoria Street, S.W.

Cape.—Agent-General, 7 Albert Mansions, Victoria Street, S.W.

Natal.—Emigration Agent for Natal, 21 Finsbury Circus, E.C.

PRESENT DEMAND FOR LABOUR.*

Farmers with Capital.—A demand in all the Colonies.

Farm Labourers.—A demand for good men in Canada, New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, Western Australia, Tasmania, and some parts of New Zealand.

* Government Circular, June 1899.

Mechanics.—A slight demand in two or three districts of Canada. Some demand in Melbourne for men connected with the building trades, and a slight one for coopers and cabinet-makers. A limited demand in a few districts of Tasmania, and Natal. Little or no demand in any other Colony.

General Labourers, Navvies and Miners.—There is some demand for general labourers and navvies in parts of Canada and Tasmania, for navvies only in Victoria, and for miners in parts of Canada, Queensland and Tasmania.

Female Domestic Servants.—A good demand in most districts of Canada and the Australasian Colonies, and a demand at the Cape.

PASSAGES.

FREE PASSAGES.—*Queensland.*—To selected unmarried agricultural labourers and single female domestic servants. (Apply to the Agent-General.) *Natal.*—To a limited number of small capitalists under special provisions. No free passages to any other Colony.

ASSISTED PASSAGES.—*Western Australia.*—£10 is allowed to farmers, agriculturists, and others likely to be useful in country districts; but a deposit of not less than £100 (to be refunded on arrival in the Colony) is as a rule required before any assistance is given. *Queensland.*—Assisted passages are given to unmarried labourers connected with the land, as ploughmen, gardeners, &c., and to single females of specified classes, at the following rates:—Males, 12 to 40, £8; 40 to 55, £12. Females, 12 to 40, £4; and 40 to 55, £12. (Apply to the Agent-General.) *Natal.*—It is in contemplation at an early date to grant assisted passages, under certain conditions, to farmers, farm labourers, miners, and mechanics, viz.:—Carpenters, bricklayers, stonemasons, blacksmiths, tinsmiths, shoe-makers, plasterers, cabinet-makers, and wheelwrights, on application from persons resident in Natal to the Secretary, Land and Immigration Board, Durban. Colonists may also obtain from the Emigration Agent in London reduced passages for persons they engage for service in Natal. No assisted passages are given at the present time to Canada, New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Tasmania, New Zealand, or the Cape; in the case of Queensland and the Cape passages at lower rates are given, under special conditions, to labourers engaged here by employers in these Colonies. In the case of Queensland, land order warrants to the value of £20 are given under certain conditions to persons paying their own passage direct to the Colony.

NOMINATED PASSAGES.—*Queensland and Western Australia.*—Residents in these Colonies can, under certain specified conditions, nominate their friends for free passages on making payments in the Colony as under:—*Queensland.*—Males, 1 to 12 years of age, £2; 12 to 40, £4; 40 to 45, £8. Females, 1 to 12, £1; 12 to 40, £2; 40 to 45, £8. Confined to agricultural and other labourers connected with the land, and female domestic servants. *Western Australia.*—On payment of £7 to a limited number of nominees, approved by the Crown Agents for the Colonies. No nominated passages are at present given to Canada, New South Wales, Victoria, South Australia, Tasmania, Natal, the Cape, or, with a trifling exception, New Zealand.

ARRANGEMENTS ON LANDING.

Canada.—Depôts for emigrants are provided at the ports of Quebec and Halifax and the other principal towns in the Dominion.

New South Wales.—Apply to Mr. G. F. Wise, Immigration Agent, Hyde Park, Sydney.

Queensland.—There are Dépôts at the principal ports and in various parts of the Colony, in which Government assisted emigrants are received free of charge for a few days after arrival.

Western Australia.—There is a Labour Registry Office at Perth, where emigrants should apply, but no Government Dépôt for the reception of emigrants is now open.

New Zealand.—There are no Government immigration officers or dépôts, but emigrants may apply for information at any Crown Lands Office in the Colony.

Natal.—There are no dépôts, but nominated or assisted emigrants should apply to the Secretary of the Land and Immigration Board, Durban.

There are no Government Dépôts in Victoria, South Australia, Tasmania, or the Cape; but there are private agencies in some of these and the other Colonies, particulars of which are given in the circulars issued by this office.

LENGTH AND COST OF PASSAGE.

The time ordinarily taken on the voyage, and the lowest rate of unassisted passages, are as follows :—

	BY STEAMER			BY SAILING VESSEL		
	Average Time	Lowest Fare (liable to change)			Average Time	Lowest Fare (liable to change)
	Days.	£	s.	d.		£ s. d.
Canada	9-10	4	0	0	—	—
New South Wales ...	45-52	14	14	0	About 3 months	12 12 0
Victoria	42-49	14	14	0	Nearly 3 months	or
South Australia	40-46	14	14	0	„ 3 months	13 13 0
Queensland	55	15	15	0	About 3 months	14 14 0
Western Australia ...	35-40	14	14	0	—	—
Tasmania	40-50	14	14	0	„ 3 months	14 14 0
New Zealand	45	16	16	0	„ 3 months	14 14 0
Cape	20	15	15	0	—	—
Natal	24-28	18	18	0	—	—

It should be borne in mind that the above rates are continually varying.

In engaging their passages, emigrants should take care to obtain in return for any money they may pay, either for deposit or in full, the printed contract tickets prescribed by the Passengers Act, 1855, signed by the owners, charterers, or masters of the ships, or by some authorised person in their name or on their behalf. The contract tickets should be carefully preserved as the best evidence and means of enforcing the rights conferred on emigrants by the Passenger Acts.

These rights are (1) a return of passage money with compensation not exceeding £10 if a passage is not provided according to the terms of the contract ticket; (2) subsistence money if the vessel in which the passage is engaged is delayed beyond the day after the one fixed in the contract ticket for embarkation; (3) the right, in case of wreck or damage to the ship, to be sent on to the specified destination at the owners' or charterers' expense; (4) and maintenance in the ship for 48 hours after

arrival, unless the ship quits the port in further prosecution of her voyage. The latter two rights, however, belong only to emigrants who proceed in what is called a 'passenger ship,' that is, a vessel carrying more than 50 passengers in all, or more than one statute adult to every 33 tons of a sailing ship, or more than one to every 20 tons of a steamer.

Although passengers should not part with their contract tickets, they are bound, under a penalty not exceeding £10, to produce them on the demand of any emigration officer.

**GENERAL INFORMATION AS TO LUGGAGE, OUTFIT, CLIMATE, ETC.,
APPLICABLE TO ALL THE AUSTRALASIAN COLONIES.**

Food (three or four good meals a day), sleeping accommodation, and medical attendance are in all cases included in the fares given above, but third-class passengers must find their own bedding, knives, forks, &c. These will be supplied, if wanted, at the cost of £1. Each third-class passenger is generally allowed 15, and, in the case of Queensland and Western Australia, 20, cubic feet of luggage free; children half this quantity. Two boxes, each 2 feet 6 inches long, 2 feet broad, and 1 foot 6 inches deep, make up 15 cubic feet; and two boxes, each 2 feet 6 inches long, 2 feet broad, and 2 feet deep, make up 20 cubic feet; but any sized boxes will do so long as the permitted quantity is not exceeded. Luggage required for use on the voyage should be labelled 'Wanted.' By sailing ships the amount of free luggage varies. Passengers by vessels clearing from foreign ports are not protected by the Board of Trade regulations as to accommodation, food, medical attendance, &c., which apply to British emigrant ships only, and are expressly intended for the benefit of emigrants.

Particulars as to the despatch of vessels are advertised in the daily newspapers, or may be obtained from the various shipping companies. Emigrants should ascertain the *hour* the ship starts, in case it necessitates their being there the day before.

Emigrants receiving free, nominated, or assisted passages are not called upon to repay their passage money, and are perfectly free to work in the Colony to which they are assisted, where and for whom they please; but they must remain in that Colony for at least twelve months after arrival.

Any time of the year is suitable for arriving; September to November for preference in New South Wales, Victoria, Western Australia, and Tasmania; September to January inclusive in New Zealand; April to October in Queensland; May to October in South Australia. Speaking generally, the emigrant would do well to settle down before the hot weather comes on, and the shearing and harvest begin. December to February are the summer months, the seasons being nearly the opposite to what they are in England.

Emigrants' goods are generally admitted free. Copies of the customs tariffs may be seen at this office.

The climate is very healthy. The summers in Western Australia, South Australia, Victoria, New South Wales, and Queensland are very much better and dryer and the winters warmer than in England, and in these Colonies droughts often occur. Places like Townsville, Charters Towers, and Cooktown in the north of Queensland, and the Kimberley District in the north of Western Australia, are very hot all the year round. In Tasmania and New Zealand the climate is not unlike our own, but generally brighter, and these islands are seldom injured by droughts.

SOUTH AFRICAN COLONIES.

The South African differ from the North American and Australasian Colonies in the fact that the natives in South Africa largely outnumber the Europeans; of the latter the Dutch are more numerous in the western districts, while the English are chiefly to be found in the eastern.

Emigrants are recommended to accept the first fair offer of work, even though it is outside their own particular trade. Trades are not so sharply defined as in England. A carpenter, for instance, will often be called upon to act as a joiner, wheelwright, or cooper; a bricklayer as mason or stonecutter; and a general labourer as ploughman, reaper, or farm labourer.

Food (three meals a day), sleeping accommodation, and medical attendance are in all cases included in the fares. Each third-class passenger is generally allowed 10 cubic feet of luggage free; children half this quantity. A box 2 feet 6 inches long, 2 feet broad, and 2 feet deep, makes up 10 cubic feet; but any sized boxes will do so long as the permitted quantity is not exceeded. Luggage required for use on the voyage should be labelled 'Wanted.' Passengers by vessels clearing from foreign ports are not protected by the Board of Trade regulations as to accommodation, food, medical attendance, &c., which apply to British emigrant ships only, and are expressly intended for the benefit of emigrants.

Particulars as to the despatch of vessels are advertised in the daily newspapers, or may be obtained from the various shipping companies. It is scarcely ever possible for emigrants to work their passages out.

Emigrants receiving assisted or nominated passages are not called upon to repay their passage money, and are perfectly free to work in the Colony to which they are assisted, where and for whom they please, except those who have already entered into agreements for service.

Any time of the year is suitable for arriving, August for preference. December to February are the summer months, the seasons being nearly the opposite to what they are in England.

Emigrants' goods are generally admitted free. Copies of the customs tariffs may be seen at the Emigration Information Office.

In passages to the Australasian and South African Colonies no large outfit is necessary, nor need it be new. Emigrants having knives, forks, spoons, bed and table linen, kitchen utensils, sewing machine, light tools, and other small articles or ornaments, should take them, but not heavy furniture nor rough common tools, as free luggage is limited. Emigrants should take all the clothes they have, but not less, if possible, than the following for the voyage and subsequent use. *For men*, two pairs boots, one strong suit, two pairs of white or light tweed trousers, and one jacket of similar cool material, one cloth cap and one broad-brimmed straw hat, one pair slippers or canvas shoes, one overcoat, and six articles of each kind of underclothing. *For women*, two pairs strong shoes, one warm and two cotton gowns, one broad-brimmed straw hat and one close-fitting hat, one pair slippers, one cloak or shawl, six articles of each kind of underclothing, and sewing materials. *For children*, one warm cloak or greatcoat, two pairs strong shoes, two warm suits, and six to nine articles of each kind of underclothing. Two or three coloured serge shirts for men, and an extra supply of flannel for women and children, will be very useful.

N.B.—There are not many opportunities for washing clothes on board.

**CHARITY ORGANISATION SOCIETY: EMIGRATION
SUB-COMMITTEE (1886), 15 Buckingham Street,
Adelphi, W.C.**

Object.—To assist persons possessing the necessary energy and capacity to become colonists to emigrate. The primary function of the Sub-Committee is to advise and give information on emigration cases, to obtain passages on the most favourable terms, and to endeavour to organise emigration generally. It will not, as a rule, supply the greater part, much less the whole, of the expense. **Admission.**—Before taking up a case it is generally required that it shall have been investigated and fully reported upon by some one of the District Committees of the Charity Organisation Society. If upon the evidence of the case-papers, and under all the circumstances, it has appeared to the Committee a suitable case, and if the District Committee has raised a fair proportion of the cost, the Emigration Sub-Committee undertakes the work of sending out the applicant, and supplying the balance of the passage-money. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £976; receipts for private cases, £93; payments by District Committees, £1,409; miscellaneous receipts, £10. **Emigrants** (1887-8).—474 sent out. Secretary, Lieutenant F. E. Haigh, R.N.

**CHURCH EMIGRATION SOCIETY (1884), 49 Victoria
Street, Westminster, S.W.**

Object.—To arrange emigrants' passages, assist them with funds, protect women *en route*, and to ensure the continuance of the ministry of the Church during the voyage and after the arrival of the emigrants at their new homes. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £316; cash received for loans, £115; contributions towards emigrants' expenses, £19; commission, £145. **Emigrants assisted** (1887).—395. Treasurer, Thomas Salt, Esq., M.P.; Hon. Sec., Rev. E. M. Tomlinson.

**WOMEN'S EMIGRATION SOCIETY (1880), 12 Carteret
Street, Queen Anne's Gate, S.W.**

Object.—To promote the emigration of women of all classes, by establishing a central office for information and register of applications; by entering into communication with all existing agencies for women's emigration, and inducing them to adopt applicants approved by the Society; and by establishing where necessary fresh agencies in England and the Colonies. **Admission.**—Applications are entertained from 'women in all ranks of life, whose character and health are good.' Recommendations from two respectable referees are required. Pecuniary assistance is given only where it is impossible for the emigrant and her friends to provide sufficient funds, and then only in the form of loans, interest 5 per cent. being charged, and given not in actual money, but by way of payment for passage and ship's kit. Recipients sign undertaking to repay as soon as they are in a position to do so, giving such security as they can. President, H.R.H. Princess Louise (Marchioness of Lorne); Vice-President, The Lady Jane Taylor. Bankers, Barclay, Ransom, & Co., Pall Mall East. Hon. Sec., Thomas Treely, Esq.

**SELF-HELP EMIGRATION SOCIETY (1884), 4 Fleet Lane,
Farringdon Street, E.C.**

Object.—To assist suitable persons to emigrate. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £1,042; contributions from emigrants

and their friends, £2,509 ; contributions from auxiliaries and for special cases, £730 ; miscellaneous receipts, £64. **Persons emigrated** (1888).—902. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Edward E. Barclay, Esq. ; Sec., Rev. R. Mackay.

ST. KATHERINE'S MISSION EMIGRATION FUND (1884).

Object.—To assist respectable married men and their families to emigrate. **Admission.**—Applicants must not have been to any of the Colonies before, and must be entirely or partly unemployed. Recommendations required from a minister of religion or mission worker, and a character from employer. If able, the applicant is expected to contribute a portion of his passage-money. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1887).—£209. **Emigrants assisted** (1887).—33. Bankers, Prescott & Co. Treasurer, Rev. T. C. Johnson, St. Katherine's Mission, St. Helena Gardens, Rotherhithe, S.E. ; Hon. Sec., Miss Charrington, Mayfield, Chislehurst.

SHELTERING HOME FOR ORPHAN, FATHERLESS, AND DESTITUTE CHILDREN (1873), 68 Byrom Street, Liverpool. Girls' Branch, 1 Sugnall Street, Liverpool.

Object.—'To provide homes in Canada for destitute boys and girls who have lost their father, mother, or both parents, after giving them a short industrial training, as well as elementary education, and fit them to become useful working men and women ; also to afford them sound scriptural instruction.' **Admission.**—By application in writing to the Secretary, or a child may be sent to the Home between 11 and 4 o'clock. Age of admission : Girls, 4 to 14 ; boys, 10 to 14 years. Liverpool children are received without any money payment, preference being given to the most needy and deserving cases. Other children are received on payment of £15, which provides training, outfit, and passage to Canada. **Management.**—By Committee of 12 gentlemen, who have power to coöpt members as vacancies occur. **Income** (1887-8).—Voluntary contributions, £2,507 ; interest, £106 ; donations to Building Fund, £4,093 ; Widows' Sewing Class, £182. **Inmates.**—About 250 ; placed in Canada, 180. Bankers, Liverpool Union Bank. Treasurer, Joseph Thorburn, Esq., 13 Rumford Street, Liverpool ; Hon. Sec. and Supt., Mrs. Birt.

THE HOME, 99 Shaw Street, Liverpool.

Object.—To receive and train children for emigration to Canada. Ages : Girls, from 5 to 16 ; boys, 5 to 13. Payment : About 3s. 6d. a week while in the Home ; £6 to cover emigration expenses ; and an outfit of new clothes or £3 to provide them. Destitute Liverpool children received free, on application of the priest of their parish. **Inmates.**—Boys, 30 ; girls, 30. Application to the Matron, Mrs. Lacy. Treasurer, W. J. Sparrow, Esq., LL.D., 13 Harrington Street, Liverpool.

EMIGRANTS' REST, 27 Colquitt Street, Liverpool.

Object.—To provide a safe home for women and children emigrating. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary, as above. Bed and board for one night and portage from station and to docks, 4s. Emigrants not requiring any outside care or portage will be charged 2s. 6d. **Management.**—By Committee of United Englishwomen's Emigration Association. Hon. Sec., Miss Lefroy, 17 Eldon Road, Kensington, W.

EMIGRATION TRAINING HOME, Rosen Hallas, Cheetham Hill, Manchester; MARCHMONT DISTRIBUTING HOME, Belleville, Ontario.

Object.—To train boys and girls as emigrants. **Management.**—By a Committee of the Manchester and Salford Boys' and Girls' Refuges. **Amount expended** (1888).—£1,026. **Children emigrated** (1888).—85. Bankers, Manchester & Salford Bank, St. Ann Street Branch. Hon. Secs., Leonard K. Shaw, Esq., Broom Holm, Cheetham Hill; Gilbert R. Kirlew, Esq., 5 Upper Camp Street, Higher Broughton, and at The Refuge, Frances Street, Strangeways, Manchester.

BRISTOL CANADIAN HOME FOR LITTLE GIRLS (1881), Parkfield House, Leigh Road, South Clifton, Bristol.

Object.—The reception and care of unprotected little girls previous to their emigration to Canada. On their arrival there they are taken into a Home, where they remain until boarded with farmers and other respectable persons, and continue under careful annual inspection.

Admission.—Girls received (except under special circumstances) under 13; must be healthy and well formed; are examined before admission by medical officer. Application to matron, who submits it to a sub-committee. Private persons sending girls expected to provide at least part of passage-money (£5) and outfit. **Management.**—By Committee of ladies meeting once a month. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £297; sales of work, £120; legacy, £100; other sources, £26. **Children sent to Canada** (1887-8).—32. Treasurer, Mrs. Croggan, Beaufort Road, Clifton; Sec., Miss Pease, Westbury-on-Trym, Bristol.

CHILDREN'S EMIGRATION HOMES (1872), 157 St. Luke's Road, Birmingham; Guthrie Home, London, Ontario, Canada.

Object.—'To save boys and girls from falling into crime.' **Admission.**—By personal application on Saturdays to the general manager. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—From all sources, £3,908. **Children emigrated** (1888).—271. Bankers, Birmingham Joint Stock Bank, Limited. General Manager, Mr. J. T. Middlemore.

MISS RYE'S EMIGRATION HOME FOR DESTITUTE LITTLE GIRLS, Avenue House, High Street, Peckham, S.E.

Object.—To receive destitute little girls and send them to Canada, where they are placed out in families to be trained for service, the younger ones being adopted by patrons, and brought up as their own children. **Admission.**—Girls between 9 and 14 years of age are received if really destitute. Application should be made at the Home. **Management.**—By Council. **Income** (1887).—Charitable contributions, £2,230. **Emigrated** (1887).—109. Bankers, Prescott, Cave, & Co. Treasurer, Francis Buxton, Esq., 62 Threadneedle Street, E.C.; Secretary, Miss Lizzie Still.

GIRLS' FRIENDLY SOCIETY'S EMIGRATION DEPARTMENT.

Object.—To give advice and assistance to girls desirous of emigrating, and to make arrangements for their reception on landing. Seventeen dioceses have diocesan heads of department, and 7 dioceses are starting an emigration fund. **Management.**—The head of the Central Depart-

ment is the Hon. Mrs. Joyce, St. John's Croft, Winchester. **Girls emigrated** (1888).—G.F.S. members, 73; commended, 133; non-G.F.S. members, 125: total, 331.

CENTRAL EMIGRATION SOCIETY (1883), 3 Paper Buildings, Temple, E.C.

Objects.—'(1) To promote the emigration of the unemployed poor to the British Colonies. (2) To urge upon the Government and Legislature the necessity of adopting some well-considered scheme of State-aided and State-directed emigration. (3) To take all necessary measures for the collection and diffusion of information on the subject of emigration.' **Admission.**—Annual subscription, 10s. 6d. Clergymen may become members without subscribing. **Management.**—Committee elected annually at the General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—£130. Bankers, London & Westminster Bank, Lothbury. President, James Rankin, Esq., M.P.; Secretary, Walter B. Paton, Esq.

HOME OF INDUSTRY (1869), 29 Bethnal Green Road, E. Training Home, 2 and 4 Tower Street, Hackney, E.

Object.—To carry on general home mission work, e.g. sewing classes for widows and mothers, evening schools for factory girls and match-box makers; also to receive destitute children, and train them for emigration to Canada. **Admission.**—By application to Miss Macpherson, at the Home. Applicants for training for emigration to Canada must be orphans or destitute, and aged, boys, 10 to 14 years; girls, for emigration, under 10; for service in England, 10 to 16. Payment varies according to circumstances. Preference is given to orphans, fatherless or motherless. Crippled or deformed children are ineligible. **Management.**—By Miss Macpherson and a Council of seven gentlemen. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £8,129. **Inmates.**—In training during 1887, 60 to 200. Bankers, London & County Bank, Shoreditch. Treasurer, J. E. Mathieson, Esq., Mildmay Park; Lady Superintendent, Miss Macpherson; Secretary, Miss Stock.

CLERKENWELL AND CENTRAL LONDON EMIGRATION SOCIETY (1867). (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To assist the emigration of families and individuals to the Colonies. The Society has already assisted 4,678 necessitous persons to the Colonies. Application must be made to Rev. A. Styleman Herring, vicar of St. Paul's, Clerkenwell, and Chairman, 45 Colebrooke Row, Islington, near the 'Angel,' N., any morning at 10. If the applicant is unable to come, letters may be sent to Mr. Herring, who will give advice. The amount of aid given depends upon the contributions received. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, Lothbury. Treasurer, Bonamy Dobree, Esq.; Chairman, Rev. A. Styleman Herring.

EAST END EMIGRATION FUND, 160 Mile End Road, E.

Object.—To assist those desirous to emigrate or to join an Emigration Club to enable them to put by something every week for that object. **Admission.**—By application as above from 10 to 12 and from 1 to 4 daily, when the office is open to give information and advice and to receive deposits from those desirous of saving weekly towards their passage-money. Single women should apply to Mrs. Sydney Vatcher, St. Philip's Vicarage, Stepney (back of London Hospital). **Income** (1888).—£952. **Emigrants assisted** (1888).—319. Bankers, Alexander & Co. Treasurer, Mr. W. C. Alexander. Hon. Sec., Mr. W. E. Mann.

JEWS' EMIGRATION (*see* Jewish Board of Guardians, p. 461).

JEWS' EMIGRATION SOCIETY (1853).

Object.—‘To encourage self-help by aiding the poor to emigrate to places where there is greater scope for employment.’ **Admission.**—At discretion of Committee. Application should be made to the Hon. Secretary. Help is given only to Jews who have resided in this country many years. Cases are investigated. Care is taken that emigrants shall have money in hand on arrival at their destination. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by general body of donors and subscribers. **Income** (1887–8).—Charitable contributions, £550; invested funds, £136; legacy, £100. **Emigrants assisted.**—188. Bankers, London & Westminster Bank. Treasurer, W. Josephs, Esq.; Hon. Sec., G. L. Lyon, Esq., 8 South Street, Finsbury, E.C.

EMIGRANTS' CHRISTIAN HOME (1883), Brunswick Hotel, Blackwall, E.

Object.—A home for emigrants and third-class passengers, to save them from being plundered. **Admission.**—Charge per head for board and lodging: adults, about 2s.; children about 1s. per day. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** ().— . **Inmates.**—Beds for 800. Hon. Sec., George Hamilton, Esq.; Sec., A. Wilke.

EMIGRATION DEPÔT AND INDUSTRIAL HOME FOR BOYS, 204 Farley Avenue, Toronto, Canada.

Object.—The reception and distribution of 120 lads sent from England. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Emigrants.**—506. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

EMIGRATION DEPÔT AND DISTRIBUTING HOME FOR GIRLS, Peterborough, Ontario, Canada.

Object.—The original depôt for the reception and distribution of parties of emigrants to Canada, but now reserved for 150 girls and very young boys. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Emigrants** (1888).—506. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. J. Odling.

INDUSTRIAL FARM, SHELL RIVER, MANITOBA, N.W.T.

Object.—A mixed farm of over 9,000 acres, acquired for the purpose of being developed and worked by trained lads drawn from the Youth's Labour House, who are each bound as farm apprentices for one year. Eighty settlers are already in residence. **Management.**—By Dr. Barnardo and Committee. **Emigrants** (1888).—506. Founder and Director, T. J. Barnardo, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.

CANADIAN CATHOLIC EMIGRATION COMMITTEE (1874).

Object.—To make provision ‘for the poor Catholic children of the Diocese of Westminster, in Canada.’ **Management.**—By Committee, consisting of the Duke of Norfolk, Lord Petre, Lord Howard of Glossop, and the Rev. T. Seddon. **Children sent out** (1888).—61, at a cost of £631. Sec., Rev. T. Seddon, Archbishop's House, Westminster, S.W.

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR PROMOTING STATE COLONISATION, 84 Palace Chambers, Westminster, S.W.

Object.—The advocacy of voluntary State colonisation. The general idea of the Association is that the Government should procure a sum of money for colonisation purposes to be advanced to colonists on an undertaking to repay the cost of their passage and settlement by instalments after arrival, the money to be sent back to be used over and over again for a like purpose. **Management.**—By a General and Executive Committee elected at the Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887).—£791. Bankers, Dimsdale, Fowler, & Co. Treasurer, Alderman Sir R. N. Fowler, Bart., M.P.; Sec., Lieut. Henry Knox, R.N.

COLONISTS' LAND AND LOAN CORPORATION, LIMITED, 36 Gracechurch Street, E.C.

Object.—To provide emigrants to the British Colonies, particularly New Zealand, with reliable information, and with land upon easy terms of deferred payments. **Admission.**—The Directors have acquired by purchase from the Government of New Zealand the freehold of an estate, in the Province of Wellington, known as the 'Manchester Special Settlement,' which originally consisted of 106,000 acres, and which is situated in the district of Manawatu, distance about seventy miles north of the city of Wellington, and about twenty-five miles inland from the ports of Foxton and Wanganui, with all of which it is connected by railway. The Directors are prepared to sell Land Scrip Certificates, sealed with the common seal of the Corporation, entitling the holders to select any surveyed sections of country land which they may prefer; freehold titles being granted under the Land Transfer Act, the price per acre to be arranged in the Colony, and the Scrip will be accepted by the Corporation as purchase-money to the extent of its value. **Management.**—By Board of Directors. Sec., C. Dugald Buckler, Esq.

IV.—PROTECTION.

PROTECTION OF LIFE.

ROYAL HUMANE SOCIETY (1774), 4 Trafalgar Sq., W.C.

Object.—To circulate the most approved and effectual methods for recovering persons apparently drowned or dead; to provide suitable apparatus in and around the Metropolis for the preservation of human life from drowning; and to bestow rewards on those who assist in the rescue of life from drowning and asphyxia caused by accidents in mines and other underground excavations. **Admission.**—Life governor, £10. 10s.; annual governor, £1. 1s. All rewards are granted by the Committee, excepting the 'Stanhope' gold medal, which is conferred by the General Court. **Management.**—Committee elected by General Court. **Income** (1888).—£2,904. Cases rewarded (1888).—465. Bankers, Dimsdale, Fowler, Barnard, & Dimsdale, 50 Cornhill. Treasurer, William Hawes, Esq.; Sec., Captain J. W. Home.

ROYAL NATIONAL LIFEBOAT INSTITUTION (1824), 14 John Street, Adelphi, W.C.

Object.—To afford assistance to every wrecked person around the coasts of the United Kingdom. The chief means by which the Society hopes to carry this object into effect are: To build, station, and main-

tain in repair, lifeboats of the most perfect description ; to furnish them with all necessary appurtenances, including houses to preserve them in, and carriages for their conveyance to the spots where their services are called for ; and further to provide, through the instrumentality of local committees, for their proper management, and the occasional exercise of their crews. To confer honorary rewards, in the form of medals and votes of thanks, and also to grant pecuniary remuneration to all persons who, at the risk of their own lives, save, or attempt to save, those of others on board vessels wrecked, or in distress, upon any part of the coasts of the United Kingdom.' **Management.**—By Committee of 40, appointed by subscribers. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions (including special gifts for lifeboats, £12,715 ; and contributions from branches, £11,249), £36,556 ; invested funds, £14,257. **Lives saved,** 626 ; vessels saved, 26. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurer, H. L. Antrobus, Esq. ; Secretary, Charles Dibdin, Esq.

ROYAL SOCIETY FOR THE PROTECTION OF LIFE FROM FIRE (1836), 20 New Bridge Street, E.C.

Object.—'The net yearly income of the charity is applied by the trustees in promoting the protection of life from fire, by the grant of rewards to persons who shall have distinguished themselves or received injury while engaged in the rescue of life from fire, either by the gift of medals, testimonials, or sums of money, or by the grant of money to the parents, widows, or children of such persons whose deaths may have resulted from their endeavours to save life from fire.' **Management.**—By a Committee appointed by the Charity Commissioners. **Income** (1888).—£261. **Benefited** (1888).—58. Bankers, Bank of England. Sec., Mr. George Cooke.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION (1866).

Object.—'The promotion of the best methods of penal treatment and crime prevention,' especially by the collection and publication of facts and information concerning the existing state of things, and the advocacy of legislation for their improvement. **Management.**—Committee ; the Committee themselves select additional members for their body. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions and donations, £584. Bankers, Dimsdale, Fowler, & Co. Treasurer, Alderman Sir R. N. Fowler, Bart., M.P. ; Secretary, William Tallack, 5 Bishopsgate Without, E.C.

INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION AND PEACE ASSOCIATION (1881), 40 & 41 Outer Temple, Strand, W.C.

Objects.—(1) The establishment of a system of international arbitration ; (2) The constitution of a Congress of Diplomats and Jurists to which all Governments should be invited to send representatives, for the purpose of framing an international code, and for the establishment of an international tribunal ; (3) The reduction of standing armies and navies ; (4) The conclusion of international treaties for these and similar objects.' The means employed are conferences, lectures, public meetings, circulation of literature, and by the agency of the public press. *Concord*, the Journal of the Association, published on the 15th of each month, price 2d. **Management.**—General Council and Executive Committee. **Income** (1888).—Donations and subscriptions, £690. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England, Lincoln's Inn. Treasurer, William Fooks, LL.B. ; Chairman of Committee, Hodgson Pratt ; Secretary, J. Fredk. Green.

**INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION LEAGUE, formerly
WORKMEN'S PEACE ASSOCIATION (1870), 23
Bedford Street, Strand.**

Object.—‘To advocate the settlement of all international disputes by arbitration and the establishment of a High Court of Nations for that purpose. To place before our countrymen the danger, immorality, and expense of standing armies. To at all times urge upon our parliamentary representatives that, in the interests of civilisation and humanity, it is the duty of the Government of the United Kingdom to take the initiative in promoting international peace, by proposing a large, mutual, and simultaneous reduction of all armed forces, with a view to their entire abolition.’ The means employed are public meetings, lectures, discussions, and special literature. Monthly organ, *The Arbitrator*. Members of the League are divided into two classes, associated and subscribing; the former have only to sign a declaration agreeing with the League's objects, the latter in addition contribute not less than 1s. 6d. per year, for which they receive monthly a copy of *The Arbitrator* post free. A similar League exists in France, Italy, and the United States. **Management.**—By an Executive, a General and National Council, the latter consisting of 890 representative workmen. **Income** (1888).—£537. **Members and Adherents.**—Upwards of 100,000. President, Thos. Burt, M.P.; Secretary, W. R. Cremer, M.P.

PROTECTION OF HELPLESS.

**NATIONAL SOCIETY FOR AID TO SICK AND
WOUNDED IN WAR (1870), 5 York Buildings, Duke
Street, Adelphi, W.C.**

Object.—To provide aid for the sick and wounded soldiers in the belligerent armies in time of war by administering medicine, medical comforts, and surgical appliances, and by the employment of surgeons and nurses. **Management.**—By a Council of 21 members, 12 of whom constitute the Executive Committee. **Income.**—**Benefited.**—Bankers, Messrs. Coutts & Co. Solicitors, Messrs. Freshfield & Co.

**ST. JOHN AMBULANCE ASSOCIATION (1877), St. John's
Gate, Clerkenwell, E.C.**

Object.—To provide general instruction in the first or preliminary treatment of the sick and injured, pending the doctor's arrival. The means employed are the establishment of *centres* and *detached classes*. All lecturers and examiners must be duly qualified medical practitioners. There is also an organised Transport Corps for the removal of invalids any distances at home or abroad. **Management.**—By a Central Executive Committee, appointed by H.R.H. the Prince of Wales and the Chapter of the Grand Priory of the Order of the Hospital of St. John of Jerusalem in England. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, class fees, and sale of stores, £8,667; invested funds, £121. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, St. James's Square. President, H.R.H. the Prince of Wales, K.G.; Chairman, Sir Edmund A. H. Lechmere, Bart., M.P.; Treas., R. C. F. Dallas, Esq.; Chief Sec., Major Sir Herbert C. Perrott, Bart.

ANGLO-JEWISH ASSOCIATION (1871), 100 Sutherland Avenue, W.

Object.—To protect Jewish civil and political rights, and to promote Jewish education in countries where no provisions are made for the spreading of a good secular education. The means employed are—‘communications with Her Majesty’s Government when occasions for the exercise of their good offices arise; communications with committees and authorised correspondents; the support of certain foreign journals favourable to education; the encouragement of hygienic measures; and subventions to public educational establishments of the Jews.’ **Management.**—By a Council composed of a President, Vice-Presidents, and 50 ordinary members appointed by the body of subscribers. **Income** (1888–9).—Charitable contributions, £1,767; invested funds, £144. **Benefited.**—Jewish communities in the East of Europe, in parts of Asia, and in Northern Africa. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank. Treasurer, E. A. Franklin, Esq.; Secretary, Rev. A. Löwy.

ASSOCIATE INSTITUTION FOR IMPROVING AND ENFORCING THE LAWS FOR THE PROTECTION OF WOMEN (1844), 30 Cockspur Street, S.W.

Object.—To suppress infamous houses in London and elsewhere; to detect and punish all persons who act as panderers to vice; to prosecute cases of indecent assault; to obtain from the Legislature such improvement in the laws as experience may point out to be essential for the protection of women; to afford counsel and help to women and girls, and generally to exercise a practical interest in everything relating to their welfare. **Admission.**—The office is open to all applicants; no fee is taken; every application is promptly attended to, and none is declined where the Society’s interference is likely to prove of advantage. No prosecution is taken up until the charge has been properly investigated by an officer of the Society. Where moral means only are employed, all the proceedings are conducted with secrecy. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £191; invested funds, £25; legacies, £662. **Cases dealt with.**—740. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurer, Alderman Sir Robert N. Fowler, Bart., M.P.; Sec., H. J. Newman, Esq.

SOCIETY FOR THE PROTECTION OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN (1857). Office, 85 Strand, W.C.

Object.—The Society aims at the prevention and punishment of aggravated assaults on women and children, and takes cognisance of every species of cruelty to which they are subjected. It provides the legal expenses necessary for prosecutions for those who are not able to supply the necessary funds, and also gives counsel and pecuniary aid where the punishment of a parent or other guardian entails privation on the family. The Society also agitates for a reform of the law respecting women and children. The operations of the Society are not confined to the Metropolis. Applications for assistance should be made to the Secretary at the Office. **Income** (1886).—Charitable contributions, £871; invested funds, £7. **Cases investigated** (1886).—455. Bankers, Herries, Farquhar, & Co. Treasurer, Sir W. Farquhar, Bart.; Sec., F. Edgumbe Dunsford, Esq.

**NATIONAL SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF
CRUELTY TO CHILDREN (1884), 7 Harpur Street,
Theobald's Road, W.C.**

Object.—The punishment of worthless parents who make children wanderers, homeless, and destitute; to follow up suspicious facts and make discoveries before it is too late; and, if necessary, to get up a case for the Courts. **Management.**—By Council. **Income (1888-9).**—£3,789. **Treasurer,** R. R. Pym, Esq.; **Hon. Director,** Rev. Benjamin Waugh; **Sec.,** Mr. John Faulkner.

**BRITISH AND FOREIGN ANTI-SLAVERY SOCIETY
(1839), 55 New Broad Street, E.C.**

Object.—‘The abolition of slavery and the slave trade throughout the world.’ **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1888).**—Charitable contributions, £2,250; rents and interest, £220. **Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treas.,** Joseph Allen, Esq.; **Sec.,** Charles H. Allen, Esq.

**CAIRO HOME FOR FREED WOMEN SLAVES (1884),
(under the auspices of the British and Foreign Anti-Slavery Society).**

Object.—To shelter women slaves who have been freed by the authorities in Cairo, while situations are being found for them. **Income (1888).**—£241. **Bankers, Dimsdale, Fowler, & Co. London Treasurer,** Joseph Allen, Esq.; **Hon. Sec.,** Charles H. Allen, Esq., 55 New Broad Street, E.C.

**SOCIETY FOR THE SUPPRESSION OF THE OPIUM
TRADE (1874), Broadway Chambers, Westminster, S.W.**

Object.—To disseminate information about the trade, and to urge upon the British nation the duty of putting an end to this unjust and demoralising traffic. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1888).**—Contributions, £300. **Bankers, Dimsdale, Fowler, & Co. Treasurer,** Alderman Sir R. N. Fowler, Bart., M.P.; **Sec.,** Joseph G. Alexander, Esq.

**ABORIGINES PROTECTION SOCIETY (1837), Broadway
Chambers, Westminster, S.W.**

Object.—‘To endeavour to protect native races, especially in British colonies, by disseminating accurate information on all subjects affecting their rights and interests, by promoting discussion on these questions in Parliament and the press, and by direct appeals to the Imperial Government on behalf of the injured or the oppressed who are entitled to its support.’ Under special circumstances the Society assists natives pecuniarily. **Management.**—By Committee of about 40 members, elected from the general body of the subscribers. **Income (1888).**—Voluntary contributions, £244. **Bankers, Dimsdale, Fowler, & Co. Treas.,** Alderman Sir R. N. Fowler, Bart., M.P.; **Sec.,** H. R. Fox Bourne, Esq.

**ROYAL SOCIETY FOR THE PREVENTION OF CRUELTY
TO ANIMALS (1824), 105 Jermyn Street, S.W.**

Object.—The prevention of cruelty by ‘the circulation of suitable tracts gratuitously, or by cheap sale, particularly among persons intrusted with cattle, such as coachmen, carters, and drovers; the introduction into schools of books calculated to impress on youth the duty of humanity to inferior animals; frequent appeals to the public through the press, awakening more general attention to a subject so interesting, though too

much neglected; the periodical delivery of discourses from the pulpit; the employment of constables in the markets and streets; and the prosecution of persons guilty of flagrant acts of cruelty, with publicity to the proceedings, and announcement of results.' 'Acts of cruelty should be promptly reported to the Secretary of the Institution.' A donation of £10. 10s. or annual subscription of 10s. 6d. constitutes membership. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—From all sources, including branches, £20,000. **Convictions.**—5,232. **Officers.**—About 100. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurer, R. R. Pym, Esq.; Sec., John Colam, Esq.

METROPOLITAN DRINKING FOUNTAIN AND CATTLE TROUGH ASSOCIATION (1859), 117 Victoria St., S.W.

Object.—'To erect and maintain drinking fountains and cattle troughs for the free supply of water for man and beast in the streets of London and elsewhere.' Fountains are erected on representations being made by inhabitants of a district whenever possible, if site is approved by the Committee. The following localities are also included in the Society's daily work, viz.:—Thames Ditton, Hounslow, Hanwell, Pinner, Bushey, Barnet, Cheshunt, Waltham Abbey, Woodford, Bexley, Chislehurst, Bromley, Croydon, Merstham, and Redhill. **Management.**—By Committee appointed by members at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1888-9).—Charitable contributions, £2,564; invested funds, £227; legacies, £6,359. Number of fountains on March 31, 1889, for human beings, 652; troughs for animals, 699. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Joseph Fry, Esq.; Sec. M. W. Milton, Esq.

VICTORIA STREET SOCIETY FOR THE PROTECTION OF ANIMALS FROM VIVISECTION (1875), 1 Victoria Street, Westminster, S.W.

Object.—To promote, both by direct appeal to the Legislature and through public opinion, the total abolition of vivisection in England and throughout the world. The Society has thirteen branches in England, and corresponding members in all the principal cities of Europe and America. **Management.**—By Executive Committee, appointed by coöption, subject to the confirmation of members (subscribers of 10s. 6d.) at the Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1888).—£1,658. Bankers, Herries, Farquhar, & Co. Treasurer, The Hon. Bernard Coleridge, M.P.; Sec., Benjamin Bryan, Esq.

LONDON ANTI-VIVISECTION SOCIETY (1876), 180 Brompton Road, S.W.

Object.—The total abolition of vivisection. **Admission.**—Members' annual subscription, 5s. Life membership, £5. **Management.**—By Committee of ladies and gentlemen. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £300; legacies, £335; dividends and rents, £36; proceeds of concert, £27; miscellaneous receipts, £12. Treas., David Smith, Esq. Bankers, London and Provincial Bank. Sec., Herbert J. Reid, Esq.

SOCIETY FOR THE TOTAL ABOLITION AND UTTER SUPPRESSION OF VIVISECTION (1876). (*No recent information.*)

Object.—'A law for the total suppression of vivisection, or putting animals to death by torture under any "scientific" pretext whatever.' Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, George R. Jesse, Esq., Henbury, Macclesfield.

TEMPORARY HOME FOR LOST AND STARVING DOGS (1860), Battersea Park Road, South Lambeth, S.W.

Object.—The rescue of lost dogs, and their restoration to their owners, disposal by sale, or destruction if unsaleable or diseased. **Admission.**—By personal application at the Home, which is open from 10 to 4 during the winter, and 10 to 6 during the summer, except Sundays. The police have power to seize dogs running loose in the street. Those seized are sent to the Home. After being kept for five days unclaimed, worthless dogs are destroyed, and the others offered for sale. Owners, for recovering a lost dog, pay 1s. the first day, and 6d. a day for subsequent days. **Management.**—By Council and Committee. **Income** (1888).—£4,005. **Inmates.**—Average number 500; during 1888 homes were found for 3,090 lost dogs. Chairman and Treasurer, G. S. Measom, Esq., J.P.; Manager and Secretary, Mr. Matthias Colam.

HOME OF REST FOR HORSES (1887), 13 Victoria Buildings, Victoria Station, S.W. Homes: Neasden Stud Farm, near Willesden, N.W.; and Sudbury, near Harrow.

Objects.—(a) To enable the poorer classes to procure rest and good treatment for animals suffering from overwork or accident; (b) to provide animals for poor persons for temporary use whilst their own are resting in the Home; and (c) to provide a suitable asylum for old favourites whose owners are willing to pay a remunerative charge for the accommodation. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income** (1887).—From all sources £694. **Horses treated.**—90. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurer, Jacob Montefiore, Esq.; Sec., S. Sutherland Safford, Esq.

THE BROWN ANIMAL SANATORY INSTITUTION (1871), Wandsworth Road, Vauxhall, S.W.

Objects.—(a) 'The investigating, studying, and, without charge beyond immediate expenses, endeavouring to cure, maladies, distempers, and injuries any quadruped or bird useful to man may be found subject to; (b) Promotion of comparative pathology.' There is a pathological laboratory, and a hospital for the reception of the animals of poor persons as in-patients; out-patients also are treated from 9 to 11 every morning except Sundays. **Management.**—By a Committee of the Senate of the University of London, who are the Trustees. **Income** (1888).—£1,014 (endowment). **Number benefited.**—Out-patients, 4,431; in-patients, 319. Professor Superintendent, Victor Horsley, Esq., M.B., F.R.S.; Sec., T. le M. Dowse, Esq., University of London, Burlington Gardens, W.; Veterinary Surgeon, Ernest Batt, Esq., M.R.C.V.S.

ANIMALS' INSTITUTE (1888), 9 Kinnerton Street, Wilton Place, S.W.

Object.—To carry out the humane treatment of domesticated animals, the study of comparative pathology (without vivisection), and the alleviation of pain and suffering in the lower animals. Hours for free consultation, 9 to 12 A.M. The assistant veterinary surgeon is available at all hours. Annual subscribers of one guinea or more can have medicines at cost price, and advice at a nominal charge. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—From all sources, £536. **In-patients** (1888, 6 months).—150. **Out-patients.** 'No record kept.' Bankers, London & County. Treasurer, Lady Frances Trevelyan; Hon. Sec., Miss Beale, 11 Motcomb Street, S.W.; Hon. Medical Superintendent, John Atkinson, Esq., F.R.C.V.S.

VIII.—SPIRITUAL INSTITUTIONS.

Arranged Alphabetically.

- ACLAND'S BIBLE AND PRAYER BOOK TRUST** (1843). The distribution of Bibles and Prayer Books in Devonshire. Income.—£30. 2s. 3d. Trustee, Sir T. D. Acland, Killerton, Exeter; Clerk to Trust, Louis Riccard, Esq., South Molton.
- ADDITIONAL HOME BISHOPRICS ENDOWMENT FUND** (1876), 20 Finsbury Square, E.C. Income (1888).—£1,663. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank. Treasurers, Lord Egerton of Tatton and Sir J. H. Kennaway, Bart., M.P.; Hon. Sec., Rev. Prebendary Ingram.
- ARMY SCRIPTURE READERS' AND SOLDIERS' FRIEND SOCIETY** (1850), 4 Trafalgar Square, W.C. Income (1888-9).—£11,767. Bankers, National Provincial Bank, Piccadilly. Treasurer, V. G. M. Holt, Esq., 17 Whitehall Place, S.W.; Sec., Rev. W. A. Blake.
- BAPTIST BUILDING FUND** (1824), 19 Furnival Street, Holborn, E.C. Grants loans without interest for the building of Baptist chapels. Income (1882-3).—£10,990. 5s. 3d. (including instalments of loans repaid, £7,349. 11s. 5d. Bankers, Sir S. Scott & Co. Treasurer, Mr. J. Benham, 50 Wigmore Street, W.; Sec., A. T. Bowser, Esq.
- BAPTIST MISSIONARY SOCIETY** (1792), 19 Furnival Street, Holborn, E.C. Income (1888-9).—£80,818. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, W. R. Rickett, Esq.; Sec., A. H. Baynes, Esq.
- BAPTIST TRACT AND BOOK SOCIETY** (1841), 15 Cursitor Street, E.C., and Furnival Street, Holborn, E.C. Income (1887).—£1,176. Treasurer, J. S. McMaster, Esq.; Sec., Rev. G. Simmons.
- BIBLE FLOWER MISSION** (1875), 110 Cannon Street, E.C. Distributes Scripture texts, affixed to bouquets of flowers, to inmates of hospitals, infirmaries, &c. Income (1882).—£330. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, F. A. Bevan, Esq.; Hon. Lady Superintendent, Miss Dove. Hon. Sec., Mrs. W. W. Turton.
- BIBLE STAND** (1862), Crystal Palace, Sydenham, S.E. Distributes Testaments, Scripture Portions, &c. Income (1882).—£2,069. 10s. 6d. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, H. Thompson, Esq.; Sec. and General Manager, Mr. W. Hawke.
- BIBLE TRANSLATION SOCIETY** (1840), 19 Furnival Street, Holborn, E.C. Income (1888-9).—£3,828. Treasurer, E. B. Underhill, Esq., LL.D., Derwent Lodge, Thurlow Road, Hampstead, N.W.; Sec., Rev. J. Trafford, A.M., 83 Lordship Park, Stoke Newington.
- BISHOP OF LONDON'S FUND** (1878), 46A Pall Mall, S.W. Assists in providing additional churches, mission houses, &c., and clergymen and lay agents in London. Income (1888).—£23,074. 19s. 4d. Bankers, Herries, Farquhar, & Co. Treasurers, Sir W. R. Farquhar, Bart., H. Barnett and J. Murray, Esqrs., and Hon. Dudley Fortescue; Hon. Secs., Edward Thornton and J. H. Nelson, Esqrs.

- BISHOP OF ST. ALBANS FUND (1878)**, 28 Great George Street, S.W. Similar objects to the Bishop of London's Fund in the Metropolitan part of the Diocese of St. Albans. Income (1888).—£10,639. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Co. Treasurers, Sir T. Fowell Buxton, Bart., and J. S. Gilliat, Esq., M.P.; Hon. Secs., Rev. Canon Procter and A. J. Day, Esq.
- BOOK SOCIETY (1750)**, 28 Paternoster Row, E.C. Sec., Rev. J. Vale Mummery.
- BRAY'S (DR.) ASSOCIATES (1709)**, 19 Delahay Street, Westminster, S.W. Founds and supports theological libraries in England and elsewhere; and supports schools for negroes in Nova Scotia and the Bahamas. Income (1888).—£504. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, St. James's Square. Treasurer, Rev. Brymer Belcher; Sec., Rev. H. W. Tucker.
- BRETON EVANGELICAL MISSION (1885)**. Chief Station, Tremel, Côtes du Nord, France. The propagation of evangelical religion amongst the Breton peasantry. Income (1888).—£321. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan & Co. Treas., J. C. Bolton, Esq., 26 Great St. Helen's, E.C.; Hon. Sec., Joseph Wates, Esq., 4 Prince's Road, Lewisham, S.E.
- BRITISH AND FOREIGN BIBLE SOCIETY (1804)**, 146 Queen Victoria Street, E.C. For the circulation, at home and abroad, of the Scriptures. Income (1888-9).—£113,870. 17s. 4d.; sales of Scriptures, £98,677. 18s. 11d.; total, £212,548. 16s. 3d. Expenditure for the year, £226,164. 14s. 5d. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, Joseph Gurney Barclay, Esq.; Secs., Rev. John Sharp, M.A., and Rev. W. Major Paull.
- BRITISH AND FOREIGN SAILORS' SOCIETY (1818)**. Office, Sailors' Institute, Mercers' Street, Shadwell, E. For the spiritual education and general welfare of sailors. Income (1888-9).—£16,786. Bankers, Consolidated Bank and Bank of England. Treasurer, Thomas Hankey, Esq.; Sec., Rev. E. W. Matthews.
- BRITISH AND FOREIGN UNITARIAN ASSOCIATION (1825)**. Defends and extends Unitarian principles. Income (1882).—£2,708. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank, Chancery Lane. Treasurer, S. S. Tayler, Esq.; Sec., Rev. H. Ierson, M.A. (*No recent information.*)
- BRITISH AND IRISH BAPTIST HOME MISSION (1797)**, 19 Fumival Street, Holborn, E.C. Income (1882).—Voluntary contributions: United Mission, £1,454. 3s. 9d.; Irish Mission, £1,606. 16s. 8d.; Home Mission, £1,082. 10s. 10d. Invested funds: Irish Mission, £73. 16s. 9d.; Home Mission, £24. 13s. 6d. Legacies, £1,775. 6s. 5d. Sec., Rev. W. Sampson. (*No recent information.*)
- BRITISH SOCIETY FOR PROPAGATION OF THE GOSPEL AMONG THE JEWS (1842)**, 96 Great Russell Street, W.C. Income (1888-9).—£8,926. Bankers, The Alliance Bank. Treasurer, F. Y. Edwards, Esq.; Sec., Rev. J. Dunlop.
- BRITISH SYRIAN SCHOOLS AND BIBLE MISSIONS (1860)**. 'For the social and religious improvement of the Syrian females.' Income (1888).—£5,300. Bankers, Barclay, Ransom, & Co. Hon. Treasurer, C. H. Rousfield, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mrs. Auriol Barker, Camano House, Tunbridge; Sec., Miss Poulton, 18 Homefield Road, Wimbledon, S.W.

- CATHOLIC TRUTH SOCIETY** (1884), 21 Westminster Bridge Road, S.E. Office, 18 West Square, Southwark, S.E. To supply small and cheap devotional and other books to Roman Catholics, and to spread information amongst Protestants as to the principles of the Roman Catholic religion. Income (1887-8).—£1,589. Bankers, London and Westminster. Treasurer, Sir James Marshall, C.M.G. ; Hon. Sec., James Britten, Esq.
- CHINA INLAND MISSION** (1865), 2, 4 and 6 Pyrland Road, Newington Green, N. Income (1888).—£36,011. Bankers, London and County Bank, Lombard Street. Directors, Rev. J. Hudson Taylor, China Inland Mission, Shanghai, Theodore Howard, Esq., Westleigh, Bickley, Kent. Hon. Sec., R. H. Hill, Esq. ; Sec., B. Broomhall.
- CHRISTIAN COLPORTAGE ASSOCIATION** (1874), 37 Farringdon Street, E.C. Income (1888).—£16,403. Employs colporteurs to visit from house to house, selling the Scriptures and Christian books and magazines. Bankers, Messrs. Barclay, Ransom, & Co. Treasurer, Lord Kinnaird ; General Sec., Mr. H. D. Brown.
- CHRISTIAN COMMUNITY** (1772), Memorial Hall, London Street, Bethnal Green, E. For visiting and preaching the Gospel in workhouses, infirmaries, lodging-houses, refuges, the open air, and other places. Income (1888).—£3,600 (including expense of Bethnal Green Free Library, which belongs to the Society). Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, F. A. Bevan, Esq. ; Sec., Mr. James Atkinson, 28 Enfield Road, Kingsland, N.
- CHRISTIAN EVIDENCE SOCIETY** (1870), 13 Buckingham Street, Strand, W.C. Promotes knowledge of the evidences of Christianity, and thus endeavours to counteract unbelief. Income (1888-9).—£1,133. Bankers, Barclay, Ransom, & Co. Treasurer, C. H. Marten, Esq. ; Sec., Rev. O. L. Engström ; Organising Sec., Rev. T. T. Waterman.
- CHRISTIAN VERNACULAR EDUCATION SOCIETY FOR INDIA** (1858), 7 Adam Street, Adelphi, W.C. Trains native teachers, instructs heathen children, and publishes educational and general Christian literature. Income (1887-8).—£9,646. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Robert Williams, jun., Esq. ; Hon. Sec., H. Morris, Esq. ; Assistant Sec., Mr. W. J. Wintersgill.
- CHURCH ARMY** (1882), 130 Edgware Road, W. To rescue careless men and women and to lead them to Christ and to the Church. Income (1887-8).—£6,436. Bankers, Barclay & Co. Treasurer, E. Clifford, Esq. ; Sec., Rev. W. Carlile.
- CHURCH ASSOCIATION** (1865), 14 Buckingham Street, Strand, W.O. Upholds the principles as established at the English Reformation, and endeavours to put aside attempts to assimilate the Church of England to the Church of Rome. Income (1888).—General Fund, £2,948 ; Guarantee Fund, £1,545. Bankers, Barclay, Ransom, & Co. Treasurer, F. A. Bevan, Esq. ; Sec., Henry Miller, Esq. ; Organising Sec., R. S. Clough, Esq.
- CHURCH DEFENCE INSTITUTION**, Palace Chambers, 9 Bridge Street, Westminster, S.W. Income (1888).—£7,151. Bankers, Messrs. Hoare. Treasurers, F. S. Powell, Esq., M.P., and L. H. Gerard Hoare, Esq. ; Sec., Rev. H. Granville Dickson.

CHURCH EXTENSION ASSOCIATION, 27 Kilburn Park Road, N.W. (*see also* pp. 193, 224, 318, 390, 475). Bankers, London and County Bank. Treasurer, W. H. Campbell, Esq.; Assistant Secs., Miss Frances Ashdown and Miss Wetherell.

CHURCH MISSIONARY SOCIETY (1799), 15 and 16 Salisbury Square, E.C. Income (1888-9).—£252,016. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton, Bart.; Secs., Rev. C. C. Fenn, Rev. W. Gray, Rev. F. E. Wigram (Hon.), Rev. B. Lang, Major-General C. Collingwood (Lay), Rev. B. Baring-Gould (Central or Home), and Eugene Stock, Esq. (Editorial).

CHURCH OF ENGLAND BOOK HAWKING UNION (1858), at Kerby & Co.'s, 440 Oxford Street, W. Income.—Not brought into Central Office, but utilised by each branch association.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND BOOK SOCIETY, 11 Adam Street, Strand, W.C. For the gratuitous circulation of Christian literature. Income (1888-9).—£1,419. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, F. A. Bevan, Esq.; Sec., John Shrimpton, Esq.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND SCRIPTURE READERS' ASSOCIATION (1844), 56 Haymarket, S.W. Income (1888-9).—£13,264. Bankers, Herries, Farquhar, & Co. Treasurer, Sir W. R. Farquhar, Bart.; Clerical Sec., Rev. M. Rainsford; Lay Sec., T. Martin Tilby, Esq.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND SUNDAY SCHOOL INSTITUTE (1843), 13 Serjeants' Inn, Fleet Street, E.C. Income (1888-9).—General, £2,079; building fund, £66; sales, £10,499. Sec., J. Palmer, Esq.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND WORKING MEN'S SOCIETY, 3 Tavistock Street, Covent Garden, W.C. To set before the working classes the principles and faith of the Church of England. Income (1887-8).—£1,180. General Sec., Mr. Charles Powell.

CHURCH OF IRELAND SUSTENTATION FUND (1871), 32 Charing Cross, S.W. Income (1882).—£2,526. 11s. 4d. Bankers, Messrs. Glyn, Mills, & Co.; National Bank of Ireland, Charing Cross. Hon. Sec., R. Nugent, Esq. (*Information refused.*)

CHURCH PAROCHIAL MISSION SOCIETY (1877), 21 John Street, Adelphi, W.C. Income (1888-9).—£4,592. Bankers, Ransom, Bouverie, & Co. Treasurer, E. M. Denny, Esq.; General Superintendent, Rev. W. Hay Aitken; Sec., Rev. Herbert Muir.

CHURCH PASTORAL-AID SOCIETY (1836), Falcon Court, 32 Fleet Street, E.C. Income (1888-9).—£51,877. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, John Deacon, Esq.; Secs., Rev. James I. Cohen and Colonel H. S. Clarke.

CHURCH WORK IN SOUTH LONDON (1880). Sunday Evening Special Services for the People, Royal Victoria Hall, Waterloo Road, New Cut, S.E. Income (1888-9).—£346. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co., Lombard Street, E.C. Sec., Neale E. Horne, Esq., Bucklebury, Brandram Road, Lee, S.E.

COLONIAL AND CONTINENTAL CHURCH SOCIETY (1823), 9 Serjeants' Inn, Fleet Street, E.C. Income (1888-9, including sums received and expended abroad).—£37,073; Home income, £18,173. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, R. C. L. Bevan, Esq.; Sec., Rev. Canon Hurst, B.D.

- COLONIAL BISHOPRICS FUND** (1841), 19 Delahay Street, Westminster, S.W. For the establishment of additional bishoprics in the colonies. Income (1888).—£14,380. Bankers, Drummonds. Treasurers, Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone, M.P., Right Hon. Lord Addington, Alban G. H. Gibbs, Esq., and J. G. Talbot, Esq., M.P.; Hon. Sec., Rev. H. W. Tucker.
- COLONIAL MISSIONARY SOCIETY** (1836), Memorial Hall, Farringdon Street, E.C. Income (1888-9).—£3,461. Bankers, Consolidated Bank. Sec., Rev. W. S. H. Fielden.
- CONGO-BALOLO MISSION** (1889), branch of the East London Institute, Harley House, Bow Road, E. For the evangelisation of the Balolo nation, Central Africa. Hon. Sec., Dr. H. Grattan Guinness.
- CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH AID AND HOME MISSIONARY SOCIETY**, Memorial Hall, Farringdon Street, E.C. Income (1888).—£25,882. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurers, H. Lee, Esq., J.P., and Albert Spicer, Esq., J.P.; Sec., Rev. Andrew Mearns.
- COOK'S CHARITY** (MISS JANE) (1850). (Taken from the 'Digest of Endowed Charities,' 1873-5.) Increases the endowment of 48 churches and chapels in England and Wales. Income.—£1,590.
- COSTERMONGERS' COTTAGE MISSION** (1872), Vinegar Ground, Old Street, E.C. Income (1888-9).—£228. Treasurer, William Owen, Esq.; Superintendent, Mr. W. Penrose.
- COUNTRY TOWNS MISSION** (1837), 18 New Bridge Street, E.C. Income (1888-9).—£2,972. 9s. 2d. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, Temple Bar. Treas., H. C. Nisbet, Esq.; Sec., Mr. G. H. Mawer.
- EAST LONDON CHURCH FUND** (1880). Office, 26 St. Mary Axe, E.C. Income (1888).—£13,578. 6s. 4d. Bankers, Bank of England. Treasurers, R. Foster, S. Charrington, H. H. Gibbs, J. H. Buxton, and T. Charrington, Esqrs.; Sec., Rev. James Beeby.
- EAST LONDON INSTITUTE FOR HOME AND FOREIGN MISSIONS** (1873), Harley House, Bow Road, E. Income (1888).—£14,000. Hon. Sec., Mrs. H. Grattan Guinness.
- EAST LONDON TRACT DEPÔT** (1887), Rhodeswell Road, Limehouse, E. To supply pure and religious literature in the immediate neighbourhood of the People's Mission Church, 'Edinburgh Castle.' Founder and Director, Dr. T. J. Barnardo, F.R.C.S.; Sec., Mr. John Odling.
- ENGLISH CHURCH UNION** (1860), 35 Wellington Street, Strand, W.C. For maintaining the doctrine, discipline, and ritual of the Church of England, and helping home and foreign mission work. Income (1888).—£6,661. Bankers, London and County Bank, Covent Garden. Treas., Octavius Leefe, Esq.; Sec., Colonel J. B. Hardy.
- ENGLISH CONGREGATIONAL CHAPEL BUILDING SOCIETY** (1853), Memorial Hall, Farringdon Street, E.C. Aids, with preliminary guidance and conditional grants and loans, the building of Congregational churches and mansees. Total receipts (1888).—£3,736. Bankers, Union Bank of London, Holborn Circus. Treasurer, Josias Alexander, Esq.; Sec., C. E. Conder, Esq.
- EVANGELICAL ALLIANCE** (1846), 7 Adam Street, Adelphi, W.C. For the promotion of brotherly love and union among Christians of all countries. Income (1887-8).—£1,638. 7s. 11d. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, Donald Matheson, Esq.; Secs., Lieut.-General Field, C.B., and A. J. Arnold, Esq.

- EVANGELICAL CONTINENTAL SOCIETY** (1848), 13 Blomfield Street, London Wall, E.C. For evangelical missions on the Continent. Income (1888).—£2,271. Bankers, The Consolidated Bank. Treasurer, John Cunliffe, Esq.; Sec., Rev. R. S. Ashton, B.A.
- EVANGELISATION SOCIETY** (1868), 21 Surrey Street, Strand, W.C. Income (1888-9).—£11,998. 3s. 8d. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, Temple Bar. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, Capt. W. E. Smith.
- FENNER'S CHARITY** (1633). To distribute Bibles among the inhabitants of London parishes. Income.—About £450. Clerks to Trustees Messrs. Baylis & Pearce, 1 Church Court Chambers, Old Jewry, E.C.
- FOREIGN AID SOCIETY** (1840), 31 New Bridge Street, E.C. Supports evangelical missionary societies (principally in Roman Catholic countries) on the Continent. Income (1888).—£4,000. 3s. Bankers, Herries, Farquhar, & Co., 16 St. James Street, S.W. Treasurer, Sir Walter Farquhar, Bart.; Sec., Rev. H. J. Browne.
- FOREIGN MISSIONS OF THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN ENGLAND** (1847), 7 East India Avenue, E.C. Income (1888).—£16,360. Secs., J. E. Mathieson, Esq., Conference Hall, Mildmay Park, N.; John Bell, Esq., 13 Fenchurch Avenue, E.C.
- FRIENDS' FOREIGN MISSION ASSOCIATION.** Income (1888-9).—£10,717. Bankers, Sharples, Tuke, & Co., Hitchin. Treasurer, James Hack Tuke, Hitchin; Hon. Sec., Henry Stanley Newman, Leominster; Sec., Charles Linney, Hitchin.
- HALL'S, BISHOP, CHARITY FOR BIBLES.** Income (1888).—£95. Clerk and Treasurer, E. L. Tyndall, Esq., 95 Colmore Row, Birmingham.
- HAWES, JENNETT PAYNE** (1794). (Taken from the 'Digest of Endowed Charities,' 1873-5.) For the furtherance and support of the Gospel either at home or abroad in the chapels belonging to the Countess of Huntingdon's Connexion. Income.—£32. 10s. 10d.
- HOME REUNION SOCIETY** (1877), 7 Dean's Yard, S.W. Object.—'To present the Church of England in a conciliatory attitude towards those who regard themselves as outside her pale, so as to lead towards a corporate reunion of all Christians holding the doctrines of the Trinity and the Incarnation and Atonement.' Income (1888).—£145. Bankers, Bosanquet, Salt, & Co. Treasurer, T. Salt, Esq., M.P.; Finance Sec., Rev. R. Milburn Blakiston.
- HUSSEY'S BOOK CHARITY**, 21 Great George Street, Westminster, S.W. Grants religious and useful books to village libraries, schools, &c. Income (1888).—£570. 10s. 8d. Sec., J. M. Clabon, Esq.
- INCORPORATED FREE AND OPEN CHURCH ASSOCIATION** (1866), 24 Bedford Street, Strand, W.C. Income (1888).—£984. Bankers, Union Bank of London, Chancery Lane. Treasurer, E. M. Courtney, Esq.; Sec., T. Bowater Vernon, Esq.
- INCORPORATED SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING THE ENLARGEMENT, BUILDING, AND REPAIRING OF CHURCHES AND CHAPELS** (1818), 7 Dean's Yard, S.W. Income (1888).—£6,134. Bankers, Hoare & Co. Treasurer, H. G. Hoare, Esq.; Sec., Rev. R. Milburn Blakiston.
- INDIAN FEMALE NORMAL SCHOOL AND INSTRUCTION SOCIETY, OR ZENANA BIBLE AND MEDICAL MISSION.** Office, 2 Adelphi Terrace, Adelphi, W.C. Income (1888).—£11,577. Bankers, Barclay, Ransom & Co. Treasurers, Lord Kinnaird and Sir William Muir, K.C.S.I.; Finance Sec., W. T. Paton, Esq.

IRISH EVANGELICAL SOCIETY AND CONGREGATIONAL HOME MISSION (1814), Memorial Hall, Farringdon Street, E.C. Income (1888-9).—£1,668.18s.11d. Bankers, Consolidated Bank. Treasurer, Samuel Figgis, Esq.; Sec., Rev. R. H. Noble.

LADIES' ASSOCIATION FOR THE PROMOTION OF FEMALE EDUCATION AMONG THE HEATHEN (1866), (in connection with the Missions of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel), 19 Delahay Street, Westminster, S.W. Object.—The education and conversion of native women and children. Income (1888).—£6,351. Treasurers, the Treasurers of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel; Hon. Sec., Miss Louisa Bullock.

LADIES' SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING EDUCATION IN THE WEST INDIES (1825), 16 Lupus Street, S.W. Income (1888).—£219. Bankers, Sir S. Scott & Co. Treas., Mrs. G. Grey; Sec., Miss A. M. Barney.

LIBERATION SOCIETY, 2 Serjeants' Inn, E.C. To 'promote the abrogation of all laws and usages which inflict disability, or confer privilege, on ecclesiastical grounds. The discontinuance of all payments from the Consolidated Fund, and of Parliamentary grants and compulsory exactions, for religious purposes. After an equitable satisfaction of existing interests, the application to secular uses of all national property now held in trust by the Established Churches in England, Wales, and Scotland; and, concurrently therewith, the liberation of those churches from State control.' Income (1882-3).—£10,541. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, Temple Bar. Treasurers, Mr. A. Illingworth, M.P., Bradford, and Mr. Evan Spicer, London; Chairman of Parliamentary Committee, Mr. J. Carvell Williams; Secs., Mr. S. Robjohns and Mr. J. Fisher.

LONDON ASSOCIATION IN AID OF THE MORAVIAN MISSIONS (1817), 29 Ely Place, Holborn, E.C. Income (1888).—£5,343. Bankers, Herries, Farquhar, & Co. Treasurer, W. R. Farquhar, Esq.; Clerical Sec., Rev. W. Wetton Cox; Sec., Mr. G. E. Roberts.

LONDON CITY MISSION (1835), 3 Bridewell Place, New Bridge Street, E.C. (Unsectarian). Provides lay missionaries, who visit from house to house in London, and promote the spiritual welfare of the poor. Income (1888-9).—£56,724. Bankers, Barnetts, Hoares, & Co. Treasurer, Joseph Hoare, Esq.; Secs., Rev. R. Dawson and Rev. T. S. Hutchinson.

LONDON DIOCESAN CHURCH BUILDING SOCIETY (1851), 46a Pall Mall, S.W. Income (1887-8).—£131. Bankers, Bank of England, Western Branch. Treasurers, T. F. Buxton, Esq., H. H. Gibbs, Esq., Right Hon. Lord Addington., and Rev. J. E. Kempe; Hon. Sec., John H. Nelson, Esq.

LONDON DIOCESAN HOME MISSION (1857), 121 Pall Mall, S.W. Income (1888).—£5,705, including grant from Bishop of London's Fund. Bankers, Barclay, Ransom, & Co. Treasurers, The Lord Kinnaird and Ven. Archdeacon Hessey; Sec., Rev. Prebendary W. Walsh.

LONDON DIOCESAN LAY HELPERS' ASSOCIATION. Chairman, G. A. Spottiswoode, Esq. Treasurer, E. A. Ford, Esq., 2 Eldon Road, Hampstead, N.W.; Hon. Sec., L. A. Pownall, Esq., Vicarage, Murray Street, Hoxton.

- LONDON MISSIONARY SOCIETY** (1795), 14 Blomfield Street, London Wall, E.C. Income (1888-9).—£125,250. Bankers, Bank of England. Treasurer, Albert Spicer, Esq., J.P.; Secs., Revs. R. Wordlaw Thompson and Edward H. Jones.
- LONDON SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING CHRISTIANITY AMONGST THE JEWS** (1809), 16 Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C. Income (1888-9).—£33,925. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treas., John Deacon, Esq.; Sec., Rev. W. Fleming, LL.B.; Assist. Sec., Rev. W. T. Gidney, M.A.
- MICO CHARITY** (1835), 8 Bishopsgate Street Without, E.C. For the educational and spiritual advancement of natives of the West India Islands. Income (1882).—£3,800, Sec., Rev. J. W. Gedge, M.A.
- MISSIONARY LEAVES ASSOCIATION** (1870), 20 Compton Terrace, Upper Street, N. Assists the native clergy and missionaries in the mission field occupied by the Church Missionary Society. Income (1888).—£9,959. Bankers, Messrs. Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, F. A. Bevan, Esq.; Sec., H. G. Malaher, Esq.
- MISSION TO DEEP-SEA FISHERMEN** (1884), 181 Queen Victoria Street, E.C. Income (1888).—£33,161. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Bosanquets, and Gurneys, Great Yarmouth. Founder and Director, E. J. Mather, Esq. Treasurer, Thomas B. Miller, Esq.; Sec., Alexander Gordon, Esq.
- MISSIONS OF THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND IN BRITISH COLUMBIA** (1859). Income (1888-9).—£2,586. Bankers, Messrs. Cox & Co. Treasurer, A. C. Hammersley, Esq., 16 Charing Cross, S.W.; Sec. and Commissary, Rev. J. H. McSwiney, Rectory, Barnoldby-le-Beck, Grimsby.
- MISSIONS TO SEAMEN** (1856), 11 Buckingham Street, Strand, W.C. Income (1888).—£27,811. Bankers, Barclay, Ransom, & Co. Gen. Sec., Commander W. Dawson, R.N.
- MONTHLY TRACT SOCIETY** (1837), Bridge House, 181 Queen Victoria Street, E.C. Income (1888).—£2,450; distribution during 1888, 2,939,625. Bankers, Barclay, Ransom, & Co., 54 Lombard Street, E.C. Sec., J. R. Mackenzie, Esq.
- NAVAL AND MILITARY BIBLE SOCIETY** (1780), 32 Sackville Street, W. Furnishes soldiers and sailors with the Scriptures. Income (1882).—£1,150. Bankers, Messrs. Herries, Farquhar, & Co. Treasurer, Sir W. R. Farquhar, Bart.; Sec., S. Rayson, Esq.
- NAVY MISSION SOCIETY** (1878). Promotes the spiritual and temporal welfare of navvies. Income (1887).—£2,017. Bankers, Beckett & Co., Leeds. Treasurer, Capt. Arthur Tupman, South Grange, Ripon; Sec., Rev. F. E. Rogers, Abbey Walk, Cambridge.
- OPEN-AIR MISSION** (1853), 14 Duke Street, Adelphi, W.C. Object.—To encourage, regulate, and improve open-air preaching. Income (1888).—£1,858. Bankers, Barclay, Ransom, & Co. Treasurer, Lord Kinnaird; Sec., Gawin Kirkham, Esq.
- PAROCHIAL MISSION TO THE JEWS FUND** (1876), Arundel House, Victoria Embankment, W.C. Provides specially trained curates to help incumbents in the work of evangelising their Jewish parishioners. Income (1888).—£1,178. 18s. 10d. Bankers, Cocks, Biddulph, & Co. Treasurer, T. Somers Cocks, Esq.; Organising Sec., Rev. J. Schor.

- PRAYER-BOOK REVISION AND PROTESTANT LECTURE SOCIETY**, 17 Buckingham Street, Adelphi, W.C. Income (1888).—£617. Bankers, Barclay, Ransom, & Co. Sec., Mr. J. Butcher.
- PRIMITIVE METHODIST METROPOLITAN CHAPEL AND SCHOOL BUILDING SOCIETY** (1865). Income (1887-8).—£128. Sec., Rev. J. Penrose, 28 Victoria Terrace, Orts Road, Reading.
- PRIMITIVE METHODIST MISSIONARY SOCIETY** (1829), 71 Freegrove Road, Holloway, N. Income (1888-9).—£20,000. Bankers, London and County Bank. Treasurer, Rev. J. Wenn; Sec., Rev. J. Travis.
- PROTESTANT ALLIANCE** (1851), 9 Strand, W.C. Maintains and defends against the advance of Popery the doctrines of the Reformation and the principles of civil and religious liberty. Income (1888).—£2,263. 14s. 2d. Bankers, Messrs. Barclay, Ransom, & Co. Treasurer, Lord Kinnaird; Sec., A. H. Guinness, Esq., M.A.
- PROTESTANT EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTE** (with which is incorporated the Protestant Association), 38 Parliament Street, S.W. Income (1888).—£1,271. 12s. 1d. Bankers, Messrs. Herries, Farquhar, & Co. Sec., Mr. Geo. L. Thomson.
- PROTESTANT REFORMATION SOCIETY** (1827), 20 Berners Street, W. Income (1882).—£3,657. 5s. 1d. Bankers, London and County Bank. Treasurers, Messrs. Williams, Deacon, & Co.; Sec., Rev. G. Clements.
- PURE LITERATURE SOCIETY** (1854), 11 Buckingham Street, Adelphi, W.C. Income (1888).—£5,921. 4s. 8d. (including payments for books, &c., £2,528. 6s. 9d., and interest on bonds, £44. 0s. 4d.). Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, Temple Bar. Treasurer, R. C. L. Bevan, Esq.; Sec., Mr. R. Turner.
- RAGGED CHURCH AND CHAPEL UNION** (1856), 4 Trafalgar Square, W.C. For preaching the Gospel to the very poor. Income (1888-9).—£300. Bankers, Messrs. Smith, Payne, & Smiths. Treasurer, A. Sperling, Esq.; Sec., Rev. W. A. Blake.
- RAILWAY MISSION** (), 18 New Bridge Street, E.C. To preach the Gospel to railway men. Income (1887).—£2,247. Bankers, Barclay, Ransom, & Co. Treasurer, S. Gurney Sheppard, Esq., 57 Old Broad Street, E.C.; General Sec., Mr. Daniel Spencer.
- RELIGIOUS TRACT SOCIETY** (1799), 56 Paternoster Row, E.C. Income (1888-9)—£27,631. 8s. 4d. Bankers, Messrs. Lloyds, Barnetta, & Bosanquets. Treasurer, Edward Rawlings, Esq.; Secs., Rev. S. G. Green, D.D., and Rev. L. B. White, D.D.
- ROCHESTER DIOCESAN SOCIETY**, 26 Great George Street, Westminster, S.W. To supply the spiritual needs of South London, South-east London, the suburbs south of the Thames, and the rural districts of Kent and Surrey. Income (1888).—£8,723. Bankers, London and County Bank, Lombard Street. Treasurers, J. G. Talbot, Esq., M.P., and G. T. Powell, Esq.; Organising Sec., Rev. J. H. Browne; Sec., Major-Gen. George Garden.
- ROYAL NAVAL SCRIPTURE READERS' SOCIETY** (1860), 4 Trafalgar Square, W.C. Income (1888-89).—£2,065. Bankers, Roberts, Lubbock, & Co. Treasurer and Sec., Rear-Admiral H. Campion, C.B.; Receiver, Tilson J. Blake, Esq.
- ST. ANGELM'S SOCIETY** (1860), 6 Agar Street, Strand, W.C. Circulates books suitable for Roman Catholics. Hon. Sec., Provost Wenham.

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ST. ANDREW'S WATERSIDE CHURCH MISSION (1864), 65 Fenchurch Street, E.C. To encourage the worship of God at sea, and to advance the influence and teaching of the Church of England among sailors, fishermen, and emigrants. Income (1888).—£3,215. Bankers, London & County. Treasurer, C. E. Hunt, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Rev. John Scarth; Sec., W. Evan Franks, Esq.

SALVATION ARMY, 101 Queen Victoria Street, E.C. Income (1887-8).—General Spiritual Fund, £16,471; Foreign Service Fund, £6,463; International Training Home, £12,719; Anglo-Indian Wedding Fund, £3,468; Sick and Wounded Fund, £2,699; Rescue Home Fund, £4,068; Food and Shelter Fund, £2,575; Self-denial Fund, £829; Profit on Trade Department, £8,098. General, Mr. William Booth.

SCRIPTURE READERS' SOCIETY FOR IRELAND (1822). Offices, 27 Lower Pembroke Street, Dublin; 9 Paternoster Row, London, E.C. Income (1888).—£3,165. Sec., Captain James Kearney White.

SEAMEN'S CHRISTIAN FRIEND SOCIETY (1846), 255 Burdett Road, Commercial Road, E. Institute, 215 and 216 St. George Street, E. Income (1887-8).—£2,411. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, Eastern Branch. Treasurer, Edwin Cameron, Esq.; Sec., Rev. G. J. Hill.

SEA-SHELL AND SCRAP-BOOK MISSIONS. To give enjoyment and amusement to sick children by presenting them with boxes of sea-shells and scrap-books. President, H.S.H. Princess Victoria Mary of Teck; Sec., Mr. C. J. Darkin, 27 Benedict Road, Stockwell, S.W.

SOCIETY FOR DISTRIBUTING SCRIPTURE TRUTHS, by means of rolls of texts and other smaller publications, in railway waiting-rooms, workhouses, hospitals, prisons, asylums, &c. Income (1888).—£864. Bankers and Treasurers, Messrs. Molineux, Whitfield, & Co., Lewes and Eastbourne. Sec., Mr. F. Woodhouse, Dépôt, 47 Pevensey Road, Eastbourne.

SOCIETY FOR IRISH CHURCH MISSIONS TO THE ROMAN CATHOLICS (1849), 11 Buckingham St., Adelphi, W.C. Income (1888-9—15 months).—£25,383. Bankers, Barclay, Ransom, & Co., and Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, Lord Kinnaird; Sec., Wm. Paasley, Esq.

SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING CHRISTIAN KNOWLEDGE (1698). Income (1888-9).—£37,054. Depositories, Northumberland Avenue, Charing Cross, W.C.; 43 Queen Victoria Street, E.C.; and 135 North Street, Brighton. Bankers, Goslings & Sharpe. Treasurers, Rev. Henry Wace, D.D., N. Powell, Esq., General Sir H. C. B. Daubeney, G.C.B., and R. B. Wade, Esq.; Secs., Rev. W. H. Grove and Rev. E. McClure.

SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING FEMALE EDUCATION IN THE EAST (1834). Establishes and superintends Zenana Missions and schools in Asia and Africa, where favourable opportunities are presented, and trains native teachers. Income (1888).—£7,930. Treasurer, Sir W. R. Farquhar, Bart.; Sub-Treasurer, Miss Adam; Hon. Secs., Miss Ellen Rutt, Miss Haldane, and Miss Stirling; Sec., Miss Webb, 267 Vauxhall Bridge Road, S.W.

SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING THE EMPLOYMENT OF ADDITIONAL CURATES (1837), Arundel House, Thames Embankment, W.C. To supply incumbents with assistant curates. Income (1887).—£93,556. Bankers, Coutts. Treasurers, Lord Addington and C. J. Arnold, Esq.; Sec., Rev. J. G. Deed.

- SOCIETY FOR THE PROPAGATION OF THE GOSPEL IN FOREIGN PARTS** (1701), 19 Delahay Street, Westminster, S.W. Income (1888).—£138,366. Bankers, Messrs. Drummond & Co. Treasurers, Rev. J. E. Kempe, H. Barnett, A. A. D. L. Strickland, and H. W. Prescott, Esqrs.; Sec., Rev. H. W. Tucker.
- SOUTH AMERICAN MISSIONARY SOCIETY** (1844), 1 Clifford's Inn, Fleet Street, E.C. Income (1888).—£14,011. Bankers, Barclay, Ransom, & Co. Treasurer, Sir Mark W. Collet, Bart.; Clerical Sec., Rev. R. J. Simpson, M.A.; Lay Sec., Captain E. Poulden, R.N.
- SOUTH-WEST LONDON PROTESTANT INSTITUTE** (1857), 180 Brompton Road, South Kensington (a few doors from the Oratory). Maintains and defends the Protestant faith by lectures, distribution of tracts, and personal counsel. Income (1887).—£255. Bankers, Imperial Bank, Onslow Square. Treasurer, G. D. Laycock, Esq.; Sec., Mr. H. M. Walbrook.
- SPANISH, PORTUGUESE, AND MEXICAN CHURCH AID SOCIETY** (1869), 8 Adam Street, Adelphi, W.C. Income (1887-8).—£4,727. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, R. C. L. Bevan, Esq.; Sec., Rev. L. S. Tugwell. *Church House, Dean's Yard, Westminster.*
- SPECIAL RELIGIOUS SERVICES FOR THE PEOPLE** (1859), 3 Bridewell Place, New Bridge Street, E.C. Income (1888).—£2,544. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, R. C. L. Bevan, Esq.; Sec., C. M. Sawell, Esq.
- SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSOCIATION** (1834), Essex Hall, Essex Street, Strand, W.C. Income (1888).—£281. Hon. Treasurer, W. Blake Odgers, Esq., LL.D., 4 Elm Court, Temple, E.C.; Hon. Secs., Rev. W. C. Bowie and I. M. Wade, Esq.; Trade Manager, Mr. B. C. Hare.
- SUNDAY SCHOOL UNION** (1803), 56 Old Bailey, E.C. Income (1888).—£6,709. Treasurer, S. H. Morley, Esq.; Hon. Secs., Messrs. E. Towers, F. J. Hartley, A. Benham, J. E. Tresidder, and A. J. Scrutton.
- SWEDENBORG SOCIETY** (1810), Depository, 36 Bloomsbury Street, W.C. Disseminates the writings of Swedenborg by means of the press. Income (1887-8).—£788. Treasurer, C. J. Whittington, Esq.; Sec., T. H. Elliott, Esq.; Manager, Mr. James Speirs.
- SYSTEMATIC BIBLE TEACHING MISSION** (), 67 Paternoster Row, E.C. Supported and sustained by John Green, the founder. No subscriptions. Teaches and enables parents at home to train their children religiously by the lessons taught in the Sunday School.
- THAMES CHURCH MISSION** (1844), 31 New Bridge Street, Ludgate Circus, E.C. Income (1888).—£5,911. Bankers, Lloyds, Barnetts, & Co. Treasurer, Samuel Hoare, Esq., M.P.; Sec., Rev. H. Bloomer.
- TRINITARIAN BIBLE SOCIETY** (1831), 7 St. Paul's Churchyard, E.C. 'For the circulation of uncorrupted versions of the Word of God.' Income (1888-9).—£4,003. Bankers, Martin & Co. Treasurer, James Maden Holt, Esq.; Hon. Sec., H. C. Nisbet, Esq.; Sec., Rev. E. W. Bullinger, D.D.
- TURKISH MISSIONS AID SOCIETY** (1854), 32 The Avenue, Bedford Park. Income (1888).—£2,121. Bankers, Barclay, Ransom, & Co. Treasurer, Lord Kinnaird; Sec., Rev. T. W. Brown, D.D.
- UNITED METHODIST FREE CHURCHES HOME AND FOREIGN MISSION** (1857), 119 Salisbury Square, E.C. Income (1888-9).—£21,028. Treas., R. Bird, Esq., J.P., Cardiff; Sec., Rev. G. Turner, Sheffield.

- UNIVERSITIES MISSION TO CENTRAL AFRICA** (1860), 14 Delahay St., Westminster, S.W. Income (1887).—£15,505. Bankers, Drummonds. Treasurers, Rev. Prebendary Festing, Isambard Brunel, Esq., D.C.L., and J. W. B. Riddell, Esq.; Sec., Rev. W. H. Penney.
- WALDENSIAN CHURCH MISSIONS**, 118 Pall Mall, S.W. For the spiritual welfare of Italians in Italy. Income (1888).—£2,627. Bankers, Barclay, Ransom, & Co., and Smith, Payne, & Smiths. Treas., Lord Kinnaird and H. M. Matheson, Esq.; Sec., Major M. Frobisher.
- WARNEFORD ECCLESIASTICAL CHARITY**.—To promote the 'building, rebuilding, enlarging, and repairing churches, chapels, and parsonage houses of the Established Church of England, in districts principally inhabited by the poor, within that part only of the present Diocese of Gloucester and Bristol which comprised the ancient Diocese of Gloucester immediately prior to its union with the See of Bristol, or which have been since formed within such district.' Secs., Messrs. Sewell & Son, Cirencester. (For the Clerical Trust, see p. 271.)
- WEEKLY TRACT SOCIETY** (1847), 62 Paternoster Row, E.C. Income (1881).—£140. Sec., Mr. Elliot Stock.
- WESLEYAN HOME MISSION AND CONTINGENT FUND** (1749), Centenary Hall, Bishopsgate Street, E.C. Income (1888).—£35,309. Bankers, City Bank. Treasurers, Mr. John Vanner and Rev. John Bond; Secs., Rev. J. Ernest Clapham and Rev. A. McAulay; Hon. Sec., Rev. J. W. Greeves.
- WESLEYAN METHODIST CHAPEL FUND** (1818), Central Buildings, Oldham Street, Manchester. Income (1888).—£8,930. Bankers, Manchester and Liverpool District Bank. Treasurers, Wm. Tunstill, Esq., and John Cooper, Esq.; Sec., Rev. H. J. Pope.
- WESLEYAN METHODIST MISSIONARY SOCIETY** (1813), Centenary Hall, Bishopsgate Street Within, E.C. Income (1882).—£169,361. 0s. 3d. Bankers, City Bank. Treasurers, Mr. T. Morgan Harvey and Rev. J. H. Rigg, D.D.; Secs., Rev. John Walton, M.A., Rev. M. C. Osborn, Rev. G. W. Olver, B.A., and Rev. Marshall Hartley; Hon. Sec., Rev. Dr. E. E. Jenkins.
- WESLEYAN SEAMEN'S MISSION** (1843), Wesleyan Chapels, Commercial Road, Cable Street, and Barking Road, E.; 106 Fenchurch Street, E.C.; and 1 Jeremiah Street, East India Road, E. Income (1888).—£1,202. Treasurer, Geo. Lidgett, Esq., 6 Lime Street Square, E.C.; Superintendent, Rev. W. W. Grigg, 42 East India Road, E.
- WILLAT'S CHARITY** (1858). For appointing in different parishes, districts, and places in England, Wales, and Ireland, persons under the name of 'The Poor Man's Guides to Eternal Life,' to visit the therein resident members of the poorest and lowest classes of society, to read and explain to them the Holy Scriptures, sermons, and other good books; to pray with or read prayers to them; and generally to impart to them religious instruction, advice, or consolation. Income.—£1,029. 7s. T. F. Inman, Esq., 4 Queen Sq., Bath.
- ZENANA MISSIONARY SOCIETY** (1880), 9 Salisbury Sq., Fleet St., E.C. To bring the Gospel to the women of heathen and Mahomedan countries. Income (1887-8).—£26,646. Bankers, Union Bank of London. Treasurer, G. Arbuthnot, Esq., Elderslie, Dorking Clerical Sec., Rev. G. Karney.

NOTE.—Other Home Missions will be found on reference to the 'Relief' section, p. 468, &c.

IX.—LOCAL CHARITIES.

I.—PARISH OF KENSINGTON.

Area.—2,190 acres. **Population (1881).**—162,924. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—2,009 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—320 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Children at **Kensington and Chelsea District Schools** (daily average number maintained, half-year ended Lady-day, 1888).—719. **Qualification for Guardian.**—£30. Number of Guardians : 45 *ex-officio* ; nil nominated ; 18 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—£40. Number of Vestrymen : 2 *ex-officio* ; 120 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, Marloes Road, Kensington, W. **Clerk,** Mr. J. H. Rutherglen ; **Assistant Clerk,** Mr. W. G. Vassie. Day of meeting, Thursday (fortnightly). **Relieving Officers,** No. 1, Mr. W. B. Neville, 65 Chesterton Road, W. ; No. 2, Mr. F. Vassie, 149 Chesterton Road, W. ; No. 3, Mr. F. C. Coombes, 17 Prince's Road, W. ; No. 4, Mr. E. Hickox, 78 Abingdon Road, W. ; No. 5, Mr. H. Essex, 3 Hollywood Road, S.W. **Vaccination Officer,** Mr. C. Shattock, Guardians' Offices, Marloes Road, W. **District Medical Officers,** Mr. M. Townsend, 24 Upper Phillimore Place, W. ; Dr. T. O. Dudfield, 14 Ashburn Place, W. ; Mr. C. M. Frost, 47 Ladbroke Square, W. ; Mr. O. W. Roberts, 60 Cambridge Gardens, W. ; Mr. T. Liddard, 71 Ladbroke Grove Road, W. **Dispensers,** Mr. C. H. Russell and Mr. W. W. Harris. **Workhouse,** Marloes Road, Kensington, W. **Infirmary,** Marloes Road, W. **Dispensaries,** Mary Place, Walmer Road, Notting Hill, W. ; Marloes Road, Kensington, W. **Casual Ward and Workhouse for the Able Bodied,** Mary Place, Walmer Road, Notting Hill, W. **Kensington and Chelsea District Schools** (comprising the parishes of St. Mary Abbots, Kensington, and St. Luke, Chelsea), Banstead, Surrey. **Superintendent,** Mr. F. Harston. **Branch School,** King Street West, Hammersmith, W. **Superintendent,** Mr. H. D. Aslett. **Clerk to the Managers,** Mr. J. H. Rutherglen.

VESTRY.

Office, Town Hall, Kensington, W. **Clerk,** Mr. Wm. Chambers Leete. **Medical Officer of Health,** Dr. T. O. Dudfield, 14 Ashburn Place, Kensington, W.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Chelsea Division, including Kensington), 8 Russell Gardens, Kensington, W. **Clerk to Divisional Committee and Superintendent of Visitors,** Mr. W. H. Ware. **Correspondent for the Board Schools in the Chelsea Division,** Mr. J. Cook.

POLICE COURT.

For Hammersmith (including Kensington)—Vernon Street, Hammersmith Road, W.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 42 Church Street, Kensington, W. Office hours, (for applicants) 3 to 5, (for street beggars) 1 to 6 (see p. 1). **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**.—Kensington Conference, 2 Shaftesbury Villas, Kensington, W. Time of meeting, Wednesday, 8.30 p.m. *President*, J. H. White, Esq., 2 Shaftesbury Villas, W. **Strangers' Friend Society** (BAYSWATER DISTRICT).—*Treasurer*, Mr. Oswald R. Green, 25 Elgin Crescent, Kensington Park, W. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants** (KENSINGTON BRANCH). Offices, 122 Cornwall Road, Westbourne Park, W., office hours (except Saturday) 10 to 1; 75 Peel Street, Notting Hill Gate, Tuesdays and Fridays, 11 to 12.30; 52 Earl's Court Road, S.W., Tuesdays and Fridays, 10 to 11.30. *Hon. Secs.*, Miss E. A. Gladstone, 17 Pembridge Square, W.; Miss Bairdsmith, 81 Lexham Gardens.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

Education.

* **LEECH**.—£33. 0s. 10d.; two poor girls of the parish are boarded, clothed, and educated. *Trustees*, the vicar and churchwarden, and others.

NATIONAL SCHOOLS. *Income* (1888).—£1,781 (including 'Queen Anne Royal Bounty,' £73. 10s.), and supplemented by other school funds. *Auditor*, G. Cyril Bowman, Esq., 16 Longridge Road, Earl's Court, S.W.; *Treasurer*, H. Pym, Esq.

* **RAGGED SCHOOL**, Jennings' Buildings.—*Income* (from endowment).—£6. 9s. 9d. * **GORE LANE SCHOOLS**. These schools have been pulled down. No information as to the disposal of the endowments.

* **HORTON STREET CHAPEL**.

* **EDGE TERRACE SCHOOLS**.

CAMPDEN CHARITIES.—*Income* (1888).—£4,097 nett. Provide payments, not exceeding £6 each, to encourage continuance of attendance at school of children attending some public elementary school, and being not less than 11 years of age (who, or whose parents, are *bond fide* resident in Kensington), who have attended such or some other public elementary school for not less than five years preceding the grant; have received from principal teacher a certificate of good conduct, regular attendance, and proficiency; and have so passed the last preceding examination of the school as to earn a payment from an annual parliamentary grant in respect of that examination. Exhibitions are also provided, of a yearly value of not exceeding £30 each, tenable for not exceeding three years at any place of education higher than elementary, or of technical, professional, or industrial instruction, or as pupil teacher at any public elementary school, for children not under 12 years of age, who have attended some public elementary school for not less than six years preceding the award of the exhibition, and have received a certificate and passed the examination as above. Lectures or evening classes are provided for scholars attending, or who have attended, any public elementary school in the parish. Not less than six months' notice is given in the schools of the parish of time for examination for exhibitions, &c. Classes for manual instruction are also held. *Expenditure* (1888).—£970. *Trustees*, the vicar

* No recent information.

of St. Mary Abbots, and the churchwardens of the parish of Kensington (*ex-officio*), with 15 others (six representative, elected, two by Kensington Vestry, two by Kensington Board of Guardians, and two by Chelsea Division of School Board for London, and nine cooptative). *Clerk to the Trustees*, R. O. Green, Esq., Vestry Hall, Kensington, W.

Apprenticing.

* AINSLEY.—£36. 19s. 9d., for apprenticing poor boys of the parish. *Trustees*, the vicar and churchwarden, and others.

CAMPDEN CHARITIES.—Provide premiums by way of apprenticeship, or suitable outfits or other mode of help or advancement, to assist children who, or whose parents, are *bond fide* resident in Kensington, and who attend or have attended any public elementary school, as defined by the Elementary Education Act, 1870, on entering on occupations or duties of life. For income and names of trustees, see 'Education,' above. *Expenditure* (1888).—£351.

Almshouses, Pensions, &c.

METHWOLD'S ALMSHOUSES and GOODFELLOW'S CHARITY.—*Income* (1887).—£145. 14s. 4d. This amount, less £20 paid to the Clerk, is distributed in pensions to poor aged women of the parish. When a vacancy occurs notice is given in local newspapers. Administered under the direction of the Vestry of St. Mary Abbots, Kensington.

CAMPDEN CHARITIES.—Provide a sum of not exceeding £600 a year for pensions of not less than £10, or more than £26, to deserving and necessitous inhabitants of the parish, resident for not less than seven years preceding appointment, who have not during that period received Poor Law relief, and who, from age, ill health, accident, or infirmity, are unable to maintain themselves. A full investigation into character and circumstances is made. Preference given, where claims are equal, to those longest resident in the parish. No pension granted for more than three years, but it may be renewed on fresh investigation. Notice of any appointment is given by advertisement or otherwise. Apply to trustees or their clerk, fourteen days at least previously to the election. For income and names of trustees, see 'Education,' above. *Expenditure* (1888).—£1,199.

Maintenance of the Afflicted.

CAMPDEN CHARITIES.—Payments may be made for or towards maintenance and instruction at any school or asylum, or elsewhere, of children, who being deaf and dumb, or blind, or suffering from other mental or physical infirmity, aggravate or increase the difficulties of their parents or guardians, who are poor inhabitants of the parish. For income and names of trustees, see 'Education.' *Expenditure* (1888).—£94.

Food and Fuel.

SHORE.—£3. 12s. 2d., distributed by churchwardens and overseers.

HAINES.—Dividends on £300 Consols; after defraying cost of cleaning &c. tomb, every second year, balance in bread and coals. Distributed by vicar and churchwardens of St. Mary Abbots.

Money Gifts.

CARNABY.—£54. 7s. 6d. YOUNG.—£1. 2s. 8d. SAMS.—£4. 16s. 10d. LADY BEREKELY.—£10. REEVES.—£4. 19s. 9d. RAMSDEN.—£15 (subject to repair of tomb and tablet). BARNARD.—£3. 6s. 2d. (subject to

* No recent information.

repair of tomb). **MACINTOSH.**—£4. 14s. 6d. These charities are administered by the vicar, churchwardens, and overseers of St. Mary Abbots, and are apportioned 25/88ths to St. Mary Abbots' district, 9/88ths to St. Barnabas, 21/88ths to Holy Trinity, 6½/88ths to St. Mary Boltons, 17/88ths to St. John's, and 9¼/88ths to St. James, Norlands.

SEARLE.—£9; distributed in single pounds, or as near thereto as possible, by the vicar and churchwardens of St. Mary Abbots.

BLEWITT.—£29. 1s. 2d.; annually distributed amongst six of the oldest and most deserving widows of the parish.

CAMPDEN CHARITIES.—A sum of not exceeding £200 a year is provided 'for the relief or assistance of poor deserving inhabitants of the parish, in case of sudden accident, or sickness, or of exceptional loss or distress.' For income and names of trustees, see 'Education,' above. *Expenditure* (1888).—£139.

Medical Relief.

CAMPDEN CHARITIES.—A portion of the fund is expended in paying subscriptions or donations to any dispensary, infirmary, hospital, or institution for the sick or afflicted; or in providing trained nurses, the benefits of which can be received by poor inhabitants of the parish on nomination by the trustees. For income and names of trustees, see 'Education,' above. *Expenditure* (1888).—£932.

Miscellaneous.

GRAVEL PITTS ALMSHOUSES.—*Income*, from ground rent, applied in aid of poor's rate.

CAMPDEN CHARITIES.—Encourages the formation of provident habits, in contributions, either towards the purchase of annuities or in aid of income or other means of support possessed by recipient, and which has been produced by his or her own exertions and providence. For income and names of trustees, see 'Education.'

II.—FULHAM UNION.

Area.—4,155 acres. **Population** (1881).—114,811. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—1,357 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—844 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Children at West London District Schools** (including Fulham).—Number maintained (on 1st January 1888), 395. **Qualification for Guardian.**—£30. Number of Guardians: 2 *ex-officio*; 19 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—A rating of £25. Number of Vestrymen: Fulham, 3 *ex-officio*; 72 elected. Hammersmith, 3 *ex-officio*; 72 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, Fulham Palace Road, Fulham, S.W. **Clerk,** Mr. T. A. Marsh. Day of fortnightly meeting, Thursday. **Relieving Officers,** No. 1, Mr. H. E. Rogers, 29 Horder Road, Fulham, S.W.; No. 2, Mr. W. Wood, 33 Aspenlea Road, Fulham, S.W.; No. 3, Mr. W. F. Halsey, 11 St. Peter's Road, Hammersmith, W.; General, Mr. Francis J. Watson, 55 Yeldham Road, Hammersmith, W. **Vaccination Officer,** Mr. W. B. Croft, Shepherd's Bush Road, Hammersmith, W. **District Medical Officers,** No. 1, Mr. T. A. Appleton, 46 Britannia Road, Walham Green, S.W.; No. 2, Mr. J. E. Cooney, 20 Vereker Road, West Kensington, S.W.; No. 3, Mr. A. G. Wells, Keith House, West Kensington, S.W.; No. 4, Mr. J. Reid, 31 Bridge Avenue, Hammersmith, W.; No. 5, Mr. H. F. E.

Harrison, 33 Shepherd's Bush Green, W. **Workhouse**, Fulham Palace Road, Fulham, S.W. **Infirmaries**, Margravine Road. **Dispensary**, 103 Fulham Palace Road, S.W. **Casual Ward**, Margravine Road, Fulham, S.W. **West London District Schools** (comprising the Fulham and St. George's Unions, and the parish of Paddington), Ashford, Staines, Middlesex. *Clerk*, Mr. C. D. Hume, 1 Gloucester Villas, Ashford, Middlesex. *Superintendent*, Mr. F. Purkiss.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Chelsea Division), 8 Russell Gardens, Kensington, W. *Clerk to Divisional Committee and Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. W. H. Ware. *Correspondent for the Board Schools in the Chelsea Division*, Mr. J. Cook.

POLICE COURT.

For Hammersmith—Vernon Street, Hammersmith Road, W.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 23 Bridge Road, Hammersmith, W. Office hours, 2 to 4 p.m. (see p. 1). **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**.—Notting Hill Conference, Presbytery, St. Francis' Church. Time of meeting, Thursday, 8.30 p.m. *President*, F. de Bernhardt, Esq., 23 Blenheim Crescent, W. Hammersmith Conference, The Rectory, Brook Green. Time of meeting, Sunday, 12.30. *President*, Rev. J. V. Kelly, 62 Sterndale Road, Brook Green. **Strangers' Friend Society** (CHELSEA DISTRICT).—*District Treasurer*, Mr. John Court, Balham Park Road, S.W. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants** (FULHAM BRANCH).—Office, 23 Bridge Road, Hammersmith, W. Office hours, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, 3 to 5. *Hon. Sec.*, Miss Whitworth, Grosvenor House, Chiswick.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The following charities are available for the parish of Fulham :—

By a scheme of the Charity Commissioners, sealed March 26, 1884, a number of the smaller Fulham charities were consolidated and placed under the control of a body of trustees, consisting of the vicar, churchwardens, and overseers of the mother parish, the vicars of the ecclesiastical districts of St. John, St. Andrew, St. James, and St. Mary, together with eight non-official trustees resident in the mother parish. *Clerk*, Mr. David Shopland, 6 Melmoth Place, S.W. The charities are divided into three branches, as follows :—(1) Pension Branch, (2) Eleemosynary Branch, and (3) Educational Branch.

Education.

ALL SAINTS' NATIONAL SCHOOLS.—For boys, High Street ; for girls and infants, Church Street—including Owen, £10. 2s. 6d. ; Hook, £13. 10s. ; M. Porter, £10 ; School Accumulation Fund, £1. 4s. 4d. ; Pattenden, £28. 18s. 11d. ; Hull, £2. 13s. 8d. ; Foster, £4. 16s. 8d. (subject to repair of tomb) ; Groves, £9. 9s. School fees (boys and girls), 6d., 4d., and 3d. a week ; infants 2d. a week. *Secretary*, Mr. F. D. Chambers, 50 Fulham Park Gardens, S.W.

ST. JOHN'S, WALHAM GREEN, NATIONAL SCHOOLS.—For boys, girls, and infants (including Hull, £2. 13s. 8d., and Groves, £9. 9s.). School fees (boys and girls), 6d., 4d., and 3d., and infants, 2d. a week.

UNITED CHARITIES.—The charities assigned to this branch by the

scheme already mentioned are the following :—John Powell (1773), William Payne (1613), Thomas Turner (1706), William Wood (1834), Mary Barnard (1837), Dr. Clarke (1759), Phoebe Porter (1859), and Anna Burchell (1865). *Gross Income* (1887–8)—£27. The trustees are empowered to apply the funds of these charities in providing rewards, not exceeding £2 each, for children at school, paying the fees for continuance at school, not exceeding £5 each, or in payment of exhibitions of not more than £10 each, in annual value, tenable for any period not exceeding three years at any place of higher education approved by the trustees. The proceeds of Turner's, Wood's, and Clarke's charities are to be primarily applied in the payment of apprenticeship fees, should suitable candidates present themselves.

Alms-houses.

SIR W. POWELL.—*Income* (1887–8).—£287. Alms-houses for poor women of good character not less than 60 years of age (widows preferred), resident in the parish not less than three years next preceding time of appointment. Preference to those reduced from better circumstances. Inmates receive a pension of 18s. 6d. a calendar month, also medical attendance and nursing when necessary. *Trustees*, the vicar, churchwardens, overseers, and three others.

WASTE LAND AND LYGON ALMSHOUSES, Fulham Palace Road.—*Income* (1887–8).—£960. Alms-houses for eight married couples and six single inmates (poor infirm men and women of the parish). They receive a weekly allowance of (married couples) 8s., (single inmates) 5s., together with coals. Candidates must be of good character. Preference is given to such as have been ratepayers of the parish. *Trustees*, Bishop of London, vicar, churchwardens and overseers, and eight others. *Clerk*, Mr. E. A. Walden, 31 Vanstone Place.

Fuel.

DR. EDWARDS and BISHOP KING.—(Moiety with Hammersmith.)—About £130; distributed in February in coals. The income will be increased in a few years, on expiration of leases, to about £3,000. *Administrators*, the vicar and churchwardens, and 19 others. *Clerk*, Mr. Bingham Watson, 16 Bridge Road, Hammersmith.

Pensions.

UNITED CHARITIES.—The charities assigned to this branch by the scheme already mentioned are the following :—Nathaniel Dauncer (1656), Thomas Winter (1679), George Gibson (1782), Henry Hook (1786), John Bowden (1842), and Fulham Bridge (1728). *Gross Income* (1887–8).—£118. Subject to certain payments to poor watermen, their widows and children, out of the proceeds of the Fulham Bridge Charity, the funds of these charities are to be applied in payment of pensions of not less than 7s. and not more than 10s. a week to deserving and necessitous inhabitants of Fulham of not less than seven years' standing, and who have not received parochial relief. Pensions are granted for three years, at the end of which time the cases are reconsidered by the trustees.

Money Gifts, &c.

UNITED CHARITIES.—The charities assigned to the eleemosynary branch by the scheme are the following :—Robert Limpany (1738), William Withers (1767), John Brown (1822), Samuel Groves (1844), Thomas Kirkham (1784), Letitia Cornwallis (1731), Phoebe and Ann Porter (1838), and the Fund for Improving the Dwellings of the Labouring Classes. *Gross*

Income (1887-8).—£160. With the exception of the last-named charity, which is to be expended upon the object indicated by its title in such manner as the trustees may think fit, the funds of the charities comprised in this branch may be devoted to the payment of subscriptions to hospitals, dispensaries, nursing institutions, provident societies; to the purchase of annuities in aid of the income or support possessed by the recipient; contributions towards the outfit of any person under the age of 21 entering upon a trade or occupation or into service; the supply of clothes, linen, bedding, fuel, tools, &c.; and the supply of temporary relief in money in the case of unexpected loss or urgent distress.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of Hammersmith:—

Education.

GODOLPHIN SCHOOL.—*Income* (from endowment).—£450 (*see* p. 416).

LATYMER LOWER SCHOOL, Hammersmith Road.—*Income*.—About £1,200 (including that for almsmen). For 100 boys of Hammersmith over 7 and under 16 years of age. School fees, 9d. a week. *Trustees*, the vicar and churchwardens of Hammersmith (*ex-officio*), and others. *Head Master*, Mr. Pledger, at the Schools.

FEMALE CHARITY AND GIRLS' NATIONAL SCHOOL.—*Income*.—About £120, from endowment. School fees, 4d. a week. For girls of Hammersmith, 30 of whom are educated free. Application should be made to the schoolmistress. *Trustees*, the vicar and churchwardens, and others. *Schoolmistress*, Mrs. Wren.

ST. PETER'S FREE SCHOOLS, Dalling Road, Hammersmith. For boys and girls of the parish. *Hon. Secretary and Trustee*, Mr. Sutherland, at the School.

Apprenticing.

LADY NEVILL'S CHARITY (*see* p. 441).

Alms-houses, Pensions, &c.

LATYMER'S CHARITY.—(For income, *see* 'Education,' *above*). Provides a fund of £75 a year, to be distributed among six poor deserving aged men of good character, residing in the parish of Hammersmith, either in money, clothing, or other necessaries. *Trustees*, the vicar and churchwardens of Hammersmith, and others.

ILES' ALMSHOUSES.—*Income*.—About £220. For poor 'widows or single women of Hammersmith, of honest fame and conversation; in default of such women, for poor widowers, or unmarried men, of Hammersmith, of like fame and conversation.' Inmates receive 4s. a week each, with coals. *Trustees*, the vicar of Hammersmith, and others.

WASTE LANDS ALMSHOUSE CHARITY, Victoria Road, Starch Green, W.—*Income*.—About £180. For nine almspeople, men and women, selected from such old inhabitants of the parish of Hammersmith as are deserving and of irreproachable character; preference being given to such as have formerly been ratepayers, and to a man and his wife. No person eligible who, at time of election, is in receipt of parochial relief. *Applications* for admission must be made in writing. *Clerk*, Mr. Bingham Watson, 16 Bridge Road, Hammersmith.

SMITH'S ALMSHOUSES, Waterloo Street, Hammersmith.—*Income*.—£240. For poor inhabitants, male or female. Each inmate receives an allowance of 7s. a week. *Secretary*, Mr. George Saunders, 111 King Street West, Hammersmith, W.

Food, Fuel, &c.

DR. EDWARDS and BISHOP KING.—*Income.*—About £130 (moiety with Fulham). Distributed at Christmas in coals, meat, and groceries. *Trustees*, vicar and churchwardens, and others. *Clerk*, Mr. Bingham Watson, 16 Bridge Road, Hammersmith.

CALLOP.—£1. 6s. 2d. **POWELL.**—£1. 14s. 4d. **WEBB.**—£1. 11s. 2d. **DAUNCER.**—£1. 10s. These four charities are distributed by the vicar, churchwardens, and overseers, in coals, meat, or groceries, to poor inhabitants.

CLANCY.—£6. 3s. 10d.; distributed in coals by churchwardens and overseers on Christmas eve to poor widows.

Clothing.

SIR N. CRISPE.—*Income.*—About £57; distributed in blankets by the vicar and churchwardens and others, who are the trustees, assisted by the incumbents of the parish.

PETER BROWN.—£39; distributed on 1st January by vicar, churchwardens, and others, the trustees, in blankets, 'one each to aged persons, widows, and those who have large families, and are of good character.'

Money Gifts.

ALLEN.—£10; distributed by the vicar and churchwardens to 20 poor inhabitants or housekeepers in sums of 10s. each on New Year's day.

PAYNE.—£3; distributed amongst 24 poor persons.

Miscellaneous.

STEPHEN BURTON.—10s. for maintenance of the chapel in Hammersmith; received by the vicar.

III.—PARISH OF PADDINGTON.

Area.—1,251 acres. **Population (1881).**—107,098. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1889).—953 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1889).—591 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Paddington children at West London District Schools** (daily average number maintained year ended Lady Day, 1889).—104. **Qualification for Guardian.**—A poor-rate assessment of not less than £30 a year. **Number of Guardians:** 25 *ex-officio*; none nominated; 18 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—A rating of £40. **Number of Vestrymen:** 72, exclusive of chairman, elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, the Workhouse, Harrow Road, W. *Clerk*, Mr. Henry F. Aveling. *Day of meeting*, Wednesday (fortnightly). *Relieving Officers*: north, Mr. J. E. Freeth, 69 Thorngate Road, W.; south, Mr. W. J. Dyson; west, Mr. C. B. Nichols, 22 Woodfield Road, W. *Vaccination Officer*, Mr. W. Dudman, 29 Chippenham Road, W. *District Medical Officers*: Dr. A. T. Scholefield, 141 Westbourne Terrace, W.; Dr. W. T. Evans, 13 Westbourne Park Road, W.; Dr. E. Hibbard, 1 Waltherton Road, Westbourne Park, W. **Workhouse**, Harrow Road, W. **Infirmaries**, at the Workhouse. **Dispensary**, at the Workhouse, Harrow Road, W. **Casual Ward**, at the Workhouse. **West London District Schools** (comprising the Fulham and St. George's Unions, and the parish of Paddington), Ashford, Middlesex. *Clerk*, Mr. C. D. Hume, 1 Gloucester Villas, Ashford. *Superintendent*, Mr. F. Purkiss.

VESTRY.

Office, Vestry Hall, Harrow Road, W. **Clerk**, Mr. Frank Dethridge.
Medical Officer of Health, Dr. James Stevenson, 466 Edgware Road, W.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Marylebone Division), 25 Stanhope Street, Euston Road, N.W.
Superintendent of Visitors, Mr. Waller Howard. *Correspondent for the Board Schools in the Marylebone Division*, the Rev. Marmaduke E. Browne.

POLICE COURT.

For St. Marylebone (including Paddington)—Seymour Place, Bryanston Square, W.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 216 Harrow Road, W. (*see* p. 1). Office hours, 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. (Saturdays, 10 to 2); applicants, 10 to 1, except Saturdays. **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**.—Bayswater Conference, Catholic Presbytery, Westmoreland Road, Bayswater, W. Time of meeting, Monday, 8 p.m. **President**, J. St. Lawrence, Esq., 26 Lancaster Road, Notting Hill, W. Notting Hill Conference, Catholic Presbytery, William Street, Portland Road, Notting Hill, W. Time of meeting, Thursday, 8.30 p.m. **President**, F. de Bernhardt, Esq., 23 Blenheim Crescent, Notting Hill, W. **Strangers' Friend Society** (BAYSWATER DISTRICT). **Treasurer**, Mr. Oswald R. Green, 25 Elgin Crescent, Kensington Park, W. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants**.—(ST. MARYLEBONE and PADDINGTON BRANCH), Offices, 151 Marylebone Road; office hours, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. (except Saturday). **Hon. Secretary**, Mrs. Whateley, 4 Southwick Crescent, W. (KILBURN BRANCH), Medical Institute, 1 Greville Road, High Road, Kilburn, N.W. Open Mondays, Tuesdays, and Thursdays, 11 to 1. **Hon. Sec.**, Miss Green, 136 Alexandra Road, South Hampstead, N.W.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

These charities are under the management of the Parochial Trustees. Application to be made to the Vestry Clerk, Vestry Hall, Harrow Road.

Education.

FREEHOLD ESTATE.—Three-fifths of the income is applied to the benefit of the various charity schools in the parish. *Expenditure* (1888).—£583.

THE ENFRANCHISED COPYHOLDS.—Three-fifths of the income is applied to the benefit of the charity schools. *Expenditure* (1888).—£336.

ALMSHOUSE GROUND CHARITY.—£50 a year is paid to the treasurer of St. Mary's Girls' and Infants' Schools for hire of a house for the schoolmistress and assistants.

Apprenticing.

FREEHOLD ESTATE. ENFRANCHISED COPYHOLDS.—One-fifth of the income of each of these estates is applied to apprenticing the sons and daughters of poor parishioners. *Expenditure* (1888).—£337.

Almshouses and Pensions.

ALMSHOUSE GROUND CHARITY.—Pensions of £10 and £15 a year respectively to decayed poor inhabitants of the parish. *Expenditure* (1888).—£159.

MARION MAYNE.—Pensions of not exceeding 6s. a week to poor aged deserving residents of Paddington, not in receipt of parochial (except medical) relief within 12 months of application; females preferred. Also amongst those of same age, those longest resident, and of best character. *Expenditure* (1888).—£144.

SMITH'S CHARITY (1881).—Dividends on £9,985 Consols; distributed in pensions of £20, £15 and £10 to 28 women. *Expenditure* (1888).—£307. 10s.

Food.

ABOURNE.—£9; distributed by churchwardens in meat and bread.

HAINES.—£4. 10s.; distributed by minister and churchwardens of the Old Church to parishioners in bread (also coal). Subject to repair of tomb.

JOHNSON.—£1; distributed by churchwardens in meat.

Fuel.

THE FREEHOLD ESTATE. THE ENFRANCHISED COPYHOLDS.—One-fifth of the income of each of these estates is applied to the distribution of coals (and blankets) to poor residents. *Expenditure* (1888).—£157.

HAINES.—£4. 10s.; distributed by minister and churchwardens of the Old Church to parishioners in coal (also bread). Subject to repair of tomb.

Clothing.

THE FREEHOLD ESTATE. THE ENFRANCHISED COPYHOLDS.—One-fifth of the income of each of these estates is applied to the distribution of blankets (and coals) to poor residents. *Expenditure* (1888).—£112.

Miscellaneous.

MARION MAYNE.—£35 towards maintenance of Paddington Green.

IV.—PARISH OF CHELSEA.

Area.—796 acres. **Population** (1881).—88,101. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1887).—1,680 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1887).—858 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Children at Kensington and Chelsea District Schools** (daily average number maintained, half-year ended Lady Day, 1887).—762. **Qualification for Guardian.**—A rental of £30 a year. Number of Guardians: 5 *ex-officio*; none nominated by Local Government Board; 20 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—A rental of £40 a year, and residence in the parish. Number of Vestrymen: rector and churchwardens *ex-officio*; 60 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, 250 King's Road, Chelsea, S.W. **Clerk,** W. Miller, Esq. Day of meeting, Wednesday (fortnightly in the summer months). **Relieving Officers** (North-East), Mr. Geo. W. Faryon, 264 King's Road, S.W.; (North-West), Mr. F. G. Cronchey, 143 Sidney Street; (South), Mr. W. G. Holland, 8 Glebe Place, S.W.; (Kensal Town District), Mr. J. W. Facey, 163 Kensal Road, W. **Superintendent Registrar of Vaccination,** Mr. W. Miller, Arthur Street, S.W. **District Medical Officers,** Mr. W. A. Bonney, 145 Beaufort Street, Chelsea, S.W.; Mr. J. Erskine, 321 King's Road, S.W.; Dr. Carr H. Roberts, 211 Kensal Road, W.; Mr. W. Keen, 209 King's Road, S.W.; Dr. Frankish, 102 Sloane Street. **Dispenser,** Mr. Fraser. **Workhouse,** Arthur Street, Chelsea, S.W. **Infirmary,** Cale Street, Chelsea, S.W. **Dispensary** (for whole parish, excluding Kensal Town), Britten

Street, Chelsea, S.W. ; hours, 9 to 11 a.m., 5 to 6 p.m. **Casual Ward**, casuals sent to Kensington. **Kensington and Chelsea District Schools** (comprising the parishes of St. Mary Abbots, Kensington, and St. Luke, Chelsea), Banstead, Surrey. *Clerk to the Managers*, Mr. J. H. Rutherglen, Marloes Road, Kensington, W.

VESTRY.

Office, King's Road, Chelsea, S.W. *Clerk*, Mr. J. Eisdell Salway. *Medical Officer of Health*, Dr. A. W. Barclay, 23a Bruton Street, Berkeley Square, W.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Chelsea Division), 8 Russell Gardens, Kensington, W. *Correspondent for the Board Schools in the Chelsea Division*, Mr. J. Cook. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. W. H. Ware.

POLICE COURT.

(Westminster), Vincent Square, Westminster, S.W. (Hammersmith), Vernon Street, Hammersmith Road, W.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 278 King's Road, Chelsea, S.W. Office hours, 10 to 1 (*see* p. 1). **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**.—Chelsea Conference, St. Mary's Presbytery, Cadogan Street, S.W. Time of meeting, Sunday, 12.30. *President*, W. Hussey Walsh, Esq., 1 Glendower Place, S.W. **Strangers' Friend Society**.—(CHELSEA DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. John Court, Almaville, Balham Park Road, Tooting, S.W. (PIMLICO DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. Henry Tull, 87 Hugh Street, Pimlico, S.W. **Almoners of the Society for the Relief of Distress**, Miss Younghusband, Mr. C. R. Seymour. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants** (CHELSEA BRANCH).—Office, 20 Markham Street, S.W. Office hours, 10 to 1 (*except Saturdays*). St. John's Mission Hall, Dartrey Road, S.W. Office hours, Tuesday and Thursday, 11 to 1. *Hon. Secretary*, Miss Robertson, 1 Selwood Place, Onalow Gardens, S.W.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.*

Education.

UNITED WESTMINSTER SCHOOLS (*see* p. 416). EMANUEL SCHOOL (*see* p. 417).

CHAMBERLAYNE.—£5 ; paid to the master of the parochial schools by the rector and churchwardens for the education of five poor boys who are elected by the Vestry.

READ.—£2. 2s. ; paid to Knightsbridge Charity School.

SMITH.—£2. 2s. ; paid by the churchwardens to the Parish Charity Schools for boys and girls.

CHELSEA PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS (1705).—*Income* (from endowment).—About £80 ; also supported by voluntary contributions, grants from Committee of Council on Education, &c. For boys and girls. *President*, the rector of St. Luke's, Chelsea. The churchwardens are *ex-officio* members of the Committee.

LADY HASTINGS FUND, Female School, Chelsea Hospital.—*Income*.—About £100. For daughters of in or out-pensioners of the Royal

* Detailed information published by the Vestry, price 2d.

Hospital (children of in-pensioners have preference). They are sent to neighbouring schools and clothed until 12 or 13 years of age, when they are sent to industrial schools in order to be trained as domestic servants. If possible, parents or relations must pay part of cost of maintenance in the industrial schools. *Application* to be made to the Rev. Sydney Clark, the chaplain, Royal Hospital, Chelsea, S. W.

Apprenticing.

CHAMBERLAYNE.—£10 every other year to apprentice one of the boys educated by the charity; if no such boy fit to be apprenticed, any other poor child may be selected by the Vestry. Apply to the rector and churchwardens of Chelsea.

FLOOD.—£28; £9 for apprenticing a boy, £9 for a girl, with £5 each for clothing. The apprentices are taken from the Chelsea Parochial Charity Schools, by the committee of management of the schools.

Alms-houses, Pensions, &c.

DACRE.—This charity presents two in-pensioners, one man and one woman, to Emanuel Hospital, Westminster. They must be at least 56 years of age, single, sober, and honest, and have become poor by casual misfortune, and not by immorality; not possessed of more than £200, or entitled to an income of more than £10 a year. They have a residence, three tons of coals a year, and a pension of £20. Also one male out-pensioner on the Hospital, who receives £10 a year; and three children, one boy, two girls, not under 7 or over 10 years of age, who are maintained and educated at the expense of the Hospital; some of whom, on leaving, are apprenticed. In-pensioners are elected from the out-pensioners, all out-pensioners being summoned to attend the elections. Upon vacancy occurring by death, removal, or expulsion, 'the alderman in rotation' has the privilege of filling up the vacancy. Candidates for out-pensions must be Protestant housekeepers for upwards of three years immediately preceding date of application; have paid the rent, and all parochial taxes, and never have been maintained in a workhouse. Form, including these particulars, has to be signed by clergyman and churchwardens of petitioner's parish, and housekeepers. Certificate or statutory declaration as to age required. A similar certificate is required as to parents of children whom it is sought to have maintained at the Hospital, with undertaking by parents to remove child at age of 14, or when required to do so by governors, with certificate or statutory declaration as to age, and medical certificate as to freedom of child from lameness, disease, rupture, bodily weakness, or infirmity or infection. *Application* for information should be made to the Clerk, Emanuel Hospital, Westminster, S. W.

DENYER.—About £210; distributed yearly before the 6th January by the rector and churchwardens; £7 each to four poor spinsters, parishioners, not under 60 years of age, of good character, constant, when able, at some place of worship, who have never been beggars. Also four sums of £11. 12s. 7d. under similar conditions. Also, on or before 30th July, seven sums of £17 each. Notice is given in all the churches and chapels of the parish on the two last Sundays in every year, during divine service, of the distribution of the 6th January. Whenever it is necessary to select annuitants, notice of the bequest, and of the time of making selection, is given one month previously in the parish churches of Christ Church, Newgate Street, of St. Luke, Chelsea, St. Pancras, and St. James, Westminster, on a Sunday during divine service. Parishioners of those parishes have preference, if equally distressed, and, by the atten-

tation of three credible housekeepers, as deserving as any other. Gifts are also made to unsuccessful applicants. *Official Trustee*, the rector of Chelsea for the time being.

Food.

FRANKLIN.—£3; distributed by the churchwardens and overseers in bread amongst the poor of the parish in December and January.

HUNTON.—£1. 1s. 8d.; distributed by rector and churchwardens in the week before Christmas among the most necessitous poor widows of the parish, and those with large families.

GREGORY.—15s. 8d.; distributed by rector and churchwardens amongst poor of the parish on 18th December.

LONG.—£3. 11s. 4d.; distributed by churchwardens and overseers on 14th January amongst such poor as are not wholly supported by the parish.

SMITH.—£8. 5s.; distributed by rector and churchwardens to such poor persons of the parish as they think proper, on 8th August.

SAMMON.—£6. 6s.; distributed by rector and churchwardens to the poor of the parish not receiving alms, the day before Christmas Day.

HATCHETT.—£3. 7s. 4d.; distributed by rector, churchwardens, and overseers on 2nd January amongst such poor persons (parishioners) as they deem most deserving.

DENYER.—£2; distributed by rector and churchwardens amongst the poor of the parish.

CHEYNEY.—£1. 2s.; distributed in the parish church to the poor on 10th March by churchwardens and overseers.

EGGLETON.—£6; distributed in shoulders of mutton, and bread, by the rector and churchwardens on Christmas Eve, to 20 poor married persons having families, recommended by respectable housekeeper of the parish; the tenants of 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 Lordship Place, and of 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 Waterloo Place, occupying those houses on Christmas Eve, to be 12 of the recipients, whether married, and having families or not, so long as such houses are the property of any relative of the testatrix, but no longer.

FLOOD.—£8. 15s.; £7. 5s. distributed by committee of management of Chelsea Parochial Charity Schools on 13th January; £1. 10s. distributed by rector, churchwardens, and treasurer of Parish Charity Schools on 1st January.

FORBES.—£6. 4s. 4d.; paid by rector for repairing tomb, and for bread for the poor.

Fuel.

HUNTON.—£4. 4s.; distributed by rector and churchwardens in the week before Christmas amongst the most necessitous poor widows of the parish, and those with large families.

SAMMON.—£5; distributed by rector and churchwardens to the poor of the parish not receiving alms, the day before Christmas Day.

NORMAN.—£3. 7s. 2d.; distributed by the overseers in the last week in January to poor persons residing in the parish, whether they belong to it or not.

ROGERS.—£3. 9s.; distributed by rector and churchwardens on 21st December to aged poor.

Clothing.

ROGERS.—£5. 5s.; distributed in blankets, by rector and churchwardens on 21st December, to aged poor.

CADOGAN GIFT.—Clothes 10 boys and 10 girls of the Parochial Charity School.

Money Gifts.

LEVERETT.—£10; one-fourth distributed by churchwardens and overseers quarterly, in sums of 10s., 5s., and 2s. 6d. on July 1st; 5s. and 2s. 6d. on September 30th; 7s. 6d., 5s., and 2s. 6d. on January 1st; and 10s., 7s. 6d., 5s., and 2s. 6d. on April 1st, to poor housekeepers and inhabitants of Great Chelsea not receiving parish relief.

GUILDFORD.—£8; distributed by rector, churchwardens, and overseers, on 6th December, to eight males and eight females (poor parishioners), in sums of 10s. each.

CALE.—£6. 18s.; distributed by rector and churchwardens on 21st December, in sums of 23s. each, to six poor widows of the parish.

BURNSALL.—£9. 9s.; distributed in sums of £1. 1s. on 6th December, by rector, churchwardens, and overseers, amongst poor decayed housekeepers of the parish not having been public beggars or chargeable on the parish.

ABBOTT.—£8. 3s. 3d.; distributed by churchwardens on 1st January, in sums of £1. 7s. 2½d. each, to six poor old decayed women, those that have been housekeepers and parishioners having preference.

ASHFIELD.—£30; distributed by rector and churchwardens on 21st December, in sums of £1 each, to 30 poor widows who have been housekeepers in the parish at least 10 years.

GIBBS.—£18. 18s. distributed by rector and churchwardens on 1st January, in sums of 10s. 6d. each, to 18 poor men and 18 poor women, being parishioners, above 60 years of age, who have not at any time been maintained in the workhouse.

FLOOD.—£30; distributed by the church trustees on 13th January, to one deserving man, £15, a parishioner of 60 years of age or upwards, who has been or is a householder in the parish, who shall have attended the examination and sermon on that morning in the church; to one deserving woman, £15, not the wife of the man, on the same conditions.

RAWLINGS.—£14; distributed by rector and churchwardens on 21st December to whom they consider the four most deserving poor housekeepers, or who have been housekeepers, in the parish, male or female, in equal parts. No person to receive the charity for two consecutive years.

WOOD.—£31. 17s. 4d. The distributors are 16 in number (four from each ward), appointed by the Vestry every half-year, who pay, in April, to six poor persons, £2. 10s. each, to one person 18s. 8d.; and a similar distribution is made in October.

Miscellaneous.

LEVERETT.—£4 for a dinner for churchwardens, overseers, constables, and clerk of the parish.

DENYER.—£3 is paid to vestrywoman.

SMITH.—£2. 2s. for a sermon, and £1. 1s. to choir fund.

GUILDFORD.—£1. 1s. 6d. for sermon; 2s. 6d. to choir fund; 16s. to bellringers.

STEWART.—£3 for sermon.

FLOOD.—£2 to clergyman who publicly examines children of the parochial schools in the parish church, on 13th January, and preaches a sermon thereafter peculiarly adapted to the capacities and situations of the children of the schools. £1 each to the boy and girl who appear to him most deserving of reward; £1 each to the boy and girl who, in the opinion of the schoolmaster and schoolmistress, have been most punctual and attentive; 1s. each to seven girls and eight boys singing on the morning of the examination; £1. 10s. to organist for playing on the morning; 10s. to master and mistress of the schools attending; 10s. to

the clerk of the church ; £1. 10s. amongst vestry-room keepers, pew openers, and such persons as are made useful on the morning ; £9 for a repast to nine officials ; £3 for a repast to the schoolmaster, schoolmistress, and others, not exceeding nine.

V.—ST. GEORGE'S UNION.

Area.—1,943 acres. **Population (1881).**—149,603. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—2,042 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—410 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **St. George's children at West London District Schools** (daily average number maintained, half-year ended Lady Day, 1888).—183. **Qualification for Guardian.**—A rating to the poor of £40 a year. Number of Guardians : 34 *ex-officio* ; nil nominated ; 30 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—A rating of £30. Number of vestrymen : 121—12 nominated, 109 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, Vestry Hall, Mount Street, W. *Clerk,* Mr. Thomas Worlock. Day of meeting, Wednesday, 10.30 (fortnightly during August and September). *Relieving Officers:* *Superintendent,* Mr. W. Collis, Mount Street, W. ; (a) Mr. J. Wray, 2 Montpelier Terrace, S.W. ; (b) Mr. J. West, 46 Westbourne Street, S.W. ; (c) Mr. W. A. Madeley, 26 Colchester Street ; (d) Mr. E. J. Badderly, 32 Denbigh Street, S.W. ; (e) Mr. R. B. Hannant, 67 Horseferry Road, S.W. *Vaccination Officer,* Mr. C. O. Elkerton, Mount Street, W. *District Medical Officers,* Mr. S. Benton, 2 Bennett Street, St. James's, S.W. ; Dr. E. L. Webb, 9 St. George's Road, Pimlico, S.W. ; Mr. J. Hunt, 1 St. George's Square, S.W. ; Dr. R. J. Hamill, 295 Vauxhall Bridge Road, S.W. *Dispensers,* Mr. F. Hearne and Mr. A. C. Stark. **Workhouses,** Wallis's Yard, W. ; Fulham Road, S.W. **Infirmary,** Fulham Road, S.W. **Dispensary**—For Relief Districts B, C, D, and E, 128 Victoria Street, S.W. Hours, 11 to 3, 5.30 to 7. **Casual Ward,** Wallis's Yard. **West London District Schools** (comprising the Fulham and St. George's Unions, and the parish of Paddington), Ashford, Middlesex. *Clerk to the Managers,* Mr. C. D. Hume, 1 Gloucester Villas, Ashford.

DISTRICT BOARD OF WORKS.

Westminster (comprising the united parishes of St. Margaret and St. John, and the hamlet of Knightsbridge). **Office,** Town Hall, Caxton Street, Westminster, S.W. *Clerk,* Mr. J. E. Smith. *Medical Officer of Health,* Barnard Holt, Esq., 14 Savile Row, W.

VESTRY.

(St. George, Hanover Square.) **Office,** Vestry Hall, Mount Street, Grosvenor Square, W. *Clerk,* Mr. J. H. Smith. *Medical Officer of Health,* Dr. W. H. Corfield, 10 Bolton Row, Mayfair, W.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Westminster Division), 15 Craven Street, Strand. *Superintendent of Visitors,* Mr. Francis J. Murray. *Correspondent for the Westminster Division,* Mr. G. Plucknett, jun., 20 Northwood Road, Archway Road, Highgate, N.

POLICE COURT.

For Westminster, Vincent Square, Westminster, S.W.; Marlborough Street Police Court, 21 Great Marlborough Street, W.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 48 Buckingham Palace Road, S.W. (see p. 1). Office hours, 10 to 6; Saturdays, 10 to 1; applicants, 10.30 to 4. **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**.—Westminster (St. Edward's) Conference, 25 Palace Street, Pimlico, S.W. Time of meeting, Thursday, 5.30 p.m. *Vice-President*, F. R. Wegg-Prosser, 26 Eaton Square, S.W. Westminster (St. Mary's) Conference, 12 Earl Street, Westminster. Time of meeting, Monday, 9 p.m. *Secretary*, B. F. C. Costelloe, 40 Grosvenor Road, S.W. **Strangers Friend Society**.—(CHELSEA DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. John Court, Balham Park Road, S.W. (WESTMINSTER DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. Welton, 62 Vincent Square, S.W. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants** (WESTMINSTER BRANCH).—Offices, 65 Charlwood Street, Pimlico, S.W. Office hours, 11 to 1 (except Saturdays). *Hon. Sec.*, Mrs. D. Bevan, 4 Lower Berkeley Street, W.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The following charities are available (except where otherwise stated) for residents in the parish of St. George, Hanover Square :—

Education.

GEN. STEUART'S CHARITY.—*Income* (1887).—£262. Schools, 1 South Street, Grosvenor Square, for boys only—'sons of honest, poor persons residing within the parish of St. George, Hanover Square, and members of the Church of England.' Number of boys admitted, 24, who must be above 8 and under 11 years of age. They are clothed and educated until 15 years of age, when they leave. Boys may be apprenticed out of surplus income. The boys are usually selected from the United Day Schools of the parish, but application for admission can be made to the trustees through their Secretary, F. L. Capron, Esq., Savile Pl., Conduit St., W.

* **ST. PAUL'S, KNIGHTSBRIDGE, PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS**.—*Income* (from endowment).—£8. 8s. 6d.

Almshouses, Pensions, &c.

ST. MARTIN-IN-THE-FIELDS ALMSHOUSE AND PENSION FUND.—Almshouses at Camden Town (see under 'St. Martin-in-the-Fields,' p. 682).

Food.

TERWIN.—£10. 10s. ; distributed by the incumbent of St. Gabriel's, Pimlico (his district containing what was formerly known as the Nest House Estate).

Fuel.

WILKINS and TEAGE, £4. 16s., and **DUCHESS OF GLOUCESTER**, £15. 4s. 8d. ; partly distributed in coals to members of the St. George's Coal Club during the winter, partly in coals to poor persons living in the vicinity of Grosvenor Chapel.

Money Gifts.

NASMYTH.—£118. 1s. 6d. ; distributed by rector and churchwardens to deserving poor of the parish who have never received parochial relief.

* No recent information.

Clothing.

TOMLINSON.—£138; for clothing for 70 poor men and women of St. George's, Hanover Square, and St. Martin-in-the-Fields; distributed in November and December. *Trustees*, the rectors of St. George's and St. Martin's, and others.

Medical Relief.

CRAVEN PEST-HOUSE FIELD CHARITY (*see* under 'St. Martin-in-the-Fields,' p. 683).

The following charities are (except where otherwise stated) available for residents in the parishes of St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster:—

By a scheme of the Charity Commissioners, sealed May 31, 1889, a body of 14 trustees was created, the rectors of St. Margaret's and St. John's being *ex-officio* members. The Forrest Charity and the Grinsell Charity for apprenticing—the former having been previously managed by the churchwardens, and the latter by special trustees—are amalgamated and administered as a separate charity by the newly-created trustees. The Vandon Charity is also placed under their control. Twenty-one of the smaller charities, the funds of which were dispensed in doles by the churchwardens, are amalgamated under the name of the Consolidated Charity. Subject to the payment of £1 per annum for the benefit of poor prisoners in respect of Goddard's Charity, and the payment of pensions to certain recipients under Barnett's, Chapman's, Griffin's, and Hughes' Charities, the whole of the funds of the Consolidated Charity will be at the disposal of the trustees. The charities amalgamated by the new scheme are the following:—Bacchus, Bagnall, Barnett, Castell, Chapman, Dunch, English, Goddard, Griffin, Hanwell and Hampden, Hughes, Holborn, Collinson and Fillingham, Hill, Mills, Mitchell, Mucklow, Owen, Peters, Earl of Salisbury, Sneyd, Stafford, and Stocker. The total capital sum represented by these various charities is £9,158. 8s. 10d., and, with the exception of two small rent-charges, consists of Government Stock. *Clerk to the Trustees*, Mr. J. E. Smith, Town Hall, Westminster, S.W.

Education.

UNITED WESTMINSTER SCHOOLS (*see* p. 416). BLUE COAT SCHOOL (*see* p. 418). GREY COAT HOSPITAL (*see* p. 418). EMANUEL SCHOOL (*see* p. 417). UNITED WESTMINSTER ALMSHOUSES (*see* under 'Alms-houses, Pensions, &c.,' p. 658).

Apprenticing.

FORREST AND GRINSELL.—*Income*.—About £180. To be applied by the trustees (*see* above) in apprenticing children who are and have been for not less than five years scholars in some public elementary school, and who have received a testimonial of good conduct, and have reached the fourth standard. The amount of the premium must not exceed £25, except with the sanction of the Charity Commissioners. A reward of not exceeding £5 in any one case may be given to apprentices distinguished for good conduct.

RAMPAYNE (*see* 'Westminster Technical Fund,' p. 417).

CUTLER (*see* 'Westminster Technical Fund,' p. 417).

LADY NEVILL (*see* p. 441).

Money Gifts.

THE CONSOLIDATED CHARITY.—The trustees (*see* above) are empowered to apply each year a sum of not exceeding £50 in paying subscriptions or donations to coal clubs, clothing clubs, provident societies,

to contribute to the cost of emigration, and to grant temporary money relief in cases of sudden loss or destitution.

DICKINSON.—£150; distributed by the rectors of St. Margaret's and St. John's, Westminster, and of Acton, among nine married couples of those parishes.

DUCHESS OF SOMERSET.—£515. 15s. 8d.; distributed to inhabitants of the parishes of St. Margaret and St. John who do not receive parish relief. *Clerk*, Russell Rogers, Esq., 7 Westminster Chambers, Victoria Street, S.W.

BAGSHAW.—£56. 8s.; distributed in sums of 20s. each, on the 14th November, to decayed persons who have been or are householders of the parish of St. Margaret. *Clerk*, W. M. Trollope, Esq., 31 Abingdon Street, Westminster, S.W.

BUSBY.—*Income* applicable, £200, to poor ministers or curates of the counties of Lincoln, Bucks, Oxford, and Middlesex, who must be appointed lecturers under Dr. Busby's will; £20 for theological prize at Balliol College, Oxford; £31 for lecturer appointed by Christ Church, Oxford, at one of the churches. The schools at Willen, Newport Pagnell, are kept up, the tithes paid, and the vicar's stipend increased by £60. Coals, &c., are given to the poor; £10. 10s. a year to poor, and £5 to schools at Stoke Goldington. Whenever possible about £500 or more is distributed: £200 to widows and orphans of poor clergy in Lincolnshire, £100 to widows and orphans of poor clergy in Oxon and Bucks, and £200 to poor housekeepers of St. Margaret's and St. John's, Westminster, selected from lists supplied by the rectors, in grants not exceeding £5. *Receiver*, Mr. J. C. Thynne, Cloisters, Westminster Abbey.

WESTBROOK.—£9 (£8 of which for food and fuel), for Christ Church, Broadway. *Trustee*, the vicar of Christ Church.

Almshouses and Pensions.

WHICHER'S ALMSHOUSES, Fentiman Road, South Lambeth.—For four men. *Income.*—About £68. Candidates must be over 60 years of age, and resident in the united parishes of St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster. They are appointed by the Dean of Westminster and the Bishop of London, alternately. They receive an allowance of £1. 2s. a month, and coals. *Trustees*, the Dean and Chapter of Westminster. *Hon. Secretary*, C. St. Clare Bedford, Esq., Chapter Clerk, Office, Sanctuary, Westminster, S.W.

KIFFORD.—*Income.*—£11. 14s. 11d. Almshouses, Fentiman Road, South Lambeth; for two poor gentlewomen of Westminster, who receive an allowance of £15 a year. *Trustees*, the Dean and Chapter of Westminster. *Receiver*, Mr. J. C. Thynne, Cloisters, Westminster Abbey, S.W.

CORNWALLIS.—About £45; paid to inmates of Kifford's and Whicher's Almshouses. *Trustees*, &c., same as Kifford's.

UNITED WESTMINSTER ALMSHOUSES, Rochester Row, Westminster, S.W.—Palmer, Emery Hill, Butler, and Chadwick Fund (Emery Hill). *Income.*—About £2,000. £100 set apart for exhibitions for, or apprenticing the fatherless children, not less than 12 years of age, of either sex, of poor inhabitants of St. Margaret's, Westminster, and St. John the Evangelist. Children to be eligible must have attended some public elementary or certified school not less than three years immediately preceding award of exhibition or apprenticeship; and have received from principal teacher a certificate of good conduct, regularity, and proficiency. The almshouses are for eight married couples and 18 other persons of either sex, being respectively widowers or bachelors, or widows or spinsters. They must be poor persons of good character, not less than 60 years of age, who have resided in the united parishes of St. Margaret and St.

John, Westminster, or one of them, for not less than 10 years next preceding time of their appointment (except in special cases), not received poor law relief during that time, and unable from age, ill health, accident, or infirmity, to maintain themselves. Preference given to those reduced by misfortune from better circumstances, who have been born in the above united parishes, or one of them, or have resided therein for the longest period. Inmates receive (married couples), not exceeding £36; (unmarried persons), not exceeding £24 a year each, with coals and medical attendance. *Out-pensions* (£20 each), are also granted to married couples, widowers, bachelors, widows, or spinsters; the conditions of admission being the same as for inmates of the almshouses. Application should be made to the Superintendent, at the Almshouses, Rochester Row, Westminster, S.W.

THE CONSOLIDATED CHARITY.—The trustees (*see above*) are empowered to grant six pensions of not less than 6s. and not more than 8s. per week to poor persons, either men or women, who have been resident in either St. Margaret's or St. John's parish for not less than five years, and who have not during that period received parish relief. The pensions are granted for three years, but may be prolonged for further periods of like duration. The trustees may also make contributions towards the purchase of annuities in aid of any income already possessed by a recipient, and which has been produced by his or her own exertions and providence.

MARSH.—£12; pensions of £3 each, to four poor widows, resident in the united parishes of St. Margaret and St. John, Westminster, who are appointed by the respective rectors.

EMANUEL HOSPITAL (*see pp. 243, 416*).

WESTMINSTER CHEST SOCIETY TRUSTEESHIP.—Pensions to poor, aged, decayed and maimed watermen and their widows, belonging to parishes of St. Mary and St. John, Westminster, called the Westminster Chest Society, who formerly held ferries, and were compensated on building of Westminster and Vauxhall bridges. *Income.*—Dividend on £2,760. 18s. 1d., which is paid to stewards of the Society.

Food.

FUND OF THE DEAN AND CHAPTER, by Statute of Queen Elizabeth.—Forty widows receive a loaf of bread, 1½ lbs. of beef, and a gift of 2d. every Saturday. Recipients are appointed by the Dean.

Medical Relief.

VANDON CHARITY.—Dividends of £4,822. 13s. 5d. New Consols; to be applied in providing nurses for the benefit of poor sick persons and not in receipt of parish relief. The trustees may pay over the whole or any portion of the annual income to any nursing association, should they be of opinion that the interests of the persons entitled to the benefits of the charity may best be served by the adoption of such a course. *Clerk to the Trustees*, Mr. J. E. Smith, Town Hall, Westminster.

THE CONSOLIDATED CHARITY.—The trustees (*see p. 657*) are empowered to set apart the sum of £100 per annum for the benefit of poor persons suffering from accident, sickness, or infirmity, by providing nurses, or by payment of subscriptions or donations to nursing institutions, hospitals, dispensaries, or convalescent institutions.

Miscellaneous.

***ARCHDEACON BENTINCK.**—£160. 8s. 6d.; for incumbent and curate of Holy Trinity, Bessborough Gardens.

***DICKINSON.**—£50; for advancement.

* No recent information.

VI.—ST. JAMES'S AND SOHO (WESTMINSTER UNION).

Area.—216 acres. **Population (1881).**—46,456. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1887).—765 (average in receipt of relief on 1st January and 1st July). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1887).—350 (average in receipt of relief on 1st January and 1st July). **Children at District Schools and other Institutions** (average number during half-year ending Lady Day, 1887).—175. **Qualification for Guardian.**—A rating of £40. **Number of Guardians:** 4 *ex-officio*; none nominated; 18 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—Same as for Guardian. **Number of Vestrymen:** (St. James's), 3 *ex-officio*; 48 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, Poland Street, Oxford Street, W. **Clerk,** Mr. Joseph Bond. **Day of meeting,** Tuesday (fortnightly). **Relieving Officers** (Eastern), Mr. T. H. Madge, 51 Greek Street; (Western), Mr. T. R. Warren, 52 Wardour Street, W. **Vaccination Officer,** Mr. W. Boyce, Workhouse, Poland Street, W. **District Medical Officers,** Mr. E. Sandwell, 10 Charles Street, Soho Square, W.; Mr. G. E. C. Jackson, 17 Poland Street, W. **Dispenser,** Mr. W. H. Pardoe. **Workhouse,** Poland Street, W. **Central London Sick Asylum District** (comprising the Strand and Westminster Unions, and the parishes of St. Giles-in-the-Field and St. George, Bloomsbury), Cleveland Street, Fitzroy Square, W. **Clerk to the Managers,** Mr. William Appleton, at the Asylum. **Dispensary,** Poland Street, W. **Hours,** 10 to 2, 5 to 7. **Casual Ward,** Macklin Street, Drury Lane, W.C. **School,** Battersea, S.W. **Superintendent,** Mr. H. R. Spooner.

VESTRY.

Office (for St. James's, Westminster).—Vestry Hall, Piccadilly, W. **Clerk,** Mr. Harry Wilkins. **Medical Officer of Health,** Mr. James Edmunds, M.D., 8 Grafton Street, Bond Street, W. **District Board of Works** (STRAND DISTRICT, which includes St. Ann's, Soho), 5 Tavistock Street, Strand, W.C. **Clerk,** Mr. T. M. Jenkins. **Medical Officer of Health,** Mr. Conway Evans, M.D., Garden House, Clement's Inn, W.C.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Westminster Division), 16 Craven Street, Strand. **Superintendent of Visitors,** Mr. Francis Murray. **Correspondent for the Westminster Division,** Mr. G. Plucknett, 20 Northwood Road, Archway Road, Highgate, N.

POLICE COURTS.

Great Marlborough Street, W.; and Vincent Square, Westminster, S.W.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 40 Great Pulteney Street, W. **Office hours,** 10 to 6; for resident applicants, 11 to 1; homeless cases, 4 to 5; Saturdays, 11 to 12. **Society of St. Vincent de Paul.**—Warwick Street, Golden Square, Conference, 24 Golden Square, W. **Time of meeting,** Thursday, 8 p.m. **President,** G. Blount, Esq., 28 Old Burlington Street, W. **Soho Conference,** 31 Queen Square, W.C. **Time of**

meeting, Wednesday, 7.45 p.m. *President*, F. Vandenbrande, Esq., 28 Montague Place, W.C. **Strangers' Friend Society.**—(HOLBORN DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. C. Muttler, 11 Theobalds Road, W.C. (MARYLEBONE DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. T. Cousins, 25 Lorn Gardens, Hanover Gate, N.W. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants.**—(WESTMINSTER BRANCH), Offices, 55 Charlwood Street, Pimlico, S.W.; office hours, 11 to 1, except Saturday. *Hon. Secretary*, Mrs. D. Bevan, 4 Lower Berkeley Street, W.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. James, Westminster:—

Education.

BURLINGTON MIDDLE CLASS SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, Boyle Street, W. (see p. 419).

ARCHBISHOP TENISON'S CHAPEL AND SCHOOL.—*Income.*—About £580. One-fourth for Archbishop Tenison's School, St. Martin-in-the-Fields; remainder for Chapel (see Tenison's School, p. 420). *Secretary*, Mr. J. Redman, St. James's Church Vestry, Piccadilly, W.

OFFERTORY SCHOOL.—*Income* (1888) (including £14 from Knightsbridge, Allen, and others).—£216. The school is not now carried on, the income being applied for the advancement of the education of boys at any public elementary school in the parish of St. James. *Governors*, the churchwardens and others.

Apprenticing.

LADY NEVILL (see 'General Charities,' p. 441).

NEWTON AND BAGSHAW.—£37: to apprentice, at premium of £20 or £25, one boy annually from the Union School, Tooting. *Trustees*, the churchwardens, overseers, governors, and directors of the poor. Office, at the Vestry Hall, Piccadilly, W.

Almshouses and Pensions.

ST. MARTIN-IN-THE-FIELDS ALMSHOUSE AND PENSION CHARITY.—Almshouses at Camden Town (see under 'St. Martin-in-the-Fields,' p. 682.)

DENYER (see 'Parish of Chelsea, p. 652).

Fuel, &c.

KNIGHTSBRIDGE, ALLEN, and others.—£61. 17s. 10d.; distributed to sick and visiting fund for the poor in coals, by the rector; to Offertory School fund; and in bread and coals by churchwardens.

Money Gifts.

BRODER, PORTEUS, AND DEAN ANDREWES.—£23. 4s. 8d. Paid to poor householders and others at the discretion of the rector.

LE QUANTER.—£301; distributed at Christmas equally among 20 poor persons who are, or have been, householders in the parish, such as the rector, churchwardens, and vestry deem proper objects. *Application* is by petition, to be obtained of the vestry clerk at the Vestry Hall, Piccadilly, W. In the event of the number of applicants exceeding 20, preference is given to those who have been resident ratepayers in the parish not less than three years, or to those who have been resident in the parish, whether as ratepayers or lodgers, within five years immediately preceding application.

FORSTER.—£13. 6s. 8d.; distributed among six poor deserving women, by the rector (subject to repair of tomb).

PAYLER.—£30. 10s. 8d. ; to be divided equally between 20 poor deserv- ing persons resident in the parish. *Trustees*, the rector and church- wardens.

SMITH.—£2. 18s. ; distributed to the poor by the rector.

ATKINSON MORLEY'S FUND.—£82. 8s. 2d. ; divided equally amongst 10 widows of tradesmen, who at their deaths were parishioners, and rated to the poor at not less than £20 a year. *Trustees*, the rector and others.

SEWARD.—Dividends of £100 South Sea Annuities towards the relief of the poor of the congregation of Particular Baptists in Grafton Street, Westminster. *Trustees*, Rev. J. W. Todd, D.D., Dartmouth Park, Forest Hill, S.E.; Rev. David Jones, Brixton, S.W.; and others.

Medical Relief.

EARL CRAVEN'S PEST-HOUSE FIELD CHARITY (*see* under 'St. Martin-in-the-Fields,' p. 683).

JACKSON.—£78; expended in the payment of subscriptions to convalescent hospitals, for the benefit of the poor. Administered by rector, churchwardens, and overseers.

Miscellaneous.

ST. LUKE'S ENDOWMENT.—£139. 19s. 2d. ; paid to incumbent of district church of St. Luke.

ST. LUKE'S CHURCH REPAIR FUND.—£31. 17s. 6d.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. Anne, Soho :—

Almshouses, Pensions, &c.

ST. MARTIN-IN-THE-FIELDS ALMSHOUSE AND PENSION CHARITY.—Almshouses at Camden Town (*see* under 'St. Martin-in-the-Fields,' p. 682).

Apprenticing.

LADY NEVILL (*see* p. 441).

Money Gifts.

SNOWDEN.—£3 ; distributed amongst distressed shoemakers' families by the rector.

Miscellaneous.

CHURCH CHARITY.—£2. 10s. ; for church purposes.

VII.—PARISH OF ST. MARYLEBONE.

Area.—1,506 acres. **Population** (1881).—155,004. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—2,724 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—1,660 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Children at **District School**, Southall (daily average attendance, half-year ended Lady Day, 1888).—326. **Qualification for Guardian.**—Residence in the parish at a rental of £40 a year. Number of Guardians : 37 *ex-officio* ; none nominated ; 18 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—A rating of £40. Number of Vestrymen : 7 *ex-officio* ; 120 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, Northumberland Street, Marylebone. **W. Clerk**, Mr. Joseph Bedford. Day of meeting, Monday (fortnightly). **Relieving Officers**, Mr. G. C. Soper, 17 Stafford Street, N.W. ; Mr. W. T.

Cooper, 47 East Street, Baker Street, W. ; Mr. W. Parsons, 1A Charles Street, Portland Town, N.W. ; Mr. C. J. Hunt, Little Union Place, Lisson Grove, N.W. ; Mr. H. J. Stranack, 18 Charlotte Street, Portland Place, W. ; Mr. J. W. Sivyver, 15 Harcourt Street, W. *Assistant Settlement Clerk*, Mr. E. W. Timewell. *Vaccination Officer*, Mr. W. Dawn, 77 Welbeck Street, W. *District Medical Officers*, Mr. F. W. Spurgin, 14 Henrietta Street, W. ; Mr. W. Rayner, 4 Dorset Square ; Dr. Norman Kerr, 42 Grove Road, N.W. ; Mr. M. Thomas, M.D., 39 Nottingham Place, W. ; Mr. J. H. Gibson, M.D., 56 Maida Vale, W. *Work-house*, Northumberland Street, W. *Infirmary*, Rackham Street, Ladbrooke Grove Road, W. *Dispensaries* : For St. Mary's, Rectory, All Souls, and Cavendish Relief Districts, 47 East Street, Manchester Square, W. Hours, 9 a.m. to 1 p.m., 3 to 5 p.m., 6 to 7.30 p.m., and at 10 p.m. For St. John's and Christ Church Relief Districts, Little Union Place, Lisson Grove, N.W. Hours, same as above. *Casual Ward*, York Court, David Street, Baker Street, W. *School*, Southall. *Superintendent*, Mr. John Paton.

VESTRY.

Office, Court House, Marylebone Lane, W. *Clerk*, Mr. W. H. Garbutt. *Medical Officer of Health*, Mr. A. W. Blyth 15 Norfolk Road, St. John's Wood, N.W.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (St. Marylebone Division), 25 Stanhope Street, Euston Road, W.C. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. Waller Howard. *Correspondent for the Board Schools in the St. Marylebone Division*, the P. M. E Browne.

POLICE COURT.

(Marylebone), Seymour Place, Bryanston Square, W.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 240 Marylebone Road, N.W. Office hours (for general business), 10 to 5 ; (for applicants), 10 to 1, Saturdays 10 to 11 (see p. 1). *Society of St. Vincent de Paul*.—St. John's Wood Conference, Presbytery, Grove Road, N.W. Time of meeting, Sunday, 3.15 p.m. *President*, J. G. Kenyon, Esq., 24 Dorset Square, N.W. Spanish Place Conference, 28 Orchard Street, Portman Square, W. Time of meeting, Sunday, 3 p.m. *President*, W. Martin Edmunds, Esq., 24 Great Cumberland Place, W. *Vice-President*, Count de Torre Diaz, 21 Devonshire Place, W. *Strangers' Friend Society*.—(MARYLEBONE DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. T. Cousins, 25 Lorn Gardens, Hanover Gate, N.W. *Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants*.—(ST. MARYLEBONE AND PADDINGTON BRANCH), *Offices* 151 Marylebone Road, N.W. Office hours (except Saturday), 11 to 1 *Hon. Secretary*, Mrs. Whately, 4 Southwick Crescent, W.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

Education.

CHARITY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, Devonshire Place North, Marylebone Road.—*Income* (from endowment).—About £400, which is supplemented by voluntary subscriptions, &c. Maintains, clothes, educates, and qualifies for useful servants the daughters of the poor inhabitants of all the districts of the parish, who are elected by the subscribers. Elections take place in

May and November. Children also admitted on payment of £18 a year at 8 years of age, pending election at 10 years of age. No child can be nominated before 8 years of age, or allowed to stand an election before 10 or after 12 years, except such as may be recommended for good conduct by the committees of the National Schools in the respective districts, who are eligible until 13; nor to leave the school until 16 years of age. Child must have had smallpox, or been vaccinated. No child with disorder, or bodily infirmity, or of unsound mind, admitted. Nominations of candidates for May elections cannot be received later than first Monday in March, and for November elections not later than first Monday in September, at 11 a.m. Printed copies of recommendation can be had at the school-house. Certificates of parents' marriage and child's birth, and proof of baptism, required, which must be taken, with the recommendation and the child, on the first Monday in the month, to the school-house, at 11 a.m. Children, approved by the Board in the same way as are children who are candidates for election, may be admitted on payment. The nomination of such children must be made on a form provided, and signed by a subscriber and the rector of the district from which the child is taken, who must guarantee the payment, and engage to remove the child if required to do so. A fund exists (annual income £36. 3s. 2d.) for apprenticing children of the charity to the schoolmistress as pupil teachers. *Secretary and Collector*, Mr. D. G. Crisp, at the school-house daily, 3 to 5 p.m.

Almshouses.

ST. MARYLEBONE ALMSHOUSES, St. John's Wood Terrace, N.W. (*see* p. 244).

Food, Fuel, &c.

***VERLEY.**—£2. 10s. ; 12 penny loaves distributed by churchwardens every Sunday after morning service to poor old women of the parish attending at the church.

***VAUGHAN.**—£15. 5s. 4d. (food, fuel, clothing, medicine, or money); distributed at Christmas by trustees to poor of St. Marylebone, more particularly those of the neighbourhood of Lower Berkeley Street, Manchester Square.

Money Gifts.

***HOWARD.**—£31. 5s. 9d. ; distributed by minister and churchwardens on Christmas Eve, in sums of 5s. or more, among those blind people of the parish they consider most deserving.

VIII.—PARISH OF HAMPSTEAD.

Area.—2,248 acres. **Population (1881).**—45,436. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1887).—370 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1887).—203 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Children at **District Schools** (daily average attendance, half year ended Lady Day).—

Qualification for Guardian.—An assessment to the poor rate of £40 a year. Number of Guardians: 6 *ex-officio*; none nominated by Local Government Board; 11 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—Rating of £40. Number of Vestrymen: 3 *ex-officio*; 72 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, Workhouse, New End, Hampstead, N.W. *Clerk*, Mr. Thomas Bridger. Day of meeting, Thursday. *Relieving*

* No recent information.

Officer and Vaccination Officer, Mr. C. Weekley, New End, Hampstead, N.W. *District Medical Officers*, Dr. A. H. Cook, 25 Denning Road, Hampstead, N.W.; Dr. F. A. Hill, Oxford House, 76 Abbey Road, N.W. *Workhouse*, New End, Hampstead, N.W. *Infirmary*, at the Workhouse. *Casual Ward*, New End, Hampstead, N.W.

VESTRY.

Office, Haverstock Hill, N.W. *Clerk*, Mr. Thos. Bridger. *Medical Officer of Health*, Dr. Edmund Gwynn, 2 Rosslyn Hill, N.W.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (St. Marylebone Division), 25 Stanhope Street, Euston Road, N.W. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. W. Howard. *Correspondent for the Board Schools in the St. Marylebone Division*, the Rev. M. E. Browne.

PETTY SESSIONS.

Sessions held every Wednesday at Police Station, Rosslyn Hill, N.W. *Clerk to the Justices*, Mr. Thomas Bridger, Hampstead, N.W.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 58 Gayton Road, Hampstead, N.W. Office hours, 10 to 1. **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**.—St. John's Wood Conference, Presbytery, Grove Road, N.W. Time of meeting, Sunday, 8.30 p.m. *President*, J. G. Kenyon, Esq., 24 Dorset Square. **Strangers' Friend Society**.—(HAVERSTOCK HILL DISTRICT), *District Treasurer* (office vacant at present). **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants**, Wells' Buildings, Hampstead, N.W. Office hours, Wednesdays and Fridays, from 11 to 12. *Hon. Secretary*, Miss Hardcastle, Beechenden, Hampstead.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

Education.

JOHN STOCK and JOHN PETER BLAQUIERES.—*Income*.—About £80. For educating and clothing about 24 poor fatherless children of Hampstead. They receive two suits of clothes yearly; and their school fees are paid at any elementary school in Hampstead under Government inspection. The minister of St. John's parish church, Hampstead, with trustees named by the Vestry, are the managers. *Treasurer*, Capt. Ellis, 7 Abbot's Road, Kilburn.

WELLS and CAMPDEN CHARITY.—*Income*.—About £1,627, of which £150 may be spent in advancing the education of deserving children (of poor parents who have been resident in Hampstead for at least two years immediately preceding the receipt of any benefit), who are attending some public elementary school; by rewards to children at such schools; payments for their continuance at school; and by exhibitions for higher education. *Trustees (ex-officio)*, vicar, churchwardens, and chairman of Board of Guardians of the parish, with other trustees, to make the number up to 20, appointed by the Charity Commissioners. *Clerk*, Mr. F. J. Monro, 11 Queen Victoria Street, E.C.

Apprenticing.

PIERCE—£45. £3 for Bibles and Prayer-books for poor persons (see 'Miscellaneous').

WELLS and CAMPDEN CHARITY.—*Income*.—About £1,627, of which

£150 may be expended in apprenticing, putting out to service, or otherwise advancing in life deserving children of poor parents who have been resident in Hampstead for at least two years immediately preceding the receipt of any benefit. *Trustees*, the vicar, churchwardens, and chairman of the Board of Guardians of the parish (*ex-officio*), with others appointed by the Charity Commissioners, to make the number of trustees 20. *Clerk*, Mr. F. J. Monro, 11 Queen Victoria Street, E.C.

Pensions.

WELLS and CAMPDEN CHARITY.—*Income*.—About £1,627, of which £150 may be appropriated to poor pensioners in weekly pensions of not less than 5s., or more than 10s. Applicants must be of good character, and have resided in the parish for not less than six years next preceding the time of their appointment, must not have received Poor-law relief during that period, and from age, ill-health, accident, or infirmity be unable to maintain themselves by their own exertions. They must produce evidence of provident habits. Preference is given to those who have become reduced by misfortune from better circumstances. Previous to the appointment of a pensioner, a notice, specifying the qualifications of candidates, is published in Hampstead by advertisement or otherwise. Application to be made to the trustees, or to their clerk, in writing. Every applicant must be prepared with testimonials of qualification. *Trustees*, the vicar, churchwardens, and chairman of Board of Guardians of the parish (*ex-officio*), with others appointed by the Charity Commissioners, to make the number up to 20. *Clerk*, Mr. F. J. Monro, 11 Queen Victoria Street, E.C.

Food.

CHARLES.—£1. 4s. (less land tax); distributed in twopenny and threepenny loaves at the parish church on Sunday mornings.

CLEAVES.—£2. 16s.; distributed in twopenny and threepenny loaves at the parish church on Sunday mornings.

RIXTON.—£5. 2s.; distributed in like manner.

MALLORY.—£3. 10s. 2d.; distributed in like manner.

Fuel.

RUMSEY.—£26. 13s. 8d.; distributed in coals at Christmas. *Trustees*, the vicar and others.

Money Gifts.

WAITE.—£2. 10s. 6d.; distributed by vicar and churchwardens on Easter Day.

ROBINSON.—£5. 2s.; distributed by vicar and churchwardens on Whit-Sunday.

ARNOLD.—£3; distributed by vicar and churchwardens on Christmas Day.

F. MARSHALL, R. MARSHALL.—£6; distributed by vicar and churchwardens on Easter Day.

SHOOTER.—£16 (less quit rent 7s. 7d.); applied by the vicar towards the maintenance of two poor widows of the parish.

Dwellings of the Poor, Improvement of.

WELLS and CAMPDEN CHARITY.—*Income*.—About £1,627. After expending £500 of this sum in various ways, the residue is to be appropriated to improving the dwellings of the poor, or labouring classes, within the parish of Hampstead. For this purpose houses may be purchased, hired, built, or adapted or procured and fitted up in other ways, and let at

appropriate rents to persons of the labouring classes, either as separate tenements or otherwise; the object being 'to combine in the highest degree the requisites of healthfulness, comfort, and economy.' There may also be provided club-rooms, playgrounds, lecture-rooms, reading-rooms, day-nurseries, night-schools, institutes, baths, or laundries, either connected with or independent of the dwellings. These club-rooms, schools, &c., must be supported by the persons using or interested in them, and not out of the funds of the charity. In the exercise of their powers under the scheme, the trustees erected in 1876 a block of artisans' dwellings in the High Street, known as Wells' Buildings. In 1887 Campden Buildings, Holly Bush Vale, containing sixty-five separate tenements, were built, the total cost of the two blocks being £20,500. Baths and wash-houses were built in 1887, at a cost of £4,600, in Palmerston Road, Kilburn, another establishment of the same kind having been put up in Flask Walk, Hampstead, in 1888, at a cost of £4,500. *Trustees*, the vicar and churchwardens and chairman of the Board of Guardians of Hampstead (*ex-officio*), and others appointed by the Charity Commissioners, to make the number of trustees 20. *Clerk*, Mr. F. J. Monro, 11 Queen Victoria Street, E.C.

Miscellaneous.

WELLS and CAMPDEN CHARITY.—*Income*.—About £1,627, of which £50 may be granted in aid of dispensaries, hospitals, or convalescent homes, which are available for the benefit of the poor of Hampstead. *Trustees*, the vicar, churchwardens, and chairman of the Board of Guardians of Hampstead (*ex-officio*), and others appointed by the Charity Commissioners, to make the number of trustees 20. *Clerk*, Mr. F. J. Monro, 11 Queen Victoria Street, E.C.

RIXTON.—£1. 8s. for repairs of parish church and cleansing of monumental tablet; £1 to minister for sermon.

BLONDELL.—£1. 13s. 8d. to vicar for sermon on Good Friday.

HUME.—£2. 14s.; for general uses of the poor, subject to repair of tomb.

PIERCE.—£45; £24 to curate for weekly services; £2 for candles at the service; £5 for clerk; £1 for bell-ringers; £10 for a meeting-house at Hampstead; £3 for Bibles, &c.

IX.—PARISHES OF ST. PANCRAS AND HIGHGATE.

Area.—2,672 acres. **Population (1881).**—236,209. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—3,700 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—1,722 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Children at **District School**, Leavesden, Watford (daily average attendance, half-year ended Lady Day, 1888).—594. **Qualification for Guardian.**—A rating to the poor of not less than £40. Number of Guardians: 11 *ex-officio*; none nominated; 81 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—Same as for Guardian. Number of Vestrymen: 3 *ex-officio*; 120 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, Vestry Hall, Pancras Road, N.W. *Clerk*, Mr. A. A. Milward. Day of meeting, Thursday (fortnightly). *Relieving Officers*—Ward 1. (N.) Mr. J. Stevens, 21 Chetwynd Road, N.W.; (S.) Mr. H. T. Kobelt, 16 Warden Road; 2. Mr. H. Payton, 155 Prince of Wales Road; 3. Mr. W. Wheatley, 77 Patsall Road, N.W.; 4. Mr. O. Taylor, 93 Albert Street; 5. Mr. J. E. Lake, 20 Robert Street; 6. Mr. G. J. Moon, Clarendon Square Relief Station,

or 18 Platt Street ; 7. Mr. H. W. Woodwell, 19A Fitzroy Square, or 47 Fitzroy Street ; 8. Mr. J. Wright, 19 Harrison Street, or 32 Argyle Square. *Vaccination Officers*—Messrs. R. Webb and J. H. Richards, Pancras Road, N.W. *District Medical Officers*—Ward 1. Mr. R. T. Warn, 37 Highgate Road, N.W. ; 2. Mr. L. B. Claremont, 31 Malden Crescent ; 3. Mr. A. Brown, 1 Bartholomew Road ; 4. Mr. W. Smith, 2 Stanhope Terrace, Gloucester Gate ; 5. Mr. T. Sayer, 43 Amptill Square ; 6. Mr. J. Thompson, M.D., 70 Oakley Square ; 7. Mr. T. C. Murphy, 42 Huntley Street, Tottenham Court Road ; 8. Mr. S. L. Smith, 25 Argyle Square, W.C. *Workhouses*.—ST. PANCRAS, King's Road, St. Pancras, N.W. ; HIGHGATE, Edmonton. *Infirmary*.—Dartmouth Park Hill, Upper Holloway, N. *Relief Station and Dispensary*.—NORTH ST. PANCRAS (Wards No. 1, 2, 3) Bower Cottage, Leighton Road, N.W. ; SOUTH ST. PANCRAS (Wards No. 4, 5, 6, 7, 8) Clarendon Square ; hours 9 to 10 a.m., 4 to 5 p.m., Saturday 9 to 11 a.m. *Casual Wards and Labour Yard*.—ST. PANCRAS, Bower Cottage, Leighton Road, N.W. ; HIGHGATE, Edmonton. *School*, Leavesden, Watford. *Superintendent*, Mr. G. Rule.

VESTRY.

Office, Vestry Hall, Pancras Road, N.W. *Clerk*, Mr. T. Eccleston Gibb. *Medical Officer of Health*, Dr. Sykes, Vestry Hall, N.W.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (St. Marylebone Division), The Board School, Stanhope Street, N.W. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. W. Howard. *Correspondent for the Board Schools in the St. Marylebone Division*, The Rev. M. Browne, Board School, Stanhope Street, N.W.

POLICE COURT.

For Marylebone, Seymour Place, Bryanston Square, W. ; for Clerkenwell, King's Cross Road, W.C. ; for Highgate (Petty Sessions), Police Court, Highgate, N.W.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committees.—For North St. Pancras, 130 Highgate Road, N.W. ; office hours, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. daily. For South St. Pancras, 17 Woburn Buildings, W.C. ; office hours, 10 to 12.30, 4 to 5.30 (Saturdays, 10 to 12 only). *Society of St. Vincent de Paul*.—Kentish Town Conference, Presbytery, 41 Fortress Road, N.W. Time of meeting, Sunday, after High Mass. *President*, J. Dobinson, Esq., 21 Corinne Road, Tufnell Park Road, N. *Strangers' Friend Society*.—(KING'S CROSS and ST. PANCRAS DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. Charles Campion, 5 Acton Street, Gray's Inn Road, W.C. (HAVERSTOCK HILL DISTRICT), *District Treasurer* (office vacant at present). *Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants*.—(ST. PANCRAS BRANCH), 18 Endsleigh Gardens, N.W. ; hours, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. Lyndhurst Hall, Malden Road, Kentish Town, N.W. ; Monday, Wednesday, and Friday, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. *Hon. Sec.*, Mrs. Bunting, 18 Endsleigh Gardens, N.W. *Assist. Hon. Sec.* for Kentish Town, Miss Hepburn, Cumberland Villas, Highgate Road, N.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The following charities are (except where otherwise stated) available or residents in the parish of St. Pancras :—

Education.

NORTH LONDON BRITISH SCHOOLS, for boys, girls, and infants. In connection with John Street Chapel, Doughty Street.

* **BLAGROVE.**—£12. 17s. 9d., appropriated to purposes of North London Schools.

* **FITZROY SABBATH AND FREE DAY SCHOOLS.** *Income* (from endowment).—£50.

Almshouses and Pensions.

DENYER (see 'Parish of Chelsea,' p. 652).

UNKNOWN DONOR (Fortess Field Estate).—£48. 2s. 7d. Applied towards support of inmates of St. Pancras Almshouses; under the control of St. Pancras Vestry.

ST. PANCRAS ALMSHOUSES (see p. 244).

* **WHITFIELD CHAPEL AND ALMSHOUSES.**

GREENWOOD'S ALMSHOUSES; founded 1840, and endowed with repair fund (see p. 248).

Food.

† **CHARLES.**—£1. 1s.; distributed on 1st January by directors of the poor at St. Pancras Church; persons in receipt of parochial relief ineligible.

† **CREEVE.**—£2. 16s.; distributed every Sunday to poor attending the church.

Clothing.

† **COVENTRY.**—£5; distributed by the overseers.

MILLS.—£10. 13s. 11d. (Chapelry of Camden Town). Subject to repair of gravestone.

Money Gifts.

† **PLATT.**—£14; distributed in sums of £1 each to ten poor people of Highgate and four poor people of Kentish Town. Those in receipt of parochial relief ineligible.

Miscellaneous.

HERON (1580).—£41. 19s. 8d.; for repair of highways. The trustees of this charity are the Clothworkers' Company, who pay over the proceeds of the trust triennially to the three parishes interested, in conformity with an order of the Court of Chancery dated June 11, 1833.

CHURCH LANDS (1881).—£2,162; for general church purposes.

* **LYCEUM TRUST.**—'Income from houses and land absorbed by mortgage debts and interest. Charity in abeyance.'

* **JONES.**—£37. 10s.; for lectures, sermons, &c.

The following charities are (except where otherwise stated) available for residents in the parish of Highgate (St. Michael), together with the parish of All Saints :—

Education.

SIR ROGER CHOLMELEY'S FREE GRAMMAR SCHOOL (see p. 409).

JONES.—£4. 19s. 10d.; paid at the discretion of the incumbent of Highgate to a fund for the maintenance and training, in the Highgate Industrial School, of girls between the ages of 13 and 17, who have been at least one year in St. Michael's National Schools, and have certificates of character from the mistress and the clergyman. *Trustee*, the Incumbent of Highgate.

PAUNCEFORT GIRLS' SCHOOL CHARITY.—*Income.*—About £62 a year, paid to the treasurer of the Highgate National and Industrial Schools for

* No recent information.

† See note next page.

the support and clothing of 'the Pauncefort Charity Girls.' All girls who have been not less than one year in the school, who are not less than 13 or more than 15 years of age, who are in good health and free from any bodily or mental defect, and who have a certificate of good conduct from the parochial clergymen, may be candidates. *Trustees*, the governors of the Cholmeley School.

Almshouses and Pensions.

WOLLASTON AND PAUNCEFORT'S ALMSHOUSES, Southwood Lane, Highgate.—*Income*.—About £186. This charity includes the gifts of Kleinert, Boise, Forster, Edwards, Bootle, Cooke, and Bloxam. For 12 almshouses, who receive about £12 a year each, with gifts of coal. Candidates must be of honest life and conversation, inhabitants of Hornsey or Highgate. Forms of application may be had from Mrs. McDowall, the School House, Highgate, N., or from the clerk. *Trustees*, the governors of the Cholmeley School.

Money Gifts.

LADY PRITCHARD.—£2. 17s. 6d.; received and distributed by the incumbent of Highgate in small sums to the poor of the parish.

COVENTRY.—£10; received from the Merchant Taylors' Company and distributed, one half to poor people dwelling at or near to Highgate in the parish of St. Pancras, other half to poor people dwelling at or near to Highgate in the parish of Hornsey. The recipients number 40, and receive 5s. each on 21st December. *Trustees*, the incumbent of St. Michael's, Highgate, and others.

†SMITH'S CHARITY.—£10; £5 distributed on 21st December to 20 poor men and women of the Hornsey side of Highgate, 5s. each; £4 distributed on same date to 20 poor persons residing in Hornsey, recommended by the rector of Hornsey, 4s. each; £1 to vicar of St. Michael's, Highgate, for sermon.

LADY GOULD.—*Income*.—About £84; distributable among the poor inhabitants of Highgate not receiving public alms or collections. *Trustees*, J. L. Tatham, Esq., 6 New Square, W.C., B. G. Lake, Esq., 6 New Square, W.C., and J. B. Dyne, Esq., Highgate, N.

HALE.—Interest of £90. 17s. 2d. invested at 3 per cent.

JONES & PRITCHARD.—*Income*.—£2. 14s. 6d. a year; given at the discretion of the vicar of St. Michael's, Highgate, to the poor of that parish and of All Saints, Highgate, at Christmas.

Miscellaneous.

PREACHERS' FUND (Pauncefort and Gould's Gifts).—*Income*.—£12. 18s. 9d.; paid to the vicar of St. Michael's, Highgate. *Trustees*, the Governors of the Cholmeley School.

*TAME.—£4. 3s. 3d. in aid of Dispensary.

*BARNETT.—£45. 8s. 6d.; for repairs of church.

X.—PARISH OF ISLINGTON.

Area.—3,107 acres. Population (1881).—282,628. Indoor Paupers (parochial year, 1887).—2,042 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Outdoor Paupers (parochial year, 1887).—3,308 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Children at

* No recent information.

† Application for participation in these charities to be made to the Vestry Clerk, Vestry Offices, Pancras Road, N.W.

District Schools, Hornsey Road, N. (daily average attendance, half-year ended Lady Day, 1887).—355. **Qualification for Guardian**.—A rating of £40. Number of Guardians : 9 *ex-officio* ; 20 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman**.—A rating of £40. Number of Vestrymen : 1 *ex-officio* ; 120 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, St. John's Road, Upper Holloway, N. **Clerk**, Mr. E. Davey. Day of meeting, Thursday. **Relieving Officers**—No. 1, Mr. R. G. Thomas, 66 Mulkern Road, N.; No. 2, Mr. Samuel O. Cambridge, 45 St. John's Road, N.; No. 3, Mr. A. T. Peacey, 3 Cardoza Road, Caledonian Road, N.; No. 4, Mr. J. J. Agar, Relief Office, Highbury Mews, Highbury, N.; No. 5, Mr. T. Phillips, 107 Mildmay Road, N.; No. 6, Mr. A. H. Dickinson, 22 Thornhill Crescent, N.; No. 7, Mr. R. S. Merrifield, Relief Offices, Liverpool Road, N.; No. 8, Mr. George Craig, 1 Sebbon Street, N.; No. 9, Mr. J. Scannel, 3 Canon Street, New North Road, N. **Vaccination Officers**—East District, Mr. William Malins, 11 Moray Road, N.; West District, Mr. Frederick Wilcox, 1 Victoria Road, Holloway. **District Medical Officers**—Dr. T. Cotton, 214 Seven Sisters Road, N.; Dr. P. Cowen, 47 Ingleby Road, N.; Dr. J. Crabb, 409 Holloway Road, N.; Mr. W. J. Mackenzie, 314 Liverpool Road, N.; Dr. A. D. Ducat, 90 Grosvenor Road, N.; Dr. A. Reid, 29 Canonbury Park North, N.; Dr. W. G. Rowntree, 20 Richmond Road, N.; Mr. S. G. Smith, 76 Richmond Road, N.; Dr. J. Greenwood, 48 Canonbury Square, N.; Mr. J. J. Lough, 1A Colebrooke Row, N. **Workhouses**, St. John's Road, and Cornwallis Road, Upper Holloway, N. **Infirmary**, St. John's Road, N. **Dispensaries**, for relief districts 1 and 2, St. John's Road, Upper Holloway, N.; hours, 9 to 1 and 3 to 7, Sundays, 1.30 to 2.30. For districts 3, 6, 7, and 9, 279 Liverpool Road, N.; hours, same as above. For districts 4, 5 and 8, 36 Newington Green Road, N.; hours, 9 to 1.30 and 3.30 to 7, Sunday, 1.30 to 2.30. **Casual Ward**, St. John's Road, N. **School**, Hornsey Road, N.

VESTRY.

Office, Upper Street, Islington, N. **Clerk**, Mr. W. F. Dewey. **Medical Officer of Health**, Mr. C. M. Tidy, 3 Mandeville Place, Manchester Square, W.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Finsbury Division), 25 Cloudesley Street, Liverpool Road, N. **Superintendent of Visitors**, Mr. W. Saunders. **Correspondent for the Board Schools in the Finsbury Division**, Mr. J. H. Pollock, Board School, Central Street, St. Luke's, E.C.

POLICE COURT.

(Clerkenwell) King's Cross Road, W.C.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 268 St. Paul's Road, Highbury, N. Office hours, 10 to 12. **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**.—Islington Conference, suspended. **Corresponding Member**, Mr. J. J. Macken, 35 Langden Park Road, Highgate, N. **Strangers' Friend Society**.—(ISLINGTON DISTRICT). **District Treasurer**, Mr. A. S. Boddy, 5 Milner Street, N. (HOLLOWAY DISTRICT). **District Treasurer**, Mr. A. J. Pratt, 25 Spencer Road, Holloway, N. (HORNSEY ROAD DISTRICT). **District Treasurer**, Mr. E. R. Braggins, 72 Fairbridge Road, Upper Holloway, N. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants**.—Ingram Place Mission Hall, 17 Hornsey Road, Holloway, N.;

office hours, Tuesday and Friday, 3 to 5. (ISLINGTON BRANCH), Offices, 268 Liverpool Road, N. (near Park Street); office hours, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, Friday, 11 to 1.30. *Hon. Sec.*, Miss S. J. Smith, 10 Highbury Place, N.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The following charities are (except where otherwise stated) available for residents in the parish of Islington:—

Education.

*PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.—*Income* (1887–8, from endowment).—About £70. *Trustees*, the vicar and others.

LADY TEMPLE.—*Income* (1887–8).—£76; four children of poor parishioners are maintained and educated in a private school. *Trustees*, the churchwardens.

WESTBROOK AND NEEDHAM.—£13. 15s.; for education of 12 poor children of the parish. *Trustees*, the vicar and others.

SKINNER.—£5; rewards for children at parochial schools proficient in Church catechism.

BROWN.—£19; for bibles, prayer books, and other books, distributed by the vicar to children catechised. *Trustees*, the vicar and others.

LADY A. OWEN.—Grammar school for children of Islington and Clerkenwell.

LOVEJOY.—£1; paid to master of grammar school.

*FRODSHAM.—£7. 13s. 6d.; for national and infant schools of St. Paul's district.

Almshouses, Pensions, &c.

DAVIS'S ALMSHOUSES, Queen's Head Street, Islington. Office, 99 Cannon Street, E.C.—*Income*.—About £105. For eight poor aged inhabitants, men or women, over 50 years of age, who are supplied with coals, and receive an allowance of £7 a year. Preference to married couples. *Trustees*, the vicar and others. *Solicitors*, Messrs. Beyroux, Phillips, & Golding, 99 Cannon Street, E.C.

BLASSON.—£108 (subject to repair of tomb); pensions of about £10 each for respectable females, members of the Established Church, above the age of 60 years, and parishioners of Islington, not receiving alms as parish paupers, nor having any income exceeding the yearly value of £30. *Secretary to the Trustees*, F. B. Carritt, Esq., 45 Fenchurch Street, E.C.

DAME ALICE OWEN.—For widows of the age of 50 or upwards, who have lived in the parish of St. Mary, Islington, or St. James's, Clerkenwell, for seven years previous to election. They receive 12s. a week. The 10 senior pensioners also receive a gift (Mrs. Lovejoy's) of 3s. a quarter. *Trustees*, the Brewers' Company.

Food.

HOBSON.—£5. 4s. †LOANE.—£78. 10s. †PARKE.—£2. 5s. †HULL.—£5. 16s. †HAINES.—£2. †LADY OWEN.—£2. 12s. †KINGSLAND ESTATE.—£33. 7s. 7d. †PARSONS.—£50. †POOR'S STOCK.—£30. 2s. 4d. †GEART.—£1. 13s. †MARSHALL.—£6. †MAY.—£4. 13s. 8d. †MORTON.—£13. 10s. BURGE.—£9 (including £3 for repair of vault, and £1 for sexton). †PARRY.—£2. 18s. †EBURN.—£3. These charities are received and distributed by the churchwardens of the parish.

†DICKENSON.—£120; distributed amongst 20 poor persons of St. John's, Holloway, by trustees.

* No recent information.

† Provide fuel also.

Fuel.

FERRIS.—£8. 2s.; distributed by churchwardens (subject to repair of the Sebbon tomb).

Miscellaneous.

CLOUDYSLEY OR STONEFIELDS ESTATE.—*Income* (1887)—£897. 8s. 5d.; for general church purposes, divisible in equal proportions amongst the districts of the Chapel of Ease, Holy Trinity, St. John, and St. Paul. *Clerk to the Trustees*, R. P. Oldershaw, Esq., 18 King's Arms Yard, E.C.

HERON.—£41. 19s. 8d.; for repair of highways.

HILL.—Ground used by guardians and vestry.

LADY.—£2 to minister, £1 to churchwarden.

PARKE.—10s., for sermon to be preached in the parish church on Christmas Day.

SKINNER.—£13 to minister for catechising the children at the parish church on Sunday afternoons, together with £5 per annum for distribution among such children as attend.

BROWN.—£20 to minister, £2 to clerk, £1 to sexton.

BURGE.—£3 for repair of vault, £1 for sexton.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of Hornsey :—*

Apprenticing.

CONSOLIDATED APPRENTICE FUNDS (Roger Draper, Ann Smith, and Daniel Midwinter).—*Income* (1888).—£640; applied in assisting boys and girls born or to be born in the parish of Hornsey, or who have resided, or whose parents have resided therein for a period of not less than seven years, in 'apprenticeship to or learning of any trade, business, or other industrial calling or profession, or as pupil teachers to national, parochial, or other public day schools,' in the parish of Hornsey or elsewhere. Election is by parishioners of Hornsey in vestry assembled at two special meetings in each year, at each of which a complete list of all applicants duly qualified is previously openly read. Public notice given in the parish of every such meeting one month at least previously, with all necessary particulars regarding the qualification of the objects of the charity and the mode in which a candidate can make application. Premiums are not exceeding (boy) £30, (girl) £20; either in one sum or as vestry direct. An outfit may be provided at a cost of not exceeding (boy) £5, (girl) £3. Industrial exhibition, yearly or half-yearly, for not exceeding five years, may be granted to either a boy or girl, or to other persons for maintenance of such boy or girl when learning any trade, business, profession or industrial calling, or as pupil teacher in any industrial, national, parochial, or other public day school, not exceeding such a sum yearly as shall at the end of the term amount in the whole to £50 for a

* The particulars here given refer to the present disposition of the Hornsey charities, some of which were consolidated by schemes of the Charity Commissioners, dated respectively the 23rd March, 1866, and the 30th April, 1867. A draft scheme is, however, now (August 1889) under the consideration of the Commissioners for the further regulation of these charities, according to which it is proposed to consolidate the whole (with the exception of the Church Field), and to place them under the control of a new body of trustees. The funds will be applied in the payment of pensions, subscriptions to hospitals, dispensaries, convalescent homes, provident clubs, nursing institutions, &c., and in apprenticing children and providing an outfit for children when entering upon the duties of life. Failing a sufficient number of suitable candidates for apprenticeship, the surplus funds may be devoted to the maintenance of exhibitions or to the payment of school fees for children in the neighbourhood.

boy and £35 for a girl. A boy or girl apprenticed or assisted may be boarded, lodged, and maintained from the charity, either by the master or employer, or by the parents, or other persons standing in the place of parent. Any surplus annual income of the charity, after providing for the apprenticeship premiums, and other payments, may be paid to any boy or girl who satisfactorily conducts him or herself during apprenticeship, or tenure of annual grant, in sums not exceeding £10 in each case for their benefit, or advancement in the world upon the termination of apprenticeship or annual grant. Forms of application may be obtained from the vestry clerk, or from either of the churchwardens or overseers. *Trustees*, the Rev. James Jeakes, rector of Hornsey, and others. *Solicitors*, Messrs. Tatham & Hardy, Library Chambers, Gray's Inn, W.C.

Food.

CONSOLIDATED BREAD FUND (Holland and Evans, Ellis, Crunden, Patmore, Platt, Chambers, and Joyner).—*Income*.—About £45; distributed in sixpenny and threepenny loaves weekly to 14 poor persons in Hornsey, five in Muswell Hill, and 14 in Highgate. *Trustees*, the Rev. James Jeakes, rector of Hornsey, and others. *Solicitors*, Messrs. Tatham & Hardy, Library Chambers, Gray's Inn, W.C.

Fuel.

THE FUEL FUND, OR HORNSEY POOR'S ALLOTMENTS.—*Income*.—About £180; distributed in coals among residents of Hornsey, Highgate, and South Hornsey, nominated by churchwardens and overseers, about Christmas. *Trustees*, the Lord of the Manor, and the rector, churchwardens, and overseers. *Solicitors*, Messrs. Tatham & Hardy, Library Chambers, Gray's Inn, W.C.

Clothing.

BROWN.—£2. 10s.; distributed in blankets to six or seven persons, annually. *Trustees*, Rev. James Jeakes, rector of Hornsey, and others. *Solicitors*, Messrs. Tatham & Hardy, Library Chambers, Gray's Inn, W.C.

BUCKTON.—£5. 10s.; distributed in warm clothing annually, at Christmas, to 20 poor persons. (*Trustees*, &c. as for Brown's Charity.)

Money Gifts.

PRIESTLEY.—£5. 6s. 8d.; 6s. 8d. is paid quarterly to each of four poor men, nominated by the rector and churchwardens of the parish of Hornsey. *Solicitors*, Messrs. Tatham & Hardy, Library Chambers, Gray's Inn, W.C. The amount is received from the Merchant Taylors' Company, the master and wardens of which are the trustees.

Miscellaneous.

CHURCH FIELD.—*Income* (1888-9).—£128; for general church purposes. *Solicitors*, Messrs. Tatham & Hardy, Library Chambers, Gray's Inn, W.C.

WASTE LAND FUND.—*Income* (1888).—About £85. *Trustees*, the Rev. James Jeakes, rector of Hornsey, and others. *Solicitors*, Messrs. Tatham & Hardy, Library Chambers, Gray's Inn, W.C.

XI.—HACKNEY UNION.

Area.—3,935 acres. **Population** (1881).—186,400. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—2,254 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—3,836 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Children at Brent-

wood Schools (number at Lady Day 1887).—395. **Qualification for Guardian.**—A rating of £30 a year. Number of Guardians : 5 *ex-officio* ; 2 nominated by Local Government Board ; 25 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—A rating of £25 per annum. Number of Vestrymen : (St. John's), 3 *ex-officio* ; 120 elected ; (St. Mary's, Stoke Newington), 3 *ex-officio* ; 23 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, Sidney Road, Homerton, N.E. *Clerk*, Mr. John Owen-Perry. Day of meeting, alternate Wednesdays. *Relieving Officers*—No. 1, Mr. E. L. Crane, 83 Olinda Road, Stamford Hill, N. ; No. 2, Mr. J. Buckmaster, 49 Almack Road, Lower Clapton, N.E. ; No. 3, Mr. T. Draper, Relief Offices, Mayfield Road, Dalston, N.E. ; No. 4, Mr. J. B. Frost, 29 Chatham Place, Hackney, N.E. ; No. 5, Mr. J. Hallett, 37 Christie Road, South Hackney, N.E. ; No. 6, Mr. W. Pease, 38 Harcombe Road, Stoke Newington, N. ; No. 7, Mr. E. P. Fenton, 60 Malvern Road, Dalston, N.E. ; No. 8, Mr. C. Jarvis, 12 Gloucester Road, South Hackney, N.E. ; No. 9, Mr. J. R. Marriott, 92 Clifden Road, Clapton Park, N.E. *Relief Offices*, Mayfield Road, Dalston, N.E., and Sidney Road, Homerton, N.E. *Vaccination Officers*—East District, Mr. E. Robinson, 26 Reighton Road, Upper Clapton, N.E. ; West District, Mr. J. G. Manton, 109 Darenth Road, Stamford Hill, N. *District Medical Officers*—No. 1, Mr. G. Birch, 105 Down's Road, Clapton, N.E. ; No. 2, Dr. Turtle, 35 High Street, Homerton, N.E. ; No. 3, Mr. T. C. Barlow, 88 Dalston Lane, N.E. ; No. 4, Mr. W. N. Walker, 37 King Edward's Road, South Hackney, N.E. ; No. 5, Dr. T. J. Fisher, 48 Cassland Road, South Hackney, N.E. ; No. 6, Mr. T. Hoskin, 186 Amhurst Road, Hackney, N.E. ; No. 7, Dr. A. T. Gibbings, 93 Richmond Road, Dalston, N.E. ; No. 8, Mr. W. P. Bothamley, 1 Cadogan Terrace, South Hackney, N.E. ; No. 9, Mr. T. G. Pratt, 126 High Street, Homerton, N.E. *Dispensers*, Mr. T. B. Outred, and Mr. W. J. Davis. **Workhouse**, Sidney Road, Homerton, N.E. **Infirmary**, High Street, Homerton, N.E. **Dispensaries**, Roseberry Place, Dalston, N.E., for Relief Districts 1, 3, 6, and 7 ; hours, 10 to 12, 4 to 6 ; Workhouse, Homerton, N.E., for Relief Districts 2, 4, 5, 8, and 9 ; hours, 10 to 12, 4 to 5. **Casual Ward**, Sidney Road, Homerton, N.E. **Schools**, Brentwood, Essex.

DISTRICT BOARD OF WORKS.

(For Hackney, including Stoke Newington.) **Office**, Town Hall, Hackney, N.E. *Clerk*, Mr. R. Ellis. *Medical Officer of Health*, Dr. Tripe, 232 Richmond Road, Hackney, N.E.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Hackney Division), 35 Cassland Crescent, South Hackney, N.E. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. W. Hetherington. *Correspondent for the Board Schools in the Hackney Division*, Mr. W. A. Turner, Board School, Wilnot Street, Bethnal Green, N.E.

POLICE COURT.

Worship Street, E.C.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, Old Town Hall, Hackney, N.E. Office hours, 10 to 12.30 daily. **Society of St. Vincent de Paul.**—Homerton Conference, Presbytery, Ballance Road, Homerton, N.E. Time of meeting, Sunday, 12.30. *President*, T. W. Gilbert, 37 Cassland Road, South Hackney, N.E. **Strangers' Friend Society.**—(HACKNEY DISTRICT),

District Treasurer, Mr. J. S. Longbone, East Villa, Navarino Road, Dalston, N.E. (HACKNEY ROAD DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. H. J. Thorpe, 53 Lavender Grove, Queen's Road, N.E. (HOMERTON DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. T. Gayton, 3 Brampton Road, South Hackney, N.E. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants.**—(HACKNEY BRANCH), Office, Old Town Hall, Mare Street, N.E. Office hours, Monday, Thursday, 11 to 1. *Hon. Sec.*, Miss Roberts, East Heath, Hampstead.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

Education.

HACKNEY PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, Paradise Place, Darnley Road, Mare Street. AUDLEY and others.—£20; for maintenance of schoolmaster. SEDGWICK.—£16. 10s. (£1 for repairs of tomb, 10s. for expenses); for rewards to children. POWELL.—£28. 1s. 8d.; for girls' school. FIELD.—£21. 13s. 5d. NORRIS.—£10.

RAM'S EPISCOPAL CHAPEL SCHOOLS, Retreat Place, Homerton.—*Income* (from endowment).—£103. 11s. 2d. LAMBE.—£4. 16s.; for school-mistress.

Apprenticing.

BANNISTER.—£8.

VYNER.—£93 (also food and money gifts).

HAMMOND.—£4. 17s. (£3. 12s. for food).

Almshouses and Pensions.

SPURSTOWE'S (including Baker's) CHARITY.—Almshouses, Grove Passage, Hackney. *Income* (1887).—£1,226. Six almswomen receive £25 a year each, and 10 receive £16; 20 annuitants receive £15 a year, with coals and Christmas gifts. Candidates must be poor widows belonging to the parish of St. John, Hackney. The remainder of the income is devoted to convalescent work (*see* p. 677). Administered under a scheme of the Charity Commissioners, dated August 24, 1887. *Clerk to the Charity*, R. Voss, Esq., 26 Clapton Square.

MONGER'S ALMSHOUSES, Church Crescent, South Hackney.—*Income*.—£12; for six poor men of South Hackney. MARTIN.—£60 (subject to repair of almshouses); for inmates of Monger's almshouses. NORRIS.—£42. 9s. 4d.; for Monger's almshouses.

BISHOP WOOD'S ALMSHOUSES (1690), High Road, Lower Clapton.—*Income*.—£50 a year and £4. 10s. every second year; for almswomen (ten), who receive £5 and £16 a year each. Candidates must be 'poor ancient widows' of the parish of St. John, Hackney, resident there at least three years immediately preceding application, and at least 60 years of age, and should apply to the vestry clerk of that parish, with statement of qualifications and certificates of their marriage and of death of their husbands. Persons residing in South or West Hackney are *not* eligible. Those residing in parishes of Dalston, Clapton, or Homerton are eligible.

* SANDFORD.—£83. 18s.; £25 for five annuities—St. John's, Hackney, appointing two annuitants at £5 and one at £2. 10s., and West and South Hackney appointing the others (remainder in meat).

M. POWELL.—£20. 6s. 2d.; distributed about Christmas, in sums of £2, by the vestry of St. John, Hackney.

* This charity is divisible as follows: one-half to the parish of St. John, Hackney; one-fourth to the parish of West Hackney; one-fourth to the parish of South Hackney. The charities of Hackney are (unless where otherwise stated) for the most part distributed by the respective rectors, churchwardens, and overseers of St. John's, Hackney; West Hackney; and South Hackney; at or about Christmas. *Clerk to the Trustees*, J. W. Harling, Esq., 41 Amhurst Road.

Food and Fuel, &c.

* SIR T. and T. VYNER.—£93 (*see* 'Apprenticing'); a discretionary distribution about Christmas.

* HAMMOND.—£3. 12s.

* HERON.—£2. 12s. (food).

* ROWE.—£6. 5s. 2d. (also fuel).

* SANDFORD (*see* 'Almshouses and Pensions').

AUDLEY.—£15 (also fuel, for St. John's only).

* DOULBEN and HUMBLE.—£4 (discretionary distribution).

DE KEWER.—£32. 7s. (also fuel); for South Hackney only.

CARRUTHERS.—£3 (subject to repair of tomb); for St. John's only.

† ALLEN.—£3 (subject to repair of tomb); St. John's only.

* JOHN FIELD.—£30 (also fuel).

* HENRY FIELD.—£15 (also fuel).

CLARKE.—£7. 6s.; paid to poor widows, housekeepers of the parish of St. John, chosen out of Mare Street; 5s. each, £1 for sermon.

* PEREIRA.—£11. 2s. 2d.

* PAROCHIAL FUEL FUND.—£12.

Medical Relief.

SPURSTOWE'S CHARITY.—A proportion of the income of this charity (*see* under 'Almshouses') is devoted to convalescent work. In 1888, 234 persons were sent to the seaside at a cost of £542.

Money Gifts.

* SIR T. and T. VYNER.—£93 (*see* 'Apprenticing,' p. 676).

* JAMESON.—£5 (£2 for sermon).

* POOLE.—£375. 10s. * SIR S. WHITE.—£138. 10s. A small portion of these two charities is distributed in bread, and the remainder in a discretionary manner.

* JOHNSON.—£5.

* CHENEY.—£2.

* HUSSEY.—£4.

* SWAINE.—£50; income will probably be shortly increased.

* MARLOWE.—£56. 10s. 4d.; distributed in sums of £2, about Christmas, in open vestry.

LAUNCE.—£33. 0s. 6d.; distributed in sums of £7 for inhabitants of St. John only, in open vestry, about Christmas.

BAGSHAW.—£30; discretionary distribution by rector of St. John's.

* A. WOOD.—£6 (£1 for sermon).

* ANDRÉ.—£3.

* FRANCO.—£2. 10s. 8d.

* DIGBY.—£13; distributed in sums of £1.

ALBERT and CORNTHWAITE.—£5 .6s.; distributed in one sum by vestry of St. John.

HINDREY.—£5; distributed in sums of £1 by vestry of St. John.

PITT.—£5 (10s. for repair of tomb); for St. John's only.

* SOUTH and WHITE.—£44. 16s.

WILLES.—£6. 13s. 4d.; for inmates of Bishop Wood's almshouses.

† BROOKES.—£30; for West Hackney only. £1 to sexton; residue to twelve poor families.

* These charities are divisible as follows: one-half to the parish of St. John, Hackney; one-fourth to the parish of West Hackney; one-fourth to the parish of South Hackney. The charities of Hackney are (unless where otherwise stated) for the most part distributed by the respective rectors, churchwardens, and overseers of St. John's, Hackney; West Hackney; and South Hackney; at or about Christmas. *Clerk to the Trustees*, J. W. Harling, Esq., 41 Amhurst Road.

† No recent information.

* **BISHOP DOULBEN and HUMBLE.**—About £4; discretionary distribution.

BARNES.—£100; payable on deaths of two persons, to be invested in names of minister and churchwardens of St. John's, Hackney, for benefit of three aged or infirm widows, inhabitants, and having been ratepayers, or the wives of ratepayers, in that parish.

* **POWELL.**—£28. 1s. 9d.; for general uses of the poor.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of Stoke Newington (St. Mary). Application for participation in these charities should be made to Mr. George Webb, Clerk to the Vestry, 126 Church Street, Stoke Newington, N. :—

Education.

ST. MARY'S, STOKE NEWINGTON, PAROCHIAL, NATIONAL, INFANT, AND SUNDAY SCHOOLS, Barn Street, Stoke Newington, N.—For boys, girls, and infants; school fees, 2d. a week. *Income* (from endowment).—£43. 16s. (including Stock, £30; Newman, £6; Green, £2. 9s.; Hammond, £3. 4s.). *Treasurer and Financial Secretary*, Mr. Charles J. Fox, 16 Clissold Road, Stoke Newington, N.

BOWLES.—£7. 10s.; £2. 2s. for schools, £2. 2s. for Shoreditch Charity School, remainder distributed in bread.

Pensions.

SANDFORD.—£84. 14s.; £25 for annuities of £5 each to widows; candidates must be resident in the parish, and must not have received parochial relief; remainder distributed in meat.

Food and Fuel.

BAKER.—£2. 7s.; distributed by churchwardens every Sunday in 2d. loaves among poor widows.

SIMPSON.—£2. 10s.; distributed by the rector in bread every Sunday.

STOCK.—£61. 17s. 4d.

J. and W. STEPHENS.—14s. 3d.; distributed at Christmas by rector and churchwardens.

W. STEPHENS.—£4. 17s. 11d.

SANDFORD.—£59. 14s. in meat (*see* under 'Pensions,' above).

BOWLES.—£5. 3s. in bread (*see* 'Education,' above).

GREEN.—8s.; **J. FIELD.**—£32. 10s.; distributed by rector and churchwardens in coals.

H. FIELD.—£7. 5s.; distributed by vicar and churchwardens in coals.

Miscellaneous.

STOCK.—£27. 4s.; paid to church account.

PALATINE ESTATE CHARITY.—Gross rents £839. 10s.; it is believed that the income of the estate will eventually be increased to about £4,000; for general church purposes. This estate is managed by a body of trustees appointed by Order of the Court of Chancery.

XII.—PARISHES OF ST. GILES-IN-THE-FIELDS, AND ST. GEORGE, BLOOMSBURY.

Area.—245 acres. **Population** (1881).—45,257. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year 1888).—656 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year 1888).—398 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Children at **Strand Union Schools**, Edmonton (daily average attendance, half-year ended Lady

* No recent information.

Day, 1887).—394. **Qualification for Guardian.**—A rating of £40. Number of Guardians : 2 *ex-officio* ; none nominated ; 18 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—A rating of £40. Number of Vestrymen : 6 *ex-officio* ; 48 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, 57 Broad Street, St. Giles's, W.C. *Clerk*, Mr. John Robinson. Day of meeting, 2nd and 4th Tuesday in each month. *Relieving Officer*, Mr. R. J. Goldspink. *Assistant Relieving Officer*, Mr. J. P. Cooper. *Relief Office*, at Workhouse, Short's Gardens, Drury Lane, W.C. *Vaccination Officer*, Mr. H. C. Stone, 57 Broad Street, Bloomsbury, W.C. *District Medical Officer*, Mr. J. F. Staines, M.D., 42 Bloomsbury Square, W.C. *Dispenser*, Mr. T. Cupiss. **Workhouse**, Endell Street, St. Giles's, W.C. **Central London Sick Asylum District** (comprising the Strand and Westminster Unions, and the parishes of St. Giles-in-the-Fields and St. George, Bloomsbury), Cleveland Street, Fitzroy Square, W. *Clerk to the Managers*, Mr. Wm. Appleton, at the Asylum. **Dispensary** (at Workhouse), Short's Gardens, Drury Lane, W.C. Hours, 9 to 1, 3 to 6 ; Sunday, 11 to 12. **Casual Ward**, Macklin Street, Drury Lane, W.C.

DISTRICT BOARD OF WORKS.

Office, 197 High Holborn, W.C. *Clerk*, Mr. H. C. Jones. *Medical Officer of Health*, Mr. S. R. Lovett, 13 Great Russell Street, W.C.

VESTRY.

Office, 57 Broad Street, W.C. *Clerk*, Mr. J. Robinson.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Finsbury Division), 25 Cloudeley Street, Liverpool Road, N. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. W. Saunders. *Correspondent for the Board Schools in the Finsbury Division*, Mr. J. H. Pollock, Board School, Central Street, St. Luke's, E.C.

POLICE COURT.

Bow Street, Covent Garden, W.C.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 27 Duke Street, New Oxford Street, W.C. Office hours, 10 to 12, 5 to 6 ; Saturday, 10 to 12 only (see p. 1). **Society of St. Vincent de Paul.**—Soho Conference, 31 Queen Square, W.C. ; time of meeting, Wednesday, 7.45 p.m. ; *President*, F. Vandenbrande, Esq., 28 Montague Place, W.C. **Strangers' Friend Society.**—(HOLBORN DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. C. Muttler, 11 Theobalds Road, W.C.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. Giles-in-the-Fields :—

Education.

(See Education Charities of St. Giles-in-the-Fields and St. George's, Bloomsbury, p. 680).

SHELTON.—*Income.*—About £620. Formerly schools. The scholars now attend the National School, to expenses of which the fund contributes. A certain number of them are clothed. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens. (See also 'Clothing,' p. 680.)

Almshouses and Pensions.

(See 'Almshouses and Pensions' of St. Giles-in-the-Fields' and St. George's, Bloomsbury, below.)

LEVERTON.—*Income*.—£133. 13s. 4d. Provides pensions of £22. 5s. 6d. each for six deserving widows who, or whose husbands, have rented a house in the parish of St. Giles-in-the-Fields of the value of £40 a year. Gentlewomen and widows in reduced circumstances preferred.

Food.

EDWARDS.—£16. 12s. 6d. ; distributed to poor women of the parish by the churchwardens.

CUMMINS.—£6. 14s. 2d. BOSWELL AND BATT.—£7. 19s. 8d. The income of these two charities is allowed to accumulate until a time of distress arises, when a distribution is made at the discretion of the rector and churchwardens.

SIR W. CONEY BERTIE AND CARTER.—£7. 10s. No information can be obtained as to this charity.

Clothing.

HAWKER.—£6. 4s. 2d. ; distributed in blankets and flannel by the rector and churchwardens.

SHELTON.—A certain number of old men and women of the parish receive clothing from this charity ; managed by the rector. £7. 10s. is paid to vicar of St. Martin-in-the-Fields and £3. 5s. to St. Paul's, Covent Garden, for clothing for old men and women.

UNKNOWN DONOR.—£2. 16s. 8d. ; distributed by the rector to lying-in women.

ATKINSON.—£1 ; apparently lost.

The following charities are available for residents in the parishes of St. Giles-in-the-Fields, and St. George, Bloomsbury :—

Education.

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, Little Russell Street, W.C.—*Income* (from endowment).—About £450. 'Forty girls are boarded, clothed, educated, and trained to become useful servants, and 80 boys are clothed and educated.' At the half-yearly meeting held on January 31, 1879, it was ordered that the number of girls to be wholly maintained should be 25 for the present. Candidates must be the children of poor but respectable parishioners of St. Giles-in-the-Fields and St. George's, Bloomsbury. Girls are provided with situations on leaving the Schools. *Hon. Secretary*, Henry C. Jones, Esq., 41 New Oxford Street, W.C.

Almshouses and Pensions.

ALMSHOUSE CHARITIES OF ST. GILES-IN-THE-FIELDS AND ST. GEORGE'S, BLOOMSBURY (including the charities of Danvers, Holford, Bailey, Earl of Southampton, Duchess of Dudley, Ashfield, Startridge, Skydmore, and others).—*Income* (from endowment).—About £800. Almshouses, Smart's Buildings, Drury Lane, W.C. ; for women ; poor widows of good character, 60 years of age at least, who have been *bond fide* resident in either of the parishes not less than five years, and who have not received parochial relief during the five years immediately preceding date of application. Preference given to those reduced by misfortune, accident, or calamity, from better circumstances. Inmates receive an allowance of 8s. a week and coals. *Out-Pensions* are also granted of £25 a year to indigent persons of either sex, of good character, married or single, 60 years of age

at least, who have been *bond fide* resident in either of the parishes not less than five years, and who have not received parochial relief during the five years immediately preceding date of application. Preference given to those reduced by misfortune, accident, or calamity, from better circumstances. The charity is managed by 18 trustees—6 *ex-officio*, 6 representative, and 6 elective. *Secretary*, Mr. James Appleton, Vestry Offices, Broad Street, Bloomsbury, W.C.

XIII.—STRAND UNION.

Area.—399 acres. **Population (1881).**—33,419. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1887).—974 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1887).—518 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Children at **District School**, Edmonton (daily average attendance, half year ended Lady Day, 1887).—394. **Qualification for Guardian.**—A rating of £40 a year. Number of Guardians : 1 *ex-officio* ; 1 nominated by Local Government Board ; 22 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—A rating of £40. Number of Vestrymen : none *ex-officio* ; St. Martin's, 36 ; St. Clement Danes, 24 ; St. Paul's, Covent Garden, 18 ; St. Mary-le-Strand, 18 ; Liberty of the Rolls, 18 ; Precinct of Savoy, 18. Total, 132 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, 15 Henrietta Street, Covent Garden, W.C. **Clerk**, Mr. C. F. Dorrell. Day of meeting, Tuesday. **Relieving Officer** for the Union, Mr. F. Wright, 29 Maiden Lane, Covent Garden, W.C. **Vaccination Officer**, Mr. J. E. Harper, 15 Henrietta Street, W.C. **District Medical Officers**, Mr. J. Welch, 19 Blackmoor Street, W.C. ; and Mr. J. R. Harris, 6 Adam Street, Adelphi, W.C. **Workhouse**, Edmonton, N. **Central London Sick Asylum District** (comprising the Strand and Westminster Unions, and the parishes of St. Giles-in-the-Fields and St. George, Bloomsbury, Cleveland Street, Fitzroy Square, W.). **Clerk to the Managers**, Mr. Wm. Appleton. **Dispensary**, 29 Maiden Lane, W.C., hours, 10 to 5. **Casual Ward**, Hart Street, Covent Garden, W.C. **School**, Edmonton, N.

DISTRICT BOARD OF WORKS.

(Comprising St. Anne's, Soho ; St. Clement Danes ; St. Mary-le-Strand ; St. Paul's, Covent Garden ; Liberty of the Rolls ; Precinct of the Savoy.) **Office**, 5 Tavistock Street, Strand, W.C. **Clerk**, T. M. Jenkins, Esq. **Medical Officer of Health**, Dr. Conway Evans, Garden House, Clement's Inn, W.C.

VESTRY.

Office (St. Martin-in-the-Fields), St. Martin's Place, W.C. **Clerk**, Mr. J. Murnane. **Medical Officer of Health**, Mr. J. J. Skegg, 29 Craven Street, Strand, W.C.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Westminster Division), 16 Craven Street, Strand. **Superintendent of Visitors**, Mr. Francis Murray. **Correspondent for the Board Schools in the Westminster Division**, Mr. G. Plucknett, 20 Northwood Road, Archway Road, Highgate, N.

POLICE COURT.

Bow Street, Covent Garden, W.C.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Society of St. Vincent de Paul.—Soho Conference, 31 Queen's Square, W.C. Time of meeting, Wednesday, 7.45 p.m. *President*, F. Vandenbrande, 28 Montague Place, W.C. Drury Lane Conference, Corpus Christi Presbytery, Maiden Lane, W.C. Time of meeting, Thursday, 6 p.m. *President*, H. D. Harrod, Esq., Reeves, Chipstead, Surrey. **Strangers' Friend Society** (HOLBORN DISTRICT).—*Treasurer*, Mr. C. Muttler, 11 Theobald's Road, W.C. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants**, 73 Drury Lane. *Hon. Sec.*, Miss Humphrey, 17 Rutland Gate, S.W.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. Martin-in-the-Fields :—

Education.

MIDDLE CLASS SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, Castle Street, Leicester Square, W.C. Formerly Parochial Charity Schools, Hemming's Row.—*Income* (from endowment).—About £440 (including rent of cellars, £40). Scholars pay, as fees, over 10 years of age, £1. 10s., under 10, £1. 5s. per term. The school year consists of three terms. *Treasurers*, the vicar and another. Not confined to the parish.

INFANT SCHOOLS.—Endowment, interest of £284. 7s. 9d., 3 per cent. *Trustee*, the vicar.

NATIONAL NORTHERN AND INFANT SCHOOLS, School at Adelaide Place, W.C., and Castle Street, Long Acre, W.C. Not confined to the parish. *Income.*—From endowment, about £158 (including rent of cellage, £135). For boys and girls (who pay 3d. a week), and infants (who pay 2d. a week). 25 boys are educated and clothed free on the foundation of the parochial school. *Treasurer*, the vicar.

ARCHBISHOP TENISON'S SCHOOL (see p. 420).

Apprenticing.

LADY NEVILL (see p. 441).

Almshouses and Pensions.

ST. MARTIN-IN-THE-FIELDS ALMSHOUSE AND PENSION CHARITY.—By a scheme of the Charity Commissioners, sealed September 21, 1886, the following charities were amalgamated under the above title :—**CAMDEN TOWN ALMSHOUSES**, **COCKSPUR STREET ESTATE** (formerly known as **POWELL'S BUILDINGS**), **HOLBORN ESTATE**, **LAMPACRE ESTATE**, **EARL OF SALISBURY'S RENTCHARGE**, **SWAN CLOSE**, **LAMMAS RENT**, **CHARITIES OF SIR CHARLES COTTERELL**, **SUSANNAH GRAHAM OF GRAHME**, and others, **WILLIAM SHELTON'S CHARITY**, and **HENRY SMITH'S CHARITY**. *Income* (1888).—£3,186. 10s. 6d. Paid to almswomen and pensioners, £2,768. The charity is managed by a body of 19 trustees, 12 elected and 6 co-optative, the vicar of St. Martin-in-the-Fields being a member *ex-officio*. After defraying the costs of administration and maintenance of the almshouses at Camden Town and paying a sum of £20 per annum to the St. Martin's Parochial Charities in respect of Downes' Charity, the residue of the income is to be expended in providing pensions for 42 almswomen, being poor women, spinsters or widows, who have resided in the parish * for not less than five years, and who have not received

* The expression 'Parish of St. Martin-in-the-Fields' refers to the ancient parish as constituted prior to the year 1660, and includes the present parishes of St. Martin-in-the-Fields; St. Paul, Covent Garden; St. Anne, Westminster; St. James, Westminster; and St. George, Hanover Square, which are the parishes entitled to the benefits of the charity.

parochial relief and are in reduced circumstances. In the case of four of the almswomen, to be called Mrs. Grahme's Almswomen, preference shall be given to such applicants, being in other respects duly qualified, as are widows or maiden or widowed daughters of clergymen of the Church of England. The almswomen receive a pension of not less than 9s. and not more than 12s. per week. The remainder of the income is to be expended in the payment of pensions, of which there are two classes, one being at the rate of 10s. a week and the other at the rate of 7s. 6d. a week. Pensioners of the second class shall be eligible for appointment as pensioners of the first class, and female pensioners of both classes shall be eligible for appointment as almswomen. Candidates for pensions may be either men or women, having in all other respects the same qualifications as are required in the case of almswomen. *Clerk and Receiver, Mr. G. W. Murnane.*

PAROCHIAL CHARITIES : ALMSHOUSE AND PENSION BRANCH, including Wood (£9,100) and Lord Henry Seymour (£588).—Interest to be devoted to the payment of pensions to women on the Almshouse Foundation, and to poor persons resident in the parish.

Clothing.

TOMLINSON (1735).—Rent of a freehold house in Stafford Street, now let at a rent of £140 per annum, together with the interest of a sum of £81. 10s. 3d. Consols, for clothing three poor men and three poor women belonging to St. Martin-in-the-Fields, and four men and four women belonging to St. George's, Hanover Square. In 1887 35 men and 35 women, from the two parishes, were clothed at a cost of £139. 11s. 3d.

Medical Relief.

GRAVEN PEST-HOUSE CHARITY, belonging to the parishes of St. Martin-in-the-Fields ; St. George, Hanover Square ; St. Clement Danes ; St. James, Westminster ; and St. Paul, Covent Garden.—*Income* (1888).—£849. 17s. 4d., which is divided after payment of expenses between King's College and Charing Cross Hospitals in the proportion of three-fifths and two-fifths respectively. The Governors of King's College Hospital to set apart 24, and the Governors of Charing Cross Hospital to set apart 16, beds for patients suffering from contagious or other diseases (smallpox excepted) to be admitted by orders from the trustees, from the parishes mentioned above. The Governors of the hospitals also to receive and supply with medicines as out-patients, all poor persons resident in the above parishes who are sent by the trustees with out-patients' orders. *Trustees*, the incumbents of the parishes mentioned, and four resident householders for the parishes of St. Martin-in-the-Fields and St. George, Hanover Square, and four resident householders for each of the parishes of St. Clement Danes, St. James, Westminster, and St. Paul, Covent Garden.

PAROCHIAL CHARITIES : POOR'S BRANCH, including Barnett (£49) ; Booth (£448) ; and Roycroft (£500).—Interest to be applied in the provision of sick nurses for the poor, &c.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. Clement Danes :—

Education.

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, Stanhope Street, Clare Market, W.C.—*Income* (from endowment).—About £620, together with £300 from Holborn Estate (see p. 684). Schools for boys, girls, and infants. School fees, boys and

girls, 3d., 4d., and 6d. a week ; infants, 2d. a week. *Clerk, Mr. C. J. Livett, 40 Norfolk Street, Strand. Head Master, Mr. Knapp.*

HOLBORN ESTATE.—*Income.*—About £5,000. Provides a fund of about £2,000 a year for education. Schools at Houghton Street, Clare Market, W.C. *Grammar School for Boys*: payment, £4. 10s. a year; age of admission, 8 to 17 years. *Middle Class Girls School*: age of admission, 8 to 18 years; payment, as for boys. *Clerk to the Trustees, J. F. Isaacson, Esq., 40 Norfolk Street, Strand, W.C.*

Almshouses and Pensions.

PAROCHIAL CHARITIES (comprising the charities of MIDDLETON, BRIDGMAN, LAWRENCE, MUDFORD, TWINING-HILL, BEDDOE, PALMER, SHALMERS, SHAW, VALE, and BISSEL, FORSTER, WARNER PRICE, BACKHOUSE, EARL OF SALISBURY, WRIGHT, READ, JACOB, WRAXALL, WEBB, BROWN, or BUTCHER ROW, and UNKNOWN, or HOLYWELL STREET).—*Income.*—About £400. Subject to the payment of £5. 2s. to the rector for sermons, 10s. 6d. to clerk, and £2. 2s. to churchwardens for church purposes, the income may be applied as to £100, for the benefit of poor and deserving persons of the parish; by contributions to dispensaries, hospitals, or infirmaries to secure benefits; by contributions to any provident society established in the parish or neighbourhood for the supply of clothing, coal, or other necessities; by contributions to provident or friendly associations accessible to the inhabitants; by contributions towards cost of outfit, on entering upon trade or occupation, or into service, for any person under 21 years of age, and by the supply of clothes, linen, bedding, fuel, tools, food, or medical or other aid; and as to the residue in pensions of not less than £10 or more than £20. Pensioners must be poor persons of either sex, of good character, who have resided in the parish previously to their appointment for a consecutive period of three years, and not less than six years in all; who have not during that period received poor-law relief; and who from age, ill-health, accident or infirmity are unable to maintain themselves. In the event of there not being a sufficient number of such candidates resident in the parish, trustees may elect as pensioners persons qualified as aforesaid, by residence in any adjoining parish. *Clerk to the Trustees, J. F. Isaacson, Esq., 40 Norfolk Street, Strand, W.C.*

HOLBORN ESTATE CHARITY (for Income, &c., see 'Education,' above).—Almshouses at Lower Tooting, S.W., for 20 inmates of each sex, who receive a money allowance of £20 a year, with medical attendance and coals. Candidates must have been ratepayers of the parish for five years, or their widows or daughters.

DUCKETT (St. Clement Danes Branch).—£205. 11s.; distributed in sums of from £5 to £20 to deserving women-servants of St. Clement Danes, under the same regulations as the St. Andrew's, Holborn, branch of the charity (see p. 688). *Trustees* (St. Clement Danes Branch). the rector and churchwardens of St. Clement Danes, and others. *Clerk, J. F. Isaacson, Esq., 40 Norfolk Street, Strand, W.C.*

Medical Relief.

HOLBORN ESTATE CHARITY, provides a fund of £500 a year available for donations to hospitals, dispensaries, &c. (see 'Education,' above).

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. Paul, Covent Garden :—

Education.

* CHARITY SCHOOL.—*Income* (from endowment), £63. 10s. PITTER.—£15. 4s. 7d. Paid to Parochial Charity Schools by churchwardens and overseers.

Apprenticing.

BUTLER (*see* p. 404).

Almshouses and Pensions.

ST. MARTIN-IN-THE-FIELDS ALMSHOUSE AND PENSION CHARITY.—Open to residents in the parish of St. Paul, Covent Garden (*see* p. 682, note).

Fuel.

MUCH TOTHAM ESTATE.—£121. 9s. 6d., distributed by trustees. Apply to Mr. J. C. Button, 6 Henrietta Street, Covent Garden, W.C.

Money Gifts.

BURLS FARM ESTATE.—£65; £20 for curate; remainder distributed by trustees. Apply to Mr. J. C. Button, 6 Henrietta Street, W.C.

SLOUGH HOUSE FARM.—£120; for relief of poor.

† PEARKE.—£10; £1 to £2 each to poor housekeepers (women).

† EAGLE.—£6; £1 to £2 each to poor housekeepers.

† HEWSON.—£16. 18s. 8d.; to poor parishioners in sums of 2s. 6d. to 10s. each.

YARWELL.—£7. 18s.; distributed to poor parishioners. Trustees, the churchwardens.

† DICKENS.—£3. 5s.; to poor in sums of 2s. 6d. to 10s. each.

† MARGETSON.—£6; to poor in sums of 2s. 6d. to 10s. each.

Medical Relief.

EARL CRAVEN PEST HOUSE CHARITY (*see* p. 683).

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. Mary-le-Strand :—

Education.

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.—*Income* (from endowment).—About £50.

LINE.—£6; paid to treasurer of parochial schools, subject to repair of monument.

Money Gifts.

MARTIN.—£6. 11s. 9d.; distributed by rector and churchwardens to two decayed housekeepers.

LOVEDAY.—£7; distributed by churchwardens to poor widows in sums of 5s.

PEELE.—£10 (£2 deducted for land tax); distributed by churchwardens to 40 poor widows, 4s. each.

WINGRAVE.—£30; distributed in sums of from 4s. 6d. to 6s. each to poor widows by churchwardens and overseers.

Miscellaneous.

LOVEDAY.—£1 to rector; 5s. to curate; 3s. to sextoness, &c.

WILSON.—£19. 8s.; to rector and churchwardens for morning prayers.

PARISH ESTATE.—*Income*.—About £350, applied in aid of poor's rate.

* No recent information.

† Distributors, the rector and churchwardens.

The following charities are available for residents in the Liberty of the Rolls :—

Money Gifts, &c.

BALDWIN.—£3 ; distributed by overseers and ancients, half on St. Thomas's Day, half in September, in sums of from 6d. to 2s. 6d.

WORRALL.—£1. 10s. 6d. ; distributed by overseers and ancients.

MASTER OF THE ROLLS.—£5.

FISHER.—£1 ; distributed by Cordwainers' Company, according to list furnished by overseers, in sums of 1s. on third Wednesday in May.

WEBB.—10s. ; distributed in cake or doles by churchwardens of St. Clement Danes and St. Dunstan's.

The following charity is available for residents in the Savoy :—

THE COUNTESS OF NOTTINGHAM.—' Precinct of Savoy accountable for principal of £100 and interest for poor.'*

XIV.—HOLBORN UNION.

Area.—784 acres. **Population (1881).**—151,716. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—3,740 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—4,443 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Children at **District School, Mitcham** (daily average attendance, half-year ended Lady Day, 1887).—450. **Qualification for Guardian.**—An annual rateable value of £30. Number of Guardians: 2 *ex-officio* ; 8 nominated by Local Government Board ; 31 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—A rating of £40 per annum. Number of Vestrymen: St. Andrew's, none *ex-officio*, 24 elected ; St. Luke's, Old Street, 3 *ex-officio*, 48 elected ; Clerkenwell, 6 *ex-officio*, 72 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians,† Clerkenwell Road, E.C. **Clerk, Mr. J. W. Hill.** Day of meeting, Wednesday. **Relieving Officers**—Holborn, Eastern, Mr. G. Goldsmith, 4 Cumberland Terrace, Lloyd Square, W.C. ; Western, Mr. F. H. Birch, 12 Millman Street, Bedford Row, W.C. Clerkenwell, Mr. A. G. Pratt, 32 Wilmington Square ; Mr. F. Strickland, 42 Cumming Street and 11 Lloyd Square, W.C. ; Mr. E. Barber, 49 Baker Street, W.C. St. Luke's, Western, Mr. E. R. Smith, 33 President Street ; Northern, Mr. W. H. Toynbee, 304 City Road, E.C. ; Eastern, Mr. G. R. Trappes, 318 City Road. **Vaccination Officers**—Mr. J. Neighbour, 2 Ironmonger Row, St. Luke's, E.C. ; Mr. W. Mumford, Holborn Town Hall. **District Medical Officers,** Mr. R. Taylor, 79 Gray's Inn Road, W.C. ; Mr. J. R. Gabe, 76 Farringdon Road ; Mr. F. L. Milburn, 139 St. John Street ; Mr. F. S. Price, 7 Mecklenburgh Street ; Mr. W. P. Hollis, 31 Claremont Square, N. ; Mr. W. T. Hudson, 45 Cumming Street, Pentonville, N. ; Mr. R. Bruce, Jr., 22 City Road ; Mr. M. L. Clift, 20 King Square ; Mr. W. A. Dingle, 61 Bunhill Row, E.C. ; Mr. J. F. Rogers, M.D., 117 Old Street, E.C. **Dispensers, Messrs. J. Knowles, W. D. Pattinson, J. Strachan, and H. Hewitt.** **Work-houses** (for the able-bodied), Mitcham, Surrey ; (for the aged and helpless), Shepherdess Walk, N. **Infirmary, Archway Road, Highgate, N.** **Dispensaries, Clerkenwell Road ;** hours, 9 to 1, 3 to 6. **Casual Ward, Vine Street, Clerkenwell Road, W.C.** **School, Mitcham, Surrey.**

* Taken from the Charity Commissioners' 'Digest of Endowed Charities (1875). Middlesex,' p. 61, but nothing is known of the charity in the Savoy.

† By a local Act, there is a separate Board of Guardians for St. Luke's.

DISTRICT BOARD OF WORKS.

Office, Town Hall, Gray's Inn Road, W.C. *Clerk*, Mr. S. W. Hopwood. *Medical Officer of Health*, Dr. S. Gibbon, 39 Oxford Terrace, W., 39 Finsbury Pavement, E.C., and Holborn Town Hall, Gray's Inn Road, W.C.

VESTRY.

Offices (St. Andrew's), Town Hall, Gray's Inn Road, W.C. *Clerk* Mr. S. W. Hopwood, 47 Chancery Lane, W.C. (St. Luke's), Vestry Hall, City Road, E.C.; *Clerk*, Mr. G. W. Preston. (St. James and St. John's, Clerkenwell), Vestry Hall, 58 Rosoman Street, Clerkenwell, E.C.; *Clerk*, Mr. R. Paget. *Medical Officers of Health* (St. Andrew's, see District Board of Works, above); (St. Luke's), Dr. Pavy, 35 Grosvenor Street, W.; (St. James and St. John's, Clerkenwell), Dr. Griffith, 50 Camberwell Grove, S.E.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Finsbury Division), 25 Cloudealey Street, Liverpool Road, N. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. W. Saunders. *Correspondent for the Board Schools in the Finsbury Division*, Mr. J. H. Pollock, Board School, Central Street, St. Luke's, E.C.

POLICE COURT.

(Clerkenwell), King's Cross Road, W.C. (Worship Street), Worship Street, E.C.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committees (Holborn), 13 Featherstone Buildings, W.C.; office hours, 10 to 1 and 4 to 5 (Saturday 11 to 1 only). (Clerkenwell and St. Luke's), 5 President Street, Goswell Road, E.C.; office hours, 10 to 1. **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**.—Hatton Garden Conference. Time of meeting, Sunday, after High Mass, at the Italian Church. *President*, Rev. J. P. Bannin, Italian Church, Hatton Garden. **Strangers' Friend Society**.—(CITY ROAD DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. J. J. Yeo, 79 Upper Street, Islington, N. (HOLBORN DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. C. Muttler, 11 Theobald's Road, W.C. (CLERKENWELL DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. T. Farrow, 73 Corporation Buildings, Farringdon Road, E.C. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants** (HOLBORN BRANCH), 163 Goswell Road, E.C. Open Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, 2 to 4. *Hon. Sec.*, Miss Aldridge, 38 Mecklenburgh Square, W.C.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. Andrew, Holborn:—

NOTE.—It has not been possible to obtain recent information as to the conditions of eligibility for candidates for the several endowed charities, the dates and places of the distribution, and names of distributors of the charities, &c. The following list, however, may, it is thought, prove of service. The particulars given are mostly taken from the 'Digest of Endowed Charities of the City of London,' published 1875-6 by the Charity Commission. The Clerks to the Endowed Charities of St. Andrew's, Holborn, are Messrs. J. & M. Pontifex, Solicitors, St. Andrew's Street, Holborn Circus, E.C.

Education.

LADY NEVILL (*see* p. 441) and HULL.—£62; including £6 to Hammer-smith Charity Schools and £6 to St. Andrew's Schools. Charity also for educating, &c., children of housekeepers of this parish, St. Martin-in-the-Fields, and of the city of Westminster.

PALMER and others.—Parochial Schools. *Income* (from endowment).—£618. 17s. 7d. (inclusive of £33. 13s. 7d. from Lady Capel's Charity, Kew, Surrey).

BARTON.—£4. Sunday School (due from St. Thomas's Hospital).

Apprenticing.

LADY NEVILL and HULL.—£42. 10s.

EWER.—£6. 12s. 4d. BROMFIELD.—£250. 18s. 1d.

Alms-houses and Pensions.

DUCKETT.—*Income*.—£411. 2s.; 'granted in sums of not less than £5 or more than £20 each to deserving women, being either married or having attained the age of 25 years, who shall have filled the position and discharged satisfactorily the duties of domestic servant in the employment of some respectable person' in the parish, not less than 7 consecutive years in the same service, who either continue in such service at the time of grant, or have left it since the last distribution of charity. Candidates must give evidence, satisfactory to the trustees, of habits of thrift and providence, and must not be in receipt of poor-law relief. A recipient otherwise qualified, and having acquired since previous grant a fresh qualification by service for a further 5 years, is eligible for a renewed grant from time to time. The trustees have power to apply all or any part of the income in payment of pensions to persons possessing the above qualifications, and who are unfitted for continued service by age, illness, accident or infirmity, and are unable to maintain themselves by their own exertions. The Trustees *may* grant a pension to a person otherwise duly qualified who has discontinued her qualifying service for a period exceeding that specified above. Pensions are weekly or for other periods, not less than 6s. or more than 10s., and may be expended by the trustees for the benefit of the pensioner. The receipt of poor-law relief disqualifies a pensioner. Trustees (St. Andrew's Branch), the rector and church-wardens of St. Andrew's, Holborn, and others. Half of the income is paid to the parish of St. Clement Danes, Strand (*see* p. 684).

PALMER.—£412. 10s.; annuities to 24 poor widows.

Money Gifts.

B. HYDE.—9s. (£4. 10s. received from Salters' Company every ten years). J. ALSTON.—£5 received from £19. 7s. 7d. HUNT.—£2. 5s. SKYDMORE.—£1. M. DANE.—10s. 6d.

The following are for the 'general uses of the poor':—SPENCE.—£5. LEESE.—£2. CHAMPION.—£5. THORNEY.—£113. 7s. 2d. CHARLES.—£10 (less £1. 1s. 6d. for land tax). MYNN.—£10. 10s. WILLIAMS.—£43. 17s. 4d. UNKNOWN, or COCK AND HOOP CHARITY, or HOSIERS.—£2. OWEN.—£7. 16s. (less 15s. 6d. for land tax). ACHAM.—£6. COLLYER.—£2. 12s. OLDFIELD.—£16. 19s. 11d. LADY E. HATTON and others.—£98. 12s. 7d. WHITLOCK.—£5 (less £1 for land tax). ALLEN, STILLING-FLEET, and GREGG.—£7. 16s.; paid from Thavie's Charity.

Miscellaneous.

THAVIE.—*Income*.—£1,673. 10s. 11d. For purposes of church rate. Also Rectory and Church Investment Funds, accumulating by Order of Court of Chancery. Amount not ascertained, but varies, large sums

being sold out occasionally according to emergencies. Estate administered by Order of Court of 12th March, 1851.

LADY E. HATTON.—£100; distributed in money gifts.

ROPER.—£55; distributed in money gifts.

STREET.—£5; for general uses of the poor.

MORTON.—£428. £214 distributed in pensions, &c.; £214 for Cottenham, Cambridgeshire.

HOXTON ESTATE.—£75; for general uses of the poor, also for apprenticing.

ANONYMOUS.—£3. 11s. 5d.; for lying-in Irish women of St. Peter's, Saffron Hill.

The following charities are available (except where otherwise stated) in the proportions stated for residents in the parish of Clerkenwell (St. James):—

Education.

PENTONVILLE CHARITY SCHOOL.—*Income* (from endowment).—For boys and girls, who are educated and clothed. On leaving the school boys are apprenticed and girls are sent to domestic service. Applications should be made to the Hon. Secretary at the School.

RUSSELL'S CHARITY.—Maintains three poor children of St. James's, Clerkenwell, at Christ's Hospital. Application should be made to the churchwardens and overseers of St. James's.

WIGGLESWORTH.—£38. 6s. 6d.; left for apprenticing poor children; now devoted to educational purposes by order of the Court of Chancery. Divided, 8/60ths to St. Philip's; 9/60ths to St. John's; 10/60ths to St. Mark's; 11/60ths to St. James's, Pentonville; 22/60ths to St. James's, Clerkenwell.

Apprenticing.

LADY NEVILL (*see* p. 441).

Food.

The undermentioned charities are (except where otherwise stated) divisible in the following proportions, viz: 8/60ths to St. Philip's, 9/60ths to St. John's, 10/60ths to St. Mark's, 11/60ths to St. James's, Pentonville; and 22/60ths to St. James's, Clerkenwell. Application for participation should be made to the respective churchwardens.

BELLOW.—£45. 12s. (£1 to churchwardens of Cobham); distributed in bread on Sundays. STANHOPE.—£40. 10s. WOOD.—£72; distributed in bread at Lady Day and Michaelmas. SANDERSON.—£11. 6s. 6d. HERON.—£72. 16s. 11d. (also fuel). SEKFORDE.—£20 (also fuel). HERBERT.—£2. 12s.; 1s. in bread for the poor on Sundays. (Merchant Taylors' Company). PETYT.—£10 (*see* p. 441). JOHN SMITH.—£2. 12s. GARRETT.—6s. 8d. SIR EDWARD SMITH.—£2. LOVEDAY.—£5; distributed in bread on St. John's Day. RICHARDS.—£5. 9s.; distributed in 'half-peck loaves' to the poor at Christmas, 10/60ths to St. Philip's; 12/60ths to St. Mark's; 14/60ths to St. James's, Pentonville; and 24/60ths to St. James's, Clerkenwell. NIEMAN.—No. 1, £16. 17s. 6d. (also fuel). For proportion of distribution, *see* under 'Fuel'. SPENCER.—£60 (also clothing); distributed at Christmas to poor not receiving parochial relief, 22/60ths to St. James's, Pentonville; 38/60ths to St. James's, Clerkenwell. STANHOPE.—£40. 10s. KYTSON.—£3 (also clothing).

The following are divisible amongst residents of St. John's, Clerkenwell, only, and application to participate should be made to the rector of St. John's, the Rectory, Clerkenwell, E.C., or to the churchwardens: SIR G. FETTIPLACE.—£13. J. NIEMAN.—£14. 6s. S. NIEMAN.—£27 (fuel also). E. and S. WILD.—15s. WEATHERALL.—15s.

Fuel.

The undermentioned charities are (except where otherwise stated) divisible in the following proportions, viz.: 8/60ths to St. Philip's; 9/60ths to St. John's; 10/60ths to St. Mark's; 11/60ths to St. James's, Pentonville; and 22/60ths to St. James's, Clerkenwell. Application for participation should be made to the respective churchwardens.

NIEMAN.—No. 1, £16. 17s. 6d. (also food); 10/60ths to St. Philip's; 12/60ths to St. Mark's; 14/60ths to St. James's, Pentonville; and 24/60ths to St. James's, Clerkenwell. NIEMAN.—No. 2, £17. 11s. (also money gifts) divided, half to St. John's, and the remainder in the same proportion as Nieman, No. 1. S. NIEMAN.—£27; for residents in St. John's, Clerkenwell, only (also food). BENNETT.—£47. 10s. 3d.; distributed at Christmas. HERON (*see* 'Food'). SEKFORDE.—£20 (also food). SKYDMORE.—£1.

Clothing.

SPENCER (*see* 'Food'); distributed at Christmas to poor not receiving parochial relief, 22/60ths to St. James's, Pentonville; 38/60ths to St. James's, Clerkenwell.

KYTON.—£3 (also food), 8/60ths to St. Philip's; 9/60ths to St. John's; 10/60ths to St. Mark's; 11/60ths to St. James's, Pentonville; and 22/60ths to St. James's, Clerkenwell.

Money Gifts.

The undermentioned charities are (except where otherwise stated) divisible in the following proportions, viz.: 8/60ths to St. Philip's; 9/60ths to St. John's; 10/60ths to St. Mark's; 11/60ths to St. James's, Pentonville; and 22/60ths to St. James's, Clerkenwell. Application for participation should be made to the respective churchwardens.

NIEMAN.—No. 2, £17. 11s.; distributed in sums of 1s. 6d. each to the poor (also fuel), 10/60ths to St. Philip's; 12/60ths to St. Mark's; 14/60ths to St. James's, Pentonville; and 24/60ths to St. James's, Clerkenwell.

STRODE.—£274. 9s. 5d.; £6 to minister for sermon, remainder 'in sums of 5s. each to such poor as shall have formerly been housekeepers, and decayed by disasters and old age, and such as have no other subsistence by keeping of shops, or other relations, nor keeping any victualling house or ale house, nor sell drink, tobacco, strong waters or the like.'

ROBERTSON.—£8. 14s.; distributed in sums of 5s. each to poor widows (subject to repair of vault), 22/60ths to St. James's, Pentonville, and 38/60ths to St. James's, Clerkenwell.

GARDNER.—£23. 5s. 6d.; £1 to Charity School, remainder distributed to 20 poor widows on Shrove Tuesday.

CROSSE.—£7. 15s. 8d. (*see* also 'Miscellaneous'); distributed to the poor in sums of 1s. 6d. each.

PIERSON.—£3; 6d. each to 40 poor people attending church on Michaelmas Day (*see* also 'Miscellaneous').

LEVERINGTON.—£38; distributed to poor persons, 2s. a week each for ten weeks, in January, February, and March.

MITCHELL.—£3 (for residents of St. John's, Clerkenwell, only); apply to rector or churchwardens of St. John's.

BALDWIN.—£4. 15s. 4d.; distributed on February 14, in sums of £1 each, to 'the best conducted unmarried female orphans (without either father or mother) who are or have been paupers in the workhouse of the said parish (St. James's, Clerkenwell); whether in service or out of service, length of service to be a recommendation.'

Miscellaneous.

CROSSE.—£1. 10s. for sermon, 5s. each to churchwardens of St. James's, 5s. each to clerk, sexton, and beadle, 10s. to bellringers (*see also* 'Money Gifts').

PIERSON.—£3; £2 for sermon on Michaelmas Day, and to churchwardens, &c.

The following are for church purposes: HERON.—About £180. S. MITCHELL.—£18. STOAKS.—£1. 'ACRE OF LAND.'—£100. BEDINGFIELD.—£2; 'for public uses.' CLERKENWELL PUMP.—£8. 8s.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. Luke, Old Street:—

Education.

FINSBURY CHARITY SCHOOL, City Road, for relief of children of poor and respectable parents, by training them in the paths of religion and virtue agreeable to the formularies of the Church of England, and providing them with suitable instruction. Permanent income, about £13. 10s.

FULLER.—*Income* (1881).—£161. 16s.; 24 boys are educated and clothed at £5. 5s. a year each; the money being paid half-yearly to trustees of St. Luke's School. *Officials*, Mr. R. Moreland, Jr., 3 Old Street, E.C., and others.

ST. LUKE'S PAROCHIAL SCHOOL, Old Street, E.C.—*Income*.—Between £1,600 and £1,700. The schools are also supported by voluntary subscriptions, school pence, and Government grant.

FOX.—£6; paid to treasurers of parochial and workhouse schools, £3 each by churchwardens.

ORPHAN WORKING SCHOOL.—*Income*.—'At date of Parliamentary Reports, £762. 6s. 8d.'

WORRALL'S FREE OR RED COAT SCHOOL.—*Income*.—£504. 3s. 7d. For boys, who are also clothed. *Solicitors*, Messrs. Venning, Sons, & Mannings, 80 Gresham House, Old Broad Street, E.C.

HOLMES.—*Income*.—£6. 15s. 7d. for repair of tomb; £2 to school; £2 for coals to inmates of almshouses; balance to parochial schools.

FENNER.—£10. 10s. paid to the churchwardens for Bibles.

CHARITY SCHOOL (connected with Moorfields Tabernacle).—*Income*.—£23. 8s. *Treasurer* of the Moorfields Tabernacle Charities, Mr. J. Death, 42 Bishopsgate Street Within, E.C.

CHRIST'S HOSPITAL.—The vestry elect, and the churchwardens present boys, under the wills of Browne, Clarke, and Woodward, who must be aged from 8 to 10 years, children of respectable parents resident and legally settled in the parish.

FOX.—Interest of £100 for prizes to children of workhouse schools, and interest of a like sum for prizes to children of charity schools, Golden Lane, by churchwardens (*see above*).

Apprenticing.

SMITH.—£32. 11s. 6d.; provides apprenticeship premiums for children of inhabitants, scholars in some public elementary school for not less than five years. Administered by Board of Trustees.

KANE.—£15; distributed in prizes at St. Luke's School.

LADY NEVILL (*see* 'General Charities,' p. 441).

Almshouses, Pensions, &c.

AMIAS'S ALMSHOUSES, George Yard, Old Street, E.C.—*Income*.—About £647; for women, who receive a money allowance of £2. 10s. each a month and coals. Two out-pensioners are elected, who receive £3 a

month each; £5 is paid to the parish of St. Martin Vintry, London. *Solicitors*, Messrs. Venning, Sons, & Mannings, 80 Gresham House, E.C.

ALLEYN'S ALMSHOUSES, Bath Street (including CREW, £50; HOLMES; and NIEMAN, £5. 14s.); for poor persons of good character, resident for not less than five years, and not in receipt of relief for that period, prior to election. Inmates receive a pension of £25 a year and a ton of coals.

ST. LUKE'S ALMSHOUSES, Bath Street. Qualifications same as for Alleyn's.

ALLEYN'S COLLEGE, Dulwich (see p. 405).—The Vestry of St. Luke elect candidates for vacancies. Qualifications of candidates, same as for Alleyn's Almshouses (see above). Out-pensioners, elected in same manner as inmates. Qualifications likewise the same, except that age must be 50 years or upwards.

UNKNOWN DONOR.—£90. PALMER.—About £75. MASON, DAY, SMITH, HANBURY and BUDD.—*Income*, about £490. LANGLEY.—*Income*, about £385. HARVEST (see GLASEBROOK). BUDD, and BISHOP OF ELY (part).—*Income*, about £42. WHITFIELD (part).—£1. 10s. HINTON and TAYLOR.—*Income*, about £233; now administered by Board of Trustees.

POWELL and FREEMAN.—About £220. Received quarterly, and paid in January, April, July, and October, to 27 poor persons of the parish not receiving parochial relief. *Trustees*, Mr. J. B. Moreland, 76 Old Street, E.C., and others, who elect recipients.

LOVEDAY and others.—*Income*.—About £150. To the poor worshipping at the Moorfields Tabernacle, by a Poor Board, composed of the deacons and others, distributed in pensions. *Treasurer*, Mr. J. Death, 42 Bishopsgate Street Within, E.C.

DALE.—Pensions of £12 a year for poor men and women of good character, 60 years of age at least; who, being males, have paid rates to the parish of St. Luke, or females, or spinsters who have paid such rates, or are widows of husbands who have paid such rates, or who, as such widows, have paid such rates. Candidates elected by the Vestry.

LAWRENCE (on death of surviving legatee).—Interest of £600 for two men and two women parishioners, age exceeding 60 years. Distributed by churchwardens and guardians.

Food.

WILLIAMS.—£2. 10s. VALE.—About £27; now administered by Board of Trustees. A. AND R. MILLS.—*Income*, about £341; bread and coals to the poor. *Trustees*, Mr. J. B. Moreland, 76 Old Street, E.C.; and Mr. E. R. Allen, 7 Cowper Street. BUSBY.—*Income*, about £4. WARD.—£1. 6s. 3d.

Fuel.

A. and R. MILLS (see under 'Food'). BUCKLEY (part).—£4. 1s. 10d. BLEYTON (part).—*Income*, £271. LAWRENCE, MARSHALL, and others (part).—*Income*, £115. GLASEBROOK, SNOW, NIGHTINGALE, HEATH, and HARVEST.—£240. COWPER.—10s. The foregoing are administered by Board of Trustees.

LOVEDAY and others.—About £20; distributed in fuel to the poor worshipping at the Moorfields Tabernacle (see also Almshouse Charities, above.)

NIEMAN.—£5. 14s. (see above).

Money Gifts.

MILLEN.—£3. HUNT.—£5. JONES.—£8. GERVIES.—£1; now administered by trustees.

SCHRODER.—About £54; distributed in November, in sums of £1 each,

among 27 poor men and 27 poor women of the parish, aged 50 years at least, not receiving parochial relief, by the rector and churchwardens.

ANN MILLS.—£2. 10s.; now administered by trustees.

LEYERINGTON.—£40; distributed January, February, and March amongst 20 men and 20 women, not less than 40 years of age, and of the Protestant religion. Each person receives 2s. a week for ten successive weeks in the above months, at the Parish Church.

HYDE.—£2. 5s.; distributed once in 10 years.

Clothing.

ASTILL.—Income.—£261.

BLYTHER.—£2. 19s. 2d.; now administered by Board of Trustees.

Miscellaneous.

SWORDER.—About £110; repair of church.

CARPENTER.—£2; now administered by trustees.

[NOTE.—Application for participation in the endowed charities of St. Luke's, Old Street, administered by the Trustee Board, should be made to the Clerk to the Trustees, Vestry Hall, City Road, E.C.]

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. George the Martyr, Queen Square:—

Education.

CHARITY SCHOOLS, Gloucester Street, Queen's Square, W.C.—For boys, girls, and infants. Income, from endowment, £160. Secretary, J. R. Church, Esq., Solicitor, 9 Bedford Row, W.C.

SOUTH.—Dividends on £1,273. 7s. 9d. Consols, paid to School Treasurer for education of children of the poor.

Apprenticing.

LADY NEVILL (see p. 441).

Almshouses, Pensions, &c.

STAFFORD'S CHARITY.—Almshouses formerly in Gray's Inn Road, W.C., but pulled down in 1887, and site sold for £33,000 to Metropolitan Board of Works. The 12 inmates to receive £50 a year until their death. The out-pensions to be increased to £25, the number of recipients to be 50. Secretary, Richard Furber, Esq., Solicitor, 8 Gray's Inn Square, W.C.

Food, Fuel, Money Gifts.

ATKINSON.—£13. 14s. 8d.; distributed among the poor of the parish by rector and churchwardens at Christmas, in money, food, or fuel.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. Sepulchre without the Bars—i.e., that part of the parish which is situate in Middlesex. Unless otherwise stated, application to participate in these charities should be made to J. R. Allam, Esq., Vestry Clerk, 18 Charterhouse Square. The gifts to which a * is affixed are held jointly with the parish of St. Sepulchre Within, but the amount of income stated is the sum to which the parish of St. Sepulchre Without is entitled.

Education.

GIRLS' CHARITY SCHOOL (1702).—Endowment, £1,553. 5s. 6d. Reduced 3 per Cents., the income from which is applied in payment of the salaries of the mistress and her assistants, and for the clothing of the children, the school being chiefly supported by voluntary contributions.

BOYS' CHARITY SCHOOL (1702).—Endowment, £1,257. 6s. 11d. 3 per Cents. Reduced, the interest of which is applied towards the salary of the master, and for clothing and repairs, &c., the school being chiefly supported by voluntary contributions.

KENTISH ESTATE, or KIFFORD'S CHARITY (1683).—*Income* (1888).—About £292. 7s. 1d., derived from the rent of a farm in Kent and the dividends of a sum of £1,400 Reduced 3 per Cents. The charity is managed under a scheme of the Charity Commissioners, sealed April 17, 1885, under which the trustees allot £45 to the parochial schools. (See under 'Pensions' and 'Miscellaneous' for particulars of the disposal of the remainder of the income.) *Clerk*, Mr. W. Hine-Haycock, 4 College Hill, Cannon Street, E.C.

FENNER (1633).—About £6; for the purchase of Bibles, to be distributed twice a year to such poor children as do not attend any charity schools of the parish.

Money Gifts.

COTTLE (1658).—To provide pensions of £2 a year each to 30 poor parishioners. The estate in Sharp's Alley, upon which the payment was charged, was sold in 1863 to the Metropolitan Railway Company for £8,250, which sum was invested in the purchase of £8,882. 18s. 1d. Consols, in the names of certain trustees. After payment of £60 in pensions, the balance appears to be handed over to the churchwardens.

KENTISH ESTATE, or KIFFORD'S CHARITY.—For income, &c., see under 'Education,' above. Thirty parishioners receive an annual gift of £3 each, and seven receive £15 each.

CLARK (1609).—*Income* (1887).—£7. 14s. 8d.; distributed by the churchwardens equally amongst five poor widows residing in or near St. John's Street.

***BULL (1735).**—£2 a year; distributed by the churchwardens equally amongst four poor householders.

KING (1609), YORK and BEDWELL (1605) (Charterhouse Lane Estate).—*Income* (1888).—About £160; to provide pensions of 10s. a year each for 36 poor persons. The surplus rents and profits have been applied in paying off a mortgage, and the question of a new scheme is now before the Charity Commissioners.

***SMALLMAN and others (St. John's Street and St. John's Lane Estate).**—*Income* (1888).—About £61. 10s. Thirty poor parishioners receive an annual gift of 10s. each, the balance being paid over to the churchwardens, to be applied to the general funds of the parish.

***HYDE.**—10s. every tenth year; paid to two poor widows, who receive 5s. each. Now paid by the Salters' Company to the persons nominated by the churchwardens.

Fuel.

These gifts are distributed in coals by the vicar and churchwardens to poor parishioners:—**ROBERTS (1795, 1817, 1825).**—£19. 3s. 4d. ***MAY.**—£1. ***LOANES.**—£1. 10s. ***HEARNE, or HERON.**—16s. ***STEPHENS and HAMPTON.**—6s. 4d. ***PIDGE.**—16s. ***TERRILL.**—£1. ***BUSH.**—3s. 2d. ***SEAW.**—£2. ***WELLINGTON.**—13s.

Clothing.

RICHARDSON (1881).—Interest of a sum of £1,000, subject to the life interest of his widow, who still survives, for boots and shoes, to be dis-

* These charities belong to St. Sepulchre without the Bars, and St. Sepulchre, City of London, jointly. The amount of income as stated is, however, the sum to which the former parish is entitled.

tributed amongst such deserving men and women of the parish as the churchwardens may select.

Miscellaneous.

KENTISH ESTATE, or KIFFORD'S CHARITY.—For income, &c., see under 'Education,' p. 694. £2 to vicar, for sermon; £2 to vicar and curate on audit; 10s. to clerk; 10s. to sexton; 5s. to pew-opener; 5s. to beadle. (These amounts are varied under the Scheme, but the above sums continue to be paid to the then holders of these offices.)

XV.—CITY OF LONDON UNION.

Area.—655 acres. **Population (1881).**—51,401. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1887).—1,681 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1887).—2,138 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Children at **Central London District Schools**, including City (year ended Lady Day, 1887).—1,157. **Qualification for Guardian.**—A rating of £40 a year. Number of Guardians: none *ex-officio*; none nominated; 94 elected. **Commissioners of Sewers**, Lord Mayor, Recorder, Common Serjeant, the three representatives of City on the London County Council, together with six aldermen and 83 commoners.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, 61 Bartholomew Close, E.C. *Clerk*, Mr. F. W. Crane. Day of meeting, Tuesday. *Relieving Officers*, No. 1A, Mr. J. C. Webb, 16 Bouverie Street, E.C.; No. 1B, Mr. A. Brown, 1 Hayne Street, Charterhouse Square, E.C.; No. 2, Mr. S. Alloway, 93 Bishopsgate Street Without; No. 3E, Mr. W. Boshier, 103 Bishopsgate Street Without, E.C.; No. 3F, Mr. T. A. Chapman, 8 Sparrow Corner, Minories, E.C. *Vaccination Officer*, Mr. J. B. Schrader, 61 Bartholomew Close, E.C. *District Medical Officers*, No. 1A District, Dr. A. B. Thompson, 18 Serjeants' Inn, E.C.; *Deputy*, Mr. A. W. Green, Serjeants' Inn, E.C. No. 1B, Mr. Charles Read, 1 Goswell Road, E.C.; *Deputy*, Mr. John Rhys, 1 Goswell Road, E.C. No. 2, Mr. F. Gordon Brown, 16 Finsbury Circus, E.C.; *Deputy*, Mr. A. H. Appleford, 16 Finsbury Circus. No. 3, *Acting*, Mr. H. J. Sequeira, 27 Aldgate, E.C. *Dispenser*, Mr. T. W. Beard. **Workhouses**, Clifton Road, Lower Clapton, E. **Infirmary**, Bow Road, E. **Dispensary**, 61 Bartholomew Close, E.C. Hours, 9 to 2, and 3 to 6. Entrance in Middlesex Passage. **Casual Ward**, Robin Hood Court, Shoe Lane, E.C. **Central London District Schools** (comprising the City of London and St. Saviour's Unions), Cuckoo Farm, Hanwell, Middlesex. *Clerk to the Managers*, Mr. G. E. East, 10 Basinghall Street, E.C.

COMMISSIONERS OF SEWERS.

Office, Guildhall, E.C. *Solicitor*, A. J. Baylis, Esq., Church Court, Old Jewry, E.C. *Principal Clerk*, Mr. H. T. Blake. *Medical Officer of Health*, W. S. Saunders, Esq., M.D.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (City of London Division), 16 Craven Street, Strand, W.C. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. F. J. Murray.

POLICE COURT.

For 3rd, 4th, and 5th Police Divisions of the City, Mansion House, E.C. For 1st, 2nd, and 6th Police Divisions of the City, Guildhall Justice Room, E.C. City Police Establishment, Chief Office, 26 Old Jewry, E.C.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 25 College Street, Dowgate Hill, E.C. Office hours, 10 to 4 p.m. (Saturdays 10 to 1 only). **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**.—Tuesday, 7.30 p.m. **Presbytery**, Great Prescott Street. **Secretary**, B. F. C. Costelloe, Esq. **Strangers' Friend Society** (CENTRAL CITY DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. Joseph Mann, 26 Jewin Street, E.C. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants** (CITY AND SHOREDITCH BRANCH), St. Botolph's Vestry, Bishopsgate, E.C.; open Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays, 3 to 5. *Hon. Sec.*, Miss Birrell, 27 Church Street, Kensington, W.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The City Parochial Charities are now being dealt with under a special Act of Parliament. It has, therefore, not been considered necessary to publish any particulars of these charities, which are undergoing great changes.

XVI.—PARISH OF SHOREDITCH.

Area.—648 acres. **Population** (1881).—126,565. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—1,134 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—1,223 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Children at Strand Union Harold Court Schools** (daily average number maintained at close of half-year ended Lady Day, 1888).—274. **Qualification for Guardian**.—A rating to the poor rate of not less than £40 (not necessarily one assessment). **Number of Guardians**: nil *ex-officio*; 2 nominated by Local Government Board; 18 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman**.—A rating of £25. **Number of Vestrymen**: 3 *ex-officio*; 120 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, 213 Kingsland Road, E. *Clerk*, Mr. Robert Clay. *Day of meeting*, Wednesday. *Relieving Officers*, No. 1, Mr. G. Mummery, 68 New North Road, N.; No. 2, Mr. W. G. Judge, 17 Hemsworth Street, N.; No. 3, Mr. W. Glover, 45 Brownlow Road, E. No. 4, Mr. Charles Kimber, 37 Huntingdon Street, N. *Pay Clerk*, Mr. S. Fussell. *Relief Offices*, 204 Hoxton Street, N. *Vaccination Officer*, Mr. C. Waterer, 213 Kingsland Road, E. *District Medical Officers*, Mr. J. Davies, 91 New North Road, N.; Mr. M. Greenwood, 26 Queen's Road, Dalston, E.; Mr. P. L. Burchell, 2 Kingsland Road, E.; Mr. F. C. Roe, 56 Great Eastern Street, E.; Mr. T. Leonard, 29 New North Road, N.; Mr. R. U. Wallace, 243 Hackney Road, E. *Dispenser*, Mr. J. W. Lane. **Workhouse**, 213 Kingsland Road, E. **Infirmary**, Hoxton St., N. **Dispensary**, 204 Hoxton Street, N.; hours, 9 to 1.30, 3 to 6. **Schools**, at Hornchurch, Essex (opened in August 1889).

VESTRY.

Office, Town Hall, Old Street, E.C. *Clerk*, Mr. Enoch Walker. *Medical Officer of Health*, Dr. H. G. Sutton, 9 Finsbury Square, E.C.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Hackney Division), 35 Cassland Crescent, South Hackney, E. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. W. Hetherington. *Correspondent for the Board Schools in the Hackney Division*, Mr. W. A. Turner, Wilmott Street Board School, Bethnal Green, E.

POLICE COURTS.

(Clerkenwell), King's Cross Road, W.C. ; Worship Street, E.C., and Dalston, Mare Street, Hackney, E.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 19 New North Road, Hoxton, N. Office hours, 11 to 1. **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**, Homerton Conference, Church School Room, Ballance Road, Homerton, E. Time of meeting, Sundays, 12.30 p.m. *President*, B. Wood, Esq., 18 Annis Road, South Hackney, E. **Strangers' Friend Society** (CITY ROAD DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. J. J. Yeo, 79 Upper Street, Islington, N. (HACKNEY ROAD DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. H. J. Thorpe, 53 Lavender Grove, Queen's Road, Dalston, N.E. (HOXTON DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. A. Stiles, 98 Shrubland Road, Dalston, N.E. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants** (CITY AND SHOREDITCH BRANCH), 14 Finsbury Square, E.C. Open Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Fridays, 11 to 1. *Hon. Sec. (pro tem.)*, Miss Young-husband, 213 King's Road, Chelsea, S.W.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.*

Education.

ST. LEONARD EXHIBITION FUND.—*Income* (1887–8, 15 months).—£474. 6s. 5d., mainly from the endowments of the old Parochial Schools, which have been dissolved, the funds being now devoted to the granting of exhibitions and prizes, according to a scheme of the Charity Commissioners. A sum of £167. 3s. 4d. was expended upon these objects during the period above named.

TURNER EXHIBITION FUND.—Scholarships of £30 a year and prizes for pupil teachers from Shoreditch and other parishes (see under 'Spital-fields,' p. 706).

WOOD.—£6. **LAMBERT.**—£3. **RUSSELL.**—£9. **POINTIE.**—£1. 10s. **WATTS.**—£3. (*No recent information.*)

Apprenticing.

BUTLER.—For apprenticing and providing scholarships for boys and girls from Shoreditch and other parishes (see p. 404).

WEBB.—Maintains and apprentices six poor children from Christ's Hospital. (*No recent information.*)

Almshouses, Pensions, &c.

FULLER'S ALMSHOUSES, Nightingale Road, Wood Green.—*Income* (1888).—£220. 4s., made up as follows : Cooke, £63 ; Fuller, £50 ; Vinson, No. 1, £10. 16s. ; Savage, £5. 10s. ; Pitt, £3 ; Long, £3. 10s. ; Sharpe, £3 ; extra allowance by the Charity Trustees, £81. 8s. There are 12 inmates, women, who each receive an allowance of about 7s. per week.

BADGER'S ALMSHOUSE FUND.—This charity formerly consisted of six almshouses for women in Hoxton Street, and in 1877 the site was let on a building lease at £55 a year. The almshouses also received in 1888 a sum of £5. 18s. 6d. from Kinder's, Webb's, and Clark's gifts. No further appointments will be made on the foundation, the former inmates, however, continuing to receive the benefits of the charity. The revenues will eventually be paid to Fuller's almshouses in augmentation of the weekly allowance to the inmates. *Expenditure* (1888).—£29. 19s. 2d.

* A public inquiry into these charities was held by the Charity Commissioners in June 1889, but the report had not been issued at the time of going to press.

PORTER'S ALMSHOUSES (1826), Old Street.—For eight poor women. *Income* (1888).—£103. 4s. 10d., made up as follows : Porter, £12 ; Blundell, £9. 12s. 4d. ; Marshall, £3 ; Jervies (part), £2 ; Watts (part), £4. 12s. 6d. ; extra allowance by the Charity Trustees, £72.

WALTER'S ALMSHOUSES, Old Street.—For six poor women. *Income* (1888).—£32. 5s. 6d., including Vinson, No. 2, £10. 16s. ; Watts (part), £3. 9s. 6d. ; and extra allowance by the Charity Trustees, £18.

HACKNEY ROAD ALMSHOUSES.—For four poor men, married or single, who receive an allowance of £13. 8s. per annum each. Widows are allowed to remain. *Income* (1888).—£53. 12s.

HARWAR'S ALMSHOUSE PENSION FUND.—*Income* (1888).—£539. 6s. 7d. The almshouses were formerly in Kingsland Road, but were removed, and the benefits converted into 12 pensions for six men and six women, either married or single. Six pensioners receive £35. 12s. per annum, and six £30, the first six having been former inmates of the almshouses, who receive £5. 12s. extra. This charity is administered by the Drapers' Company.

SHOREDITCH NEW ALMSHOUSES (1856), Haggerston.—For women. *Income* (1888).—From endowment, £142. 18s. 6d. ; from annual subscriptions, &c., £407. 13s. 11d. *Inmates*.—20. *Sec.*, Mr. A. Bennett, Shoreditch Town Hall, Old Street, E.C.

Medical Relief.

BRAINSFORTH'S GIFT.—The churchwardens, who are the trustees, have at their disposal a bed at St. Thomas's Hospital.

JACKSON'S CHARITY (1871).—The interest of a capital sum of £10,000 bequeathed to the parish for the establishment of a cottage hospital and a soup kitchen. The arrangements for carrying out the provisions of the will are not yet quite complete, but the general plan is to invest the sum of £6,000, the interest of which, together with a capital sum of £2,000, is to be paid over to the Metropolitan Hospital in the Kingsland Road. In return, the hospital authorities undertake to reserve a certain number of beds for the use of the inhabitants of Shoreditch. The remaining £2,000 is to be applied to the purposes of the soup kitchen.

Food.

BREAD FUND.—*Income* (1888).—About £73 (including Byde, Peke, Russell, Smith, Brainsforth, Wilkinson, Hodge, Saunders, and Wild).

VAUGHAN'S SPITAL CHARITY.—*Income*.—About £50 a year (*see under* 'Spitalfields,' p. 707).

ASHFORD and MOORE.—*Income* (1888).—£20. 1s. 11d. (part distributed in coals).

Fuel.

ASHFORD and MOORE.—*Income* (1888).—£20. 1s. 11d. (part distributed in bread). Coal to the value of £73. 14s. 7d. was distributed to inmates of almshouses and to the poor by the Charity Trustees and overseers from the funds of various charities during the year 1888.

Clothing.

WILD, and others.—Clothing to the value of £87. 10s. was distributed by the Charity Trustees during the year 1888.

Money Gifts.

SMALE.—£103. **GORSUCH**.—£9. **NEVITT**.—£2. 16s. 8d. **BRAINSFORTH**.—£5. 10s. **BURTON**.—10s. **TRAFFORD**.—£14. 14s. 6d. **FENNER**.—£9. **TURVILLE**.—£5. **PARADINE**.—£12. 6s. 8d. **NORTH**.—£3. 2s. 2d.

LEVERINGTON.—£40; distributed to 40 recipients at 2s. weekly each person for 10 weeks.

CRANSTON.—£126; distributed to 150 persons in sums varying from 30s. to 10s. 6d.

HYDE.—£4. 10s. every tenth year, received from the Salters' Company and distributed in sums of 5s. each to 18 poor women. The next payment will be made in 1891.

DENINGS.—£7. 10s.

MARSHALL.—£61. 9s.; distributed to 100 persons in sums varying from 11s. to 13s. 6d.

Miscellaneous.

FENNER.—£11, distributed in Bibles.

BRAINSFORTH.—£1, for sermons at Christmas and Easter.

NEVITT.—10s., for sermon on Good Friday.

XVII.—PARISH OF ST. MATTHEW, BETHNAL GREEN.

Area.—755 acres. **Population (1881).**—127,006. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—1,308 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—1,338 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Children at **District Schools**, Leytonstone (daily average attendance, half year ending Lady Day, 1888).—543. **Qualification for Guardian.**—A rating of £30. Number of Guardians: none *ex-officio*; 2 nominated by Local Government Board; 24 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—A rating of £25. Number of Vestrymen: The rector, chairman *ex-officio*; 57 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, Bishop's Road, Victoria Park, E. **Clerk**, Mr. W. T. Howard. Day of meeting, Tuesday. **Relieving Officers**, No. 1, Mr. W. H. Dormer, 78 Gore Road, E.; No. 2, Mr. R. Arnott, 10 St. Peter's Street, Bethnal Green, E.; No. 3, Mr. C. A. Forrest, 186 Bethnal Green Road, E.; No. 4, Mr. W. A. Bowak, 20 Durant Street, Bethnal Green, E. **General Relieving Officer**, Mr. Henry Potter, 92 Stewardstone Road. **Pay Clerk**, Mr. J. Williams. **Vaccination Officer**, Mr. H. Ward, 1 St. James's Road, Victoria Park, E. **District Medical Officers**, No. 1, Mr. E. Berdoe, Hackney Road, E.; No. 2, Mr. C. Welch, 377 Hackney Road, E.; No. 3, Mr. A. E. Schmidt, 150 Bethnal Green Road, E.; No. 4, Mr. P. R. Plews, 172 Hackney Road, E.; No. 5, Mr. P. Quinlivan, 254 Bethnal Green Road, E.; No. 6, Mr. W. Owen, 201 Bethnal Green Road, E. **Workhouse**, Bishop's Road, Victoria Park, E. **Infirmaries**, at the Workhouse. **Dispensaries**, Guardians' Offices, Bishop's Road, E.; hours, 9 to 12, 2 to 4, 6 to 8. **School**, Leytonstone, E. **Superintendent**, Mr. D. Papworth.

VESTRY.

Office, Vestry Hall, Church Row, Bethnal Green Road, E. **Clerk**, Mr. R. Voss. **Medical Officer of Health**, Mr. G. Paddock Bates, 412 Bethnal Green Road, E.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Hackney Division), 35 Cassland Crescent, South Hackney, E. **Superintendent of Visitors**, Mr. W. Hetherington. **Correspondent**, Mr. W. A. Turner, Board School, Wilmott Street, Bethnal Green, E.

POLICE COURT.

Worship Street, E.C.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 297 Bethnal Green Road, E. Office hours, 9.30 to 10.30, 5 to 6 (Saturdays 9.30 to 10.30 only). **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**, Spitalfields Conference, The Monastery, Underwood Street, E. Time of meeting, Monday, 8.15 p.m. *President*, J. Donovan, Esq., 5 Rockmead Road, South Hackney, N.E. **Strangers' Friend Society** (BETHNAL GREEN DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. W. Ling, 450 Hackney Road, E. (HACKNEY ROAD DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. H. J. Thorpe, 53 Lavender Grove, Queen's Road, Dalston, N.E. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants**, Abbey Street Schools, Abbey Street, Bethnal Green Road, E. Office hours, Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday, 11 to 1. *Hon. Sec.*, Mrs. Reed, 17 Amhurst Park, Stamford Hill, N.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The information which follows is taken almost entirely from a report issued in 1887 by Mr. Robert Voss, Vestry Clerk of St. Matthew's, Bethnal Green. None of the charities come under the direct control of the vestry, being mostly administered by special trustees.

Education.

PARMITER'S FOUNDATION SCHOOL, Approach Road, Victoria Park, E.—This charity is now administered by a body of trustees created by a scheme of the Charity Commissioners, under which the Parochial Schools and several smaller charities have been united (*see further*, p. 422).

HARROLD.—£33. 3s. 10d. for National Schools, St. James-the-Less, Bethnal Green.

TURNER EXHIBITION FUND.—Exhibitions of £30 a year and prizes for female pupil teachers at public elementary schools in Bethnal Green (*see under* 'Spitalfields,' p. 706).

ROBERTSON (1862).—The rents of leasehold property in Jubilee Place, North, and Clark Street, Mile End, one moiety to be paid to the National Schools in Church Row. *Trustee*, the rector of St. Matthew's, Bethnal Green.

Apprenticing.

GREENWOOD (1834).—About £40; for apprenticing boys and girls of the age of 14 who have been their full time in the parochial schools of St. Matthew, Bethnal Green. The sum of £2. 10s. is to be paid when bound, and £2. 10s. for clothes when they shall have served half their time. The surplus, if any, to be applied for the support of the school.

BUTLER.—For apprenticing or providing scholarships for children from Bethnal Green and other parishes (*see* p. 404).

Almshouses, Pensions, &c.

PARMITER'S ALMSHOUSE (1631) (*see* p. 235).

MERCERON and THOMAS.—The interest of £310, to be paid to widows who have been inmates of the almshouses, but who are excluded by the death of their husbands.

MRS. ESTHER DOE'S ALMSHOUSES, Winchmore Hill.—For women. Natives of the parishes of Bethnal Green have, with others, the preference (*see further*, p. 247).

FULLER'S ALMSHOUSES, Temple Street, Harrow Green, Leytonstone

(formerly in the Mile End Road).—For single men of 50 years of age and upwards. The churchwardens of St. Matthew, Bethnal Green, nominate the inmate of one house (*see further under 'Spitalfields,' p. 706*).

BOWRY'S ALMSHOUSE FUND.—The almshouses were formerly in Bow Road, but were pulled down, each inmate receiving £1. 16s. a month, with £2 a year for coals. The churchwardens of St. Matthew, Bethnal Green, appoint one pensioner (*see further under 'Spitalfields,' p. 706*).

PEMEL'S ALMSHOUSES, Bruce Grove, Tottenham (formerly in White-chapel Road).—For four poor distressed widows of seamen. The parish appoints an inmate in turn with other parishes (*see further under 'Spitalfields,' p. 706*).

Food.

BREAD CHARITY.—The interest of £2,087. 10s., applied in providing bread to be distributed to the children of the Green Coat Schools attending service at St. Matthew's Church on as many Sundays as the funds will allow.

VAUGHAN'S SPITALFIELDS CHARITY (*see under 'Money Gifts,' p. 702*).

Fuel.

POOR'S, or GREEN LANDS.—Interest of £2,122 Consols, arising from the sale of a portion of the land; distributed by the trustees in coals, and 10s. in money. A new scheme for the management of this charity is now (August 1889) under consideration.

GREENWOOD'S COAL CHARITY (1834).—The interest of £1,300 Consols; to be applied in the purchase of coals for distribution amongst poor worthy persons residing on the west side of Cambridge Road.

Money Gifts.

FABRY.—The interest of £548. 12s. 11d.; to be divided equally between St. Matthew's, Bethnal Green, and Christ Church, Spitalfields, for distribution amongst 6 poor men and 6 poor widows.

FOURNIER (1840).—The interest of £4,348. 16s. 2d. stock; distributed by ballot of the vestry, in sums of from £10 to £15, to poor industrious parishioners who had not been relieved by the parish for two years.

BAKER (1870).—The interest of £5,000 Consols; to be divided equally between St. Matthew's, Bethnal Green, and Christ Church, Spitalfields, for distribution on the 24th of December in each year, in sums of £5, amongst poor and industrious parishioners who had not received parish relief for two years previously. *Trustees*, the rector, churchwardens, overseers, and four others.

LEVERINGTON (1864).—The interest of £1,333. 6s. 8d. Stock; to be distributed within the parish church to 40 honest, industrious poor persons in the parish, to be chosen by the vestry, in 10 equal payments in 10 successive weeks in January, February, and March.

PRISCA COBORN'S CHARITY (1701).—For relief of poor seamen's widows in the parish of Stepney. The churchwardens of the parish of St. Matthew, Bethnal Green (which was originally taken out of Stepney), receive and distribute 4/40ths of a moiety of the rents of the estate (*see further under 'St. Anne, Limehouse,' p. 714*).

LADY PRITCHARD (1707).—6s. 9d., being part of the dividends on £1,228. 8s. Consols; to be given yearly at Christmas by the rector and churchwardens of St. Matthew, Bethnal Green, to poor widows or maids.

TRUSS (1842).—*Income.*—About £50; distributed, by way of annual pensions of £5 each, to poor and deserving widows of 60 years of age at least, who have never received parochial relief, and whose husbands may

have been in a respectable sphere of life. The charity is administered by a scheme of the Charity Commissioners, under which the rector is an official trustee.

ROBSON.—The interest of £90 Consols; to be divided equally between St. Matthew's, Bethnal Green, and West Hackney, for distribution, at the discretion of the respective incumbents and their churchwardens, amongst deserving poor parishioners.

ROBERTSON (1862).—The rents of leasehold property in Jubilee Place, North, and Clark Street, Mile End; one moiety to be distributed by the rector among such poor parishioners as he shall think deserving, and the other moiety to be paid to the National Schools in Church Row.

VAUGHAN'S SPITALFIELDS CHARITY (1836).—The dividends of £6,670. 19s. 8d. Consols; to be divided between several parishes (of which St. Matthew's, Bethnal Green, is one), and to be expended in 'the clothing and support of poor mechanics and weavers . . . unable, from illness or calamity, to work.'

POOR'S, or GREEN LANDS.—Gifts of 10s. each to poor parishioners (see under 'Fuel,' p. 701).

Miscellaneous.

BROWN (1826).—Dividends of £1,400 Consols; £20 to be paid to the rector for catechising the children, £2 to the clerk, £1 to the sexton; the residue to be applied in purchasing Bibles, Prayer-books, and tracts, for distribution amongst the children who attend to be catechised and instructed.

XVIII.—WHITECHAPEL UNION.

Area.—378 acres. **Population (1881).**—71,363. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888-9).—1,303 (being the mean number in receipt of relief on 1st January and 1st July). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888-9).—305 (being the mean number in receipt of relief on 1st January and 1st July, inclusive of lunatics in asylums and children boarded out). Children at **Forest Gate District Schools** (including Whitechapel; daily average number maintained, half-year ended Lady Day, 1888).—587. **Qualification for Guardian.**—An assessment of £35 a year. Number of Guardians: 1 *ex-officio*; 2 nominated by Local Government Board; 27 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—Whitechapel, a rating of £25; Mile End New Town, a rating of £25; Old Artillery Ground, Norton Folgate, and Christ Church, Middlesex, a rating of £40. Number of Vestrymen: Whitechapel, 4 *ex-officio*, 36 elected; Mile End New Town, the churchwardens *ex-officio*, 18 elected; Old Artillery Ground, 18 elected; Norton Folgate, 18 elected; Christ Church, Middlesex, 21 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, Baker's Row, Whitechapel, E. **Clerk,** Mr. William Vallance. Day of meeting, Tuesday, fortnightly. **Relieving Officers**—(North), Mr. J. C. McDonald, 21 White Lion Street, E.; (South) Mr. J. Eagles, 20 Mount Street, E. **Inquiry Officer,** Mr. W. McDonald, 10 Colmar Street, Mile End Old Town, E. **Vaccination Officer,** Mr. W. Sherman, Baker's Row, E. **District Medical Officers**—Mr. J. S. Sequeira, 68 Leman Street, E.; Mr. D. Hume, 139 Hanbury Street, Mile End New Town, E.; Mr. J. Loane, 1 Dock Street, London Docks, E. **Dispensers,** Messrs. C. Bennett and J. P. Fish. **Workhouse,** South Grove, Mile End Road, E. **Infirmary,** Baker's Row, Whitechapel, E. **Dispensary,** Thomas Street, Whitechapel, E. **Hours,** 9 to 6,

except Sunday. **Casual Ward**, Thomas Street, Whitechapel, E. **Forest Gate District Schools** (comprising the Poplar and Whitechapel Unions), Forest Lane, Stratford, Essex. *Clerk to the Managers*, Mr. J. R. Collins, High Street, Poplar, E.

DISTRICT BOARD OF WORKS.

Office, 15 Great Alie Street, Whitechapel, E. *Clerk*, Mr. A. Turner. *Medical Officer of Health* (for whole Union), Dr. J. Loane, 1 Dock Street, E.

VESTRIES.

The Whitechapel Union comprises the following parishes:—**St. Botolph, Without Aldgate**—*Vestry Clerk*, Mr. R. Glynes, Vestry Hall, New Square, Minories. **Christ Church, Spitalfields**—*Vestry Clerk*, Mr. J. W. Cook, 5 Church Street. **St. Katharine-by-the-Tower**—*Vestry Clerk*, Mr. R. Glynes, New Square, Minories. **Mile End New Town**—*Vestry Clerk*, Mr. G. W. Brown, Buxton Street. **Holy Trinity, Minories**—*Vestry Clerk*, Mr. R. Ellis, 16 Mark Lane. **Norton Folgate**—*Vestry Clerk*, Mr. W. L. Jones, 19 Spital Square. **Old Artillery Ground**—*Vestry Clerk*, Mr. H. B. Gadsdon, 43 Bishopsgate Street Without. **Tower, Old Without**—*Vestry Clerk*, Mr. W. Glynes, 29 Mark Lane. **St. Mary, Whitechapel**—*Vestry Clerk*, Mr. T. D. Metcalfe, 5 Great Prescott Street.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Tower Hamlets Division), 135 Bow Road, E. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. Samuel Mather. *Correspondent for the Board Schools in the Tower Hamlets Division*, Mr. R. P. Drew, Board School, Old Castle Street, Whitechapel, E.

POLICE COURTS.

Worship Street, E.C.; and (Thames), Arbour Street East, Arbour Square, Stepney, E.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 28 Commercial Street, E. Office hours, 10 to 11, 5 to 5.30; Saturdays, 10 to 11 only (see p. 1). **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**.—Spitalfields Conference, the Monastery, Underwood Street, Spitalfields, E. Time of meeting, Monday, 8.15 p.m. *President*, Mr. J. Donovan, 5 Rockmead Road, South Hackney. Tower Hill Conference, Room attached to Church, 126 Great Prescott Street, E. Time of meeting, Tuesday, 7.30 p.m. *President*, B. F. C. Costelloe, Esq., 33 Chancery Lane, W.C. **Strangers' Friend Society**.—(ST. GEORGE'S EAST DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. S. Howlett, 4 Lindley Street, Mile End, E. (SPITALFIELDS DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. A. La Riviere, 38 Clifton Street, Finsbury Square, E.C. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants**.—(WHITECHAPEL BRANCH, including St. George's East, and Mile End Old Town), *Office*, 28 Commercial Street, E. Office hours, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday, 11 to 12. *Hon. Secretary*, Mrs. S. A. Barnett, St. Jude's Vicarage, Commercial Street, E. *Secretary*, Miss P. D. Townsend.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

Considerable alterations have been made in the Whitechapel charities by a scheme of the Charity Commissioners, which was approved by the Privy Council on the 7th February, 1888. With the exception of the charities of Dickenson, Alston, Hyde, Cuff, and Butler, the whole

of the charities (which were formerly administered under a scheme of the Court of Chancery dated May 29, 1854, and under an order of the Charity Commissioners dated March 27, 1885) are now amalgamated under the name of the 'Whitechapel Foundation.' The governing body consists of sixteen persons, nine being representative and seven co-optative. Clerk, Mr. T. D. Metcalfe, 5 Great Prescott Street, E.

Education.

FOUNDATION SCHOOL.—A middle-class day school for 250 boys, open to all boys over 8 years of age, of good character and sufficient health, residing with their parents or guardians, preference being given to those belonging to the parish of Whitechapel. Tuition fees: not less than £3 and not more than £6 per annum. The course includes, in addition to the ordinary subjects, instruction in natural science, chemistry, mechanics, and the use of tools for working in wood and metal. In addition to the school fees, a sum of £1,000 per annum out of the income of the Foundation is set apart for the general use of the school, and for scholarships and exhibitions, together with a further sum of £250 for evening classes, which are held after the regular school hours and are open to all boys and girls at the discretion of the governors. Children who have passed the sixth standard may be admitted free, but nothing shall be done under the clause empowering the holding of evening classes to interfere with the efficient maintenance of the Foundation School. The scholarships mentioned above are of the yearly value of not more than £10, and not more than £100 in all, or less than £75, is spent in this way. The exhibitions are of the annual value of £30, and are tenable at any place of higher education approved by the governors. The sum of £200 per annum is expended in these exhibitions.

DAVENANT SCHOOLS.—The 'Davenant Free Schools,' as they were formerly called, are now abolished, and are replaced by the 'Davenant Schools,' for 250 boys, 250 girls, and 300 infants, conducted as public elementary schools, in accordance with the usual regulations, the fees to be paid being fixed by the governors. In addition to the fees, a yearly sum of not more than 15s. per child is devoted to the maintenance of these schools from the income of the foundation, but the aggregate amount so expended in any one year must not exceed £350 for the three branches. The religious teaching is to be that of the Church of England. Ten scholarships, entitling the holder to exemption from tuition fees, are maintained in the boys' school and a like number in the girls' school, to be held by children not less than 11 years of age.

ELEMENTARY SCHOOL FUND.—A yearly sum of £750 is applied for the purposes of elementary education in the parish, a sufficient part being appropriated to answer the several yearly sums made applicable for the purposes of the Davenant Schools. A sum of not more than £400 may be paid towards the maintenance of public elementary schools in the parish, but no single grant to exceed £100. Under these powers, the following schools are receiving grants of £100 each:—St. Mark's School, George Yard School, St. Jude's School, and St. Paul's School. This fund is further applicable to the maintenance of scholarships of the annual value of £5, tenable at any public elementary school in the parish, awarded as nearly as may be in equal shares to boys and girls who have attended school for at least three years.

WHITECHAPEL EXHIBITIONS.—The governors apply a yearly sum of not less than £500 in maintaining exhibitions of not less than £15 nor more than £30 per annum, to be competed for by boys and girls whose parents reside, or carry on business, or are rated to the relief of the poor

in Whitechapel, and who have attended any public elementary school for at least three years. The exhibitions may be held at any place of higher education, or of technical or professional training approved by the governors. The governors are also empowered, should they think fit, to apply a further yearly sum of £60 in maintaining a special exhibition, to be awarded, on the ground of exceptional merit, to any holder of a Whitechapel exhibition, tenable for not more than four years at any university or other suitable place of education. This exhibition may be awarded without competition and without examination, but shall not be tenable with any other exhibition held under the Whitechapel Foundation.

BUTLER'S CHARITY (1821).—For apprenticing and providing scholarships for boys and girls belonging to Whitechapel and other parishes. Managed by trustees appointed under a scheme of the Court of Chancery (*see further*, p. 404).

CLARK'S CHARITY.—Provides for the admission of two children of the parish to Christ's Hospital.

Apprenticing.

BUTLER'S CHARITY (1821).—For apprenticing and providing scholarships for boys and girls belonging to Whitechapel and other parishes. Managed by trustees appointed under a scheme of the Court of Chancery (*see further*, p. 404).

Almshouses and Pensions.

MEGGS' ALMSHOUSES, 232 Whitechapel Road.—For twelve poor widows from the parish of Whitechapel. *Income.*—£150, being the proceeds of various endowments, but now a fixed sum paid over by the governors of the Whitechapel Foundation, in accordance with the new scheme (*see* p. 703).

MRS. DOE'S ALMSHOUSES (1868), Winchmore Hill.—For unmarried women not less than 55 years of age. Natives of Whitechapel have, with others, the preference (*see further*, p. 247).

Food and Fuel.

DICKENSON (1851).—The dividends on £4,000; distributed by the rector and certain trustees in bread, potatoes, and coals, amongst 20 poor families who are regular attendants at St. Mary's Church.

WHITECHAPEL FOUNDATION.—£18. 8s.; distributed on Sunday in bread to poor people attending the church. This sum is paid by the governors to the churchwardens under the new scheme (*see* p. 703).

HAWKINS (*see under 'Miscellaneous'*).

Money Gifts.

FENNER.—£20; for poor sick people; a portion to be distributed in Bibles to young persons.

ALSTON.—£5; to poor persons, at the discretion of the rector.

HYDE.—£4. 10s.; paid by the Salters' Company every tenth year, for poor Salters' widows or maids.

CUFF.—£3. 6s. 4d.; distributed to poor people on Christmas Day.

Miscellaneous.

HAWKINS.—£5. 9s.; to the rector or his curate, the parish clerk, the organist, and the sexton, for performing the service on New Year's Day, and payment for bread to be distributed to the poor.

FENNER.—Distributed in Bibles (*see under 'Money Gifts,' above*).

The following charities are (except where otherwise stated) available for residents in the parish of Christ Church, Middlesex (i.e. Spitalfields):—

Education.

PAROCHIAL CHARITY SCHOOL.—*Income.*—The endowment amounts to £45 per annum in Consols. The school is also supported by donations, subscriptions, &c. The school educates and clothes 100 poor children (50 of each sex), giving also to the boys premiums of apprenticeship, if funds permit. *Treasurer and Trustee*, the rector of Christ Church.

TURNER EXHIBITION FUND.—This fund comprises the proceeds of the endowments of Turner's Free School, formerly in Primrose Street, which was closed and the site sold, under a scheme of the Charity Commissioners, approved by the Privy Council on June 28, 1880. Exhibitions of £30 a year for two years at a training college, or any place of education higher than a training college, being places at which religious instruction is given according to the Church of England, for girls who are pupil teachers in any of the public elementary schools in the district parish of St. Mary, Spital Square; or in the parishes of St. Botolph, Bishopsgate Without; Christ Church, Spitalfields; Bethnal Green; Shore-ditch. £50 a year to be given in prizes of £8 under similar conditions. The incumbents of the above parishes, rectors or vicars, are governors.

Apprenticing.

BUTLER (*see* p. 404).

Almshouses and Pensions.

FULLER.—*Total Income.*—£50. Almshouses, Temple Street, Harrow Green, Leytonstone, 'for twelve poor single men of good name, of the age of 50 years or above.' Inmates have one room each, with common sitting-room, washhouse, &c., and they are nominated by the churchwardens of Ratcliff, Mile End Old Town, Mile End New Town, Poplar, Limehouse, St. George's-in-the-East, Bethnal Green, and Spitalfields. Churchwardens of Christ Church, Spitalfields, receive the income, and pay £3. 17s. 6d. a year, or thereabouts, for each inmate to the churchwardens of other parishes entitled to nominate.

JOHN BAKER, JUNIOR'S, ALMSHOUSES (also called the Brewers' Almshouses), Oxford Street, Whitechapel.—For eight poor female inhabitants, resident in the parish of Christ Church, Middlesex, for five years at the least, either widows or unmarried women of the age of 50 years and upwards, of good life and conversation. Inmates are paid 10s. 6d. a week, and have a chaldron of coals every year. On the occasion of a vacancy, notice is posted on the doors of the parish church of Christ Church. Application should be made to the clerk of the Brewers' Company, who are the trustees.

BOWRY'S ALMSHOUSE CHARITY.—*Income.*—Dividends on £6,106 New Consols. For men or women, 'such as have been bred up to the sea, and past their labour; and women who are likewise past their labour, and (be) the widows of seamen.' The almshouses were in Bow Road, near Bow Church, but, with the site, were sold, under an order of the Charity Commissioners dated July 12, 1878, and the proceeds (£2,700) invested. Each inmate receives £1. 16s. a month, with £2 a year for coals. Nominations (one each) are in the hands of the rector of Stepney, and the churchwardens of Ratcliff, Poplar, Mile End Old Town, Mile End New Town, Bethnal Green, St. George's-in-the-East, Spitalfields, and Limehouse. *Secretary*, Mr. T. W. Ratcliff, Whitehorse Street, E.

PEMEL'S ALMSHOUSES, Bruce Grove, Tottenham.—For 12 pious distressed women, widows of mariners or seamen. Eight of the inmates

(widows of deceased freemen) are elected by the court of assistants of the Drapers' Company, and four are recommended by the ministers and churchwardens of the parishes of Mile End Old Town, Limehouse, Ratcliff, Christ Church, Spitalfields, Lower Wapping, Bethnal Green, and Mile End New Town, in rotation. Each inmate receives £1. 1s. a month, two tons of coals a year, and a gown every two years.

TRUSS.—About £50 a year, in pensions of £5 each to 'poor and deserving widows of 60 years of age at least, whose husbands may have been in a respectable sphere of life, and which said widows shall have lived at least three years' in the parish, never have received parochial relief, and be of sober life and good character. On re-marriage, or turning 'to a contrary course of life, pensions cease. Ministers and churchwardens distribute on the 21st December. If any surplus remain after payment of pensions, it is laid out in bread and distributed by minister and churchwardens on Sunday after 21st December amongst the deserving poor of the parish.

Food and Fuel.

RUSSELL.—£3 (bread or coals); distributed on 27th December by rector and churchwardens among poor women (parishioners), not exceeding 2s. each.

COBB.—£11. 11s.; distributed on Midsummer Day and St. Thomas's Day by rector and churchwardens among poor housekeepers of the parish not taking alms.

DAY.—£14. 8s. 10d.; distributed in bread and potatoes by trustees (of which the rector is one), and the churchwardens and overseers, on 14th February, amongst 40 poor and deserving inhabitants.

MAYDWELL.—£6; devised to the rector and churchwardens towards the assistance of the deserving poor of the parish, in money or kind.

VAUGHAN'S SPITAL CHARITY.—Interest of £6,670, Bank 3 per Cents.; distributed 'towards the clothing and support of poor mechanics and weavers in Spitalfields unable from illness or calamity to work,' by the vicars of St. Mary's, Spital Square; All Saints', Mile End New Town; rector of St. Matthew's, Bethnal Green; and vicar of St. Leonard's, Shore-ditch. Each distribution averages about £50 a year.

BAKER.—£12; distributed by the vestrymen in December, coals, a sack each to poor housekeepers, or, if a sufficient number do not apply, then to other industrious poor people residing in the parish, not receiving alms, in such quantities as they think proper.

BAKER (the younger).—£30; distributed in coals by trustees appointed by the treasurer of the Parochial Charity Schools, at Christmas.

Money Gifts.

FABRY (OR CAT AND DOG) CHARITY.—£16. 9s. 2d.; divisible equally between Christ Church, Middlesex, and St. Matthew's, Bethnal Green; £2. 2s. is deducted by each set of parish officers for their trouble; distributed to six poor weavers and six widows of weavers residing in the said parishes, 50 years of age at least, by the respective churchwardens; preference given to those of good character, of the names of Fabry or Ovington.

BREDEL.—Interest of £2,000 Three per Cents.; to be distributed on 24th December 'for the benefit of the deserving poor of the said parish, in such way and manner as the minister and churchwardens, or a majority of them, may deem proper.'

MARY BAKER (see St. Matthew's, Bethnal Green, p. 701).

FOURNIER.—£133. 12s. 0d.; distributed by minister, churchwardens, and overseers on 22nd June among the persons elected by the vestry, in

sums of not less than £10 and not more than £15 each, to such poor and industrious parishioners who have not been relieved by the parish for two years previously. Recipients are balloted for at the usual vestry held prior to the 22nd June. This parish also becomes entitled (when-ever there are less than two persons to receive the interest) to a moiety of the principal sum of £2,000 bequeathed to the French church in St. Martin's-le-Grand, the interest for eight poor persons of French extraction. A committee of vestrymen is annually appointed to examine candidates and report to the vestry as to their eligibility. Notices are published stating the regulations laid down by the vestry for the guidance of the applicants. The election takes place at a vestry held three or four days before 22nd June.

PRITCHARD.—6s. 9d.; for poor widows or maids of the parish, at Christmas. Apply to the minister and churchwardens.

COBORN.—(Average) about £12 (see St. Anne's, Limehouse, p. 714.)

MAYDWELL (see 'Food and Fuel').

Medical Relief.

The churchwardens have the right to recommend poor inhabitants as patients of the City of London Dispensary, Queen Street, Cheapside.

Miscellaneous.

HYNDMAN.—£5. 1s. 3d.; for repairs of church of St. Mary.

LIMBOURGH'S LECTURESHIP.—Bequest to Weavers' Company for a lecture to be delivered in one of the parish churches of Christ Church; St. Botolph, Aldgate; or St. Botolph, Bishopsgate. Principal sum, £2,617. 5s. 7d., 3½ per Cent. Annuities. Received by the churchwardens, about £21 a year.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of Mile End New Town, which includes the district parishes or ecclesiastical districts of All Saints and St. Olave. *Vestry Clerk*, Mr. G. W. Brown, Buxton Street, E.

Apprenticing.

CURTIS.—For apprenticing, in alternate years, one poor boy and one poor girl of Mile End, at £3 each. *Secretary*, Mr. T. W. Ratcliff, Whitehorse Street, E.

Almshouses and Pensions.

FULLER'S ALMSHOUSES (see Christ Church, Spitalfields, p. 706).

BOWRY'S ALMSHOUSE CHARITY (see Christ Church, Spitalfields, p. 706).

PEMEL'S ALMSHOUSES (see Christ Church, Spitalfields, p. 706).

Food.

RADFORD (see Ratcliff, p. 715).

WILSON.—10s. 2d.

GORDON (see Ratcliff, p. 715).

DIGBY.—£7. 4s. *Trustees*, the incumbent, churchwardens, and overseers.

VAUGHAN (see Christ Church, Spitalfields, p. 707).

Clothing.

SMITH and UNDEUTSCH (also food).—£2. 3s. 5d. (see Mile End Old Town, p. 719).

INFANTS' FRIEND SOCIETY (in connection with Mile End Road Chapel).

Gives poor women in confinement, with small pecuniary allowance, tea, linen, clothing, &c., for themselves and infants. Apply to the minister of Brunswick Chapel, Mile End Road.

Money Gifts.

COBORN (*see* St. Anne's, Limehouse, p. 714).

OWEN.—£10. 2s. 6d. (*see* Mile End Old Town, p. 719).

PRITCHARD.—5s. 10d., for poor widows or maids of the hamlet.

VAUGHAN (*see* Christ Church, Spitalfields, p. 707).

The following charities are available for residents in the Liberty of Norton Folgate. *Vestry Clerk*, W. L. Jones, Esq., 19 Spital Square, E.

Education.

CHARITY SCHOOL; girls are also clothed.

Almshouses and Pensions.

NORTON FOLGATE ALMSHOUSES, Red Lion Court, Spitalfields, E.—For 16 inmates, male or female, married or single. The trustees elect the inmates from among the inhabitants of the Liberty of Norton Folgate. Seven tons of coal are distributed among the inmates on December 21st. The persons elected are chosen according to age and need and desert, preference being given to those who have been housekeepers, if in other respects deserving. As inmates receive a very small money allowance, regard is had to the candidates having some means of support which can be carried on while they are inmates. Recipients of parochial relief are not favoured. Under PETER JONES'S BEQUEST (income £30) inmates receive 2s. 6d. each on the first of every month. Out of the balance certain provisions of meat, potatoes, and beer are to be given to each inmate at Christmas, and the rest of the money is given to inmates on January 1. This generally amounts to about 3s. each.

Food.

SAUNDERS AND TAYLOR.—About £58 (£14. 5s. paid to Charity Trustees of Shoreditch), distributed in bread weekly. The inmates of the almshouses are the principal persons on the list for the bread. *Trustees*, the overseers of the poor.

The following charities are available for residents in the precinct of St. Katharine-near-the-Tower. *Vestry Clerk*, Mr. R. Glynes, Vestry Hall, New Square, Minorities.

Education.

REV. ANTHONY DEATH'S CHARITY (1679).—For the education of boys whose parents have resided within the precinct (*see* p. 403).

Food, &c.

SMITH.—£139. 16s. 10d. (net £50); arising from £1,547. 17s. 2d., 3 per cent. Consols; also certain houses in Woolwich, under the will of Solomon Smith. *Trustees*: 3 official, viz., the overseer of the poor of the precinct, the vicar of St. Botolph's, Aldgate, the chairman of guardians, Whitechapel; 4 non-official, residents in the neighbourhood. Qualification of applicants: three consecutive years' residence in the precinct, or three years' employment in or near it, especially in St. Katharine's Docks. Purposes: chiefly weekly pensions to deserving old

people, renewable half-yearly, but the fund may be applied, at trustees' discretion, in various kinds of temporary relief, medical or otherwise, to sick and needy persons.

Fuel.

SKYDMORE.—£1, due from the Vintners' Company; distributed in coals on the 21st December by the overseer.

XIX.—PARISH OF ST. GEORGE-IN-THE-EAST.

Area.—243 acres. **Population (1881).**—46,747. **Indoor Paupers** (on 1st January, 1889).—1,655. **Outdoor Paupers** (1st January, 1889).—332. **Children at District School**, Plashet, E. (average during half-year ending Lady Day, 1889).—194. **Qualification for Guardian.**—(Elected) a poor-rate assessment of £30 a year, (nominated) an assessment of £40 a year. Number of Guardians: 3 nominated by Local Government Board; 18 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—A rating of £25. Number of Vestrymen: 3 *ex-officio*; 36 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, Raine Street, Old Gravel Lane, E. **Clerk**, Mr. J. R. Browne. Day of meeting, Friday (fortnightly). **Relieving Officers**—(South) Mr. J. Barnes; 222 Cable Street, E.; (North) Mr. G. Merritt, 6 Watney Street, Commercial Road, E. **Vaccination Officer**, Mr. H. T. Dudman, Shorter Street, Wellclose Square, E. **Relief Office**, 28 Cannon Street Road, E. **District Medical Officers**—Mr. Beattie, Commercial Road, E.; Mr. B. R. Rygate, 126 Cannon Street Road, E. **Dispenser**, Mr. C. H. Barrett. **Workhouse**, Raine Street, Old Gravel Lane, E. **Infirmary**, Raine Street, E. **Dispensaries.**—For Relief District No. 2 and that part of No. 1 which is north of drawbridge in Old Gravel Lane, 28 Cannon Street Road, E.; hours, 10 to 12, 2 to 4. For other districts, Raine Street, E.; hours, 12 to 1, 4 to 6. **Casual Ward**, Raine Street, E. **School**, Plashet, East Ham, E. **Superintendent**, Mr. F. E. Price.

VESTRY.

Office, Vestry Hall, Cable Street, St. George's-in-the-East, E. **Clerk**, Mr. H. Thompson. **Medical Officer of Health**, Dr. B. R. Rygate, 126 Cannon Street Road, E.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Tower Hamlets Division), 135 Bow Road, E. **Superintendent of Visitors**, Mr. Samuel Mather. **Correspondent for the Board Schools in the Tower Hamlets Division**, Mr. R. P. Drew, Board School, Old Castle Street, Whitechapel, E.

POLICE COURT.

(Thames) Arbour Street East, Arbour Square, Stepney, E.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 194 Commercial Road, E. Office hours, 10 to 11, 5 to 5.30; Saturdays, 10 to 11 only. **Society of St. Vincent de Paul.**—Tower Hill Conference, Room attached to Church, 126 Great Prescot Street, E. Time of meeting, Friday, 7.30 p.m. **President**, B. F. C. Costelloe, Esq., 33 Chancery Lane, W.C. **Strangers' Friend Society.**—(ST. GEORGE'S EAST DISTRICT), **District Treasurer**, Mr. Samuel Howlett, 4 Lindley Street, Mile End, E. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants.**—(WHITECHAPEL BRANCH), including St. George's-in-the-East and Mile End Old Town), Office,

28 Commercial Street, Whitechapel, E. Office hours, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, and Friday, 11 to 12. *Hon. Sec.*, Mrs. S. A. Barnett, St. Jude's Vicarage, Commercial Street, E. *Secretary*, Miss D. Townsend.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

Education.

RAINE'S SCHOOLS.—These schools, which have been several times re-organised, are now carried on under a scheme of the Charity Commissioners, sealed January 26, 1886. The governing body consists of sixteen persons, the rector and lecturer of St. George's-in-the-East being *ex-officio* governors. Eight representative governors are elected, four by the Vestry, two by the London School Board, and two by the Council of the City and Guilds of London Institute. There are now three schools of the foundation, viz. :—a preparatory school for boys and girls; a boys' school, and a girls' school, all of which are carried on in the old buildings in Cannon Street Road. They are for day scholars only, and are conducted as public elementary schools. The fees are not less than 3*d.* a week in the preparatory school, and not less than 6*d.* a week in the boys' school and girls' school. The religious instruction is that of the Church of England, subject to the usual regulations as to exemption from attendance at such instruction. *Scholarships, Premiums, and Exhibitions.*—A sum of £300 per annum out of the income of the foundation is set apart for scholarships, to be equally divided between the boys' and girls' schools. The scholarships entitle the holders to payments or allowances (in clothing, or otherwise) not exceeding in value the amount of £3 yearly. They are open to boys or girls from any public elementary school in the parish, to boys or girls in the preparatory school, and also to those who are being educated in the boys' or girls' schools. A sum of £120 a year is available for premiums or exhibitions, to be equally divided between the girls' and the boys' schools, tenable for three years (two years for girls), at some place of higher education, or of professional, industrial, or technical training, approved by the governors. The value of these exhibitions is (for boys) £15, £20, and £25, for the first, second, and third years respectively, and for girls £15 for each of the two years. The scholarships and exhibitions are awarded by open competition. *Clerk to the Governors*, Mr. H. Thompson, 123 Cannon Street Road, E.

Almshouses and Pensions.

FULLER'S ALMSHOUSES (1592), Temple Street, Harrow Green, Leytonstone.—For twelve poor men, the churchwardens of St. George's-in-the-East nominating one inmate in turn with other parishes (*see further under Spitalfields*, p. 706).

PEMEL'S ALMSHOUSES (1698), Bruce Grove, Tottenham.—For four pious or distressed widows of mariners, the churchwardens of St. George's-in-the-East nominating one inmate in turn with other parishes (*see further under Spitalfields*, p. 706).

BOWRY'S ALMSHOUSE FUND (1715).—For eight men and women, who receive pensions of £1. 16*s.* per month, with £2 a year for coals. The churchwardens of St. George's-in-the-East nominate one pensioner in turn with other parishes (*see further under Spitalfields*, p. 706).

Food, Fuel, &c.

***TASKER.**—£6; distributed in bread and beef.

***WHATMAN.**—£8. 6*s.*; distributed in bread and beef.

* These charities are distributed, on the 24th December, by the churchwardens of St. George's-in-the-East.

- ***PRINTON.**—£3; distributed in bread, beef, and coals.
 ***KIRKHAM.**—£12; distributed in bread, beef, and coals.
 ***HENDERSON.**—£60; one-half paid to churchwardens of Ratcliff for distribution by them (*see* Ratcliff, p. 715); other half distributed in bread and beef.
 ***GOODHART.**—£14. 1s.; distributed in meat, groceries, and bread, and small money gifts.
 †**ROSS.**—£6; distributed among the poor in food, &c.
 †**FITZROY.**—£3. 6s. 8d.; distributed in bread and beef.
 ***LANDIN.**—£12. 8s. 8d.; distributed in coals.
 ***KIRKHAM.**—£12; food and fuel.
 ***GOODHART.**—£14. 1s.; part distributed in small money gifts.

Money Gifts.

†**PRISCA COBORN.**—For relief of poor seamen's widows (*see* St. Anne's, Limehouse, p. 714).

†**PRITCHARD.**—6s. 9d.; for poor widows or maids.

WHITLEY.—£10. 16s.

CHARITY LAND.—Plasnet, now let at £325 per annum.

RAINE'S FOUNDATION.—By the scheme of January 26, 1886, the governors are empowered to set apart the yearly sum of £105 out of the income of the foundation to provide marriage portions, according to the trusts of the will of the founder; but they may in any year intermit the payment of any marriage portion, and they may at any time by resolution altogether abolish the payment of marriage portions, and devote the money to educational purposes under the scheme.

XX.—STEPNEY UNION.

Area.—462 acres. **Population (1881).**—58,500. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—1,014 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers**, including children at district schools and paupers in receipt of medical relief only (parochial year, 1888).—302 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Children at **South Metropolitan District Schools** (comprising the Unions of Greenwich, St. Olave's, Stepney, and Woolwich, and parish of Camberwell), (daily average number maintained, half-year ended Lady Day, 1887).—2,137. **Qualification for Guardian.**—£40 gross, or £35 rateable annual value. Number of Guardians: none *ex officio*; 3 nominated; 19 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—A rating of £35. Number of Vestrymen: *ex officio*, Limehouse 3, Ratcliff 2, Shadwell 3, Wapping 3; elected, Limehouse 24, Ratcliff 12, Shadwell 21, Wapping 21.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, York Street West, Ratcliff, E. Clerk, Mr. W. H. Swepstone, solicitor; Assistant Clerk, Mr. S. A. Lewis. Day of meeting, Thursday. **Relieving Officers**—First, Mr. J. Jones, 268 Burdett Road, E.; second, Mr. T. G. Stacey, 97 Belgrave Street, Ratcliff, E.; **Assistants**, Messrs. H. S. Bennett and J. Berry. **Vaccination Officer**, Mr. J. R. Moloney, 66 Borthwick Road, Leytonstone. **District Medical Officer**, Dr. H. Beattie, 37 Albert Square,

* These charities are distributed, on 24th December, by the churchwardens of St. George's-in-the-East.

† These charities are distributed by the rector and churchwardens of St. George's-in-the-East on 24th December (that of Coborn is distributed in February).

Commercial Road, E. **Workhouse**, St. Leonard Street, Bromley, E. **Poplar and Stepney Sick Asylum District**, Devon's Road, Bromley, E. **Clerk to the Managers**, Mr. R. Foskett, at the Asylum. **Dispensary**, York Street West, Commercial Road East, E.; hours, 10 to 1, 2 to 6. **Dispenser**, Mr. J. L. Bosley. **Casual Ward**, None. **South Metropolitan District Schools** (comprising the Greenwich, St. Olave's, Stepney, and Woolwich Unions, and the parish of Camberwell), Sutton, Surrey; Herne Bay, Kent; Witham, Essex. **Clerk to the Managers**, Mr. H. Burgess, Vestry Hall, 151 Walworth Road, S.E.

DISTRICT BOARD OF WORKS

(for Limehouse, including Limehouse, Ratcliff, Shadwell, and Wapping).

Office, Whitehorse Street, Commercial Road East, E. **Clerk**, Mr. T. W. Ratcliff. **Medical Officer of Health**, Mr. G. A. Rogers, 164 High Street, Shadwell, E. **Vestry Clerks**—Limehouse, Mr. C. F. B. Birchall, Town Hall, Limehouse, E.; Ratcliff, Mr. W. Archer, solicitor, 440 Commercial Road, E.; Shadwell, Mr. A. Mellish, High Street, Shadwell, E.; Wapping, Mr. R. Glynes, Vestry Hall, Wapping, E.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Tower Hamlets Division), 135 Bow Road, E. **Superintendent of Visitors**, Mr. Samuel Mather. **Correspondent for the Board Schools in the Tower Hamlets Division**, Mr. R. P. Drew, Board School, Old Castle Street, Whitechapel, E.

POLICE COURT.

(Thames), East Arbour Street, Arbour Square, Stepney, E.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 270 Burdett Road, E. Hours for applications, 11 to 1. **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**.—Spitalfields Conference, The Monastery, Albert Place, Spitalfields, E. Time of meeting, Monday, 8.15 p.m. **President**, John Hurley, Esq., 12 George Street, Mile End New Town, E. **Strangers' Friend Society**.—(LIMEHOUSE DISTRICT), **District Treasurer**, Mr. John G. Harding, 40 East India Road, E. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants**.—(STEPNEY BRANCH), **Office**, 270 Burdett Road, Limehouse, E. Office hours, Tuesday and Friday, 11 to 1. **Hon. Secretary**, Miss R. Warry, 6 London Street, Ratcliff, E.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. Anne, Limehouse :—

Education.

ST. ANNE'S NATIONAL SCHOOLS.—*Income* (from endowments).—£136. *Trustees*, the rector of Limehouse and others.

BUTLER'S CHARITY (1821).—For apprenticing or providing scholarships for boys or girls from Limehouse and other parishes; one scholarship of £16 or two of £8 are awarded annually by competitive examination (see further, p. 404).

Apprenticing.

CURTIS'S CHARITY.—£6, for apprenticing two children at £3 each (boys and girls, in alternate years). **Secretary**, Mr. T. W. Ratcliff, Whitehorse Street, E.

BUTLER'S CHARITY.—For apprenticing or providing scholarships at the option of the various parishes to which the charity is applicable (see further, p. 404).

Almshouses and Pensions.

FULLER'S ALMSHOUSES (1592), Temple Street, Harrow Green, Leytonstone.—For twelve poor men, the churchwardens of St. Anne's, Limehouse nominating two inmates in turn with other parishes (*see further under Spitalfields*, p. 706).

PEMEL'S ALMSHOUSES (1698), Bruce Grove, Tottenham.—For four pious or distressed women, widows of mariners, the churchwardens of St. Anne's, Limehouse, nominating an inmate in turn with other parishes (*see further under Spitalfields*, p. 706).

BOWRY'S ALMSHOUSE FUND (1715).—For eight men and women, who receive pensions of £1. 16s. per month, with £2 a year for coals. The churchwardens of St. Anne's, Limehouse, nominate one pensioner in turn with other parishes (*see further under Spitalfields*, p. 706.)

Money Gifts.

GEERE.—£5; distributed on Michaelmas Day to poor seamen and seamen's widows. Administered by the Trinity House.

LADY PRITCHARD.—6s. 9d.; for the relief of poor widows or maids; distributed annually by the rector and churchwardens.

CURTIS.—£6; distributed every other year to twelve poor persons, men or women, who receive 10s. each.

JOHNSON.—Ten poor widows receive £1. 11s. each. *Clerk*, Mr. T. W. Ratcliff, Board of Works Office, Whitehorse Street, E.

PRISCA COBORN'S CHARITY.—This charity is represented by a farm called Covill Hall, Essex, the rent of which, after payment of the usual expenses, is to be applied in the relief of poor seamen's widows; no one person to receive more than £2. 10s. in one year. The clear income is divided into two moieties, Limehouse receiving 12s. in the pound, and Ratcliff 8s. on the first moiety. On the other moiety, Mile End Old Town receives 3s., Mile End New Town 1s. 6d., Poplar 5s. 6d., St. George's-in-the-East 5s. 6d., Bethnal Green 2s., and Christ Church, Spitalfields, 2s. 6d. in the pound. In consequence of the fall of agricultural rents, the balance available for distribution in 1888 was only £117. 14s. 5d., of which Limehouse received £35. 6s. 4d. *Trustees*, the rectors, churchwardens, and overseers of the various parishes interested. *Clerk*, Mr. T. W. Ratcliff, Board of Works Office, Whitehorse Street, Stepney.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of Ratcliff, but the only charity given away at St. James's Church is **VASSALL'S GIFT**. It would appear that the churchwardens of the hamlet of Ratcliff are connected with Stepney Parish Church, and that the other charities belonging to the hamlet of Ratcliff are disturbed at that church.

Education.

RATCLIFF CHARITY SCHOOLS (GREEN COAT SCHOOLS) (1710), 51 Whitehorse Street, Stepney, E.—*Income*, £70 (endowment). The rector of Stepney, the senior curate, and the churchwarden for the hamlet of Ratcliff for the time being, are *ex-officio* members of the board of management.

Apprenticing.

CURTIS'S CHARITY.—£9; for apprenticing three children from Ratcliff or Shadwell (boys and girls in alternate years). *Secretary*, Mr. T. W. Ratcliff, Board of Works, Whitehorse Street, E.

JONES.—£2; for apprenticing or distributing amongst the poor by churchwardens and overseers of Ratcliff.

Almshouses and Pensions.

PEMEL'S ALMSHOUSES, Bruce Grove, Tottenham.—For four pious or distressed widows of seamen, the churchwardens of Ratcliff nominating one inmate in turn with other parishes (see further under Spitalfields, p. 706).

BOWRY'S ALMSHOUSE FUND.—For eight men and women, who receive pensions of £1. 16s. per month, with £2 a year for coals. The churchwardens of Ratcliff nominate one inmate in turn with other parishes (see further under Spitalfields, p. 706).

FULLER'S ALMSHOUSES, Temple Street, Harrow Green, Leytonstone.—For twelve poor men, the churchwardens of Ratcliff nominating two inmates in turn with other parishes (see further under Spitalfields, p. 706).

STEPNEY MEETING ALMSHOUSES, Whitehorse Street, E.—For the poor of Stepney Meeting Chapel. Application to be made to the deacons.

Food.

RADFORD.—Interest of £100 invested, for relief of poor by bread, divided between Ratcliff, Mile End Old Town, Mile End New Town, and Poplar.

WILSON.—10s. 2d. (subject to repair of tomb).

GORDON.—Interest of £100 invested, divided equally between Ratcliff, Mile End Old Town, Mile End New Town, and Poplar, for bread for the poor; distributed on Sundays.

SMITH and UNDEUTSCH.—£2. 6s. 1d. (also clothing). *Trustees*, churchwardens of Stepney.

HENDERSON.—£60 (half of) (see under St. George's-in-the-East, p. 712); distributed by churchwardens of Ratcliff.

Money Gifts.

PRISCA COBORN'S CHARITY.—For the relief of poor seamen's widows. The parish of Ratcliff receives 8s. in the pound on the first moiety of the clear rent of the estate (see further under Limehouse, p. 714).

LADY PRITCHARD.—6s. 9d.; for the relief of poor widows or maids.

JOHNSON'S CHARITY.—Ten poor widows receive £1. 11s. each. *Clerk*, Mr. T. W. Ratcliff, Board of Works Office, Whitehorse Street, E.

JONES.—£2; for distributing among the poor, or apprenticing.

VASSALL.—A gift of 1s. each to 70 widows of seamen; distributed at St. James's Church, Ratcliff, on St. Thomas's Day.

CURTIS'S CHARITY.—£9; distributed every other year in sums of 10s. each to 18 poor men or women belonging to Ratcliff or Shadwell.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. Dunstan, Stepney:—

Education.

BUTLER.—£18; paid to Stepney Church Schools (see further, p. 404).

Apprenticing.

BUTLER.—For apprenticing or providing scholarships for children of Stepney and other parishes (see further, p. 404).

Almshouses and Pensions.

BOWRY'S ALMSHOUSE FUND.—For eight men and women, who receive pensions of £1. 16s. per month, including £2 a year for coals. The

churchwardens of St. Dunstan's, Stepney, appoint one pensioner in turn with other parishes (see further under Spitalfields, p. 706).

STEPNEY MEETING ALMSHOUSES, Whitehorse Street, E.—For the poor attending Stepney Meeting Chapel. Application to be made to the deacons.

Miscellaneous.

BROWNE.—£24 to minister of St. Dunstan's, Stepney, £2 to clerk, £1 to sexton; residue of interest for Bibles, Prayer-books, &c., for children. *Trustees*, the rector of Stepney and others.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. Paul, Shadwell:—

Education.

ST. PAUL'S PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, High Street, Shadwell.—*Income* (from endowment).—£90. *Treasurer*, J. Charrington, Esq., J.P., Ratcliff.

Apprenticing.

CURTIS'S CHARITY.—£9; for apprenticing three children at £3 each from Ratcliff or Shadwell, boys and girls in alternate years. *Secretary*, Mr. T. W. Ratcliff, Board of Works Office, Whitehorse Street, E.

BUTLER'S CHARITY.—£16; for apprenticing or providing scholarships for boys or girls of Shadwell and other parishes (see further, p. 404).

Alms-houses and Pensions.

CARR'S CHARITY.—Formerly alms-houses, but pulled down in 1863 and site sold to Shadwell Hospital. Twenty widows of seamen, parishioners of Shadwell, receive stipends varying in amount according to the income of the foundation and the needs of the candidates. *Clerk*, Mr. A. Mellish, Vestry Office, 141 High Street, Shadwell, E.

HUMSTON'S CHARITY.—Fifteen pensions of £10 and £5 a year respectively, for poor lightermen belonging to Shadwell (and other parishes), or their widows and children, five being for blind persons. Application to be made to the Vestry Clerk, St. Botolph's, Aldgate.

Food and Fuel.

PAROCHIAL CHARITIES (including Hornsby, Poussée, Smith, and Chatterton).—£18. 19s. 4d.

Money Gifts.

PIGMAN.—£3; distributed equally amongst the twenty recipients of Carr's Charity (see above).

CURTIS'S CHARITY.—£9; distributed every other year in sums of 10s. each to eighteen poor men or women belonging to Shadwell or Ratcliff.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. John, Wapping:—

Education.

PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS, WAPPING.—*Income* (1887) from endowments, £395. 8s. 9d.; from Apprenticing Fund (see below), £200. Sixty boys and fifty girls are clothed and educated free. *Trustees*, the rector of Wapping and others.

Apprenticing.

APPRENTICING FUND.—*Income*, £285 from four houses in St. George's Street, and four in Cannon Street Road (£264), together with £21,

dividends on £700 Consols. Balance, after paying expenses, is devoted to Wapping Parochial Schools under an order of the Court of Chancery made in 1859 (*see* p. 716).

BUTLER'S CHARITY.—For apprenticing or providing scholarships for children from Wapping and other parishes (*see* further, p. 404).

Almshouses and Pensions.

HUMSTON'S CHARITY.—Fifteen pensions, of about £10 and £5 each, to poor lightermen and their widows and children, belonging to Wapping (and other parishes), five being for blind persons. Application to be made to the Vestry Clerk, St. Botolph's, Aldgate.

PEMEL'S ALMSHOUSES, Bruce Grove, Tottenham.—For four widows of seamen, the churchwardens of Wapping nominating one inmate in turn with other parishes (*see* further under Spitalfields, p. 706).

Money Gifts.

DIGBY.—Fifteen poor persons receive 5s. 3d. each in July and October. Distributed by the churchwardens.

HENLEY.—Interest of £100 Consols, to provide a Christmas gift to a poor seaman or waterman, or to the widow of either. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens.

Food.

SAUNDERS and TURNER.—£25. **HARRISON.**—£2. 10s. **NEVITT.**—£1. 19s. 8d., from Girdlers' Company. **TRETAIN and SAUNDERS.**—£7. 7s. 8d. **MANGLES.**—£4. 2s. 10d. **DAVISON.**—£10. **HIXON.**—£3, from Brewers' Company. These charities are distributed in bread to poor parishioners by the churchwardens.

Miscellaneous.

NEVITT.—16s. 8d. ; for sermon on Good Friday.

CLAVE and others.—£13. (No information as to the disposal or object of this charity.)

XXI.—HAMLET OF MILE END OLD TOWN.

Area.—679 acres. **Population (1881).**—105,573. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1887).—1,359 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1887).—709 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Children at **Separate School**, Bancroft Road, E. (daily average attendance, half-year ended Lady Day, 1888).—319. **Qualification for Guardian.**—(Elected) £29 rateable value; (nominated) £40 rateable value. Number of Guardians: *nil ex-officio*; 1 nominated by Local Government Board; 18 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—A rating of £25. Number of Vestrymen: 1 *ex-officio*; 90 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, Bancroft Road, E. **Clerk,** Mr. Wm. Thacker. **Day of meeting,** Thursday. **Relieving Officers**—East, Mr. J. B. Slight, 22 Edward's Road, E.; North, Mr. R. C. Whyman, 32 Carlton Road, E.; West, Mr. M. Whitfield, 32 Beaumont Square, E. **Vaccination Officer,** Mr. W. J. Upton, 330 Mile End Road, E. **District Medical Officers**—East, Mr. A. Cæsar, 457 Mile End Road, E.; West, Mr. Alexander, 43 Stepney Green, E. **Dispenser,** Mr. G. J. Monkton, Dispensary, Bancroft Road, E. **Workhouse,** Bancroft Road, Mile End Road, E. **Infirmaries,** at the Workhouse. **Dispensary,** at the Workhouse;

hours, 9.30 to 1, 2 to 5. **Casual Ward**, Bancroft Road, E. **School**, Bancroft Road, E.

VESTRY.

Office, Vestry Hall, Bancroft Road, Mile End Road, E. *Clerk to the Vestry*, Mr. M. Jutsum. *Medical Officer of Health*, Mr. T. Taylor, 131A Mile End Road, E.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Tower Hamlets Division), 135 Bow Road, E. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. Samuel Mather. *Correspondent for the Board Schools in the Tower Hamlets Division*, Mr. R. P. Drew, Board School, Old Castle Street, Whitechapel E.

POLICE COURT.

(Thames), East Arbour Street, Arbour Square, Stepney, E.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 27 East Arbour Street, Commercial Road, E. Office hours, 10 to 11, 4 to 5, except Wednesday and Saturday afternoons. **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**.—Spitalfields Conference, The Monastery, Albert Place, Spitalfields, E. Time of meeting, Monday, 8.15 p.m. *President*, John Hurley, Esq., 12 George Street, Mile End New Town, E. **Strangers' Friend Society**.—(MILE END DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. J. S. Hicks, 13 Lichfield Road, Grove Road, Bow, E. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants**.—WHITECHAPEL BRANCH (including St. George's East and Mile End Old Town). *Office*, 28 Commercial Street, Whitechapel, E.; office hours, Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday, 11 to 12. *Hon. Secretary*, Mrs. S. A. Barnett, St. Jude's Vicarage, Commercial Street, E.; *Secretary*, Miss D. Townsend.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

Education.

CHARITY SCHOOL.—For boys and girls, number unlimited; children are not required to be inhabitants of the hamlet. Some children who belong to the hamlet are completely clothed once a year, and, if required, apprenticed.

Apprenticing.

CURTIS'S CHARITY.—£3; for apprenticing a child from Mile End (boy and girl alternately). *Secretary to the Trustees*, Mr. T. W. Ratcliff, Whitehorse Street, E.

Almshouses and Pensions.

FULLER'S ALMSHOUSES, Temple Street, Harrow Green, Leytonstone.—For 12 poor men, the churchwardens of Mile End nominating one inmate in turn with other parishes (see further under Spitalfields, p. 706).

COOK AND ROW ALMSHOUSE CHARITY (including Daplyn's Charity), formerly near Grove Road, Mile End Road. For eight poor seamen and widows of the ancient parish of Stepney. The hamlet of Mile End Old Town presents all the inmates. Apply to the churchwardens, or to Mr. H. Coningham, Vestry Clerk, Parochial Offices, Bancroft Road, E. Houses pulled down and land let on building lease, the income being distributed among the almspeople entitled to the charity. The stipends vary according to the income of the foundation and the circumstances of

the applicants. Administered by trustees under a scheme dated June 26, 1885.

PEMEL'S ALMSHOUSES, Bruce Grove, Tottenham.—For four widows of mariners, the churchwardens of Mile End Old Town nominating one inmate in turn with other parishes (*see* further under Spitalfields, p. 706).

BOWRY'S ALMSHOUSE FUND.—For eight men and women, who receive pensions of £1. 16s. per month, with £2 a year for coals. The churchwardens of Mile End Old Town nominate one pensioner in turn with other parishes (*see* further under Spitalfields, p. 706).

KAMES'S CHARITY.—*Income*, £190. Four almshouses for widows, also four weekly pensions. *Admission*.—By nomination by the minister of Latimer Chapel, Bridge Street, Mile End Old Town, E. Inmates receive 7s. per week in addition to house, coal, gas, &c. *Management*.—By minister and deacons of Latimer Chapel, E. Administered under a scheme of the Charity Commissioners.

Food.

RADFORD.—Dividends of £100 Consols. **GORDON**.—Dividends of £100 Consols. These two charities are divided between Ratcliff, Mile End Old Town, Mile End New Town, and Poplar.

WILSON.—10s. 2d. (subject to repair of tomb).

SMITH and UNDEUTSCH.—£2. 17s. 6d. (part for clothing).

Clothing.

SMITH and UNDEUTSCH.—£2. 17s. 6d.; for clothing for poor women (part for food).

Money Gifts.

PRISCA COBORN'S CHARITY.—For the relief of poor seamen's widows. The hamlet of Mile End Old Town receives 3s. in the pound on the second moiety of the clear rent of the estate (*see* further under Limehouse, p. 714).

OWEN.—£10. 2s. 6d.; distributed to poor householders not receiving parish relief by the rector, churchwardens, and overseers.

LADY PRITCHARD.—6s. 9d.; for relief of poor widows or maids of the hamlet.

PERKINS (1792).—£3; for decayed seamen and their widows.

DIGBY (1812).—Dividends of £322. 17s. 4d. Three per Cents.; to be distributed annually amongst the deserving poor at the discretion of the rector, churchwardens, and overseers.

WOODCOCK (1843).—Dividends of £77. 10s. 2d., for the poor (subject to repair of tomb).

CURTIS (1699).—£3; for the relief of six poor women of the hamlet, who receive 10s. each every alternate year.

XXII.—POPLAR UNION.

Area.—2,335 acres. **Population** (1881).—156,525. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—1,978 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—2,026 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Poplar children at **Forest Gate District Schools** (daily average number maintained, half year ended Lady Day, 1888).—437. **Qualification for Guardian**.—An assessment of £30 a year. Number of Guardians: 20; 1 *ex-officio*; none nominated; 19 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman**.—A rating of £25. Number of Vestrymen: Poplar, 3 *ex-officio*; 84 elected. Bromley, 1 *ex-officio*; 18 elected. Bow, 18 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, High Street, Poplar, E. *Clerk*, Mr. G. H. Lough. Day of meeting, Wednesday (fortnightly). **Relief Committees**—Poplar districts, every Tuesday; Bow and Bromley, every Monday. **Relieving Officers**—Bow, Mr. S. Harvey, 23 Fairfield Road, Bow, E.; Bromley, Mr. J. S. Spratley, 153 Campbell Road; East, Mr. B. Webster, 21 Aberfeldy Street; West, Mr. F. Webster, 22 Woodstock Road; Middle, Mr. M. Shorrocks, 28 Hind Street; South, Mr. B. T. Wilson, 4 College View, Isle of Dogs. **Vaccination Officer**, Mr. T. Davis, 14 Athol Street, Poplar, E. **District Medical Officers**—Mr. W. Skelly, 15 Brunswick Street, Blackwall, E.; Mr. T. Harvey, 6 Montague Place, Poplar, E.; Mr. D. McRae, 1 Bow Road, E.; Mr. H. V. Garman, Kent House, 6 Bow Road, E.; Mr. R. Macdonald, 65 and 89 West Ferry Road, Millwall, E.; Mr. M. Brownfield, 171 East India Road, E. **Dispensers**, Messrs. R. E. Jones and R. H. Dingle. **Workhouse**, High Street, Poplar, E. **Poplar and Stepney Sick Asylum**, Devon's Road, Bromley, E. *Clerk to the Managers*, Mr. R. Foskett, at the Asylum. **Dispensaries**.—For East, West, and Middle Relief Districts, High Street, Poplar, E.; hours, 10 to 6. For Bromley and Bow, Fairfield Road, Bow, E.; hours, 10 to 6. **Casual Ward**, none. **Forest Gate District Schools** (comprising the Poplar and Whitechapel Unions), West Ham, Essex. *Clerk to the Managers*, Mr. W. Vallance, Whitechapel, E.

DISTRICT BOARD OF WORKS.

Office, 117 High Street, Poplar, E. *Clerk*, Mr. W. H. Farnfield. **Medical Officers of Health**, Mr. F. M. Corner, Manor House, East India Road, E.; Mr. R. M. Talbot, 155 Bow Road, E.

VESTRIES.

Poplar: Town Hall, Newby Place, Poplar, E.; *Clerk*, Mr. Marsh; *Medical Officer*, Mr. F. M. Corner. **St. Leonard's, Bromley**: Bow Road, E.; *Clerk*, Mr. T. P. Langdon. **St. Mary Stratford, Bow**: Bow Road, E.; *Clerk*, Mr. Robert Logan.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Tower Hamlets Division), 135 Bow Road, E. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. Samuel Mather. *Correspondent for the Board Schools in the Tower Hamlets Division*, Mr. R. P. Drew, Board School, Old Castle Street, Whitechapel, E.

POLICE COURT.

(Thames) Arbour Street East, Arbour Square, Stepney, E.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 134 High Street, Poplar, E. Office hours, 10 to 12. **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**.—Bow Conference, Dominican Convent. Time of meeting, Sunday, 12.45 p.m. *President*, M. Dwyer, Esq., 88 Tredegar Road, Bow, E. Stratford Conference, The Friary. Time of Meeting, Wednesday, 7.30 p.m. *President*, Joseph L. Quick, Esq., 3 Victoria Road, Upton, E. **Strangers' Friend Society**.—(POPLAR DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. John Seager, 197 East India Dock Road, E. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants**.—(POPLAR BRANCH), Office, St. Stephen's Mission Room, 91A East India Dock Road, E. Office hours, Monday and Thursday, 11 to 1.30. *Hon. Sec.*, Miss C. Scott, 21 Harewood Square, N.W.; *Asst. Hon. Sec.*, Miss Williams, 14 St. George's Square, Regent's Park, N.W.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of All Saints', Poplar:—

Education.

ST. MATTHIAS' NATIONAL SCHOOLS, Poplar.—*Income*, from endowment, about £170, for day and Sunday schools. School fees, 2d., 3d., and 4d. a week. *Correspondent*, Rev. C. Neil, M.A., St. Matthias' Parsonage, Poplar, E.

Almshouses and Pensions.

FULLER'S ALMSHOUSES, Temple Street, Harrow Green, Leytonstone.—For 12 men, the churchwardens of All Saints', Poplar, appointing two inmates in turn with other parishes (*see* further under Spitalfields, p. 706).

BOWRY'S ALMSHOUSE CHARITY.—Eight pensioners, men or women, receive a monthly stipend of £1. 16s., together with £2 a year for coals. All Saints', Poplar, nominates one pensioner in turn with other parishes (*see* further under Spitalfields, p. 706).

*SIR H. JOHNSON.—£88.

*HAWES.—£9.

Food.

CURTIS.—£7. 16s.; 3s. worth of bread distributed every Sunday, and 4s. on Christmas Day. *Secretary*, Mr. T. W. Ratcliff, Whitehorse Street, E.

*HUNT.—£5. RADFORD (*see* Ratcliff, p. 715). WILSON.—10s. 2d. GORDON (*see* Ratcliff, p. 715). The rector of Stepney is one of the trustees of these charities.

SMITH and UNDEUTSCH.—£2. 6s. 2d. (also clothing).

WELCH.—This charity has apparently been lost.

*PERRY, the elder and younger.—£18.

Money Gifts.

*WEST.—£12. *PERKINS.—£4. *GATES.—£30. 2s. 6d.

CURTIS.—£6. Distributed every other year in sums of 10s. each to 12 poor men or women of the parish. *Secretary*, Mr. T. W. Ratcliff, Whitehorse Street, E.

PRISCA COBORN (*see* St. Anne's, Limehouse, p. 714).

PRITCHARD.—6s. 9d.; for poor widows or maids of the parish at Christmas; minister and churchwardens.

Miscellaneous.

*PERKINS.—£1 for sermon. *PERRY, the elder.—£6 for organist.

*LAND and WORKHOUSE CHARITY. BLOOMFIELD.—£12; distributed on 5th January.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. Mary, Stratford-le-Bow:—

Education.

†PRISCA COBORN'S SCHOOLS, Bow.

Almshouses and Pensions.

SIR J. JOLLES.—£24.

* No recent information.

† A scheme is now (August 1889) under the consideration of the Charity Commissioners, by which it is proposed to amalgamate this foundation with the Coopers' Company's Schools (*see* p. 422). Prisca Coborn's Schools are at present carried on under a scheme of the Endowed Schools Commission, issued in 1873.

Food.

PRESTLEY.—£6. 10s. ; given in loaves at the parish church monthly to the poor who attend.

Fuel.

BELL.—£82 ; given in coals to the poor of Bow, irrespective of religion.

Money Gifts.

LILLYE.—£172. **SOMMERS.**—£6. 7s. **POOLE or POOR'S LAND.**—£16. 5s. 4d. The money from these charities is distributed on the personal recommendation of the trustees, generally in sums of from 10s. to £3. The trustees are partly appointed by the clergy and partly co-opted.

COBORN.—£20 ; distributed by churchwardens and overseers quarterly to the poor.

Miscellaneous.

BROWNE.—£42 ; to rector £20, clerk £2, sexton £1, residue for Bibles and Prayer-books.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of Bromley St. Leonard :—

Alms-houses and Pensions.

ROWLAND FULLER.—£10 ; distributed by the vicar and others amongst four almspeople, each receiving £1. 5s. half-yearly. **SIR J. JOLLES.**—£1.

Food and Fuel.

ROWLAND FULLER.—£10. **PHILLIPS.**—£25. **NEWMAN.**—£5. **ALEXANDER BROWN.**—£15. **TALWIN.**—£9. **WICKHAM ST. PAUL'S LAND,** near Halstead.—£25. These charities are distributed to the poor by the vicar, churchwardens, and overseers.

Money Gifts.

TENNANT.—£6. 18s. **COLLIGNON.**—£6. These charities are distributed to the poor by the vicar, churchwardens, and overseers on the Epiphany.

Miscellaneous.

MARGARETTA BROWNE.—£20 to minister ; £2 to parish clerk ; £1 to sexton ; £19 for books, distributed by the vicar amongst the school children.

XXIII.—ST. SAVIOUR'S UNION.

Area.—1,119 acres. **Population (1881).**—195,111. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1887).—3,725 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1887).—3,019 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Children at Central London District Schools** (including St. Saviour's), (daily average number maintained half-year ended Lady Day, 1887).—1,157. **Qualification for Guardian.**—An assessment of £35 a year. Number of Guardians : *nil ex-officio* ; *nil* nominated ; 26 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—Southwark, a rating of £32 ; Newington, a rating of £25. Number of Vestrymen : Southwark, 1 *ex-officio*, 101 elected ; Newington, 3 *ex-officio*, 72 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, John Street West, Blackfriars Road, S.E. Clerk, Mr. H. C. Jones. Day of meeting, Thursday. **Relieving Officers**—No. 1, Mr. J. C. Glover, 6 Nelson Square, S.E. ; No. 2, Mr. H. E. Williams, 119 Union Street, S.E. ; No. 3, Mr. R. T. Wooff, 15 Trinity

Square, S.E. ; No. 4, Mr. R. Clunie, 28 Trinity Square, S.E. ; No. 5, Mr. W. J. Lyle, 9 St. George's Circus, S.E. ; No. 6, Mr. J. Smith, 41 Falmouth Road, S.E. ; No. 7, Mr. J. Whitham, 190 Westmoreland Road, S.E. ; No. 8, Mr. S. Bassett, 135 Grosvenor Park, S.E. ; No. 9, Mr. J. W. Monk, 95 Smyrk's Road, S.E. *General Relieving Officer*, Mr. S. Oldman. *Vaccination Officers*, Mr. A. Cloake, 2 Carter Street, S.E. ; Mr. E. F. Read, 94 Southwark Bridge Road, S.E. *District Medical Officers*—No. 1, Dr. J. L. Jacquet, Stones End House, Borough, S.E. ; No. 2, Mr. H. J. Thorpe, 29 Southwark Bridge Road, S.E. ; No. 3, Mr. T. Evans, 3 Trinity Square, S.E. ; No. 4, Mr. A. Matcham, 13 Gladstone Street, S.E. ; No. 5, Dr. C. L. Jones, 174 Blackfriars Road, S.E. ; No. 6, Mr. F. Reid, 304 Walworth Road, S.E. ; No. 7, Mr. I. Parrott, 44 Camberwell Road, S.E. ; No. 8, Mr. A. Langley, 149 Walworth Road, S.E. ; No. 9, Mr. W. Rumboll, 2 Surrey Square, S.E. *Dispensers*, Mr. T. L. Richards, Mr. E. Frith. *Workhouses*, Marlborough Street, Blackfriars Road, S.E., for old and infirm paupers; Mint Street, Borough, S.E., and Westmoreland Road, Walworth, S.E., for able-bodied paupers. *Infirmaries*, East Dulwich Grove, Champion Hill, S.E. *Dispensaries*.—For Relief Districts 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5, 55 Blackman Street, S.E. ; hours, 9 to 6. For Relief Districts 6, 7, 8 and 9, Westmoreland Road, Walworth, S.E. ; hours, 9 to 1, 3 to 6. *Casual Ward*, Mint Street, Borough, S.E., for men; Westmoreland Road, Walworth, S.E., for women. *Central London District Schools* (comprising the City of London and St. Saviour's Unions), Cuckoo Farm, Hanwell, W. *Superintendent*, Mr. W. H. Hall. *Clerk to the Managers*, Mr. G. E. East, 10 Basinghall Street, E.C.

VESTRIES.

Offices (St. Saviour's), St. Saviour's Chambers, 19 Borough High Street, London Bridge, S.E. *Clerk*, Mr. Henry Langston. *Medical Officer of Health* (see 'District Board of Works,' below). (St. George the Martyr, Southwark), 81 Borough Road, S.E. *Clerk*, Mr. Alexander Millar. *Medical Officer of Health*, Dr. Waterworth, 221 New Kent Road, S.E. (Christ Church), Albert Institute, Charles Street, Blackfriars Road, S.E. *Clerk*, Mr. C. Greenwood. (St. Mary's, Newington), Vestry Hall, Walworth Road, S.E. *Clerk*, Mr. L. J. Dunham. *Medical Officer of Health*, Dr. G. Millson.

DISTRICT BOARD OF WORKS.

Office (Christ Church and St. Saviour's, Southwark), 3 Emerson Street, Bankside, S.E. *Clerk*, Mr. Atkins. *Medical Officer of Health*, Mr. R. Bianchi, Blackfriars Road, S.E.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Offices (Southwark Division), 59 and 60 Hop Exchange, S.E. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. R. D. Wynyard. *Correspondent*, Mr. J. H. F. Cattermole, Board School, Monnow Road, Bermondsey, S.E. (East Lambeth Division), 153 Camberwell Road, S.E. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. R. B. Williams. *Correspondent*, Mr. A. B. Head. (West Lambeth Division), Offices, 138 Stockwell Road, S.W. *Superintendent*, Mr. A. T. Burton. *Correspondent*, Mr. W. J. Rodgers.

POLICE COURT.

(For Southwark), between 56 and 60 Blackman Street, Borough, S.E.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committees.—(St. Saviour's), 9 St. George's Circus, Southwark, S.E. Office hours, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. (Newington),

30 Draper Street, Walworth Road, S.E.; office hours, 11 to 1. **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**, St. George's School Room, Westminster Bridge Road, S.E. Time of meeting, Sunday evening after vespers. *President*, Rev. J. W. Reeks, St. George's Cathedral, S.E. **Strangers' Friend Society**.—(SOUTHWARK DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. S. S. Laver, 48 Vassall Road, Brixton, S.W. (WALWORTH DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. E. Penman, 89 Crofton Road, Camberwell, S.E. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants**.—(BERMONDSEY BRANCH), 30 St. James's Road, Bermondsey, S.E. Office hours, Monday and Friday, 11 to 1. *Hon. Sec.*, Miss Bramston, 1 Morpeth Terrace, S.W. **ST. SAVIOUR'S BRANCH**, 33 New Cut, S.E. *Hon. Secs.*, Miss Anstruther and Miss Sturge. Office hours, Wednesday and Friday, 11 to 1.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. George the Martyr, Southwark :—

Education.

DELAFORCE.—£90; £15 paid to parochial schools; six men and six women in the workhouse receive 2s. a month each; money tickets, value 5s. each, coal tickets for 1½ cwt. each, and bread tickets for 4lb. loaf each, are distributed to 150 poor persons by the churchwardens and overseers.

MARTIN and FENNER.—About £80; for Bibles and New Testaments for the children of the poor. *Trustees*, the churchwardens.

MARSHALL.—Scholarships for boys natives of Southwark (see p. 448).

ATKINS'S CHARITY.—For education of the children of Baptists (see p. 455).

Apprenticing.

DICKINSON.—About £100; for apprenticing poor children at a fee of £20 each; £2 is paid to ministers, and 1s. 8d. each to clerk and sexton of St. Stephen's, Walbrook, and £2 to churchwardens of Ewell. Application for apprenticeships should be made to the churchwardens.

Almshouses and Pensions.

HUMPHRY WILLIAMS'S CHARITY, Kent Street.—About £98. Pensions of 3s. a week each to 12 poor persons elected by the trustees, paid by the renter warden every fourth week. The electors of the charity are the churchwardens and four other trustees.

SAYER and SHAW.—About £500. Pensions of 7s. a week each, paid every fourth Tuesday at the Vestry Hall by the renter warden and vestry clerk, to 28 poor parishioners (men or women) elected by the churchwardens and overseers, and other trustees. Application to be made by petition to trustees on form supplied. Petition must be signed by at least three respectable householders. Notices of elections are given, as parochial notices are usually given, at least eight days before the day of election.

COWPER.—About £120. Pensions of 10s. each to 50 pensioners in the months of February, May, August, and November, with an extra gift at Christmas if funds will allow. The churchwardens and other trustees elect the pensioners.

HEDGE'S ALMSHOUSES (1797), 40 Webber Row, Blackfriars Road, S.E.—*Income (1879-80)*.—£715. 1s. 1d.; for 8 women, who receive a money allowance and coals. *Trustee*, J. Hedger, Esq., Sidecup.

DRAPERS' ALMSHOUSES and WALTERS'S TRUST, Hill Street, Blackfriars Road, S.E.—*Income*.—About £580. Twelve poor persons, inhabitants of St. George-the-Martyr, are elected into the almshouses by the rector,

churchwardens, and overseers, and other parishioners. Each inmate receives £2. 2s. a calendar month, and two tons of coals a year and medical attendance.

SURREY CHAPEL ALMSHOUSES, Hill Street, Blackfriars Road, S.E. (see p. 248).

Food and Fuel.

GENERAL CHARITIES.—Including Campbell's, £9. 18s. 6d.; Scraggs's, 3s. 4d.; Brooke's (Yeoman's), £1; Dudson's, £2. 12s.; Skidmore's, £1; Camp's, £5; and Simmond's Charity (Tilbury Estate), about £47; distributed in bread on Sundays. Campbell's gift is for coals. Trustees, the churchwardens.

EVANS.—£20. 16s. This charity has lapsed.

DELAFORCE (see 'Education,' p. 724).

SAVAGE.—£5; distributed in bread by the churchwardens.

Clothing.

PHILLIPS.—£9; distributed in blankets, on St. Thomas's Day, by churchwardens and overseers.

HENRY SMITH.—£35. 6s.; distributed in flannel and women's boots, on St. Thomas's Day, by churchwardens and overseers.

Money Gifts.

GRAYSON.—£2; distributed in 1s. tickets, on St. Thomas's Day, by the churchwardens and overseers.

BROOKE (Mariner's).—£5; distributed in 2s. tickets, on St. Thomas's Day, by churchwardens and overseers.

HYDE.—£4. 10s.; receivable every ten years from the Salters' Company, and distributed by the renter wardens among 18 poor widows or maids. Next payment, 1897.

DELAFORCE (see 'Education,' p. 724).

BELCHER.—£1. 10s., for relief of the sick poor; distributed by the rector.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of Christ Church, Southwark. *Vestry Clerk*, Charles Greenwood, Esq., Charles Street, Blackfriars Road, S.E.

Education.

CHARITY SCHOOLS (1710), Holland Street, Blackfriars, S.E.—*Income* (from endowment).—About £650, including Stock's gift (moiety), £4. 5s. For boys, girls, and infants.

SURREY CHAPEL CENTENARY FUND.—In aid of schools.

MARSHALL.—Provides, among other things, a sum of £200 a year for exhibitions for children of the borough of Southwark to the universities of Oxford or Cambridge. Application should be made to the *Clerk*, F. Grut, Esq., 9 Newcomen Street, Southwark, S.E. (see also p. 448).

ATKINS'S CHARITY.—For education of the children of Baptists (see p. 455).

Alms-houses and Pensions.

EDWARDS'S ALMSHOUSES, Burrell Street, Blackfriars Road, S.E.—*Income*.—About £814. For 37 women, who must be housekeepers of the parish, or the widows of such, above 60 years of age. They receive an allowance of £1. 2s. a month each. *Clerk*, F. Grut, Esq., 9 Newcomen Street, Southwark, S.E.

HOPTON ALMSHOUSES, Green Walk, Blackfriars Road, S.E.—*Income*.—About £600. For men who must be housekeepers of the parish. Prefer-

ence given to those not less than 60 years of age. Inmates receive an allowance of £1. 2s. a month each, and £1 at Christmas. *Steward*, F. Grut, Esq., 9 Newcomen Street, Southwark, S.E.

MRS. VAUGHAN'S ALMSHOUSES (1865), Charlotte Street, Blackfriars Road, S.E.—For 24 widows and single women of 60 years of age and upwards, half being attendants at Christ Church and half at chapels in or out of the parish of Christ Church, being resident in that parish for one year and not having received parish relief for two years. They receive an allowance of about 9s. a week. *Secretary*, Rev. H. Grainger, 152 Lambeth Road, S.E.

Food.

EDWARDS.—£5. 10s. MARSHALL'S TRUSTEES.—£7. 10s. RIDOUT.—£3. VERNON.—£2. 16s. 8d. ORR.—£15. NEAVE HAMERTON.—About £322. 15s. These charities are distributed in bread throughout the year, principally during the winter. Forms are given out at the parish church, which are checked by the churchwardens and overseers. Recipients then attend at the church, and are given bread cards, which are presented by them to bakers in the parish.

Money Gifts.

THORNGATE.—£20; distributed to poor distressed clergy of the Established Church by the rector and churchwardens.

*WRENCH.—£2; for poor inhabitants of Christ Church.

*KELLETT.—£2. 15s.; for poor housekeepers of Christ Church.

*SIR J. SHORTER.—£7. 10s.; for poor of parish.

*PREMISES IN WHITE HIND ALLEY.—About £11, but no income was received in 1888, the premises being unlet; for poor inhabitants.

*BOYCE.—*Income*.—About £184; distributed in equal proportions to poor distressed clergy of the Established Church (from any part) and to poor housekeepers of Christ Church (see also 'General Charities,' p. 451).

*HAYES.—£58; for poor inhabitants of Christ Church.

BELCHER.—£1. 11s. 4d.; distributed by the rector of Christ Church to the sick poor.

Miscellaneous.

*BOYCE.—£15 to organist. This sum is included in the return of the income given above.

ALBERT TRUST, Charles Street, Blackfriars Road, S.E.—*Income* (from endowment).—£60. Living rooms, baths and washhouses, free library, clubs, &c. *Clerk to Trustees*, C. Greenwood, Esq., Charles Street, Blackfriars Road, S.E.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. Saviour, Southwark:—

Education.

FREE GRAMMAR SCHOOL, Sumner Street, S.E. (including Carter's, Stapleton's, Appleby's, and Browker's gifts).—For boys, who are admitted on presentation of any of the governors. *Head Master*, Rev. Canon Boger, M.A.

NEWCOMEN.—*Income*.—About £2,200. Schools for boys and girls, who are also clothed, and, where necessary, apprenticed; 21 poor women, two-thirds from the Borough side, and one-third out of the Clink, are also clothed; £5 is paid to usher of St. Saviour's Free School. *Trustees*, the churchwardens.

* These charities are administered by the rector, churchwardens, and overseers of Christ Church, Southwark.

COLLETT.—*Income.*—About £400; paid to treasurer of St. Saviour's Parochial Boys' School; £5 for apprenticing; subject to expenses for repairs, taxes, &c.

FENNER.—£10 for Bibles.

ATKINS'S CHARITY.—For education of children of Baptists (*see* p. 455).

DULWICH COLLEGE (*see* 'Almshouses and Pensions,' below; also p. 397).

MARSHALL.—For scholarships for boys, natives of Southwark (*see* p. 448).

Almshouses and Pensions.

Charities under the management of the College warden, and of which the churchwardens are trustees (including the charities of Applebee, Mayhew, Coote, Pegg, Howgrave, Young, Spratt, Clarke, Lowdell, Alleyn, Cure, Browker, Taylor, Palin, Humble, Paget, Bingham, Emmerson and Hewlett, J. Bingham, Buckland, Howse, Austin, Hayman, Soames, and Ellis). *Income.*—About £2,000; expended in allowances to pensioners in St. Saviour's United Almshouses, Lower Norwood, and to inmates of Alleyn's Almshouses; to renter warden (Paget, Bingham, Howse, Buckland, and Hayman's gifts), for coals and bread; to vestry clerk (Hayman's gift), 4s.; sexton (Humble's gift) 4s., &c.

EMMERSON.—£120; distributed in pensions to poor men born and dwelling in the parish, 3s. 9d. a week each, by the renter warden. *Trustees*, the churchwardens.

BUCKLAND (first gift).—About £17; distributed in like manner to five poor men of the Borough side, and three poor men of the Clink side, 9½d. a week each. **PAGET.**—£2. 12s.; distributed in like manner to four poor honest good women, lame and impotent, born and dwelling in the parish, Borough side preferred, 3d. a week each.

UNITED ST. SAVIOUR'S ALMSHOUSES, Lower Norwood.—For poor men or women, of good character, resident in the parish of St. Saviour's not less than three years next preceding time of their appointment, who, from age, ill-health, accident, or infirmity, are unable to maintain themselves. Preference given to those reduced by misfortune from better circumstances. Inmates receive a weekly money allowance; they are elected by the chaplain, churchwardens, overseers, and elders. Alleyn's Almshouses, known also as the Soap Yard Almshouses, formerly in Gravel Lane, are now included in this trust. Application should be made to the vestry clerk.

BANKS.—Under the control of the Haberdashers' Company; pensions of £2. 10s. a year each for five poor men and five poor single women, 40 years of age and upwards. When a vacancy for St. Saviour's occurs, the churchwardens and overseers nominate two candidates, and the Company elect one of them.

OVERMAN'S ALMSHOUSES, formerly in Montague Close, Southwark, but now pulled down.—*Income.*—About £270. Four spinsters and four widows, over 50 years of age, receive a pension of £12 a year. *Clerk to Trustees*, J. W. Towse, Esq., Fishmongers' Hall, E.C.

DR. RIPPON'S ALMSHOUSES.—*Income.*—About £80. 16s. Inmates receive a money allowance. In connection with the Metropolitan Tabernacle, Newington.

HARRIS, about £17; and **BENSON**, about £18; each charity for two poor housekeepers. Under the management of the 'warden of the great account.' *Trustees*, the churchwardens.

DULWICH COLLEGE.—St. Saviour's parish sends 'two poor brethren' and 'one poor sister.' The vestry select candidates, from whom the College authorities choose (*see* also 'Education,' above; also p. 405).

MRS. BENSON.—£90; distributed yearly to six poor widows, of 45 and upwards, resident in the parish, and belonging to the Church of England.

Food.

SCOTT.—£5.

SHAW.—£6; distributed every Sunday after morning service.

SPEARY and ALLEN.—£4. 3s.; distributed in bread; managed by the 'warden of the great account.' *Trustees*, the churchwardens.

LOVEDAY, £2. 10s.; and STRINGER, £15; for poor housekeepers who do not receive alms. Managed by the renter warden. *Trustees*, the churchwardens.

Fuel.

KING CHARLES THE FIRST.—£6. CHAMBERS.—£2. 10s. LITTLEBAKER.—£19. 4s. SKYDMORE.—£1. NEWMAN.—£1. FENNER and HAYMAN.—£6. BARFORD.—£3. BISHOP OF WINTON.—£5. BINGHAM.—£4. WRIGHT.—£1. RICHARDSON and CITY.—£2. 8s. HAYMAN.—£4. 12s. These charities are under the management of the renter warden. *Trustees*, the churchwardens (see 'Almshouses and Pensions,' p. 727).

Clothing.

CORK.—£41. 14s.; for three poor widowers, and three widows. SMITH.—£49. 8s. E. MARSHALL.—£6; for six poor women of the Borough side. T. MARSHALL.—£6; for six boys of the Borough side. These charities are under the management of the renter warden. *Trustees*, the churchwardens.

Money Gifts.

GATLAND.—*Income*.—About £90; distributed among 14 poor widows, not receiving parish relief or other alms, 45 years of age and upwards, but once married, and of the communion of the Church of England. Distributed in May and November by minister, churchwardens, and overseers. Application to be made to the vestry clerk.

PAGE.—About £8; distributed among six poor widows, 60 years of age and upwards, three of the Clink side, and three of the Borough side, by the churchwardens. TOYE.—About £6; for two poor people of the Borough side, distributed by the churchwardens. UNKNOWN DONOR.—£5; distributed equally among six poor housekeepers by the churchwardens. MILES.—About £27; distributed among six poor widows. MARKS.—£30; distributed among 15 poor housekeepers, seven men and eight widows, not under 60 years, £2 each. SPEAKE.—£21; distributed among nine poor housekeepers not receiving parish alms. The above charities are under the management of the 'warden of the great account.' *Trustees*, the churchwardens.

BUCKLAND (second gift).—£6; for men of the Borough side. FENNER.—£35; £25 for sick poor, £10 for Bibles. HOWSE, £20; CARTER, £20; and SYMONDS, £8; for poor of the parish. MIDDLETON.—£6; for widows and fatherless children. HANSOM.—£5; for widows and orphans. SCRAGGS.—6s. 8d.; for two poor women, 3s. 4d. each. MASON.—£16; for 32 poor housekeepers, 10s. each. The above charities are under the management of the renter warden. *Trustees*, the churchwardens.

B. HYDE.—£4. 10s. received from the Salters' Company every ten years, for 18 poor widows or maids.

Miscellaneous.

BUCKLAND.—£1 to minister for sermon.

HYMAN.—4s. for vestry clerk.

HUMBLE.—4s. for sexton.

The following charities are, except where otherwise stated, available for residents in the parish of St. Mary, Newington. With the exception

of Marshall's Charity and Atkins's Charity all the charities are managed by trustees. *Clerk*, Mr. Henry Burgess, Vestry Hall, Walworth Rd., S.E.

Education.

COPYHOLD CHARITY ESTATES (Elephant and Castle, and King and Queen Estates).—*Income*.—About £1,700. £300 paid to National Schools, and £130 to schools conducted on principle of British and Foreign School Society, both 'as per order of Court of Chancery.'

ST. MARY, NEWINGTON, COPYHOLD CHARITY SCHOOL ESTATE.—*Income*.—£163, which (less expenses) is paid to the treasurer of St. Mary's National and Parochial Schools.

MARSHALL'S CHARITY.—Provides scholarships for boys, natives of Southwark (*see further*, p. 448).

ATKINS'S CHARITY.—For the education of the children of Baptists (*see further*, p. 455).

Pensions.

COPYHOLD CHARITY ESTATES (Elephant and Castle, and King and Queen Estates).—*Income*.—About £1,700. Provides a fund of about £700 for pensions, candidates for which must be 70 years of age or upwards, and have been householders in the parish at least seven years. Pensions are of £10 a year each.

KENT STREET (or WILLIAMS'S) ESTATE.—*Income*.—About £100. Pensions of £10 a year to decayed inhabitants.

MANN'S ANNUITY FUND.—*Income*.—About £95. Pensions of £10 a year to decayed inhabitants.

ATKINSON.—*Income*.—About £53. Pensions of £8 a year to aged spinsters of the parish; £1 to churchwardens.

Food and Fuel.

TILBURY (or SIMMONS'S) ESTATE.—Now let on a 14 years' lease at £70 per annum. Two-thirds to St. George's, Southwark; for bread and coal for the poor, part in money. **MASON**.—£2; for bread for the poor. **BRANDON**.—£5; distributed in bread. **H. SMITH**.—About £40; for coal for the poor (*see also* 'Money Gifts'). **BARLOW**.—About £8. 15s.; paid for coal for the poor. **BROWN**.—£4; distributed in coal. These gifts are distributed at Christmas, or between Christmas and Lady Day.

Money Gifts.

COPYHOLD CHARITY ESTATES.—£32. **TILBURY (or SIMMONS'S) ESTATE**.—£6. 15s. distributed in 1888 (*see also* under 'Food and Fuel'). **H. SMITH**.—About £40 (part in fuel). **GUIFFARDIER'S LEGACY**.—£1. 10s.; paid in cash to the poor. **MARSHALL**.—£1. **CANNON**.—£1; apparently lost.

Miscellaneous.

COPYHOLD CHARITY ESTATES (Elephant and Castle, and King and Queen Estates).—*Income*.—About £1,700. The surplus income of these charity estates, after providing for certain charges for education and pensions (*see above*), is paid to district visiting, benevolent, and other local institutions. A grant of £10 was so made to the Newington Nursing Association in 1888.

ATKINSON.—£1 to churchwardens.

XXIV.—ST. OLAVE'S UNION.

Area.—1,503 acres. **Population** (1881).—134,586. **Indoor Paupers** average (1887) in receipt of relief on 1st January and 1st July.—1,853. **Outdoor Paupers**, average (1887) in receipt of relief on 1st January and 1st July.—1,907. Number of Children at **District Schools**.—49

in temporary school; 155 other children in South Metropolitan District School. **Qualification for Guardian.**—A poor-rate assessment of not less than £35 a year. Number of Guardians: 3 *ex-officio*; nil nominated; 24 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—A rating of (for the parish of St. Olave) £40; for the other parishes, £25. Number of Vestrymen: St. Olave's, 5 *ex-officio*, 18 elected; St. John's, 5 *ex-officio*, 24 elected; St. Thomas's, 3 *ex-officio*, 18 elected; Bermondsey, 2 *ex-officio*, 36 elected; Rotherhithe, 3 *ex-officio*, 24 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, 30 Tanner Street, Bermondsey, S.E. *Clerk*, Mr. J. G. Hawkins; *Assistant Clerk*, Mr. T. G. Johnson. Day of meeting, Thursday (fortnightly). *Relieving Officers*—(St. Olave's), Mr. W. H. Thomas, 1 Potter's Fields, S.E.; (Bermondsey), Mr. W. Fowle, 12 Longley Street, S.E.; (Rotherhithe), Mr. F. C. Goodwin, 8 Rebecca Terrace, Gomm Road, S.E., Mr. W. Sanderson, 93 Deptford Lower Road, S.E. *Vaccination Officer*, Mr. A. Bedding, 189 Jamaica Road, S.E. *District Medical Officers*—Mr. Fallon Percy Wightwick, 4 Church Row, Horselydown, S.E.; Dr. Charles Stirling, 159 Grange Road, Bermondsey, S.E.; Mr. J. Marshall, 143 Grange Road, S.E.; Dr. W. B. Johnston, 157 Jamaica Road, S.E.; Dr. B. Kelly, 12 Plough Road, Rotherhithe, S.E. *Dispensers*, Mr. A. H. Thompson and Mr. G. Bisley. **Workhouses** (St. Olave's), Parish Street, Horselydown, S.E.; (Bermondsey), Tanner Street, Bermondsey, S.E. **Casual Ward**, Lower Road, Rotherhithe, S.E. **Infirmary**, Deptford Lower Road, S.E. **Dispensaries.**—For Relief Districts 1, 2, 3, and 4, 98 Bermondsey Street, S.E.; hours, 9 to 12, 5 to 7. For District 5, 44 Deptford Lower Road, S.E.; hours, 9 to 12, 5 to 7. **South Metropolitan District Schools** (comprising the Unions of Greenwich, St. Olave's, Woolwich, Stepney, and the parish of Camberwell), Sutton, Surrey; *Superintendent*, Mr. C. E. Martin. Herne Bay, Kent; *Superintendent*, Mr. Frank Owen. *Clerk to the Managers*, H. Burgess, Esq., Vestry Hall, 151 Walworth Road, S.E.

DISTRICT BOARD OF WORKS.

Office (St. Olave's District, comprising the parishes of St. Olave, St. John, and St. Thomas), 86 Queen Elizabeth Street, Southwark, S.E. *Clerk*, Edric Bayley, Esq. *Medical Officer of Health*, Mr. F. P. Wightwick, 4 Church Row, Horselydown, S.E.

VESTRIES.

Offices (Bermondsey), Spa Road, Bermondsey, S.E. *Clerk*, Mr. J. Harrison. *Medical Officer of Health*, Dr. J. Dixon, 133 Jamaica Road, Bermondsey, S.E. (Rotherhithe), Lower Road, Rotherhithe, S.E. *Clerk*, Mr. J. J. Stokes. *Medical Officer of Health*, Mr. B. Browning, 70 Union Road, Rotherhithe, S.E.

SCHOOL BOARD.

School Board Office (Southwark Division), 59 and 60 Hop Exchange, S.E. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. R. D. Winyard. *Correspondent for the Board Schools in the Southwark Division*, Mr. J. H. F. Cattermole, Board School, Monnow Road, Bermondsey, S.E.

POLICE COURT.

(For Southwark), between 56 and 60 Blackman Street, Borough, S.E.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 39 St. James's Road, Southwark Park Road, S.E. Office hours, 11 to 2. **Society of St. Vincent de**

Paul.—Bermondsey Conference, 1 Parker's Row, Dockhead, S.E. Time of meeting, Thursday, 8 p.m. *President*, Mr. C. Collins, 154 Weston Street, Bermondsey, S.E. **Strangers' Friend Society.**—(SOUTHWARK DISTRICT), *Treasurer*, Mr. S. S. Laver, 48 Vassall Road, Brixton, S.W. (ROTHERHITHE DISTRICT), *Treasurer*, Mr. Ralph W. Walker, 14 Rebecca Terrace, Gomm Road, S.E. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants** (SOUTHWARK BRANCH), 30 St. James's Road, Bermondsey, S.E. Office hours, Monday and Friday, 11 to 1. *Hon. Secretary*, Miss Bramston, 1 Morpeth Terrace, S.W.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The following charities are available for residents in the parishes of St. Olave and St. John. The United Charities are administered under a scheme of the Charity Commissioners, confirmed by 33 & 34 Vict. c. cxvii., July 14, 1870.

Education.

* **GRAMMAR SCHOOL OF ST. OLAVE AND ST. JOHN**, Queen Elizabeth Street, Southwark, S.E. (including Humphreys and others).—*Income.*—About £10,000. Furnishes 'a liberal and useful education for the sons of parents engaged in professional, trading, or commercial pursuits.' Boys not admitted before 7 or after 15 years of age, except under very special circumstances. Application must be on form (to be had at the office of the secretary), which must be signed by one of the court of governors. A sum of about £600 is provided for scholarships, tenable at the school, from £30 downwards. A sum of about £600 is provided for exhibitions for scholars proceeding from the school to the universities, King's College, or any military or naval college, provided they have been in the school not less than three years. Children of persons paying rates or carrying on business in the parishes of St. Olave and St. John admitted free, and into classical department on payment of entrance fee of £4 in three instalments, in the latter case providing their own books. Children of non-parishioners pay £6. 6s. a year, and provide their own books. *Secretary*, T. J. Beckwith, Esq.

ATKINS.—For the education of the children of Baptists (*see further*, p. 455).

MAY FEAST SOCIETY (*see* 'Education Charities' of St. Thomas's, Southwark, p. 752).

ST. OLAVE'S GIRLS' SCHOOL (1713).—*Income.*—About £250, including annual subscriptions, donations, Government grant, &c. 'For maintaining, clothing, instructing, and qualifying as useful servants the female children of the industrious poor' of the parish of St. Olave. 56 girls are educated, eight of whom are wholly maintained. Children to be admitted must be born of married parents who have resided in the parish three months, and be between 9 and 11 years of age. No girl can continue in the school after the age of 14 without special order from committee, except she 'be one of the eight boarders, or likely to become a boarder within three months.' 'Boarders may remain on the establishment for one year and not longer.' They are supplied with clothing on leaving school to go to service, and receive rewards if remaining in situations. *Hon. Secretary*, F. W. Arkcoll, Esq., 67 Tooley Street, S.E.

ST. JOHN'S GIRLS' SCHOOL (*circa* 1732), Potter's Fields, S.E.—*Endowment.*—Dividends on £3,650. About 120 girls are educated. *Clerk*, Mr. Edric Bayley, Potter's Fields, S.E.

* A new scheme is now (Sept. 1889) under the consideration of the Charity Commissioners.

MARSHALL'S SCHOLARSHIPS.—For boys, natives of Southwark (*see further, p. 448*).

Apprenticing.

DICKINSON'S CHARITY.—Application to be made to F. W. Arkcoll, Esq., 67 Tooley Street, S.E.

Money Gifts.

B. HYDE.—£4. 10s. every tenth year from the Salters' Company, for poor widows or maids.

SEWARD.—Dividends of £100 South Sea Annuities towards relief of poor of congregation of Particular Baptists of Horselydown. *Trustees*, Rev. J. W. Todd, D.D., Dartmouth Park, Forest Hill, S.E.; Rev. David Jones, B.A., Brixton, S.W., and others.

UNITED CHARITIES OF ST. OLAVE'S AND ST. JOHN'S.—*Income* (1888).—£3,568. 4s. 5d., including £2,060 from the Walcot Estate, £428 from the Red Rose Estate, and £223 from the Sydenham Estate. Provides funds for money gifts, medical attendance, Bibles, clothing, coals, food, &c. Money gifts are granted, not exceeding 4s. a week, to any poor resident failing in qualification for pensions, for not exceeding twelve months. *Chairman of Trustees*, F. G. Beresford, Esq. *Clerk*, F. W. Arkcoll, Esq., 67 Tooley Street, S.E.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. Thomas :—

Education.

PROTESTANT DISSENTERS' SCHOOL, formerly called the **MAZE POND SCHOOL.**—*Income.*—About £34. 10s. *Minister of Maze Pond Chapel*, Rev. W. Penfold Cope, Worsley House, Peppys Road, New Cross, S.E. (*see also Atkins's Charities, p. 455*).

ST. THOMAS'S SCHOOL (1704), 6 St. Thomas's Terrace, London Bridge, S.E.—*Income.*—£220. For education of 40 boys, of whom 35 are clothed. Parents of candidates must be members of the Church of England, and reside within a mile of the school-house. The boys must be seven years of age, have been baptized in their infancy, and vaccinated. They may remain until 14. Children belonging to St. Thomas's parish have a preference, but not unless they can read. The committee comprises the vicar of St. Thomas's parish, treasurers of Guy's and St. Thomas's Hospitals, &c., and is self-elective. Application for admission to be made to the master, at the schools.

MAY FEAST SOCIETY.—*Income* (1882).—£33. In that year two exhibitions were granted (one to St. Olave's, one to St. Thomas's, including suits of clothes, £2. 10s.), of £12. 10s. each. *Trustees*, E. H. Lushington, Esq., Guy's Hospital, S.E., and others.

MARSHALL'S EXHIBITIONS.—For boys, natives of Southwark (*see further, p. 448*).

Food and Fuel.

SMITH.—About £30; distributed in meat, bread, grocery, clothing, and coals, by churchwardens and overseers.

CAMPBELL.—One ton of coals; distributed in December, by tickets of one cwt. each, by churchwardens and overseers.

Clothing.

SMITH.—About £30; distributed in clothing (part in food and fuel).

Money Gifts.

JAMES.—£3; distributed to 12 poor widows.

SCRAGGS.—3s. 4d.

ALMSHOUSE GIFT.—£4 ; distributed to poor of St. Thomas's parish, and others.

B. HYDE.—£4. 10s. every tenth year from Salters' Company, for 18 poor widows or maids.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of Bermondsey :—

Education.

UNITED CHARITY SCHOOLS.—Boys' school, Grigg's Place, Bermondsey ; girls' school, Grange Walk, Bermondsey ; also infants' school. *Income.*—About £900 per annum (including subscriptions, donations, sale of Stock, grant from Education Department, school pence, &c.). The school fees are 3d. a week. *Chairman*, Rev. O. D. Lawrence, the Rectory, Bermondsey. *Hon. Sec.*, Edward Crisp, Esq. A scheme is now (1889) under the consideration of the Charity Commissioners for the amalgamation of these schools with the Bacon Free School.

BACON FREE SCHOOL (1703), Grange Road, Bermondsey.—*Income* (from endowment).—£150 (gross). This school educates (at least) 40 free scholars, whose parents and friends are not able to pay for their learning. They are admitted by election at meetings of governors, whenever vacancies occur. Application should be made to the master, at the school.

MARTIN (or **MARDEN ESTATE**).—About £34. 10s. (moiety) ; for Bibles, distributed by the rector, churchwardens, sidesmen, and overseers.

HEROLD'S SCHOOLS, Drummond Road, Bermondsey, S.E.—For boys, girls, and infants. Supported by pupils' fees, grants from Education Department, and the proceeds of an endowment yielding £573 a year. Scholars received from any part. Tuition fees, for boys and girls, not less than 4d., or more than 9d. a week ; for infants, not less than 3d., or more than 6d. a week. Total or partial exemptions from payment of fees may be granted to not more than 10 per cent. of the children attending. The schools are governed by a board of governors of 13 persons, appointed by the general committee of the British and Foreign School Society, each governor holding office for five years. *Clerk*, Mr. A. Bourne, B.A., British and Foreign School Society, Borough Road, S.E.

SIR J. FENNER.—£20 ; five-elevenths for Bibles, six-elevenths for the benefit of the poor.

WRIGHT.—£3 ; for teaching children from the parochial schools to read the Bible.

MARSHALL'S SCHOLARSHIPS.—For boys, natives of Southwark (see further, p. 448).

Food.

CLUNN.—£9 (also fuel) ; distributed in 4-lb. loaves by churchwardens.

WRIGHT.—£3 ; distributed by the rector, churchwardens, sidesmen, and overseers.

BACON.—£5. 7s. 3d. ; distributed by rector, churchwardens, sidesmen, and overseers.

SAMUEL.—£2. 10s. ; distributed in 4-lb. loaves by churchwardens and overseers.

FULL.—£2. 12s. ; distributed in tickets by churchwardens and overseers every Sunday.

Fuel.

SKIDMORE.—£1. **TERRELL.**—£6. These charities are distributed at Christmas, by the rector, churchwardens, sidesmen, and overseers.

Clothing.

WRIGHT.—£12. 13s. 4d. H. SMITH.—£36. These gifts are distributed at Christmas.

Money Gifts.

DANDY.—£9; distributed to nine widows, nominated by the churchwardens.

HARCOURT.—About £31; distributed by the rector and churchwardens a few days before Christmas to poor women, in sums of £1. 10s. each.

HYDE.—£4. 10s. received from the Salters' Company every tenth year, and distributed by the rector among 18 poor widows or maids.

Miscellaneous.

FENNER.—Six-elevenths of £35. TRAPP.—£1. 6s. 8d. LOCKWOOD.—£26. 15s. SCRAGGS.—6s. 8d. These charities form a fund 'for the relief of the poor,' administered by the churchwardens and overseers.

KENDALL.—£36. GARDINER.—£10. 10s. CHIBALL and others.—£40. TRAPP.—No income at present. MARTIN (or MARDEN ESTATE).—£34 (moiety). PRATT.—£2. 13s. 4d. BANYARD.—£6. 9s. 7d. These charities are applied under Local Act, 31 Geo. III., c. 19, s. 30, in aid of poor-rate.

WRIGHT.—£1. 6s. 8d. to rector for sermon.

The following charities are (except where otherwise stated) available for residents in the parish of Rotherhithe :—

Education.

ANCIENT FREE CHARITY AND AMICABLE SCHOOLS (1613), Church Street, Rotherhithe, S.E.—*Income* (from endowment).—£101. 16s. 2d. Can educate 199 boys, of whom eight are nominated by the feoffees, the rector of St. Mary's, Rotherhithe, and others, and are educated free. Preference given to sons of mariners. A limited number of suits of clothing are annually given to poor and deserving boys. A limited number of free admissions are granted into several girls' schools in the parish. Parents of the free boys and girls must be resident in the parish. *Hon. Sec.*, Mr. W. Burley, Parochial Offices, Paradise Street, Rotherhithe, S.E.

ATKINS'S CHARITY.—To provide education for the children of Baptists (*see* further, p. 455).

NEGUS.—Interest of £2,700 Consols, for Bibles and other books, principally devoted to providing educational books for schools in the parish. The Society for Promoting Christian Knowledge distributes to each of the clergy of the district churches of Holy Trinity, All Saints, Christ Church, and St. Barnabas books to the value of £12. 10s., and to the rector of Rotherhithe books to the value of £31, for his schools in St. Mary's district.

HILL and BELL.—£6; £3 paid to treasurer of Charity School, for master; £3 for bread. *Trustees*, the churchwardens.

KID.—Interest of £544. 15s. 4d. Consols, for two scholarships at St. Olave's Grammar School, Southwark, for boys attending the various Church schools in the parish of Rotherhithe. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens.

MARSHALL'S SCHOLARSHIPS.—For boys, natives of Southwark (*see* further, p. 448).

Pensions.

BAYLY.—£190. Thirty-four widows receive, during life, or so long as they come within the objects of the charity, £2. 10s. each, half-yearly. They must be resident parishioners of Rotherhithe, not having received, or receiving, parish relief, of 50 years of age and upwards. All candidates

must present petition, signed by at least two householders, as to qualification. *Trustees* (who elect recipients), the rector, curate, and churchwardens of Rotherhithe, and others.

SIR WILLIAM AND LADY GOMM.—Dividends on £5,167. 19s. 2d. For pensions of £10 each, to eight men and seven women, of good character, 60 years of age at least, not in receipt of parochial relief for the two years next preceding date of appointment, who from age, ill-health, accident, or infirmity are unable to maintain themselves. Preference to those reduced by misfortune from better circumstances. Must be residents in the parishes of St. Mary, St. Barnabas, or Christ Church, Rotherhithe. *Trustees*, rector of Rotherhithe, and ministers of St. Barnabas and Christ Church. *Clerk*, W. T. King, 17 Hawkstone Road, Rotherhithe, S.E.

Food.

HILL and BELL.—£3. **H. SMITH.**—£38. **POOR'S LAND.**—**STEVENS, GATTAKER, HART, TWEEDY.**—£99. 10s. These charities form a fund, which is appropriated to the purchase of bread; 108 poor persons receive every Sunday throughout the year (78 at the Parish Church and 30 at Trinity Church) a 6d. loaf of bread, which is distributed by the rector and churchwardens (who appoint 88 recipients) and the overseers (who appoint 20 recipients). Yearly amount expended, about £140.

Fuel.

BENNET.—£9; distributed yearly, a short time before Christmas, in 180 coal tickets of 1s. each, amongst the resident poor, by the churchwardens and overseers.

Clothing.

HAY (OF COAT AND CLOAK CHARITY).—£6. Coats and cloaks to poor men and women of the parish of St. Mary, Rotherhithe, who never have received parochial relief. Watermen and their wives or widows have preference. Distributed by the rector and churchwardens yearly, at Christmas.

Money Gifts.

EMBLETON and HORNCastle.—£5. 0s. 10d.; distributed on St. Thomas's Day by the churchwardens (who appoint 35 recipients) and overseers (who appoint 15 recipients) of Rotherhithe, among 50 poor widows, residents of the parish, in sums of 2s. each, the odd 10d. given to the most needy. Recipients are selected on recommendation of respectable parishioners, and enjoy benefits during life.

SPRUNT.—Interest of £179. 10s. 7d. Three per Cents.; distributed by churchwardens on 23rd December, yearly, equally among six poor widows of the parish of St. Mary, Rotherhithe, of good character and at least 50 years of age.

XXV.—PARISH OF LAMBETH.

Area.—3,941 acres. **Population (1881).**—253,569. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—3,201 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—4,691 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Children at **District School**, Norwood, S.E. (daily average attendance, half-year ended Lady Day, 1888).—684. **Qualification for Guardian.**—Rate-paying householder, assessed at not less than £40 a year. Candidates must be nominated by a person with these qualifications, and who is also a resident householder. Number of Guardians: 4 *ex-officio*; nil nominated; 20 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—Same as for Guardian. Number of Vestrymen: nil *ex-officio*; 120 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, Brook Street, Kennington Road, S.E. *Clerk*, Mr. W. B. Wilmot; *Assistant Clerk*, Mr. J. W. Hartley. *Day of meeting*, Wednesday. *Relieving Officers*—No. 1, Mr. E. Singleton, 11 Manners Street, York Road, S.E.; No. 2, Mr. S. Ames, 126 Kennington Road, S.E.; No. 3, Mr. B. C. Parker, 133 Lower Kennington Lane, S.E.; No. 4, Mr. T. K. Baldock, 23 Trigon Road, Clapham Road, S.W.; No. 5, Mr. J. T. Lowing, 367 Kennington Road, S.E.; No. 6, Mr. H. J. Cuming, 7 Jeffreys Road, S.W.; No. 7, Mr. J. H. Barker, 117 Loughboro' Road, S.W.; No. 8, Mr. J. F. Meredith, Relief Station, West Norwood, S.E.; No. 9, Mr. W. H. Eastey, 2 Vauxhall Street, S.E. *Vaccination Officers*—Mr. W. J. Capel, 30 Lambeth Square, S.E.; Mr. C. Hearson, 77 Mayall Road, Brixton, S.W. *District Medical Officers*—No. 1, Mr. W. H. Pywell, 88 Waterloo Road, S.E.; No. 2, Mr. N. Miskin, 160 York Road, S.E.; No. 3, Dr. J. W. J. Oswald, 245 Kennington Road, S.E.; No. 4, Mr. W. Monday, 75 Kennington Road, S.E.; No. 5, Dr. J. D. Gaff, 160 Kennington Road, S.E.; No. 6, Mr. W. H. P. Fox, 122 Clapham Road, S.W.; No. 7, Mr. R. J. W. Oswald, 212 Clapham Road, S.W.; No. 8 and 9, Mr. J. Harman, 25 Gresham Road, Brixton, S.W.; No. 10, Mr. G. H. Wilkins, 134 Brixton Road, S.W.; No. 11, Mr. G. L. Rugg, Ivy Bank, Crown Hill, West Norwood, S.E. *Dispensers*, Mr. W. Fain, Mr. A. Darch, and Mr. R. Allison. *Workhouses*, Renfrew Road, Lower Kennington Lane, S.E., and Prince's Road, S.E. *Infirmary*, Brook Street, Kennington Road, S.E. *Dispensaries*.—For Relief Districts 5, 6, and 7, 362 Kennington Road, S.E.; hours, 9 to 7. For Districts 1, 2, 3, and 4, 35 Lambeth Palace Road, S.E.; hours, 9 to 7. For Districts 8, 9, and 10, 145 Stockwell Road, S.W.; hours, 9 to 7. *Casual Ward*, Wincott Street, Kennington Road, S.E. *Schools*, West Norwood, S.E. *Superintendent*, Mr. John Hammond.

VESTRY.

Office, Vestry Hall, Kennington Green, S.E. *Clerk*, Mr. H. J. Smith. *Medical Officer of Health*, Dr. Walter Verdon, 47 Brixton Hill, S.W.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Offices (West Division), 138 Stockwell Road, S.W. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. A. T. Burton. *Correspondent*, Mr. W. J. Rodgers. (East Division), 153 Camberwell Road. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. R. B. Williams. *Correspondent*, Mr. A. B. Head.

POLICE COURT.

(For Lambeth), Renfrew Road, Lower Kennington Lane, S.E.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committees.—(Lambeth), 67 York Road, S.E.; office hours, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. (Vauxhall), 86 Upper Kennington Lane, S.E.; office hours, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. (Brixton), Vicary Street School, Cornwall Road, Brixton Hill, S.W.; office hours, 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**.—Camberwell Conference, Presbytery, Catholic Church, Camberwell New Road, S.E. Time of meeting, Sunday, 12.30 p.m. *President*, V. I. Feeny, Esq., 37 Paulet Road, Camberwell, S.E. Brixton Conference, Presbytery, Sunday after High Mass. *President*, R. Tucker Fallon, Esq., Bellevue, Tulse Hill, S.W. **Strangers' Friend Society**.—(LAMBETH DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. Wm. Jas. Hosking,

212 Lambeth Road, S.E. (SOUTH LAMBETH AND STOCKWELL DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. Ignatius Heaton, 37 Guildford Road, South Lambeth, S.W. (NORTH BRIXTON DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. T. Sweeting, 52 Holland Street, Brixton Road, S.W. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants.**—(LAMBETH BRANCH), Office, 151 Upper Kennington Lane, S.E. Office hours, Tuesday and Friday, 11 to 1. *Hon. Sec.*, Miss Davenport, 3 Crown Villas, Kennington Oval, S.E.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The following charities are, except where otherwise stated, available for residents in the parish of Lambeth (St. Mary):—

Education.

ARCHBISHOP TENISON'S GIRLS' SCHOOL.—*Income.*—About £300. School for poor girls of the parish; 12 are educated free, and also clothed. *Trustees*, the rector of Lambeth and others.

BOYS' PAROCHIAL SCHOOL.—*Income.*—£20. Fees, 2d. to 6d. a week, according to class and circumstances, with the exception of the boys on the Lawrence and Rich foundations, who are free.

SEVERNE.—Interest of £45. For education of poor children in the Church School, or for clothing poor people, at discretion of the vicar of St. Mary-the-Less.

LAWRENCE.—About £115. For educating 20 poor children of Lambeth Marsh; 10 boys are placed at Lambeth Parochial School, and 10 at St. John's School, Waterloo Road. They are also clothed. The trustees of the charity are appointed by the vestry.

WALCOT.—About £1,500. Makes grants to incumbents of the ecclesiastical districts of Lambeth for school purposes (*see also* 'Almshouses and Pensions,' p. 738). *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens.

HAYLE.—*Income.*—About £2,200. Provides a fund to the extent of £600, for maintenance and support of infant, ragged, and free evening schools in Lambeth, divided into 140 shares, apportioned as follows:—To St. Mary's (parish church), 24 shares; All Saints', Lower Marsh, 5 shares; St. Andrew's, Stamford Street, 8 shares; St. Barnabas', 7 shares; St. John's, Waterloo Road, 10 shares; St. Luke's, Norwood, 4 shares; St. Mark's, 26 shares; St. Mary-the-Less, 15 shares; St. Matthew's, Brixton, 13 shares; St. Matthew's, Denmark Hill, 4 shares; St. Michael's, 8 shares; St. Thomas's, 10 shares; Trinity, 6 shares. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens, and 12 others.

MARGARET OAKLEY.—£67 (part for apprenticing and food, *see below*). Gifts for poor children of the parish, who shall be catechised in church on 12 Sundays in the year. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens.

SNOWE.—£4. 8s. 4d., for Bibles and Prayer-books for poor children. No distribution in 1888-9, balance accumulating. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens.

FOREST.—About £60. Gift to Kennington Oval National Schools.

Apprenticing.

SPENCER.—£11. 3s. 10d., to apprentice two boys from Lawrence's educational charity (subject to repair of tomb). *Trustees* appointed by the vestry.

MARGARET OAKLEY.—For apprenticing poor boys, who are selected by the churchwardens; also bread and education. £7. 10s. paid as an apprentice fee in 1888-9. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens.

TURBERVILLE.—£8. 16s., to apprentice two poor boys of Lambeth to some trade, those of fishermen, chimney-sweepers, and watermen being excepted. No apprentice fees paid in 1888-9. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens.

HAYLE.—Provides a fund to the extent of £200, for apprenticing poor children of parishioners, apportioned in the same shares as the fund for education (which *see*).

Food.

ASHFORD and MOORE.—£13. 17s. 9d. ; distributed in 5s. tickets for bread and meat (also coals). *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens.

MARGARET OAKLEY.—Part for bread, every Sunday for 20 poor persons of Lambeth who attend divine service in the parish church (*see also* 'Education' and 'Apprenticing'). £36. 2s. 7d. expended in bread in 1888-9. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens.

WAKELING.—£19. 18s. 4d. ; distributed in bread and meat tickets, on St. John the Evangelist's Day, among poor inhabitants of Lambeth Marsh and Lower Wall, who do not receive alms. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens.

COURSE.—£6. 8s. 4d., subject to repair of tomb ; distributed among poor inhabitants of Narrow Wall, in same manner as Wakeling's Charity. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens.

LAMBERT.—£1. 16s. : distributed in bread by the vicar and churchwardens of St. Matthew's, Brixton, at Christmas.

JESTON.—£3 ; distributed in bread tickets at 5s. each. *Trustees*, the churchwardens and overseers.

EASTON.—£4 ; distributed in bread and coal tickets, at 5s. each, at Christmas. *Trustees*, the churchwardens.

THOROWGOOD.—£7. 10s. ; distributed in bread ; for St. Matthew's, Brixton (subject to repair of vault and tablet).

Clothing.

BILLINGTON.—£30 ; two-thirds for district of St. Mary-the-Less and one-third to St. Peter's (part in fuel).

SCALDWELL.—£4. 6s. 8d., for coats for four or five poor 'ancient men or women of the outside of the parish, viz. Lambeth Dean and Stockwell.' *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens.

PICTON.—£18. 7s. 7d., for coats and cloaks for poor men and women. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens (subject to repair of vault).

HENRY SMITH.—£40, for blankets and coats. *Trustees*, the churchwardens and overseers.

SEVERNE.—Interest of £45, for providing clothing for poor people in the parish of St. Mary-the-Less, or for education of poor children in the Church School, at discretion of vicar.

Alms-houses and Pensions.

WALCOT.—About £1,500. Provides pensions (not exceeding 40 in number) of 7s. a week to men and 5s. a week to women. Candidates must have been resident in the parish for 20 years, and rated to the poor to the amount of £20 for 14 years. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens. The parish is divided into 13 districts, as in the case of Hayle's Charity. The following is the number of pensions apportioned to each district:—St. Mary's (parish church), 3 men, 5 women ; All Saints', Lower Marsh, 1 man ; St. Andrew's, Stamford Street, 2 men, 2 women ; St. Barnabas', 1 man, 1 woman ; St. John's, Waterloo Road, 0 ; St. Luke's, Norwood, 1 woman ; St. Mark's, 2 men, 1 woman ; St. Mary-the-Less, 5 men ; St. Matthew's, Brixton, 2 men, 1 woman ; St. Matthew's, Denmark Hill, 1 man, 1 woman ; St. Michael's, 1 man, 3 women ; St. Thomas's, 2 men, 2 women ; Trinity, 2 women. (This charity is administered under the powers of 2 Geo. IV., cap. 32, July 1820.)

HAYLE.—*Income.*—About £2,100. Pensions (28) of 6s. a week for men or women not under 60 years of age, who (unless they have been

masters or mistresses in the Lambeth schools for the poor) have been ratepayers, if men, or whose fathers or husbands have been so, if women, for 10 years of tenements of not less than £20 a year. The following is the number of pensions apportioned to each of the 13 districts named in the scheme:—St. Mary's (parish church), 4; All Saints', Lower Marsh, 1; St. Andrew's, Stamford Street, 2; St. Barnabas', 1; St. John's, Waterloo Road, 2; St. Luke's, Norwood, 1; St. Mark's, 5; St. Mary-the-Less, 3; St. Matthew's, Brixton, 3; St. Matthew's, Denmark Hill, 1; St. Michael's, 2; St. Thomas's, 2; Trinity, 1. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens and 12 other trustees (see also 'Medical Aid' and 'Education'). (This charity is administered under the powers of 9 Geo. IV., cap. 45, July 1828.)

CHAPMAN.—About £15. Pensions for two poor Protestant widows of the parish of Lambeth, who have kept house therein 10 years or upwards, and have not received parish relief. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens and others.

CARON.—Income, £28. Almshouses, Fentiman Road. For seven poor women, parishioners of Lambeth, not less than 60 years of age, who receive £4 a year each.

THANET (or GOWER).—£34. 10s., for repairing Caron's almshouses; residue paid to inmates. *Trustees*, the rector and others.

FOREST.—£30, paid to inmates of Caron's Almshouses. *Trustees*, the rector and others.

FORTEE.—£22. 7s. 8d.; £15 for inmates of Caron's Almshouses (see 'Money Gifts'). *Trustees*, the rector and others.

FOREST.—£735. For providing pensions of £20 a year for poor women of 60 years of age, resident in the parish for 10 years, who have during that time paid, or are the widows of persons who have paid for 10 years, poor rates on an assessment of £25, and who are not permanently in receipt of an income from any other charity in the parish exceeding £10 a year, or from any other charity exceeding £25 a year. There are 36 pensioners, half being selected from the northern division and half from the southern division of the parish. They may be of any religious denomination, but must be of good character, and when other qualifications of candidates are equal, those who have been in superior positions in life are preferred. The pensions are paid half-yearly, in January and July. *Trustees* (Northern Division), the rector and others; (Southern Division), the vicar of St. Matthew's, Brixton, and others.

Fuel.

MARY OAKLEY.—£2. 5s.; distributed in coals on 24th December to poor families, by tickets of 5s. each. *Trustees*, the churchwardens.

GRACE FENNER.—£4. 4s. 2d.; distributed in coals, in December, January, February, and March, to poor women of Lambeth, 70 years of age and upwards, who do not receive parochial relief; sixteen 5s. tickets given yearly. *Trustees*, the churchwardens.

ASHFORD and MOORE.—£13. 17s. 9d.; distributed in coal tickets at 5s. each (also food). *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens.

BILLINGTON.—£30; two-thirds for district of St. Mary-the-Less; one-third to district of St. Peter (also clothing). *Trustees*, the vicars of St. Mary-the-Less and St. Peter's.

EASTON.—£4; distributed in bread and coal tickets, 5s. each, at Christmas. *Trustees*, the churchwardens.

GROVES.—£41. 6s. 8d.; distributed in January, by 5s. tickets for coal, among the poor inhabitants of the Liberty of Marsh and Wall. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens and one other.

Money Gifts.

BILLINGTON.—£30 ; distributed to poor widows over 60 years of age, who are not in receipt of any Lambeth charity or parish relief, in sums varying from £1 to £3 each.

HIND and COOPER.—About £28 ; distributed half-yearly in tickets of 10s. each, to old women of the parish, above 60 years of age. *Trustees*, the churchwardens.

VANDERLIN.—About £70 ; distributed, in sums of 5s. each, to old women above 60 years of age, of the Marsh and Wall Liberty. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens.

EDRIDGE.—About £54 ; distributed, in sums of 6s. each, to poor persons of the parish, 60 years of age and upwards. *Trustees*, the churchwardens and overseers.

KERSHAW.—About £6 ; distributed in sums of 5s. each. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens.

DODSON.—£10. 16s. ; distributed, in sums of 5s., 7s., and 10s., among deserving aged women who do not receive parish relief. *Trustees*, the rector and three others.

FORTEE.—£22. 7s. 8d. ; £7. 7s. 8d. ; distributed to poor persons of Lambeth not in receipt of parish relief. *Trustees*, the rector and three others.

Medical Aid.

HAYLE.—*Income.*—About £2,100. £450 a year paid to Royal Hospital for Children and Women, Waterloo Road, S.E., for which admission is granted for 16 in-patients and 65 out-patients. £413. 4s. also provided for medical relief, divided into 140 shares and distributed among 13 districts of the parish, in the same shares as the education fund. The fund is paid quarterly to the incumbents of the districts. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens and 12 others.

Miscellaneous.

BILLINGTON.—£3. 8s. 3d. ; distributed at discretion of rector, subject to repair of tomb.

ROBERTS.—£6 ; half to rector, and half to clerk and sexton.

'PEDLAR'S ACRE.'—£1,208 ; in aid of such rates of the parish as the vestry may direct. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens and ten others.

NOBLE.—£15, to be added to offertory at St. Mark's on Christmas Day (subject to repair of tomb). *Trustees*, the vicar and churchwardens of St. Mark's.

BANKS.—£3. 4s. ; for any charitable purpose the vicar and churchwardens of St. Mark's may approve.

XXVI.—WANDSWORTH AND CLAPHAM UNION.

Area.—11,488 acres. **Population** (1881).—210,397. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—980 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—1,465 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Children at North Surrey District Schools**, chargeable to Wandsworth and Clapham (daily average number maintained, half-year ended Lady Day, 1888).—533. **Qualification for Guardian.**—A rating of £25. Number of Guardians : 20 *ex-officio* ; 26 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—For Wandsworth, Putney, and Clapham, a rating of £40 ; for Battersea, £25. Number of Vestrymen : Battersea, 3 *ex-officio*, 120 elected ; Wandsworth, 2 *ex-officio*, 20 elected ; Putney, 1 *ex-officio*, 36 elected ; Clapham, 2 *ex-officio*, 36 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, St. John's Hill, New Wandsworth, S.W. **Clerk**, Mr. E. H. Taylor, Union Offices, St. John's Hill, S.W. **Day of meeting**, Thursday. **Relieving Officers**—Wandsworth, Mr. L. C. T. Darley, Champion Terrace, St. Ann's Hill, S.W.; Clapham, Mr. W. J. Lyle, 73A Bromell's Road, Clapham, S.W.; Streatham and Tooting Graveney, Mr. A. Taylor, Merton Road, Lower Tooting, S.W.; Battersea West, Mr. J. Barnes, Relief Station, Latchmere Road (10 a.m.); Battersea East, Mr. T. Tugwell, Relief Station, Latchmere Road (10 a.m.); Putney, Mr. W. Donaldson, 17 Stratford Grove, Putney, S.W. **Vaccination Officers**—Mr. F. Payne, 72 Tonsley Hill, Wandsworth, S.W.; Mr. W. J. Lyle, 73A Bromell's Road, Clapham, S.W.; Mr. A. Taylor, Merton Road, Lower Tooting, S.W.; Mrs. Grafton, 17 Stratford Grove, Putney, S.W.; Mr. W. H. Kempster, Oak House, Battersea, S.W.; Mr. J. Oakman, The Priory, High Street, Battersea, S.W. **District Medical Officers**—Dr. G. E. Nicholas, 2 and 3 Church Row: Dispensary, St. Ann's Hill, Wandsworth, S.W.; Dr. W. Atkinson, 15 Clapham Park Road: Dispensary, Bromell's Road, Clapham, S.W.; Dr. F. F. Sutton, Balham Hill, S.W.; Mr. S. E. Bligh, Merton Road, Lower Tooting, S.W.; Battersea West, Mr. J. Oakman, The Priory, High Street; Battersea East, Mr. W. H. Kempster, Oak House; Mr. W. F. Sheard, Clyde House, Lower Richmond Road, Putney, S.W. **Dispensers**, Mr. F. Hernden and Mr. J. Litchfield. **Workhouse**, Garratt Lane, Wandsworth, S.W. **Infirmary**, St. John's Hill, S.W. **Dispensaries**—St. Ann's Hill, Wandsworth, S.W.; hours, 10 to 12 a.m., 5 to 6 p.m. Bromell's Road, Clapham, S.W., 12 to 1 p.m., 7 to 8 p.m. East and West Battersea, Latchmere Road, 10 to 12 a.m., 5 to 6 p.m. **Casual Ward**, Garratt Lane, S.W. **North Surrey District Schools** (comprising the Croydon, Lewisham, and Wandsworth and Clapham Unions), Anerley, S.E. **Clerk to the Managers**, Mr. H. J. Chaldecott, 68 North End, Croydon.

DISTRICT BOARD OF WORKS

(Comprising the parishes of Clapham, Putney, Streatham, Tooting Graveney, and Wandsworth).

Office, East Hill, Wandsworth, S.W. **Clerk**, Mr. H. G. Hills. **Medical Officers of Health**—Clapham, Dr. O. Field, 39 High Street, Clapham, S.W. Putney, Dr. W. Y. Orr, Hotham House, High Street, Putney. Streatham, Dr. F. F. Sutton, Balham Hill, S.W. Tooting Graveney, Dr. C. De Lisle Brock, Mitcham Road, Tooting, S.W. Wandsworth, Dr. G. Nicholas, 2 and 3 Church Row, Wandsworth, S.W.

VESTRIES.

Offices—(Clapham), **Clerk**, Mr. James Webber, 23 Old Town, Clapham, S.W. (Putney), **Clerk**, Mr. W. Reeve, Vestry Hall, 113 High Street, Putney, S.W. (Streatham), **Clerk**, Mr. A. B. C. Bellamy, Vestry Offices, Streatham, S.W. (Tooting Graveney), **Clerk**, Mr. D. Norris, Vestry Offices, The Broadway, Tooting, S.W. (Wandsworth), **Clerk** (office vacant), The Town Hall, Wandsworth, S.W.

BATTERSEA VESTRY.*

Offices, Battersea Rise, S.W. **Vestry Clerk and Clerk to the Vestry**, Mr. C. J. Byworth. **Medical Officers of Health**—Dr. W. H. Kempster, Oak House; Dr. J. Oakman, The Priory, High Street.

* The parish of St. Mary, Battersea, now has its own vestry, which is the local authority for all sanitary and parochial purposes.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (West Lambeth Division), 138 Stockwell Road, S.W. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. A. T. Burton; *Correspondent*, Mr. W. J. Rodgers. (East Lambeth Division), *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. R. B. Williams, 153 Camberwell Road, S.W.; *Correspondent*, Mr. W. J. Rodgers.

POLICE COURT.

Love Lane, Wandsworth, S.W.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committees.—*Wandsworth*, The Plain, Wandsworth, S.W.; office hours, 10 to 12, 4 to 5; Saturdays, 10 to 1. *Battersea*, 175 High Street, Battersea, S.W.; office hours, 10 to 12. *Clapham*, 73 Bromell's Road, S.W.; office hours, 10.30 to 12, 4.30 to 6. **Society of St. Vincent de Paul.**—*Battersea* Conference, Mount Carmel Presbytery, Battersea Park Road, S.W. Time of meeting, Sunday, after High Mass. *President*, J. J. Mulvany, Esq., 325 High Holborn, W.C. *Clapham* Conference, 64 Park Place, Clapham, S.W. Time of meeting, Wednesday, 8 p.m. *President*, W. Flinn, Esq., 42 Grafton Square, Clapham, S.W. **Strangers' Friend Society.**—(SOUTH LAMBETH AND STOCKWELL DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. I. Heaton, 37 Guildford Road, South Lambeth, S.W. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants.**—(WANDSWORTH AND CLAPHAM BRANCH), *Offices*, 8 Cambridge Road, Battersea, S.W.; office hours, Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, 10 to 1. *Hon. Sec.*, Miss Lawford, 8 Cambridge Road, Battersea, S.W.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of Wandsworth (All Saints' with Holy Trinity):—

Education.

FREE AND AUXILIARY NATIONAL SCHOOLS, Putney Bridge Road, Wandsworth, and St. Michael's, Merton Road, Wandsworth.—Boys', girls', and infants' school at Putney Bridge Road; girls' and infants' at St. Michael's. School fees, 3d., 4d., 5d. a week; 12 boys clothed and educated free at discretion of managers.

MARTYN'S SCHOOL (see Education Charities of Putney, p. 743).

Apprenticing.

HODSON.—£10; to apprentice poor boys of the parish to a trade. *Trustees*, Mr. John Langton, 47 Upper Richmond Road, and Mr. Charles Haydon, 8 St. Ann's Hill, Wandsworth, S.W.

POWELL.—£22. 16s.; £2 of which is to bind out one poor child annually.

Other Charities.

***SMITH**, ***BLACKWELL**, ***PAGGEN**, and ***MORRICE.**—*Income*, £196. 2s. 4d., five-sixths 'to be bestowed in apparel on the poor,' or in bread, flesh, or fish, on each Sabbath day, publicly in the parish church,' and one-sixth as to £15 in the purchase of bread on Shrove Tuesday, 'and the balance to be otherwise applied to the use of the poor.'

***TONNET**, ***BRODERICK**, ***MILLINGTON** (paid by Christ's Hospital), and ***EMILIE.**—*Dividends* on £10,134. 15s. 6d. Consols, also £766. 8s. 10d. Consols, and £324. 14s. 10d. Consols. The share of the parish of Wandsworth.

* These charities are under the management of the churchwardens of Wandsworth.

worth in the above sum of £10,134. 15s. 6d. is £4,897. 15s. 3d., and, subject to the payment of £5 to the vicar and £1 to the sexton, the dividends of this latter sum have 'of late years been applied in bread and clothing to poor women.' The dividends on the remainder of the £10,134. 15s. 6d. 'is paid by the governors of Christ's Hospital in pensions of £4 a year, and a coat to 36 poor men born and dwelling in the town or parish of Wandsworth, of the age of 50 years and upwards, poor seamen or watermen, and such of them especially (qualified as above) as have lost a limb or have been wounded at sea to have the preference; failing these, other poor men. The recipients are elected by the minister, churchwardens, and vestrymen of Wandsworth alternately.'

*H. SMITH.—Share of Wandsworth about £45 a year; for 'brown cloth coats and gowns to poor men and women.'

*TYROE.—£68. 14s. 10d., being two-fifths of rent and insurance of estate; subject to a payment of 10s. to the minister, this is 'distributed amongst the poor of the parish,' by the minister and churchwardens.

*POWELL.—£22. 16s.; £2 for apprenticing, remainder 'to 24 poor widows, 4d. in bread, and 4d. in money, on alternate Sundays throughout the year, 12 on one Sunday and 12 on another.'

*GOODWIN.—£20. 15s. 6d.; for 'the benefit of the poor.'

*FORSYTH.—£5. 8s.; for 'bread to the poor.'

The following charities (except where otherwise stated) are available for residents in the parish of Putney (with St. John's and All Saints):—

Education.

RICE.—£3. 0s. 7d.; books for infant school at Roehampton.

MARTYN'S SCHOOL, formerly in Putney Bridge Road, S.W., but now carried on in temporary premises in Windsor Street.—*Income*, from endowment (1888).—£476. 2s. 10d. For sons of watermen of Putney and Wandsworth, Putney boys having preference; scholars are clothed, and on leaving the school apprenticed; no school fees. Management by trustees, who elect the boys. *Trustees*, A. E. Dryden, Esq., 72 High Street, Putney, S.W., and others.

Almshouses and Pensions.

SIR A. DAWE'S ALMSHOUSES, Putney Bridge Road, S.W.—*Income*.—£190, including a rent-charge of £40. For 12 inmates (poor aged women), who also receive a monthly money allowance and an extra donation of £1 each at Christmas. *Trustees*, the churchwardens and overseers of Putney.

LABOURERS' COTTAGES.—*Income* (1888).—£81. 8s.

OFFLEY.—£2.

Clothing.

H. SMITH.—In 1888, 18 coats were provided at a cost of £24. *Trustees*, the churchwardens and overseers of Putney.

WYMONDSOLE.—*Income* (1888).—£12. 15s. (including 5s. transferred from general charities). For '34 dresses at 7s. 6d. each.' *Trustees*, the churchwardens and overseers of Putney.

LANGHAM TRUST FUND.—£10. 1s.; for clothes for poor of Roehampton. *Trustee*, vicar of Roehampton.

* These charities are under the management of the churchwardens of Wandsworth.

Money Gifts.

KENNETT.—10s. BOWLING GREEN.—10s. POWELL.—9s. ROOKERY CLOSE.—7s. 4d. BIGGS.—£12. 9s. 6d. Distributed in sums of 2s. 6d. and 1s. each. *Trustees*, the churchwardens and overseers of Putney.

LANGHAM.—£9. 19s. 2d.; for poor of Roehampton.

RENT-CHARGE ON FULHAM BRIDGE.—£31; for poor watermen and poor widows of watermen in Putney.

Miscellaneous.

PARISH LANDS.—£75. 10s.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of Clapham (Holy Trinity, with St. Saviour's):

Education.

PAROCHIAL SCHOOL.—Boys' school, Macaulay Road. Girls' and infants' school, Old Town.

*S. BRIDGE'S.—£2, paid to schools.

Alms-houses.

HIBBERT ALMSHOUSE CHARITY.—Endowment, £5,000 Three per Cents. *Income*, £150. Alms-houses, between 663 and 693 Wandsworth Road, S.W., for eight inmates—seven females, each of whom receives £12 a year, and one male, who, as gardener, receives £20 a year. Candidates must be nominated between 60 and 70 years of age, parishioners, members of the Established Church, communicants, and have an income, independent of annual allowance from charity, derivable from private property, voluntary benevolence, or their own individual labour. *Trustees*, the rector of Clapham and others.

Food and Fuel.

*LANGHAM.—£18. 12s. 8d.; distributed in bread.

*LISTER.—£3; distributed in bread; also £2 to rector.

*LANCE.—£6; distributed in bread; also £2. 10s. to rector and 10s. to clerk.

*CASTELL.—£17. 7s. 10d.; distributed in bread and coals.

*COLE.—8s. 7d.

*S. BRIDGE'S.—£2; distributed in coals.

Clothing.

*H. SMITH.—£3. 15s.; distributed in great coats.

Money Gifts.

*REED.—£1, paid to four poor persons.

*COLE.—£15. 8s., for widows.

*COOK.—£18. 18s., for poor widows.

Miscellaneous.

ATKINS'S CHARITIES.—(Clapham Trust), for maintenance of Baptist Chapel (*see further*, p. 455).

CASTELL.—£1. 1s. to rector for sermon, and 10s. 6d. each to clerk, organist, and sexton.

* Almoners of these charities, the rector and churchwardens, who receive recommendations from respectable parishioners interested in the poor of Clapham.

The following charities are (except where otherwise stated) available for residents in the parish of Battersea (with St. Mark's, St. Luke's, and St. Matthew's):—

Education.

SIR W. ST. JOHN'S SCHOOLS, High Street, Battersea, S.W.—Middle-class school for boys.

Apprenticing.

EDMONDS.—£141. 13s. 8d. ; for apprenticing poor boys of the parish. 'The property bequeathed, consisting of a small tenement in the City, has increased in value, and so few applications of boys or masters are received at the Lammas Hall that a sum is now on deposit to the credit of this charity. Fees are also paid for the attendance of apprentices at art classes.

Food, &c.

PARVIN.—£42. 19s. 10d. ; bread at the church every fourth Sunday (also clothing for poor widows, and money gifts for poor widows). Recipients must be actually residing in Nine Elms and Battersea Fields.

Clothing, Money Gifts, &c.

ASHNESS.—£3. 8s. 8d. (also money gifts).

HALDIMAND.—£4. 16s. 10d. (also money gifts).

WOOD.—£6. 6s. ; for 24 decayed families (also money gifts).

COOPER.—£20. 18s. 3d. ; for poor not receiving alms (also money gifts or apprenticing).

SMITH.—About £16 ; for great coats for labouring men resident five years in the parish.

COOPER.—£20. 18s. 3d. ; money or flannel at Christmas.

Money Gifts.

RAPP.—£8. 18s. 4d. ; for four poor men and four poor women of the parish.

CONSTABLE.—£2. 12s. 5d.

BANKS.—£25 ; £2. 10s. a year each to five poor men and five poor single women, inhabitants of the parish, of the age of 40 years or upwards. The churchwardens and overseers nominate the recipients, labourers and widows not receiving poor relief, the gifts being paid by the Haberdashers' Company, who are the trustees.

JUER.—Dividends on £500 ; distributed on 6th February to 12 needy parishioners of the age of 60 years and upwards.

N.B.—The charities of Battersea (except Sir W. St. John's Schools, Banks, and Edmonds) are distributed at Christmas by the vicar and churchwardens, with the assistance of the overseers, vestry clerk, and other persons. Forms are issued, to be filled in by all applicants and endorsed by a householder.

XXVII.—PARISH OF CAMBERWELL.

Area.—4,342 acres. Population (1881).—186,555. Indoor Paupers (parochial year, 1888).—2,183 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Outdoor Paupers (parochial year, 1888).—1,971 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Camberwell children at South Metropolitan District Schools and other establishments (1st July, 1888).—666. Qualification for Guardian.—Residence in the district, and an assessment of £35 a year. Number of Guardians : 6 *ex-officio* ; *nil* nominated ; 19 elected. Qualification for Vestryman.—A rating of £25. Number of Vestrymen : 2 *ex-officio* ; 84 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, Peckham Road, Camberwell, S.E. *Clerk*, Mr. C. S. Stevens. Day of meeting, Wednesday (fortnightly in the summer months). *Relieving Officers*—No. 1, Mr. J. Sedgley, 117 Bushey Hill Road; No. 2, Mr. R. Flatman, 20 Gloucester Road, Peckham Grove; No. 3, Mr. G. Wakeham, 155 Bird-in-Bush Road; No. 4, Mr. W. Churchill, 16 Studholme Street, Asylum Road; No. 5, Mr. J. Comfort, Relief Station, 3 Exchange Buildings, East Dulwich Road. *Relieving Officer* (for lunacy cases and inquiries), Mr. E. N. Rolfe, 90 Albert Road, Peckham, S.E. *Vaccination Officers*, Messrs. J. T. Kemp and H. Massey, Guardians' Offices, Peckham Road, Camberwell, S.E. *District Medical Officers*—Dr. D. M. Serjeant, 6 North Terrace, Peckham Road; Dr. S. Hague, 325 Southampton Street, Peckham Road; Dr. G. Simpson, 763 Old Kent Road; Dr. J. Blomfield, 20 Rye Lane, Peckham; Dr. J. C. Roberts, Avenue House, 71 Peckham Rye; Dr. E. A. Wood, Eugénie House, 261 Barry Road, East Dulwich; Dr. E. R. Ray, High Street, Dulwich. *Dispensers*, Mr. G. W. Lindsey and Mr. C. H. Snell. **Work-houses**, Havil Street, Camberwell, S.E.; Gordon Road, Peckham, S.E. **Dispensaries**.—For North Peckham and Christ Church Relief Districts, 178 Commercial Road, Peckham, S.E.; hours, 10 to 11 a.m. For Camberwell and St. George's Districts, Havil Street, Peckham Road, S.E.; hours, 10 to 11 a.m. **Infirmary**, Havil Street, S.E. **Casual Ward**, Albert Road, Peckham, S.E. **South Metropolitan District Schools** (comprising the Greenwich, St. Olave's, Stepney, and Woolwich Unions, and the parish of Camberwell), Sutton, Surrey; Herne Bay, Kent; Witham, Essex. *Clerk to the Managers*, Mr. H. Burgess, Vestry Hall, 151 Walworth Road, S.E.

VESTRY.

Office, Vestry Hall, Peckham Road, S.E. *Clerk*, Mr. G. W. Marsden. *Medical Officer of Health*, Dr. J. S. Bristowe, 13 Old Burlington Street, W.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Offices (West Lambeth Division), 138 Stockwell Road, S.W. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. A. T. Burton. *Correspondent*, Mr. W. J. Rodgers. (East Lambeth Division), 153 Camberwell Road, S.E. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. R. B. Williams. *Correspondent*, Mr. A. B. Head.

POLICE COURT.

(Lambeth), Renfrew Road, Lower Kennington Lane, S.E.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 1 Grove Lane, Camberwell, S.E. Office hours, 10 to 12 (see p. 1). **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**—Camberwell Conference, Presbytery, Catholic Church, Camberwell New Road, S.E. Time of meeting, Sunday, 12.30 p.m. *President*, V. Feeny, Esq., 37 Paulet Road, S.E. **Strangers' Friend Society**.—(WALWORTH DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. E. Hughes, 170 Camden Grove North, Peckham, S.E. (NORTH BRIXTON DISTRICT), *District Treasurer*, Mr. Thomas Sweeting, 52 Holland Street, Brixton Road, S.W. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants**.—(CAMBERWELL BRANCH), Office, 78 Choumert Road, Rye Lane, Peckham, S.E. Office hours, daily, except Saturdays, 10.30 to 1. *Hon. Secretary*, Miss C. S. Witts, 13 Homefield Road, Wimbledon.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The following charities are (except where otherwise stated) available for residents in the parish of Camberwell:—

Education.

WILSON'S GRAMMAR SCHOOL.—School rebuilt under new scheme of the Charity Commission, 1882. Scholars' payments, £10 a year. *Clerk*, Lawrence Desborough, Esq., jun., 18 Finsbury Pavement, E.C.

ARNOT.—£3. £1. 10s. is paid to treasurer of one of the charity schools of the parish.

Clothing and Fuel.

GRAY.—Interest of £507. 9s. 3d. Consols; for warm clothing for the poor who are not receiving parochial relief. Distributed by vicar and churchwardens of St. Giles's about Christmas.

HENRY SMITH.—About £19; receivable by the churchwardens and overseers, 'to be laid out every winter in the purchase of great coats for poor inhabitants.' Distributed at Christmas.

CHANNEL MEMORIAL FUND (Chapelry of Peckham).—£7. 15s. (also fuel).

WILSON.—£2. 7s. 1d.; for flannel petticoats for poor women of Peckham, to be selected by the churchwardens for that district.

Food.

MATHEWS.—£5. 12s. 4d.; to be laid out in bread, and distributed to poor communicants of the Church of England on Sacrament Sundays.

PINCHBACK.—£3; for bread, distributed to the poor at the parish church, of St. Giles, Camberwell, on the second Sunday in each month.

NOYES.—£9; for bread to poor persons of the parish of Camberwell, who shall neither be maintained nor relieved thereby, on Christmas Day and 21st February.

HUNT.—£2. 13s. 4d., distributed by the churchwardens.

WHITFIELD.—£20; for bread and potatoes for 20 widows of the hamlet of Dulwich, distributed in December, January, and February, by the master and warden of Dulwich College.

Fuel.

ALLEN.—£6; to be laid out in coals and distributed amongst the poor housekeepers of Dulwich. Sacks and half-sacks are so distributed at Christmas.

Money Gifts.

TRUSS.—£48. 12s. 4d.; distributed to nine widows, £5 each, in December. *Trustees*, the vicar of Christ Church, Camberwell, and others. The total income of this charity is £149. 3s., and is shared equally by Christ Church, Spitalfields; St. Matthew's, Bethnal Green; and Camberwell.

POOR'S LAND.—£86.

UNKNOWN DONOR.—£3. 5s. 10d.

HARRIETT SMITH.—£30; for ten of the oldest poor housekeepers of the towns and villages of Camberwell and Dulwich, equally.

SUSANNAH JONES.—£3; paid annually at Christmas, equally to six poor persons residing in the liberty of Peckham.

ARNOT.—£1. 10s.; paid to three poor persons of and belonging to the parish of Camberwell.

SIR E. BOWYER (rents).—£252. 10s. CAGE, Camberwell Green.—£7. ENGINE HOUSE, Camberwell Green.—£8. ENGINE HOUSE, Peckham.—£3. 18s. SHOULDER OF MUTTON ESTATE.—£50. SIR T. HUNT'S Gift.—£2. 13s. 4d. BOWLES' Gift.—£24. BOWLES' Five Acres' rents, £664. 14s. 10d. BURSTED'S Land.—£37. 11s. 3d. The amounts of these charities are voted

by the 'Trustees of the Charity Estates' to the 'Charity Distribution Committee,' who distribute them to aged parishioners in sums of from 6s. to 10s. a month each, and also in gifts of various amounts. In 1888 a sum of £1,102. 10s. was thus given away.

GRAY.—Interest of £1,050 Three per Cents. bequeathed to the vicar and churchwardens; they to 'permit the master for the time being of the parish workhouse of Camberwell to apply and distribute the annual income . . . each Christmas, in such manner as he may think proper for the personal comfort or benefit of the inmates for the time being of such workhouse.'

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of Herne Hill:—

Food.

ROLFE and others (including Colbranne, Wheeler, Buckenden, Willard, Spillett, and Hern of Hanley).—£1. 13s. 4d.; also value of three quarters of wheat, which varies, amounting to about £6.

DAWES.—£1. 13s. 3d.

MEOPHAM (including Castle, Ellis, and Legate).—£5. 2s. 6d. *Trustees*, the churchwardens of Herne Hill.

XXVIII.—GREENWICH UNION.

Area.—3,426 acres. **Population** (1881).—131,264. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—2,412 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1888).—3,791 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Greenwich children at **South Metropolitan District Schools** (daily average number maintained half-year ended Lady Day, 1888).—At Sutton, 495; at Witham, 50; at Herne Bay, 52. **Qualification for Guardian.**—An assessment of not less than £30 a year. Number of Guardians: 3 *ex-officio*; none nominated by Local Government Board; 23 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—Greenwich, an assessment of £25 a year; Deptford, a rating of £25. Number of Vestrymen: Greenwich, 96 elected; Deptford, 72 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, Lower Woolwich Road, S.E. *Clerk*, Mr. S. Saw; *Assistant Clerk*, Mr. H. K. Lewis, Union Offices, Greenwich, S.E. Day of meeting, Thursday (fortnightly); weekly from November to April inclusive. **Relieving Officers**—Greenwich (North-East and South-East), Mr. J. K. Orsman, 62 & 64 Old Woolwich Road, Greenwich, S.E.; Mr. W. H. Peters, same address; *Assistant*, Mr. J. W. Walters, same address. (West) Mr. W. Wates, Royal Hill, Greenwich, S.E.; *Assistant*, Mr. T. F. Goodwin. Deptford (North), Mr. B. Dark, Mary Ann's Buildings, Deptford, S.E.; *Assistant*, Mr. G. H. Fordham. (South), Mr. G. W. Taylor, Watson Street, Deptford, S.E.; *Assistant*, Mr. Alfred E. Rossiter. (West) Mr. W. T. Street, Simla Street, Woodpecker Road, Deptford, S.E.; *Assistant*, Mr. W. H. Walters. **Vaccination Officer**, Mr. T. W. Maalen, Dispensary, 24 Creek Road, Deptford, S.E. **District Medical Officers**—Greenwich (North-East), Dr. Williams Nicholson, Kent Villas, Church Street, East Greenwich, S.E.; (South-East), Dr. A. Forsyth, 12 Park Place, Greenwich, S.E.; (West), Mr. H. W. S. Sturton, 63 South Street, Greenwich, S.E.; (Central), Mr. C. H. Hartt, London Street, Greenwich, S.E. Deptford (No. 1), Dr. Wm. H. Brecknell, Evelyn Street, S.E.; (No. 2), Mr. E. F. Bindloss, 241 New Cross Road, S.E.; (No. 3), Dr. W. F. Hingston, 215 Evelyn Street, S.E.; (No. 4), Mr. G. P.

Rogers; (No. 5), Mr. H. W. Roberts, Ashdown Villa, 166 Lewisham High Road, S.E. **Workhouse**, Lower Woolwich Road, S.E. **Infirmary**, Vanbrugh Hill, Woolwich Road, S.E. **Dispensaries**.—Royal Hill, Greenwich, S.E., for East, West, and Central Greenwich Medical Districts; hours 9 to 1, 3 to 7. **Dispenser**, Mr. J. Mitchell. For Deptford Medical Districts, 24 Creek Road, Deptford, S.E.; hours 9 to 1, 3 to 7. **Dispenser**, Mr. G. Keats. **Casual Ward**, at the Workhouse, Lower Woolwich Road, S.E. **South Metropolitan District Schools** (comprising the Greenwich, St. Olave's, Stepney, and Woolwich Unions, and the parish of Camberwell), Sutton, Surrey; Herne Bay, Kent; Witham, Essex. *Clerk to the Managers*, Mr. H. Burgess, Vestry Hall, 151 Walworth Road, S.E.

DISTRICT BOARD OF WORKS

(Comprising Greenwich, St. Nicholas', Deptford, and St. Paul's, Deptford, including Hatcham).

Office, 141 Greenwich Road, S.E. *Clerk*, Mr. James Spencer. *Medical Officers of Health*—(Greenwich), Mr. C. H. Hartt, 80 London Street, Greenwich, S.E.; (Deptford, both parishes), Mr. H. W. Roberts, 166 Lewisham High Road, Brockley, S.E.

VESTRIES.

(Greenwich), **Office**, Vestry Hall, Royal Hill. *Clerk*, W. Bristow, Esq. (St. Nicholas', Deptford), **Office**, 108 High Street, Deptford, S.E. *Clerk*, W. R. Kersey, Esq. (St. Paul's, Deptford), *Clerk*, T. W. Marchant, Esq., Tanner's Hill, Deptford, S.E.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Greenwich Division), 63 Royal Hill. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. W. J. Purver. *Correspondent*, Mr. Wm. Buck, Board School, Stanley Street, Deptford, S.E.

POLICE COURT.

Blackheath Road, S.E.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committees.—*Greenwich*, 29 King William Street, Greenwich, S.E. Office hours, 10 to 1; 5 to 6. *Deptford*, Temperance Hall, St. John's Road, Deptford, S.E. Office hours, 10 to 12, 4 to 5. **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**.—Greenwich Conference, Loretto House, Croom's Hill, Greenwich, S.E. Time of meeting, Wednesday, 8.15 p.m. *President*, Stuart Knill, Esq., The Crosslets, Blackheath, S.E. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants**.—(GREENWICH AND DEPTFORD BRANCH), Offices, St. Alphege Mission Room, Greenwich, S.E. (in the parish churchyard). Office hours, Tuesday, Thursday, 11 to 1. Canonbury Hall, The Pavement, Lewisham. Office hours, Wednesday, 11 to 1. *Hon. Secretary*, Miss Thompson, 6 The Circus, Greenwich, S.E.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The following charities are (except where otherwise stated) available for residents in the parish of Greenwich :—

Education.

BLUE COAT GIRLS' SCHOOL (1700), Point Hill, Greenwich, S.E.—*Income* (from endowment).—About £510, supplemented by voluntary contributions. Provides board, lodging, clothing, and education for poor girls (orphans preferred) with a view to domestic service. Candi-

dates must be natives of the parish, and are admitted at 8 years of age, and retained until 15, when situations are always found for them as domestic servants. Average number of inmates, 25. Six trustees, appointed by the Charity Commissioners, manage the estates and endowment of the charity. A committee of six ladies, appointed by coöption, manages the school. *Clerk to the Trustees*, John Batchelor, Esq., solicitor, Croom's Hill, Greenwich, S.E.

HATCLIFFE (Greenwich portion).—£20 a year paid to Trinity Infant Schools (*see* 'Almahouses and Pensions').

SIR WM. BOREMAN.—Green Coat School (1672), including Sir W Langhorne's and Wm. Clavell's charities. *Income* (1888).—From all sources, £2,658. These charities were formerly applied in the maintenance of a boarding school for 20 boys, sons of watermen, seamen, or fishermen, inhabitants of Greenwich; but in 1874 the school buildings were taken by the South-Eastern Railway Company, and (except as regards boys then in the school) the charities have since been in abeyance. A new scheme was suggested by the vicar and churchwardens when the school was closed, and was ultimately approved by Her Majesty in Council 3rd May, 1882. Under this scheme the property of the foundation remains under the management of the Drapers' Company, the income being payable to the new governing body, 19 in number (ten nominated by the Company, two by the Trinity House, two by the Greenwich members of the London School Board, together with (*ex-officio*) the vicar and churchwardens of Greenwich, the Astronomer Royal, and the superintendent of the Greenwich Hospital School). This new scheme directed the establishment of a nautical school for 200 day scholars. In 1886 the Charity Commissioners submitted a scheme under which the governors of the Foundation may pay the fees of 100 boys nominated by them to the Upper Nautical School of Greenwich Hospital (p. 327), the charge for each foundationer to be an entrance fee of £1, and a yearly payment not exceeding £9 for the first two years, and thereafter such yearly sum as may be agreed upon between the Admiralty and the governors. *Clerk to the Governors*, W. P. Sawyer, Esq., clerk to the Drapers' Company, Drapers' Hall, Throgmorton Street, E.C. *Legal Adviser*, J. Batchelor, Esq., Croom's Hill, Greenwich.

ROAN'S CHARITY (including Plume's and Dennis's Gifts) (1643).—Boys' school, East Street; girls' school, Devonshire Road, Greenwich, S.E. *Income*, from endowment (real estate), about £2,000. 'To supply a sound and practical education for poor boys and girls by means of schools, and otherwise to advance education in Greenwich.' The operations of the school are not confined to Greenwich, but elementary school children and those of residents in Greenwich have prior right of entry. Age of admission, 7 to 16. Elementary school children of three years' standing admitted, on examination, at half fees; others at £1 entrance fee and £6 a year. £150 a year is applied for evening classes for elementary school children and for prizes at a competitive examination. The surplus income is applicable: £500 a year in scholarships in the Roan schools, to public elementary children, and £300 a year in 'leaving exhibitions' for higher education. Other scholarships to children in the schools are given by a private donor. Schools managed by a board of 16 governors (four members for Greenwich on London School Board, eight elected by the ratepayers, and four coöptative, of whom two are ladies). *Clerk to the Trustees*, John Batchelor, Esq., Croom's Hill, Greenwich, S.E.

FORMAN.—Dividends on £66. 7s. 3d. Consols, applied by ministers of the several ecclesiastical parishes of Greenwich in prizes to girls attending national schools.

Almshouses and Pensions.

HATCLIFFE'S CHARITY (1620).—*Income* (from endowment).—About £350 for Greenwich. One-half for Greenwich, one-quarter for Lee, one-quarter for Lewisham. The Greenwich portion provides almshouses for twelve poor women, inhabitants of Greenwich, not having received parochial relief for two years, and 60 years of age at least. Preference given to candidates producing evidence of provident habits in the past. Inmates receive £18 a year. Out-pensions of £18 a year are also provided for either men or women 60 years of age at least, or disabled by ill-health, accident, or other infirmity. Preference given to candidates who can produce evidence of provident habits in the past. Admission, on election of the managers (twelve feoffees appointed by coöption, and acting in conjunction with the vicar, two churchwardens, and four overseers of the parish). *Clerk*, John Batchelor, Esq., solicitor, Croom's Hill, Greenwich, S.E.

JOHN PENN ALMSHOUSES, South Street, Greenwich, S.E.—Primarily for old workmen, formerly employed by Messrs. John Penn & Sons, or others who may have been connected with the firm. There are nine houses, each containing bedroom, sitting-room, kitchen and offices. Inmates receive a weekly allowance of 12s. (married couples), 10s. (single men), and 8s. (widows).

JUBILEE ALMSHOUSES (1809), (including 'Wellington Testimonial,' Plume, Herbage Rent, Warham, Loyal Greenwich Volunteers, first and second gifts, Vernez, Cross, Enderby, and £100 from Earl of Northampton's Charity), Greenwich Road, S.E.—*Income* (from endowment).—About £340. In commemoration of the Queen's Jubilee, the almshouses were partly rebuilt and enlarged, and they will now accommodate 27 inmates. For poor widows and spinsters above 60 years of age, and resident in the parish at least three years prior to election. Inmates receive £16 a year each and coals. *Trustees*, the vicar, churchwardens and overseers (*ex-officio*) and others. The income will shortly be increased by £100 under the will of the late John Field. *Hon. Sec.*, H. Major, Esq., 126 Greenwich Road, Greenwich, S.E.

QUEEN ELIZABETH'S COLLEGE, Greenwich Road, S.E.—Founded 1558 by Wm. Lambard (including the charities of Walrond, Tallis, Macey, Rookby, Chappell, and parts of Stanton's and Watton's charities). *Income* (1888, from endowment).—£2,018. Almshouses for old married couples, also for two spinsters. Candidates must be over 60 years of age, and resident in their respective parishes (*see below*) for three years immediately preceding application. Each couple receives 10s. a week and two tons of coal a year, with extra gifts at Christmas. The following is the number of married couples which may be nominated by the parishes named:—17 from Greenwich, 7 from Eltham, 7 from Lewisham, 2 each from Deptford, Charlton, and Woolwich, and 1 from Lee. The two spinsters are nominated by the Right Hon. the Master of the Rolls. The Drapers' Company manage the property and the almshouses. It is in contemplation to apply to the Charity Commissioners for a new scheme. Application for admission should be made to the Drapers' Company, or to the vicar, churchwardens, sidesmen, and overseers, and the high and petty constables of the respective parishes.

EARL OF NORTHAMPTON'S CHARITY, or TRINITY HOSPITAL.—*Income*.—About £6,500. Hospitals at Shottesham, Norfolk, and East Greenwich, Kent. (a) Almshouses for 28 poor men: 8 at Shottesham, 20 at Greenwich. (b) Out-pensions to 30 poor men: 20 from the parish of Greenwich, 6 from the parish of Shottesham, 2 from the parish of Castle Rising, and 2 from the town of Bungay, Suffolk. (a) Appli-

cation for admission to the almshouses should be made to the clerk. Candidates must be—as to the hospital at Greenwich—poor men of good character, widowers, or unmarried, who have resided in the parish of Greenwich not less than four years next preceding the date of their appointment, and who have not during that period received poor-law relief (other than casual or occasional relief in case of sudden sickness, calamity, or accident), and who, by reason of age, ill-health, accident, or infirmity, are unable to maintain themselves. Inmates receive a money allowance, supplemented by garden produce, clothes, light, and coals; also medical attendance and nursing for those sick, aged, or infirm. £5 allowed at death for burial. (b) Applications for out-pensions should be made to the clerk. Six pensioners receive £36, and the other pensioners £26 a year each. The latter, on vacancies occurring, may be elevated to the former. Candidates may be persons of either sex, married or single. They must possess otherwise the same qualifications as inmates of the almshouses. The trustees are empowered to pay from the residue of the income, not exceeding £100 a year to the 'Jubilee Almshouses,' Greenwich, £200 a year to any institution in Greenwich for relief of cases of acute disease, accident, or physical maladies or disorders, to secure benefits to poor inhabitants of Greenwich; £20 for like purposes in Shottesham; and the residue of the income to promote and complete the restoration to health of poor persons who have suffered from disease, accident, or infirmity. The right to a large number of convalescent hospital orders has been obtained under this provision. *Trustees of the Charity*, the Mercers' Company. *Nominators for Greenwich* (who elect two candidates for each vacancy in the hospital or pension list, from which two the Mercers' Company select one), the vicar, churchwardens, and overseers of Greenwich, the high constable of the ancient parish of Greenwich, two guardians appointed by the Board of Guardians, four nominees of the Vestry, and two nominees of the district vicars of Greenwich. *Clerk to the Nominators*, John Batchelor, Esq., solicitor, Croom's Hill, Greenwich, S.E.

MASSINGER.—Founded 1715. *Income.*—About £45. Until the year 1881 recipients (64 in number) were nominated by the trustees and ministers (8 by each) and received 7s. a piece twice a year. The trustees have now resolved to discontinue these doles as vacancies occur, and to establish pensions of substantial amount. One pension (of £15 a year) was established in December 1881. 'Conditions of election are under consideration.' The charity is managed by five trustees elected by coöption, and the three vicars of Greenwich, Lewisham, and Charlton, as directed by donor's will, meeting half-yearly. *Treasurer* (to whom application should be made), James Soames, Esq., J.P., Maze Hill, Greenwich, S.E.

DUNNAGE.—18s. 10d. **WARDELL.**—£6. 10s. **STRINGER.**—£3. 3s. **WIGSELL.**—£4. **COLFE.**—8s. 8d. **WARHAM.**—£13. 10s. **HERBAGE RENTS.**—£31. 17s. 2d. **CORREY.**—About £15. **CLEMENTS.**—£6. 17s. 8d. **MACK-GILL.**—£18. **STANTON.**—£90. **RIFIAR.**—£52. 10s. **RAINE.**—£12. 15s. **WARE.**—£4. 0s. 4d. **BAKER.**—£4. **WATTON.**—£7. 4s. 4d. **REID.**—£12. **TODD.**—£9. **SMITHES.**—£1. **ITTER.**—£6. 10s. Subject to the payment of £2 to Queen Elizabeth's College, and £2 to the churchwardens from Stanton's Charity, £1. 1s. from Itter's Charity to the vicar for a sermon, £9 from Todd's Charity to the churchwardens, and the payment of £2 to Queen Elizabeth's College from Watton's Charity, the income of these charities is applied, as to £100 a year, in pensions of £1 a month each to poor and deserving inhabitants of the parish of Greenwich, 60 years of age at least (unless ill or infirm), and resident in the parish at least

15 years, men or women, who are incapacitated from maintaining themselves; as to £50 a year, in additions to stipends of inmates of Jubilee Almshouses; and as to the residue of the income, in money gifts of £1 each to poor parishioners, 60 years of age at least (unless ill), and resident in the parish at least 10 years. Candidates are selected by the trustees, the vicar, and churchwardens and others at Christmas. *Clerk to the Trustees*, Mr. George Carpenter, Greenwich Road, S.E.

WIDOW SMITH'S ALMSHOUSES (1865), Trafalgar Road, Greenwich, S.E.—For six poor widows.

RANDALL'S CHARITY.—This charity consists of an estate which does not at present yield any return. *Clerk to the Trustees*, W. Bristow, Esq., London Street, Greenwich.

The following charities are available (except where otherwise stated) for residents in the parish of St. Nicholas, Deptford:—

Education.

DEAN STANHOPE (*see* St. Paul's, Deptford, next page).

FELLOWS.—£33. 15s.; paid to National Schools for education of five boys and five girls from the parishes of St. Nicholas and St. Paul, who are also clothed. *Trustees*, Mr. W. Andrews, 1 Evelyn Street, Deptford, S.E., and others.

ADDEY'S SCHOOL, 62 Church Street, Deptford (including Hosier and Chester).—*Income*, from rent, schoolpence, and endowment, about £800, of which £200 is for money gifts. For boys and girls from St. Nicholas' and St. Paul's. School fees, 2d. a week. *Clerk*, W. R. Kersey, Esq., 108 High Street, Deptford, S.E.

*BRETTON.—£3. 18s. 5d.; paid to master of National Schools.

*COLFE.—For the education of four boys, to be elected by the vestry as a vacancy occurs, notice whereof is duly given.

Apprenticing.

*† FIOTT.—£6. 7s. 9d.; paid in alternate years to St. Paul's, Deptford.

CHESTER.—£9; for apprenticing son of bricklayer or inhabitant of St. Nicholas' or St. Paul's, Deptford.

Food and Fuel.

*STOUT.—13s. 4d. UNKNOWN DONOR.—£1. 3s. 8d. *RICH.—£1. 6s. †WISEMAN.—12s. 4d. †WALL.—£30 (food and fuel). †CURREY.—£4. 3s. (food and fuel). †LAMBOURNE.—£4. 1s. †KNOTT.—£6. *JOYNER.—10s. †WHITE.—£5. 8s. (fuel). WHEELHOUSE.—£15 (food and fuel).

Money Gifts.

*WILSHAW.—£3. 4s. †JENNINGS.—£1. 16s. †SPRAY.—15s. †BROOKE.—£3.

ADDEY.—Provides a fund of £200 a year, which is distributed amongst 100 poor persons (50 from the parish of St. Nicholas, 50 from the parish of St. Paul) at Christmas, who must be above 60 years of age and not in receipt of parish relief or of an income of more than £20 a year. Nominations are in the hands of 24 trustees, of whom the rectors and church-

* These charities are, under the Act of Parliament for that purpose, divisible equally between the parishes of St. Paul and St. Nicholas, Deptford. The amounts (except in the case of Fiott's Charity, which is the total income) show the moiety to which St. Nicholas', Deptford, is entitled.

† These charities are administered by the churchwardens of St. Nicholas, Deptford.

wardens of the parishes are *ex-officio* members. *Clerk*, W. R. Kersey, Esq. 108 High Street, Deptford, S.E. (see also 'Education,' p. 753).

Almshouses and Pensions.

SIR JOHN EVELYN.—*Income.*—About £370; distributed in pensions to poor widows, not in receipt of parish relief, 60 years of age at least, of the parish of St. Nicholas. Pensions are 4s. 6d. a week, and are paid at the Vestry Hall. The governors and directors of the poor are trustees, the churchwardens and overseers being *ex-officio* members. Application should be made to W. R. Kersey, Esq., 108 High Street, Deptford.

QUEEN ELIZABETH'S COLLEGE, Greenwich Road, S.E.—The parishes of St. Nicholas and St. Paul send two married couples to these almshouses (see 'Almshouses and Pensions' of Greenwich, p. 751).

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of St. Paul, Deptford:—

Education.

FELLOWS' CHARITY (see under St. Nicholas, Deptford, p. 753).

DEAN STANHOPE'S SCHOOLS (including Gasker's, Wood's, Saunders', and part of Wiseman's Charity).—*Income.*—About £350; distributed in exhibitions from elementary schools in Deptford to places of higher instruction. This charity, now the 'Stanhope Foundation,' belongs to the two parishes of St. Paul and St. Nicholas. *Trustees*, the rector of St. Paul's and vicar of St. Nicholas', and others.

***BRETTON.**—£3. 18s. 5d.; applied in aid of the salary of the master of Deptford National School, Wellington Street.

ADDEY'S SCHOOL (see under St. Nicholas', Deptford, p. 753).

Apprenticing.

***FIOTT.**—£6. 7s. 9d.; received in alternate years from St. Nicholas', Deptford, and applied in apprenticing a poor child.

CHESTER.—£9 (see St. Nicholas', Deptford, p. 753).

Almshouses and Pensions.

BOULTER.—The parish of St. Paul, Deptford, is entitled to send one poor man to Boulter's Almshouses, Oxford, inmates of which almshouses receive 8s. a week each.

QUEEN ELIZABETH'S COLLEGE, Greenwich.—The parishes of St. Nicholas and St. Paul send two married couples to these almshouses. (See under 'Almshouses and Pensions,' Greenwich, p. 751).

ADDEY (see under St. Nicholas', Deptford, p. 753).

Food and Fuel.

† **STOUT.**—13s. 4d. † **RICHE.**—£1. 6s. * **BROOKS and JARMAN.**—£6 (subject to repair of tomb). * **CURREY.**—£3. 3s.; distributed on 12th October. * **KNOTT.**—£2. 14s.; distributed on 27th October (subject to repair of tomb).

* These charities are administered by the churchwardens of St. Paul's, Deptford.

† These charities were created before the formation of the parish of St. Paul, Deptford, and, under the Act of Parliament for that purpose, are divisible equally between the parishes of St. Nicholas and St. Paul, Deptford. The amounts (except in the case of Fiott's Charity, which gives the amount received by St. Paul's in alternate years) show the moiety received by the parish of St. Paul, Deptford.

The following charities are distributed, in bread and coals, for the benefit of the poor of St. Paul's, Deptford :—

* EVELYN.—About £19. † JOYNER.—10s. † UNKNOWN 'DONOR.—£1. 3s. 8d. * PARISH STONE YARD, Tanner's Hill.—£9. 9s. * PARISH GARDEN.—About £70. † COLFE.—4s. 4d. * WHITE.—£5. 8s.; distributed on 21st December.

Money Gifts.

† WILSHAW.—£3. 4s.; distributed in sums of 2s. 6d. each to widows resident in the parish.

* JENNINGS.—£1. 10s.; distributed at the church on Candlemas Day, in the morning, to poor widows.

WISEMAN.—12s. 10d.

XXIX.—WOOLWICH UNION.

Area.—6,500 acres. **Population** (1881).—80,782. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1887).—1,123 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1887).—1,539 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Children at **South Metropolitan District Schools** (including Woolwich), (daily average number maintained half-year ended Lady Day, 1887).—2,137. **Qualification for Guardian.**—An assessment of £18 a year. Number of Guardians: 4 *ex-officio*; none nominated by Local Government Board; 20 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—For Charlton and Plumstead, an assessment of £25. For Woolwich (Local Board of Health), a rating of £18, or possession of property of value of £600. Number of Vestrymen: Charlton, 20 elected; Plumstead, 2 *ex-officio*, 24 elected; Woolwich (Local Board of Health), 21 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, Rectory Place, Woolwich, S.E. **Clerk**, Mr. Tom Cutter. Day of meeting, Thursday. **Relieving Officers**—Woolwich (West), Mr. J. Moore, The Dispensary, Rectory Place, Woolwich, S.E.; (East) Mr. A. J. Godfrey, 64 Brewer Street, Woolwich, S.E. Charlton, Mr. R. Padgham, Fairview Cottage, Charlton Lane, New Charlton, S.E. Plumstead, Mr. H. Smith, Horsaey Park, Plumstead, S.E. **Vaccination Officer**, Mr. C. Jolly, 143 Burrage Road, Plumstead, S.E. **District Medical Officers**—Woolwich (East), Dr. Butler, Thomas Street, Woolwich, S.E.; (West), Dr. T. J. Hughes, 12 Rectory Place, Woolwich, S.E.; (North), Mr. W. J. Vance, 2 High Street, North Woolwich, E. Plumstead, Mr. A. Wise, 207 Burrage Road, Plumstead, S.E. Charlton, Dr. R. Fegan, Old Charlton, S.E. **Dispenser**, Mr. W. Moody. **Workhouse**, Plumstead Village Road, Plumstead, S.E. **Infirmaries**, at the Workhouse. **Dispensaries.**—For Charlton and East and West Woolwich Relief Districts, Rectory Place, Woolwich, S.E.; hours, 9 to 12 a.m., 2 to 3 and 5 to 6 p.m. For Plumstead Districts, the Workhouse, Plumstead, S.E.; hours, 11 to 12 a.m. For North Woolwich—no Dispensary. **Casual Ward**, at the Workhouse. **South Metropolitan District Schools** (comprising the Greenwich, St. Olave's, Stepney, and Woolwich Unions, and the parish of Camberwell), Sutton, Surrey; Herne Bay, Kent. **Clerk to the Managers**, Mr. H. Burgess, Vestry Hall, 151 Walworth Road, S.E.

* See note on previous page.

† See note on previous page.

DISTRICT BOARD OF WORKS

(Comprising Charlton, Eltham, Kidbrook, Lee, and Plumstead), Old Charlton, S.E. *Clerk*, Mr. G. Whale.

LOCAL BOARD OF HEALTH.

Office (Woolwich), Town Hall, William Street, Woolwich, S.E. *Clerk*, Mr. A. C. Reed.

VESTRIES.

Office (Woolwich), *Clerk*, Mr. E. W. Sampson, 12 Parson's Hill, Woolwich, S.E. (Charlton), The Village, Charlton, S.E. *Clerk*, Mr. E. N. Burnett. *Medical Officer*, Mr. W. H. L. Bernays, Church Lane. (Plumstead), Maxey Road, S.E. *Clerk*, Mr. E. Hughes, M.P. *Medical Officer*, Dr. W. C. Wise.

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Greenwich Division), 63 Royal Hill, Greenwich, S.E. *Superintendent of Visitors*, Mr. W. J. Purver. *Correspondent for the Board Schools in the Greenwich Division*, Mr. Buck, Stanley Street Board School, Deptford, S.E.

POLICE COURT.

William Street, Woolwich, S.E.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committee, 47A William Street, Woolwich, S.E. Office hours, 10 to 12. **Society of St. Vincent de Paul**—Greenwich Conference, Loretto House, Croom's Hill, Greenwich, S.E. Time of meeting, Wednesday, 8 p.m. *President*, Stuart Knill, Esq., The Crosslets, Blackheath, S.E. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants**.—(WOOLWICH BRANCH), Office, Duke of Connaught Coffee Tavern, New Road Entrance, close to Woolwich Arsenal Station. Office hours, Mondays, 11 to 1; Thursdays, 2 to 4. *Hon. Sec.*, Mrs. Barlow, Royal Arsenal.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of Woolwich (St. Mary's):—

Education.

WISEMAN.—*Income*.—About £150; for educating, clothing, and maintaining orphan sons of shipwrights who were formerly employed in Woolwich Dockyard. By a scheme of the Charity Commissioners dated 1877, and modified by subsequent orders, the benefits of the charity are extended to orphans of workmen employed in any marine engineering or shipbuilding establishment in the parish of Woolwich. *Secretary*, Mr. G. J. Champion, corn dealer, Church Street, Woolwich.

WREN.—£60; for education of poor boys, girls, and infants at Board and other schools.

WITHERS.—£36. 1s. 2d.; paid to National and other schools. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens.

Almshouses and Pensions.

PAROCHIAL ALMSHOUSES, Rope Yard Rails, Woolwich (including Clark's and Reid's Charities).—*Income*.—£102; for 18 inmates, among whom the income is distributed equally as a pension. *Trustees*, the rector and others. **SIR MARTIN BOWES' ALMSHOUSES**.—These almshouses were sold in March 1889 by the Goldsmiths' Company to the Local Board, and are added to the Parochial Almshouses, giving room for 18 persons in all.

Food and Fuel.

GENERAL CHARITIES (including Colfe, Hawkes, Smith, Withers, Roberts, Bowes).—£65. 16s. 7d. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens. These charities are distributed for about six weeks during winter through the clergy and churchwardens by tickets.

Money Gifts.

CLARKE.—£90 ; distributed among 12 poor persons who have never received parochial relief, residing in the parish. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens and others.

WREN.—£12 ; distributed among poor belonging to Enon Baptist Chapel, High Street, Woolwich, by the minister.

PARKES.—£3 ; distributed among poor widows. *Trustees*, the rector and churchwardens.

Miscellaneous.

FRASER.—Interest of £21. 10s. Three per Cents., for repair of tomb.

HARDIN.—Interest of £105 Three per Cents., for repair of tomb.

LOAT.—£3, for repair of tomb.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of Plumstead (St. Margaret's) :—

Education.

KIPLING.—£17. 9s. 6d. **COLE**.—£29. 4s. 6d. These charities are for Sunday schools. *Trustees*, minister, churchwardens, and overseers.

Food.

SMITH.—£2. 0s. 2d. ; distributed by churchwardens and overseers.

SCOTT.—£30. 9s. 6d. ; distributed by churchwardens and overseers to poor widows and others from Christmas to Lady Day.

COSSAGE.—£2. 12s. ; distributed by minister and churchwardens.

Miscellaneous.

ROPER.—£15 ; for repair of tomb, surplus for repair of parish church.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of Charlton (St. Luke's) :—

Education.

Sir W. LANGHORNE.—£8. 15s. ; paid by rector to treasurer of National Schools for free education of boys and girls.

Almshouses and Pensions.

NEW ALMSHOUSES, Fairfield, Old Charlton.—For five aged women, who each receive 2s. 6d. a week. When a vacancy occurs it is filled by the selection of the rector and churchwardens of St. Luke's, Charlton. Applicants must be resident in the civil parish of Charlton.

MADDOCKE.—£28. 2s. 6d. ; for inmates of New Almshouses.

Sir W. LANGHORNE.—£3. 5s. 11d. ; paid to inmates of Almshouses by churchwardens. *Trustees*, rector and churchwardens.

The parish of Charlton sends two married couples to **QUEEN ELIZABETH'S COLLEGE**, Greenwich (see under 'Almshouses and Pensions' of Greenwich, p. 751).

Food and Fuel.

CORREY.—£29. 15s. 1d. ; distributed in food and fuel (part paid to inmates of Almshouses) at Christmas amongst the poor of St. Luke's,

St. Paul's, and St. Thomas's, Charlton. Recipients are selected by the respective rectors.

COLFE.—8s. 8d. ; distributed by churchwardens.

Miscellaneous.

RUSSELL.—£2. 12s. (lost).

XXX.—LEWISHAM UNION.

Area.—11,436 acres. **Population (1881).**—73,314. **Indoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1887).—765 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). **Outdoor Paupers** (parochial year, 1887).—1,620 (average in receipt of relief on 1st July and 1st January). Lewisham children at **North Surrey District Schools** (daily average number maintained year ended Lady Day, 1889).—375. **Qualification for Guardian.**—The possession of 'hereditaments of the annual rateable value of £30.' Number of Guardians: 9 *ex-officio*; nil nominated; 14 elected. **Qualification for Vestryman.**—A rating on a rental of £40. Number of Vestrymen: Lewisham, 3 *ex-officio*, 36 elected; Lee, 3 *ex-officio*, 36 elected; Eltham, 3 *ex-officio*, 18 elected.

POOR LAW.

Office of Board of Guardians, Lewisham, S.E. *Clerk, Mr. H. C. Mott.* Day of meeting, Thursday (fortnightly in the summer months). **Relieving Officers**—No. 1, Mr. J. W. Mott, Relief Station, High Street, Lewisham, S.E.; No. 2, Mr. T. D. Higgins, Relief Station, Lee Green, Lee, S.E.; No. 3, Mr. W. C. Rich, Relief Station, Waldram Road, Forest Hill, S.E. **Vaccination Officer, Mr. C. Atkins, 280 High Street, Lewisham, S.E.** **District Medical Officers**—Mr. W. R. Brunton, 43 Kirkdale, Sydenham, S.E.; Mr. A. S. May, Gresham House, Stanstead Road, Forest Hill, S.E.; Mr. J. C. Duke, The Glen, Lewisham Road, S.E.; Mr. J. E. B. Burroughs, Manor Villa, High Road, Lee, S.E.; Dr. D. King, High Street, Eltham, S.E. **Workhouse, High Street, Lewisham, S.E.** **Infirmary, at the Workhouse.** **Dispensary, none.** **Casual Ward, at the Workhouse.** **North Surrey District Schools** (comprising the Croydon, Lewisham, Richmond, Wandsworth, and Clapham Unions), Anerley, Norwood, S.E. *Clerk to the Managers, Mr. H. J. Chaldecott, 68 North End, Croydon.*

DISTRICT BOARD OF WORKS.

Office (for district comprising Lewisham, Sydenham Chapelry, and Penge), Rushey Green, Catford, S.E. *Clerk, Mr. E. Wright.* **Medical Officer of Health, Dr. F. Wilkinson, Wych Elms, Sydenham Park, S.E.**

VESTRIES.

Office (Lewisham), Board of Works, Catford, S.E. *Clerk, Alfred Newton, Esq.* **Medical Officer, Dr. F. Wilkinson, Wych Elms, Sydenham Park, S.E.** (Lee), National Schoolroom, Church Street, Lee, S.E. *Clerk, W. F. Smith, Esq.* **Medical Officer, H. C. Burton, Esq., Lee Park Lodge, S.E.** (Eltham), National Schoolroom, Eltham, S.E. *Clerk, W. F. Mortis, Esq.* **Medical Officer, D. King, Esq., M.D., Eltham, S.E.**

SCHOOL BOARD.

Office (Greenwich Division), 63 Royal Hill, Greenwich, S.E. *Superintendent of Visitors, Mr. W. J. Purver.* *Correspondent for the Board Schools in the Greenwich Division, Mr. William Buck.* **Office, Stanley Street Board School, New Cross, S.E.**

POLICE COURT.

(Greenwich), Blackheath Road, S.E. ; (Woolwich), William Street, Woolwich, S.E.

METROPOLITAN CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS, with Local Offices.

Charity Organisation Committees.—*Lewisham, Blackheath, and Lee*, 29 High Street, Lewisham, S.E. ; office hours, 9.30 to 11, 3 to 5 ; Saturday, 9.30 to 12. *Eltham*, High Street, Eltham, S.E. ; office hours, 10 to 12, 2 to 5. *Sydenham*, 1 Clyde Terrace, Forest Hill, S.E. ; office hours, 1 to 4. **Society of St. Vincent de Paul** (Greenwich Conference), Loretto House, Croom's Hill, Greenwich. Time of meeting, Wednesday, 8 p.m. *President*, Stuart Knill, Esq., The Crosslets, Blackheath, S.E. **Metropolitan Association for Befriending Young Servants.**—(GREENWICH BRANCH), Offices, St. Alphege Mission Room (near the parish church) ; office hours, Tuesdays and Thursdays, 11 to 1. *Hon. Sec.*, Miss Thompson, 6 The Circus, Greenwich.

LOCAL ENDOWED CHARITIES.

The following charities are available for residents in Lewisham. With the exception of Hatchliffe's Almshouses, which are under the care of a special body of feoffees, the whole of the Lewisham charities are administered by a body of trustees called into existence by a scheme of the Charity Commissioners, dated December 11, 1874, and modified or enlarged by subsequent schemes dated December 18, 1877, December 22, 1880, April 4, 1884, and June 21, 1887. The trustees consist of the vicar, churchwardens, overseers, and chairman of the Board of Guardians, *ex officio*, together with twelve elected members, three being chosen by the vestry of Lewisham, three by the guardians of Lewisham, and two each by the Blackheath, Sydenham, and Lewisham wards of the vestry. The Clerk to the Trustees is Mr. E. H. Oxenham, Board of Works Office, Catford, S.E. The total available income of the Lewisham charities is about £933 per annum, of which about £300, which forms the 'Residuary Charities Fund,' is at the disposal of the trustees for a variety of objects named, the remainder being specially appropriated under the various schemes. The information regarding these charities is taken from the Report of the Trustees for 1888-9.

Education.

STANHOPE.—£9. 13s. 4d. ; paid to St. Mary's National Schools, Lewisham.

SCHOLARSHIPS FUND.—A sum of £61 was expended in 1888-9 in scholarships and exhibitions to children who had attended public elementary schools in the parish. This fund was derived from Wood's (Educational) Charity, transferred to the Residuary Charities Fund.

LEWISHAM GRAMMAR SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.—This school, the governors of which are the Parochial Trustees, was established under the powers of the Scheme of 1884 out of the funds of the charities founded by Priscilla Jones (part), Sparrow (part), Brett (part), Mary Mylam, Hull, Shipman, Colfe (part), and Prendergast. Accommodation is provided for 200 pupils (day scholars only), between the ages of 9 and 16, the fees being from £4 to £8 a year. Not less than ten Prendergast scholars are to be maintained in the school.

Almshouses and Pensions.

THACKERAY'S ALMSHOUSES, High Street, Lewisham.—*Income.*—About £100. Almshouses for six poor widows or unmarried females, not less than 60 years of age (certificate of baptism or other proof required), who

or whose deceased husbands were resident householders in the parish of Lewisham for three years at least, and who have resided in the parish during the three years next preceding time of election, not having received poor relief, members of the Church of England, of good character, and able and required to repeat, at the time of election, without book, the Apostles' Creed, the Lord's Prayer, and the Ten Commandments. Inmates receive £20 a year, including £9 a year from the Residuary Charities Fund, together with one ton of coal a year.

COLFE'S ALMSHOUSES, High Street, Lewisham (under the management of the Leathersellers' Company).—The trustees of the Lewisham Charities have the right to nominate almspersons to five of the six almshouses (the inmate of the remaining one being appointed from poor freemen of the Leathersellers' Company, or their widows or daughters). Candidates must be single persons of either sex, poor and impotent, of good character, who are not, and have not at any time within two years next preceding, been in receipt of parochial relief, and not under 60 years of age. Inmates receive £21. 2s. 9d. a year, and medical attendance, a part of this allowance being from John Mylam's Charity. The inmate nominated by the Leathersellers' Company receives £28. 10s. a year.

QUEEN ELIZABETH'S COLLEGE, Greenwich.—The trustees of the Lewisham Charities have the right to nominate six persons (see 'Alms-houses and Pensions' of Greenwich, p. 751).

HATCLIFFE'S ALMSHOUSES, Catford (including Parker's endowment, 1620).—*Income*.—About £212. Almshouses for eight poor inhabitants of Lewisham of three years' standing, not having received parochial relief for two years, and 60 years of age at least. Inmates receive a pension of £18 a year each. Out-pensions (or doles) of £2 each also granted to similar poor, 60 years of age, or disabled by ill-health, accident, or infirmity. Candidates admitted by election of managers, four feoffees appointed by cooption, and acting in conjunction with the vicar, two churchwardens, and two overseers, except as to one house, which was erected by the late Mr. Watson Parker, whose only surviving son has the right of nominating inmates. *Clerk to the Managers*, John Batchelor, Esq., solicitor, Croom's Hill, Greenwich, S.E.

Food.

PRISCILLA JONES, SPARROW, and BRETT.—£3. 12s. 9d., for bread.

Clothing.

HOLMES.—£5. 12s. ; for blankets distributed on St. Thomas's Day to seven families, parishioners of Lewisham, who do not receive parochial relief.

Money Gifts.

SHIPMAN.—£15. **PARKER**.—£30. **MCCUMMINS**.—£6. **THACKERAY** (pecuniary gift).—£30. **BURFORD**.—£6. **WOOD** (Poor's Charity).—£100. **BOND** (moiety).—£12. 15s. **RESIDUARY CHARITIES FUND**.—£134. 15s. Total, £334. 10s. This sum was distributed in 1888-9 in cash, in varying amounts, to the persons entitled under the wills of the donors and in conformity with the Scheme. The almoners were in most cases the ward committees. The payments to inmates of almshouses have already been noted, and are not included in the above amount.

Medical Relief.

RESIDUARY CHARITIES FUND.—As empowered by the Scheme, the trustees during 1888-9 expended the sum of £27. 6s. in payment of grants to the Surgical Aid Society and to the Seamen's Hospital Society, Greenwich, in return for which the trustees received a corresponding

number of letters of recommendation, which have been used for the benefit of the poorer inhabitants.

Miscellaneous.

HERBAGE (or INCLOSURE) RENTS.—*Income* (1888-9).—£205. 15s. 4d. ; for 'establishment and maintenance of public baths and washhouses, or drinking fountains, or the promotion of any other public works or objects for the general benefit or common good' of the inhabitants. With the exception of a small charge of £9 for winding the parish clock, this fund is now accumulating.

COLFE, MYLAM, SPARROW, and THACKERAY.—Payments (£5. 13s. 5d. in all), to vicar, churchwardens, parish clerk, and sexton.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of Lee :—

Education.

HATCLIFFE.—National and infants' schools. A fund is also provided for scholarships, and for pensions (*see* 'Almshouses and Pensions').

Almshouses and Pensions.

HATCLIFFE.—*Income.*—About £220. Provides a fund for pensions to poor residents. 'Recipients shall be of good character, and regular attendants at some place of worship, not less than 55 years of age, or suffering under any permanent infirmity, and to have £1. 10s. each. Persons in receipt of parochial relief ineligible.' *Clerk*, F. Wickings Smith, Esq., 63 Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.

BOONE'S ALMSHOUSES, High Road, Lee.—Candidates must have resided in Lee for not less than five years next preceding the time of election, and not during that period have been in receipt of parochial relief. The following charities are gifts to the almshouses :—Dandias, Dowes, Ducie, Gray, Hyde, Hawes, Robinson, Offley, Dow, Venables, Craven, Jenkinson, Parker, Shepham, Wooller, Woolley, Roberts, Barker, Candish, Sutton.

QUEEN ELIZABETH'S COLLEGE, Greenwich (*see* 'Almshouses and Pensions' of Greenwich, p. 751). The parish of Lee sends one married couple.

Food.

COLFE.—8s. 8d.

The following charities are available for residents in the parish of Eltham :—

Education.

LEGATT.—£130 ; for the education of the poor of Eltham in the doctrines of the Church of England. £1. 1s. a year is paid to Little Heath Church, Essex, and £10 a year to North Weald School ; £32 a year is paid towards salary of master of Eltham National Schools, and further grants are made to the schools from time to time at the discretion of the trustees, the vicar and others.

FIFTEENPENNY LANDS, PASSEY'S, ROPER'S, and QUILTER'S CHARITIES.—Grants are made at the discretion of the trustees to the Eltham National Schools, and other local charities (*see also* 'Almshouses and Pensions').

Apprenticing.

SAMPSON.—£25 ; half for apprenticing poor children of the parish of Eltham (*see also* 'Money Gifts').

Almshouses and Pensions.

FIFTEENPENNY LANDS, PASSEY'S, ROPER'S, and QUILTER'S CHARITIES.—*Income.*—About £565. There are two sets of almshouses belonging to these charities—Fifteenpenny Almshouse, for eight inmates, married or

single; and Foster's Almshouse, the four rooms of which have always been given to widows or single women. Pensions of 6s. a week are given to each almsperson. Out-pensions are also granted of 5s. and 2s. 6d. a week. Candidates both for the almshouses and the out-pensions must be residents in Eltham, who appear to the trustees to be deserving of assistance, and from age and infirmity to be most in need of it (see also 'Education,' p. 761, and 'Medical Charities,' below). The trustees for Fifteenpenny Lands are elected by the churchwardens and vestry; of Quilter's Charity, are appointed by the vestry; and of Passey's and Roper's charities, are appointed by the surviving trustees.

PHILIPOT.—*Income.*—About £320. Almshouses for 'deserving poor persons of either sex, of good character, married or single, who, from age, ill-health, accident, or infirmity,' are unable to maintain themselves. Preference to those reduced from better circumstances. Inmates receive a weekly allowance of 7s. each. Six inmates are appointed from persons who have resided in the parish of Eltham not less than three years next preceding appointment, and three from Chislehurst. *Trustees for Eltham, the vicar and others.*

QUEEN ELIZABETH'S COLLEGE, Greenwich, S.E.—The parish of Eltham nominates seven almspeople. Candidates must be 'the honest and godly poor and needy man or woman, being married or unmarried, that hath been before relieved at the charge of the parish, and hath there dwelt by the space of the three next years before together at the least.' Application should be made to the churchwardens, overseers, and sidesmen of Eltham, or to the Drapers' Company (see 'Almshouses and Pensions,' Greenwich, p. 751).

Food.

COLFE.—8s. 8d. **SLYNN.**—12s. **HEWITT.**—£1. 10s. ***KEELING.**—£5. 2s. 10d. **LAND at ELTHAM.**—£2. 2s.; given in bread to school children on 5th November. ***PRINALD.**—£15. ***STANNARD.**—£4. 10s.

Fuel.

CLAPHAM and SMITH.—£12; coals distributed in the parishes of St. John the Baptist, Holy Trinity, and St. Peter. *Trustees, the vicar and others.* **WALLS.**—£2. 10s. 4d.; coals for poor widows, who also receive 3s. each. **JAMES.**—£28. 14s. (*No recent information.*)

Money Gifts.

SAMPSON.—£25; half for apprenticing (which see p. 761), other half expended amongst the most needy and indigent poor people of Eltham as trustees should conceive to be most for their good and comfort.

WALLS.—£2. 10s. 4d.; poor widows receive 3s. each, also coals.

PRICHARD.—£2. 17s. 8d.; for poor maids and widows of Eltham.

Medical Relief.

FIFTEENPENNY LANDS.—Grants are made at the discretion of the trustees to the Cottage Hospital, and other local charities; also to assist poor women at lying-in, 10s. 6d. being given for medical attendance, 5s. in money, and 5s. for groceries (see also 'Almshouses and Pensions,' p. 761).

Miscellaneous.

COLLYNSON and KEIGHTLEY.—*Income.*—About £123. Paid to Plumstead Board of Works for repair of highways at Eltham.

***WELCH.**—£1. 10s.; for repair of church clock.

BELLROPE ACRE.—15s.; for bellropes for the church.

* These are subject to repair of tombs.

APPENDIX.

X.—BENEVOLENT INSTITUTIONS.

THE note on p. 257 should be referred to for an explanation as to the work of some of the Societies included in this section.

ROYAL MASONIC BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION FOR AGED FREEMASONS AND WIDOWS OF FREEMASONS (1842). Asylum, Freemasons' Road, Lower Addiscombe Road, Croydon. Office, 4 Freemasons' Hall, Great Queen Street, E.C.

Object.—To provide an asylum and annuities for aged Freemasons and their widows. **Admission.**—Election by contributors. Donor of £5. 5s. has two, and annual subscriber of 5s. has one vote at each election of annuitants, according to the fund subscribed to, and so in proportion. Votes of unsuccessful candidates are carried forward. Option of becoming inmates of the Asylum is given to the male annuitants in order of their seniority of election. If a sufficient number to fill the building should not avail themselves of their option, it is offered to the female annuitants in like order of seniority. *Qualifications, &c., for the Male Fund.*—No Brother shall be eligible as candidate for annuity (which is £40 a year) under 60 years of age, nor unless a registered Master Mason for 15 years, and a subscribing member to a lodge for at least ten years of that period, unless afflicted with blindness or paralysis, or permanently incapacitated, such affliction to have occurred subsequently to being raised to degree of Master Mason; 'in such case the party may be admitted under 60 years of age, if he shall have been five years a registered Master Mason and subscriber to a lodge for that period.' Secretaries who have been exempted by their lodges from payment of subscription not disqualified from receiving benefits if quarterages to Fund of Benevolence duly paid for at least ten years, and they have been registered for required period. Those having an income of £40 per annum, or otherwise in a situation to provide for themselves, are ineligible. Application must be on printed form, to be had of Secretary, and must be accompanied by certificate, signed by Grand Secretary, as to years of membership, and a certificate as to applicant's circumstances, &c., signed by master and warden of lodge having personal knowledge of applicant; also certificate of baptism, or other proof of age. Application must be delivered to Secretary on or before January 1. Elections take place on the third Friday in May. On death of male annuitant leaving widow (to whom he was married not less than five years before election, and who is not less than 55 years of age, or incapacitated) not otherwise provided for, she is entitled, on making application, and if approved, to receive a sum equal to one half of late

husband's pension for three years after his death : and if she is resident in Asylum, to continue there during same period, in order to give her the opportunity of applying for election on Widows' Fund. *Qualifications, &c., for the Widows' Fund.*—Annuities are £32 a year. No widow eligible under 55 years, nor unless late husband had been subscribing member to a lodge for at least ten years, nor unless she has been married to him at least five years. If the widow of an annuitant, the marriage must have taken place at least three years previously to presentation of her husband's petition. In event of widow re-marrying, and again being left a widow, she is still eligible. No widow having income of £30 a year, or who is otherwise in a situation to provide for herself, is eligible. Application must be by printed form, to be had of Secretary, which must be accompanied by certificates, signed by Grand Secretary, as to years of membership of late husband, signed by master and wardens of a lodge having personal knowledge of applicant or of late husband, stating her circumstances, and of baptism, or other proof of age, marriage, and death of husband. Application must be delivered to Secretary on or before January 1. Annuity ceases on annuitant's marrying. Elections take place on the third Friday in May. *Management.*—By Committee of 30 brethren, ten nominated by Grand Master, ten elected by Grand Lodge, and ten by subscribers, with *ex-officio* members. *Income* (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £19,469 ; invested funds, £2,524 ; other sources, £6,957. *Annuitants.*—Men, 180 ; women, 229. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, 214 High Holborn. Treasurer, Jno. A. Farnfield, Esq. ; Sec., James Terry, Esq.

METROPOLITAN BENEFIT SOCIETIES' ASYLUM (1829).

Ball's Pond Road, Islington, N.

Object.—The reception of aged persons of both sexes, members of any friendly or benefit societies (within 30 miles of the Post Office). *Admission.*—By application to the Secretary, payment of subscription of 5s. a year, or donation of £2, and election of subscribers (annual subscriber of 5s. or donor of £2 has one vote at all elections). Candidate must have been a member of a legal friendly or benefit society for at least seven years, have subscribed to Asylum for four years, or made a donation of £2 two years previous to becoming candidate—and be at least 55 years of age. Married couples receive 3s. 6d. a week. Single persons, 2s. 6d. Inmates also receive coals, gas, and medical attendance. *Management.*—Committee appointed by donors and subscribers. *Income* (1888).—Charitable contributions, £485 ; rents and interest, £312. *Inmates* (1888).—60. Bankers, National Provincial. Treasurer, Thos. Taylor, Esq., 430 Kingsland Road, E. ; Sec., Mr. H. Patient, 49 Devonshire Street, Islington, N.

RAILWAY BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1858), 57 Drummond Street, and 123 Seymour Street, Euston Square, N.W.

Object.—Relief of necessitous orphans, children, and widows of officers and servants, and of disabled and necessitous officers and servants of railway and canal companies and of railway carrying agents. The officers' department maintains and educates orphans and children, and relieves necessitous widows and members, by annuities and allowances, and affords facilities for insuring the lives of members. The servants' department assists necessitous members, widows, and orphans by annuities and allowances, and affords facilities for insuring lives of members. *Admission.*—By application to Secretaries or Collectors and payment of

subscription. All salaried officers of railway and canal companies, and railway carrying agents, including clerks and station-masters, are eligible as members of officers' department; all servants regularly employed by railway and canal companies, and railway carrying agents, not embraced in the officers' department, are eligible as members of servants' department. Subscriptions are, for officers' department, 10s. 6d. a year, or £10. 10s. for life member, which confers one vote at all elections in that department; for servants' department, 8s. a year, or 2d. a week (when deducted on pay sheet), which confers one vote at all elections in that department. *Officers' Department.*—The amount of a temporary allowance in any one case must not exceed £100, and is granted at discretion of Board of Management, the most necessitous being first relieved. Annuities are, unless the funds are insufficient, granted without election by ballot, and are, for members or widows of members of under 10 years' membership, £10; 10 years and under 15, £15; 15 and under 20, £20; 20 and upwards, £25. To be eligible for annuity, members must have joined before the age of 45. Relief is only granted to those who, from old age, disease or accident, are rendered permanently incapable of earning their living, and have no adequate means. On death of annuitant, not exceeding half a year's pension is granted towards funeral expenses. Children admitted to benefits are placed at private schools at expense of the 'Children's Fund.' Admission by election when necessary. No ballot for many years, and no outstanding claims. They must be between 6 and 12 years of age; they are kept at school until 14 (boys), and 15 (girls). Time may be extended for not more than 12 months. At completion of education, child may have £15 expended towards its clothing and settlement. *Servants' Department.*—The Board pay temporary money allowances, the most necessitous cases being first relieved. Annuities are of £10; admission by election when there are more applicants than funds will admit. Board has power to increase annuities if funds are sufficient for the purpose. Orphans of servants are educated and maintained at the Railway Orphanage belonging to the Institution at Derby (see p. 330), which also takes in orphans of men killed, irrespective of their having been subscribing members. They must be between 6 and 11 years of age, and not diseased or infirm. Medical certificate as to health required. Marriage of parents, age of child, death of father, and inability of mother (if living and a widow) to support the child, must be proved. Admissions take place annually in June. Admission by election. There has not been an election for many years, but all candidates have been provided for. Annual subscribers 'to the orphanage only' have one vote. Admission may also be had by annual payment (amount fixed by Committee). Assistance towards life insurance is granted by adding a bonus of 10 per cent. to the policies, or by an abatement of 2½ per cent. off the premiums. A 'Casualty Fund' is supported by special contributions, subscribers—of one shilling a year—only being entitled to participate. None receive more than £5 in any one year. When the funds are short, an election takes place yearly in June. Immediate pensions for railway servants and their widows may be purchased. There is also a special fund administered by the Board of Management for relieving cases of distress, irrespective of membership, when such cases are recommended by three subscribers. This fund is applicable to the whole service, for men in distressed circumstances, but restricted to widows and orphans of those killed in the performance of their duties. *Management.*—Board of 50 subscribers, 25 retiring annually by rotation, but eligible for re-election, with *ex-officio* members. Local Committees in Derby and Scotland. *Income* (1887–8).—Donations and subscriptions,

£14,414; legacies, £4,370; invested funds, £8,712; collection and special appeal, £6,201; life assurance premiums, £2,472. **Persons assisted.**—Officers' department: pensions, 384 widows, 101 officers; orphans provided for at schools, 262. Servants' department: pensions, 189 widows, and 23 members; children in the orphanage at Derby, 377. Casualty fund: 135 widows of men killed by accident; 2,715 servants injured; 362 deaths by sickness. Special benevolent fund, 19 servants and 6 widows. Purchased annuities, 40. Bankers, Messrs. Glyn, Mills & Co.; Barclay, Bevan & Co.; City Bank; National Bank of Scotland; Messrs. Samuel Smith & Co., Derby. Treas., Lord Hillingdon; Gen. Sec., W. F. Mills, Esq.; Assistant, A. E. Mills, Esq., M.A., 57 Drummond Street, Euston Square, N.W.

UNITED KINGDOM RAILWAY OFFICERS' AND SERVANTS' ASSOCIATION AND RAILWAY ORPHAN FUND (1861), 21 Finsbury Pavement, E.C.

Object.—To give temporary and permanent assistance to persons in the service of railway companies or railway contractors, in cases of accident or severe illness; to provide them annuities in old age, or if otherwise incapacitated for work, and at death to assist their families. The Orphan Fund provides 'a home for the offspring of those who lose their lives in carrying out their hazardous duties.' **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary and payment of subscription: (a) For assistance in cases of emergency and pension fund, 1s. 6d. a quarter. (b) To secure not exceeding £50, at death of member or wife, 6d. at each death (not to exceed one 'call' weekly), with 1d. a week for management. (c) For sick benefit of 12s. a week, not over 30 years of age, 3d.; 30 to 35, 4d.; 35 to 40, 5d.; 40 to 45, 6d. a week; and 2d. a month for management. Entrance fee to this fund and card, 2s. 7d. (d) For Orphan Fund, 1s. 3d. a quarter. Each member is 'free,' and entitled to receive death allowance immediately first subscription is paid; to receive half sick allowance in three months, and full in six months. Members do not forfeit rights, though they leave railway service, if payments are kept up and they do not reside out of United Kingdom. Pensioners and orphans are elected to benefits by votes of honorary subscribers, annual subscription of 5s. or donation of £5. 5s. entitling to one vote at all elections. Pensions are of £20 a year each. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887).**—Members' subscriptions, £4,365; invested funds, £6,500 (gross amount); voluntary contributions, £3,446; other sources, £174. **Persons assisted (1887).**—Members, 1,235; widows and orphans, 431. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England. Treasurer, Alderman James Rankin, Esq., M.P.; Sec., Mr. James Salmon.

METROPOLITAN FIRE BRIGADE WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' AND GENERAL BENEFIT CLUB.

Object.—The benefit of members of the club and their families. 'Contributions are received from persons not connected with the Brigade.' **Management.**—By Committee, consisting of the Chief Officer, the Second Officer, the four Superintendents, and one Engineer of the Brigade. Capt. Shaw, C.B., Metropolitan Fire Brigade, Southwark Bridge Rd., S.E.

UNITED SOCIETY OF LONDON FIREMEN (1887).

Office, Lockhart's, The Piazza, Covent Garden, W.C.

Object.—To find employment for firemen who have been members of the Metropolitan Fire Brigade, and to give them relief in sickness. **Admission.**—Any person of good character who has been a member of the Brigade is eligible. **Management.**—By a Committee. **Income**

(1888-9).—£227. **Members** (June, 1888).—106. Bankers, Birkbeck Bank. Treasurer, Mr. G. F. Marston; Sec., Mr. G. W. Gamble, 14 Valmar Road, Denmark Hill, S.E.

POST OFFICE CLERKS' BENEVOLENT FUND (1853), General Post Office, E.C.

Object.—Relief of officers of the General Post Office, their widows and orphans. **Admission.**—By application to Hon. Secretary, and payment of subscription of 4s. 4d. or 10s. a year. The first amount is (after payment of management expenses) applied to relief of urgent cases of distress which may arise on the decease of officers of the General Post Office. Relief may also be given in cases where sudden and serious injury from accident or the like precludes the possibility of longer continuance in the service. After deducting 4s. 4d. from each annual subscription of 10s., the difference is expended in assistance to widows of officers by pensions. These pensioners are elected by the Committee. No widow is eligible unless husband subscribed to pension fund at time of death, and also during the year immediately preceding death. Pensions are of £30 a year. Grants range from £30 to £70. It is not necessary to subscribe to the Urgent Distress Fund to receive benefit from it. Grants are made to necessitous families of all officers and pensioners on the major establishment of the General Post Office. The fact of a member having subscribed does not entitle his widow to relief. She must show that she is in distress, and that is all that is required from the family of any officer of the major establishment of the General Post Office. **Management.**—Committee of representatives from the departments of the General Post Office, elected annually by members, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1888).—Distress Fund: subscriptions, £175; invested funds and interest, £41. Pension Fund: subscriptions, £110. **Persons assisted.**—Pensioners, 4 (£110 paid); grants, 1 of £50, 1 of £25. Total sum granted since institution of the Society: Urgent Distress Fund, £3,509; Pension Fund, £1,450. Bankers, Bank of England. Hon. Sec. and Treasurer, W. F. Copeland, Esq., Savings Bank Department, General Post Office, E.C.

ROWLAND HILL BENEVOLENT FUND (1881-2), General Post Office.

Object.—The relief and assistance of Post Office employes distressed by poverty, age, or infirmity, and their widows and orphans, throughout the United Kingdom. **Management.**—(1) Trustees (gentlemen not connected with the Post Office); (2) Committee of Recommendation (Post Office officials). **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £1,519; invested funds, £632. **Persons benefited** (1888).—153. Bankers, Bank of England. Treasurer and Secretary, S. Wilson, Esq., Secretary's Office, General Post Office.

CIVIL SERVICE BENEVOLENT FUND (1886).

Object.—The relief of necessitous widows and orphans of civil servants, whether subscribers to the fund or not. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £959; dividends and interest, £55. **Persons assisted.**—14. Treasurer, J. Scott, Esq., Admiralty; Hon. Sec., John Sadler, Esq., Chelsea Hospital, S.W.

GENERAL DOMESTIC SERVANTS' BENEVOLENT IN- STITUTION (1846), 32 Sackville Street, Piccadilly, W.

Object.—To relieve honest and industrious domestic servants of both sexes, in distress, by pensions and by temporary aid. A registry in

connection with the Institution is open daily. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary, payment of subscription, and election of subscribers. Annual subscriber of £1, or donor of £5, entitled to four votes for each pensioner at all elections. Candidates for relief must be members of the Institution. All persons desirous of becoming members must have been employed as domestic servants within one year of application, still capable of service, and under 50 years. No member disqualified by marriage or change of occupation if subscription kept paid up. Subscriptions according to age: For females, from 3s. a year, or life subscription, £2. 16s., to 8s. a year, or life subscription, £6. 16s.; for males, from 5s. a year, or life subscription £4, to 10s. a year, or life subscription, £8. Life subscription may be made in one or more payments, so that whole is paid within two years. New members to pay 6d. for copy of rules. Subscription must have been paid of three years before member entitled to become candidate. Those desirous of becoming candidates must do so on or before last day of February, and produce such testimonials of good conduct as Committee may require. Those resident in country to apply to Secretary for form, which must be attested by minister, churchwardens, or other respectable persons of their parish. Candidates residing in metropolis, or suburbs, to apply personally at the Office. Committee investigate merits of each case, and select most deserving. Elections take place in July. Unsuccessful candidates' votes are carried forward. At each election the two unsuccessful candidates who have been longest on the list are granted pensions. Pensions range in value from £15 to £20 a year. Applications for temporary relief should be addressed to the Secretary. Applicants must have subscribed for upwards of three years. **Management.**—Committee of not less than 24 subscribers appointed annually by General Meeting. **Income (1888).**—Voluntary contributions, £427; invested funds, £767; members' subscriptions, £631; legacy, £100; registration fees, &c., £31. **Persons benefited.**—96 pensioners and 68 cases of temporary relief. Bankers and Treasurers, Bank of England, Western Branch; Sec., Mr. William Sly.

LONDON GENERAL PORTERS' BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION (1858), 35 Cannon Street, E.C.

Object.—(a) To grant pensions to infirm or permanently disabled porters or messengers (being members) employed in wholesale or retail houses of all trades; (b) also to those in banks, insurance offices, hotels, and commercial establishments generally, and to their necessitous widows and orphans. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary and payment of a subscription of 5s. a year, and election of subscribers. Annual subscriber of 5s. or donor of £2. 10s. entitled to one vote at all elections. Application to be made on printed forms of nomination provided for that purpose. No member or his widow or orphans can apply in class (a) unless such member has subscribed two clear years prior to date of application. Widows must be at least 55 years of age, unless permanently disabled. Applications on behalf of orphans may be made immediately on death of father, and pension to such children may be continued until youngest has attained 14 years. Prior to election, each candidate to furnish such proof of age, infirmity, disablement, or destitution as required by Board. When widows or children of members are candidates, evidence of marriage of widows and birth of children required. Upon re-marriage of widow pension ceases. No widow can receive a pension for herself and one for her child or children at same time, and not more than one pension can be granted to the same family. Wives and children of members becoming insane are eligible. Board have power to

allow 6s. a week to widow of deceased pensioner without election. Candidates must reside within ten miles of the General Post Office. Elections are on the second Thursday in June and December. Pensions are : Class (a), married couples, 10s. a week ; members' widows and orphan families, 8s. a week. Class (b), 6s. a week. **Management.**—Board of 15 members and 10 subscribers elected annually at General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1888).—Voluntary contributions, £3,623 ; invested funds, £786. **Pensioners.**—215. Bankers, Union Bank of London, Princes Street, E.C. Treasurer, W. B. Leaf, Esq. ; Sec., W. T. Rickwood, Esq.

METROPOLITAN DAIRYMEN'S BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1874), Royal Courts Chambers, 191 Fleet Street, E.C.

Object.—'To relieve deserving members of the trade and their widows in old age and infirmity by pensions or otherwise, and the orphans of annuitants by gratuities.' **Admission.**—By election of subscribers. A donor of £5. 5s. or annual subscriber of 10s. 6d. has one vote at all elections. Candidates must be nominated by four subscribers or governors, who shall certify as to character. Any subscriber or donor to the institution, or member of the Metropolitan Dairymen's Society, who has continued his subscription until within ten years of the date of application, or who has contributed in one or more payments a sum not less than £5. 5s., being 60 years of age, and having carried on the business of a dairyman within the Metropolitan Postal District upon his own account ten years, is eligible as a candidate ; such subscriber or donor is eligible under 60 years if incapacitated from following any employment. Widows of qualified members of either Society, not less than 50 years of age, are also eligible. Any dairyman 60 years of age, or his widow or unmarried daughter, being 50 years of age (provided the latter has assisted her father ten years in the business), having carried on the trade for ten years, who can satisfactorily prove to the Committee that he had given up or sold his business prior to 4th December, 1874, or that, through age, infirmity, or adverse circumstances, he had been unable to subscribe to the Institution, or to the Metropolitan Dairymen's Society, may be placed on the list of eligible candidates for such minor allowance (not being an annuity) as the Committee think fit. If a male pensioner die, his widow is entitled to two-thirds of his pension, and is a female pensioner without going to election, provided she married previously to her husband being elected a pensioner and be 50 years of age. Annuities are of £18 ; gratuities £12, by monthly instalments. The funeral expenses of a pensioner may be paid, and a gratuity not exceeding £10 given to his orphan, if he be from mental or bodily infirmity unable to earn his livelihood. If a widow remarry, her pension ceases. **Management.**—By Committee of 30 Governors (donors of ten or annual subscribers of one guinea), fifteen retiring yearly, but eligible for re-election at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1888-9).—Voluntary contributions, £673 ; members' contributions, £242 ; invested funds, £269 ; rent of office sublet, £63. **Pensioners**, 9 men, 19 women. Bankers, London and County Bank, Kensington. Treasurer, E. C. Tisdall, Esq. ; Sec., R. Wills, Esq.

CITY WAITERS' PROVIDENT AND PENSION SOCIETY (1867), 28 Martin's Lane, Cannon Street, E.C.

Object.—To provide relief in sickness and at death of member or his wife ; also pensions for members. **Admission.**—Application must be

made to the Secretary for form. Applicants must be waiters, of good character, not under 18 years of age, and have followed the occupation for two years. Subscription, 2s. 2d. per month. Waiters aged between 40 and 50 years may receive medical attendance and medicine, but no other benefits, on payment of £1. 1s. a year. Members are 'free to all benefits in 12 months,' and to half benefits in six months. Benefits: 14s. per week in sickness, for first 26 weeks; 7s. for following 26 weeks; member's death, £12; wife's death, £6. Members of five years' standing have 16s. and 8s. a week respectively; member's death, £14; wife's, £7. The medical attendant attends and supplies medicines to all members within three miles of the Society's office. Members to be eligible for pensions must be 60 years of age, partially incapacitated, and have no other sufficient means. Members under 60 are eligible if permanently incapacitated. Relief may be granted to deserving members in distress. 'Every member is expected to assist a brother member in obtaining employment,' if in his power. **Management.**—By Committee, elected annually by members. **Income** (1887).—Members' contributions, £576. **Persons benefited.**—118 members. Sec., Mr. James Boyles.

REFORMATORY AND REFUGE UNION PROVIDENT AND BENEVOLENT FUND (1876), 32 and 33 Charing Cross, S.W.

Object.—Assistance to widows and orphans of officers who have served in institutions in connection with the Reformatory and Refuge Union, and to incapacitated officers of such institutions, and to assist in securing annuities or life policies. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary, and payment of subscription of not less than 10s. a year from superintendents, matrons, schoolmasters, schoolmistresses, and other principal officers; not less than 5s. a year from all other officers. No grant made for any officer who has left the work for any cause save for ill-health, accident, or old age, or who has been in the work less than three years. **Management.**—Committee of 12: representatives of Reformatory and Refuge Union, 4; of managers and officers of English institutions, 4; ditto of Scotch institutions, 2; ditto of Irish institutions, 2. **Income** (1887-8).—Voluntary contributions, £21; members' subscriptions, £278; invested funds, £1,047; proceeds of concert, &c., £6. **Persons assisted.**—16. Bankers, Ransom, Bouverie, & Co. Treasurer, George Hanbury, Esq.; Sec., A. J. S. Maddison, Esq.

PROVIDENT CLERKS' BENEVOLENT FUND (1840), 27 Moorgate Street, E.C.

Object.—To grant temporary relief to distressed members, their widows and families, and permanent relief by way of annuity, as referred to below. **Admission.**—Applicants must be clerks at time of joining. (a) **Assuring members'** qualification is an assurance with the Provident Clerks' Mutual Life Assurance Association for not less than £100 (subject to allotment of 10 per cent. of profits to this Fund), and contribution of (for those not exceeding 40 years of age) 10s. a year; 40 to 50 (maximum age), 20s. a year. (b) **Subscribing members**—not assuring pay—if not exceeding 40 years, £1. 1s. a year, or donation of £10. 10s.; 40 to 50, £2. 2s. a year, or £21. Subscriptions may be paid yearly or half-yearly. Those not clerks may become honorary members, without claim on Fund, by effecting assurance of £100 or more with Assurance Association (subject to allotment of profits as above), by donation of ten, or subscription of one, guinea, which entitles to one vote at elections. Assuring members

entitled to one vote if policy of £100 to £500, and so in proportion. Subscribing members entitled to one vote at elections. Temporary relief granted, at discretion of Board, by loans on sufficient security, of not exceeding £25 at one time, to be repaid with interest by instalments within two years; in cases of serious calamity, by gratuities of not exceeding £10 at one time, by weekly allowances not exceeding a rate of £21 a year, nor for longer period at any one time than six months; by weekly allowances to orphans of deceased members under 14 years, amount being fixed by Board according to urgency of case, but not to exceed £21 to any family in any one year, and by medical advice. The three first modes of relief are only available to members of three years' standing, subject to discretion of Board as respects widows and children. Any member of the Assurance Company of three years' standing being unable to continue to pay premium the Board may continue payment from this fund by way of loan, policy being deposited with Board, and any bonus being first applied to repayment of loan. Permanent relief is by annuity to members who, from old age, blindness, or other infirmity, are incapable of obtaining their living, and have not adequate means, and to their widows in like circumstances; annuity may be commuted with consent of annuitant. Annuities are—for a member of 5 to 10 years, £25; 10 to 20 years, £30; and upwards of 20 years, £35. To widow, if husband had been member at death of 5 to 10 years, £15; 10 to 20 years, £20; and upwards of 20 years, £25. Widows' annuities cease in event of their re-marrying. Widows of annuitants are ineligible. Annuities may be increased or decreased according to state of funds. **Management.**—Vested in the Board of Directors of the Provident Clerks' Mutual Life Assurance Association. **Income** (1888).—Donations, £406; subscriptions, £1,687; invested funds, £3,129; one-tenth share of profits of assuring members from the Provident Clerks' Mutual Life Association, £3,551; legacy, £200. **Annuitants** (1888).—205. Bankers, Smith, Payne, & Co. Treasurer, Hugh Colin Smith, Esq.; Hon. Sec., John Edward Gwyer, Esq.

**PROVIDENT INSTITUTION OF BUILDERS' FOREMEN
AND CLERKS OF WORKS, 9 Conduit Street, W.**
(*Information refused.*)

**METROPOLITAN MARKET CLERKS' PROVIDENT
AND BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (1862).**

Object.—To assist clerks, assistant salesmen, and such other persons as the Committee may determine, engaged in, or connected with, the trade of the various metropolitan markets (being members) when sick, disabled by accident, and in old age; and, at death of member or his wife, to pay a sum for funeral expenses. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary, and payment of quarterly subscription of (not exceeding 25 years of age) 9s.; 30 years, 10s.; 35 years, 11s. 6d.; 40 years, 13s.; together with 1s. a quarter for management. All persons are free members after 12 months from date of first payment. Persons applying for membership must produce certificates of age and health, and sign a declaration according to form provided. Allowances to free members for sickness or accident are 20s. a week for not exceeding three months; 12s. a week for next six months; 8s. for next three months; and 4s. so long as unable to follow any employment. No member to receive more than three months' full sick pay, in any one year. A medical certificate must be produced every fortnight. Allowances to members disabled by loss of limb, paralysis, blindness, loss of sight, or other such cause, 20s. a week for first three months; 12s. next six months; and 8s. so long as

disabled. Member over 60 years of age, afflicted with chronic disease or infirmity, who cannot earn more than 12s. a week, and whose income from all sources is not more than 12s. a week, is entitled—on making declaration according to form—to pension of 4s. a week, and may receive not more than 4s. a week in addition from the Benevolent Fund. On death of free member, widow or relative receives £20; £10 is paid to free member on his wife's death. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s., or donor of £5. 5s., is honorary member. The income derived from honorary member's subscriptions and 'other free gifts,' is applied to guarantee fund, which augments pensions by an amount not exceeding £10 a year; adds not exceeding £10 to amount payable on member's death; augments sick pay of member who has been sick or disabled more than three months, by, not exceeding 6s. a week; and gives relief to members, under peculiar circumstances of need, of not more than £5 in one year. Payments from this fund only made to members of more than three years' standing. **Management.**—Committee of 15 members (those of six months' standing eligible for election) elected annually at General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1888).—Benefit fund, £320; benevolent fund, £49. **Members** (1888).—105. **Number benefited** (1888).—Sick, 3. Sec., Mr. A. B. Spencer, 142 London Central Meat Market, E.C.

METROPOLITAN COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS AND WAREHOUSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION (1847). Registered Office, 145 Cheapside, E.C.

Object.—To assist members in case of sickness or accident and to provide them with medical advice and medicine, together with a sum of money to be paid on their death. **Admission.**—To be eligible for membership, applicants must be metropolitan commercial travellers, warehousemen, clerks, assistants, or retail drapers between 18 and 50 years of age, living or engaged in business within five miles of the General Post Office. They must be nominated by a member, fill up a form, provided on application to Secretary, and undergo medical examination. Subscriptions are (for sick and death fund, medical fund, and management), from 19 to 20 years of age, 3s. 5d. a month, ranging upwards, according to age—those of 50 years paying 9s. 5d. a month. Entrance fee in all cases, 10s. 6d. Benefits are: Medical and surgical advice and medicine, and, after 12 months' membership, if incapacitated through sickness or accident, 21s. a week for first 26 weeks, 10s. 6d. for next 52 weeks, and 7s. during further continuance of sickness or incapacity; a payment on member's death of £20 to his nominee or relatives. Annual subscriber of 10s., or donor of £5, is honorary member. Honorary subscriptions, and other money specially raised, form a benevolent fund for the relief of severe distress caused by reduction of allowance in cases of prolonged sickness. The amount granted is never greater than that which, with sick allowance, will bring the total weekly payment up to 10s. 6d. **Management.**—Committee of 14 members (3 *ex officio*). Those retiring, resigning, or dying are replaced at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1888).—Members' subscriptions, £554; invested funds, £556. **Number benefited.**—54. Bankers, Union Bank of London, Princes Street, E.C. Treasurer, Mr. W. J. Pitt; Sec., Mr. W. T. Rickwood, 35 Cannon Street, E.C.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS' BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1849), 47 Finsbury Circus, E.C.

Object.—Relief of necessitous commercial travellers, being members, who are aged, or incapacitated from earning a subsistence, and for their widows. **Admission.**—By election of subscribers. Annual subscriber

of £1. 1s. entitled to two votes at all elections, and is a Governor. Annual subscription of one, or donation of ten guineas, constitutes membership. No member eligible as annuitant until 55 years old, unless afflicted by total blindness, paralysis, insanity, or other calamity occurring subsequently to joining Institution, and incapacitating him from earning a subsistence. No member or his widow eligible whose disability, whether from age, infirmity, or any other cause, shall have occurred previous to becoming a member. Any commercial traveller having attained 50 years must pay a donation of £10. 10s., or ten annual subscriptions of £1. 1s., to render himself or his widow eligible; and must prove capability, when joining, of pursuing calling as commercial traveller. Widows cease to receive relief on re-marrying, but are eligible if they again become widows. The words 'commercial traveller' mean such persons who satisfy the Board that they are employed in that capacity, and have travelled in the country for two years or more, and at least six months on an average in each year immediately previous to their joining. Annuities are, to members £50. On death of member, leaving widow, Board may grant widow not exceeding £30 a year. **Management.**—Board of 36 Governors, elected annually at General Court, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1888).—Voluntary contributions, £8,952; invested funds, £1,180. **Members.**—830. **Persons benefited.**—261. Bankers, London and County Bank. Treasurer, T. F. Blackwell, Esq.; Sec., Mr. J. Kaines.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS' CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION (1872), 185 Aldersgate Street, E.C.

Object.—To promote intercourse amongst Christian commercial men; advance the 'moral and spiritual welfare of the entire body'; place 'libraries of good books in commercial rooms'; place 'copies of the Word of God in all hotel bedrooms'; to extend sympathy and pecuniary help to commercial travellers (members and non-members) in temporary need, through sickness or loss of employment. **Admission.**—Subscription 5s. a year, or 10s. to include use of lending library at headquarters. An employment agency for commercial travellers has been started. **Management.**—By Committee of 30 members, 10 retiring yearly, but eligible for re-election at Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1888).—General Fund, £471; Library Fund, £209; Bible Fund, £33; Beneficent Fund, £142. **Benefited.**—More than 12,000 Bibles placed in as many hotel bedrooms; nearly 200 libraries in cases, costing about £20 each, set up in hotel commercial rooms; 250 recipients of Beneficent Fund. Bankers, London and County Bank, Aldersgate Street. Treasurer, P. J. Whitaker, Esq., St. Bride's Street, E.C.; Hon. Sec., H. Holme, Esq.; General Sec., Mr. Leonard Courtney.

FISHMONGERS' AND POULTERERS' INSTITUTION (1835), Ship Tavern Passage, Gracechurch Street, E.C.

Objects.—A home in the Asylum at Wood Green, with pension of £30 a year, for aged, infirm, and indigent members of the fishmongers' and poulterers' trades, and eighteen out-pensions, each of £15 a year; also temporary and timely relief by gifts of small sums of money. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary, payment of subscription of 10s. 6d. or £1. 1s. a year, or donation of £5. 5s., and election of subscribers. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s. has two, donor of £3. 3s. one, vote. Candidates must be at least 55 years of age, and have paid £1. 1s. for three successive years, or 10s. 6d. for six successive years. Donation of £5. 5s. qualifies after three years from payment. Candidates must

have been in the trade, and not in possession of more than £25 a year. Votes of unsuccessful candidates are carried forward. Elections take place in November. **Management.**—Committee of 32 members, 8 of whom are *ex officio*, appointed at Annual Meeting of subscribers in May. **Income** (1887).—Voluntary contributions, £647; invested funds, £5,009 (gross amount); other sources, £75. **Persons assisted** (1887).—42. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank. Treasurer, Thomas B. Grove, Esq.; Hon. Secs. (Fish Trade), Mr. J. Larkin, 159 Cheapside, E.C.; (Poultry Trade), Mr. W. J. Godwin, Leadenhall Market, E.C.; Sec., Mr. J. T. Ablett.

CHEESEMONGERS' BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1835), 12 Borough High Street, S.E. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—Relief, by pensions, of 'incapacitated master cheesemongers, provision merchants, agents and brokers, cheese factors, butter and egg salesmen, and bacon dryers, or the necessitous widows of such.' **Admission.**—By application to Secretary, and election of subscribers. Annual subscribers of £1. 1s., or donor of £10. 10s., has as many votes as there are candidates at all elections. Candidates must have resided and carried on business within twelve miles of St. Paul's Cathedral for at least seven years; must appear personally (if able) and present, on the official form, a recommendation signed by at least four subscribers, to the Committee, who then examine the case. Votes of unsuccessful candidates are carried forward. Candidates who have subscribed to the Institution have as many votes for themselves as an annual subscriber of equal amount to their total subscriptions would be entitled to. Candidate whose wife has subscribed on her own account entitled in same manner, as is also a widow of subscriber being candidate. Pensions are: to those who had been donors for five years previous to first application, or annual subscribers at least five years, (males) £28, (females) £20 a year; those who had not subscribed for that period (males) £24, (females) £18. On death of pensioner, leaving widow unprovided for, who is eligible as candidate, Committee may place her on funds without election, if she was his wife while he was in business. Committee may grant, on death of pensioner, in urgent cases, not exceeding £5. **Management.**—By Committee, chosen by subscribers, seven retiring annually, but eligible for re-election, with *ex-officio* members. **Income.**—£ . **Pensioners.**— . Secretary, Mr. Alexander Smith.

GROCERS' AND TEA DEALERS' BENEVOLENT PRO- TECTION SOCIETY (1837), 76 Finsbury Pavement, E.C.

Object.—To grant 'annuities to distressed aged members connected with the trade, and their widows.' **Admission.**—By election of donors and subscribers. All persons who have carried on business of grocer or tea-dealer, or other trade in connection therewith (within 12 miles from the General Post Office), for seven years, and subsequently to 1837, are eligible. No person eligible under 56 (females), 60 (males), unless incapable of earning their livelihood. The widows of pensioners applying may be placed on the list of pensioners without election. Elections are in January and July. Votes of unsuccessful candidates are carried forward for two elections only. Pensions payable quarterly, the maximum for males being £22, unless subscribers for seven years, or donor of £10. 10s. at least two years previously to application, when maximum is £36. Maximum for females, £16, unless subscriber or donor as in case of males, when it is £30. On death of pensioner

Central Committee empowered, if they think fit, to grant £5 towards funeral expenses. Committee have power to pay to, or for benefit of, orphans of deceased pensioners, under 16, not exceeding £10 to one family. On death of male pensioner, leaving widow eligible as candidate, Central Committee may award her not exceeding £5. Donor of £10. 10s., or annual subscriber of £1. 1s., entitled to one vote at all elections. The metropolis, and 12 miles from the General Post Office, are, for the purposes of the Society, divided into six (as nearly equal as possible) districts, four on the Middlesex, and two on the Surrey side of the Thames. **Management.**—Central Committee of 24 members, four from each district, elected from and by subscribers, one from each district retiring annually, but eligible for re-election. District Committees, of 18 members each, elected by subscribers at Annual Meeting from traders in the districts, four of each Committee retiring annually, but eligible for re-election. **Income** (1888).—Voluntary contributions, £1,351; invested funds, £992; donations, £46. **Benefited** (1888).—100. Bankers, Bank of England. Treasurers, Sir H. W. Peek, Bart., Richard Twining, and D. R. Harvest, Esqrs.; Hon. Secs., Mr. W. E. Belcher, Mr. J. P. Hunt, and Mr. John Hawkins; Sec., Mr. Geo. Powell.

OIL SEED TRADE BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION (),
6, 7 and 8 South Sea House, Threadneedle Street, E.C.
Secretary, Henry Plummer, Esq.

METROPOLITAN BEER AND WINE TRADE ASYLUM
(1852), Nunhead, S.E. Office, 181 Queen Victoria
Street, E.C.

Object.—To provide a home, with pension, to poor and deserving members, their wives, or widows. **Admission.**—Applicants must be either life subscribers, or have been annual subscribers for at least fifteen years, and have attained the age of 55 years. A sum of money is granted to deceased members' widows, according to period of membership. **Income** (1887).—Voluntary contributions, £1,166; members' contributions, £121; invested funds, £2,600; annual festival and excursion, £378; miscellaneous, £215. **Inmates.**—27. Bankers, Prescott and Co. Treasurer, Mr. Jasper Blake; Sec., Mr. Colin Oliphant.

LICENSED VICTUALLERS' PERMANENT RELIEF FUND
(1794), 127 Fleet Street, E.C.

Object.—To grant weekly allowances to poor members of the Incorporated Society, their widows or children. **Admission.**—By payment of an entrance fee of £10. 10s., if holding a magistrate's license and approval of Committee. No admission otherwise. Relief granted on application to the Governor and Committee; forms supplied gratis. The allowances range from 5s. 6d. to 12s. weekly, according to number of years in business subsequent to becoming members. Non-members have no claim. **Management.**—By Governor and Committee, appointed by the members generally. **Income.**—Approaching £6,000, which is derived from the *Morning Advertiser*. **Members.**—3,600. **Persons assisted.**—Weekly average, 279. **Temporary assistance.**—200 in a year. Governor, Mr. Charles Sims; Sec., Mr. E. Grimwood.

LICENSED VICTUALLERS' ASYLUM (see p. 239) AND
SCHOOL (see p. 330).

WINE AND SPIRIT TRADE BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (1886), 27 Crutched Friars, E.C.

Object.—To provide pensions or temporary relief for deserving and necessitous members of the wholesale wine and spirit trades in the United Kingdom, and to their employes or widows who are aged or permanently incapacitated. **Management.**—By Trustees and a Committee of 36, elected by the donors and subscribers. **Income (1888).**—Subscriptions and donations, £1,369; dividends, £89. **Persons benefited.**—Eight pensioners of £25 each. Bankers, Bank of England. Hon. Sec., R. Gray, Esq.; Sec., W. H. Cross, Esq.

LONDON COFFEE AND EATING-HOUSE KEEPERS' ASSOCIATION (1837).

Object.—'For granting pensions to distressed aged members of the trade and their widows; also for the temporary relief of such other persons of the trade, widows, orphans, or families as are in distress.' **Admission.**—No person is eligible as a pensioner unless he or she has been a subscriber to the fund, and carried on the business of coffee or eating-house keeper for at least five years. Candidates must be 60 years of age, or incapacitated from following any employment. Pensioners are elected by votes of subscribers. Subscription, 10s. 6d. a year, entitles to one vote. Pensioners receive: males, £20, £25, £30; females, £18, £20, £25 a year, according to duration of their subscriptions. The temporary relief grants are such as the Committee deem necessary to circumstances of case. Every candidate for pension must be recommended to the Committee by four subscribers, and applicants for relief by at least two subscribers. On death of member who has subscribed five years and upwards, his widow or orphans are eligible to the benefits. Vacancies in pension list filled up on third Tuesday in January and July. Forms of application, &c., to be had of the Secretary. On any widow, orphan, or aged and indigent member being recommended to the Committee, such relief is granted as the Committee deem necessary. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income (1887).**—Voluntary contributions, £279; invested funds, £251. **Pensioners and relief allowances (1887).**—23, exclusive of relief grants. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank, Princes Street, E.C. Treasurer, Mr. W. T. Brown, C.C.; Sec. and Collector, Mr. J. Harris, 3 Newman's Row, Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.

TOBACCO TRADE BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION (1860), 31 Moorgate Street, E.C.

Object.—'To relieve the necessitous, honest members of the trade, their widows and orphans, by pensions, temporary relief, or otherwise.' **Admission.**—By application to Hon. Secretary for form. All merchants, brokers, manufacturers, dealers, clerks, shopmen, warehousemen, foremen of cigar makers, and superintendents of samples in the employ of merchants and brokers connected with the tobacco trade and connected with the trade for five years, are eligible. Operatives, messengers, and porters are ineligible. Applicant must be recommended by not less than five subscribers. London applicants must subsequently appear before Committee. If applicants unable to appear personally they are visited by a Sub-Committee. Temporary relief granted at discretion of Committee. Subscribers have priority of claim. No person eligible for pension under 60 years of age, except incapable of earning livelihood. Pensions £20 each, gained by election of subscribers. Annual subscriber of 10s. 6d., or donor of £5. 5s., entitled to one vote at all elections. Votes of unsuccessful candidates are carried forward.

Management.—Committee of 30 members, elected by donors and subscribers at General Meeting, one third retiring annually, but eligible for re-election. **Income** (1887–8).—Charitable contributions, £435; invested funds, £298. **Persons assisted.**—Pensioners, 16; temporary assistance, too numerous to mention. Bankers, Robarts, Lubbock, & Co. Treas., P. Brachi, Esq.; Hon. Secs., S. Klingenstein, Esq., 28 St. Mary Axe, E.C., and George Chambers, Esq., 37 Fenchurch Street, E.C.

STOCK EXCHANGE BENEVOLENT FUND, Stock Exchange.

Object.—A private institution, confined solely to members of the Stock Exchange and their families. Sec., Gerard R. Witt, Esq.

CORN EXCHANGE BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (1864).

Object.—The relief of those who have been established, either as principals or clerks, not less than five years in the corn, seed, oilcake, hop, malt, and flour trades, with some fixed place of business within 12 miles of the General Post Office, and who have fallen into decay; their widows (during widowhood), fatherless children, and such other relations as may have been actually dependent on them at time of death. Testimonials of character required. **Admission.**—Members of three years' standing are eligible for pensions. Membership consists of the annual payment of one guinea, or a donation of ten guineas. **Management.**—By Board, composed of President, Vice-President, Treasurer, and 16 Directors, representing various branches of the trade, and appointed yearly by General Meeting; trustees, 3. Members have one vote for every guinea annually subscribed. The Society is virtually a provident one. **Income** (1888).—Donations, £276; subscriptions, £1,120; dividends, £587. **Persons benefited.**—Pensioners, 55; others, 20. Bankers, the National Bank. Treasurer, Edward Gripper, Esq.; Sec., Philip B. Skelton, Esq., Corn Exchange Chambers, E.C.

BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION FOR THE RELIEF OF AGED AND INFIRM JOURNEYMEN TAILORS (1837). Asylum, Haverstock Hill, N.W. Office, 9 Air Street, Regent Street, W.

Object.—To provide a home and pension to aged and infirm members or their widows. **Admission.**—By election, after case of applicant has been approved of by Board of Directors. Members' subscription, 7s. per annum, which entitles to 5 votes. Subscribers of £1. 1s., or donors (honorary) of £10. 10s., have 5 votes. Candidates must be journeymen tailors. Age not to exceed 45 years. The amount of each pension given is £26 a year. Inmates have two furnished rooms, coals, and medical attendance. **Management.**—By Board of Directors of 12 masters and 12 journeymen, elected by the subscribers and members. **Income** (1888).—Voluntary contributions, £311; members' subscriptions, £170; invested funds and ground rents, £1,245; annual dinner, &c., £851; sundries, £89. **Inmates** (1888).—70. **Out-pensioners.**—10. Bankers, Sir S. Scott, Bart., & Co. Treasurers, H. W. Hill and J. R. Wilkinson, Esqrs.; Sec., G. Dixey, Esq.

MILLINERS AND DRESSMAKERS' PROVIDENT AND BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1849). Office, 32 Sackville Street, Piccadilly, W.

Object.—'The establishment of a fund for the relief of persons engaged in either of the above-named trades or occupations, as principals of houses or assistants, when in necessitous circumstances.' **Admission.**—

By application, sending name and address to Secretary. Any female who may have been engaged in either of the above trades or occupations not less than two years in town or country, subscribing to the Institution according to the following scale, is eligible as member. Subsequent change of business does not disqualify. Annual subscription (in advance), under 20 years, £1; under 25, £1. 5s.; under 30, £1. 15s. Relief may be either temporary or permanent, and is granted with reference to age of members, single or married, number of children, and term of membership. Temporary relief does not exceed 12s. a week. No person who has not been a member at least two years can receive temporary relief. Permanent relief (ordinary cases) does not exceed £25 a year, or at most £35 a year, except in extreme cases, such as blindness, insanity, or other calamity rendering a person totally incapable of providing for herself or family. No member can receive permanent relief before she shall have attained the age of 55 years, except in such cases as are otherwise provided for. Medical aid is also provided. No person residing at a greater distance than 12 miles from the General Post Office can be admitted a member, but subsequent change of residence beyond 12 miles does not deprive of advantages. **Management.**—Directors (24 gentlemen, 12 ladies) elected for three years by ballot at General Court, eight who have been longest in office retiring annually, but eligible for re-election, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1888-9).—Voluntary contributions, £252; members' subscriptions, £168; invested funds, £470; legacy, £200. **Members relieved.**—30. Bankers, Sir S. Scott & Co. Sec., Mr. Chas. S. Bradberry.

LINEN AND WOOLLEN DRAPERS, SILK MERCERS, LACEMEN, HABERDASHERS, AND HOSIERS' INSTITUTION (1832), 43 Finsbury Square, E.C.

Object.—To assist members and their families in need. **Membership.**—Any person under 40 who has been three years in these trades, in town or country, if occupied within 12 miles of the General Post Office, eligible for election by Board on producing medical certificate of good health, signing declaration that he or she is in good health, and able to maintain himself or herself as principal or assistant, with place where he or she is occupied, place of birth, age, number of years engaged in trade, and assent to rules of institution, and paying subscription. Subscriptions range (life) from £10. 10s., if under 24, to £36. 10s.; (annual) £1. 1s. to £3. 10s., or one guinea with back subscription ranging from £1. 2s. 6d. to £26. Application for assistance may be made (1) to nearest medical officer, producing receipt for last subscription; (2) to Board, producing medical certificate and recommendation of another member; (3) to Board, in writing, on printed form, with recommendations of three other members. **Management** vested in president, vice-president, trustees (not less than 4), 24 directors (8 retiring annually, but re-eligible), and 3 auditors elected by members. Meetings once a month. **Benefits.**—(1) Medical advice and medicine; (2) in sickness not less than 10s. a week for not more than 6 months; (3) after 3 years' membership, temporary pecuniary assistance, or same to widow and orphans in case of death; (4) permanent aid to female members over 55, and male over 60; (5) in extreme cases, as of blindness or insanity, assistance unlimited at discretion of Board; (6) allowance for funeral expenses. **Income** (1888).—Members' subscriptions, £308; voluntary contributions, £2,350; invested funds, £1,581. **Benefited** (1888).—257. Bankers and Treasurers, Prescott, Cave, & Co.; Sec., Mr. W. Johnson.

IRON, HARDWARE, AND METAL TRADES' PENSION SOCIETY (*see* p. 266).

BRASS AND COPPER TRADES' PENSION INSTITUTION (*see* p. 266).

SILVER TRADE PENSION SOCIETY (1836), 30 Theobalds Road, Bedford Row, W.C.

Object.—To grant pensions to aged or incapacitated members, and the widows of subscribers. The amount of pension is, to males, £15; to females, £10. Those who have subscribed for one or more periods of five years consecutively (and the widows of such) receive an addition equal to about 50 per cent. per annum on the amount of their subscriptions. The minimum annual subscription is 5s.; life ditto, £2. 2s. **Admission.**—Pensioners are elected by the votes of the subscribers. 'Applicants for the pension must either have been employed for 10 years continuously in the silver trade, or must be the widows of subscribers who have been so employed. Those who have subscribed for five years or more consecutively, or who are the widows of such subscribers, are eligible to become candidates (if approved by the Committee) at 55 years of age; all others must be at least 60 years old, and must be recommended by two subscribers. The Committee have power to dispense with the regulation respecting age in cases which they may deem to be those of total incapacity.' The limit of income of candidates is, males, 18s. per week; females, 13s. per week. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £1,074; invested funds, £255; legacy, £20. **Pensioners.**—Males, 26; females, 37. Treasurer, F. B. Thomas, Esq.; Sec. and Collector, Mr. B. F. Newton.

WILLIAM NICHOLSON'S CHARITY FOR POOR SILVER-SMITHS (1888).

Object.—To aid poor silversmiths, their widows and orphans. **Admission.**—By application to the Trustees. **Management.**—Seven trustees appointed by the Charity Commissioners. **Income.**—£280 from endowment. Treasurer, James Slater, Esq.; Sec., Mr. B. F. Newton, 30 Theobalds Road, W.C.

GOLDSMITHS' AND JEWELLERS' ANNUITY AND ASYLUM INSTITUTION (1827). Asylum, Holcroft Road, South Hackney, E. Office, Horological Institute, Northampton Square, E.C.

Object.—To provide an asylum and grant annuities, &c., to aged and incapacitated members over the age of 55—both sexes. **Admission.**—The terms of subscription for members are 5s. for one vote at each half-yearly election. The amount of pension is proportionate to the length of subscription, starting from £15, reaching in some cases to £30 per annum. Applications for assistance are to be made to the Secretary, on printed forms. **Management.**—By Committee of 27 members, divided into two sub-committees, Financial and Asylum. **Income** (1888).—Voluntary contributions, £31; members' subscriptions, £1,152; invested funds, £317; other sources, £492. **Pensioners.**—74; and 19 inmates of Asylum. Bankers and Treasurers, London & County Bank, Islington; President, Major George Lambert, F.S.A.; Sec., J. L. Innocent, Esq., 86 Rushmore Road, Clapton, E.

PAWNBROKERS' CHARITABLE INSTITUTION (see p. 240).

FURNITURE BROKERS' BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1839), 108 New Oxford Street, W.C. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—'Relief of decayed and distressed furniture brokers (being members of the trade) and the widows and orphan children of members of the institution.' **Admission.**—By election of subscribers. Annual subscribers of £1. 1s. or donor of £5. 5s. entitled to one vote yearly. Application to be made to Secretary. Candidates must have followed trade of furniture broker and kept shop for 10 years. No member (annual subscriber of £1. 1s.) entitled to relief unless annual subscriber for three years and followed trade for five years. No person eligible as candidate before having attained 50 years unless incapacitated by sickness or infirmity from following business. No widow of member who would himself have been entitled, if living, to benefit, eligible to become candidate before 45 years of age 'unless incapacitated as aforesaid.' **Management.**—Committee of twelve, four of whom, who attend least number of times, retire annually. **Income.**— **Persons benefited.**— Sec. and Collector, Mr. John Dixon, 173 Southgate Road, Essex Road, N.

MASTER BOOT AND SHOE MAKERS' PROVIDENT AND BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1836). Asylum, Mortlake, Surrey. Office, 17 Great George Street, S.W.

Object.—To afford relief by way of annuity and an asylum to aged and distressed master boot and shoe makers, and their widows. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary, recommendation by two members of Institution, payment of annual subscription from 10s. 6d. upwards, or donation of £5. 5s., and election of subscribers. Annual subscribers have one vote at all elections for each 10s. 6d., donors one vote for each £5. 5s. Candidates must be decayed master tradesmen, manufacturers, or agents, who have carried on business for 10 years, in indigent circumstances, above 60 years of age, or incapacitated, and members or their widows. Elections take place half-yearly. The subscription to constitute membership is 10s. 6d. for twelve, or £1. 1s. for seven years, or life subscription of £10. 10s. paid during time in business. If married, candidate's wife must be above 50 years of age, or incapacitated. Income must be less than £40 a year. Widow candidates must be above 60 years of age, and otherwise qualified as above; but widow whose husband filled position constituting qualification of candidate prior and not subsequent to her marriage, is not entitled to succeed to the advantages accruing from the membership and contributions of husband. Candidates have five votes added for every 10s. 6d. they have paid, and 10 votes for every donation of £5. 5s. If eligible candidate has been annual subscriber of £1. 1s. for 20 years or donor of £50, admission may be had without election when two annuitants have to be elected. Pensions are of £35 and £25 to males, and £25 and £20 to females. **Income** (1888).—Members' subscriptions, £380; donations, £493; invested funds, £217. **Inmates** (1888).—22. **Pensioners** (1888).—33. Bankers, Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie, & Co. Treasurer, Mr. H. G. Dunkley; Sec., Mr. R. J. Palmer. **Journeyman Boot and Shoe Makers' Pension Fund** (1850) was brought to a close and placed under the charge of the Committee of the Master Boot and Shoe Makers' Institution in 1863. Two pensions of 6s. a week, and one of 3s. a week are granted, with

succession to the higher rate, from and by the members of the Society and donors and life subscribers to the fund. **Income** (1883).—£40. 10s. Sec., Mr. R. J. Palmer.

LEATHER AND HIDE TRADES' PROVIDENT AND BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1860), 76 Finsbury Pavement, E.C.

Object.—To grant annuities to members of the leather, hide, and shoe mercery trades, their widows and orphans. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary and election of subscribers. Those who have subscribed to the funds have a higher pension than those who are not members. Candidates must have been engaged in the trade five years since 1860 (July); or be, males, 60 years of age; females, 55; orphans, under 14. Annual subscriber of 10s. 6d., or donor of £5. 5s., entitled to one vote at all elections. **Management.**—Committee appointed by the donors and subscribers. **Income** (1888).—Voluntary contributions, £910; invested funds, £436; donations at dinner, £1,108. **Pensioners** (1888).—100. Bankers, London & Westminster Bank, Bloomsbury. Treasurer, George Holt Powell, Esq.; Sec., George Powell, Esq.

SADDLERS' AND HARNESS MAKERS' PENSION FUND ASSOCIATION (1862).

Object.—Relief of distressed or aged members of the trade by pensions and temporary relief. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary, payment of subscriptions of 10s. a year and upwards, according to age, and election of subscribers. Annual subscriber of 10s., or donor of £5, has as many votes at elections as there are candidates. Candidates for membership must be not more than 45 years of age, and when applying for relief have been subscribers for at least five years. Pensions are £20 a year. **Management.**—Committee appointed by Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £148; invested funds, £178. **Persons assisted** (pensions).—Eight. Bankers, Union Bank, Argyll Place, W. Treasurer, Mr. C. B. Leatherby; Sec., Mr. S. Kemshead, 44 Perth Road, Finsbury Park, N.

CABDRIVERS' BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION (1870), 15 Soho Square, W.

Object.—To grant annuities to aged and infirm cabdrivers; legal assistance to members unjustly summoned to the police courts; loans without interest to members, and temporary assistance in cases of distress; assistance to widows and orphans of members who, at their decease, were contributors to 'Widow and Orphan Relief Fund.' **Admission.**—(a) *Annuityants.* No Cabdriver over fifty years at time of enrolment eligible, 'unless he joined within the first twelve months of the foundation of the Association.' Candidates must have been members five years before they can receive annuity. Annuities of £20 a year paid monthly. Candidates are elected by vote; each member or subscriber entitled to one vote for each 5s. subscribed. Votes of unsuccessful candidates are carried forward. (b) *Legal assistance.* The solicitor gives advice on any subject, and will attend at any metropolitan police court whenever a legal point is involved. (c) *Loans without interest.* The loans are limited to £2 each, and are granted on the security of another member of the Society. The repayments are made by instalments of 4s. monthly. A cabdriver must be a member for one year before receiving a loan. Subscription of 5s. a year in one sum, or two instalments, and

entrance fee of 2s. for those under 30 years of age, and 3s. above, constitutes benefit member of the Association. None but cabdrivers admitted. (d) *Widow and Orphan Relief Fund.* Subscription of 2s. a year must be paid. No widow or orphan entitled to relief unless member has contributed for five years. Applicants for relief must produce marriage certificate, or such evidence as may be deemed necessary. **Management.**—Committee of twenty-four, twenty being benefit members, ten benefit, and two other members, retiring yearly in rotation, but eligible for re-election by Annual Meeting. **Income** (1888).—Voluntary contributions, £1,297; members' contributions, £279; invested funds, £335; legacies, &c., £1,102. **Persons benefited.**—282, including 50 pensioners. Hon. Sec., G. Stormont Murphy, Esq.; Assistant Sec., S. Sutherland Safford, Esq.

HACKNEY CARRIAGE PROPRIETORS' PROVIDENT INSTITUTION (1873), 39 West Smithfield, E.C.

Object.—To 'provide an annuity for life of a sum per annum, not to exceed £26, to aged, decayed, or disabled hackney carriage proprietors, being life or annual subscribers of three years and upwards, their widows and orphans.' **Admission.**—Applicants for membership must not exceed 55 years of age, and must be nominated and seconded by members of the Institution. Donors of £10. 10s. are life subscribers, and have two votes at elections; subscribers of £1. 1s. are members, and have ten votes. A widow may continue her husband's annual subscription. Females are eligible. If the applications are more numerous than the annuities to be given, an election takes place in March and September, from candidates previously approved. The maximum annuity is 10s. a week, or for families £50 per annum, paid monthly. Orphans recommended receive such relief as is deemed necessary. **Management.**—By Committee elected by members, and removable at annual or special meeting. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £481; invested funds, £267; profits on benefits, £87. **Annuityants.**—Seven. President, Herbert Rymill, Esq.; Sec., Mr. George R. Flower.

OPERATIVE COACHMAKERS' BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (1860), 55 New Oxford Street, W.C. Temporary relief given to non-members.

MASTER COACHBUILDERS' BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1856), 7 King Street, Baker Street, W.

Object.—'To afford temporary or permanent relief to those members of the trade having been masters, clerks, or managers, their widows and children, who are in necessitous circumstances arising from age, sickness, or misfortune.' **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Secretary and election of subscribers. Application from any *bond fide* coachmaker 'of good character, and known to have been honourable in his business,' will be considered by the Committee, and decided upon the merits and requirements of the case. Annual subscriber of £1. 1s., or donor of £10. 10s., entitled to as many votes as there are pensioners to be elected at all elections. Votes of unsuccessful candidates are carried forward to the third election. Pensions are of £10 to £25 a year. Temporary relief is also given to applicants, at discretion of the Committee. **Management.**—Committee appointed by the governors at the Annual General Meeting, in January. **Income** (1888).—From all sources, £846. **Pensioners** (1888).—31. Hon. Sec., Mr. F. T. Davis.

POTTERY AND GLASS TRADES' BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1881). Office, 25 Ely Place, Holborn Circus, E.C.

Object.—For the relief of aged and necessitous members and the widows of members who may be incapacitated from earning a subsistence through age, illness, or other unavoidable causes. **Admission.**—Annual subscription of 10s. 6d. constitutes membership, and entitles to one vote at each election for annuitants. Donation of £10. 10s. entitles to two votes at each election for life. Any member is eligible for benefits who is connected with the pottery and glass trades, trading on his own account or occupying a position analogous to agent, traveller, manager, foreman, salesman, clerk, or warehouseman, or engaged in the decoration of pottery and glass (apprentices excepted). A member ceasing his connection with the trade still remains eligible for benefits. To be eligible as annuitant, members must have subscribed for five successive years and be 50 years of age, unless blind, paralysed, insane, or incapacitated from earning a subsistence subsequent to joining the Institution. Widow of member is eligible, irrespective of age, provided that her disability did not occur previous to husband becoming a member. On widow's re-marriage annuity ceases, but if she again become a widow she is eligible for re-election. Annuities do not exceed, to members £25, to widows £15. Certificate of birth required, or other satisfactory proof of age. Board have discretion to grant temporary relief to members in reduced circumstances through loss of employment, ill-health, accident, or other unavoidable cause. Such relief not to exceed 10s. a week, nor to be paid for more than 13 weeks. On annuitant's death, leaving widow, Board may grant her not exceeding £10. **Management.**—By Board of Management, elected annually at General Meeting. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £184; invested funds, £74; proceeds of entertainment, &c., £51. **Members.**—237. Bankers, Union Bank of London, Holborn. **Treas.**, Geo. Phillips, Esq.; **Sec.**, Mr. C. F. Binna.

PRINTERS' PENSION, ALMSHOUSE, AND ORPHAN ASYLUM CORPORATION (1827). Almshouses, Wood Green, N. Offices, Gray's Inn Chambers, 20 High Holborn, W.C.

Objects.—To relieve aged and infirm printers, and widows of printers, by granting them annual pensions; to establish and maintain permanent residences for aged and infirm printers and widows of printers; to establish schools for the education and maintenance of orphan children of printers. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary, payment of subscription, and election of subscribers. Annual subscriber of 5s., or donor of £2. 2s., has one vote at all elections. Candidates must have been printers, and subscribed to the institution for not less than 10 years, and be at least 55 years of age, or blind. Widows must be at least 60 years of age. Orphans must be not under six or over 11 years of age. No person eligible—for either Pension or Almshouses—who has an income of more than £52 a year, or is in receipt of parish relief. Inmates of Almshouse receive an allowance, depending upon duration of subscription, of from £6 to £15 per year in addition to a pension, with one ton of coals and medical attendance. **Management.**—Council, appointed by votes of subscribers. **Income** (1888).—Voluntary contributions, £3,188; invested funds, £855; legacy, £1,980. **Inmates.**—Almshouses, 24; Orphan Asylum, 10 children; Pensioners, 186. Three pensions of £25 each, and one of £30, are set apart for men who have subscribed for 30

years, and are not under 60. There are 21 other special pensions, for printers and their unmarried daughters or widows. In addition, Biggs' CHARITY provides 42 men and widows with £10 a year each. Bankers, Barclay, Ransom, & Co. Treasurer, W. Clowes, Esq.; Sec. and Clerk to Biggs' Charity, Mr. Jas. S. Hodson.

BOOKBINDERS' PENSION AND ASYLUM SOCIETY (1830). Asylum, Ball's Pond Road, N.

Object.—'To provide a pension and asylum for decayed members, being bookbinders, their widows; and females who have worked at the business for a period of at least 10 years.' **Admission.**—By application to Secretary for printed form, after second Wednesday in December, payment of subscription of 5s. a year, and election of subscribers. Annual subscribers of 5s., and donors of £2, have four votes at all elections. No person under 55 years eligible, unless totally incapacitated, or if average income exceeds 10s. a week, or who has not subscribed to funds previous to age of 40. Widows of members excepted. Pensions are, to 5s. subscribers, 6s. a week; to 10s. subscribers for upwards of 10 years, 7s. a week, with 1s. extra for every additional 10 years' membership. A home in the Asylum is filled, when vacancy occurs, by seniority of elections to benefits. Elections occur in April. Candidates on first year of application are entitled to four votes for every 5s. they have paid. Widows are entitled to amounts of husband's payments. Votes of unsuccessful candidates are carried forward. On death of pensioner (leaving widow) widow is entitled to home in Asylum and husband's pension for six months; and, if eligible herself, may continue in Asylum and have half pension until elected. Candidates have to attend Committee second Wednesday in January. **Management.**—Committee of 25 members of at least three years' standing, five retiring annually, but eligible for re-election. **Income** (1887-8).—Subscriptions, £552; invested funds and rents, £303. **Pensioners.**—31. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, F. Ford, Esq.; Sec., Mr. C. J. Collins, 24 St. Peter's Street, Islington, N.

VELLUM BINDERS' AND MACHINE RULERS' PENSION SOCIETY (1842). Committee Room, Champion Hotel, 15 Aldersgate Street, E.C.

Object.—Relief of members of the trade (male and female) incapable of following employment from old age or other bodily infirmity, and widows of male members during widowhood. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary for form; payment of annual subscription of 5s. or life subscription of £2. 2s. (to constitute membership); and election of subscribers. Annual subscription of 5s., or donation of £2. 2s., entitles to one vote at all elections. Form of application must be filled up, signed, and deposited in hands of Secretary at least three months before election. Recommendation of two subscribers required. Candidate must attend Committee when required. If prevented by illness, may appoint some person acquainted with circumstances to attend. Applicants must be not under 55 years of age, unless incapable of following employment through blindness or bodily infirmity. They must have worked in one of the trades for seven years (widows of deceased subscribers excepted), be of good character, and have paid into the funds ten several years, or at least the five years immediately preceding date of application. If life subscriber, subscription must have been paid five years prior to date of application. Males must not be in receipt of more than 12s. a week, and females 7s., from any source. Pensions are: to males 8s., to females 7s. a week. On death of male pensioner, pension continued for six months

to widow, or if no widow, to children (if any) under 14 years. Committee *may* grant £3 towards funeral expenses of deceased pensioner (if no widow or children). Annual subscribers of 10s., having paid for 10 years, receive 1s. a week extra. If pensioner enters workhouse pension ceases, but Committee *may* make smaller allowance. Widows (being subscribers) of members of the trade who have died previous to formation of Society are eligible. **Management.**—Committee of 15 subscribers elected at Annual General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1888).—Contributions, £79; invested funds, £77. **Total funds.**—£2,270. **Pensioners** (1888).—8. Treasurer, S. J. Rowsell, Esq.; Sec., Mr. T. G. Cook, 57 Globe Road, Mile End, E.

NEWSVENDORS' BENEVOLENT AND PROVIDENT INSTITUTION (1839), 28 Martin's Lane, Cannon Street, E.C.

Object.—To grant 'pensions and temporary assistance to principals or assistants engaged as vendors of newspapers, who from age, infirmity, or distress may require aid.' **Admission.**—For pensions, by application to the Secretary, payment of subscription of 5s. a year, and election by subscribers. All applications must be in writing and recommended by a member (annual subscriber of 5s., or donor of £3. 3s.), and forwarded to Secretary at least two months before General Meeting. Every member over 55 years, and not in average receipt from every source of 16s. a week, who has been member of the Society for five years next before election, and has been in news trade the ten years next before election, or ten years in news trade, during five of which he has been a member, and afterwards followed another employment, but, if annual member, continued subscription, is eligible for election. Widow of eligible member, or widow of pensioner, who has been wife of such member or pensioner upwards of five years, and is over 55 years and necessitous, is eligible for election. If pensioner become pauper pension ceases, but weekly allowance may be made in lieu. Pensions are £20 a year to males, and £15 a year to females. Temporary assistance is granted to members and to non-members, or their widows, parents, or near relatives, provided they have been engaged in the news trade. All applications to be in writing, and recommended by a member. **Management.**—Committee of 22, elected by General Meeting triennially, one-third retiring annually, but eligible for re-election. **Income** (1887).—Voluntary contributions, £462; members' subscriptions, £125; invested funds, £422. **Persons benefited.**—72. Bankers and Treasurers, London and Westminster Bank, Strand; Sec., Walter W. Jones, Esq., at the Office, as above, or Lambeth Savings Bank, Hercules Buildings, Westminster Road, S.E.

BOOKSELLERS' PROVIDENT RETREAT (1843), Abbots Langley, Herts. Office, 67 Paternoster Row, E.C.

Object.—The reception of aged booksellers and booksellers' assistants and their widows. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary and election of subscribers. Annual subscriber of 5s. or donor of £2. 2s. entitled to one vote for each candidate at all elections. Candidates, whether booksellers, booksellers' assistants, or widows, must be above 60 years and in receipt of pension from Booksellers' Provident Institution. **Management.**—Committee, consisting of President, two Vice-Presidents, four Trustees, and Treasurer of Booksellers' Provident Institution, and ten other members thereof, elected annually at General Meeting. **Income** (1888).—From all sources, about £500. **Inmates** (1888).—7. Sec., Mr. G. Larnar.

BOOKSELLERS' PROVIDENT INSTITUTION (1837), 67 Paternoster Row, E.C.

Object.—‘Temporary assistance of members, their widows, and children, and permanent assistance of members and their widows when in necessitous circumstances.’ **Admission.**—By application to Secretary for forms, and payment of subscription. Applicant must be nominated in writing by two members (proof of age and state of health may be required). Persons under 50 years of age are eligible as members, the annual subscription varying from £2. 2s. to £6. 16s. 6d., according to age. Or one payment may be made of from £21 to £68. 5s. ; or two payments in two years, from £10. 10s. to £34. 2s. 6d. each ; or three payments in three years, from £7. 7s. to £23. 2s. each. Applicants must be booksellers or booksellers’ assistants. The former must, for the preceding twelve months, have kept shop or warehouse principally for sale of books, within ten miles of the General Post Office ; the latter must be assistants (a shopman, clerk, collector, or warehouseman) two years in the trade immediately preceding application, one year of which in same situation, and reside within ten miles of the General Post Office. Amount of temporary assistance depends upon age, length of membership, and other circumstances, but does not exceed 30s. a week. £10 may be granted for funeral expenses on death of member, and on death of wife of member £6, of child £3. Temporary assistance may be granted to children of members under 15 years. No member can receive temporary assistance unless member for three years, nor can wife or children. But if life member (annual subscriber of £2. 2s. for 20 years, or donor of £42) die, who had completed subscriptions, but had not been member three years, wife and children will receive temporary assistance at expiration of three years from time of his admittance. Amount of permanent assistance depends upon age, length of membership, and other circumstances, but does not exceed £52. 10s. in one year. No member eligible unless member seven years, nor is his widow ; but if life member die, who had completed his subscription, but had not been member seven years, widow will receive permanent assistance after seven years from date of his admittance. No member under 55 years eligible for permanent assistance, nor is widow or female member under 50 years, unless incapacitated. *Applications for relief should be made on or before the second Thursday in the month.* **Management.**—Directors, elected annually at General Meeting. **Income** (1888).—From all sources, about £1,700. **Persons assisted** (1888).—Pensioners, 32 ; temporarily, 31. Hon. Sec., Sydney Gedge, Esq., M.P., 1 Old Palace Yard, Westminster, S.W. ; Sec., Mr. G. Larnier, 67 Paternoster Row, E.C.

STATIONERS' MUTUAL BENEFIT SOCIETY (1845), 186 Aldersgate Street, E.C.

Object.—Pecuniary relief of members of the Society by grants and pensions. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary and payment of subscription. The benefits are : an allowance in sickness ; a grant of £7. 10s. on wife’s death ; a grant of £15 on member’s death ; aid from Benevolent Fund in cases of real necessity ; pension of £15 a year if incapacitated, or over 60 years of age, when there are vacancies. **Management.**—Committee. **Income** (1888).—Voluntary contributions, £43 ; members’ subscriptions, £853 ; invested funds, £385. **Persons assisted.**—157. Bankers, City Bank, Ludgate Hill, E.C. Treasurer, H. Spicer, Esq. ; Secretary, Mr. J. W. Cox, 90 Bansom Manor Road, Thornton Heath.

STATIONERS' AND PAPER MANUFACTURERS' PROVIDENT SOCIETY (1840), 66 Cannon Street, E.C.

Object.—'The establishment of a permanent fund for the assistance of members when in distressed circumstances (members or widows of members whose respective incomes are under £100 a year are considered to be in distressed circumstances), and for the relief of the widows and orphans of members when respectively entitled thereto according to the rules.' **Admission.**—Any person above 16 and under 40 years of age coming under the description of a stationer, stationer's assistant, paper manufacturer, paper manufacturer's clerk or foreman, master stationer and bookseller, master stationer and printer, master stationer and binder, and such other persons connected with the stationery trade as the Committee think proper are eligible as members. The annual subscription graduates from £2. 2s. for members not exceeding 25 years of age at entering, to £5. 2s. for members not exceeding 40 years of age at entering. Life subscription £21 to £51. A separate fund ('The Residence Fund') provides sums of not exceeding £15 a year to such of the members of the Society or their widows (who are recipients of permanent assistance), in addition to such assistance as the Committee judge to be in circumstances to require it. Permanent assistance in no case exceeds thirty guineas a year. Temporary assistance in no case exceeds £1 a week for first three months and 10s. a week for another three months; after which no further temporary assistance can be given in any one twelvemonths. A sum not exceeding £15 may be granted on death of a member for funeral expenses, £8 on death of a member's wife or widow, and £3 on death of an orphan child of a member. **Management.**—Committee of 21 members (six wholesale traders, six retail, and nine assistants), elected by members at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1888).—£1,627; invested funds, £34,968 (gross amount). **Assisted.**—39. Bankers, London Joint Stock Bank. Treasurer, C. Grimwade, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Mr. Frederick West.

SCIENTIFIC RELIEF FUND (1859), Burlington House, Piccadilly, W.

Object.—To afford to scientific men in distress immediate assistance by a grant of money. **Admission.**—By application through the President of the Astronomical, Chemical, Geographical, Geological, Linnean, Royal, or Zoological Societies. **Management.**—By a Committee, consisting of members of the Council of the Royal Society. **Income.**—The interest of £17,729. Sec., H. Rix, Esq., Burlington House.

ROYAL LITERARY FUND (1790), 7 Adelphi Terrace, W.C.

Object.—The relief of (a) authors of published works of approved literary merit, and authors of important contributions to periodical works, such authors not having been previously relieved by the Society within a year of date of application. (b) Widows and orphans of such authors, such widows or orphans never having been previously relieved by the Society. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary for a form. No application entertained unless in writing to Secretary, at least seven days previous to a meeting of Committee, and unless accompanied by letters from two or more respectable persons authenticating merits of case. The works upon which the application is founded must be submitted to the Committee, which meets on the second Wednesday in January, February, March, April, May, June, July, November, and December. The amount of grants depends on the literary claim, and varies from £10 to £200. **Management.**—Committee of 25, elected by members of the Corporation

at Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1887).—Subscriptions and donations, £1,050; invested funds, £1,502; rents, £285. **Persons assisted**.—65. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurers, the Duke of Rutland, F. W. Gibbs, Esq., C.B., Edward Dicey, Esq., C.B.; Sec., A. Llewelyn Roberts.

NEWSPAPER PRESS FUND (1864), 55 Strand, W.C.

Object.—Relief, when in distress, of the whole paid class of literary contributors to the Press of the United Kingdom. **Admission**.—By application to Secretary for form, and payment of annual subscription of £1. 1s., or life subscription of £10. 10s. After payment of annual subscription for 15 years, payment ceases. Annual member may become life member by paying difference between two-thirds of subscriptions paid and £10. 10s. Life member may pay the £10. 10s. by three yearly equal instalments. Those applying for membership must state on form name, age, number of years connected with press, and nature of present or last employment, with reference to some person or persons of known respectability. Applications for assistance, with all requisite documents, to be sent to Secretary at least seven days before Committee meeting (held on first Saturday in February, March, April, May, June, July, October, November, and December). If case urgent special meeting is summoned to consider it. Name and age of member must be stated; if married, extent of family, cause of distress, and such other particulars as may be deemed necessary. Ex-members, their widows or orphans, parents or near relatives, entitled to benefits, if members three years, and not ceased to be members more than two years at time of application. Grants may be made in cases of extreme destitution to members of the Press who have been prevented from becoming or continuing members of the Fund, their widows or orphans. **Management**.—Committee of 18 members, one-third retiring yearly, but eligible for re-election at Annual General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887).—Voluntary contributions, £1,256; invested funds, £647; members' payments, £248. **Members**.—509. **Persons assisted**.—55, by 66 grants. Bankers, Coutts & Co. Treasurer, Hyde Clarke, Esq.; Sec., W. Thornton Sharp, Esq., B.A.

UNITED LAW CLERKS' SOCIETY (1832), 3 Serjeants' Inn, Chancery Lane, W.C.

Object.—To afford relief to members in sickness, to grant pensions to aged and infirm members, and also to assist distressed law clerks, whether members or not, their widows and families, with small gifts of money not exceeding £5. **Admission**.—By application to Secretary and payment of subscription, ranging from 5s. a month till free for those 18 to 23 years of age, to 9s. a month for those 37 to 40 years of age, afterwards from 4s. to 8s. a month respectively. Members become free in 12 months. The benefits to members are:—Weekly allowances of £1. 1s. in sickness; weekly pensions to aged, infirm, or incapacitated, of 10s. to 14s.; payment on member's death of £50; on wife's death, £25. Law clerks, not members, receive casual assistance as mentioned in 'title.' **Management**.—Committee of eleven free members elected annually at the quarterly general meeting in January. Committee meet at the Office the first and third Monday in every month at 7 p.m. Quarterly general meetings, first Monday in January, April, July, and October. **Income** (1887).—From voluntary contributions, £593; invested funds, £76,073 (gross amount); members' payments, £1,995. **Persons assisted**.—Members, 90; non-members, 68. Bankers, Union Bank, Chancery Lane Branch. Treasurer, Mr. H. Spray; Hon. Sec., Mr. H. G. Rogers, 33 Somerleyton Road, Brixton, S.W.; Sec., Mr. W. May.

LAW ASSOCIATION (1817), Devereux Buildings, Devereux Court, Temple, W.C.

Object.—Pecuniary assistance of member's widow, children, or other relatives dependent on him for support at his decease, and of member when in pecuniary difficulties from inability to conduct his business from infirmity or other calamity. Assistance is secondarily extended to non-members and their widows or children. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. The Association consists of 'solicitors and proctors taking out London certificates, and also of retired members of those branches of the profession, except such as act as clerks, which exception, however, is not to apply to members of the "Incorporated Law Society."' Members of that Society are eligible as members without recommendation. Those not members must be proposed in writing by at least one member of the Association. Members pay £2. 2s. on admission, and £1. 1s. half-yearly. £21 at one time, two annual payments of £10. 10s., or five of £5. 5s., constitutes life member, and frees from subscription. The funds are primarily applicable to widows and families of members, and occasionally to distressed members, who, in the latter case, must have practised for three years within the defined limits of the Association. Money may be advanced for educating, apprenticing, or otherwise assisting any of the family of a deceased member. A sum may be allowed to widow or family of a member in lieu of an annual payment, to establish them in any business or employment, or otherwise for their benefit. Relief, not exceeding £15 at one time, may be granted to non-member, or his widow or child, but no other relatives of non-members are assisted. No first application for relief entertained where non-member has been dead more than five years. Two years must elapse before non-member may renew application. **Management.**—Directors, not less than 24, or more than 32. Members elected annually at General Court. **Income** (1887-8).—Voluntary contributions and members' subscriptions, £357; invested funds and interest, £1,253. **Persons assisted.**—Members, 38; non-members, 15. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank, Strand; Treasurers, Sidney Smith, Esq., and H. S. Styant, Esq.; Sec., Arthur Carpenter, Esq.

SOLICITORS' BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION (1858), 9 Clifford's Inn, E.C.

Object.—To relieve, either by donations or annuities—First, necessitous members, their wives and families, and necessitous widows and families of deceased members; in special cases, the parents or collateral relations of deceased members. Secondly, such necessitous persons as are or have been attorneys, solicitors, or proctors, and have not been members, and who, in opinion of directors, may be deserving objects; their wives and families, and necessitous widows and families of deceased attorneys, solicitors, and proctors, who were not members of Association at time of their decease. **Admission.**—Every solicitor or proctor practising in England or Wales is eligible to become a member on own application, subject to approval of directors. Payment of £10. 10s. (upon admission) constitutes life membership; annual subscription of £1. 1s. annual membership. As a rule, members of less than two years' standing are ineligible for relief. Annuities are not granted to persons under 60 years of age unless 'permanently disabled in mind or body, or under other special circumstances.' Paupers and persons possessing income from all other sources of £100 per annum are ineligible. The marriage of a female recipient is a 'prima facie disqualification.' Annuitants' petitions must be renewed annually on form obtained from Secretary. The annuities of members or

their widows vary from about £30 to £50. The **Beardon Bequest** provides two annuities of about £50 each, tenable by solicitors who are members, or their widows, and two of about £25, tenable by solicitors, members or not, or their widows. **Management.**—By Board of at least 45 directors elected annually, one-third being metropolitan and two-thirds provincial members. There are local Committees at Brighton, Cardiff, Liverpool, Manchester, Shropshire, and Southampton. **Income** (1888).—Donations, £981; members' subscriptions, £2,630; invested funds, £1,696; bequests, £200. **Members.**—3,198. Grants to members or their families, £1,360; to non-members, or their families, £2,513. Bankers, Union Bank of London. Sec., James T. Scott, Esq.

BARRISTERS' BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION (1873), 7 Fig Tree Court, Temple, E.C.

Object.—'To afford assistance to necessitous and deserving members of the English Bar, special pleaders, and conveyancers, their wives, widows, or children.' **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec. **Management.**—Committee of 24 (8 Q.C.'s, 10 members of outer Bar, special pleaders or conveyancers, with six *ex-officio* members), elected annually at General Meeting. **Income** (1886).—£2,088. **Assisted.**—48. Hon. Secs., Edmund Macrory, Esq., and Samuel H. Day, Esq.; Assist. Sec. and Collector, Mr. F. P. Brown.

AUCTIONEERS' BENEVOLENT FUND (1863), Estate Exchange, Tokenhouse Yard, E.C.

Object.—Relief of auctioneers, their widows and children, by pensions and by temporary grants. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary at any time. Applicants must be 'auctioneers who have practised and taken out licences for seven years,' or their widows or children, and recommended by two donors or annual subscribers. Grants range from £5 to £25. No limit imposed as to age. Pensions range from £16 to £26 a year. **Management.**—Committee of not more than 24 members, eight retiring annually but eligible for re-election, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887-8).—Charitable contributions, £290; invested funds, £140. **Persons assisted.**—Annuitants, 7; by grants, 7. Bankers, Union Bank of London. Treasurer, Daniel Watney, Esq.; Sec., W. Cudlipp, Esq., 33 Poultry, E.C.

PHARMACEUTICAL SOCIETY'S BENEVOLENT FUND (see p. 270).

SOCIETY FOR RELIEF OF WIDOWS AND ORPHANS OF MEDICAL MEN (1788), 53 Berners Street, W.

Object.—The relief of the widows and orphans of deceased members when left destitute, or nearly so. **Admission.**—Candidates for membership should apply to Secretary for printed form. Any person duly registered under the Medical Act, and resident within a radius of 20 miles from Charing Cross, is eligible as member. Half-yearly subscription, £1. 1s. Life subscription, according to age, £21 to £31. 10s. Husband of widow applying must have been a member three years, and also a member at time of his death. Application must be signed by two registered medical practitioners. The applicant's income must be under £80; but widows of members with child or children under 16 years, entirely or in part dependent, whose income does not exceed £15 a year for each child, in addition to the £80, may receive assistance. Orphan of member having lost both parents, and not having more than £40 a year, and under 18 years of age, is eligible for periodical relief. Orphans

under 16 eligible for assistance to self-maintenance, but no further relief is granted. Apprenticeship fee may be paid. Extraordinary additional relief may be granted in cases of unusual distress, infirmity, or disease. **Management.**—Directors appointed by General Meeting annually. **Income** (1888).—About £3,000. **Persons assisted.**—Widows, 65; orphans, 5 (now on books). Bankers, Union Bank of London, Regent Street Branch. Treasurer, William Fuller, Esq.; Sec., J. B. Blackett, Esq., 28 Green Street, Grosvenor Square, W.; and at the Office.

ARMY MEDICAL OFFICERS' BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (see p. 458).

BRITISH MEDICAL BENEVOLENT FUND (1836), 34 Seymour Street, Portman Square, W.

Object.—(a) 'To afford immediate pecuniary relief to distressed qualified members of the medical profession, their widows and orphans.' (b) 'To grant annuities to such after 60 years of age.' **Admission.**—By application for form to the Treasurer, Hon. Secretaries, or any of the Hon. Local Secretaries (for list of the latter see Report). When form is filled up it must be signed by a subscriber of 10s., or donor of £5 to the fund, and sent, with two or more letters of recommendation, one at least of which must be from medical man, to Edward East, Esq., 16 Upper Berkeley Street, Portman Square, W., on or before the Friday previous to meeting of Committee (Committee meets on last Tuesday in every month except September). Grants range from £5 to £20. Annuities, £10 to £20. A special fund increases the annuities to £26, in cases of medical men only (not widows or daughters), where they form the sole income on which the owners can depend. The annuitants are appointed by the Committee as vacancies occur, without canvassing or publicity. **Management.**—Committee appointed by subscribers of 10s. and upwards, and of donors of £5, at the annual meeting held in January. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £2,272; invested funds, £1,413. **Persons assisted.**—Annuitants, 70; grants, 168. Bankers, Bank of England, Western Branch. Treasurer, W. H. Broadbent, Esq., M.D., 34 Seymour Street, Portman Square, W.; Hon. Secs., Dr. S. Phillips, 21 Upper Berkeley Street, W. (finance); Edward East, Esq., 16 Upper Berkeley Street, Portman Square, W. (cases).

BENEVOLENT FUND OF THE BRITISH DENTAL ASSO- CIATION (1883), 40 Leicester Square, W.C.

Object.—For the benefit, exclusively, of registered dental practitioners, their widows or orphans. **Management.**—By a Committee of gentlemen appointed triennially. **Income.**—From voluntary contributions. Bankers, Bank of England. Treas., Alfred Woodhouse, Esq., 1 Hanover Sq., W.; Hon. Sec., Geo. W. Parkinson, Esq., 36 Sackville St., Piccadilly.

SOANE'S GIFT (1835), 13 Lincoln's Inn Fields, W.C.

Object.—The relief of distressed architects and their families. **Income.**—£150.

ARTISTS' BENEVOLENT FUND (1810), 23 Garrick Street, Covent Garden, W.C.

Object.—The Fund consists of two branches—(a) Annuity Fund and (b) Benevolent Fund. (a) Affords to artists an opportunity of making provision for sickness or superannuation—this branch is supported entirely by members' contributions, and 'may be regarded more in the light of an insurance company'; (b) the relief of the widows and orphans of members

of the Annuity Fund. **Admission.**—(a) All artists of merit in the professions of painting, sculpture, architecture, and engraving, under 45 years of age, are eligible on election to its benefits. They must be recommended by three members and approved by the Medical Board (or through their agency). Proposals received on or before the 18th of January, April, July, and October. Register of birth or satisfactory proof of age is required. Admission fee : 21 to 30 years of age, £3. 3s.; 30 to 35, £4. 4s.; 35 to 40, £6. 6s.; and one guinea extra for every additional year up to 45. Annual subscriptions range from, at 21 years of age, £2. 14s. 4d., to, at 45 years of age, £6. 9s. 11d. Admission fee may be paid either at once or one-half on proposal and remainder in equal proportions with first and second half-yearly premiums. The benefits are, in sickness, £1 or £1. 10s. a week; when disabled by age, infirmity, or protracted sickness, £40 a year; at death of a member, £40. Candidates must produce specimens of their ability, unless members of an established and recognised body of artists having an annual exhibition in London. (b) By election of subscribers. Donors of £10. 10s. and subscribers of £1. 1s. can vote at all elections. **Management.**—(a) By Committee. (b) By a Committee elected annually by subscribers, together with five members of the Annuity Fund. **Income** (1887).—(b) Voluntary contributions, £612; invested funds, £924; members' payments, £48; legacy, £1,000. **Recipients.**—(b) Widows, 47; orphans, 16. Bankers, Sir Samuel Scott, Bart., & Co. Treasurer, Francis Hoare, Esq.; Hon. Sec., C. B. Dimond, Esq.; Sec., Lambton Young, Esq.; Sec. of Annuity Fund, Eugene Absolon, Esq., 3 Warwick Court, Holborn, W.C.

ARTISTS' GENERAL BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1814), 19 St. James's Street, S.W.

Object.—The relief of distressed painters, sculptors, draughtsmen, engravers, and architects, and their widows and orphans. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary, and recommendation of subscribers. Annual subscribers of £1. 1s., or donor of £5, may recommend two applicants yearly. Application should be made on or before March 1, June 1, September 1, or December 1, and certified by two subscribers, one to state knowledge of truth of statement. Relief only afforded once in 12 months, unless urgent distress arises after grant made. Applicants must send specimens of their talents as artists. Widows and orphans must send 'specimens of the work of those upon whose talent their claims are founded.' Widows must send certificates of their marriage and of burial of their husband. Orphans, certificates of parents' marriage and their own baptism, or satisfactory proof of identity. 'No artist who has embarked in speculations, in trade, or bills of exchange, or transactions inconsistent with his profession, shall be admitted as an applicant. Urgent cases entitled to immediate assistance are limited to such as arise from the death of a near relative, sudden illness, imprisonment, or fire.' Application may be made at any time, certified by four subscribers, one to testify, by letter, knowledge of truth and merits of case. Grants made to cases range in value from £10 to £100. **Management.**—Directors, elected annually at General Meeting. The eight senior Directors and those who have served for three years go out of office yearly, and are not eligible for re-election until the next Annual General Meeting. **Income** (1888).—Annual subscriptions and donations, £223; annual dinner, £2,325; invested funds, £945; legacies, £200. **Persons assisted.**—185. **Amount of relief granted** (1888).—£3,726. Bankers, Barclay, Bevan, & Co. Treasurer, P. C. Hardwick, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Sir John Everett Millais, Bart., R.A.; Sec., Douglas H. Gordon, Esq.

ROYAL ACADEMY BENEVOLENT FUND (), Burlington House, Piccadilly, W.

Object.—(a) The relief of artists and their widows whose pictures have been exhibited at the Royal Academy; (b) the grant of pensions to artists of repute from the Cooke and Cousins' Funds. **Admission.**—By application to the Registrar, Royal Academy, Burlington House, W. **Income.**—About £1,800 per annum.

ACTORS' BENEVOLENT FUND (1882), 8 Adam Street, Adelphi, W.C.

Object.—'To assist by allowances, gifts, loans, &c., distressed actors and actresses, managers, stage and acting managers, and their widows and orphans.' **Admission.**—Each case must be recommended in writing by a subscriber, who is expected to speak from recent intimate knowledge of the applicant. Each case is usually disposed of within a week. **Management.**—By Committee of 21, chosen from subscribers. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £1,765; benefit performances, £368; dividends, £61. **Assisted** (1888).—912. Bankers, London and County Bank, Covent Garden. Treasurer, Thomas Thorne, Esq.; Sec., C. G. Coltson, Esq.

ROYAL GENERAL THEATRICAL FUND (1839), 8 Catherine St., Strand, W.C. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To grant annuities to poor actors, singers, and dancers. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary. Members of the profession only are eligible for assistance. Subscription, to be paid quarterly, varies according to the class subscribed for. Funeral expenses in all cases provided for. Amount of annuity from £30 to £90. **Management.**—Board of Directors, elected annually by members at the General Meeting. **Income** (1880–81).—£2,600. **Annuityants.**—52. Trustees, Mr. Henry Irving, Mr. Russell Sturgis, and Mr. J. L. Toole; Sec., Mr. Charles J. Davies, at the Office, 8 Catherine Street, Strand.

DRURY LANE THEATRICAL FUND (1776), 27 Great Queen Street, W.C.

Object.—The relief of members in distress.

DRAMATIC AND MUSICAL SICK FUND (1855), 9 Adam Street, W.C.

Object.—To provide weekly allowance in sickness, loans, relief in distress, allowance at death, and superannuation allowance; also out-patients' letters to Brompton and Charing Cross Hospitals. **Admission.**—By election of Committee. Applicants for membership must be members of the dramatic and musical professions. The subscription is according to age, scale, and benefit to be assured. The benefits are: allowance in sickness, from 10s. to £4 weekly; sum at death, from £5 to £40; superannuation pension, from 10s. per month to £4. Non-members are assisted if in distress, and recommended by members, or anyone connected with or known to the Fund. **Management.**—By Committee of Management, and three trustees. Treasurer, J. D. Tidd, Esq.; Hon. Sec., J. R. Crauford, Esq.; Sec., Mr. R. L. Tizard.

ROYAL SOCIETY OF MUSICIANS OF GREAT BRITAIN (1738), 12 Lisle Street, Leicester Square, W.C.

Object.—'The maintenance of aged and indigent musicians (being members), their widows and orphans.' **Admission** to the Society may be obtained from the age of 21 years, on the recommendation of three members.

The form of recommendation and laws of the Society may be obtained of the Secretary. Relief is by monthly allowances. Grants are made 'for the education of children, and the maintenance and clothing of orphans who are apprenticed to respectable trades or professions at the age of 14.' The funeral expenses of members, or their widows or children, who may die without leaving property sufficient, are defrayed. **Disbursed in Relief** (1888).—£3,852. Bankers, Drummond & Co. Treasurer, W. H. Cummings, Esq.; Sec., Stanley Lucas, Esq., 84 New Bond Street, W.

ORPHAN SCHOOL AND BENEVOLENT FUND FOR MUSICIANS (1878), 10 Darnley Road, Royal Crescent, Notting Hill, W.

Object.—To provide board and education for the fatherless daughters of musicians, free when necessary, or for such small sums as friends can afford to pay. **Admission.**—By application to the Principal, Miss Kenway. **Management.**—By Miss Kenway. **Income** (1888).—Subscriptions and donations, £212; payments for boarders, £211. **Benevolent Fund.**—£5. Pupils 16 (11 free).

CHOIR BENEVOLENT FUND (1850), 1 Berners Street, W.

Object.—'To secure a provision for aged or invalided members; to guarantee a fixed sum payable at decease of members to their widows or children, and to afford to the said widows and children temporary assistance in time of need or affliction.' **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary, who will forward forms of application for candidates at any time up to the age of 40 (after which persons are not eligible), and payment of subscription of £1. 1s. a year. The objects of the Fund are attained 'by an annual contribution from the organists and lay clerks connected with the cathedral and collegiate choirs, and by an appeal to the sympathy and kindness of all those who are interested in choral worship, and the perpetuation of the works of great composers of English church music.' **Management.**—Committee, appointed by members at Annual General Meeting. **Income.**—Benefit account (1888): voluntary contributions, £134; members' subscriptions, £113; dividends and rents, £296; miscellaneous, £7. **Members.**—101. **Persons assisted.**—16. Bankers, Messrs. Drummond & Co. Treasurers, Rev. Dr. Sparrow Simpson and Rev. Canon Prothero; Sec., Mr. W. A. Frost.

ORGAN BUILDERS' BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1842).

(No recent information.)

Object.—'To grant annuities to aged or infirm members of good character who have been occupied in any of the branches of organ building for a continued period of not less than two years; also, in like manner, to their widows.' **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary, payment of subscription of 5s. a year, and election of subscribers; annual subscriber of 5s., or donor of £2. 12s. 6d., entitled to one vote at all elections. Candidates are allowed one vote for every 5s. subscribed. Votes of unsuccessful candidates are carried forward. Candidates for relief must be members who have subscribed at least five years, or their widows. **Income** (1882-3).—Subscriptions, £23; donation from benefit fund, £28; invested funds, £63. **Pensioners.**—4. Treasurer, Frederic Davison, Esq.; Secretary and Collector, Mr. Newman, 65 Camden Street, N.W.

ROYAL ALFRED AGED MERCHANT SEAMEN'S INSTITUTION (*see p. 235*).

SHIPWRECKED FISHERMEN AND MARINERS' ROYAL BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (Instituted 1839, incorporated 1850). Office, Sailors' Home Chambers, Dock Street, E.

Objects.—(1) To render necessary assistance, and board, lodge, clothe, and forward home all shipwrecked fishermen, mariners, &c., or other poor persons, of all nations, cast destitute upon the coasts. (2) To relieve fishermen, mariners, &c., *members of the Society*, for loss of their boats or clothes (by shipwreck, storm, or other accidents of the sea), and otherwise in their need and extremity; and also to relieve their widows, orphans, &c. (3) To administer relief to others, and those dependent on them, of the seafaring classes, for whose benefit the Society was instituted and designed, although *not members of the Society*, according to the circumstances of the case, &c. (4) To grant gold and silver medals, and other honorary or pecuniary rewards, for heroic or praiseworthy exertions to save life from shipwreck, &c., on the high seas or coasts of the Colonies.

Admission to Benefits.—By reason of need, when circumstanced as mentioned in title and objects, and otherwise as beneficiary members, on contributing the regulated annual payment of 3s., with further supplemental payment for additional benefits. The Society has upwards of 1,000 honorary agents established at every port and fishing town on the coasts, inland and abroad, &c., who administer relief to the shipwrecked, to the fishermen, mariners, &c., members of the Society, and to all destitute bereaved dependents. Widows and orphans in needy circumstances further receive small sums yearly in addition to all first relief. **Management.**—Committee of 36 or more, retiring in rotation, and replaced or re-elected annually at General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1888).—From charitable contributions, £8,895; invested funds, £2,597; members' contributions, £7,820; legacies, special transit repayments, &c., £4,624. **Assisted** (1888).—11,004. Number of fishermen and mariner members (1888), 50,000. Bankers, Williams, Deacon, & Co. Treasurer, Robert Williams, jun., Esq.; Sec., W. R. Buck, Esq.

MASTER MARINERS' BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (1835),
16 Southwark Street, Borough High Street, S.E. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—The relief of master mariners and their families in cases of shipwreck and death. **Admission.**—By application to Secretary, and payment of subscription according to the following yearly scale: under 26 years, £1. 6s.; under 27, £1. 7s.; under 28, £1. 8s.; under 29, £1. 9s.; under 30, £1. 10s., and so on up to 50, £2. 10s. Those eligible to become members must be master mariners, in command of decked vessels (masters of fishing smacks ineligible), not more than 50 years of age, or afflicted with any disease or complaint tending to shorten life. £20 is paid to a member in case of total shipwreck; £30 is paid to widow, children, or registered nominee of member on fund, being father, mother, brother, sister, nephew, or niece. Annuities of £5 are granted to decayed members or their widows when destitute. No member eligible for annuity under 60 years, unless blind, paralysed, or incapacitated. Members must have subscribed 5s. a year to the annuity fund for at least five years. On annuitant's death, widow is paid one year's annuity. Members on becoming annuitants are relieved from further subscriptions. **Management.**—Committee of 12 honorary members and 12 master mariners (being members) appointed annually at General

Meeting. **Income** (1881).—£448. **Assisted**.—Annuitants, 50 ; grants, 19. Sec., Alfred Watton, Esq., at the Office.

ROYAL NAVAL BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (1739), 18 Adam Street, Adelphi, W.C.

Object.—To afford relief to distressed officers of the Royal Navy, of and above Ward-room rank, and to their widows, orphans, mothers, and sisters. **Admission**.—By application to Secretary, and payment of subscription of not less than £1. 1s. a year, or the amount of one day's reserved, retired, or half-pay to which such officer is entitled, on 1st January in each year—no subscription to be less than 5s. a year—or by payment of life subscription of not less than 20 days of such pay. No life subscription to be less than £5. Applications for relief must be sent in not later than 25th March, June, September, or December. Grants do not exceed £25 at any one time. In cases of emergency, Committee or Secretary have power to relieve members at other times than those mentioned, to the amount of not exceeding £10. No widow, orphan, mother, or sister has claim during coverture. **Management**.—Committee of not less than 15 members, elected by a general body of members every three years, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £111; members' subscriptions, £468; invested funds, £1,894. **Persons assisted**.—226. Bankers, Child & Co., and Drummond & Co. Treas., G. F. Hilton Price, Esq.; Sec., J. St. J. Wagstaffe, Esq., R.N.

VOLUNTEER FORCES BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION (1886), 8 Cursitor Street, Chancery Lane, W.C.

Object.—To make grants for the relief or maintenance of past or present volunteers, or their widows and children. **Admission**.—Any efficient member of the volunteer forces may become a member on paying a subscription of 1s. per quarter for rank and file; 2s. per quarter for sergeants; and £1. 1s. per annum or £10. 10s. for life membership for commissioned officers. **Management**.—By Executive Committee elected at Annual Meeting, one-third retiring annually. **Income** (1888).—£300. **Persons benefited**.—(No grants yet made, the rules providing that the funds shall accumulate for three years from the date of establishment). Bankers, London and County, Hanover Square, W. Treasurer, Lieut.-Colonel Defries, Hon. Artillery Company; Hon. Sec., Captain Edwardes Atkinson, City of London Artillery; Sec., Colonel J. D. C. Farrell.

CLERGY PROVIDENT SOCIETY (1854), 20 Finsbury Square, E.C. (*No recent information*.)

Object.—'To assist those of the clergy whose means are small, in securing themselves against anxieties which frequently impede their usefulness, and act injuriously on the Church.' **Admission**.—Application must be made for forms to the Secretary at the Office, in postage stamps, which, together with a copy of the rules, are sent on payment of 7d. Such forms should be completed and returned to the Secretary before 20th January next following. The Society makes grants in various proportions (according as the applicant's income may fall short of £150, £200, or £250 per annum), towards effecting an insurance in some well-established assurance society for one or other of the three following benefits:—(1) An allowance of £2 per week, when disabled by sickness from the discharge of ministerial duties, up to the age of 65 or 70. (2) A deferred annuity, not exceeding £104 per annum, payable half-yearly, after the age of 65 or 70. (3) An endowment for a child, not exceeding £200, payable on such child's attaining the age

of 18 or 21 years. The Society does not, however, consider that such assurances can be securely made for a period of life later than 65 or 70 on any terms within reach of the poorer clergy. It does *not* make grants towards life assurance. Candidates for membership must be benefited, or licensed, or otherwise engaged in work appertaining to the office of the Church, with the sanction of the bishop of the diocese, within the province of Canterbury or of York. **Management.**—By Committee. **Income.**—

. **Number assisted.**—Treasurer,
; Hon. Sec., Rev. Prebendary Ingram.

BAPTIST UNION ANNUITY FUND (1876), 19 Castle Street, Holborn, E.C. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—‘To provide annuities for its beneficiary members, and annuities for their widows and orphans.’ **Admission.**—Enrolments are made half-yearly, on January 1 and July 1. Members are either honorary or beneficiary. **Subscription.**—(1) Honorary members, 5s. or upwards a year, or life subscription of not less than £5; (2) beneficiary members. (a) For one annuity of £15 (additional annuities, not exceeding 7 in all, may be purchased at the same rates), at 25 years of age, entrance fee, *nil*. Annual subscription, £1; ranging up to 60 years of age, the entrance fee £81. 10s., and annual subscription £3. 3s.; single payment in lieu of annual subscription and entrance fee at 25 years of age, £16. 16s.; ranging up to 60 years of age, £91. 12s. (b) For one annuity of £10 for widow or orphan at 25 years of age, entrance fee, *nil*; annual subscription £2. 7s., ranging up to 60 years of age, and entrance fee £25. 12s. 6d., annual subscription £3. 3s. Single payment £37. 10s. at all ages. Candidates for beneficiary membership must be pastors of Baptist churches in the United Kingdom and its dependencies, tutors of Baptist colleges, officers of Baptist institutions, or Baptist missionaries. Any person qualified as above may become beneficiary member or secure benefits of fund for widows and orphans on payment of half rates. **Benefits** (*see* above). If on member's death there be no widow, an orphan receives £4 a year till 15 years of age; and if more than one orphan, the others receive £2 a year each, but no family can receive more than £10 a year in all. Any member having subscribed three years is entitled to benefits if permanently incapacitated, or if he has relinquished office on attaining 65 years of age. **Management.**—By Committee of not less than 15 or more than 25 subscribers, appointed annually by the Baptist Union at its autumnal session, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1881–82).—Honorary contributions, £3,547. 10s.; beneficiary payments, £2,297. 17s. 11d.; invested funds, £3,475. 11s. 4d.; legacy, £90. **Beneficiary Members** (not including annuitants).—702. **Treas.**, J. Harvey, Esq.; **Acting Sec.**, Rev. S. H. Booth.

CONGREGATIONAL PASTORS' INSURANCE AID SOCIETY (1853), Memorial Hall, Farringdon Street.

Object.—To assist Congregational pastors in effecting an insurance for the benefit of their widows and children by aiding them to pay the annual premiums. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec. Applications to be renewed every 12 months. No minister eligible whose income exceeds £200 a year, and not more than half the premium will be paid if income exceeds £150 a year, except in special cases. No assistance given to secure annuities of more than £50, or less than £25, unless other property available for benefit of family. Person assisted must be an ordained minister of the Independent denomination, who shall be at the time, and have been for not less than six months preceding date of application, pastor of some church connected with one or other of ‘our county or

district associations,' or held in honourable estimation by the neighbouring churches of the same order. Insurance to be made, as a general practice, with the Protestant Union. Subscription of £1, or donation of £10, constitutes member. **Management.**—Committee of 15 members, elected annually. **Income** (1887-8).—Voluntary contributions, £95; invested funds, £182. **Persons benefited.**—49. Bankers, Cunliffe, Sons, & Co. Treasurer, Roger Cunliffe, Esq., J.P.; Hon. Sec., Rev. C. F. Vardy, M.A.

WIDOWS' FUND OF MEMBERS OF THE CONGREGATIONAL BOARD OF MINISTERS (1867).

Object.—To provide a fund, not exceeding £100, available for widow, or if there be no widow, for the children, if any, immediately on the death of a member. **Admission.**—The Society is limited to 100 members. Any member of the London Congregational Board, not more than 45 years of age, is eligible as a member on paying one subscription and any anticipatory calls which the Treasurer may have in hand. If not above 55 years of age, he is eligible on condition of a double payment at each call. Medical certificate required from each candidate that 'there is no ground for suspecting the existence of fatal disease in his constitution.' Each member, not more than 50 years of age, on joining the Society pays a subscription of £1. On death of a member, if a call be made, each member pays one subscription; should no death occur during the half-year, a call is made on 1st September and 1st March. 'The amount contributed, not exceeding £100, shall be paid to the widow or nominee of a member immediately after his death.' Member may nominate a person or persons to receive the amount for his children, if any, in the event of his not leaving a widow. Such nomination to be notified to the Committee. **Management.**—Committee of twelve members, chosen at Annual Meeting. **Income.**—The Society consists of 100 members, paying per call £107. Bankers, London and Westminster Bank. Treasurer, Rev. W. Tyler, D.D., 247 Hackney Road, E.; Hon. Sec., Rev. J. Johnston, 15 Burma Road, Green Lanes, N.

UNITED COUNTIES FUND FOR THE WIDOWS OF CONGREGATIONAL MINISTERS (1875).

Object.—To provide a fund for the widow available immediately on death of a member. **Admission.**—Any Congregational minister connected with a County Association in England or Wales, not more than 35 years of age, is eligible as member, on paying subscription of 10s.; if not more than 45, 15s.; not more than 60, 20s. per call. Calls are made as deaths occur, each member paying one subscription at each death. Medical certificate of sound state of health required. The amount contributed on one call is paid to the widow or nominee of a member immediately after his death. A member may appoint nominees to receive the amount for his children in the event of his not leaving a widow. A member ceasing to be connected with a County Association or Union, but continuing to be an accredited minister of the Congregational body, and resident in the United Kingdom, may retain membership. The Fund is limited to 100 members. **Management.**—By Committee of nine elected yearly at Annual Meeting. **Income** (1887-8).—Calls, £98; interest on deposit, £2. **Members.**—86. Treasurer, Rev. W. H. S. Aubrey, D.D., Croydon; Hon. Sec., Rev. Dr. Wickson, Memorial Hall, Farringdon Street, E.C.

MINISTERS' BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (1852).

Object.—'To afford relief to such Unitarian ministers as, from age or infirmity, may be prevented from discharging the public duties of their office; and for the aid of the widows and families of any such

ministers as may be left without adequate means of support.' **Admission.**—Application should be made to the Hon. Sec. for form. No minister eligible for election as beneficiary member after 55 years of age. Entrance fee, £1. 1s. Annual subscription £1. 1s. until £21 has been paid, when all further claim ceases. Annual subscription may be compounded by payment of £15. 15s. down. No member can receive benefit on the ground of age until he is 65 years old, and has contributed £10. 10s. to the funds. No member can receive benefit on the ground of infirmity; and no widow or family of any deceased member can receive benefit until at least £4. 4s. has been paid to the funds. If a widow remarry she forfeits benefit. In cases of urgent distress such immediate benefit may be granted as the circumstances may require. Amount of benefit varies. The highest has been £60. It is usually £50 for a family, and £40 for persons without family. Applications require yearly renewal, and are invariably assented to. **Management.**—By Board of Directors elected annually, 6 retiring but eligible for re-election at General Meeting. **Income** (1887-8).—Interest, £985; members' subscriptions, £55; voluntary contributions, £540. **Members benefited** (at a cost of £1,627).—Ministers, 14; widows, 25. Treas., J. A. Kenrick, Esq., Berrow Court, Edgbaston, Birmingham; Hon. Sec., Thos. H. Russell, 3 Newhall Street, Birmingham.

SOCIETY FOR RELIEF OF NECESSITOUS WIDOWS OF PROTESTANT DISSENTING MINISTERS (*see* p. 279).

PROVIDENT FUND OF THE COUNTESS OF HUNTING-
DON'S CONNEXION (1807), 13 Blomfield Street,
London Wall, E.C. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To provide annual grants to aged and needy ministers of the Connexion, and to needy widows of ministers. Only ministers recognised as ministers of the Connexion by its trustees, and who have not contributed to the funds, are eligible, and the grants are made only for one year at a time. The income is derived from endowment and one annual subscription. **Management.**—By the Trustees of the Connexion, in conjunction with the Trustees of Cheshunt College. **Income** (1882).—One general subscription, £2; invested funds, £392. **Number assisted.** Bankers, Messrs. Prescott, Cave, & Co. Treasurer, W. R. Spicer, Esq.; Sec., J. T. Beighton, Esq.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND SCRIPTURE READERS' FRIENDLY SOCIETY (1852), 56 Haymarket, S.W. In connection with the Church of England Scripture Readers' Association (*see* p. 632).

Object.—(a) To assist members, their wives, children, or parents in case of death. (b) To assist aged and disabled members by pensions or allowances. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary and payment of subscription of 2s. a month and upwards, according to age. Medical examination must be passed. 'All persons in the employment of the Church of England Scripture Readers' Association, clerks or collectors whose age shall not exceed 46 years,' are eligible for membership. Application for membership must be made within 12 months of entering the service of the Association. No assistance can be had by member, or his wife or relative, unless membership is at least 12 months old, nor until recommended to the Friendly Society by the Committee of the Scripture Readers' Association. £10 is paid to member on death of wife;

£20 to wife, children, or parents, on death of member. If no widow child, or parent come forward at death of member, Committee may pay his debts, and direct and pay for his funeral. Expenditure not to exceed £20. Pensions are from £30 (for members of 20 and under 25 years) to £40 (for members of 30 years and upwards). No member can receive a pension while in the service of the Association. Temporary allowances, according to scale, are granted to members of the Association whilst out of employment through no fault of their own, or whilst temporarily incapacitated. Pensioners, their wives, children, or parents, are not disqualified from receiving the death, but cannot receive the sick, allowance. On pensioners leaving the United Kingdom to settle abroad, or wishing to terminate connection with Society, Committee may pay, in lieu of all claims, not exceeding £80 to £40 pensioner, and £40 to other pensioners (including the temporary pensioners). **Management.**—Committee of nine, appointed annually at General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1888-9).—Voluntary contributions, £30; members' subscriptions, £121; invested funds, £650. **Persons assisted.**—9 on permanent pension, 7 on allowance during incapacity, and 1 on temporary allowance. Bankers, Herries, Farquhar, & Co. Treas., Sir W. R. Farquhar, Bart.; Hon. Sec., Mr. Charles P. Trew.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND SCRIPTURE READERS' WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' FUND (1866), 56 Haymarket, S.W. In connection with the Church of England Scripture Readers' Association (*see* p. 632).

Object.—To assist members' widows of good character, also members' orphan children. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary, and payment of monthly subscription of 1s. 6d. Applicants for membership must be members of the Church of England Scripture Readers' Friendly Society (not pensioners). Fund must be joined within six months of membership of Friendly Society. Members' widows are assisted during widowhood with annuities not exceeding £20. If no widow, or if a widow die before youngest child attains 14 years, the orphan, or orphans, may be assisted with a similar amount until they attain that age. **Management.**—Committee of nine, elected annually at General Meeting, with *ex-officio* members. **Income** (1887-8).—Voluntary contributions, £226; members' subscriptions, £91; invested funds, £237. **Annuitants.**—20. Bankers, Herries, Farquhar, & Co. Treasurer, Hon. Hamilton J. Tollemache; Hon. Sec., T. Martin Tilby, Esq.

SOCIETY OF SCHOOLMASTERS (1798), 7 Adelphi Terrace, Strand, W.C.

Object.—'To give assistance to necessitous masters of all schools, not coming under the Elementary Education Act, their widows and orphans; provided that such masters shall have been continuously engaged in teaching for not less than five years—priority of consideration being given to the applications of subscribers; but no one shall be deemed a fit applicant who shall have left the profession and been engaged in trade or other occupation, except under special circumstances to be approved of by the Committee.' **Admission.**—By application to Secretary for form. Committee meets to consider applications on first Saturday of February and December, and last Saturday of April and October at 2 p.m., and oftener if necessary. The Society consists of (1) donors of not less than £5. 5s. in one sum, and (2) subscribers of not less than 10s. 6d. for two successive years; but no one is entitled to vote at any meeting of the

Society whose subscription for the current year is unpaid. Application must be made on the form supplied. Grants must not exceed £50 in one year. Relief to extent of £5 may be given in cases of urgency. **Management.**—Committee of not more than 25, elected by subscribers annually at General Meeting. **Income** (1886-7).—Voluntary contributions, £212; invested funds, £200. **Persons assisted.**—37. Bankers, Coutts. Treasurer, Rev. Dr. Baker; Sec., A. Llewelyn Roberts, Esq.

CHURCH SCHOOLMASTERS' AND SCHOOLMISTRESSES' BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1857), 4 Little Dean's Yard, Westminster, S.W.

Object.—To afford in time of affliction or distress (a) 'Temporary relief to teachers in public elementary schools (or their widows and orphans), being members of the Church of England'; (b) 'Permanent relief, by way of annuities, to such teachers or their widows when rendered incapable of active duty by age or affliction'; (c) 'Assistance (by continuous home-allowances until 14 years of age) towards the maintenance and education of the orphans of such teachers.' **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary and (a) recommendation of at least two teachers, one of whom must be a subscriber. All applications to be on form required by Committee. The relief is by gratuities of not exceeding £10 at one time; weekly allowances of not exceeding 10s. 6d. for not more than six months at one time; occasional grants towards support of orphan children of teachers, or by small loans. (b) Permanent relief to teachers and their widows by annuity of not exceeding £25 (males), £20 (females). Admission by election. (c) Continuous home allowances in support of orphans of teachers until 14 years of age. Allowance not to exceed 7s. a week for any one child, and not more than two to be in receipt of allowance at same time. Admission by election. **Provident Branch.**—Committee have power to grant immediate annuities, not exceeding £40, to disabled teachers not less than 50 years of age, whose income does not exceed £60 a year, on payment by them of not less than three-fourths of Government charge for a similar annuity. Deferred annuities also granted. **Management.**—Committee of 24 (two-thirds at least Church schoolmasters). **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £4,986; invested funds, £770; entertainments, £243; sundries, £147. **Persons benefited.**—Temporary grants, about 1,500; annuities, 212; orphans, 98. Bankers, Coutts. Treas., R. R. Pym, Esq.; Sec., Geo. W. Perry, Esq.

GOVERNESSES' BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (1843).

Office, 32 Sackville Street, Piccadilly, W. Home and Registration Office: 47 Harley Street, W. Aged Asylum: Chislehurst, Kent.

Object.—(a) Relief of governesses in temporary difficulty, and by annuities; (b) To secure immediate and deferred annuities to governesses on their own payments; (c) A home for the disengaged; (d) Free registration; (e) Asylum for the aged. **Admission.**—By application to the Secretary. (a) Temporary assistance is granted to governesses in distress 'privately and delicately' through the Ladies' Committee. Annuities are granted by election of subscribers. Annual subscriber of 10s. 6d., or donor of £5. 5s., entitled to one vote at all elections. Candidates must have been governesses, not keepers of schools, nor teachers in schools who have not been governesses, above 50 years, single or widows. Marriage vacates the annuity. Candidates must be approved by Board. Their income must not exceed £30. Annuities are from £20 to £50 a

year. Elections are on first Friday in May and November. (b) Governesses may secure immediate and deferred annuities on their own payments, the Board saving all trouble and paying necessary expenses. This branch includes a savings bank, each lady's money standing in her own name and removable only by her own order. Full particulars forwarded on application to Secretary. (c) Home for the disengaged, principally self-supporting. Governesses admitted solely by Ladies' Committee, who meet on Tuesdays at 2.30 at the Home. Application must be *by letter only*. Admission is for one month, which may be extended to not exceeding three months. Payment required, 15s. a week, washing and wine extra. (d) Free registration. Any governess on leaving two satisfactory letters from respectable parties addressed to the Board may enter name and other particulars. A book is also kept for applications for governesses. Office open 12 to 5 p.m. No testimonials returned. (e) Asylum for the aged. For governesses, not including keepers of, or teachers in, schools who have not been governesses, above 50, single or widows. Income of candidate not to exceed £30. They must be approved by the Board. Admission is by election of subscribers (10s. 6d. yearly, or £5. 5s. donation entitles to one vote). Inmates are paid £42 a year; 4 tons of coal and medical attendance are provided. **Management.**—Board, appointed at public meeting constituting the Society. Ladies' Committee, appointed by the Board. Committee for the Home, appointed by the Board. **Income** (1888).—Charitable contributions, £6,133; invested funds, £6,637; legacies, £8,498; payments for inmates of home, &c., £882; miscellaneous, £22; provident fund, £16,022. **Persons assisted.**—Free pupils educated, 15; temporarily, 573; annuitants, 276; home for disengaged, 211; provided with engagements, 890; provident annuitants, 2,190; asylum, 12; provident advances, 7; savings bank accounts, 120; investments, 11. Bankers, Sir S. Scott & Co. Treas., Arthur Risdon Capel, Esq.; Sec., C. W. Klugh, Esq.

ASSOCIATION OF GERMAN GOVERNESSES IN ENGLAND (1877), 15 Wyndham Place, Bryanston Square, W.

Object.—'To obtain situations for members; to offer a temporary home to members in want of situations; to assist sick and poor members without situations; to obtain pupils for those members who have established schools, whether in England or on the Continent.' **Admission to Membership.**—Application must be made personally, at the office. Annual subscription, 10s. 6d.; entrance fee, 10s. 6d. Loans without interest are advanced to needy members. All teachers, without distinction of creed, can become members who are above 20 and not over 50 years of age, and have testimonials proving them to be qualified to teach, and who can be recommended by some lady or gentleman. On obtaining a situation through the Society, members pay at the expiration of the first quarter a commission of 2 per cent. on first year's salary, or for daily engagements, 1½ per cent.; for temporary engagements, 10s.; for holiday engagement without salary, 5s. **Management.**—Internal affairs by Ladies' Committee, finance by Gentlemen's Committee. The two form a General Committee, the members of which are coöpted from supplementary list elected at General Meetings of the Association. **Income** (1888).—Voluntary contributions, £1,080; members' subscriptions, £444; payments for board and lodging, £1,848; commission receipts, £222. **Members.**—170; situations found, 205. Bankers, National Provincial Bank of England, Marylebone. Treasurer, A. Wagg, Esq.; Trustees, Lord Revelstoke and Baron J. H. W. Von Schröder; Sec., Fräulein Gaudian; Manager and Vice-President, Fräulein Adelman.

XI.—FRIENDLY SOCIETIES.

THIS section does not include all Friendly Societies, which number many thousands. A complete list is given in a quinquennial return issued by the Registrar of Friendly Societies, the last of which was published in 1887, and gives particulars for the years 1881-5. The short list on p. 815 contains a selection of the Metropolitan Societies which have no branches. It has not been found possible to compile a satisfactory list of the various local lodges and branches of Friendly Societies. Information regarding the branches could be obtained by reference to the head offices of the Societies, or by consulting the last report of the Registrar. Persons engaged in charitable work who desire to learn what lodges, &c., of Friendly Societies exist, and what their localities may be, are invited, should they not be able to obtain information otherwise, to refer to the Secretary to the Council, Charity Organisation Society, 15 Buckingham Street, Adelphi, W.C., who will endeavour to obtain the particulars they desire.

ANCIENT ORDER OF FORESTERS.

Object.—To establish Courts and Districts for securing for members, their wives, children, fathers, mothers, brothers or sisters, nephews or nieces, or wards, being orphans, a weekly allowance, during bodily or mental sickness or other infirmity, in old age (meaning any age after 50) or in widowhood; for relieving or maintaining orphan children of members during minority, and providing medical aid for their wives or children; for providing a sum at death of member, or of wife or child of member, or of his widow; for relief or maintenance of members when travelling in search of employment, or when in distressed circumstances, or in case of shipwreck or loss or damage of or to boats or nets; for endowment of members or their nominees at any age. **Management.**—The Order consists of a High Court, Executive Council, Subsidiary Foreign or Colonial High Courts, District Courts, and Subordinate Courts, each governed by its own officers. The High Court consists of delegates from the various courts or districts. **Admission.**—Any person, deaf and dumb, partially paralysed, of unsound constitution, in ill health, or who has lost a foot, a hand, or an eye, or who is suffering from a rupture, or who bears a bad character, leads a dissolute life, &c., is ineligible. Persons not afflicted as above, and above the age of 18 and under 40 years, may, on being duly proposed and seconded, be initiated. Courts may make a rule to admit persons at 16 years of age as probationary members at the same contributions as for members of 18 years of age, or at lower contributions and benefits until 18 years of age. Sick and funeral benefits begin after six months' membership, if entrance fee is paid up. Birth and medical certificates required. Honorary membership, 10s. 6d. **Contributions and Benefits.**—By 'General Law,' courts and districts have power to admit members of 18 years and upwards at one uniform rate of entrance fee, 2s. 6d. (or more if advisable). Contributions are graduated according to age, and further vary according to the table of contributions

and benefits members belong to. There are four of these tables. Table I. The full sick allowance is for the first six months, half sick allowance for next six months, and quarter sick allowance for rest of sickness. Table II. Full sick allowance for first twelve months, half sick allowance for next six months, and quarter sick allowance for rest of sickness. Table III. Full sick allowance for first six months, half sick allowance for rest of sickness. Table IV. Full sick allowance for first 12 months, half sick allowance for rest of sickness. Table V. Full sick allowance for first six months, three-quarters sick allowance for second six months, half sick allowance for rest of sickness. In each table are 7 divisions, the benefits varying according to age and payments. Thus full sick allowance may be 6s., 7s., 8s., 9s., 10s., 12s., or 14s. per week; the sum at a member's death between £6 and £14; at his wife's death between £3 and £7 (*see the 'General Laws,' published and sold by the Executive Council, 3 Prince's Avenue, Hull*). For the 6s. sick allowance under Table I. contributions vary from 2s. 9d. a quarter between the ages of 18 and 21, to 4s. 6½d. between 37 and 39. *Travelling License*.—A member in search of employment may be granted such, accompanied with six or more prepaid cheques of the value of 1s. 3d. each. Members must be clear on the books, and 12 months members before entitled to this benefit. *Widows' and Orphans' Funds*.—Districts or courts may form funds for the relief or maintenance of the widows or orphan children of members contributing to such funds. *Funeral Benefit*.—£8 may be secured at death of member, and £4 at death of member's wife by payment of, from 18 to 21 years of age, 10½d. a quarter, to, between 37 and 39 years of age, 1s. 7d. a quarter. Benefit increasing according to payments to £20 at member's death, and £10 at member's wife's death. £1 may be assured on death of a member by an annual payment during his lifetime (if 18 years of age) of 3½d., increasing, up to 50 years of age, to 10½d. The like sum may be assured at death of member's wife during husband's lifetime by an annual payment of from 3d. to 8½d., according to age. A sum of from £4 to £10 may be assured at death of member's wife by an annual payment during her lifetime (if 18 years of age) of 1s. 3d., to 3s. 7½d. (if 50 years of age). Contributions increasing according to age up to 50 years.

General Summary, 1888.

Number of Districts	Number of Courts	Number of Benefit Members	Average Members in each Court	Number of Honorary Members	Worth of Court Funds	Worth of District Funds	Courts with Graded Scale of Contributions
279	4,673	661,971	141	16,329	£3,727,791	£472,084	4,394

Permanent Secretary, Thomas Ballan Stead, 3 Prince's Avenue, Hull.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS, MANCHESTER UNITY (1812). Offices, Grosvenor Street, Chorlton-upon-Medlock, Manchester.

Object.—The payment of a sum at death of member or member's wife; the relief of members in sickness, old age, or distress (including medicine and medical aid in sickness); temporary help to their widows and children, and to members travelling in search of employment. **Management.**—By a Committee, composed of deputies appointed by dis-

tricts, three officers (grand master, deputy grand master, and corresponding secretary), last past master, and nine directors. **Admission.**—Any respectable person who is not under 18 years of age,* nor over 45, he and his wife (if any) being in a sound state of health, after undergoing medical examination, and producing certificate of birth, may be proposed in any lodge by a subscribing member. Districts vary as to their rules of payment of this fee, but no person shall be admitted into a lodge room until whole sum is paid, one half at time of proposition. **Contributions and Benefits.**—By general law lodges have power to admit members of 18 years and upwards at one uniform rate of entrance fee, 2s. 6d. Some lodges charge a higher entrance fee, but none to exceed 10s. Contributions graduated according to age. There are various tables of contributions and benefits (for which see Rules); those adopted by the North London District Branch, which comprises all lodges within 5 miles of King's Cross (address, 278 Camden Road, N.W.), rise by additions of 2s., or £2, from Table A—8s. full and 4s. half sick pay, £8 at death, £4 at wife's death, for a monthly payment of from 1s. 2d. to 2s. 6d., according to age—to Table G, in which the benefits are 20s. and 10s., £20 and £10, and the payments from 2s. 11d. to 6s. 4d. The sum at death may be raised to £100 by additional subscriptions. **Extra Benefits.**—Districts may adopt tables giving benefits up to £1 per week in sickness, and a corresponding sum at death. The latter may be raised to £100 by charging additional subscriptions. **Travelling Relief.**—Member possessing a proper travelling card may, on presentation, receive relief in any district he passes through. Districts pay not less than 1s. 3d. per traveller per day. Members falling sick or dying on travel can, in accordance with certain rules, obtain the ordinary relief in the one, or funeral benefit in the other, case. **Widow and Orphan Fund.**—It is optional with districts or lodges to have this fund; and no member is compelled to subscribe. Members forfeit no privileges by joining the army and navy. Members becoming blind, lunatic, or inmates of workhouse are still entitled to benefit. **Funds** (Jan. 1, 1889).—Unity Sick and Funeral Fund, £5,920; General Fund, £7,730; Distressed Operatives Fund, £165. On Jan. 1, 1888, the aggregate amount of funds belonging to the branches of the Order amounted to £6,806,737. **Members** (Jan. 1, 1889).—638,352; juveniles, 50,140. Sec., Mr. Thomas Collins.

HEARTS OF OAK BENEFIT SOCIETY (1842). Offices, 17 Charlotte Street, Fitzroy Square, London, W.

Object.—To relieve members during sickness, and members' wives lying-in; insuring money to be paid on death of member, or for funeral expenses of member's wife, and for insurance against fire of the tools or implements of the trade or calling of members. **Management.**—By a Committee of 40 free members, 20 elected annually, and Sectional Sub-Committees. **Admission.**—Meetings are held at the Society's house, from 7.30 to 9.30 p.m., every evening (except Saturday and the three last days of the month) for admission of members. No restrictions as to either earnings or occupation. Candidate must be over 18 and under 30 years of age. Medical examinations necessary in all cases; free examinations at the Society's house every evening. Candidates who cannot attend personally must produce a medical certificate. Entrance fee, 2s. 6d. Candidates under 25 years of age can obtain immediate freedom to full sick and funeral benefits on payment of an additional entrance fee of 5s. **Con-**

* Districts have power to receive members at the age of 16 years, but such members are under certain restrictions until 18 years.

tributions and Benefits.—Subscription is a fixed rate of 7s. per quarter for expenses of sickness and management, and an additional sum to meet the other expenses, such as funerals, lyings-in, and loss by fire. Total average payment is about 10s. per quarter. Free membership at end of a year. **Sick Benefit.**—For free members, during sickness, 18s. per week for 26 weeks; if the illness continues beyond this time half pay is granted for another 26 weeks, after which the member is entitled to relief from further contributions, and to a pension payable according to the following rates:—If a member under six years, 2s. per week; if a member six years and under eight years, 3s. per week; if a member eight years and upwards, 4s. per week. If sickness occurs before member is free, he is entitled to the following benefit: If a member under three months, 2s. 6d. per week; over three and under six months, 6s. per week; over six and under nine months, 9s. per week; over nine and under 12 months, 12s. **Funeral Benefit.**—On death of a free member, £20. If death occurs before member becomes free: If a member more than six and less than nine months, £6; more than nine and less than 12 months, £12. On the death of a member's wife half the above rates are granted. **Lying-in Benefit.**—Free member's wife is allowed £1. 10s. on production of marriage certificate and certificate of birth signed by the surgeon or midwife. **Loss by Fire.**—Compensation to an amount not exceeding £15. This Society claims to be the largest centralised benefit society in the kingdom, and is distinguished from the affiliated orders by the fact that there are no public-house meetings, the whole of the business being transacted through the head office in London. It has no branches or agents. **Members** (1888).—122,942. **Income** (1888).—£277,218. **Reserve Fund.**—£989,371. Sec., Thos. Marshall.

HEARTS OF OAK JUVENILE BENEFIT SOCIETY (1887), 17 Charlotte Street, Fitzroy Square, W.

Admission.—*Class 1.*—Contributions, 2s. 6d. per quarter; sick pay, 5s. per week; death money, £5. *Class 2.*—Contributions, 5s. per quarter; sick pay, 10s. per week; death money, £10. *Class 3.*—Contributions, 7s. 6d. per quarter; sick pay, 15s. per week; death money, £15. **Management.**—By Committee of gentlemen, consisting of the Committee of the Hearts of Oak Adult Benefit Society. (See previous page). Bankers, Post Office Savings Bank. **Members** (1888).—2,163. **Income** (1888).—£1,301. Treasurer, W. Wanless; Hon. Sec., Thos. Marshall.

THE ORDER OF THE DRUIDS (1858). Office, 5 Great John Street, Lower Byrom Street, Manchester.

Object.—The payment of a sum at death and for burial expenses of a member, his wife, or widow; relief to widow or orphans in distress; assistance to members on travel; compensation in cases of accident or blindness. **Management.**—Managed by the officers of the Society, viz. grand master, vice-grand master, grand secretary, and grand treasurer, together with seven past or present elective officers, called the Committee of Management. An annual movable delegation, composed of representatives from the districts and lodges, elects the officers and decides questions affecting the Order. **Admission.**—Persons over 16 and under 40 years of age are eligible. Entrance fee never less than 1s. **Contributions and Benefits.**—There are 18 tables or scales of contribution. Two tables are given, the highest and the lowest, which will give an approximate idea of the others. Surgeon's fees and management expenses

are not included in these payments. For management expenses members pay 1d. per annum.

TABLE I.—12s.

Ages	Contributns. pr Lunar Month	Benefits
	s. d.	
18 and under 24 .	1 8	For a sick allowance of 12s. per week for first 3 months, 8s. for the second, 6s. for the third, and 5s. for any sickness after a continued sickness of 18 months; £10 at death of member, and £5 at death of member's wife.
24 „ 28 .	1 10	
28 „ 31 .	2 0	
31 „ 34 .	2 2	
34 „ 36 .	2 4	
36 „ 38 .	2 6	
38 „ 40 .	2 9	

TABLE XVIII.—7s.

18 and under 24 .	1 2	For a sick allowance of 7s. per week for the first 6 months, 4s. for the second 6 months, and 2s. 6d. for any sickness after a continued sickness of 12 months; £7 on death of a member, and £5 at member's wife's death.
24 „ 28 .	1 3	
28 „ 31 .	1 4	
31 „ 34 .	1 5	
34 „ 36 .	1 7	
36 „ 38 .	1 9	
38 „ 40 .	1 11	

Travelling Relief.—Members going on tramp shall be allowed a travelling card, and as many 1s. cheques as may be deemed necessary. **Compensation Fund.**—Contributions are exacted at the rate of 1d. per member per annum, and members deriving benefit shall in no case receive less than £10 or more than £20. **Receipts (1888).**—£217,940. **Invested funds.**—£154,151. **Members (1888).**—47,940. Sec., Robert Collinge.

INDEPENDENT ORDER OF RECHABITES, SALFORD UNITY (1835). Offices, 96 and 98 Lancaster Avenue, Fennel Street, Manchester.

Object.—To raise a fund for insuring a sum of money on death of member, or for defraying expenses of burial of member or of member's wife or widow; to relieve members in sickness or old age; to grant temporary assistance to widows and children of deceased members; to assist members when on travel and when in distressed circumstances. **Management.**—Vested in a committee called the High Moveable Conference (H.M.C.), a board of directors, and five high officers of the Order. The Society has branches called districts or tents, each controlled by its own officers. **Admission.**—Members must be total abstainers from intoxicating drinks and must sign a pledge to this effect. Persons of healthy constitution and good moral character, from 15 to 50 years of age, are eligible. **Contributions and Benefits.**—The adoption of the system of entrance fees, or a scale graduated according to age, is optional with tents and districts. Where adopted the entrance fee varies according to age and number of shares—from 1s. 3d. per share in sick fund, and 6d. per share in funeral fund, between the ages of 15 and 20, to 12s. 6d. in sick fund and 22s. 6d. in funeral fund between 49 and 50. Every member must have one and not more than four shares in the funeral fund, and one and not more than six in the sick fund. A share in the sick fund is 2s. 6d. per week in time of sickness, for which

1d. per week is paid, and a share in the funeral fund £5, for which 5d. per quarter is paid. Where the entrance fee system is not used, the monthly payment for the sick fund varies from 3d. for an allowance of 2s. 6d., or 1s. 6d. for an allowance of 15s., between the ages of 15 and 20, to 6d. for an allowance of 2s. 6d., or 3s. for an allowance of 15s., between 46 and 50 for the funeral fund; from 1½d. for the sum of £5 at death, or 6d. for £20, between the ages of 15 and 21, to 3½d. for £5, or 1s. 2d. for £20, between the ages of 46 and 50. In this case management expenses and doctor's fee are not included. Sickness includes lameness, blindness, infirmity, and insanity. Contributions to a *widow and orphans fund* is optional. A member of 12 months' standing may receive aid when travelling, on production of a certificate from his tent. **Members.**—Over 75,000. It has districts and tents established over the world. It has a juvenile department numbering over 35,000 members; female tents are also admitted by the Order. **Capital** (1888).—£450,000. **Sec.**, Richardson Campbell.

UNITED PATRIOTS' NATIONAL BENEFIT SOCIETY (1843). Office, 64 Lamb's Conduit Street, W.C.

Object.—To provide a fund to assist members by periodical and permanent relief during bodily or mental sickness; funeral allowances on death of member or wife of member; compensation for loss of tools by fire; and relief of members in distressed circumstances, by payment of their contributions when ill or out of employment. **Management.**—By a general Committee, elected yearly, general secretary, &c. **Admission.**—Any person not a soldier or sailor in Government employ, in good health, and not engaged in any trade or occupation which the General Committee may deem dangerous or injurious to health (in which case 2s. extra per quarter is demanded) is eligible. Entrance fee, under 30, 2s. 6d. **Contributions and Benefits.**—There are 7 divisions giving ascending scales of benefits, the subscription to each being regulated according to age. No. 1 division is the highest, and No. 7, the lowest (5d. per month subscription), is only for members under 16 years of age, and membership ceases in this division at 20 years of age. A member can join any other division, and may, if under 30 years, and with approval of the Committee, remove from one division to another ascending in benefits. **Sick Benefit.**—If member has paid in for twelve months he shall be allowed the following sum per week, which continues for 26 weeks, when member is reduced to half-pay for 26 weeks longer:—1st division, 18s.; 2nd division, 15s.; 3rd division, 12s.; 4th division, 10s.; 5th division, 8s.; 6th division, 6s.; 7th, or juvenile division, 3s. 6d. One-fourth benefits after three months' membership; one-half after six months; three-fourths after nine months. This proportion also applies to funeral allowances. After 52 weeks of sickness he passes to the permanent or long-continued sick allowance, the amount of which is arranged according to the divisional scales he belongs to, and his years in the Society, varying from 2s. to 6s. per week. Half-pay is granted to member in workhouse or in receipt of parochial allowance. **Funeral Allowance.**—At death of member, or member's wife, the benefit is as follows for free member:—1st division, £21; 2nd division, £17. 10s.; 3rd division, £14; 4th division, £10; 5th division, £8; 6th division, £6; 7th division, £3. 10s. **Loss by Fire.**—The Society will indemnify any free member who loses tools by fire to any amount not exceeding £15. **Income** (1888).—Members' contributions, £25,016; invested funds, £2,637 (gross, £82,499). **Members.**—Adult, 19,275; juvenile, 2,990. There are about 350 branches. **Secretary**, George Wheeler.

ROYAL OAK BENEFIT SOCIETY (1837). Offices, 35 Russell Street, Covent Garden, W.C.

Object.—To provide pecuniary assistance to its members in times of sickness, old age, lying-in, or death; compensation for loss of tools by fire; and to provide for member's widow's funeral. **Management.**—By a representative Committee. **Admission.**—Any person under 30 years of age, and whose average income is equal to £1. 4s. a week, not afflicted with lameness or loss of sight, and neither himself nor his wife subject to any mental or bodily infirmity whatever, is eligible. Persons belonging to trades or occupations which the Committee consider injurious to health are not eligible, and a member joining the army, navy, or police ceases to be a member. Entrance fee, 3s. 6d. **Contributions and Benefits.**—Each member shall pay in to the fund 12s. per quarter. *Sick and Accident Benefit.*—If a member has paid in six months' contributions, 9s. per week; if paid for nine months, 12s. per week; and if paid for 12 months, 18s. per week. This lasts for 26 weeks, then member is reduced to half-pay list for 26 weeks longer, and if his illness still continues, he receives a sum, payable every Friday, according to the following rate: if he has been under six years a member, 2s. per week; if over six years, 3s. per week; if over eight years, 4s. per week. *Superannuation.*—Any member of eight years' standing becoming permanently afflicted is entitled to an allowance of 4s. a week, provided he is unable to earn 12s. a week. *Lying-in Benefit.*—The sum of £2 shall be allowed a free member for his wife's lying-in. *Funeral Benefit.*—If a member has paid six months' contributions, £8; nine months', £12; and 12 months', £20. At death of member's wife, or nominee, half the above sums are allowed. At death of married member, widow can secure her own funeral money by payment of 2s. per quarter. On re-marriage she forfeits this claim. *Fire Insurance Benefit.*—Any free member having his tools or implements of trade destroyed by fire, and making a claim within seven days, will be indemnified to any amount not exceeding £15. The difference between this and most other societies is that it exacts from all only one uniform rate of payment without 'extras' or 'levies.' All business is transacted in one office. **Income (1888).**—£4,875. **Members (1888).**—1,861. **Reserve Fund.**—£24,000 (equal to £13 per member). Sec., F. Harrison.

ROYAL STANDARD BENEFIT SOCIETY (1828). Offices, 42 Great Ormond Street, Bloomsbury, W.C.

Object.—To raise a fund by subscriptions of its members to provide for the sick and aged; funeral of members and their wives; allowance in case of loss by fire; and lying-in allowance for members' wives. **Management.**—The Society is divided into 10 divisions at present, each division having a representative committee and officers; and, for transacting business affecting the whole Society, a committee is constituted of the several presidents and vice-presidents, called the General Committee. **Admission.**—Respectable healthy men under 30 years of age, whose average earnings are not less than 28s. per week, are eligible. Persons living at a distance of 12 miles may become members without personal attendance. Entrance fee, 5s. Persons following certain trades are excluded. A certificate of health is required, and, if candidate is above 28, a certificate of birth. **Contributions and Benefits.**—Members pay 11s. 6d. per quarter, which secures free membership after 12 months from admission. *Sick Benefit.*—£1, lasting 26 weeks, when half-pay is continued for 26 weeks longer; if sickness still continues, member comes on the superannuated list, and receives a pension varying according to length of membership from 2s. to 8s. per week. *Funeral Benefit.*—If a member

has paid 12 months' contributions, £20 ; if less, the sum is proportionately decreased to the minimum, £2 ; at death of member's wife half the allowance is granted. *Lying-in Allowance*.—£2 is granted. *Loss of Tools by Fire*.—Any sum not exceeding £15. *Income* (1888).—Members' contributions, £22,075 ; invested funds, £3,658 (gross, £113,682) ; rentals, &c., £35. *Members* (1888).—9,472. Sec., W. Osborne Croft.

UNITED KINGDOM BENEFIT SOCIETY (1839). Offices, 27 Great Ormond Street, W.C.

Object.—To relieve its members in times of sickness, or lying-in of members' wives ; to provide pensions for members, and allowances for funeral. **Management.**—By a representative Committee and trustees elected annually. **Admission.**—Any person not suffering from disease (his wife also being healthy), and under 30 years of age, is eligible. His average income must be £1. 2s. per week. Persons following certain trades and occupations are ineligible. Entrance fee, 3s. ; and book of rules, 6d. **Contributions and Benefits.**—Each member must pay £2. 2s. per year, to be paid monthly or quarterly. *Lying-in Benefit*.—£1. 10s. is allowed for lying-in of free member's wife. *Sick Benefit*.—Less than three months' membership, 3s. per week ; three months', 6s. ; six months', 9s. ; nine months', 12s. ; 12 months', 18s. This lasts for 26 weeks. If the illness still continues, member is reduced to half-pay for 26 weeks more, and if he still continues ill, he is placed on the superannuation list. Full free benefits for sickness and lying-in not granted till 12 months' membership, and till 2s. 6d. has been paid for certificate of freedom. A second wife may receive benefit after two years. *Superannuation, or Pension List*.—If a member under six years, 2s. per week ; if six years, and under eight years, 3s. per week ; eight years or upwards, 4s. per week. Pensioned members above 60 years, who have been members 25 years, are allowed 5s. per week, and may earn what they can, but earnings must not exceed 12s. per week. *Funeral Allowance*.—If member has paid contribution : six months, £8 ; nine months, £12 ; 12 months, £20. At death of member's wife or nominee, half this allowance is granted. *Income* (1888).—£5,809. *Members*.—2,544. Sec., Thomas Francis.

LONDON FRIENDLY INSTITUTION (1824). Head Office, 21 New Bridge Street, E.C.

Object.—To enable its members to protect themselves from want and misery, by providing support and assistance in times of sickness, old age, disease and infirmity ; medical attendance, &c., during illness, and a sum of money payable at death. **Management.**—By a body of 12 Directors, elected yearly at a general meeting of members. **Admission.**—Any male person between 16 and 35 years of age, in good health, not employed in any dangerous trade, is eligible. Admission fee, 2s. 9d. (with rules). Membership in six months. **Contributions and Benefits.**—There are two distinct funds—the Sick Fund and the Assurance Fund. Members can, between the ages of 25, 30, and 35, receive from 10s. to 20s. per week in sickness, according to the amount of their contribution, which rises on a scale similar to that of other benefit societies. When a member is incapacitated and unable to obtain his living, he comes on the pension list and receives quarter-pay as a pension. *Assurance Fund*.—Any person, male or female, between the ages of 16 and 35 years, is entitled to insure up to £100, according to the rules and tables given in book of rules. There are no fines for not serving office, no additional payments demanded for deaths, &c., no reduction of benefits, and no public-house meetings. A large staff of medical officers attend on members in sickness, who also

have medicine free. The Society has country branches. **Income** (1888).—Members' contributions, £3,463; interest on invested funds, £1,328. **Reserve Fund**.—£29,265. **Members** (1888).—1,614. **Sec.**, J. H. Hawkins.

EAST LONDON PROVIDENT ASSOCIATION (1846). Office, 495 Commercial Road, E.

Object.—To assure to persons of both sexes who become members an allowance during sickness; a sum of money at death or at any given age; endowments for children; a loan fund for its members; and medical attendance and medicine. **Management**.—Under direction of a Board of Management, consisting of patron, a president, trustees, &c., and 12 managers. **Admission**.—Males and females, on admission, must be between the ages of 15 and 50 years to join the sick benefit fund, and must reside within five miles of the office. **Contributions and Benefits**.—To assure a weekly allowance during sickness with medical attendance and medicine. Contributions (weekly) to cease at 65 years of age, and members to be free in six months. If the member assuring an endowment for a child should die prematurely, the whole of the money subscribed, with interest at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum, will be paid to the child on attaining the specified age. If the child assured should die prematurely, four-fifths of the amount paid in will be returned. **Amount of Stock** (1885).—£12,362. **Sec.**, Mr. W. H. York.

BRITISH COMMERCIAL TRAVELLERS' PROVIDENT SOCIETY (1885), 185 Aldersgate Street, E.C.

Object.—For providing self-help on the mutual principle: (1) A weekly sum when laid aside by disease or accident; (2) an annuity if partially disabled; (3) medical attendance in all parts of the country when receiving benefit; (4) a payment at death, increasing with duration of membership; (5) an annuity if incapacitated after 20 years' membership and over 60 years of age; (6) temporary assistance when in distressed circumstances. **Management**.—By a representative Board of commercial travellers. **Assets** (Dec. 31, 1888).—£265. **Bankers**, London and County, Aldersgate Street. **Treasurer**, P. J. Whitaker, Esq., 22 St. Bride's Street; **Hon. Sec.**, Leonard Courtney.

ROYAL LIVER FRIENDLY SOCIETY (1850). London Offices, 181 Queen Victoria Street, E.C.

Object.—To raise funds for burial, medical aid, and endowment for its members. **Management**.—By a Committee of Management and officers. **Admission**.—Any person free from bodily infirmity, from 10 to 80 years of age, can insure in this Society for any sum not exceeding £200. Children, from one day to 10 years, can insure up to £1. 10s., £2, and £5, according to age. Entrance fee ranges from 1d. to 2s. for the burial fund. **Medical Aid Fund**.—2d. per week. For the endowment table: entrance fee, children, 6d.; adults (from 10 to 58 years), 1s. Half benefits at 26 weeks; full benefits at 52 weeks. **Contributions and Benefits**.—Contributions range from 1d. per week to 1s. per week, according to amount payable at death in the burial fund. **Endowment Fund**.—For children the contribution is 6d. per week, from one year to 10 years of age, to assure the given sums at the various ages; the table begins with £21 at age of one year, and decreases yearly, till at nine years the sum granted is £7. 5s. Adults (from 10 years upwards) pay the same (6d.) to assure certain sums, for which see tables in book of rules. There are also other tables showing the quarterly premiums to be

paid to assure an endowment of £100 at any age between 10 and 58 years (see book of rules). **Annual Premium Income.**—£400,000. **Accumulated Capital.**—Over £1,000,000. Sec., F. H. Taunton, 16 Prescott Street, Liverpool. District Manager for London, W. Goldsmith, 181 Queen Victoria Street, E.C.

PROVIDENT ASSOCIATION OF WAREHOUSEMEN, TRAVELLERS AND CLERKS (1871), 98 Cheapside, E.C.

Object.—To raise a fund by contributions of members to provide (a) a weekly allowance to members out of employment; (b) medical attendance and medicine to members during sickness, also payment when ill, same as out of employment, if salary stopped; (c) to afford assistance to aged members in distress, and to incapacitated members; (d) to grant assistance to members in any special case of distress; (e) to provide an annuity fund, also to provide payment at death. **Management.**—Conducted by a president, four or more vice-presidents, trustees, twenty directors and a secretary. **Admission.**—Persons above 18 years of age, and under 40 years, and who are at time of application employed as buyer, traveller, salesman, warehouseman or clerk in a wholesale or retail warehouse, or clerk in any establishment whatever, public or otherwise, situated within the postal district, or 12 miles around London, and engaged on salary, are eligible. The entrance fee varies from 2s. 6d. to 5s. **Contributions and Benefits.**—Contributions may be paid either monthly or yearly as follows:—

Age on Entry	SUBSCRIPTIONS		BENEFIT FOR 6 MONTHS WHILE OUT OF EMPLOYMENT			
	Monthly	Yearly	1st month per week	2nd and 3rd months per week	4th, 5th and 6th months per week	
18 to 40	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	
	0 2 6	1 10 0	1 0 0	0 10 0	0 5 0	
	0 3 9	2 5 0	1 10 0	0 15 0	0 7 6	
	0 5 0	3 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	0 10 0	
	0 7 6	4 10 0	3 0 0	1 10 0	0 15 0	

Sick Benefit.—During sickness, members have free access to the surgeons, and are supplied with all necessary medicines. **Distressed Members** (special cases).—The directors shall relieve such at their discretion out of the benevolent fund. **Disabled Members.**—The directors shall assist during life from the benevolent fund. **Aged Members.**—The directors shall assist out of the benevolent fund. **Honorary Members.**—Persons giving a donation of £5. 5s., or subscribers of £1. 1s. per annum. **Income** (1888).—Members' contributions, £3,959; total invested funds, £10,873. **Members.**—2,700. Sec., Charles C. Greenwood.

RAILWAY GUARDS' UNIVERSAL FRIENDLY SOCIETY (1849). Offices, Bream's Buildings, Chancery Lane, E.C.; and Euston Station, London, N.W.

Object.—To raise by subscriptions from members, or by voluntary subscriptions or donations, a fund for relief and maintenance of members in sickness; to provide for their families at their death, and to provide

for the funeral expenses of the wife of a member; to grant allowances to those who may become permanently injured or infirm; and to raise a fund for use of widows and orphans of deceased members. **Management.**—By a president, treasurer, three and not exceeding five trustees, general and district committees, and a general secretary. **Admission.**—Candidates must be either railway guards, brakemen, or conductors who take charge of trains, and who have received their official appointment. Certificate of age and health required; also of wife (if married). Entrance fee is 5s., if under 30 years of age; and 1s. extra for each year above 30 years, until the maximum age is reached (35). **Contributions and Benefits.**—There are four distinct funds in this Society, viz., a Sick Fund, a Death Fund, a Widows' and Orphans' Fund, and a Management Fund; of these the Widows' and Orphans' Fund is optional, and entails a further entrance fee of 5s. *Sick Fund.*—This provides for casual sick or injured pay and permanent sick or injured pay. The latter is intended for those who are permanently injured or constitutionally disabled and unable to earn a livelihood, and, if necessary, the pay is continued for life, *whatever may be the cause of disability.* The contributions are monthly, and rise according to age. The subscriber can contribute on either the 10s. per week, the 15s. per week, or the 20s. per week scale, as follows:—

Age next Birthday.	Monthly Contributions for		
	10s. per week.	15s. per week.	20s. per week.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
18	1 5	2 1	2 9
30	1 9	2 7	3 5

After the age of 30 new members cannot subscribe to a higher rate than the 15s. per week. Members permanently afflicted and incapacitated receive the sick pay they subscribed for, *for life.* *Death Fund.*—Any member under 30 years of age shall contribute to one of the following benefits:—(1) For £40 at member's death and £20 at death of wife, the sum of 1s. 6d. per month; if unmarried, 1s. 2d. per month. (2) £30 at member's death and £15 at death of wife, 1s. 2d. per month; if unmarried, 11d. per month. (3) £20 at member's death and £10 at death of wife, 9d. per month; if unmarried, 7d. per month. *Widows' and Orphans' Fund.*—Monthly contributions to provide £40, or an allowance of 5s. per week to widow or orphans. Under 25 years of age, 1s. 9d.; 25 and under 30 years, 2s.; 30 and under 35 years, 2s. 3d. Entrance 5s. *Management Fund.*—Every member shall pay 1s. 6d. each half-year towards this fund. It depends largely on subscriptions from the benevolent, proceeds of concerts, annual banquet, &c. **Income** (1887-8).—Members' contributions, £6,237; invested funds, £1,233; honorary subscriptions and donations, profits of concert, &c., £2,761; benefit expenditure, £7,457; reserve fund, £33,165. **Members.**—2,519. General Sec., Samuel J. Way.

ROYAL LONDON FRIENDLY SOCIETY (1861). Chief Office, 108 Paul Street, Finsbury, E.C.

Object.—To enable members, by means of weekly payments, to insure a sum of money at death. **Management.**—By a representative Committee and officers. **Admission.**—Persons, male or female, from 1 day to 80 years of age, in good health, are eligible. Insurances are granted up to £200. Half benefit in 6, full benefit in 12 months. Children

dying under 6 years of age, and having been paying members 13 weeks, entitled to half benefit. Insurances may be effected payable at death, or on attaining the respective ages of 50, 55, and 60 years, whichever event occurs first. Half benefit in 6, full benefit in 12 months, in event of death. **Contributions and Benefits.**—Weekly premiums vary from 1d. to 2s. Immediate and full benefit in case of death by accident (over 7 years of age). **Income** (1888).—£172,280; amount paid in claims, upwards of £635,000. **Reserve Fund** (1888).—£216,496. Sec., W. H. Hambridge, Esq.

LIVERPOOL VICTORIA LEGAL FRIENDLY SOCIETY (1843). London Office, 1 Finsbury Square, E.C.

Object.—To enable members, by means of weekly subscriptions, to insure a sum of money at death or on attaining a certain age. **Management.**—By a representative Committee and officers. **Admission.**—Persons, male or female, in sound health, from one week to 85 years of age, are eligible. Persons may assure for sums not exceeding £200. Entrance fee according to table of insurance, varying from $\frac{1}{4}$ d. upwards. Adults' half benefit at six months; full at 12 months; children at 3, 6, and 12 months. Immediate benefit in case of accidental death. **Contributions and Benefits.**—For tables of assurance, *see* rules. Contributions, payable weekly, monthly, or quarterly, range from $\frac{1}{4}$ d. per week upwards. The Society has agencies in almost every town in the United Kingdom. **Income** (1888).—Members' contributions, £376,024; invested funds, £12,000. **Accumulated Reserve Fund** (1888).—£573,405. **Members.**—Over 1,000,000. London Managers, John and W. Fenton Jones.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND TEMPERANCE BENEFIT SOCIETY (1878), 9 Bridge Street, Westminster, S.W.

Objects.—To provide funds for payment of a sum to members (men and women) during sickness; also at death of member, member's wife, or child; and payment of a sum of money for funeral of widow of deceased member. **Management.**—Vested in a president, vice-president, &c., and a committee of 12 members, called the Committee of Management or Executive Committee. The Society may divide itself into parochial lodges or guilds in England or Wales. **Admission.**—Any person whose trade is not generally dangerous to his health, upon signing the usual health declaration, and producing satisfactory medical report from medical examiner, shall be eligible; total abstainers to the total abstaining section if they elect, and all others to the general section. Funds are common to all lodges. Lodges may be opened in any parish without expense. **Contributions and Benefits.**—Full benefits after 12 months' membership; half benefits after 6 months' membership. Full benefits for 26 weeks; all sickness within 12 months reckoned together; half benefits for 26 weeks more, and after that period long-continued sickness pay. **Income** (1888).—Members' contributions, £2,512. Total funds, £5,328. **Members.**—2,260. Sec., Mr. Alfred B. Harding.

CLERGY FRIENDLY SOCIETY (1882).

Object.—To raise a fund by subscriptions of members to relieve members during sickness. **Management.**—By a Board of 12 members. **Admission, Contributions, and Benefits.**—The Society is limited to clergy who reside in England or Wales. In order to entitle the members to the benefits enunciated below, they will have to contribute a premium of from 9s. to 36s. per quarter, according to their age on

entrance, and the rate of benefit they insure for. In addition to the premiums, each member contributes a sum fixed from time to time by the Board (but never exceeding 2s. 6d. per quarter) for expenses of management. The benefit derived from membership consists in the claim to sick-pay of £1. 1s. per week, or a *pro rata* sum of 3s. a day, in the event of such sickness as entirely incapacitates the member from performing his ordinary duties, or to double these sums if the double premium has been paid. In the event of protracted sickness, he is entitled to £1. 1s. or £2. 2s. a week for 26 successive weeks, after which, if he be still disabled, he may receive sick-pay at the rate of 10s. 6d. or £1. 1s. a week for 26 weeks more, and then to a constant pension of £20. 9s. 6d., or of £40. 19s. per annum, till recovery or death. If disablement recurs within six months after a recovery, the previous weeks of sickness are reckoned in as if the sickness had been continuous; but if a member has been off the fund for one year, his claim revives in full. New members not admitted after the age of 45. There is also a Benevolent Fund in connection with the Society. **Members** (December 31, 1888).—87. **Assets**.—£900. Sec., Rev. G. B. Howard, Elmer's End, Beckenham.

ALPHABETICAL LIST OF FRIENDLY SOCIETIES IN THE METROPOLIS, WHICH HAVE NO BRANCHES.

(The number preceding each entry is the registered number of the Society.)

The figures as to the number of members and assets refer to the year 1885. The receipts and expenditure relate only to the Benefit Funds, and not to the expenses of management. The figures given show the total receipts and expenditure for the quinquennial period 1881-5.

3723. **AMICABLE BROTHERS' BIRMINGHAM BENEFIT SOCIETY.** Buck's Head Tavern, Chilton Street, Bethnal Green, E. Estd. 1849. Members 92. Assets £82; Rcts. £786; Expd. £749.
199. **BLACKHEATH FRIENDLY SOCIETY OF WOMEN.** 'Green Man,' Dartmouth Row, Blackheath, S.E. Estd. 1819. Members 34. Assets £4,725; Rcts. £794; Expd. £1,037.
4879. **BRENTFORD GAS WORKS PROVIDENT SOCIETY.** Gas Works, Old Brentford. Estd. 1873. Members 328. Assets £137; Rcts. £1,726; Expd. £1,644.
2359. **BRITISH HAIRDRESSERS' BENEVOLENT AND PROVIDENT INSTITUTION.** 32 Sackville Street, Piccadilly, W. Estd. 1836. Members 9. Assets £4,847; Rcts. £391; Expd. £185.
450. **CABINET MAKERS' BENEFIT SOCIETY.** 'Coopers' Arms,' Huntingdon Street, Hoxton, N. Estd. 1836. Members 27. Assets £326; Rcts. £241; Expd. £267.
4531. **CHURCH BURIAL SOCIETY OF THE PARISH OF ST. ALBAN THE MARTYR, HOLBORN.** 26 Brooke Street, Holborn, E.C. Estd. 1866. Members 121. Assets £880; Rcts. £348; Expd. £123.
4677. **CIGAR MAKERS' MUTUAL CONFINED MOURNERS' BENEFIT SOCIETY.** Club Room, Vine Court, Whitechapel, E. Estd. 1868. Members 329. Assets £134; Rcts. £181; Expd. £180.
4860. **CLOTHIERS' CUTTERS' SICK PENSION AND BURIAL BENEFIT SOCIETY.** 'City Arms,' Blomfield Street, E.C. Estd. 1834. Members 212. Assets £2,914; Rcts. £2,376; Expd. £1,685.
3715. **CLUB DES INDÉPENDANTS.** 81 Newman Street, Oxford Street, W. Estd. 1856. Members 108. Assets £272; Rcts. £667; Expd. £720.

5054. COASTGUARD LIFE INSURANCE FUND. Admiralty, S.W. Estd. 1878. Members 3,273. Assets £11,070; Rcts. £10,327; Expd. £3,008.
5089. COLUMBIA COSTERMONGERS' CLUB, LOAN AND BENEFIT SOCIETY. Brown's Lane House, Hanbury Street, Spitalfields, E. Estd. 1869. Members 56. Assets £188; Rcts. £221; Expd. £147.
5035. COSTERMONGERS AND GENERAL DEALERS' SICK AND BURIAL SOCIETY. 141 Whitecross Street, St. Luke's, E.C. Estd. 1872. Members 132. Assets £790; Rcts. £692; Expd. £398.
4170. DON COSSACK GIFT FUND FRIENDLY SOCIETY. 'Two Brewers,' Bunhill Row, St. Luke's, E.C. Estd. 1852. Members 90. Assets £200; Rcts. £547; Expd. £558.
2630. DROVERS' SICK AND BENEVOLENT SOCIETY. Drovers' Hall, Metropolitan Cattle Market, Islington, N. Estd. 1844. Members 96. Assets £1,496; Rcts. £886; Expd. £635.
2319. EAST AND WEST INDIA DOCK PROVIDENT SOCIETY. West India Docks, E. Estd. 1840. Members 1,021. Assets £7,081; Rcts. £6,900; Expd. £8,108.
5084. } ESSEX HALL PROVIDENT SOCIETY, AND JUVENILE SOCIETY. Essex
5085. } Street, Strand, W.C. Estd. 1879. Members 127. Assets £61;
Rcts. £207; Expd. £78.
570. FRIENDLY SOCIETY. 'Norfolk Arms,' William Street, Bethnal Green, E. Estd. 1717. Members 18. Assets £574; Rcts. £176; Expd. £138.
2108. FRIENDLY SOCIETY FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE WIDOWS OF THE OFFICERS OF THE HOSPITAL AND REGIMENTAL STAFF OF H.M. ARMY. Army Medical Board, 6 Whitehall Yard, S.W. Estd. 1816. Members 160. Assets £88,115; Rcts. £22,487; Expd. £15,890.
4107. GIFT AND BURIAL FUND OF THE GRAND CITY ORDER OF ODD-FELLOWS. 'Hand and Shears,' 1 Middlesex Street, E.C. Estd. 1862. Members 225. Assets £133; Rcts. £247; Expd. £255.
3395. GREAT EASTERN RAILWAY PROVIDENT SOCIETY. Bishopsgate Station, Shoreditch, E.C. Estd. 1851. Members 5,174. Assets £11,388; Rcts. £13,081; Expd. £14,656.
5088. GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY PROVIDENT SOCIETY. Great Western Terminus, Paddington, W. Estd. 1880. Members 9,144. Assets £1,937; Rcts. £52,967; Expd. £52,612.
460. GREENWICH WATERMEN'S PROVIDENT INSTITUTION. British Queen Inn, Church Street, Greenwich, S.E. Estd. 1830. Members 118. Assets, £4,571; Rcts. £1,108; Expd. £1,007.
4340. HAVELOCK NO. 2 GIFT FUND. 'Lord Palmerston,' Hewlett Road, Old Ford, E. Estd. 1864. Members 176. Assets £290; Rcts. £832; Expd. £799.
4907. HONOURABLE AND INDEPENDENT ORDER OF RECHABITES, SOUTHERN COUNTIES BROTHERHOOD. Star Coffee Tavern, 79 Wigmore Street, W. Estd. 1873. Members 140. Assets £289; Rcts. £861; Expd. £929.
1331. HOPE FRIENDLY SOCIETY OF PAINTERS AND GLAZIERS. 'Blue Posts,' Newnan Street, W. Estd. 1836. Members 130. Assets £617; Rcts. £1,313; Expd. £1,337.

3418. **HORSESHOE FUND SOCIETY.** 'Box Tree,' Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, E. Estd. 1856. Members 106. Assets £348; Rcts. £1,110; Expd. £1,072.
2255. **HOTEL AND TAVERN KEEPERS' PROVIDENT INSTITUTION.** Caledonian Hotel, Robert Street, Adelphi, W.C. Estd. 1839. (*No return.*)
2216. **JOB AND POSTMASTERS, COACH PROPRIETORS, HORSE DEALERS, AND LIVERY STABLE KEEPERS' PROVIDENT FUND.** 36 King Street, Cheapside, E.C. Estd. 1839. Members 158. Assets £24,402; Rcts. £9,408; Expd. £4,176.
1137. **KENT JUVENILE FORESTERS' FRIENDLY SOCIETY.** Zion School Room, Upper Market Street, Woolwich, S.E. Estd. 1868. Members 159. Assets £410; Rcts. £106; Expd. £81.
3996. **IMPROVED ORDER OF OLD FRIENDS WIDOW AND ORPHAN FUND.** Farringdon Hotel, Farringdon Road, E.C. Estd. 1860. Members 76. Assets £640; Rcts. £226; Expd. £250.
4856. **ISLINGTON JUVENILE FORESTERS' SOCIETY.** Unity Schools, Upper Street, Islington, N. Estd. 1873. Members 127. Assets £319; Rcts. £314; Expd. £231.
4299. **LONDON CUSTOMS WATERMEN'S BURIAL SOCIETY.** 'Star and Garter,' Arbour Square, Stepney, E. Estd. 1856. Members 145. Assets £476; Rcts. £331; Expd. £270.
2107. **LONDON DOCK FRIENDLY INSTITUTION.** Superintendent's Office, London Docks, E. Estd. 1838. Members 337. Assets £52,724; Rcts. £13,535; Expd. £8,434.
- 1146 **LONDON, BRIGHTON AND SOUTH COAST RAILWAY SERVANTS' BENEVOLENT FUND.** New Cross Station, New Cross, S.E. Estd. 1868. Members 194. Assets £228; Rcts. £199; Expd. £156.
- 1836A. **LONDON POST OFFICE SICK BENEFIT SOCIETY.** Foresters' Hall, Clerkenwell Road, E.C. Estd. 1851. Members 592. Assets £406; Rcts. £1,014; Expd. £868.
4684. **LOYAL ANCIENT INDEPENDENT ORDER OF ODDFELLOWS' SICK AND BURIAL FUND.** 'Spread Eagle,' Mortimer Street, W. Estd. 1857. Members 277. Assets £931; Rcts. £1,625; Expd. £1,726.
3361. **LOYAL PEACE AND HARMONY FRIENDLY SOCIETY OF OLD FRIENDS.** Crown Tavern, Clerkenwell Green, E.C. Estd. 1843. Members 1,475. Assets £5,862; Rcts. £9,775; Expd. £8,478.
4335. **LOYAL UNITED FRIENDS' BENEFIT SOCIETY.** 18 Princes Street, Spitalfields, E. Estd. 1871. Members 102. Assets £736; Rcts. £922; Expd. £536.
4931. **METROPOLITAN JEWISH CONFINED MOUERNING AND BURIAL SOCIETY.** 1 Middlesex Street, Whitechapel, E. Estd. 1874. Members 543. Assets £232; Rcts. £502; Expd. £456.
5026. **METROPOLITAN RAILWAY MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.** Chapel Street Works, Edgware Road Station, W. Estd. 1877. Members 1,245. Assets £311; Rcts. £5,307; Expd. £5,155.
3641. **METROPOLITAN TYPOGRAPHICAL WIDOW, ORPHAN, OR NOMINEE FUND.** 'White Swan,' 17 and 18 Temple Street, E.C. Estd. 1850. Members 460. Assets £3,222; Rcts. £405; Expd. £400.
3659. **MUTUAL BENEFIT ASSOCIATION OF OIL AND COLOURMEN, DRUGGISTS AND DRYSALTERS.** 'City Arms,' Blomfield Street, E.C. Estd. 1846. Members 74. Assets £1,219; Rcts. £1,235; Expd. £1,119.

15. **NEW UNITED BROTHERLY SOCIETY.** White Swan Inn, Blackheath Road, Greenwich, S.E. Estd. 1788. Members 97. Assets £1,229; Rcts. £1,004; Expd. £1,566.
5093. **NON FREEMEN OF THE RIVER THAMES ACCIDENT RELIEF SOCIETY.** Star and Garter Tavern, Arbour Street East, Stepney, E. Estd. 1880. Members 25. Assets £51; Rcts. £70; Expd. £51.
640. **NORMAN SOCIETY.** 'Oxford Arms,' St. Peter Street, Hackney Road, E. Estd. 1703. Members 60. Assets £2,872; Rcts. £676; Expd. £497.
4704. **NORTH LONDON JUVENILE FORESTERS.** National School, Park Lane, Tottenham. Estd. 1869. Members 247. Assets £129; Rcts. £479; Expd. £488.
3804. **NORTH LONDON RAILWAY PROVIDENT SOCIETY.** Bow Road Works, Bow, E. Estd. 1859. Members 624. Assets £4,565; Rcts. £5,941; Expd. £4,418.
5101. **NORTON FOLGATE FRIENDLY UNION SOCIETY.** 'The Dolphin,' 85 Church Street, Bethnal Green, E. Estd. 1880. Members 43. Assets £300; Rcts. £246; Expd. £217.
550. **ORDNANCE MARINE BURIAL SOCIETY.** Shipping Office, Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, S.E. Estd. 1835. Members 48. Assets £226; Rcts. £56; Expd. £116.
3078. **ORIGINAL UNITED FRIENDLY SOCIETY OF COOKS AND CONFECTIONERS.** 'Bedford Head,' Maiden Lane, Covent Garden, W.C. Estd. 1826. Members 174. Assets £761; Rcts. £1,531; Expd. £1,929.
2144. **PHENIX PHILANTHROPIC SOCIETY OF PAINTERS AND GLAZIERS.** 'Spread Eagle,' Mortimer Street, Middlesex Hospital, W. Estd. 1822. Members 138. Assets £473; Rcts. £1,437; Expd. £1,603.
4910. **PHOTOGRAPHERS' BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION,** 181 Aldersgate Street, E.C. Estd. 1874. Members 79. Assets £192; Rcts. £143; Expd. £31.
5091. **PIONEER TOTAL ABSTINENCE BENEFIT SOCIETY.** Edinboro' Castle Coffee Palace, Rhodeswell Road, Limehouse, E. Estd. 1880. Members 143. Assets £234; Rcts. £839; Expd. £590.
5113. **POPLAR HAND AND HEART SICK BENEFIT SOCIETY.** 1 Bedford Terrace, Bedford Street, Poplar, E. Estd. 1880. Members 30. Assets £46; Rcts. £160; Expd. £123.
3068. **PORTLAND TOWN BURIAL SOCIETY.** British Stores, New Street, St. John's Wood, N.W. Estd. 1840. Members 186. Assets £324; Rcts. £232; Expd. £195.
4040. **PORTMAN CHAPEL BENEFIT SOCIETY.** 43 East Street, Manchester Square, W. Estd. 1858. Members 175. Assets £1,052; Rcts. £1,577; Expd. £1,256.
1836. **POST OFFICE EMPLOYÉS' FRIENDLY BURIAL SOCIETY.** Foresters' Hall, Clerkenwell Road, E.C. Estd. 1832. Members 686. Assets £619; Rcts. £2,395; Expd. £2,594.
5104. **PRINCESS ROYAL BOY FORESTERS' SOCIETY.** Co-operative Hall, 452 Commercial Road, E. Estd. 1880. Members 123. Assets £78; Rcts. £106; Expd. £41.
5110. **PRINCESS VICTORIA SICK AND BURIAL SOCIETY.** 'Anchor and Hope,' Jamaica Street, Commercial Road, E. Estd. 1880. Members 55. Assets £349; Rcts. £352; Expd. £356.

292. PROTESTANT UNION SOCIETY FOR THE BENEFIT OF WIDOWS AND ORPHANS OF PROTESTANT MINISTERS AND TEACHERS. Memorial Hall, Farringdon Street, E.C. Estd. 1799. Members, 211. Assets, £63,491; Rcts. £15,525; Expd. £9,320.
329. PROVIDENT SOCIETY. Aldersgate Ward School Room, E.C. Estd. 1806. Members 179. Assets £4,767; Rcts. £2,221; Expd. £1,151.
406. PURSUERS OF PEACE. Joseph's Coffee House, St. James's Place, Aldgate, E.C. Estd. 1797. Members 106. Assets £395; Rcts. £276; Expd. £280.
3497. REGISTRAR'S AND GENERAL ASSURANCE SOCIETY. 7 Furnival's Inn, W.C. Estd. 1856. Members 58. Assets £541; Rcts. £677; Expd. £983.
558. ROYAL ARSENAL BURIAL SOCIETY. Mechanics' Institute, Royal Arsenal, Woolwich, S.E. Estd. 1845. Members 298. Assets £722; Rcts. £262; Expd. £291.
1012. ROYAL ARSENAL CIVIL SERVICE BURIAL SOCIETY. 15 Richmond Place, Plumstead, S.E. Estd. 1864. Members 156. Assets £384; Rcts. £206; Expd. £151.
866. ROYAL ARTILLERY SOCIETY FOR THE BENEFIT OF WIDOWS OF OFFICERS. Royal Artillery Institution, Woolwich, S.E. Estd. 1770. Members 116. Assets £61,833; Rcts. £19,107; Expd. £11,104.
833. ROYAL CARRIAGE DEPARTMENT BURIAL SOCIETY. Inverness Arms Inn, Plumstead, S.E. Estd. 1828. Members 135. Assets £300; Rcts. £188; Expd. £120.
489. ROYAL LABORATORY BURIAL SOCIETY. Royal Laboratory, Woolwich, S.E. Estd. 1772. Members 449. Assets £804; Rcts. £499; Expd. £335.
3769. ROYAL OAK BIRMINGHAM BENEFIT SOCIETY. 'Red Lion,' Spicer Street, E. Estd. 1846. Members 128. Assets £312; Rcts. £1,118; Expd. £1,111.
3628. SADDLERS' AND HARNESS MAKERS' AMICABLE BENEFIT SOCIETY. 5 Upper St. Martin's Lane, W.C. Estd. 1851. Members 104. Assets £2,923; Rcts. £998; Expd. £472.
5099. SCHOOL BOARD SCHOOL KEEPERS' MUTUAL BENEFIT SOCIETY. Board School, Saffron Hill, E.C. Estd. 1877. Members 100. Assets £216; Rcts. £311; Expd. £180.
5112. SHAKSPEARE PROVIDENT BENEFIT SOCIETY. 118 Drury Lane, W.C. Estd. 1880. Members 42. Assets £5; Rcts. £286; Expd. £286.
32. SIR WALTER RALEIGH FRIENDLY SOCIETY. 'Duke of York,' Wenlock Street, New North Road, N. Estd. 1713. Members 25. Assets £233; Rcts. £26; Expd. £37.
2888. SONS OF AMITY FRIENDLY SOCIETY. 'Suffolk Arms,' Boston Street, Hackney Road, E. Estd. 1849. Members 100. Assets £411; Rcts. £1,347; Expd. £1,416.
1762. SOUTH LONDON DISTRICT PAST GRANDS LODGE FRIENDLY SOCIETY. Conquering Hero Tavern, Upper Grange Road, Bermondsey, S.E. Estd. 1880. Members 172. Assets £332; Rcts. £214; Expd. £80.
4911. ST. ANDREW'S TEMPERANCE BURIAL SOCIETY. 20 Little St. Andrew's Street, St. Martin's Lane, W.C. Estd. 1873. Members 161. Assets £227; Rcts. £130; Expd. £60.
4343. ST. JOHN'S TEMPERANCE SOCIETY. 39 Hatton Wall, E.C. Estd. 1853. Members 235. Assets £394; Rcts. £130; Expd. £96.

5103. **ST. PANCRAS HAND-IN-HAND FRIENDLY SOCIETY.** St. Pancras Goods Station, Midland Railway Co., Agar Town, N.W. Estd. 1880. Members 76. Assets £15; Rcts. £550; Expd. £566.
4598. **STAR GIFT FUND SOCIETY.** 32 Coronet Street, Old Street, E.C. Estd. 1858. Members 116. Assets £282; Rcts. £673; Expd. £581.
3774. **STAR-IN-THE-EAST BIRMINGHAM BENEFIT SOCIETY.** 'Royal Oak,' Columbia Road, Hackney Road, E. Estd. 1855. Members 175. Assets £326; Rcts. £1,162; Expd. £1,171.
5108. **STEPNEY DISTRICT EAST GRANDS LODGE FRIENDLY SOCIETY.** Bromley Arms Tavern, Fairfield Road, Bow, E. Estd. 1880. Members 97. Assets £76; Rcts. £100; Expd. £36.
943. **TAILORS' FRIENDLY BENEFIT SOCIETY.** Congleton Arms Inn, Maxey Road, Plumstead, S.E. Estd. 1854. Members 37. Assets £418; Rcts. £281; Expd. £169.
2156. **UNITED AND FRIENDLY FISHMONGERS' AND POULTERERS' TRADE SOCIETY.** Britannia Tavern, Bishopsgate Street, E.C. Estd. 1833. Members 144. Assets £370; Rcts. £460; Expd. £505.
4481. **UNITED BRETHREN SOCIETY.** 8 Great Alie Street, Whitechapel, E. Estd. 1856. Members 151. Assets £483; Rcts. £1,081; Expd. £982.
3504. **UNITED BROTHERS' SOCIETY.** 'Bonner's Arms,' Bonner Street, Bethnal Green, E. Estd. 1855. Members 139. Assets £324; Rcts. £1,062; Expd. £996.
3328. **UNITED BROTHERS' SOCIETY.** 'Old King John's Head,' Mansfield Street, Kingsland Road, E. Estd. 1850. Members 81. Assets £463; Rcts. £880; Expd. £931.
129. **UNITED BROTHERS' BENEFIT SOCIETY.** Golden Lion Inn, Sydenham, S.E. Estd. 1820. Members 13. Assets £76; Rcts. £120; Expd. £173.
4307. **UNITED CHRISTIAN SICK AND BURIAL SOCIETY.** School Room, Methodist Free Church, Jubilee Street, Stepney, E. Estd. 1864. Members 145. Assets £547; Rcts. £1,047; Expd. £1,013.
1967. **UNITED FRIENDLY SOCIETY.** 'Crown and Anchor,' Temple Street, Hackney Road, E. Estd. 1763. Members 109. Assets £905; Rcts. £687; Expd. £547.
3725. **UNITED FRIENDLY BENEFIT SOCIETY.** 'King's Arms,' Abbey Street, Bethnal Green, E. Estd. 1844. Members 102. Assets £157; Rcts. £728; Expd. £713.
78. **UNITED FRIENDS' BENEFIT SOCIETY.** Princess of Wales Inn, Grove Street, Deptford, S.E. Estd. 1805. Members 24. Assets £146; Rcts. £170; Expd. £216.
3103. **UNITED PROVIDENT INSTITUTION.** Red Lion Hill, East Finchley, N. Estd. 1847. Members 591. Assets £8,234; Rcts. £4,843; Expd. £3,229.
1800. **UNITED SOCIETY OF IRONMONGERS.** 23 Regina Road, Finabury Park, N. Estd. 1826. Members 518. Assets £1,099; Rcts. £5,355; Expd. £3,620.
1292. **WEST KENT JUVENILE FORESTERS' SOCIETY.** 46 Reginald Road, Deptford, S.E. Estd. 1873. Members 175. Assets £100; Rcts. £28; Expd. £13.
4868. **WORMWOOD SCRUBS AND MILLBANK PRISONS MUTUAL BENEFIT SOCIETY.** Wormwood Scrubs Prison, W. Estd. 1873. Members 135. Assets £338; Rcts. £534; Expd. £479.

XII. TRADE SOCIETIES.

THIS section includes all the Metropolitan Trade Unions contained in Part C, Appendix I., of the Report of the Registrar of Friendly Societies for the year ending December 31, 1887, which gives the latest available information. It also includes particulars relating to a few trade associations which are not registered under the Acts. In cases where detailed information has not come to hand, the Society has been placed in the shorter list (pp. 833-4). The details of income, &c. in that list refer to the year 1887, and are based upon the Report referred to above. Where no figures are given it must be understood that the Union has failed to make a return.

SICK FUND UNION (1851).

Object.—'The passing of free members of sick funds from one office to another, thus enabling them to become members in any office belonging to the Union without going through the usual probation. Each sick fund to be guided by its own rules, which shall not be interfered with in any particular.' **Management.**—By delegates from each office of the Sick Fund Union. Number of Funds in Union, 61, comprising about 3,600 members. Sec., Mr. Geo. Painter, 40 Cowper Road, South Hornsey, N.

CENTRAL BRANCH OF THE SICK FUND UNION ().

Object.—'A fund to which all free members of sick funds in connection with the Sick Fund Union, who may be employed in offices not belonging to the Union, or who may be out of employment, shall pay their subscriptions until they obtain employment in an Union office.' **Subscription,** 3d. a week. **Benefits.**—When sick 10s. a week for first six weeks, and 5s. a week for six weeks longer; at death, £4 to widow, nominee, or next-of-kin. **Management.**—By Committee of ten representative members. **Income** (1887-8).—Members' contributions, £104, from Sick Fund Union, £15; fines and death levy, £11. **Members.**—Average, 160. **Relieved** (1887-8).—Sick cases, 47; deaths, 2. Sec., Mr. George Painter, 40 Cowper Road, South Hornsey, N.

LONDON SOCIETY OF COMPOSITORS. Office, 3 Racquet Court, Fleet Street, E.C.

Objects.—To protect the wages of labour, to provide funds for assistance of unemployed and superannuated members, insurance of members' clothes and tools against fire, assistance to members emigrating or removing, payment of sums of money on death of member or member's wife, and to maintain a library and reading-room for use of members. The district of the Society extends within a radius of 15 miles of the G.P.O. **Management.**—Vested in a Committee, trustees, officers, &c. **Admission.**—Every compositor working as a journeyman, &c., in a fair house, or who can prove his right so to work, is eligible. Entrance fee, 5s., half on

entrance, remainder in three months; but journeymen of less than three months, who have served their apprenticeship in London, are not called upon to pay the entrance fee, and London apprentices in the last year of their time may also join the Society without paying entrance fee.

Contributions and Benefits.—Contributions, 8d. per week. Members of 10 years' standing, over 60 years, unable by reason of infirmity, &c. to earn 20s. per week, pay 3d. per week, and members under 60, who are likewise unable to earn 20s. per week, also pay 3d. per week. Members holding removal cards, 3d. per week. Sick and superannuated members pay 1d. per week. Persons joining the Society at age of 30 and under 35, are subject to a two years' probation before being entitled to the Provident Benefit; 35 and under 40, three years; 40 and under 45, four years; 45 and upwards, five years.

Remuneration Benefit.—Any member relinquishing his situation at direction of the Committee receives weekly: (a) Those who have paid for last 13 weeks' employment the sum of 8s. 8d. receive 25s. per week; (b) those who have paid the sum of 3s. 3d. receive 15s. per week—in both cases for 10 consecutive weeks; maximum period allowed for remuneration, 26 weeks. (c) Members of less than three months' standing receive compensation according to decision of the Committee.

Unemployed Members' Benefit.—Any free member out of work is entitled to payments of money not exceeding £9. 12s. in one year.

Loss from Fire Benefit.—Members receive compensation according to the extent of their loss, provided that not more than £1 be paid as indemnification for such loss.

Funeral Benefit.—At death of any member of three years' membership, £4 is payable to nominee, widow, &c., and for every additional year's consecutive membership £1 is paid until the maximum of £15 is reached. On death of member's wife, one-third of the allowance which his widow would be entitled to at member's death is paid.

Emigration Benefit.—Any member of two years' standing £3; three years, £5; four years, £7; five years, £8; six years, £9; seven years and upwards, £10.

Superannuation Benefit.—(1) Any person 55 years of age who has been a member for 20 consecutive years, and who is unable, through age or infirmity, to earn the sum of 15s. per week, 4s. per week; 25 years' membership, 5s. per week. (2) Any person totally incapacitated from again following his trade, irrespective of age, but who has been a member for 15 consecutive years, 4s. per week; 20 years, 5s. per week; 30 years, 6s. per week. (3) Any member placed on superannuation forfeits his claim to unemployed benefit, removal grant and emigration benefit, and pays a uniform subscription of 1d. per week.

Removal Grant Benefit.—Any member leaving London, after three months' membership, and being clear on the books, is entitled to a removal card. Any member of one year's standing requiring assistance to leave London receives with his card 10s.; two years, 20s.; three years, 30s.; four years and upwards, 40s.

Income (1887).—Members' contributions, &c., £11,646; invested funds, £625; other sources, £77.

Members.—7,025. Sec., C. J. Drummond.

AMALGAMATED ASSOCIATION OF PRESSMEN (1834).

'The George,' East Harding Street, E.C.

Object.—To protect the wages, and to advance the interest of the pressmen of London. **Management.**—Vested in a Committee and officers. **Admission.**—Every journeyman pressman of fair character is eligible. Entrance fee: On completion of apprenticeship, 2s. 6d.; after, 5s. Pressmen over 45 pay a monthly subscription of 1s., and are not entitled to unemployed pay. **Contributions and Benefits.**—Each member pays

2s. per month. *Unemployed Pay.*—Each member joining previously to completion of his 45th year, is entitled, when unemployed, to an allowance of not more than £4 in 12 months—i.e. 10 weeks at 8s. per week. *Funeral Allowance.*—Varies according to age at time of entry; maximum amount £8. **Members.**—250. **Income (1887).**—£322. Bankers, Birkbeck and P. O. Savings Bank. Treas., Mr. H. J. Neale; Sec., Mr. Peacock, 'The George,' East Harding Street, New-street Square, E.C.

LONDON CONSOLIDATED SOCIETY OF JOURNEYMEN BOOKBINDERS, 20 Kirby Street, Hatton Garden, E.C.

Object.—To maintain and protect the rights and privileges of the trade; to provide relief for members out of work, or leaving London in search of employment; to allow a weekly pension to old and infirm deserving members unable to earn their livelihood, and to grant to such worthy members as may be visited with bodily sickness the privilege of soliciting the Society by petition. **Management.**—By a representative Committee of 7 members, president and secretary, divided into financial and annual. **Admission.**—Bookbinders of London and vicinity who have served seven years' apprenticeship are eligible; and anyone son of a bookbinder is entitled to membership at 21 years of age, without serving an apprenticeship, providing two free members will vouch for his being a bookbinder's son, of proper age, and a competent workman. Entrance fee: if joining within three months after expiration of apprenticeship, 10s. 6d.; after that time, £1. 1s., payable at not less than 1s. 6d. per week. **Contributions and Benefits.**—2s. 3d. per month, also payment to petitions not exceeding 1s. per month, payable in advance. Free membership at 12 months. Free member out of work is entitled to 12s. per week for any 10 weeks in year, and 10s. for five days' signings, but must sign the claimant's book once a day. *Sick Benefit.*—Privileges of petition under the following rules: must have been a three years' free member; after petition is granted, member receives £1 per week until he can resume employment, or the full amount is reached, viz. £15. In case of death of free member before he can petition, his widow or young children may claim the £15. Member after receiving petition cannot claim again for five years from first grant. *Travelling Benefit.*—After one week's signing of the book, £2. 10s.; two weeks, £2; three weeks, £1. 10s. **Pensioners.**—Shall not exceed six in number, four of whom must have been paying members of 25 years, and these latter shall receive 3s. per week. The two extra pensioners must have belonged for 30 years, and shall receive 3s. 6d. per week. **Total Number of Members.**—906. **Total Receipts (1887).**—Members' contributions, £1,810. **Total Expenditure.**—£1,870. Sec., Mr. H. R. King.

AMALGAMATED SOCIETY OF TAILORS.

Object.—To raise funds to support members in sickness, and superannuation; to provide for burial of members and their wives; assist them while travelling in search of work; and to protect and further the general interests of the trade. **Management.**—By an executive representative Council and trustees. **Admission.**—(1) Apprentices in last year of their apprenticeship may enter on payment of 1s., and regular subscriptions. (2) Any tailor under 25 years, 2s. 6d. entrance fee, rising 6d. per year until 40; under 41, entrance fee, 11s., rising 1s. per year till 50 years. (3) Tailors over 50 may be admitted by paying 5s. entrance fee, and 4½d. weekly contributions. **Contributions and Benefits.**—7d. per week entitles to all benefits; 4½d. per week all except sick benefit. Person over 50 years, joining and paying as above, £6 on his death is paid to next of kin or nominee; £2 on death of wife; but if she die first,

his friends can only receive £4; and he is entitled to trade and travelling benefits after six months' membership, but not to sick and superannuation. *Trade Benefit*.—Money may be advanced from the permanent fund to assist branches. *Protection Benefit*.—Leaving employment under satisfactory circumstances, 15s. per week after one month's membership; under one month, 10s. per week. *Travelling Benefit*.—Whilst on travel, any free member, 1s. 4d. per diem; after three months' and under six months' membership, 4d. per day only. *Sick Benefits*.—Any free member falling sick or lame (not caused by drunkenness, &c.), as follows: first 13 weeks, 10s. per week; second 13 weeks, 8s. per week; third 13 weeks, 6s. per week; fourth 13 weeks, 4s. per week. Should sickness continue, 3s. 6d. per week till recovery. *Superannuation*.—Any member 60 years of age, 20 successive years in Society, unable to follow his trade on an equality with other workmen, 5s. per week till death; same age and only 12 years' membership, 2s. 6d. per week till death. *Funeral Benefit*.—On death of six months' member, his next of kin or nominee is entitled to £6; 12 months' member, £10. Death of wife of six months' member, £4, but if this has been paid during member's life, £6 only can be claimed at his death. If member over 50 years when entered: on his death, £6; wife's death, £2; if member has buried his wife, £4. **Total Number of Members** (1887).—14,305. (Out of this, 2,200 are London members.) **Income** (1887).—£19,496. Sec., West London district, Daniel Clark, Crown Tavern, Haddon Street, Regent Street, W.; Sec., Eastern Central district, Carl Ernst Fricke, 'Brown Bear,' Leman Street, Whitechapel, E.

AMALGAMATED SOCIETY OF BOOT AND SHOE-MAKERS. Office, 7 Burton Crescent, W.C.

Object.—To raise funds for advancement and maintenance of wages and the establishment of workshops, to relieve members in search of employment and during sickness, and the burial of members and their wives. **Management**.—By a representative Council and trustees. **Admission**.—All journeymen working at any branch of the trade can be admitted. Young men joining within three months after serving apprenticeship are admitted free. **Contributions and Benefits**.—1½d. per week meeting all trade benefits, except funeral, which is 8d. extra per quarter. *Superannuation Benefit*.—After 55 years of age and 20 years in Society, if member is unable to hold average seat of work, &c., he can apply to the Union and claim superannuation. *Compensation Benefit*.—For loss of seat of work through resisting reduction of wages against the interest of the Union, or otherwise, a sum not exceeding £2. *Support on Strike*.—12s. per week for 10 weeks; or if single and preferring to travel, £1; if married 5s., wife 5s., and 2s. a week for each child under 13, for 10 weeks. *Travelling Benefit*.—A travelling book is issued containing 20 reliefs; amount of relief 1s. 6d. in provincial towns, 2s. in London. *Funeral Benefit*.—£5 on death of member, £3 on death of member's wife (after six months' membership). Widow, by paying 8d. per quarter, may claim £3 for her interment. **Income** (1887).—£1,663. **Members** (1888).—4,320. General Sec., Kenneth M'Crae.

NATIONAL UNION OF OPERATIVE BOOT AND SHOE RIVETTERS AND FINISHERS (1874).

Object.—Establishment of a central fund for support and advancement of wages; establishment of healthy workshops, and of a uniform rate of wages; to abolish assistants and control the system of apprentices; reduction of hours of labour; to raise funds for the mutual support of members in sickness, and for burial of deceased members and their wives;

to introduce industrial co-operation in the trade ; and to assist members when on travel. **Management.**—Each branch is governed separately by a Committee and officers, and the whole controlled by a General Council, &c., re-elected every two years. **Admission.**—Anyone working at the trade is eligible. The entrance fee is 1s. **Contributions and Benefits.**—Contributions are 6d. per member, paid weekly, which entitles the members to the following : *Trade Benefit.*—The sum of 12s. per week when resisting the reduction of wages with the sanction of the Council. 'Should the member leave the town on dispute and is married, a sum of 6s. per week is paid to the wife, together with 3d. per day for each child under the age of 13, for 14 days ; half-pay for any period beyond. Upon leaving a town a married man receives 5s. and a single man 10s., with a travelling book, value £2. A member offered a reduction and being instructed to cease work pending an investigation of the matter in dispute, will receive 3s. per day for all time so lost. 'Should a member lose his seat of work through any action taken on behalf of the Union, compensation is granted for the loss sustained. Union bond notes to the amount of £5 are issued to all clear members on application.' *Sick and Funeral Benefits.*—'Each financial member, in case of sickness, receives 12s. per week for 12 weeks. In the case of the death of a member, his relatives, or his wife (if married), receive the sum of £8 ; or on the death of a member's wife, the member shall receive the sum of £4 ; or a single man, who is the sole support of a widowed mother, shall at her death receive the same amount.' **Members (1888).**—17,779 ; London branch, 1,766. **Income (1887).**—Trade department, £2,537 ; sick and funeral department, £2,382. Sec. (London branch), C. Freak, 103 Scawfell Street, Hackney Road, E.

AMALGAMATED SOCIETY OF HOUSE DECORATORS AND PAINTERS (1873). 2 Whitefriars Street, E.C.

Object.—To protect the interest of the trade and to offer to members assistance in sickness, when on strike or lock-out, and in case of accident ; and funeral money on death. **Management.**—By a representative Committee. **Contributions and Benefits.**—*Sick Benefit Members.*—All healthy men, called 'benefit members,' contributing according to the following scale : under 25 years of age 6d. per week, under 30 years, 6½d., under 35 years, 7d., under 40 years, 7½d., 45 years, 8d. per week for 12 months, will be entitled to receive in sickness 12s. per week for 13 weeks, and after that 6s. per week for 13 weeks longer, with £10 at death, and in addition 10s. per week when on strike or lock-out, and £50 accident benefit ; when a member six months he will be entitled to £4 funeral money, besides other important trade benefits. These benefits are increased when three or five years in the Society. *Trade Members.*—All painters not desiring to join the above portion, may join the trade part of the Association, and by the payment of entrance fee and contribution according to the following scale : under 35 years of age, 3d. per week, under 45 years, 3½d., under 50, 4d. per week for 12 months, be entitled to receive 10s. per week during a strike or lock-out, and special turn-out benefit, and if not over 50 years of age will be entitled to £5 at death, and £25 accident benefit ; after 50 years men may become members and receive all the ordinary trade benefits, but not the funeral benefit of £5. Should any free trade member meet with an accident whilst following his trade which disables him for work, he is also entitled to the sum of 10s. per week for thirteen weeks. **Entrance Fees.**—Trade members, 2s. 6d. ; trade and benefit members, 5s. **Members (1888).**—1,100. **Assets (1888).**—£2,265. General Sec., George Shipton.

GENERAL LABOURERS' AMALGAMATED UNION (1872), 102 Stamford Street, S.E. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To procure for members, by honourable means, the full value of labour; to shorten hours of labour; to provide funds during strike; and to give assistance in case of accident, and funeral allowance at death. **Management.**—Vested in an Executive Council of nine members, a president, and general secretary. **Admission.**—All builders' labourers, including navvies, workers in the iron trade, or other manufacturing such as gasworks, brickfields, engineer shops and foundries, and all other unskilled labourers, of whatever age, are eligible. Entrance fee: under 45 years, 1s. 6d.; 45 years and under 50, two-thirds more; above 50 years, 3s. **Contributions and Benefits.**—Members joining under 50 years pay 2d. per week to the Accident and Funeral Fund, and 1d. per week to the Strike Fund; over 50 years, 1d. per week to the Funeral Fund (ensuring £3 at death). **Strike Benefit.**—8s. per week. **Sick or Accident Benefit.**—10s. per week for 13 weeks; 5s. per week for next 13 weeks; and 2s. 6d. for 12 months. **Funeral Benefit.**—£8 at member's death, if less than 10 weeks in arrears; if otherwise, £4; and £4 for member's wife in the first case, £2 in the second. **Members.**—2,700.

OPERATIVE BRICKLAYERS' SOCIETY (1848), 46 Southwark Bridge Road, S.E.

Object.—To provide funds to support its members in case of sickness, accident, or superannuation; to give assistance to members out of work, promote their general welfare, trade rights and privileges, and provide for burial of members and their wives. **Management.**—By an Executive and General Council and a General Secretary. **Admission.**—Every bricklayer who furnishes satisfactory evidence that he is in good health, and has worked at the trade, is eligible. Entrance fee, 5s. **Contributions.**—7d. per week up to 30; 7½d. up to 35; 8d. up to 40; 9d. up to 45 years, and every member when he has completed one year of membership, and paid either of these rates for a year, will be free, and entitled to sick pay, accident grant, superannuation pay, funeral and trade benefits. Those admitted from 45 up to 55 years of age are *over-aged members*, who pay 3d. per week, and are entitled only to the trade and funeral benefits. **Benefits.**—From the time a branch is opened, all members will be entitled to support to maintain the established wages and trade customs in the district, as per Rule 31; also *Travelling Benefit* when free, 1s. 6d. at each station. **Sick Benefit.**—12s. per week for 13 weeks; 8s. per week for the next 13 weeks, and 4s. 6d. per week for the next year and a half, and 3s. per week for the remainder of illness. **Accident Benefit.**—When permanently afflicted with blindness or from paralysis or through injuries from an accident while working at the trade, £50; also, when injured while employed, through an accident at the builder's works, a further sum of £50 allowed for legal expenses to establish a just claim for compensation for such injuries and loss of employment. **Superannuation Benefit.**—Any member 55 years of age, who has paid contributions for 15 years, 4s. per week; if a member 20 years, 5s. per week; if a member 25 years, 6s. per week; and if a member 30 years, 8s. per week. Aged and infirm members may work for any wages they can obtain. **Funeral Benefit.**—£15 when free and paid 12 months' contributions. To free and overaged members, only £6. **Optional Sick Pay.**—For *twopence* extra per week, when free, an extra 4s. for 13 weeks; 3s. per week for the next 13 weeks, and 2s. per week for the next year and a half, and 1s. per week for the remainder of illness. **Assets** (Dec. 31, 1888).—£35,730. General Sec., Edwin Coulson.

COPPERSMITHS' SOCIETY. Members, 230. Mr. C. Rogers, 77 Railton Road, Herne Hill, S.E.

FRIENDLY SOCIETY OF IRONFOUNDERS. General Office, 200 New Kent Road, S.E.

Object.—To assist members in case of want of employment, injury by accident, &c.; superannuation, sickness, and burial of its members and their lawful wives; and the promotion of their trade interests and general welfare. **Management.**—Each branch under separate management; the governing branch is managed by an Executive Committee. **Admission.**—Any ironfounder, in good health and qualified to get his living at the trade, on being proposed and seconded, after due inquiry, and producing certificate of birth, and a doctor's certificate, may be elected. Entrance fee, 2s. 6d. on proposal, and 5s. 6d. on admission, as part entrance fee; the remaining portion of entrance fee to be paid in 25 equal fortnightly instalments. (This remainder of entrance fee rises according to age: at 20 years it is 15s., and for every succeeding year about 1s. is added, till at 41 years it is £2. 12s.) **Contributions and Benefits.**—1s. per week, subject to all levies in addition; but members above 36 years of age pay 1d. per week besides, increasing yearly with their age $\frac{1}{4}$ d. a week, till at age of 41 it is 2 $\frac{1}{4}$ d. per week. Second-class members pay 8d. (and all other levies in addition); third-class, at option, 6d. a week, not entitling to superannuation benefit, or 8d. entitling to such benefit (and all accident levies in addition). **Donation Allowance.**—A member suspended from work for six consecutive days, not owing to his own misconduct, &c., shall be entitled as follows: first 13 weeks, 9s. per week; second 13 weeks, 8s. per week; next 26 weeks, 7s. per week; after donation has ceased, 1s. per week, if not working at any other occupation. After 12 months' donation, or any part thereof, a member must work nine weeks at the trade in order to come on full benefit again. No member can in one year receive more than £18. 17s. either in donation or sick, or in both donation and sick benefit. **Travelling Allowance.**—Each two years' member when on travel shall receive 1s. 4d. per diem for five days, and 2s. 4d. on the sixth day, to continue for 13 weeks (the extra 1s. each week is stopped and booked as contribution); after 13 weeks, 1s. 2d. per diem for five days, 2s. 2d. for the sixth (the extra 1s. stopped as before), to continue for 13 weeks. If out of work for more than six months, 10d. per diem for 5 days, and 1s. 10d. on sixth (the extra 1s. stopped, &c.), to continue for 26 weeks. After 12 months the donation must cease, but he may be allowed a blank card, which entitles him to a bed at each club-house, and one for Sunday once in three months, and a day's donation for every 25 miles he may be from the next branch. **Members going Abroad.**—Members leaving the United Kingdom must give notice to secretary of his branch, and must pay up all contributions, fines, &c., before sailing. If he leaves before being a two years' member, he must continue to pay remainder of his entrance and contributions. Two years' members pay 12s. yearly on going abroad (in advance); to those under two years, 12s. will be charged on completion of two years. On failure to pay within first three months after going abroad, and within every two years successively afterwards, member excluded. No member entitled to any benefit while absent from the United Kingdom. **Superannuation.**—Any member 60 years of age, and having ceased to work at the trade, who has paid into the Society as a first-class member 30 years and under 35, 5s. per week; 35 to 40 years, 6s. per week; 40 years and upwards, 7s. 6d. per week. **Accidents.**—Any free or 12 months' member disabled by accident, or through apoplexy,

blindness, &c., &c., shall be on the sick fund 12 months, then, after due investigation, shall receive £50 in one payment; in cases of total blindness, £100. *Sick Benefit*.—Any first or third-class 12 months' member rendered incapable through sickness (not occasioned by drunkenness, &c.), and who has complied with the usual rules, shall receive according to the following scale: first 13 weeks, 9s. per week; second 13 weeks, 8s. per week; next 26 weeks, 6s. per week; afterwards, 3s. per week as long as sickness continues. *Funerals*.—At death of first or third class member, 12 months in Society, £10 to widow, nominee, or other person entitled to receive it; at death of wife of first or third class member, 12 months in Society, £5 (for one wife only); at death of first or third class member, if widow remain single, her representative on her death, providing she pays 1s. per quarter, will receive £5; widows not claiming this privilege, by omitting to pay their quarterage within three months, will be excluded. At death of a second class member, £5 funeral allowance, but no allowance on death of wife. Arrears of deceased members are stopped out of funeral allowance. *Local Benevolent Fund*.—Established at option of each branch for local purposes, such as relief of distress, &c. *Dispute Benefit*.—For six weeks to members oppressed, a man 11s. a week, a wife 2s. a week, and each child not in employ, under 13 years of age, 1s. a week; at end of six weeks, same allowance for wife and children for eight weeks longer. *Income* (1887).—£46,259. *Total Number of Members*.—11,718. *Total Benefits*.—£38,705. Sec., Mr. William Henry Hey.

FARRIERS' PROTECTION SOCIETY (PERMANENT AMALGAMATED). Office, The Rose Inn, Old Bailey, E.C. (*No recent information.*)

Object.—To protect its members in all trade matters, and to relieve the aged and incapacitated by a superannuation allowance. *Management*.—By a representative Committee. *Admission*.—Members on admission pay 1s. *Contributions and Benefits*.—Members pay 2d. per week. *Trade Protection Benefit*.—If member shall have left his employment according to the laws, he is entitled to the full benefits of the Society—namely, 3s. per day for 12 weeks, or £10. 16s. in all. *Superannuation Benefit*.—Members of seven years' standing, 4s. per week so long as infirmity continues. Not more than two for every 100 members to be on superannuation list at one time. *Members*.—228. Sec., Z. Fiordie.

AMALGAMATED SOCIETY OF ENGINEERS. General Offices, 90 Blackfriars Road, S.E.

Object.—By uniting to promote and further the well-being and prosperity of the trade; to offer to members the advantages of donation when out of work, assistance in sickness, accident, and old age; to provide for the burial of members and their wives. *Management*.—By a representative Council. *Admission*.—Any member of the engineering trade is eligible. Entrance according to the following scale: Not exceeding 25 years of age, 15s., increasing with the year at rate of 2s. extra for each year till 30 years is reached; at 31, entrance is £1. 7s., increasing at rate of 3s. per year till 34 years is reached; at 35 years, entrance is £2, increasing at rate of 4s. a year till 40 years is reached, when entrance is £3. *Contributions and Benefits*.—Contribution, 1s. per week. *Donation Benefit*.—Free member thrown out of employment under satisfactory circumstances, 10s. per week for 14 weeks, 7s. per week for 20 weeks, and 6s. per week as long as he remains out of employment, making a total of £19. 18s. in the year. *Sick Benefit*.—Free member

falling sick (not occasioned by drunkenness, &c.), 10s. per week for 26 weeks, 5s. per week for rest of illness. *Superannuation Benefits*.—Any member 55 years of age who has been 25 successive years in Society, and through old age is unable to obtain ordinary rate of wages, 7s. per week; 30 years in Society, 8s. per week; 35 years, 9s. per week; and 40 years, 10s. per week till death. *Accident Benefit*.—Free member not more than 16s. in arrears, disabled by accident (not result of intemperance, &c.), and unable to follow any branch of his trade, £50, if 10 years or less a member; over this, £100. *Funeral Benefit*.—Death of free member, £12 to widow or next-of-kin; if wife of member die first, he can draw £5, leaving £7 for his own burial. *Benevolent Fund*.—Grants are made from time to time. Sum already expended up to date (1880), £46,875. *Members*.—Admitted during 1888, 4,814; total on books, December 31, 1888, 53,740. *Income* (1888).—£189,732. *Balance in hand* (1888).—£158,769. General Sec., Robert Austin.

BARGE BUILDERS' TRADE UNION (1869), 46 Southwark Bridge Road, S.E.

Object.—To raise a fund to assist its members or others when out of employment, or meeting with an accident whilst actually at work, or loss of tools by fire or shipwreck, and to provide a sum of money to be paid on death of member or wife. **Management**.—A representative Committee and trustees. **Admission**.—Limit of age, 40 years. Must have served seven years' apprenticeship, and be receiving at least 6s. 6d. per working day of 10 hours; member working at a less rate (without consent of Committee) is only entitled to funeral benefit. Election by vote. Entrance fee, 2s. 6d.: 1s. on proposal, remainder on election. **Contributions and Benefits**.—8d. per week for the first 12 months, after which 1d. for such days as member is at work. Full benefits at 12 months; but no member entitled to out-of-work benefit, accident, or loss of tools benefit whose contribution is more than six weeks in arrears, nor to death benefit if more than 13 weeks in arrears. Member owing more than 12 months' contributions may, after due notice, be erased from the list. **Out of Work Benefit**.—Free member, 1s. 8d. per diem, not less than three successive days, nor more than 96 days, in any 12 months. **Accident Benefit**.—If actually engaged at the time as a barge builder, and incapacitated from working, 10s. per week for 12 weeks. **Loss of Tools Benefit**.—By fire or shipwreck, a sum not exceeding £5, or less than 10s. **Funeral Benefit**.—Member's death, £5; member's wife's death, £3. **Income** (1888).—£261. **Assets** (1888).—£360. **Members** (1888).—170. Sec., W. C. Steadman.

CABINET MAKERS' ASSOCIATION (ALLIANCE), 3 Mitre Square, E.C. (*No recent information.*)

LONDON WEST END CABINET MAKERS' SOCIETY (Local), 'The Wheatsheaf,' 25 Rathbone Place, Oxford Street, W. (*Rules under revision.*)

Secretary, Mr. A. Cole.

AMALGAMATED SOCIETY OF RAILWAY SERVANTS. General Offices, 306 City Road, E.C.

Object.—To improve the condition and protect the interests of all classes of railway servants, to maintain reasonable hours, fair rate of wages, promote a good understanding between employer and employed, &c., to provide temporary assistance to members out of work, legal assistance when necessary, to aid young orphan children of those

killed by accident or dying natural deaths, to provide a grant of money to members permanently disabled or killed by accident, or when, by reason of old age, unable to follow their regular employment.

Management.—General management by a representative Committee; supreme government of the Society by a representative Annual General Meeting.

Admission.—Any person permanently employed on a railway in Great Britain or Ireland, 18 years of age, after being proposed and seconded by two free members, may be admitted. Entrance fee, 1s., paid before proposal.

Contributions and Benefits.—Each admitted member shall pay 5d. per week, which entitles to all benefits (except funeral and sick benefit), as follows: Donation, legal assistance, superannuation, movements and management benefit, 3½d. per week; protection fund benefit, 1d. per week; orphan fund, ½d. per week. A member leaving the employ of a railway company and following any other employment shall still be entitled to all benefits of Society (except protection fund), so long as he remains a member and acts in conformity with the rules. When absent from the country member is suspended from benefit.

Superannuation (old age).—Members 60 years of age and of 20 years' standing are entitled to £20.

Disability by Accident.—If at time of accident member has been 12 clear months in Society, and the Committee is satisfied as to the validity of claim, £20. If accident results in death within one month, above does not apply, £5 only being paid to widow or nearest relative.

Legal Assistance.—Any six months' member is entitled to this benefit, provided always that the necessity for such assistance has not sprung from drunkenness, wilful neglect of duty, or by any criminal act, &c.

Donation Benefit.—Any six months' member discharged from employment (so long as his discharge was not result of drunkenness or misconduct) shall be entitled as follows: first 10 weeks out of work, 10s. per week; second 10 weeks out of work, 5s. per week. After 20 weeks' donation a member must work 26 weeks before being again entitled.

Loan to Member.—A member on donation obtaining work shall have 3rd class fare advanced to him and a sum of from 1s. to 10s., repayable by instalments.

Travelling Relief.—Each member on travel and in receipt of donation shall receive: first 10 weeks, 1s. 6d. per diem for five days, 2s. 6d. for sixth; second 10 weeks, 8d. per diem for five days, 1s. 8d. sixth day.

Protection Fund.—First object: Allowance of 15s. weekly, or lump sum of £50, to individual members discharged for Society duty. If a member obtains work at a reduced rate, or is reduced in service for cause given above, allowance not exceeding 10s. per week is granted, to continue only one year. Second object: To assist labour movements. Members unemployed in consequence of taking part in dispute sanctioned by Society receive allowance of 12s. per week, or 2s. per diem, and additional 1s. per week for each child under 12 years. Third object: Assisting members to emigrate during or after a dispute. A sum not exceeding £10, to any member unemployed, may be granted to assist in emigrating from the United Kingdom or Ireland to the Colonies, or any distant country.

The Orphan Fund.—Supported by weekly contributions (given above), donations and subscriptions obtained from the public, and by proceeds of branch anniversaries, entertainments, collections, &c.

Benefit to Orphans.—Any member, not 16 weeks in arrears, being killed by accident when at work, or dying from natural causes, and leaving any children under 13 years:—First child, 3s.; second, 1s.; third, 1s.; fourth, 6d.; each other, to the seventh, 6d. per week, till it attains its thirteenth birthday. No family of orphans, during mother's lifetime, shall receive more than 7s. per week from fund. Money is payable to mother or guardian. Orphans are visited by the

Secretary or other officer, and their treatment reported on. Special help and attention is given to motherless and friendless orphans who may be purchased into homes. If mother remarry, the children cease to be entitled to the benefit; if the mother be guilty of immorality the Executive Committee have power to withhold payment of benefit while children remain with her, but to apply the sum if separated from her. *Sick and Burial Fund*.—This is an optional fund. Scale of contributions and benefits :—

Age next birthday of member joining	Entrance Fee	CLASS A.	CLASS B.
		To provide 6s. per week for 20 weeks, and 4s. per week for 20 weeks more during sickness, and £3 at member's death, a member shall pay	To provide 10s. per week for 20 weeks, and 6s. 6d. per week for 20 weeks more during sickness, and £5 at member's death, a member shall pay
19 to 30	1s.	3d. per week.	5d. per week.
31 to 38	1s.	3½d. „	6d. „
39 to 45	1s.	4d. „	7d. „
46 to 50	1s.	5d. „	8½d. „

In cases of accident, temporarily hindering from work, a member shall receive full benefit for 40 weeks, and half benefit for 20 weeks more, with 1s. addition in Class A, and 1s. 6d. in Class B, for the joint period of 60 weeks, provided always that injured member is unable to resume any kind of work. In case of death from an accident received on duty, the funeral allowance shall be : Class A, £6; Class B, £10. **Total Number of Members** (Dec. 1887).—10,830. **Receipts** (1887).—Members' contributions, £10,420; interest on invested funds, £1,623; subscriptions, &c., in aid of orphan fund, £1,057. **Expenditure** (1887).—£16,404. **Assets** (1887).—£62,186. General Sec., Edward Harford.

SOCIETY OF WOMEN EMPLOYED IN BOOKBINDING (1874), Industrial Hall, Clark's Buildings, Broad Street, Bloomsbury, W.C.

Object.—To maintain and protect the rights and privileges of the trade, and to grant to free members relief when out of work or ill. **Admission**.—Any person above 16 years working at any branch of bookbinding is eligible as a member. Two members must recommend a candidate, and vouch that she is a competent workwoman. Entrance fee, 1s.; subscription, 2d. a week. Free membership after 12 months. Out-of-work or sick benefit, 5s. a week for eight weeks in one year. **Management**.—By Committee of 10 members elected annually.

SOCIETY OF UPHOLSTERESSES (1875), Industrial Hall, Clark's Buildings, Broad Street, Bloomsbury, W.C.

Object.—'To maintain and protect the rights and privileges of the trade, and to grant relief to such members as may be out of work, or disabled by sickness.' **Admission**.—Every person over 16 and under 60 years of age, working at any branch of the trade, is eligible. Candidate must be recommended by two members, who must vouch that she is a competent workwoman. Entrance fee, 2s., which may be paid by instalments of 4d. per week; subscription, 2d. a week. Members are entitled to full benefits after having been 12 months in the Society. Free member out of work, or disabled by sickness (except confinements), receives 5s.

a week. No member can receive more than six weeks' benefit during one year. At death of member a levy of 6d. per member is made, and the estimated amount of it is paid to the nominee within one week. **Management.**—Committee of 13 members of the Society, elected annually by the members. **Members.**—51. Treasurer, Frederick Verney, Esq.; Sec., Miss Mears.

SOCIETY OF WOMEN EMPLOYED IN SHIRT, COLLAR, AND UNDERLINEN MAKING (1875), Industrial Hall, Clark's Buildings, Broad Street, Bloomsbury, W.C.

Object.—'To maintain and protect the rights and privileges of the trade, and to grant relief to such members as may be out of work or disabled by sickness, and to regulate the relations between members and their employers.' **Admission.**—Candidate must be 16 years of age or over, work at some branch of the trade, and be recommended by two members who vouch for her being a competent workwoman. Entrance, 1s., which may be paid by weekly instalments of 4d. Subscription, 2d. or 3d. a week. No person considered a member until full entrance fee and one week's subscription paid. Free membership after twelve months' payments, which may be paid by double subscriptions in six months. Sick benefit (except confinements), 5s. a week. No member to receive more than eight weeks' benefits in one year. Not exceeding £2 may be paid to member's nominee on death. An employment register is kept. **Management.**—Committee of nine women in the trade, elected annually by members. **Income.**— . **Members.**—350. Sec., Mrs. Houlton.

WESTMINSTER AND PIMLICO TAILORESSES' TRADE UNION (1879), Stanley House, 2 Chapter Street, Westminster, S.W.

Treasurer, Miss Simcox; Hon. Sec., Miss Geary.

EAST LONDON TAILORESSES' UNION (1879), School House, St. Jude's, Commercial Street, E.

Treasurer, David F. Schloss, Esq.; Hon. Sec., Miss R. Mariner.

WOMEN'S TRADES UNION PROVIDENT LEAGUE (1874), Industrial Hall, Clark's Buildings, Broad Street, Bloomsbury, W.C.

Object.—'Aiding in the formation of independent, self-managed trade and benefit societies—that is trade unions—among women working for wages.' Connected with the League there is a circulating library, a 'Woman's Union Journal,' a reading-room, and a union bank and co-operative society; also a swimming club. **Admission.**—Persons desirous of instituting societies obtain advice and assistance by applying to the Committee through the Hon. Secretary, either personally or by letter. The library, reading-room, &c., are open to members of societies connected with the League. Payment for admission to reading-room, for non-members, ½d. The year's subscription to the 'Women's Union Journal' is 1s. 6d., including postage. Payment by members of societies for use of library, 6d. a quarter. Non-members (women), 9d. a quarter. **Management.**—By Council, and Committee elected by Annual Meeting of subscribers. **Income** (1888-9).—Voluntary contributions, £191; rent of office, £22; sales of journals and papers, £12. Societies connected with the League, 11; average number of members in each society, 150. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank, Chelsea. Treasurer, Miss M. E. Abraham, 76 Sloane Street, S.W.; Sec., Miss Clementina Black.

- AMALGAMATED BRITISH SEAMEN'S PROTECTION SOCIETY** (1868), Trafalgar Hotel, Leman Street, E. (*No return.*)
- LONDON FURNITURE JAPANNERS' TRADE UNION** (1871). Lockhart's Coffee House, Old St., E.C. Funds, £144. Income, £28. Members, 26.
- ORGAN BUILDERS' AMALGAMATED TRADE SOCIETY** (1865). 'Royal Standard,' Frederick Street, Hampstead Road, N.W. Funds, £35. Income, £15. Members, 16.
- LONDON SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKERS' TRADE PROTECTION SOCIETY** (1872). 5 Upper St. Martin's Lane, W.C. Funds, £1,851. Income, £399. Members, 475.
- NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF OPERATIVE PLASTERERS** (1873). 12 Dartmouth St., Westminster. Funds, £1,968. Inc., £1,936. Members, 1,532.
- LONDON WOOD AND TIN PACKING CASE MAKERS' TRADE SOCIETY** (1872). 'Sash and Cocoa Tree,' Whitecross Place, Wilson Street, E.C. Funds, £641. Income, £520. Members, 341.
- STONE CARVERS' TRADE SOCIETY** (1873). 'Green Man,' St. Martin's Lane, W.C. Funds, £430. Income, £53. Members, 55.
- EAST LONDON PAINTERS' TRADE UNION** (1854). 'George the Fourth,' Ida Street, Poplar, E. Funds, £1,310. Income, £132. Members, 244.
- LONDON PAPER STAINERS' BENEVOLENT SOCIETY TRADE UNION** (1861). 'White Horse,' Fann St., E.C. Funds, £745. Inc., £134. Members, 142.
- CAXTON PRINTERS' WAREHOUSEMEN'S ASSOCIATION** (1873). Falcon Tavern, Gough Sq., E.C. Funds, £258. Inc., £67. Members, 85.
- TAILORS' MUTUAL ASSOCIATION** (1873). 'Black Eagle,' Brick Lane, E. Funds, £429. Income, £252. Members, 200.
- AMALGAMATED SOCIETY OF STATIONARY ENGINE DRIVERS AND STOKERS** (1873). Farringdon Hotel, Farringdon Road, E.C. Funds, £277. Income, £91. Members, 62.
- GOLDSMITHS AND JEWELLERS' TRADE ASSOCIATION** (1872). Cross Keys Tavern, Theobalds Road, W.C.
- AMALGAMATED SOCIETY OF TIN-PLATE WORKERS** (1875). 'Cogers' Hall,' Bride Lane, E.C. Funds, £694. Income, £1,634. Members, 626.
- AMALGAMATED CABDRIVERS' SOCIETY** (1874). 26 Bouverie Street, St. James's, S.W. Funds, £33. Income, £164. Members, 84.
- PERSEVERANCE SOCIETY OF CARPENTERS AND JOINERS** (1860). Duke of Sussex Tavern, Pierrepoint Row, Islington Green, N. Funds, £436. Income, £66. Members, 77.
- SOUTH LONDON OPERATIVE PAINTERS AND DECORATORS' SOCIETY** (1876). Jamaica Tavern, Jamaica Level, Rotherhithe, S.E. Funds (Dec. 31, 1880), £34. Income, £15. Members, 12.
- LONDON OPERATIVE ZINC WORKERS' SOCIETY** (1853). Tolmer's Square Institute, Drummond St., N.W. Funds, £517. Inc., £135. Members, 85.
- SOUTH LONDON SOCIETY OF OPERATIVE PLASTERERS** (1876). St. George's Tavern, Lambeth Rd. Funds, £10. Income, £46. Members, 29.
- PROGRESSIVE UNION OF CABINET MAKERS** (1877). 272 Old Street, St. Luke's, E.C. Funds, £180. Income, £148. Members, 120.
- WOOLWICH SOCIETY OF HOUSE PAINTERS AND DECORATORS** (1877). 'Duke of York,' Woolwich. Funds, £312. Income, £62. Members, 19.
- LONDON COACH MAKERS' TRADE UNION** (1844). 'Green Man,' 57 Berwick Street, W. Funds, £493. Income, £372. Members, 145.
- LONDON UNITED POTTERS' TRADE SOCIETY** (1878). 'Coach and Horses,' Broad St., Lambeth. Funds, £399. Inc., £205. Members, 104.

- LONDON UNION OF LITHOGRAPHIC MACHINE MINDERS (1879).** Farringdon Hotel, Farringdon St. Funds, £263. Inc., £478. Members, 224.
- UNITED ORDER OF GENERAL LABOURERS OF LONDON (1879).** 'King's Head,' Tenison Street, Belvedere Road, Lambeth, S.E. Funds, £152. Income, £46. Members, 64.
- AMALGAMATED SOCIETY OF LIGHTERMEN AND WATERMEN OF THE RIVER THAMES (1879),** Trafalgar Hotel, Leman Street, E. Funds, £403. Income, £460. Members, 403.
- METROPOLITAN TRADE SOCIETY OF OPERATIVE PLASTERERS (1880).** Sunderland Arms Inn, Great Mays Buildings, St. Martin's Lane, W.C. Funds, £725. Income, £111. Members, 114.
- LONDON UNITY OF HAMMERMEN (1881).** 'The George,' George Street, Southwark, S.E. Funds, £222. Income, £108. Members, 108.
- LONDON CENTRAL ASSOCIATION OF HOUSE DECORATORS AND PAINTERS (1882).** 'City of Hereford,' Cleveland Street, W. Funds, £202. Income, £32. Members, 67.
- PERSEVERANCE CABINET MAKERS' ASSOCIATION (1882).** 'The Crown,' 62 Cleveland St., W. Funds, £118. Income, £89. Members, 34.
- LONDON TIN CANISTER AND TINMEN'S TRADE SOCIETY (1883).** Bell Tavern, Church Street, Houndsditch, E. Funds, £132. Income, £50. Members, 38.
- LONDON CUTLERS AND SURGICAL INSTRUMENT MAKERS' SOCIETY (1883).** 'Old St. John's Gate,' Clerkenwell.
- LONDON STEREOTYPERS AND ELECTROTYPERS' SOCIETY (1883).** Falcon Tavern, Gough Sq. Funds, £616. Income, £134. Members, 168.
- TAILORS AND OUTFITTERS' ASSISTANTS' MUTUAL ASSOCIATION (1883).** 'Star and Garter,' St. Martin's Lane, W.C. Funds, £92. Income, £110. Members, 134.
- LONDON AMALGAMATED CHIMNEY SWEEPS' TRADE UNION (1884).** Crown Tavern, 1 Burdett Buildings, Hackney Road, E. Funds, £46. Income, £20. Members, 14.
- AMALGAMATED SOCIETY OF CHIPPERS AND DRILLERS OF LONDON AND DISTRICT (1884).** Greenwich Pensioner Inn, Bow Lane, Poplar, E.
- ALLIANCE FRENCH POLISHERS (1886).** Green Man Inn, Berwick Street, Oxford Street, W. Funds, £133. Income, £108. Members, 110.
- WINDOW GLASS CUTTERS' TRADE AND BENEFIT SOCIETY (1886).** Queen's Arms Inn, Queen St., Cheapside. Funds, £48. Inc., £46. Members, 54.
- BILLIARD ASSOCIATION (1887).** 40 Fleet Street, E.C.
- JOURNEYMEN HATTERS (1887).** 43 Lambeth Rd. Funds, £2,374. Inc., £298.
- LONDON MILLERS (1887).** 6 Boundary Row, Blackfriars, S.E. Funds, £98. Income, £40. Members, 34.
- VELLUM ACCOUNT BOOK BINDERS (1887).** 17 Devonshire Square, Bishopsgate, E. Funds, £1,956. Income, £724. Members, 409.
- UNITED STICK AND CANE DRESSERS (1887).** Well and Bucket Inn, Bethnal Green Rd., E. Funds, £95. Income, £126. Members, 64.
- HAMMERMEN'S UNITY (1887).** Queen's Head Inn, York Sq., Ratcliffe. E.
- OPERATIVE STONEMASONS (1887).** 4 Stamford Street, Blackfriars, S.E.
- LITHOGRAPHIC ARTISTS (1887).** 52 Fleet Street, E.C.
- HEBREW CABINET MAKERS (1887).** 69 Brick Lane, Spitalfields, E.
- WIRE WORKERS (1887).** Crown Inn, Kirby Street, Hatton Garden, E.C.
- FANCY LEATHER WORKERS (1887).** Blue Last Inn, Dorset Street, E.C.

XIII.—REGISTRY OFFICES.

*• It had been proposed to provide a list of reliable Servants' Registries, which would have been of great use to the almoner. Unfortunately, it has been found impossible to make out a list that could be relied on as trustworthy. It is very difficult to ascertain the character of many registries, and they not infrequently change hands, the original name being retained. Under these circumstances, only such registries as are attached to Charitable Institutions are mentioned. Generally speaking, it will be found that other institutions, similar to those which are here given, provide situations and employment for their inmates and others, and employers may find their requirements met on application to them. (See 'Homes for the Employed,' pp. 281 to 291; 'Homes for Children,' pp. 293 to 386; 'Shelter,' p. 429; 'Social and Physical Improvement,' pp. 567 to 607; 'Employment,' pp. 608 to 612.)

MEN AND BOYS.

INDUSTRIAL AND RAGGED SCHOOLS, AND HOME FOR WORKING BOYS, Maida Hill (see p. 282).

Includes in its operations a free registry for errand boys of the neighbourhood.

HOUSEBOY BRIGADE AND INDUSTRIAL PRINTING WORKS (see p. 298).

Householders may hire boys to clean boots and shoes, knives, door-steps, &c.; also as pages for carriage work, &c.

ST. ANDREW'S HOME AND CLUB FOR WORKING BOYS (see p. 281).

ITALIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY (see p. 467).

Those wanting clerks with knowledge of foreign languages, music, &c., translators, waiters, interpreters, &c., may apply to the Society.

MISSION OF THE FRENCH PROTESTANT CHURCH IN BAYSWATER (see p. 492).

Registry office for tutors and men servants.

MEN AND WOMEN'S COLLEGE (see p. 601).

WORKING LADS' INSTITUTES, Whitechapel (see p. 604).

CORPS OF COMMISSIONAIRES (see p. 611).

ARMY AND NAVY PENSIONERS' EMPLOYMENT SOCIETY (see p. 611).

NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE EMPLOYMENT OF RESERVE AND DISCHARGED SOLDIERS (see p. 611).

GIRLS AND YOUNG WOMEN.

ST. GEORGE'S (HANOVER SQUARE) CHARITY ORGANISATION COMMITTEE, 48 Buckingham Palace Road, S.W.

A register is kept of persons suitable for casual and light employment, such as charwomen, needlewomen and caretakers. Only persons of certified good character are entered. List is open for inspection by employers from 10 to 4 daily, at a charge of 6d. Names of persons who are eligible for regular registry offices will not be received.

YOUNG WOMEN'S INSTITUTE UNION AND CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION (*see* p. 585).

Includes registries for young women of good character, engaged or seeking employment in houses of business.

CAMBRIDGE LADIES' ASSOCIATION IN AID OF YOUNG SERVANTS (*see* p. 353).

A free registry for young servants.

ST. JOHN'S TRAINING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, Westbourne Park, W. (*see* p. 366).

Ladies requiring servants may apply at this School.

SERVANTS' TRAINING INSTITUTION, Clapham (*see* p. 367).

Ladies requiring servants may apply at the Institution.

FEMALE SERVANTS' HOME SOCIETY (*see* p. 436).

Homes in various parts of London, at each of which there is a registry for servants.

GOVERNESSES' HOME AND REGISTRATION AGENCY (*see* p. 292).

A registration agency in full operation.

FOREIGN GOVERNESSES' HOME AND AGENCY (*see* p. 291).

SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING FEMALE WELFARE (*see* p. 583).

METROPOLITAN ASSOCIATION FOR BEFRIENDING YOUNG SERVANTS (*see* p. 584).

GIRLS' FRIENDLY SOCIETY (*see* p. 588).

Registries exist in connection with the 'Lodges' of this Society.

INTERNATIONAL UNION OF FRIENDS OF YOUNG WOMEN (*see* p. 585).

MILDMAY MISSION (*see* p. 477).

MISSION OF THE FRENCH PROTESTANT EVANGELICAL CHURCH IN BAYSWATER (*see* p. 492).

Registry office for foreign governesses and servants.

LADIES' ASSOCIATION FOR THE CARE OF FRIENDLESS GIRLS (*see* p. 593).

CHURCH OF ENGLAND WOMEN'S HELP SOCIETY (*see* p. 599).

MEN AND WOMEN'S COLLEGE (*see* p. 601).

ST. PETER'S HOME AND SERVANTS' REGISTRY, Chelsea (*see* p. 435).

SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING THE EMPLOYMENT OF WOMEN (*see* p. 608).

WESTMINSTER WORKING WOMEN'S HOUSE (*see* p. 608).

GENTLEWOMEN'S SELF-HELP INSTITUTE (*see* p. 610).

Provides a registry for governesses, companions, &c.

GUILD OF AID IN HOME DUTIES, Bath (*see* p. 366).

PORTLAND TOWN ASSOCIATION FOR UNITED WORK AMONG THE POOR (*see* p. 475).

GOVERNESSES' BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION (*see* p. 801).

GENERAL DOMESTIC SERVANTS' BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION, 32 Sackville Street, W. (*see* p. 767).

XIV.—SAVINGS BANKS IN THE METROPOLIS.

Trustee Savings Banks (of which a list follows) are authorised to invest their funds in public securities, but it is important to bear in mind that the Government do not in any way guarantee the soundness of any particular bank. Deposits receive interest at the rate of £2. 10s. per cent. per annum.

The smallest sum which can be deposited is one shilling. Interest commences when the sum amounts to £1.

Limitation of Deposit.—The total investments on any single account (except on behalf of enrolled Friendly Societies, Provident or Charitable Institutions, or Penny Savings Banks) must not exceed £30 in any one financial year. The total deposit must not exceed £150 principal money, and when, by accumulation of interest, it amounts to £200, the interest ceases. As soon, however, as the deposit is, by drafts upon it, reduced to less than £200, interest again is paid. When a depositor has closed his account, he can deposit again during the same year as if he were a new depositor. No person may be a depositor (except as a member of a Friendly Society or as a trustee) in two Savings Banks at the same time.

Minors.—Deposits are received from minors. Minors under 7 sign by proxy, but cannot withdraw till they reach that age. Between the ages of 9 and 14 they must appear at the Bank upon every withdrawal.

Friendly Societies (legally established) may deposit in the name of their officers, for the time being, the whole or any part of their funds.

Provident or Charitable Institutions, and Penny Savings Banks, can invest any part of their funds not exceeding £100 in any one year, or £300 in the whole, exclusive of interest; and they may also, with the consent of the Commissioners of the National Debt, under certain regulations, invest these funds in such banks to any amount.

Withdrawal of Deposits.—Depositors wishing to withdraw must attend personally with the deposit book, or by a note in writing authorise some other person to attend, and sign the notice for the sum required, which sum will be payable after the expiration of a week, or at such other time as the manager may appoint.

Married Women.—Deposits may be received from married women, or from women who may afterwards marry, and their receipt is a good and sufficient discharge to the managers, unless notice in writing is given to the manager by the husband, requiring payment to himself.

The Banks are closed on Good Friday, Easter Monday, Whitsun Monday, first Monday in August, Christmas Day, and the day after; and also from about the 20th November till the first business day in December.

Name of Savings Bank	Year in which business commenced	Office hours
Bloomsbury (30 Montague Street, W.C).	1817	Monday, 9 a.m. to 12 noon; Wednesday and Saturday, 6 to 9 p.m.
Brentford	1818	Tuesday, 12 noon to 2 p.m.
Camberwell	1816	Monday.
" Branch at Peckham		Monday and Saturday.
Camden Town, Camden Street, N.W.	1839	Monday, 7 to 9 p.m.
Chelsea, 140 King's Road, S.W.	1819	Monday, Thursday, 12 noon to 3 p.m.; Monday, Saturday, 6 to 9 p.m.
East London, 328 Commercial Road East, E.		Daily (except Wednesday, Thursday), 7 to 9 p.m.
Finsbury and City of London, Sekforde Street, E.C.	1816	Monday, Wednesday, 6 to 9 p.m.; Tuesday, Friday, 11 a.m. to 2 p.m.
City Branch, 97 Cheapside, E.C.		Monday, Wednesday, Saturday, 11 a.m. to 2 p.m.
Islington Branch, Upper Street, N.		Monday, 6 to 9 p.m.; Thursday, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.
Hackney	1818	Monday.
Lambeth, Hercules Buildings, S.E.	1818	Monday, 9 a.m. to 8 p.m.; Wednesday, 10 a.m. to 8 p.m.; Saturday, 6 to 8 p.m.
Limehouse, Dixon Street, Salmon's Lane.	1816	Monday, Saturday, 6 to 8 p.m.
London Provident Institution, Blomfield Street, Moorfields.	1816	Monday to Friday, 11 a.m. to 3 p.m.; Saturday, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m. and 5 to 8 p.m.
Poplar, Town Hall, Newby Place, E.	1816	Monday, 5.30 to 8 p.m.
Provident Institution, St. Martin's Place, W.C.	1816	Daily, 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.; Saturday, 6 to 9 p.m.
St. Clement Danes, 40 Norfolk Street, Strand, W.C.	1830	Monday, Saturday, 7 to 9 p.m.; Tuesday, 11 a.m. to 2 p.m.
St. James', Westminster, Vestry Hall, Piccadilly, W.	1855	Monday, 11 a.m. to 2 p.m.; Saturday, for deposits only, 7 to 9 p.m.
St. Leonard's, Shoreditch, 4 Kingsland Road, E.	1842	Monday, Tuesday, Saturday, 6 to 8 p.m.
St. Marylebone, 76 Welbeck Street, W.	1830	Daily, 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.; Monday, Saturday, 6 to 9 p.m.
St. Pancras, St. Marylebone, and N.W. London, 113 Charlotte Street, Fitzroy Sq., W.	1825	Monday, 11 a.m. to 1 p.m.; 6 to 9 p.m.; Wednesday and Saturday, 7 to 9 p.m.
Tower Hamlets, 14 Osborn Street, Whitechapel, E.	1819	Monday, 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.; Saturday, 6 to 9 p.m.
Uxbridge	1816	Tuesday, 12 noon to 2 p.m.
West London, 79 Farringdon Street, E.C.	1837	Monday, 12 noon to 2 p.m.; Monday, Tuesday, Saturday, 7 to 9 p.m.
Westminster, City of, Sessions House, The Sanctuary, S.W.	1838	Wednesday, Saturday, 7 to 9 p.m.

Besides the above, there are the **Post Office Savings Banks**, which are all in connection with the Government. Depositors in them receive

interest at the rate of £2. 10s. per cent. per annum. Particulars concerning them may be obtained at any post office.

Penny Banks.—A Penny Bank forms a branch of the work of almost all the 'Missions' dealt with on pp. 468 *et seq.*

THE NATIONAL PENNY BANK, LIMITED (1875).

Chief Office.—Open daily, from 9 a.m. to 9 p.m., 59 Victoria Street, Westminster.

Evening Branches.—Open every evening, 6.30 to 9.0 :—

- No. 1. *Bermondsey*.—252 Old Kent Road, S.E.
2. *Brompton*.—112 Brompton Road, S.W.
3. *Clerkenwell*.—Corner of St. John's Square, W.C.
4. *Hackney*.—359 Mare Street, E.
5. *Hackney Road*.—195 Hackney Road, E.
6. *Lambeth*.—26 Blackfriars Road, S.E.
7. *Marble Arch*.—435 & 437 Oxford Street, W.
8. *Paddington*.—257 Edgware Road, W.
9. *Shoreditch*.—15 Great Eastern Street, E.C.
10. *Soho*.—89 St. Martin's Lane, W.C.
11. *Stepney*.—376 Commercial Road, E.
12. *Elephant and Castle, Walworth*.—58 Walworth Road, S.E.
13. *Westminster*.—59 Victoria Street, Westminster, S.W.

SUPPLEMENT.

Particulars of the following Institutions were not received in time for insertion in their proper places in the *Register*.

CLAPHAM MATERNITY HOSPITAL (1889), 74 Jeffreys Road, Clapham, S.W.

Object.—The reception of poor married women during confinement, and also of unmarried women with their first child when recommended by some responsible person as having led an otherwise respectable life. In connection with the Hospital there is a school of midwifery for female students from the London School of Medicine for Women. **Admission.**—On payment of 5s. a week (married women), 10s. (unmarried women). Private patients are received at £2. 2s. per week. No letters required. **Management.**—Finance Committee of ladies to audit accounts, Visiting Physician, and Resident House Surgeon (lady). The Hospital is under the sole charge of fully qualified medical women. **Income** (1889, May–August).—Voluntary contributions, £279; patients' payments, £17; training fee, £10. **Patients.**—18; ten beds. Bankers, London and South-Western Bank, Stockwell Branch. Treasurer and Hon. Sec., Miss M. Ritchie, 131 Clapham Road.

INVALID CHILDREN'S AID ASSOCIATION (1888), 18 Buckingham Street, Strand, W.C.

Object.—The supervision and assistance of the invalid and crippled children of the London poor. The work is chiefly carried on by visitors, each of whom takes charge of one or more children, who thus receive the benefits resulting from their personal ministrations, together with benefits of other kinds, obtained for the most part by the free expenditure of time or money, or, very frequently, of both. Under this head would come matters such as nursing care; special medical advice; medical comforts, food, warm clothing; surgical appliances and expensive dressings; the loan of spinal carriages, wheel-chairs, and perambulators; admission into hospitals, at some of which a weekly payment is necessary; admission also into homes—convalescent, training, incurable—together with 'boarding-out' in cases for which homes do not exist or are less suitable. **Admission.**—By application to the Hon. Sec. **Management.**—By a large representative Council including several medical men, ministers of various denominations, and others. The Executive Committee consists of ladies and gentlemen. **Income** (1888-9, nine months).—£270. **Patients.**—403 children on the books, March 31, 1889. Visitors enrolled, 355. Bankers, Bank of England, Burlington Gardens, W. Treasurer, Mrs. Warrington Haward, 16 Savile Row, W.; Hon. Sec., Allen D. Graham, Esq.

CAMBRIDGE HOUSE (1889), Prior Park Road, Bath.

Object.—A small home for the reception of persons of limited means suffering from stiff joints and atrophy of muscle and requiring systematic manipulation and massage. **Admission.**—Persons properly recommended by a medical practitioner can receive board, lodging, and massage nursing for £1 per week. **Management.**—By the hon. medical officers, Dr. Percy Wilde and Dr. Graham. **Income, &c.**—Home only opened July 14, 1889.

CONVALESCENT HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN, Heathborne Cottage, Bushey Heath, Herts (three miles from Harrow Railway Station).

Object.—The reception of cases not usually admitted into convalescent homes, such as caries of spine, diseases of the joints, open wounds, &c., and of other children likely to be benefited by country air, good food, and skilled nursing. **Admission.**—By application to Miss Derham, as above. No child under two years of age, and, in the case of boys, over ten, is eligible for admission. A minimum charge of 7s. per week is made for each child, and none can be received for a period of less than three weeks. **Management.**—Private, by Miss Derham.

ST. RAPHAEL'S CONVALESCENT HOME (1889), Worthing.

Object.—The reception of consumptive cases. **Admission.**—On payment of 12s. 6d. or 8s. 6d. weekly, according to the accommodation required. Lady Supt., Miss Andrew; Hon. Sec., Mrs. St. A. Horton.

ENGEDI CONVALESCENT HOME FOR WOMEN (1889), Eastern Road, Brighton.

Matron, Mrs. Seaman.

CONVALESCENT HOME (1889), Sunninghill, Chobham Common.

Matron, Mrs. Hay.

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FORM OF BEQUEST.

'I give and bequeath to the Treasurer, or
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 the name of the Institution in full*) the sum of
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 lawfully bequeathed to Charitable purposes, for
 which Legacy, the receipt of the Treasurer, or
 Treasurers, for the time being, of the said
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- 3rdly. Apprenticeship-fees and Donations towards the education and establishment in life of Children of Poor Clergymen.

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The Society is the Bible and Prayer Book Society of the Church.—It circulates each year about 600,000 of these books, or portions, in more than seventy-five languages. A large number of them are either given away or sold below cost price at a charge upon the Society's funds of more than £10,000. Grants of money were also made for the production of these books in foreign languages abroad.

It is a Church of England Tract and Pure Literature Society.—It produces and circulates works, by able writers, on science, history, and general literature, including fiction of pure and elevated character, in thorough keeping with the principles of the Church of England, and suited to all classes of readers, from the most simple to the highly educated. Its books may now be obtained from nearly all booksellers, as well as from the Society's depôts. Works of religious and other sound literature were, during the past year, distributed by sale to the amount of about £77,000, and books to the value of £8,700 were granted free to Churches, Mission Rooms, Schools, soldiers, sailors, &c.

It is a Home Church Education Society.—Its Training College for 100 School mistresses, at Tottenham (erected and started at a cost of £30,000), involves the Society in a considerable annual charge for maintenance. It voted during the year ending July 1878 £2,195. 10s. for the building and renting of Sunday Schools, and £2,203 for other works in connection with Church Education at home.

It is a Missionary Society.—It assists in the maintenance of Bishops and Clergy for the Colonial and Missionary Dioceses by contributing to permanent endowment funds in the training of candidates for Holy Orders, and in preparing Native Students for Lay Mission work in such offices as Catechists, Readers, &c. Grants amounting to £1,500 have lately been made towards the endowment of the Sees of the Falkland Isles and Rockhampton; £2,500 towards Clergy Endowment Funds for the Dioceses of British Columbia and Trinidad; £2,500 for Theological Studentships abroad; £2,000 for Native Lay Mission Agent Studentships; £1,000 for the Foreign Translation Fund; and £5,000 for extending Medical Mission work in the East. Twenty-six Students of various nationalities are maintained with the assistance of the Society in Theological Colleges in preparation for Holy Orders, and 68 Natives are also being trained for Lay Mission work.

It is a Church and School and College Building Society for the Colonial and Missionary Dioceses.—It contributed £6,582 for the erection of 121 buildings for Church purposes in India, Australia, New Zealand, Canada, West Indies, Africa, China, Japan, &c., in the year ending in July 1888.

It is an Emigrants' Spiritual Aid Society.—It has, during the past eight years devoted £10,000 to making provision for the spiritual and moral welfare of emigrants especially during the period from the time of their leaving their own homes to their final settlement in their new country.

It is in general the **Handmaid of the Church**; and so far as its means will allow, it gives a favourable consideration to all plans for promoting Christian knowledge throughout the world, when commended to it by those in authority in the Church.

The total amount of Grants in money and books made in the year ending March 31, 1888, was £35,675. 9s. 9d., including the charge on the Society's funds for Bibles and Prayer Books sold below cost price. The Society's liability for grants promised amounted on March 31 to £75,402. 13s. 1d. The Society's income from all sources amounted to £40,289. 16s. 7d.

Subscriptions, Donations, Church Collections, and Legacies are earnestly sought, that the Society may be able to increase its activity in proportion to the growing wants of the Church.

All Communications for the Society should be addressed to The Secretaries, S.P.C.K., Northumberland Avenue, W.C.; Remittances should be made payable to the Accountant, Mr. GEORGE WILKINS; Cheques crossed 'Goslings and Sharpe'; and Post-Office Orders drawn on the General Post Office.

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MISSION PRESSES.

Every year the whole Foreign Mission Field receives help in various ways, and Missionaries of all Evangelical Churches testify that their usefulness is largely dependent upon the activity of the Printing Presses, which are entirely, or in great part, sustained by the grants, from the Society's funds. The Society's work is thus carried on in 191 languages and dialects.

In China, Japan, India, Burmah, the Indian Archipelago, Africa, and Syria, thirty-eight Branch or Corresponding Societies and Mission Presses are directly aided.

CONTINENTAL WORK.

On the Continent of Europe a large sum is spent every year in France, Belgium, Switzerland, Italy, Spain, Portugal, Germany, Sweden, Norway, Austria, Russia, Greece, and Turkey, in aid of the production and distribution of a Protestant Evangelical Literature.

WHAT THE SOCIETY DOES AT HOME.

At Home during the current year Libraries have been granted at greatly reduced price, and in some cases entirely free, to

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- 620 Sunday and Day Schools;
- 11 Workmen's Clubs and Coffee Rooms;
- 66 Hospitals, Union Houses, Prisons, and Asylums;
- 24 Soldiers' and Sailors' Institutions;
- 157 Ministers on Ordination, and to Evangelists, £10 Library Grants on payment of £3. 15s.;
- 39 Colleges and Teachers—grants at half-price;
- 44 Emigrants.

Tract Circulation, chiefly in Great Britain, has amounted during the year to 24,590,600 copies. A very large number of these have been granted free, and the remainder at half subscriber's price—*i.e.*, 20s. worth for 7s. 6d.

EMIGRANTS CARED FOR.

To Emigrants leaving their native land nearly 14,000 packages of good reading have been distributed from London, Liverpool, Plymouth, Greenock, &c., during the year ending March 31, 1885.

MISSIONARY FUNDS.

The total amount received from subscriptions and other contributions, part payment for grants, dividends, and legacies, is £29,168. 8s. 5d., the whole of this sum being available for the missionary objects of the Society. The missionary expenditure has amounted to £41,708. 7s. 3d. The amount of grants thus exceeds the missionary receipts by £12,539. 18s. 10d., which has been supplied from the trade funds, which have also borne the entire cost of management, both of the business and missionary departments.

HOW THE FUNDS ARE USED.

All Contributions are devoted to the Missionary Work of the Society without any deduction whatever, the whole cost of management and administration being charged upon the Trade Funds.

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THE objects of the Society are:—‘The Universal Extinction of Slavery and the Slave Trade, and the Protection of the Rights and Interests of the Emancipated Populations in the British Possessions, and of all persons captured as Slaves.’

Its constitution declares, ‘That so long as Slavery exists there is no reasonable prospect of the annihilation of the Slave Trade, and of extinguishing the sale and barter of human beings; and that the extinction of Slavery and the Slave Trade will be attained most effectually by the employment of those means which are of a moral, religious, and pacific character.’

As its annual income falls considerably short of its modest requirements, the public are earnestly requested to give their support to the Anti-Slavery Society, as urged at the Jubilee Meeting held in the Guildhall, August 1, 1884, under the presidency of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales. The Society disseminates the information which it receives from the distinguished men in all parts of the world, who act as its Corresponding Members, through its Journal, THE ANTI-SLAVERY REPORTER, which is delivered gratis to all Annual Subscribers of Ten Shillings and upwards, or Donors of Five Pounds and upwards, to the Society’s funds. By means of deputations to Ministers, both English and foreign, it is able to gain the ear of the governments of the various nations throughout the world, and through Parliament and the Press it awakens public opinion.

Cheques, crossed ‘BARCLAY & Co.,’ should be made payable to the Treasurer, JOSEPH ALLEN, Esq., or to

CHARLES H. ALLEN, Secretary.

Office—55 NEW BROAD STREET,
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GOVERNESSES' BENEVOLENT INSTITUTION,

(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)

WITH POWER TO HOLD LAND BY GIFT OR PURCHASE.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF

HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY.

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R.H. THE PRINCESS OF WALES.
H. AND R.H. THE DUCHESS OF EDINBURGH.
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H.R.H. THE GRAND DUCHESS OF
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THE OBJECTS OF THIS SOCIETY ARE

Temporary Assistance to Governesses in distress, afforded privately and delicately through the ladies' Committee.

Annuity Fund.—Elective Annuities to Aged Governesses, secured on invested capital, and thus dependent of the prosperity of the Institution.

Provident Fund.—Provident Annuities purchased by Ladies in any way connected with education, on Government security, agreeably to Act of Parliament. This branch includes a Savings Bank.

A Home for Governesses during the intervals between their engagements.

A System of Registration, entirely free of expense.

An Asylum for the aged.

32 Sackville Street, London, W.

CHARLES WILLIAM KLUGH, *Secretary.*

Subscriptions and Donations will be thankfully received by Sir S. SCOTT & Co., 1 Cavendish Square; by MESSRS. DRUMMOND & Co., Charing Cross; by Messrs. WILLIAMS, DEACON, & Co., Birch Lane; by Messrs. ATCHARD & SON, 187 Piccadilly; by Messrs. NISBET & Co., 21 Berners Street; and by C. W. KLUGH, secretary, at the Office, 32 Sackville Street, W.

SUNDAY SCHOOL UNION,

56 OLD BAILEY, E.C.

ESTABLISHED 1803.

President for the Year 1888.

RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF ABERDEEN, K.G.

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UNION BANK OF LONDON, Holborn Circus Branch.

OBJECTS.

To assist in the establishment and maintenance of Evangelical Sunday Schools at home, in the colonies, and abroad.

To increase the efficiency of existing Schools by stimulating Teachers to greater exertions, providing them with suitable works for perusal, and establishing Local Examinations throughout the country.

To supply Books and Stationery to Sunday Schools at reduced prices.

To make grants of suitable Library Books to Sunday Schools at one-half, and, in some cases, one-third the full prices.

LIFE SUBSCRIBERS of £10, 10s. or upwards and ANNUAL SUBSCRIBERS are entitled to purchase the Publications of the Union at a reduction of 25 per cent.

Cheques and Post Office Orders to be made payable to Mr. JOHN E. TRESIDDER, Financial Secretary, and sent to 'Union Bank of London.'

ZENANA MEDICAL COLLEGE,

58 ST. GEORGE'S ROAD, S.W.

HAS for its object the training of Christian Ladies for Medical Mission Work in India, China, and countries where women only are allowed medically to wait on women, and is undenominational. The Curriculum is for Two Years and the Students after passing the Examination in Medicine, Surgery, and Midwifery, receive the Society's diploma. Ladies wishing to take Midwifery Course alone may do so, and take the Diploma of Obstetric Society. The year consists of Three Terms. Fees, including board, residence, and instruction, Fifty Guineas per annum, payable in advance, in three equal proportions of £17. 10s. The Committee make an earnest appeal for funds to enable them to form free or partially free Scholarships to meet the many applications they constantly receive from ladies desiring training. Donors or Collectors of 100 Guineas have the right of nominating a Student for Two Years, including board, residence, and instruction.

Chairman of Committee—SIR RICHARD TEMPLE, BART., M.P.
(Late Governor of Bombay).

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Victoria Street.

Hon. Secretary—DR. GRIFFITH.

'PAROCHIAL MISSION-WOMEN FUND.'

OFFICE: 11 BUCKINGHAM ST., STRAND, W.C.

THE object of this Fund is the employment of poor women in Mission Work amongst the poorest and most degraded class of the inhabitants of London and other large towns. They are never sent into a parish except at the written request of the Incumbent.

The mode of work is house-to-house visiting, and a special feature of it is collecting the pence of the poor, which, saved from less praiseworthy objects, are gained for clothing and necessaries of life. As a collector the Mission Woman enters into houses where she would not otherwise be admitted. She teaches purity, thrift, and cleanliness, carrying no alms, but rendering kindly offices to all who are in distress or trouble. She forms a valuable link between the clergyman and the lowest class of his people; and by her means religious and moral influence is brought to bear upon many who have hitherto rejected it in every other form.

The Association now employs 200 of these women; they are working in twenty Dioceses, but the larger number are attached to the Dioceses of London and Rochester. The savings of the poor collected by them (in very small sums) from room to room in their weekly visits amounted in 1887 to £14,781. 9s. 4½d., no bonus being added.

Treasurer—Hon. H. G. CAMPBELL.

Secretary—Miss NOBLE.

RAGGED SCHOOL UNION.

Patron—HER GRACIOUS MAJESTY THE QUEEN.

President—THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF ABERDEEN.

THE RAGGED SCHOOL UNION

ASSISTS IN THE SUPPORT OF

TWO HUNDRED AND TWO AFFILIATED RAGGED SCHOOLS AND MISSIONS,

which have a regular attendance of over Fifty Thousand of the poorest City children. The buildings are planted in the most crowded localities, and are used for Sunday and Bible Schools, Day and Infant Free Schools, Week Night Schools for rough lads and girls, Industrial Classes, Mothers' Meetings, Gospel Mission Services, Bands of Hope, Temperance Meetings, Ragged Churches, Crèches, and other Christian, Social, and Recreative agencies for relieving the wants and brightening the lives of the poor children and their parents.

Much is done also in Clothing, Feeding, Obtaining Situations, Home Visitation, and Emigration. Over Fifteen Hundred poor children have through the summer of 1887 enjoyed a fortnight's change and fresh air in the country, either in separate HOLIDAY HOMES or Country Cottages.

Contributions are Earnestly Solicited for the

GENERAL FUND (for Rent of Schools, Teachers' Salaries and General Expenses).—*Bankers: Messrs. BARCLAY & Co., 54 Lombard Street, E.C.*

HOLIDAY HOMES AND BENEVOLENT FUND (for Food, Clothing, Fresh Air for Weaklings, Day in the Country, &c.).—*Bankers: Messrs. BARCLAY & Co., 54 Lombard Street, E.C.*

SHAFTESBURY FUND (for New Buildings and Extensions).—*Bankers: Messrs. RANSOM & Co., 1 Pall Mall East, S.W.*

Money Orders should be made payable at the Post Office, 369 Strand, W.C.

Treasurer: R. C. L. BEVAN, Esq. Secretary: JOHN KIRK. Offices: EXETER HALL, STRAND.

Central Vigilance Society FOR THE REPRESSION OF IMMORALITY.

Patron: HIS GRACE THE ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY.

President: HIS GRACE THE DUKE OF WESTMINSTER, K.G.

Treasurer: THE RIGHT HON. LORD KINNAIRD.

Secretary: MR. R. C. ASHEY.

Bankers: MESSRS. BARCLAY, BEVAN, TRITTON, RANSOM, BOUVERIE, & CO., 1 Pall Mall East, S.W.

Offices: 15 YORK BUILDINGS, ADELPHI, LONDON, W.C.

THE CENTRAL VIGILANCE SOCIETY has for its objects—

- (1) To repress Immorality.
- (2) To promote the enforcement of all laws designed to check street-solicitation and suppress houses of ill-fame, the sale of immoral and indecent literature and pictures, and generally of all enactments directed against immoral offences.
- (3) To promote any needful amendments of the law in harmony with the following principles:—
 - (a) That streets and public places ought not to be made open markets of vice.
 - (b) That women as well as men are entitled to be protected from solicitation in the streets.
 - (c) That the action of the citizens ought to go hand in hand with that of the public authorities.
- (4) To assist in the protection of women and girls, and in the reclamation of the fallen.
- (5) To arouse public opinion, and to form Local Committees to assist in carrying out the above objects.
- (6) To co-operate with all kindred Societies.

THE LADIES' CENTRAL COMMITTEE has chiefly the care of furthering Object No. 4.

This Society was founded in 1883. It has formed many Local Committees.

IT IS SADLY IN WANT OF FUNDS TO CONTINUE ITS OPERATIONS.

Subscriptions and Donations will be thankfully received by the Treasurer at the Bank, or at the Society's Offices by

Mr. R. C. ASHEY, *the Organising Secretary.*

Homes for Little Boys, FARNINGHAM AND SWANLEY.

Patrons—THEIR ROYAL HIGHNESSES THE PRINCE & PRINCESS OF WALES.

President—THE EARL OF ABERDEEN.

Treasurer—W. H. WILLIAMS, Esq.

Bankers—Messrs. SMITH, PAYNE, & SMITHS, 1 Lombard Street, E.C.

COTTAGE HOMES FOR HOMELESS BOYS, Farningham.

The Cottage Homes at Farningham are for Little Boys under 10 years old, who are either Homeless and Destitute, or in danger of falling into crime.

Three hundred such Little Ones are placed in families of 30 each, with a Father and Mother to take care of them. They are fed, clothed, and educated; above all, they are taught the Word of God, and pointed to the Saviour.

They are trained to be industrious, by being employed in tailoring, shoemaking, carpentering, upholstering, printing, breadmaking, painting, gardening and farming.

They are then sent out into the world, and situations found for them, where they are looked after as 'Old Boys.'

Boys are either admitted on payment by benevolent persons of 6s. a week, or free by Election of the Subscribers.

HOMES FOR ORPHAN BOYS, Swanley.

The Homes for Orphans are designed for those who have lost their fathers, and whose mothers need to go out into the world to earn their living. They do what they can towards the support of their own boys, and friends who have known them in better days help them. Every boy admitted to the Orphanage is paid for at the rate of £20 per annum, for which they are fed, clothed, educated, and entirely maintained throughout the year, and many benevolent people are glad in this way to support an Orphan boy.

London Offices—LUDGATE CIRCUS, E.C.

BENJAMIN CLARKE, *Secretary*.

THE NATIONAL REFUGES FOR HOMELESS AND DESTITUTE CHILDREN; AND TRAINING SHIPS.

President—The Right Hon. the EARL OF JERSEY.

Treasurer—W. E. HUBBARD, Esq., 4 St. Helen's Place, E.C.

Secretary—WILLIAM WILLIAMS, Shaftesbury House, Shaftesbury Avenue, W.C.

Bankers—THE LONDON AND WESTMINSTER BANK, 214 High Holborn, W.C.

THE OPERATIONS OF THE SOCIETY CONSIST OF

1. The Training Ship 'Arethusa,' . . . Moored at Greenhithe, in the Thames.
2. The Training Ship 'Chichester,' . . .
3. The Boys' Home, Shaftesbury House, Shaftesbury Avenue, W.C.
4. The Boys' Home, Fortescue House, Twickenham.
5. The Farm School, Bisley, Surrey.
6. The Shaftesbury School, Bisley.
7. The Girls' Home, Sudbury Hall, Sudbury, near Harrow.
8. The Girls' Home, St. Mary's Road, Ealing.
9. Working Boys' Home, Shaftesbury House, Shaftesbury Avenue, W.C.

In these Ships and Homes nearly 1,000 Boys and Girls are fed, clothed, lodged, educated, and trained to become useful men and women.

OBJECT.

To provide a home and industrial training for homeless and destitute children, who would otherwise be in danger of becoming criminals.

ADMISSION.

To all the Homes and the Ships on application of persons interested, of Subscribers, Magistrates, Policemen, Clergymen, City Missionaries, Ragged School Teachers and others, after examination into the circumstances of applicant by the Committee or Secretary.

FUNDS are GREATLY NEEDED, to purchase Food and Clothing for this large Family. Cheques or Post Office Orders to be sent to the Treasurer, Secretary, or Bankers.

THE CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY.

Maintained by the Children's Aid and Refuge Fund of the Reformatory and Refuge Union.

Offices: 32 CHARING CROSS, LONDON, S.W. (Opposite the Admiralty).

Patron.

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES, K.G.

President.

THE RT. HON. LORD ABERDARE, G.C.B.

Chairman of Committee—W. E. HUBBARD, Esq.
Treasurer—ROBERT SMITH, Esq.



THE OBJECTS OF THIS FUND are the rescue, maintenance, and proper training of destitute and neglected children of all ages and both sexes.

THE BENEFITS OF THE Fund are not confined to the Metropolis, but EXTEND OVER THE WHOLE OF THE UNITED KINGDOM. THE CHIEF MEANS EMPLOYED are:—

1. *Tito Boys' Batches* are constantly occupied in searching out and investigating the circumstances of waifs and strays, and in finding homes for them. Boys and girls found wandering in the streets, or otherwise destitute and neglected, are aided by these agents.

2. *Four Rescue Officers* watch for evidence of children being used for immoral purposes, and rescue these and others from the haunts of vice and misery. The magistrates are glad of the assistance of these officers in dealing with children whom they do not wish to send to prison. Upwards of Seven Thousand destitute and neglected children have been provided for. Information concerning children residing in houses of ill-fame should be sent to the Secretary of the Children's Aid Society, 32 Charing Cross, S.W.

3. *Grants* are made to Homes for Destitute Children in all parts of the kingdom for such children as they receive without Government payment. Thousands of children are being trained in these Industrial Homes to virtuous and honest lives who, although at one time living in moral danger, could not have been sent by a magistrate to Certified Industrial Schools. The Council of the Union periodically inspect the Homes, and see the children.

The annexed illustration represents a young girl of thirteen years of age who was discovered by the Rescue Officer, in a den in South Lambeth, under most revolting circumstances, and placed in a Certified Industrial School in the country.

For further particulars of the work see 'Child Saving,' which can be obtained on application to the Secretary.

Contributions are earnestly solicited in support of the Fund.

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTIONS ARE ESPECIALLY SOLICITED.

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Secretary—ARTHUR J. S. MADDISON, 32 Charing Cross, S.W.

Victoria Street and International Society for the Protection of Animals from Vivisection.

OFFICES: 1 VICTORIA STREET, LONDON, S.W.

Vice-Presidents.

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HIS EXCELLENCY CARDINAL MANNING.

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&c. &c.

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THE REV. JOHN VERSCHOYLE.

HON. Treasurer.—HON. BERNARD COLERIDGE, M.P.

Secretary.—BENJAMIN BRYAN.

The object of the Society is the Total Abolition of the practice of Vivisection as defined in the Report of the Royal Commission.

Those who sympathise with this object are entreated to afford the Society all the help in their power by subscribing, and inducing others to subscribe, liberally to its funds; by obtaining signatures to Petitions to Parliament; and also by disseminating the publications of the Society, and especially its organ 'THE ZOOPHILIST,' wherein the latest information respecting the Anti-vivisection agitation is to be found.

Member's Annual Subscription 10s., Life Membership £5. Subscription to 'THE ZOOPHILIST,' the Organ of the Cause, 3s. 6d. per annum, post free.

Copies of the following Publications can be had on application, and are on sale at the prices affixed:—Light in Dark Places (illustrated with authentic engravings of vivisectional operations), gratis: Uselessness of Vivisection, by Lawson Tait, Esq., F.R.C.S., 6d.; Memorial of Lord Shaftesbury, 1s.; The Lord Chief Justice of England on Vivisection, 3d.; The Moral Aspect of Vivisection, by Frances Power Cobbe, 3d.; The Torture Chamber of Science, by Baron E. von Weber, 3d.; Commentary on the Annual Official Report and Return for 1887, by Benjamin Bryan, 2d.; Reasons why the Report of the English Committee's Report on Pasturism does not settle the Question, by Benjamin Bryan, 2d.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND SOLDIERS' INSTITUTE, ALDERSHOT.

A CLUB,

LECTURE HALL,

AND HOTEL,



FOR SOLDIERS

AND THEIR

FRIENDS.

It is open and FREE to every man wearing the Queen's Uniform, be he Churchman, Nonconformist, or of no Religious Denomination; all are welcomed without question or interference.

It offers good Reading Rooms, Libraries, Writing Room, Music Room, and Concert Hall *free* to Soldiers; Bedrooms, Baths, and Refreshments at low prices. There is also a Gordon Devotional Room, in which prayers are said daily, and Religious Instruction on Church Principles is given to all who desire it.

The Committee **earnestly ask for increased support** to enable them to maintain and extend this most important work. Great increase of accommodation is needed in every department.

Cheques and P.O.O.'s (crossed London and County Bank. Aldershot Branch), may be made payable to

Lieut.-Colonel J. B. WALKER, Honorary Secretary.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND

CENTRAL SOCIETY FOR PROVIDING

HOMES FOR WAIFS AND STRAYS.

[Means adopted:—(1) Boarding out in families; (2) Establishing Small Homes; (3) Emigration.]

Presidents:

HIS GRACE THE LORD ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY.

HIS GRACE THE LORD ARCHBISHOP OF YORK.

Chairman of Executive: THE LORD BISHOP OF WAKEFIELD.

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Hon. Secretary: E. DE M. RUDOLF, Esq.

Clerical Secretary: Rev. J. W. HORSLEY, M.A.

Assistant Clerical Secretary: Rev. H. D. BARRETT, B.A.

SHORT STATEMENT OF THE SOCIETY'S OPERATIONS.

THE number of Children under the care of the Committee on the 31st of March, 1888, was as follows:—

In the Homes at Frome, Standon Bridge, Chester, Dulwich, Harrow, Marylebone, Mildenhall, Leamington, Fareham, Winchester (Connaught House), Ashurst, Hemel Hempstead, Cold Ash, Swansea, The Beckett Home, Meanwood, near Leeds, Arnold Grove, Hanley Castle, St. Nicholas' Home for Crippled Children, and Sherbrooke	128 Boys—313 Girls	441
In other Church Homes and Institutions, payments being made by the Committee for the support of the children	68 Boys— 96 Girls	104
Boarded out with Communicants of the Church of England in the country under proper supervision	138 Boys—108 Girls	246
And in the Four Cottage Homes, viz.: Ashdon, Meanwood, Hillingdon, and Gould's Green... ..	8 Boys— 23 Girls	31
		822

In addition to these, for whose maintenance the Committee are responsible, there have been provided for in other ways 446 children, making a total of **1,268** for whom homes have been found since the commencement of operations, five years ago.

The receipts on the general account during the nine months ended 31st Dec., 1887, amounted to £11,160. Although the Society's income has increased considerably during the past year, it has not kept pace with the increase in the number of deserving cases which the Executive ought to accept if possible.

Any information will be gladly supplied by the Hon. Secretary, Mr. E. DE M. RUDOLF, 32 Charing Cross, S.W., who will thankfully receive contributions, or they may be paid to the account of the Society, at Messrs. DIMSDALE & Co.'s 50 Cornhill, E.C.

MRS. HILTON'S CRÈCHE,

INFIRMARY, AND INFANT HOME,
Nos. 12, 14, & 16 STEPNEY CAUSEWAY, COMMERCIAL ROAD, E.



Patron.

HER ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCESS CHRISTIAN.

Founder and Lady Superintendent.

MRS. MARIE HILTON.

THIS CHARITY has been established 18 years. Its claims on the Christian and benevolent public have been fully established, and many other Institutions have been founded on its model. From 80 to 100 children (whose ages vary from three weeks to five years) are received at the Crèche daily, thus enabling many poor women to maintain their families, while the benefit to the children is incalculable.

INFIRMARY.—A department of the Crèche for sick children has been established 16 years, and contains 12 cots. Over 200 cases were treated during the past year.

INFANT HOME.—This portion of the Charity was opened in 1874, and was established for the purpose of taking charge of children whose mothers are in Hospitals or Convalescent Homes, and for orphans who have lost one or both parents. It accommodates 40 inmates.

THE LIMES, FELTHAM.—This branch serves the double purpose of a **TRAINING** and **CONVALESCENT HOME**, and has been generously placed by a friend at the disposal of the Institution at a nominal rent.

FUNDS URGENTLY NEEDED.

To maintain this Charity in the fulness of its benevolent work the most liberal support is required; aid is therefore earnestly solicited.

SUBSCRIPTIONS or **DONATIONS**, to whichever branch of the Institution may most claim the sympathy of the benevolent donors, will be gratefully received by the Lady Superintendent at the Crèche, or at her residence, Langveld House, 76 Bow Road, E.

FORM OF BEQUEST.

*'I give and bequeath to the Treasurer or Treasurers for the time being of Mrs. HILTON'S CRÈCHE, situate in Stepney Causeway, Commercial Road, E. the sum of £
Personal Estate, free of legacy duty, the same to be applied towards the purposes of the Charity.'*

APPEAL OF
 SIX HUNDRED AND THIRTY-FIVE ORPHANS,
 MAINTAINED, EDUCATED, and CARED FOR in the
 ORPHAN WORKING SCHOOL,
 MAITLAND PARK,
 AND
 ALEXANDRA ORPHANAGE
 (JUNIOR BRANCH),
 HORNSEY RISE.

CONVALESCENT HOME: MARGATE.

President:

H.R.H. THE DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE, K.G.

Treasurers:

BASIL WOODD SMITH, Esq., J.P., D.L. | WILLIAM HOLT, Esq., V.P.

THIS CHARITY, NATIONAL and UNSECTARIAN in its character, receives Orphan and other necessitous children of both sexes from infancy to 11 years of age.

The Committee make an earnest APPEAL for FUNDS, URGENTLY NEEDED, to enable them to carry on this noble work, FOUNDED ONE HUNDRED AND THIRTY-ONE YEARS AGO.

More than Four Thousand Children have been trained, and many are now useful citizens.

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTIONS and DONATIONS to meet existing liabilities are pleaded for. At the present moment the Charity needs a large increase to meet all claims. Who will help?

All information gladly sent by

JONADAB FINCH,

Offices: 73 CHEAPSIDE, E.C.

Digitized by Google
 Secretary.

THE GORDON BOYS' HOME

(THE NATIONAL MEMORIAL TO GENERAL GORDON).

WEST END, CHOBHAM, WOKING.

OFFICES—20 COCKSPUR STREET, LONDON, S.W.

Patron—THE QUEEN.

President—H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES, K.G.

The Gordon Boys' Home, founded as a National Memorial to one of the noblest heroes of these days, and owing its origin to a suggestion once made by General Gordon himself, is intended for friendless and destitute lads between the ages of 14 and 18, a class hitherto unprovided for by any school or home, and the very one to which Gordon's sympathies were so peculiarly drawn.

Since the opening of the Home, in October, 1885—

24 Boys have entered the Army.

1 Boy has " " Royal Navy.

2 Boys have " " Mercantile Marine.

4 " " Civil employment, with excellent situations.

All the above are doing well.

The Committee appeal for aid, both toward the cost of the Building, which is about £16,000, and of which they have already received £11,500, and also for the maintenance of the Home, and the continuance of a good work, which, they feel confident, if clearly understood, will meet with liberal support from all, both at home and abroad, to whom Gordon's memory and example are dear, and who wish to bring home that example to those whom during his life he ever strove to benefit. Accommodation for 160 Boys has been provided at the New Home, but increased donations and subscriptions are much needed in order that this number may be maintained.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are received by THE LONDON AND WESTMINSTER BANK, 1 St. James's Square, S.W.; Messrs. DIMSDALE & FOWLER, Cornhill, E.C.; THE LONDON AND SOUTH WESTERN BANK, 27 Regent Street, S.W.; and by the Secretary, at the Office, 20 Cockspur Street, S.W., from whom any further information can be obtained.

G. A. BEATY-POWNALL, LIEUT.-COLONEL, *Secretary*.

National Orphan Home.

In urgent need of £500 to pay off loan due to Bankers, and for repairs, &c., required at the Home.

THIS Orphanage receives Fatherless Girls from all parts of the United Kingdom, from the age of 7 to 12; maintains, clothes, and gives them a plain education; and trains them to obtain, as soon as of sufficient age, their own living as domestic servants, or in such other respectable avocation as they may be fitted for.

The Committee of this truly excellent Charity earnestly plead for increase of funds to maintain the Fatherless Girls, of whom there are now about one hundred under its care; and they regret to state that, though the Building is capable of receiving another fifty of these poor Orphans, they are obliged to refuse painfully pressing demands for admission.

DONATIONS, especially ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTIONS, will be thankfully received by Messrs. HERRIES & Co., Bankers, 16 St. James's Street; by the Treasurer and by the Secretary (to whom all communications should be addressed), at the Office, 12 Pall Mall, S.W.

CHILDREN'S HOME, EDMONTON GREEN, MIDDLESEX.

(To the Glory of God founded in 1864.)

THE OBJECT OF THE HOME IS TO BEFRIEND
ORPHANED CHILDREN.

Subscriptions and Donations will be thankfully received by—

The Rev. R. THORNBUR, 11 The Crescent, Lower Edmonton.

The Rev. EDWARD HEATH, 84 Buckingham Street, Brighton.

NATHANIEL JELlicoe, Esq., Streatham, S.; or by

The Sister in Charge, ELIZABETH A. JONES.

Bankers—LONDON & PROVINCIAL BANK, High Street, Stoke Newington, N.

ST. RAPHAEL'S HOME FOR CONSUMPTIVES, WORTHING.

Admission through Subscriber's Letter.

THE above Institution provides a Home for such of the Consumptive poor as can afford to make *small weekly payments*, and who, coming from the vitiated atmosphere of the metropolis and our large towns and cities to the favourable conditions of suitable climate, sea air, skilled medical attendance, and careful nursing, are frequently, under the blessing of the Great Physician, restored again (at any rate for a time) to the duties of life.

The Home is entirely unsectarian. All patients (if well enough) are at liberty to attend their respective places of worship, or, if unable to leave the Hospital, to be visited by their own clergy or ministers.

Being entirely unendowed, and the cost for each inmate *far exceeding the payment received*, it is impossible, even with the advantage of voluntary workers, to carry on this charity efficiently without extraneous help.

Donations in money (however small), gifts of drugs, old linen, all kinds of medical appliances, books, groceries, fruit, &c., will be most thankfully received.

The Home may be inspected between the hours of 2 and 5 daily.

Hon. Lady Supt.—Miss ANDREW.

Hon. Res. Secretary—Mrs. ST. A. HORTON.

Bankers—Messrs. HENTY & Co., Worthing.

ST. THOMAS'S HOME, ST. THOMAS'S HOSPITAL,

Albert Embankment, Westminster Bridge, S.E.

This HOME has been established for the reception of such persons as desire to avail themselves of the special advantages afforded by ST. THOMAS'S HOSPITAL, and who are able and willing to bear the *whole expense* which the treatment of their case involves.

THE TERMS OF ADMISSION

ARE AS FOLLOWS:—

1. The minimum charge for Board, Medicine, Nursing, and Medical Attendance in the Home is at the rate of Eight Shillings a day, payable to the Steward of St. Thomas's Hospital, weekly, in advance. But the lowest total charge, however short a time the Patient may remain in the Home, is *Two Guineas*.
2. The Treasurer and House Committee of St. Thomas's Hospital may determine the Patient's term in the Home by a week's notice, or less if necessary, upon a certificate by the Resident Medical Officer of the House that the Patient is in a condition to be removed.
3. For ordinary Medical and Surgical Treatment the Patients are to be under the exclusive professional charge of the Resident Medical Officer of the Home; but they may, at their own expense, and subject to the Rules of the establishment, employ any legally qualified Medical or Surgical Practitioner whom they may think proper as consultant with the said Resident Medical Officer, under the ordinary usage of consultation.
4. The Patients must, in all respects, conform to the Regulations from time to time prescribed by the Treasurer and House Committee of the Hospital, for the due government and management of the Home, and all matters incidental to their position as Patients therein, and removal therefrom.

A Form of Application for Admission under these Regulations may be obtained by applying, either personally or by letter, to the *Resident Medical Officer* of the Home, who can be seen daily at 12 o'clock, or to the *Steward*, St. Thomas's Hospital, Albert Embankment, S.E.

ST. JAMES'S HOME

FOR

FEMALE INEBRIATES.

KENNINGTON PARK, LONDON, S.E.

FOUNDED 1876.

President—THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF ABERDEEN.

Late Presidents { THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF SHAFTESBURY, K.G.
SAMUEL MORLEY, Esq., M.P.

Vice-President—THE LORD BISHOP OF RIPON.

THE work has been attended with remarkable success, and it is much to be desired that the self-denying zeal which has distinguished the Foundress should be seconded as it deserves, by a timely increase of pecuniary support, that the work be not hampered in its operations.

F. S. MAY, D.D., *Hon. Treasurer.*
CHS. ZIERENBERG, *Hon. Sec.*

Contributions will be received by Messrs. BARCLAY, BEVAN, TRITTON, RANSOM, BOUVIER & Co., 54 Lombard Street; or, Rev. F. S. MAY, D.D., the Hon. Treasurer, 60 Cornwall Road, Westbourne Park, W.; or, C. ZIERENBERG, Esq., the Hon. Sec., at the Home, who will acknowledge all remittances.

HOME FOR INCURABLE CHILDREN, 2 MAIDA VALE, LONDON, W.

Patrons.

H.R.H. THE PRINCESS CHRISTIAN OF SCHLESWIG-HOLSTEIN.

H.R.H. THE DUCHESS OF CONNAUGHT.

H.R.H. THE PRINCESS MARY ADELAIDE DUCHESS OF TECK.

President.

H.R.H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT AND STRATHEARN, K.G.

Son. Treasurer.

F. A. LLOYD, Esq.

The object of this Institution is to provide for the maintenance and medical treatment of children suffering from Chronic or Incurable disease. The Home was opened in 1875, and since then over 120 children have been received. For cases of this kind, a Special Institution, combining the advantages of a Home and a Hospital, is required; and the Home in Maida Vale was the first, and is still nearly the only one devoted exclusively to this purpose. Here the poor helpless children are received at any age, from infancy, until they attain the age of 16; and a small weekly payment is required for each child.

The sad nature of the cases involves constant care, attention, and heavy expenses, and the Committee therefore make an earnest appeal to the public for additional assistance to enable them to carry on this good work.

Full information can be obtained from the Matron at the Home; and Contributions will be thankfully received by the HON. TREASURER, and by the Bankers, Messrs. HOARE, 37 Fleet Street, E.C., and the ALLIANCE BANK, Limited, 239 Regent Street, W.

HOMES FOR THE AGED POOR,

25 & 27 ST. GEORGE'S ROAD, NOTTING HILL;

7, 9, 11, 15, & 17 MINFORD GARDENS, WEST KENSINGTON PARK;

And 65 WALTERTON ROAD, ST. PETER'S PARK, PADDINGTON;

All of which are open to Visitors daily between the hours of 3 and 5.

OBJECT OF THESE INSTITUTIONS.

To provide a rent-free apartment for deserving poor persons above 60 years of age, whose entire income is not less than 4s. or more than 6s. a week; or, in case of a married couple, a common income of not less than 6s. or more than 10s. a week; and also to secure to them in sickness the benefit of medical attendance.

113 inmates are now resident in the Homes varying in age from 60 to 86 years.

SUBSCRIPTIONS and DONATIONS will be thankfully received by Major BOILEAU, R.E., Hon. Treasurer, 5 Haven Green, Ealing, W.; and Miss J. G. and S. A. HARRISON, 5 Grandacre Terrace, Anerley, S.E., Hon. Secretaries.

Contributions to the Building Fund earnestly solicited.

POOR CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY, 3 AGAR STREET, W.C.

Executive Committee:

Rev. W. ADAMSON, Vicar of Old Ford.
Canon BARKER, M.A., Chaplain to the Queen.
Rev. ARCHIBALD BROWN, of the East London Tabernacle.
Rev. J. R. DINGLE, Chairman School Board for London.
Mr. J. T. HILBY, M.L.S.B.

Mr. JOHN KIRK, of the Ragged School Union.
Mr. A. S. KRAUSSER.
Mr. H. SPICER, M.L.S.B., Chairman Industrial Schools Committee.
Colonel St. J. WILLIAMS.
Miss WINKFIELD.

Hon. Lady Superintendent:
Miss WINKFIELD.

Hon. Secretary:
Mr. A. S. KRAUSSER.

Assistant Secretary: Mr. WILFRED PRÄGER.

Bankers:

Messrs. HERRIES, FARQUHAR & CO., 16 St. James's Street, S.W.
Messrs. WILLIAMS, DEACON & CO., 20 Birchlin Lane, E.C.

OBJECTS.—To feed the hungry, clothe the naked, provide medical attendance and change of air for the sickly, and render aid in whatever form it may be needed by destitute Children, or Orphans, of every creed.

CLOTHES are provided for destitute Children against a receipt signed by the parent or guardian, with a view to prevent their being pawned or otherwise disposed of. The Society clothes Children at 114 centres in various parts of London. One thousand and twenty-five Children were clothed in 1887.

FOOD is supplied to destitute and under-fed Children at 48 centres, and 83,127 meals were distributed in 1887.

CHANGE OF AIR is provided by sending destitute Children to Holiday Homes for a fortnight at a time. Forty-two Children were sent to the Society's Cottage Home at Gillingham in 1887.

HOSPITAL LETTERS are provided for Children suffering from disease.

The POOR CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY is unsectarian, the only credential required to ensure relief being granted is necessity. Aid of every kind is provided promptly, and while every safeguard is adopted to obviate the evils accruing from promiscuous charity, the work is carried on without unnecessary red-tapeism.

The Society relies entirely on Voluntary Contributions.

SUBSCRIPTIONS and DONATIONS may be paid in to the credit of the POOR CHILDREN'S AID SOCIETY at the Bankers; may be sent to the Hon. Secretary, at the Office; or to any member of the Committee.

The Society stands in great need of Children's Clothing of all kinds, which should be sent to the Hon. Lady Superintendent.

Hospital Letters, or Subscribers' Tickets for Convalescent Homes, will also be gratefully received.

LONDON ORPHAN ASYLUM, WATFORD.

(FORMERLY AT CLAPTON.) INSTITUTED 1813.

Office: 21 Great St. Helen's, Bishopsgate Street, E.C.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY.

For the Maintenance, Clothing, and Education of Fatherless Children, who are respectably descended, but without means adequate to their support.

Orphans are eligible between the ages of seven and eleven, being retained until they are fifteen.

Five Thousand One Hundred and Twelve Orphans have been benefited by this Society.

Five Hundred and One Orphans (viz. 174 Girls and 327 Boys) are now in the Asylum.

This Charity is dependent on *Voluntary Contributions* for meeting Nine-Tenths of its expenditure.

ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION—For One Vote, 10s. 6d.; for Two Votes, £1. 1s. LESS
SUBSCRIPTION—For One Vote, £5. 5s.; for Two Votes, £10. 10s.

ARTHUR R. CAPEL, *Treasurer.*

JAMES ROGERS, *Secretary.*

NO CANVASSING FOR VOTES.

Royal Albert Orphan Asylum, BAGSHOT, SURREY.

ESTABLISHED 1864 for the care of 220 Destitute Orphan Boys and Girls, who are educated upon strictly Protestant principles, and trained to become useful men and women.

The Boys are taught trades, viz., Carpenters, Tailors, Shoe Makers, Bakers, Gardeners, Farmers, and Bandsmen. The Girls are practically trained to be Domestic, and they are well taught in mending, knitting, &c. No fancy work is permitted except in recreation time.

The health of the children is most carefully attended to; and it is a fact that although 1,100 children have passed through the Asylum since its foundation, only 18 have died, and they chiefly from inherited diseases.

ADMISSION.—By Election of Subscribers from a descriptive list of Candidates. **No Canvassing** is allowed. Each Donation of £5. 5s., or Annual Subscription of 10s. 6d., entitles to one vote at each Election for as many Candidates as there are vacancies.

ADMISSION BY PURCHASE.—100 to 125 Guineas, or a Life Presentation of £250. Outfits are given to children leaving at full time.

MANAGEMENT.—By Committee, elected annually by Subscribers, and meeting weekly.

			£	s.	d.
1887. Total Expenses of the Establishment	...	...	4,992	19	4
1887. Dependable Income by Subscriptions	...	...	1,810	17	0

Leaving a balance to be provided for by Donations and

Bequests of	8,122	2	4
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Interest on two investments by charitable friends brings about £40 per annum. No other sources of income.

Treasurer.—SAMUEL HOARE, Esq., M.P., 72 Lombard Street.

Chairman of Committee of Management.—Lt.-Col. the Hon. CHARLES ELIOT.

Secretary.—RICHARD WITHERBY, Esq.

London Offices.—62 KING WILLIAM STREET, E.C.

ROYAL ALFRED AGED MERCHANT SEAMEN'S INSTITUTION.

Established in 1867. To give a HOME or a PENSION to the MERCHANT SAILOR when Old, Destitute, and Friendless.



106 Inmates at the Home, Belvedere, Kent. 186 Pensioners at their own Homes in the United Kingdom.
660 Sailors, whose only apparent relief was the Workhouse, have been either inmates or Pensioners.
880 are now applicants, most of whom suffer from Hernia, Rheumatism, or Bronchitis.

Patron—Admiral H.R.H. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH, K.G. President—R. S. DOWKIN, Esq., M.P.
Chairman—Admiral Sir F. LEOPOLD MCCLINTOCK, F.R.S. Deputy Chairman—Capt. DAVID MAINLAND, F.R.G.S.

'If there is one class more than another whom we should look after and take care of in his old age, it is "Jack Tar."—The Right Hon. THE LORD MAYOR.

'The Sailor's life is one of great isolation and considerable privation; in following his perilous calling he is doing a service to the community at large, and has a special claim upon our benevolence.'—Lord BRASSEY, K.C.B.

SUBSCRIPTIONS AND DONATIONS ARE URGENTLY NEEDED.

Bankers—Messrs. WILLIAMS, DRACON, & Co.
Office—58 Fenchurch Street, London, E.C.

W. E. DENNY, Secretary.

NEWPORT MARKET REFUGE AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL, COBURG ROW, WESTMINSTER, S.W.

THE REFUGE, ESTABLISHED IN 1863-4.

The Newport Market Refuge has given shelter during the long, cold, or wet nights of over twenty London winters, to thousands of homeless Men and Women, very many of whom have through its instrumentality been able to obtain employment.

THE SCHOOL.

Over 600 Boys have been admitted into the School since it was established in 1864. Of these a large proportion have been enlisted in Bands and Drums of H.M.'s Regiment and of the remainder the greater number have been otherwise provided for. The School consists of 75 Boys, but there is room for 100, and only want of funds prevents the Committee taking that number.

DONATIONS and SUBSCRIPTIONS, will be thankfully received by Messrs. COCK BIDDULPH, & Co., 43 Charing Cross, and by

H. B. BUCHANAN, Secretary.
J. E. SHAW, Superintendent.

THE EARLSWOOD ASYLUM FOR IDIOTS.

Incorporated by Royal Charter.

OPEN TO CASES FROM ALL PARTS.

Under the Patronage of Her Majesty the Queen.

THIS NATIONAL ASYLUM was first established at Highgate in 1847. There are now nearly 600 Inmates from all parts of the Kingdom, and everything that kindness and science can suggest is employed to ameliorate their condition. Most of them may be said to have shown a capability of improvement, and several of them have been able to learn a trade, so as to become partially able to maintain themselves, if not out of the Institution, yet certainly beneath its fostering protection.

The Cases are at first admitted by the votes of the Subscribers for Five years, and can then apply, if suitable, for re-election for a second Five years.

The ELECTIONS occur Half-yearly, on the last Thursday in the months of April and October.

Nearly ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY APPLICANTS are seeking admission.

THE BOARD EARNESTLY ASK FOR ADDITIONAL AID, so that they may be enabled to receive some if not all these applicants.

PROVISION is made for the reception of PRIVATE CASES, on payments regulated by the Board of Management. The training and educational advantages of this Institution, *where every effort is made to improve the inmates, mentally and physically*, are greatly appreciated and sought after.

Pamphlets explanatory of the Institution, and the last Report, may be had gratuitously on application.

An ANNUAL SUBSCRIBER has One Vote at each Election for every Half-Guinea contributed.

A LIFE SUBSCRIBER has One Vote for Life at each Election for every Five Guineas contributed.

Collecting Boxes and Cards will be gladly supplied from the office.

H. GERARD HOARE, Esq., Treasurer.

JAMES DOWNING, Secretary.

Office: 36 KING WILLIAM STREET, E.C.

PENSIONS FOR THE BLIND.

Patron: HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN.

President: THE DUKE OF GRAFTON, K.G.

Treasurer: JOHN C. BUMSTED, Esq., 36 King William Street, London.

Honorary Secretaries: Messrs. THOS. POOOCK and A. S. DODSON.

Secretary: Mr. W. R. TERRY.

Office: 235 Southwark Bridge Road, London, S.E.

THE ROYAL BLIND PENSION SOCIETY OF THE UNITED KINGDOM

Was established in 1863, and during its short existence has conferred on many hundreds of deserving and necessitous Blind much solace and substantial relief in their homes with their families, by regular Pensions, paid monthly.

THE PENSIONS are apportioned according to the ages of the recipients, as shown in the following table of the £60 at present in the receipt of Pensions.

	Monthly.	Yearly.	Total.
8 above 85 years, £1 5 0	£15 0 0	£150 0 0	£130
34 " 80 " 1 0 0	12 0 0	120 0 0	408
92 " 70 " 0 15 0	9 0 0	90 0 0	838
426 under 70 " 0 10 0	6 0 0	60 0 0	2,556
560			£3,912

ELECTIONS OF PENSIONERS take place twice a year, in May and November; and the two following Rules of this Charity are worthy of particular attention:—

- 1.—That the object of this Society be to relieve the Indigent Blind, of good moral character, without regard to sect or creed.
- 2.—That at each Election the two unsuccessful Candidates the longest on the list shall be made Pensioners.

NO COSTLY ESTABLISHMENT AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES ARE INCURRED.

For every 10s. 6d. Annual Subscription, or £5. 5s. Life Donation, the contributor is entitled to One Vote at each Election; and for every £1. 1s. Annual Subscription, or £10. 10s. Life Donation, to Two Votes at each Election.

The payment of a Legacy to this Society entitles each Executor to the privilege of a Life Vote for every £5 bequeathed.

N.B.—Applicants to this Society who have been compelled by necessity to apply for Parochial relief are not disqualified from becoming Pensioners.

THE ROYAL ASSOCIATION IN AID OF THE DEAF AND DUMB (ST. SAVIOUR'S CHURCH, LECTURE AND READING-ROOM), 419 OXFORD STREET, W.

Patron—HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN.

President—THE LORD BISHOP OF LONDON.

Treasurer—EDMUND C. JOHNSON, Esq.

Hon. Secretary—ARTHUR H. BATHER, Esq.

Secretary—MR. THOMAS COLE.

Bank—THE LONDON AND WESTMINSTER, Stratford Place, W.

THE OBJECTS OF THIS CHARITY are to promote the spiritual and temporal welfare of the Deaf and Dumb—about 2,000 of whom reside in London—by the following means:—

1. To provide extended Religious and Secular Instruction among the Deaf and Dumb throughout the Metropolis after they have quitted school.

The DEAF and DUMB are beyond the reach of all ordinary ministerial agency for public religious instruction. The only means adapted to their condition is a special provision in the finger-and-sign language. This Association provides at present fourteen services per week in eight parts of London, besides several other occasional ones.

2. To visit the Deaf and Dumb at their own homes.
3. To assist Deaf and Dumb persons in obtaining employment.
4. To relieve, either by gifts or loans of money, deserving necessitous Deaf and Dumb persons.
5. To encourage the early training of Deaf and Dumb children preparatory to their admission into Educational Institutions.

The Committee ask whether the reader will not, in grateful acknowledgment for the great blessing of hearing, give an ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION to this Society?

SUBSCRIPTIONS and DONATIONS will be thankfully received by the London and Westminster Bank, Stratford Place, W.; or by the Secretary, Mr. THOMAS COLE, at 419 Oxford Street, W.

BRITISH ASYLUM FOR DEAF AND DUMB FEMALES LOWER CLAPTON, E.

Office: 27 RED LION SQUARE, W.C.

INSTITUTED IN 1851.

UNDER THE IMMEDIATE PATRONAGE OF

H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES, H.G.

H.R.H. THE PRINCESS OF WALES; H.R.H. THE DUCHESS OF CAMBRIDGE;

H.R.H. THE PRINCESS MARY ADELAIDE, DUCHESS OF TECK;

THE ARCHBISHOPS AND THE BISHOPS.

Treasurer—The Hon. PASCOE CHARLES GLYN, M.P.

Secretary—W. T. HILLYER, Esq.

The OBJECT OF THIS INSTITUTION is threefold—(a) To receive, educate, or continue the education of female deaf-mutes above ten years of age.—(b) To give industrial training and religious instruction with a view to enable female deaf-mutes to gain a livelihood and occupy some useful position in life.—(c) To provide a home for those who, from incapacity, infirmity, or age, are unable to do anything towards their own maintenance.

For FORMS OF APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION and further information, apply to the Secretary.

This is the only Asylum in the United Kingdom for adult Female Deaf-Mutes, of whom there are many thousands in urgent need of help and sympathy.

INCREASE OF FUNDS MUCH NEEDED.

CONTRIBUTIONS and ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTIONS will be most thankfully received by the Treasurer, at 67 Lombard Street, or by the Secretary at the Office, 27 Red Lion Square, W.C.

The Asylum is open for inspection on Tuesday, Wednesday, and Thursday, from 10 to 12 A.M. and 2 till 5 P.M.

FORM OF BEQUEST.

'I give and bequeath to the Treasurer for the time being of the BRITISH ASYLUM FOR DEAF AND DUMB FEMALES, situated at Lower Clapton, E., the sum of _____ Pounds, for the use of the said Charity; and I direct that this said Legacy be paid, free of Legacy Duty, out of such part of my Personal Estate as I may by Law bequeath to charitable purposes.'

THE METROPOLITAN

DISCHARGED PRISONERS' AID SOCIETY

(Certified under Act 25 & 26 Vic. Cap. 44).

ESTABLISHED 1864.

15 BUCKINGHAM STREET, ADELPHI, W.C.

President: THE LORD CHIEF JUSTICE OF ENGLAND.

THE Committee of Management earnestly appeal for help to enable them to carry on the operations of the Society, which are greatly crippled for want of funds.

The object of the Society is to afford to short-termed prisoners an opportunity of retrieving their character, and obtaining honest employment on their discharge from prison.

The condition of the unaided discharged prisoner is one of such peculiar distress as to offer a strong temptation to renewed crime. To the difficulty of obtaining employment must be added, in the case of a married man, the terrible strain put upon his honesty on his return to a home from which every article of furniture and clothing may have been pledged or sold to support a destitute wife, and often a large family.

The following is a summary of the Society's work from the 1st of January to the 31st of December, 1887:

Sent to Sea	38
Placed with former Employers	19
Enlisted	1
Sent Abroad	3
Supplied with Artificial Limb and Work	1
Sent to Friends in the Country	32
Assisted with Work, or Stock and Clothes or Tools	289
Temporary Assistance (travelling expenses, food, &c.) given to	81
Total for year	414

Cheques should be crossed 'Messrs. DRUMMOND, 49 Charing Cross, S.W.,' and made payable to T. R. PRICE, Secretary.

The 'Discharged Prisoners' Home,' under the superintendence of Mr. W. LANGMAD, the Society's Agent, resides on the premises, is situated at 22 Stock Orchard Crescent, N., close to H.M. Pentonville Prison.

Gifts of Old Clothing for destitute male prisoners on discharge are much wanted.

THE LONDON FEMALE PENITENTIARY AND GUARDIAN SOCIETY.

FOUNDED AT PENTONVILLE 1807.

Training Home :

STAMFORD HOUSE,

High Street,

STOKE NEWINGTON, N.

(Near Abney Park Cemetery).



Probational Home :

21 OLD FORD ROAD,

BETHNAL GREEN, E

(Near Bethnal Green Museum).

Patron.—HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN.

President.—THE RIGHT HON. LORD KINNAIRD.

THIS SOCIETY is the chief Metropolitan Agency devoted exclusively to the rescue and reclamation of Betrayed and Fallen Women, and is national in its work. In no sense should it be confounded with a place of detention.

The HOMES have accommodation for more than 100 Inmates and, being free, are nearly always full, the applications for admission being lamentably numerous. Persons interested in Rescue Work are invited to send cases.

The Society trains, feeds, and clothes the objects of its care ; awards premiums on industry ; procures for each deserving inmate when she quits the Home a respectable situation ; provides an outfit, and continues to recognise faithfulness in duty by suitable encouragement and rewards.

It has neither endowment, invested funds, nor Government grants to fall back upon, but is dependent on Annual Subscriptions, Donations, and Legacies. The willing industry of the Inmates, although providing 85 per cent. of the expenditure, falls short of the requisite amount by nearly £2,000 per annum.

Contributions, especially Annual Subscriptions, are earnestly solicited, and will be thankfully received by the Bankers, Messrs. BARCLAY, BEVAN, RANSOM, & Co., 54 Lombard Street, E.C., and 1 Pall Mall East, S.W. : Messrs. WILLIAMS, DEACON, & Co., 20 Birchin Lane, E.C. ; or by

W. EDWIN PAGE, *Secretary.*

Office—191 HIGH STREET,
STOKE NEWINGTON, LONDON, N.

FRIENDLESS YOUNG WOMEN AND GIRLS.

*The Reader is earnestly
appealed to, to contribute
ONE GUINEA in aid of
the support of the Homes,
&c.*

*Suitable applicants are
never rejected.*

*COUNTRY GIRLS and
ORPHANS constitute the
majority of those admitted.*

*Subjoined show the Homes, &c. sustained
by the Donations contributed :*

	No. of Inmates.	Total.
PREVENTIVE HOMES, especially for Friendless Girls in their Teens :		
The Jubilee Home, 7 Parson's Green	50	
195 Hampstead Road, N.W. ...	18	
459 Holloway Road (now fur- nishing)	30	
	—	98

REFORMATORY HOMES—		
200 Euston Road, N.W. ...	24	
35 Eden Grove, Holloway ...	33	
Milton House, Brompton ...	30	
The Holt Yates Memorial Home, 5 Parson's Green	30	
	—	117

OPEN-ALL-NIGHT REFUGE, 37 MANCHESTER ST., W.C.		
Visited every morning by Mr. THOMAS, to endeavour to ar- range Permanent Help to all new comers	20	
	—	20

Total to be daily supported... 235

THE ABOVE HOMES PROVIDE FOR 235 INMATES.

For upwards of thirty years this work of mercy has been sustained by the donations of Christian friends who sympathise with Friendless and Fallen Young Women and Girls.

Admitted {	To Reformatory Homes since 1857	8,747
	To Preventive Homes " " " "	3,148
	Total	11,895

OPEN-ALL-NIGHT REFUGE,

37 MANCHESTER STREET, W.O.

Number of Young Women and Girls lodged in this Refuge since its establishment, 18,646.

Donations may be sent to Bankers, LLOYDS, BARNETTS, BOSANQUETS BANK, 54 St. James's Street, W.; 72 Lombard Street, E.C.; FRANCIS NICHOLLS, Esq. (of the Committee). 14 Old Jewry Chambers, E.C.; or

EDWARD W. THOMAS, *Secretary*,
200 EUSTON ROAD, LONDON, N.Y.

SEA-SIDE CONVALESCENT HOME FOR WORKING MEN, *MORLEY HOUSE, ST. MARGARET'S BAY, Near DOVER.*

President.—THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL OF ABERDEEN.

Treasurer.—H. N. HAMILTON-HOARE, Esq.

Offices.—41 FLEET STREET, E.C.

Annual Subscriptions and Donations are earnestly solicited.

Arrangements have been made for 36 beds; the total cost of maintenance will be about 14s. per week for each patient, this will entail an expenditure of over £1,000 per annum.

Each patient will contribute 5s. weekly during his stay.

The Committee would point out that each year, at this Institution, over 800 men may derive the advantage of a fortnight's stay at one of the pleasantest and healthiest spots in England, upon their discharge from hospital or during their recovering from any serious illness.

Cheques should be crossed **MEASRS. HOARE.**

ROBERT FREWER

T. J. GARNON,

J. MACGREGOR.

Hon. Secretaries.

HOMES OF HOPE,

Nos. 4, 5, & 6 REGENT SQUARE, GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON, W.C.

THIS Society was established in 1860 for the reception of the less degraded class of fallen young women.

Young women are admitted on any day, and coming from any quarter whatsoever, if there be room in the Homes and funds.

Special efforts are made on behalf of mothers with their first infants, who are really the most hopeful class of the fallen, and are generally greatly to be pitied.

A Home has been opened for the reception of such young women, before they become mothers, as are unfitted, from their previous good character and position, to mix with others.

Since the Homes have been established, 2,870 have been admitted. Of this number, 1,022 belonged to the class of young mothers who were thus saved from falling into deeper and continued sin; 872 were rescued from surroundings of great temptation, unfallen. In almost every case the mothers, and those admitted unfallen, have turned out well, and about 70 per cent. of the others.

While inmates of the Homes, the young women are trained in household and domestic duties, with a view to their becoming good and useful members of society. The great object, however, kept most anxiously before the Committee, is to afford them opportunities of religious instruction, and to impress upon them the extreme importance of turning to God with all their hearts.

The Secretary will be happy to forward the last annual report.

The Committee are obliged to make an urgent appeal for contributions—

1. For the General Fund, the expenses of which amount to about £5 a day.
2. For the Child's Fund. A guinea or two to pay the nurses would in many cases rescue a mother and child. *Five Shillings* would pay for a child for a week.
3. For law expenses. In every case, if it be possible, the men are compelled to pay the sum allowed by law for the child's support.

Contributions are so distressing and urgent that every shilling has been spent.

LONDON AND WESTMINSTER BANK (Bloomsbury Branch), 218 High Holborn.

HENRY THOMPSON, Esq., *Treasurer*, 38 Mincing Lane, E.C.

WM. HORNIBROOK, *Secretary*, 17 Bloomsbury St., Oxford Street, W.C.

NORTH LONDON HOSPITAL

FOR CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST,

MOUNT VERNON, HAMPSTEAD,

AND TOTTENHAM COURT ROAD, W.

FOUNDED 1860.

Established for the Reception of Patients from all parts of the Kingdom.

Treasurer—ALFRED HOARE, Esq., 37 Fleet Street, E.C.

Chairman—BENJAMIN A. LYON, Esq.

Deputy-Chairman—THE RIGHT HON. LORD ROBARTES.

There is no disease the ravages of which extend to a greater degree amongst the people of the United Kingdom than Consumption, and the whole community must be interested in alleviating the sufferings of those who have been so unfortunate as to contract this disease.

Out-Patients are relieved at the Branch in Tottenham Court Road.

In-Patients are provided for in the Building at Hampstead, commenced in 1880.

5,000 Out-Patients }
300 In-Patients } treated annually.

The Charity has no endowment whatever, and is entirely supported by **VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS.**

£6,000 urgently needed at once to pay off Mortgage of **£5,000** on Building, and to meet current liabilities.

Donors of Ten Guineas in one or two payments shall be entitled to recommend one In-Patient during the year in which the Subscription is paid, and are also entitled for life to the same privileges as Annual Subscribers of One Guinea.

Annual Subscribers of Three Guineas are Governors, and are entitled to recommend one In-Patient and four Out-Patients annually.

Annual Subscribers of One Guinea are entitled to recommend four Out-Patients annually.

The privileges increasing in proportion to the Contribution.

OFFICES : 216 TOTTENHAM COURT ROAD, LONDON, W.

LIONEL F. HILL, M.A., Secretary.

The OLDEST HOSPITAL for CONSUMPTION and DISEASES of the CHEST in EUROPE.



**THE ROYAL HOSPITAL
FOR
DISEASES OF THE CHEST,
CITY ROAD, LONDON.**

**Founded by his late R.H. the Duke of Kent, A.D. 1814.
Rebuilt 1863. Enlarged 1877.
New Wing with eighty beds added, 1885-86.**

Patron:
HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN.

Vice-Patrons:
H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES, K.G., &c.
H.R.H. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH, K.G., &c.
H.R.H. THE DUKE OF CONNAUGHT AND STRATHEARN, K.O., &c.
H.R.H. THE DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE, K.G., &c.

President:
THE RIGHT HON. THE LORD CHARLES BRUCE.

Trustees:
THE RIGHT HON. THE LORD CHARLES BRUCE.
COLONEL MAKINS, M.P. | LORD ROTHSCHILD.
THE HON. PASCOE CHARLES GLYN.

Treasurer:
THE HON. PASCOE CHARLES GLYN, Lombard Street.

Bankers:
MESSRS. GLYN, MILLS, CURRIE, & CO., 67 Lombard Street.

Two of the Wards are closed for lack of Funds.
Additional Annual Subscribers and Life Governors are
urgently needed.

Annual Subscribers of £3. 3s. and Donors of £31. 10s. are entitled to recommend eighteen
Out-patients or one In-patient and four Out-patients per annum.

Annual Subscribers of £1. 1s. and Donors of £10. 10s. are entitled to recommend six
Out-patients per annum.

JOHN J. AUSTIN, Secretary.

FORM OF REQUEST.

'I give and bequeath to the Treasurer for the time being of the *Royal Hospital for Diseases of the Chest, City Road, London*, the sum of * to be applied in and towards carrying on the charitable objects of the Institution: the said sum of * to be paid free of Legacy duty, out of such part of my personal estate as I may lawfully bequeath to the purposes of the said Institution, and I direct that the receipts of the Treasurer for the time being shall be a sufficient discharge to my executors for the same.'

* The sum to be expressed in words at length.

CHARING CROSS HOSPITAL,

STRAND, W.C.

President :—H.R.H. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH, K.G.

Treasurers :—

JOHN B. MARTIN, Esq., 68 Lombard Street, E.C.; GEORGE J. DRUMMOND, Esq.,
49 Charing Cross, S.W.

The Council earnestly appeal for £20,000 to enable them to meet the **EXPENSES** for the current year and complete the **CONVALESCENT HOME**.

The Hospital relieves over 20,000 patients yearly, most of whom come from the densely populated and poor sections of the West Central District of the Metropolis. Owing to its **CENTRAL POSITION** the Hospital also receives an **ABNORMAL** number of **ACCIDENTS**.

Donations and Annual Subscriptions will be thankfully received by the Treasurers; the Bankers, Messrs. DRUMMOND; Messrs. MARTIN & Co.; Messrs. COURTS; Messrs. HOARE; or by

ARTHUR E. READE, *Secretary*.

THE HOSPITAL FOR SICK CHILDREN

(Founded 1852),

GREAT ORMOND STREET, LONDON.

Convalescent Branch—CROMWELL HOUSE, HIGHGATE.

Patron: HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN.

Vice-Patrons:

H.R.H. THE PRINCESS OF WALES | H.R.H. THE PRINCESS CHRISTIAN.

IT was the **First Hospital** in the United Kingdom **Specially** devoted to the reception of **Sick Children**. It was opened in 1852 with 20 Beds. This number has been added to from time to time, and there are now 127 Beds in the present building. It is not endowed. It does not receive more than £417 per annum from its funded property, but depends entirely for support on the charity of the public.

What the Bishop of Peterborough saw IN GREAT ORMOND STREET.

'I went to your hospital to-day; and, to begin with the outside of it, I was much struck with the evidence of economy in the building itself. . . . I saw a large hollow space upon the right side of it, which I hope before long will be covered by an additional building which the Hospital is largely in need of; but, from what I did see, the Hospital struck me as being

A VERY SENSIBLE, USEFUL, AND BUSINESS-LIKE BUILDING.

When I entered it with that sensitive way of looking round, sniffing as one does in going into a hospital, I perceived that it was a remarkably well-ventilated building, and that, let me tell you, is no small matter in a hospital. It was well ventilated, well lighted, and scrupulously clean—but these are merits that you expect to find in all hospitals. Then I went from ward to ward, and saw

THOSE DEAR LITTLE CHILDREN.

And really I might almost attempt to be eloquent as I talk to you about what I saw there. I saw those little creatures in their beds, many of them looking sadly wasted and worn, some of them nine months old, and from that up to nine or ten years; but all of them who were old enough to show any character or consciousness of their position, looking so quiet and comfortable and happy, not altogether free from pain—who could expect it?—but with that quiet look of satisfaction that

FREEDOM FROM CARE AND ANXIETY

and that charming sense of importance that the dear little child has when each thinks that the whole Hospital was created for its own comfort and delight, and that everyone is bound to minister to it. And as I looked at the dear faces, which seemed to me to have that strange appearance that the sick child so often has, and that some of us know so well, when the bright eyes seem to gleam out of the head with a preternatural intelligence, yet with

A KEEN AND QUICK SENSE OF SICKNESS,

it was a charming thing to see the quiet repose and comfort of those little ones. It gave one the idea of their being so carefully and wisely and gently tended.'—*Extract from the Bishop of Peterborough's Speech at the Annual Festival, April 25, 1888.*

The Hospital is open daily for inspection between the hours of Two and Four o'clock, and the Committee invite all persons to visit it.

ADRIAN HOPE, *Secretary*.

Bankers:

MESSRS. WILLIAMS DEACON, & CO.; MESSRS. HOARES; MESSRS. HERRIES.

Poverty and Suffering the only Passports required.



ROYAL



FREE



HOSPITAL

GRAY'S INN ROAD, LONDON, W.C.

*(Founded in 1828 on the principle of FREE and unrestricted admission
of the Sick Poor.)*

THIS Hospital, having no Endowment, is entirely dependent for support on the Subscriptions of its Governors and the Voluntary Donations and Bequests of its friends.

The Hospital admits into its wards about 2,000 poor sick persons annually, besides relieving 25,000 out-patients, who resort to it, not only from the crowded courts and alleys in its immediate neighbourhood, but from all parts of London and the suburban districts. This is effected at a cost of about £11,500 per annum, while the reliable income of the Charity from Annual Subscriptions and other sources does not exceed £1,500, so that the large balance of £10,000 has to be raised by means of constant appeals to the public benevolence.

THE ROYAL FREE HOSPITAL is not more free than welcome as a charitable helping-place to thousands of our poor. When first it was started, not a Hospital in London was ever freely open—as in Charity all should be—to such sick folk as the Royal Free was founded specially to succour. In this really useful Hospital, so long as there are funds unspent, and sleeping wards unfilled, any poor sick persons may come to them and fill them; and they need not lose their little strength by hunting up subscribers to send them “Open Sesame” in an admission ticket.—PUNCH.

Subscriptions, Donations, and Legacies are kindly received by the Treasurer, E. MASTERMAN, Esq., 27 Clement's Lane, E.C.; Messrs. BROWN, JANSON, & Co.; BARCLAY, BEVAN, & Co.; RANSOM, BOUVERIE, & Co.; COUTTS & Co.; DRUMMOND & Co.; HERRIES & Co.; PRESCOTT, GROTE, & Co.; SMITH, PAYNE, & SMITH; WILLIAMS, DEACON, & Co.; and, at the Hospital, by

CONRAD W. THIES, *Secretary.*

POPLAR HOSPITAL FOR ACCIDENTS, BLACKWALL, LONDON, E.

OPEN FREE AT ALL HOURS FOR THE TREATMENT OF
ACCIDENTAL INJURY OR EMERGENCY.

President.—EARL OF MEATH.

Vice-Presidents.

THE EARL OF DERBY. SIR DONALD CURRIE, K.C.M.G., M.P.
AND OTHERS.

Treasurer—SIR R. N. FOWLER, BART., ALDERMAN, M.P.

Secretary—LIEUT.-COLONEL FENERAN.

REMOTE from observation by the wealthier classes, in the centre of a very dense poor population, engaged in the most dangerous and laborious industries, this Hospital is exactly situated where most required.

Accidents in the Port of London, in the Docks and Shipping, amongst the Factories and great Engineering Works, are of continual occurrence and of the most appalling character.

It is over two miles distant from the nearest general hospital. Delay and Transport, always painful, are often vital considerations.

It earnestly appeals for support.

Bankers.—DIMSDALE, FOWLER, & CO., 50 Cornhill, E.C.

"A HOME IN SICKNESS."

BOLINGBROKE HOSPITAL, WANDSWORTH COMMON, S.W.

FOUNDED IN 1880.

President and Trustee—Canon ERSKINE CLARKE, Vicar of Battersea.

Committee of Management.

THE REV. SHELDON BARFORD.
ARTHUR G. BROWNING, Esq.
THE HON. CONRAD A. DILLON.
H. FRITH, Esq.
R. M. HENSLEY, Esq.
SIR TREVOR LAWRENCE, Bart., M.P.

JOHN MACKRELL, Esq.
ED. VAUGHAN MORGAN, Esq.
EDWARD TAYLOR, M.R.C.S.
THE REV. JOHN TOONE.
J. G. WAINWRIGHT, Esq.
J. S. WOOD, Esq.

Consulting Staff.

WM. HENRY BROADBENT, M.D., F.R.C.P. (Senior
Physician, London Fever Hospital, and Physician,
St. Mary's Hospital).
THOS. BRYANT, F.R.C.S. (Senior Surgeon, Guy's
Hospital).
A. F. GOULD, F.R.C.S.
W. J. ROECKEL, M.B., F.R.C.S.

ALFRED LEWIS GALABIN, M.A., M.D., F.R.C.P.
(Senior Obstetric Physician, Guy's Hospital).
TIMOTHY HOLMES, M.A., F.R.C.S. (Surgeon to St.
George's Hospital).
D. W. FINLAY, M.D.
H. M. MURRAY, M.D.

Resident Medical Officer and Secretary—CECIL R. C. LYSTER, M.R.C.S. Eng.
Matron—Miss THOMPSON.

THIS INSTITUTION offers to sick persons, who are able to pay, wholly or partially, for their support, all the advantages of Hospital treatment and nursing, with, as far as possible, the comfort and privacy of Home.

The funds for its establishment were contributed by those who wished to give people an opportunity of obtaining treatment, during sickness, without their resorting to one of the general Free Hospitals as objects of charity. Patients are admitted on payment of a reasonable proportion of their weekly cost, which averages £3. 2s., if they are really unable to pay the whole of that sum, which includes every expense, except for washing. Prospectus on application.

Subscriptions or donations will be gratefully received from any who are willing to assist middle-class invalids thus to help themselves without loss of self-respect.

CECIL R. C. LYSTER, *Honorary Secretary.*

NATIONAL ORTHOPÆDIC HOSPITAL (FOR THE DEFORMED),

234 GREAT PORTLAND STREET, REGENT'S PARK, W.

FOUNDED FIFTY-TWO YEARS.

Patron: H.R.H. THE DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE, K.G.

President: THE MARQUIS OF LOBNE, K.T.

Chairman of Committee of Management: J. R. COOPER, Esq., Queen's Lodge,
West End Lane, N.W.

Treasurer: FRANCIS HOARE, Esq., 1 Cavendish Square, W.

Bankers: SIR SAMUEL SCOTT, BART., & Co., 1 Cavendish Square, W.

THIS HOSPITAL, the first of its kind, has for FIFTY-TWO years pursued its useful and merciful career. Crippled Children are here relieved and cured, and many Patients who were well-nigh hopeless Cripples, cured by the surgical skill and timely aid of this Charity, are now earning a livelihood. Upwards of 62,000 Patients have been under treatment.

There is pressing need of Donations to Rebuild the Hospital, and the Committee of Management very earnestly appeal for HELP, that the benefits of the Charity may be continued and extended.

An Annual Subscription of £1. 1s. constitutes an 'Annual Governor,' and a Donation of £10. 10s. a 'Life Governor.'

Governors' Letters are not compulsory; all deformed persons, children or adults, who are of the necessitous poor are admitted Free as Out-Patients.

CONTRIBUTIONS will be thankfully received by either the Treasurer, the Chairman, the Bankers, or the Secretary, HERBERT CANNING, Esq., who will gladly afford every information to those desirous of interesting themselves in the Hospital.



LDNDON HOMŒOPATHIC HOSPITAL AND MEDICAL SCHOOL,

GREAT ORMOND STREET, BLOOMSBURY, W.C.

ESTABLISHED 1849.

President—THE LORD EBURY.

Chairman—MAJOR WM. VAUGHAN MORGAN.

Secretary—G. A. CROSS.

CONTAINS 90 Beds, and, being entirely supported by Voluntary Contributions, DONATIONS AND ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTIONS ARE EARNESTLY SOLICITED. The Hospital is always open to the inspection of Visitors, and Clinical Instruction is given in the Wards and Out-Patient Department to Medical Students and Practitioners. It possesses a valuable Library of Homœopathic Publications, which Medical Men are invited to study. They are also invited to visit the Dispensary. The In-Patients number over 700 annually; the Out-Patients nearly 9,000 annually. The number of Patients treated since the inauguration in 1849 is about 220,000.

NURSING INSTITUTE,

HOMŒOPATHIC HOSPITAL, GREAT ORMOND STREET, BLOOMSBURY.

A staff of over forty Nurses has been trained in the wards of the Hospital to nurse Medical and Surgical Cases, and several have been specially trained for Accouchement Cases. These Nurses can at all times be obtained for nursing invalids at their residences, at a scale of fees varying from One to Three Guineas weekly, by application to the Lady Superintendent of Nursing.

THE VICTORIA HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN,

QUEEN'S ROAD, CHELSEA, S.W.; and
CHURCHFIELDS, MARGATE.

Patron—H.R.H. THE PRINCESS LOUISE (MARCHIONESS OF LORNE).

President—THE RIGHT HON. THE EARL CADOGAN.

Chairman of Committee—MARTIN RIDLEY SMITH, Esq.

Treasurer—ALFRED FARQUHAR, Esq.

THE HOSPITAL has relieved, since it was established in 1866 to the 31st December, 1887,
10,329 IN-PATIENTS and 403,596 OUT-PATIENTS.

It is OPEN DAILY for the inspection of Visitors from 2 till 4 o'clock in winter; and from
2 till 5 o'clock in summer.

EXTRACT from Speech of H.R.H. The PRINCE OF WALES, E.G., at the Festival Dinner, held March 29th, 1887:—

'Thirty years ago there was no Hospital for children at all, and, though there are many now, I feel sure that the Victoria Hospital, which is situate in the thickly populated district of Chelsea, is one of the most necessary and important.'

CONTRIBUTIONS are earnestly solicited towards paying off the debt on the NEW OUT-PATIENTS' WING, for current expenses, and towards the support of the CONVALESCENT BRANCH AT MARGATE, a most valuable adjunct to the Charity.

ANNUAL SUBSCRIBERS of One Guinea have the privilege of recommending One In-Patient or Ten Out-Patients yearly, and Donors of Ten Guineas have the same privilege for life. Annual Subscribers of Two Guineas, and Donors of Twenty Guineas and upwards, are Life Governors.

SUBSCRIPTIONS and DONATIONS will be most thankfully received and acknowledged by the Secretary, W. C. BLOUNT, Commander, R.N.

Bankers—Messrs. HERRIES & Co., 16 St. James' Street, S.W.; and Messrs. SMITH, PAYNE, & SMITHS, 1 Lombard Street, E.C.

FORM OF BEQUEST.

'I give to the "VICTORIA HOSPITAL FOR CHILDREN," situated in Queen's Road, Chelsea, London, S.W., the sum of _____, to be paid, free of Legacy Duty, out of my Personal Estate, and I desire that the receipt of the said Treasurer shall be a sufficient discharge for the same.'

*State amount in words at length.

MOTHERS' LYING-IN HOME, SHADWELL.

Patrons.

H.R.H. PRINCESS FREDERICA OF HANOVER.
THE COUNTESS OF STRAFFORD.

President—THE RIGHT REV. LORD BISHOP OF LONDON.

General Committee.

THE DUCHESS OF ROXBURGHE.
THE DUCHESS OF MONTROSE.
THE COUNTESS OF DENBIGH.
THE COUNTESS OF BREADALBANE.
THE COUNTESS OF STRATHMORE.
THE COUNTESS OF MAIDSTONE.
THE COUNTESS OF MEATH.

THE EARL OF MEATH.
THE LADY INCHQUIN.
THE LADY BEATRICE LESTER KAYE.
LADY DE ROTHSCHILD.
MRS. HARRY LAWSON.
MRS. VON MUMM.
THE LORD BISHOP OF BEDFORD.

Chairman of Committee of Management—THE REV. A. R. CARTER, D.D.

Treasurer—PERCY WIGRAM, Esq.

THIS Home being *dependent upon voluntary contributions*, the Committee earnestly appeal for that generous help which is indispensable for its maintenance. The Home contains seven beds, and during the past year (1st May, 1887, to 30th April, 1888) 103 women were treated. Receipts, £810. 11s. 2d. Expenditure, £810. 13s. 4d. The Home is open every day to visitors between the hours of 11 A.M. and 5 P.M.

Subscriptions and Donations will be most thankfully received by the Bankers, LONDON AND WESTMINSTER BANK, St. James's Square, W., and by Mrs. ASHTON WARNER, Lady Superintendent and Secretary, at the Home.

LONDON FEVER HOSPITAL,

FOR THE TREATMENT OF

Scarlet Fever, Typhus, Typhoid, Diphtheria, Measles,

AND ALL OTHER INFECTIOUS FEVERS.

Patron—H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES.

President—THE EARL OF DEVON. | Treasurer—SIR R. N. FOWLER, BART., M.P.

Hon. Secretary—C. J. STEWART, Esq.

Secretary—MAJOR W. CHRISTIE, at the Hospital.

The London Fever Hospital IS THE ONLY HOSPITAL IN LONDON for the special treatment and prevention of Infectious Fevers in the case of persons who are not paupers. It has no endowment. It helps those who, to a small extent, can help themselves when attacked by Contagious Fevers.

Special Privileges to Governors.—An Annual Subscriber of **One Guinea**, after the second payment, or a Donor of **£10. 10s.** in one sum, becomes a Governor. The Domestics of Governors, and Employés of Subscribing Firms, Clubs, and Hotels, are treated free.

The Hospital affords absolute safety from the spread of disease by infected patients by admitting them into its wards, and there isolating them. The admission Fee is **Three Guineas**, which pays for as long a period of treatment and nursing as may be necessary, generally six weeks. This fee covers only about a fourth of the cost—the remainder is borne by the Funds of the Charity.

Over 73,000 Patients have been treated in the Hospital since its foundation in 1802.

About 1,000 patients are treated yearly; nearly every case being a long and dangerous illness.

Funds are most urgently needed, not only to carry on this useful work, but to enable the Committee to build extra accommodation, suitable to the requirements—medical and otherwise—of the present day.

Well-appointed Private Rooms may be had at a charge of **Three Guineas a week.**

For Admission apply to the Resident Medical Officer.

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO THE SECRETARY,

Major W. CHRISTIE,

London Fever Hospital, Liverpool Road, N.

NORTH-WEST LONDON HOSPITAL, KENTISH TOWN ROAD

(Founded 1878).

Patron—H.R.H. PRINCESS CHRISTIAN.

Chairman—REV. F. J. PONSONBY, M.A. | Treasurer—GEORGE HERRING, Esq.

THE only Institution of the kind in the North-west District.
Forty-seven beds are available, and eighteen of these are for Sick Children.

Last year (1888) there were 650 in-patients, and 43,894 cases were treated as out-patients.

Annual expenditure about £3,000; annual subscriptions under £700, leaving upwards of £2,300 to be made up by special donations.

Funds are urgently needed for current expenses.

ALFRED CRASKE,
Secretary.

EXTENSION OF THE HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTION, BROMPTON.

The pressure for admission has rendered an Extension a long-felt necessity. **A NEW BUILDING** has been Erected opposite the existing Hospital containing

137 ADDITIONAL BEDS,


making a total of 321 Beds.

The ordinary Expenditure of the parent Hospital is about £17,000 a year, and the maintenance of the New Building, now fully occupied, adds nearly £10,000 a year to the expenses. The Charity, being unendowed, is dependent on Donations, Annual Subscriptions, and Legacies.

CONTRIBUTIONS are therefore much NEEDED, and are earnestly solicited in aid of the funds.

THE EARL OF LEVEN AND MELVILLE, *Treasurer.*
HENRY DOBBIN, *Secretary.*

* * An Annual Subscription of £5. 5s., or a Donation of 50 Guineas, constitutes a Governor, with power to recommend one In- and eight Out-patients a year. Subscribers of £1. 1s. are entitled to four Outdoor Letters.

Bankers—MESSRS. WILLIAMS, DEACON, & Co. 

CHELSEA HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN.

The Patron: **H.R.H. THE PRINCESS OF WALES.**

President: **THE RIGHT HONOURABLE THE EARL CADOGAN.**

Patronesses:

**H.R.H. THE PRINCESS CHRISTIAN.
H.R.H. THE DUCHESS OF ALBANY.
H.R.H. THE PRINCESS FREDERICA.**

**H.R.H. THE PRINCESS MARY ADELAIDE.
DUCHESS OF TECK.**

Chairman: **ANTHONY JOHN WRIGHT-BIDDULPH, Esq., J.P.**
Treasurer: **HENRY E. WRIGHT, Esq.**

Consulting Physicians:

ROBERT BARNES, M.D., F.R.C.P.

J. H. AVELING, M.D.

Consulting Surgeons:

SIR T. SPENCER WELLS, Bart., F.R.C.S.

JONATHAN HUTCHINSON, F.R.S., F.R.C.S.

Physicians:

**ARTHUR WELLESLEY EDIS, M.D. (Lond.), F.R.C.P.
FANCOURT BARNES, M.D., M.R.C.P.**

WILLIAM TRAVERS, M.D., F.R.C.S.

Resident Medical Officer: **F. J. WADHAM, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.**

Matron: **MISS WADE.**

THE HOSPITAL has 63 Beds, and was founded for the reception and treatment of respectable poor women and gentlewomen in reduced circumstances, suffering from those many distressing diseases to which the female sex is liable, irrespective of social position. A great proportion of women thus afflicted are those upon whom the numberless misfortunes of ill-health most heavily fall—the poor gentlewoman, the governess, the wife of the lowly-paid clerk, the artisan, and the very poor. Their homes are altogether unsuited for the performance of a critical operation, nor can they there have the special nursing and care which their condition demands. It is therefore obvious that the work of this Charity in restoring Mothers, Wives, and Daughters to that health upon which the maintenance of families so frequently depends is one of real value and importance.

FREE IN-PATIENTS are admitted on recommendation of Subscriber, each letter giving One Month's Free Treatment.

CONTRIBUTING IN-PATIENTS, occupying separate Wards, are received upon payment Weekly of 10s. 6d., 21s., or 42s., according to means.

OUT-PATIENTS attend on Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays, and Fridays at 2.0 o'clock.

The Hospital is entirely without Endowment or Reserve Funds of any kind, and is in pressing need of assistance. *Annual Subscriptions* are especially solicited. Any contributions will be thankfully received, and information gladly given, by

A. C. DAVIS, Acting Secretary.

THE HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN, SOHO SQUARE, LONDON, W.

FOUNDED 1842. INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER 1887.



THE HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN was the first established, in this or any other country, exclusively for the treatment of Diseases peculiar to Women.

This National Institution is entirely dependent upon *Voluntary Contributions*, which are most urgently needed.

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THIS Hospital is exclusively devoted to that class of painful and distressing diseases for the treatment of which it was founded in 1895. It is perfectly free, and *entirely supported by Voluntary Contributions*. In-Patients from all parts of the Country are eligible for admission.

As the demands for admission to the wards of the Hospital are far in excess of the present accommodation, the Committee of Management earnestly appeal to the charitable public for FUNDS, which are urgently needed to enable them to enlarge the Hospital, as well as to carry on the good and benevolent work which up to the present has been so successful.

Subscriptions and Donations will be thankfully received by the Treasurer, or at the Hospital by

ARTHUR LEARED, *Secretary*.

FORM OF BEQUEST.

The following form of Bequest is recommended to those who may feel disposed to assist the Hospital by Will:—

'I give and bequeath, out of such part of my Personal Estate as may lawfully be applied for that purpose, the sum of £ _____ to ST. MARK'S HOSPITAL, City Road, London, which sum shall be for the general use and benefit of the said Hospital [or] [for the Endowment Fund of the said Hospital], and the receipt of the person who shall be Treasurer of the said Hospital at the time when the above Legacy is paid, shall be a good discharge to my Executors for the same.'

Founded 1740. Incorporated by Charter, 1758.

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Is the largest in Great Britain, and the only **GENERAL HOSPITAL** for the Poor of the East End and Suburbs, numbering over a million.

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Reliable Income, £16,480.

Necessary Expenditure for the 776 Beds, £51,000.

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FOUNDED 1745.

INCORPORATED 1836.

*The Middlesex Hospital is entitled by Act of Parliament TO TAKE BY WILL
AND TO HOLD REAL PROPERTY.*

THE WEEKLY BOARD OF GOVERNORS earnestly solicit the **SUCCOUR** of the public to the support of this old-established Hospital, which contains 308 beds. Thirty-four beds are devoted to the Cancer Establishment, instituted in 1792, where the patient is allowed to remain 'until relieved by art or released by death.' Eight beds are appropriated to women suffering from diseases peculiar to their sex. The other 266 beds are occupied by patients afflicted with the various medical and surgical diseases and accidents to which the poor and labouring classes are subject.

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The admission is entirely free to the afflicted poor, whose wants are gratuitously and liberally supplied.

A LIFE SUBSCRIPTION, which is £10. 10s., or an Annual Subscription of not less than £1. 1s., entitles the Donor to all the privileges of a Governor.

Annual Subscriptions and other Contributions will be thankfully received at the Hospital by the Secretary, by whom all further needful information will be promptly supplied on application.

ROBERT J. NEWSTEAD, *Secretary.*

EVELINA HOSPITAL FOR SICK CHILDREN, SOUTHWARK BRIDGE ROAD, LONDON, S.E.

SUPPORTED BY VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS.

THIS Hospital was Established in 1869 to receive and treat Sick Children of the Poor, without distinction of creed.

There are 60 cots in the Hospital, and last year 478 children were received as In-Patients, while 6,068 were treated as Out-Patients, the total number of attendances being 28,969.

The Hospital is open every day from 2 till 4 o'clock for the inspection of visitors.

The Committee of Management urgently appeal for Subscriptions or Donations to meet the necessary expenses of this Charity.

CONTRIBUTIONS will be thankfully received by the Secretary at the Hospital; or they may be sent to the Bankers, Messrs. SMITH, PAYNE, & SMITHS, 1 Lombard Street, E.C.

Copies of the Annual Report, with full information, will be gladly forwarded on application to the Secretary.

Ladies desiring to be trained as Nurses should apply by letter to the Lady Superintendent.

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DONATIONS in money or in kind are earnestly solicited, especially for the HOSPITALS IN EAST AND SOUTH-EAST LONDON, as the Nursing Sisters are entirely responsible for their support.

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The Association is now prepared to supply (in town or country) Male Nurses for medical, surgical, and mental cases—also medical rubbers (*masseurs*) by the day or hour. Full particulars sent post-free on application to the Medical Superintendent at the above address.

The Association is not established for purposes of profit or gain, and is a philanthropic, not a commercial undertaking. Further subscriptions and donations are invited. A certain proportion of the funds has been devoted to the work of nursing the sick poor gratuitously, and this department of the work could be largely extended if funds were forthcoming.

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The object of this Charity is to relieve such poor persons recommended by Governors as are afflicted with Rupture, and have not the pecuniary means of obtaining surgical assistance;—by providing Trusses for every kind of Rupture;—by furnishing Bandages and necessary Instruments for all cases of Prolapsus;—by performing every necessary operation;—and by administering surgical aid promptly.

The patients (numbering now over 9,000 in the year) are of both sexes and all ages, from children a month old to adults up to 95 or 100.

Upwards of 437,000 patients have been relieved since the formation of the Charity.

An Annual Subscriber has 4 Letters of Recommendation for each Guinea subscribed.

A Life Subscription of 10 Guineas entitles to 4 Letters, and of 5 Guineas to 2 Letters, per year.

SUBSCRIPTIONS and DONATIONS will be thankfully received by the Society's Bankers, LLOYDS', BARNETTS' & BOSANQUET'S Bank (Limited), 73 Lombard Street; and by the Secretary, at the Institution.

JOHN WHITTINGTON, *Secretary.*

N.B.—The proportion of aggravated cases to simple cases is larger than it was formerly, hence more expensive instruments are required, greater cost is entailed, and increased funds are needed.

This Charity prevents many from going into the workhouse, and so being a burden to the rates. It helps men and women to help themselves, and is therefore the truest charity.

FORM OF BEQUEST.

I give to the 'CITY OF LONDON TRUSS SOCIETY,' established in the year 1807, for the Relief of the Ruptured Poor throughout the Kingdom, the sum of £ . which I direct to be paid to the Treasurer thereof for the time being, at the end of six calendar months next after my decease, out of such part of my personal estate as is by law applicable to charitable purposes.

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Special grants are made by the Committee from the letters not used by the Subscribers, so that deserving applicants requiring costly Appliances may receive assistance without undue delay.

200 PATIENTS ARE ASSISTED EVERY WEEK.

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SUBSCRIPTIONS and DONATIONS are earnestly solicited, and will be thankfully received by the Bankers, Messrs. BARCLAY & Co., Lombard Street; or by the Secretary, at the Offices of the Society.

WILLIAM TRESIDDER, *Secretary.*

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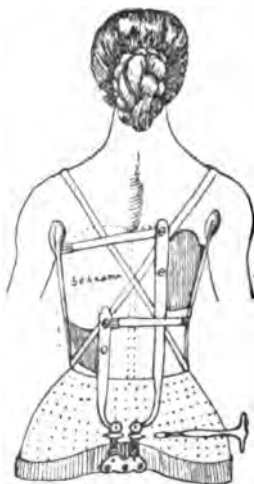
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THE CHURCH QUARTERLY REVIEW.

THE first number of the *Church Quarterly Review* saw the light in October, 1875.

In February of that year a circular was issued, bearing the honoured names of the late Right Hon. A. J. B. Beresford Hope and of the Rev. R. W. Church, Dean of St. Paul's, and inviting attention to an 'annexed paper' headed 'Proposed Church of England Review, "The Church Quarterly."'

It was to promote—not theological talk—but 'theological thought,' and to embody the results of 'real study and reflection' in such a manner as to be 'worthily representative of the teaching and position' of the Church of England. In other words, it was intended that the *Church Quarterly Review* should be loyal to the traditions of the Church of England as embodied in her authorised formularies, and should vindicate her position as a branch of the One Holy Catholic and Apostolic Church, as against Rome on the one hand and the sects on the other.

The *Church Quarterly Review* claims to have done what its promoters undertook that it should do. Of 'thought,' of 'study,' of 'reflection,' its pages give ample proof. Some captious critic will here chime in with the words—'Aye! and of dulness too.' To this the reply is that a periodical which purports to 'deal with the highest of all subjects' cannot, of course, compete with a penny newspaper, a half-crown magazine, or the latest novel, in a claim to exciting and sensational reading. But it will be generally found that the captious criticism aforesaid proceeds from persons who not only never read the *Church Quarterly* to test the truth of what they say, but who seldom read anything at all! It is obvious that for the like of them, 'thought,' 'study,' and 'reflection' must be very unpalatable commodities.

The following are some of the subjects discussed by writers in the *Review*:—I. General Literature and History; II. Biography; III. Questions of the Day; IV. Scepticism, Science, Philosophy, and Religion; V. Art and Archaeology; VI. Biblical Criticism; VII. Patristic Literature; VIII. Ecclesiastical History; IX. The Anglican Position; X. Dissent; XI. Romanism; XII. Ritual; XIII. Theology; XIV. Eschatology.

The *Church Quarterly Review*, as its name implies, appears four times a year. Two Numbers make a Volume. Each number consists, as a rule, of 16 sheets, or 256 pages, and contains from nine to eleven 'Articles'—as the case may be—and some thirty pages of 'Short Notices.'

To Subscribers, the price of the four numbers (or two vols.) of more than 1,000 pages in all, is £1. Subscriptions should be sent to Messrs. SPOTTISWOODE & Co., New-street Square, London, E.C.

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5. Its **FREEDOM FROM SALTS OF LIME**, while rendering it emollient to the skin for toilet purposes, **MAKES IT NON-IRRITATING TO** the most delicate **STOMACH**.

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The Lancet.—'We analysed a sample of this Water, and obtained less than half a grain per gallon of solid matter, which, as every chemist will understand, is practically nothing. We need not say that dietetically it was perfectly pure, and it is certain that no purer or more trustworthy beverage could be produced.'

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